

2531

This is to certify that the

thesis entitled

VALIDATION OF A NUMERICAL MODEL FOR PREDICTION OF
MOISTURE CONTENT FOR BINARY MIXTURES OF CORN, OATS
AND WHEAT CEREALS IN SEMIPERMEABLE PACKAGING
presented by

CARLOS GUSTAVO CASTRO IZAGUIRRE

has been accepted towards fulfillment of the requirements for

MS degree in PACKAGING

Major professor

Date 01 - 19 - 01

MSU is an Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Institution

0-7639

LIBRARY Michigan State University

PLACE IN RETURN BOX to remove this checkout from your record.

TO AVOID FINES return on or before date due.

MAY BE RECALLED with earlier due date if requested.

DATE DUE	DATE DUE	DATE DUE
-		
		•

6/01 c:/CIRC/DateDue.p65-p.15

VALIDATION OF A NUMERICAL MODEL FOR PREDICTION OF MOISTURE CONTENT FOR BINARY MIXTURES OF CORN, OATS AND WHEAT CEREALS IN SEMIPERMEABLE PACKAGING

Ву

Carlos Gustavo Castro Izaguirre

A THESIS

Submitted to
Michigan State University
in partial fulfillment of the requirements
for the degree of

MASTER OF SCIENCE

School of Packaging

2001

ABSTRACT

VALIDATION OF A NUMERICAL MODEL FOR PREDICTION OF MOISTURE CONTENT FOR BINARY MIXTURES OF CORN, OATS AND WHEAT CEREALS IN SEMIPERMEABLE PACKAGING

By

Carlos G. Castro

The application of mathematical modeling, which correlates the products' moisture sorption characteristics, the packaging properties, and the storage conditions, to two-component products was used to develop a computer program. The experimental validation of the model was carried out with cornwheat, corn-oats and oats-wheat mixtures and with individually packaged products. The mixtures were prepared at 1/2, 1/1 and 2/1 ratios and packaged in LDPE and HDPE pouches.

The model estimates the components' moisture contents with reasonable accuracy for systems where the components have similar water activities. The mixtures of components with very different water activity (corn-oats and oats-wheat) presented an initial moisture exchange. During this early stage of the storage, the moisture exchange was more important than the permeability. The determination of the components' moisture content after this moisture exchange was critical to the successfully application of the computer model. The correlation coefficient (>90%), obtained from a regression analysis, shows that model can be used to determine moisture gain of binary mixtures.

Copyright by Carlos Gustavo Castro Izaguirre 2001

To my encouraging father, Julio Castro and my loving mother Imelda Izaguirre for the enormous support given and the confidence provided during my stay and
studies in the States.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

My gratitude to Dr. Theron Downes, my advisor, for providing the research topic, his permanent advice, generous support and encouragement.

My appreciation to Dr. Ruben Hernandez, for his guidance, patience and keen observations during the development of the computer program.

Thanks to Dr. Perry Ng (Department of Food Science and Human Nutrition); for his time and his comments made to this manuscript.

Dr. Bruce Harte (Director of School of Packaging) for his permanent appreciation and support during my studies at the School of Packaging.

Thanks also to the other professors, staff and fellow student at the School of Packaging for their friendship that helps me to the culmination of my degree.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

List of Tablesix
List of Figures xii
Introduction1
CHAPTER I - Literature Review
1.1. Definition of water activity
1.3. Use of Moisture Sorption Isotherms7
1.4. Equations for Sorption Isotherms
1.6. Shelf Life Definition
1.7.1. Generalities
1.7.3. Multicomponent Products17
1.8. Mathematical Model Development20
CHAPTER II – Material and Methods
2.1. Product – Package System23
2.1.1. Food Product Samples
2.2. Moisture Content Determination24
2.3. Moisture Sorption Isotherms
2.5. Model Validation Experiments
CHAPTER III - Results and Discussion
3.1. Initial Moisture Content
3.6. Validation 2 - Moisture Change in Cereal Packaged in LDPE 1.9 mil54
Conclusions
Recommedations 65

bibliography	67
Appendices	
Appendix A – Determination of Shelf Life Equations Using a Linear and Non-linear Sorption Isotherm	72
Appendix B - Packaging Materials Characterization	79
Appendix C - Parameter Estimation of GAB Equation	82
Appendix D – Computer Program Validation	84
Appendix E –Moisture Sorption Isotherm Data for the Cereals	91
Appendix F – Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content	93
Appendix G - Detailed Data of Validation Experiments	103

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1- Saturated salt solutions and their corresponding relative humidities at 23°C	25
Table 2 - Linear, GAB and Cubic Sorption Isotherm Equations of Corn, Oats and Wheat Cereals determined at 23°C	34
Table 3 - Combinations of Cereals Used for the Experimental Validation 1	36
Table 4 - Combinations of Cereals Used for the Experimental Validation 2	54
Table B.1 – Permeance (g/m².day) and Permeability (g.mil/m².day.mmHg) at 23 °C for flat LDPE samples	
Table B.2 – Permeance (g/m².day) and Permeability (g.mil/m².day.mmHg) at 23 °C for flat HDPE samples	
Table B.3 – Water Vapor Transmission Rate (g/day) and Permeability (g.mil/m².day.mmHg) at 23 °C for LDPE pouches	81
Table B.4 – Water Vapor Transmission Rate (g/day) and Permeability (g.mil/m².day.mmHg) at 23 °C for HDPE pouches	81
Table D.1 – a _w and M (g/g) values used to obtain the cereal and raisin isotherms at 20°C for the computer simulation	85
Table D.2 – Conditions used in the computer simulation	86
Table E.1 - Equilibrium Moisture Content (Me, g/g) of Corn, Oats and Wheat Cereals at Nine Different Water Activities	91
Table F1 Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) for 33/67 corn/wheat samples for validation with HDPE	93
Table F2 Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) for 50/50 corn/wheat samples for validation with HDPE	93
Table F3 Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) for 67/33 corn/wheat samples for validation with HDPE	94
Table F4 Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) for 33/67 corn/oats samples for validation with HDPE	94

Table F5.	- Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) for 50/50 corn/oats samples for validation with HDPE	95
Table F6.	- Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) for 67/33 corn/oats samples for validation with HDPE	95
Table F7.	- Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) for 33/67 corn/wheat samples for validation with HDPE	96
Table F8.	- Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) for 50/50 corn/wheat samples for validation with HDPE	96
Table F9.	- Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) for 67/33 corn/wheat samples for validation with HDPE	97
Table F10	O - Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) of corn, oats and wheat samples for validation with HDPE	98
Table F11	1 - Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) for 50/50 corn/wheat samples for validation with LDPE	99
Table F12	2 - Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) for 50/50 corn/oats samples for validation with LDPE	99
Table F13	3 Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) for 50/50 oats/wheat samples for validation with LDPE	100
Table F14	4 - Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) of corn, oats and wheat samples for validation with LDPE	101
Table G.1	I – Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for 33/67 corn/wheat (Validation 1)	103
Table G.2	2 – Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for 33/67 corn/oats (Validation 1)	105
Table G.3	3 – Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for 33/67 oats/wheat (Validation 1)	107
Table G.4	4 – Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for 50/50 corn/wheat (Validation 1)	109
Table G.5	5 – Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for 50/50 corn/oats (Validation 1)	111

Table G.6 – Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for 50/50 oats/wheat (Validation 1)	,
Table G.7 – Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for 67/33 corn/wheat (Validation 1)	
Table G.8 – Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for 67/33 corn/oats (Validation 1)	
Table G.9 – Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for 67/33 oats/wheat (Validation 1)	
Table G.10 – Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for individually packaged corn (Validation 1)	
Table G.11 – Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for individually packaged oats (Validation 1)	
Table G.12 – Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for individually packaged wheat (Validation 1)	
Table G.13 – Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for 50/50 corn/wheat (Validation 2)	
Table G.14 – Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for 50/50 corn/oats (Validation 2)	
Table G.15 – Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for 50/50 oats/wheat (Validation 2)	
Table G.16 – Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for individually packaged corn (Validation 2)	
Table G.17 – Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for individually packaged oats (Validation 2)	
Table G.18 – Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for individually packaged wheat (Validation 2)	

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1 – Water Activity – Stability Diagram	5
Figure 2 – Schematic Representation of a Moisture Sorption Hysteresis	7
Figure 3 – Moisture Sorption Isotherm of Corn Cereal at 23°C	31
Figure 4 - Moisture Sorption Isotherm of Oats Cereal at 23°C	32
Figure 5 - Moisture Sorption Isotherm of Wheat Cereal at 23°C	32
Figure 6 – Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 37/67 Corn/Wheat Mixtures for Validation 1	39
Figure 7 – Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 50/50 Corn/Wheat Mixtures for Validation 1	40
Figure 8 – Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 67/37 Corn/Wheat Mixtures for Validation 1	41
Figure 9 – Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 37/67 Corn/Oats Mixtures for Validation 1	42
Figure 10 – Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 50/50 Corn/Oats Mixtures for Validation 1	43
Figure 11 – Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 67/37 Corn/Oats Mixtures for Validation 1	44
Figure 12 – Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 37/67 Oats/Wheat Mixtures for Validation 1	45
Figure 13 – Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 50/50 Oats/Wheat Mixtures for Validation 1	46
Figure 14 – Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 67/37 Oats/Wheat Mixtures for Validation 1	47
Figure 15 – Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of Corn for Validation 1	48
Figure 16 – Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of Oats for Validation 1	49

Figure 17 – Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of Wheat for Validation 1
Figure 18 – Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 50/50 Corn/Wheat Mixtures for Validation 2
Figure 19 – Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 50/50 Corn/Oats Mixtures for Validation 2
Figure 20 – Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 50/50 Oats/Wheat Mixtures for Validation 2
Figure 21 – Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of Corn for Validation 2
Figure 22 – Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of Oats for Validation 2
Figure 23 – Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of Wheat for Validation 2
Figure D.1 – Moisture content profile for different components' weight ratio 87
Figure D.2 - Moisture content profile for different storage water activities 88
Figure D.3 - Moisture content profile for different packaging barrier properties 89
Figure D.4 - Moisture content profile for different total weight to packaging area ratio90

INTRODUCTION

Packaging of multi-component products where components have different water activities has challenged food scientists and packaging engineers for years. The difference in water activities is responsible for the moisture exchange among the components and also controls the moisture transfer across the package.

Mathematical models that relate these mass transfer mechanisms have been created to facilitate package-product development and to replace tedious actual testing. These shelf life models are desirable to reduce cost, diminish labor, increase versatility and shorten the time of the product development process.

This thesis worked with a general shelf life model developed by Pocas (1995) who also prepared a DOS computer program with the proposed model. A new windows program based on the model develop by Pocas (1995) was produced to predict the time and moisture content of two-component products. The program was designed for single and two-component products and included linear and non-linear (GAB and Cubic) isotherms for its calculations. This new software was validated with binary mixtures of corn, oats and wheat breakfast cereals at different load ratios.

The corn, oats and wheat cereals were selected for this study because cereals are an excellent example of consumers' demand for variety, superior quality and great taste.

The objectives of this study were:

- A) To obtain moisture sorption isotherms for corn, wheat and oat cereals at 23°C.
- B) To apply shelf life models; based on the linear, GAB, and cubic polynomial moisture sorption isotherm equations; to flexible packaging containing two cereals.
- C) To validate the shelf life model at 23°C.
- D) To prepare a windows-based program that performs the models' calculations for shelf life and moisture content.

Chapter 1

LITERATURE REVIEW

1.1. Definition of Water Activity

Water activity is defined as the ratio of the vapor pressures of solution and solvent. In food science terms, water activity describes the availability of the water in the food to participate in reactions. Water activity is used for characterization of the state of water in foods and its availability for biological, physical and chemical changes. It is a critical factor in physical, chemical and biochemical phenomena taking place in the product. Therefore, water activity is connected to the quality or shelf life of most foods. Water plays an important part in the textural properties of several food products and also influences the activity of microorganisms during the storage of food products under various conditions. Water activity affects the rate of microbial growth, enzymatic reaction, non-enzymatic browning, lipid oxidation, textural changes, aroma retention, and it induces structural changes. (Troller and Christian, 1978; Iglesias and Chirife, 1982)

Three different binding mechanisms for water are found in food. Water is bound to polar sites with ionic bonds at low water activities (Le Maguer, 1986). This water is tightly bound and is unavailable to solvate reactants. The upper limit of this first binding mechanism is referred as the monolayer moisture (Le Maguer, 1986). The second mechanism observed is the adsorption at the multilayer. Hydrogen bonding governs the water adsorption in the multilayer

zone. The last mechanism present is the condensed water in capillaries. The multilayer and the capillary mechanisms are observed at higher activities where the mobility of water increases (Le Maguer, 1986; Labuza, 1975 cited by Nelson and Labuza, 1994; Hernandez, 1999; and Pocas, 1995).

When water availability increases, the reaction rates also increase because water acts as a reaction medium in which sufficient reactant mobility occurs to allow reactant interactions. Some reaction rates decrease as water activity increases because some reaction species are diluted in the aqueous phase. A main exception to this minimum-maximum relationship involves the oxidation of unsaturated lipids where the reaction rate increases below the monolayer due to the increased catalytic activity of metal ions when sufficient water is removed from the hydration sphere around these ions. (Nelson and Labuza, 1994).

Labuza (1971; cited by Nelson and Labuza, 1994) summarized in a plot the reaction rate of various reactions and the moisture content as a function of water activity. The plot is presented on the next page in Figure 1.

Nelson and Labuza (1994) made a comparison between the role of water activity and the glass transition theory on physical, chemical and biochemical reactions. The researchers stated that water activity essentially considers the state of water in a food while glass transition theory generally considers the state of a food matrix. This glass transition theory suggests that chemical reactions are slower or do not occur at the glassy state, but will increase substantially at the rubbery state. Finally the researchers stated that both

approaches help to understand the influence of water on rates of chemical reactions.

Moisture Content / Relative Activity

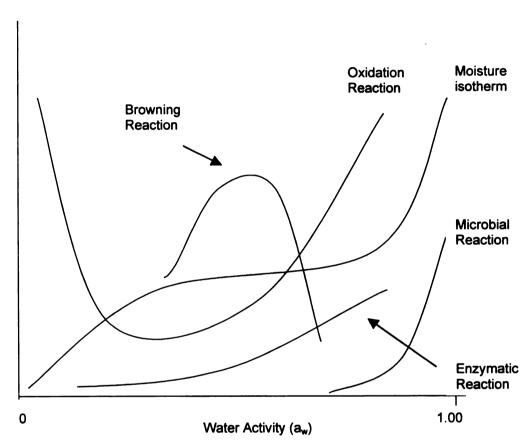


Figure 1 – Water Activity – Stability Diagram

Source: Le Maguer (1986)

1.2. Sorption Isotherms

The water sorption isotherms of foods show the equilibrium relationship between the moisture content of foods and the water activity (a_w) at constant temperatures and pressures (Troller and Christian, 1978; Iglesias and Chirife, 1982). Water sorption isotherms are usually described as a plot of the amount of water sorbed as a function of the water activity. The plot has generally, but not in all cases, a sigmoid shape (Iglesias and Chirife, 1982).

An important phenomenon present in most food's sorption isotherms is hysteresis. Kapsalis (1987) defined hysteresis as the phenomenon where two different paths exist between the adsorption and desorption isotherms. Due to hysteresis, a much lower vapor pressure is required to reach a certain amount of water by desorption than by adsorption. Hysteresis phenomenon is critical in food stability because some foods are fitted to a chosen aw by desorption while others are fitted to the desired aw by adsorption. (Labuza, 1984; Troller and Christian, 1978; Kapsalis, 1987). A representation of the hysteresis phenomenon is shown by Figure 2.

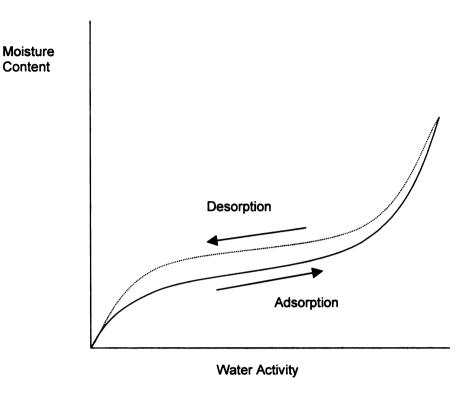


Figure 2 – Schematic Representation of a Moisture Sorption Hysteresis Source: Kapsalis, 1987

1.3. <u>Use of Moisture Sorption Isotherms</u>

The sorption data has numerous theoretical and practical applications in food science and technology. Among the theoretical uses of sorption isotherms are thermodynamics (sorption-desorption enthalpies and bound water), structure investigations (specific surface area, pore volume/size distribution and crystallinity). The practical applications of sorption data in food processing are in drying, mixing, packaging, and storage (Gal, 1983).

In 1982, Iglesias and Chirife presented a handbook of food isotherms that compiled more than a thousand water vapor sorption isotherms of foods and their components. The researchers also included a brief description of the techniques for the use and calculation of isotherms. Among the uses mentioned are prediction of microbial and physicochemical stability of foods, engineering purposes related to concentration and dehydration, predicting sorption values, determination of net heat of sorption and analyzing the behavior of food mixtures.

1.4. Equations for Sorption Isotherms

Attempts to classify the several available sorption models have been made by various researchers (Van Den Berg and Bruin, 1981; Iglesias and Chirife, 1978, Boquet et al, 1978 and Boquet et al 1979). Van Den Berg and Bruin (1981) compiled and classified sorption models in four groups according to their origins. The researchers presented the following categories:

- (1) Monolayer sorption models
- (2) Multilayer sorption and condensed film models
- (3) Sorption models from polymer science
- (4) Empirical sorption models

Chirife and Iglesias (1978) compiled and reviewed twenty three equations for fitting water sorption isotherms of food and food products. They used the origin, range of applicability and use of the sorption isotherms as the criteria for their analysis. The researchers not only found that some theoretical,

semi-empirical and empirical models are not equivalent, but that they also were limited to specific ranges of water activity or types of food.

Boquet et al (1978) and Boquet et al (1979) continued the work started by Chirife and Iglesias (1978) selecting for their study eight two-parameter and four three-parameter models to describe the sorption isotherms of various foods. They grouped the food products as fruits, meats, milk products, proteins, starchy foods and vegetables. The researchers concluded, based on its versatility and excellent ability to fit the experimental data for most types of foods, that the Hailwood and Horrobin equation should be considered as the "universal" isotherm. This three-parameter equation is mathematically equivalent to the Guggenheim-Anderson-de Boer (GAB) equation and it works well on a wide range of water activity (0.10-0.80). They also mentioned that some two-parameter equations have equal or better fitting abilities than the three-parameter ones and the use of a third parameter might not be useful. The recommended two-parameter equations were the Halsey and the Oswin models.

The use of the GAB equation to construct sorption isotherms has been also supported by Bizot (1991). The researcher prepared a computer program capable of fitting and plotting the isotherms from the experimental data and used the transformed GAB equation to prepare it. The researcher also emphasized that the GAB equation is the best alternative to determine primary adsorption sites and to fit an equation to experimental data. Spiess (Bizot, 1991) presented a discussion about Bizot's article and pointed out that D'arcy-

Watt developed a five-parameter equation with application over the entire water activity range (from zero to one), but for the application range, 0.2-0.8, the model will be very difficult to use and will not have any advantage over other models.

Peleg (1993) took a different approach from the previous workers by proposing an empirical double power law four-parameter equation. An equal or slightly better fit than the GAB model was obtained with the model proposed when the model was validated with the following products: agar-agar, carrageenan, gelatin, low methoxyl pectin, raisins, casein, potato starch, dextrin, and coffee. Peleg used the Mean Square Error magnitudes of the GAB and his empirical model to make his comparison. It is important to remark that like the GAB model, Peleg's model is only applicable up to an a_w level about 0.90 and beyond this range (a_w > 0.95) it can only be applied if a_w is replaced by a transform such as $-\ln(1-a_w)$.

The relative percent root mean square (%RMS) is widely used and accepted to evaluate the fitting goodness of the experimental data. Bizot (1991) proposed the use of this relative per cent root mean square (%RMS) to judge the quality of the fit of the experimental data. The %RMS is expressed as:

$$\%RMS = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i}^{N} \left[\frac{W_{i} - W_{i}^{*}}{W_{i}} \right]^{2}}{N}}$$
 x 100 (1)

Where N is the number of experimental points, W_i is the experimental water content, and W_i^* is the calculated water content.

1.5. Equations for Multicomponent Isotherms

When two or more products are packaged together in a permeable package, a moisture transfer from the component with a lower water activity to the component with a higher water activity is observed. A moisture flow between the package and the environment is also observed. The moisture exchange among the products continues until an equilibrium water activity is reached. This exchange causes the product with the lower water activity to gain moisture while the component with the higher activity loses moisture. (Salwin and Slawson, 1959; Gal, 1983; Labuza, 1984; Hong et al, 1986; and Kim et al, 1999). Therefore, it is critical to predict the equilibrium water activity in multicomponent products.

A weighted-average hypothesis has been widely used by various researchers to predict the water sorption behavior of a mixture from the knowledge of its individual components.

$$M_{cal} = \underbrace{\sum W_{i} * M_{i}}_{\sum W_{i}}$$
 (2)

Where M_{cal} is the moisture content if the mix, M_i is the moisture content of the product i before mixing and W_i is the dry weight of component i.

This equation based in a mass balance assumes that water is independently bounded to each product. In other words, at a given water activity the moisture content of a mixture is equal to a weighted average of the moisture content of each component at that water activity.

Attempts to predict water sorption behavior of a mixture from its individual components has been researched by various investigators: Salwin and Slawson (1959), Chuang and Toledo (1976), Iglesias et al. (1980), Lang and Steingberg (1980), Lang and Steinberg (1981), Lang et al.(1981), Hardy and Steinberg (1984), Chinachoti and Steinberg (1985), Chinachoti and Steinberg (1988), Nieto and Toledo (1989), Chinachoti, P. (1990), Leiras and Iglesias (1991), and Bakhit, R.M. and Schmidt, S.J. (1992).

The shelf life studies mentioned above considered that no moisture transfer occurred between the products and the environment and they used linear sorption isotherm equations or equations with limited water activity range of applicability (Iglesias, et al, 1979).

Lang and Steinberg (1981) studied hand-mixed mixtures of starch, casein, sucrose, salt propylene glycol, and ground beef in binary and ternary combinations. They concluded that each component sorbs water independently of the others. In other words, the predicted and measured values of moisture content have shown good agreement because there are no interactions present. The referred interactions are the ones that occurred at the molecular level (e.g. modifications of molecular bonds).

For multicomponent products obtained by physical mixing, it may be assumed that mixtures sorb an amount of water equal to the weighed average of the amount that components would sorb alone. This assumption implies that water is independently bound to each product (weighed average basis) as described by equation (2).

It has been proven that interactions among the mixture components affect the moisture sorption of mixtures, creating an increase or decrease of moisture content as compared to moisture content predicted by the weighed average basis equation (Iglesias et al, 1980; Hardy and Steinberg, 1984; Chinachoti and Steinberg, 1985; Chinachoti and Steinberg, 1988; Leiras and Iglesias, 1991; Bakhit and Schmidt, 1992). The interactions observed are caused by different mixing methods rather than simple physical mixing. Examples of these mixing procedures are wet mixing followed by freeze-drying and the order of the drying, before or after mixing.

Iglesias et al (1980) worked with mixtures of non water soluble biopolymers (proteins and carbohydrates) and found that the predicted values of the moisture content of the mixtures were higher than the measured ones for most of the samples that were run. The investigators proposed that the polymer-polymer H-bonds that compete with polymer-water H-bonds are responsible for decreasing the water sorption. Chinachoti and Steinberg (1985) found the same type of interaction in mixtures of sodium chloride and starch above water activities of 0.75.

Chinachoti and Steinberg (1988) worked with sucrose-protein mixtures and found that the mixtures sorbed more water than calculated due to the water binding with the proteins. Leiras and Iglesias (1991) found that at high water activities (a_w>0.75) the experimental moisture contents were greater than predicted and granted this difference to the solubilization of the salt and sugar in cake mixtures.

Salwin and Slawson (1959) developed a model to predict moisture transfer in combinations of dehydrated foods, from the knowledge of the sorption isotherm of the individual components, dry weight of the components and the relative humidity of each component. They assumed linear isotherms between the initial and the equilibrium relative humidity. They worked over a narrow range of relative humidity and found good agreement. Lang and Steinberg (1981) reviewed and criticized Salwin and Slawson work and stated that their linear approach over a narrow a_w range (a_w≤0.11) is not convenient. They also emphasized that at higher relative humidities, the normal s-shaped isotherms show more curvature and the assumption of a linear isotherm is no longer valid. Iglesias et al (1979) pointed out another major limitation in the work done by Salwin and Slawson (1959). It does not allow the prediction of equilibrium a_w when there is simultaneous moisture exchange with the environment.

Iglesias et al. (1979) used the concept of additivity of isotherms. The additivity of isotherms proposes that the amount of water sorbed at any given water activity is derived by the weight percentage of each component times the amount it would sorb alone. The researchers substituted the linear equation for the BET equation and the range of work was 0.05-0.40 for the dehydrated products tested. A very good agreement was obtained between samples of the additive isotherm and the computer calculated values.

1.6. Shelf Life Definition

Marsh (Brody and Marsh, 1997) defined shelf life as the time after the production and packaging of the product for which it remains acceptable under defined environmental conditions. He emphasized that shelf life is a function of the product, the package, and the environment through which the product is transported, stored, and sold.

Product, package and environment are critical factors that affect shelf life. While companies desire a shelf life that matches the distribution and use of the company's inventory, the consumers expect a shelf life that allows them to fully use the product.

An overestimated shelf life requirement will increase costs due to overpackaging. An underestimated shelf life requirement will increase costs in wasted or discarded products, increased liability, or consumer dissatisfaction.

Therefore it is critical to define a reasonable shelf life which could be met with a proper packaging design (Pocas, 1995; Marsh, 1997)

1.7. Shelf Life Models

1.7.1. Generalities

A moisture transfer between the food product and the external environment is observed in moisture-permeable packages and its rate is controlled by the water vapor pressure difference between the package headspace and the environment. When the product exhibits moisture diffusion much faster than the diffusion across the packaging barrier, the food product

equilibrates with the headspace vapor pressure and the product's moisture content may be described by its isotherm. (Pocas, 1995)

An adequate shelf life can be achieved by controlling the moisture exchange between the product and the storage environment with the proper packaging material. Therefore, the shelf life determinations help to develop and to optimize the packaging-product system. (Pocas, 1995)

The mathematical models connect the product's characteristics, the package properties and the environmental conditions. When a model is validated and proven to be reliable, its use is preferred over other shelf life estimation methods. Mathematical modeling is the most preferred shelf life estimation due to its short time, low cost and as a package design tool. (Pocas, 1995; and Marsh, 1997).

1.7.2. Single Products

Shelf life modeling of single products was first studied by Heiss (1958).

This researcher established a relationship between moisture sorption properties of foods, the permeability of the film and the shelf life of the product. Heiss (1958) used Fick's law of diffusion to develop his solution.

Heiss (1958) introduced basic concepts that served to calculate the shelf life for moisture sensitive products. Further studies increased the complexity and applicability of the models, but these studies were still focused on packages of single products. For example, Labuza et al (1972) introduced Oswin, Kuhn and Mizrahi, non-linear isotherms, into the model. Lee (1987) and Lee et al (1996) developed a mathematical model for predicting the changes in

the moisture content of a packaged solid dosage form that takes into consideration the effect of fluctuating temperature and relative humidity during prolonged storage. The model combines the sorption characteristics of the product and the water vapor permeability of the package system as a function of temperature.

Cardoso and Labuza (1983) worked with a single product, but they developed a dynamic model to predict moisture transfer in packaged pasta.

They created a controlled unsteady state conditions (varying as sine wave) of temperature and relative humidity.

1.7.3. Multicomponent Products

For food mixtures, the moisture transfer from the component with the higher to the lower water activity occurs until equilibrium of water activity is reached. This equilibrium of water activity is responsible for the final moisture content of each component that directly influence the quality and shelf life of the mixture (Hong et al, 1986; Gal, 1983; Labuza, 1984 and Pocas, 1995). In consequence, predicting the equilibrium water activity of a mixture is critical to formulate a mixed product.

When the diffusion coefficient of the water in the packaging material is much smaller than the diffusion of water within the product the transport through the film barrier controls the shelf life of the mixture (Pocas, 1995).

It is assumed that the water transferred through the package at any water activity is distributed proportionally to each component as predicted by their respective sorption isotherms. This weighted isotherm has been combined

with the shelf life models for single products (Iglesias, 1979 and Pocas, 1995). Iglesias et al (1979) used a BET equation to describe the mixture sorption isotherm in the water activity range of 0.05-0.40.

Hong et al (1986) predicted the moisture change of each component of a mixture by using finite element modeling. They considered the moisture transfer across the packaging material negligible. The researchers used the GAB equation to describe the products' isotherm. Salwin and Slawson (1959) used linear isotherm and also did not consider moisture transfer through the packaging. Shelf life studies of multicomponent moisture sensitive products in permeable packaging have been conducted primarily using linear and BET isotherms.

Shelf life modeling of multicomponent foods has only focused on the prediction of mixture sorption behavior from the sorption characteristics of individual components and assumed no moisture transfer across the packaging barrier. These studies reported the use of a linear sorption isotherm equation or equations with limited range of activity.

Pocas (1995) developed a mathematical model and a computer program to calculate the shelf life and to predict the change in moisture content over storage time of a two component mixture packaged in flexible packages. The model used GAB (Bizot, 1983), Oswin (Oswin, 1946 in Pocas, 1995), Halsey (Halsey, 1948 in Pocas, 1995), Henderson (Henderson, 1952 in Pocas, 1995) and Chen (Chen, 1971 in Pocas, 1995) equations to fit the experimental sorption isotherm and the computer program included them. The importance of

. 18

this model is the consideration of the whole isotherm and not only the linear part. The previous models mentioned considered only the linear part.

Pocas (1995) validated the program with mixtures at different weight ratios of breakfast cereal and powder chocolate packaged in Oriented Polypropylene (OPP) and Polyethylene (PE). It was reported that the model tended to overestimate the component moisture content, especially the cereal after longer storage periods. It was proposed that deviations are dependent on the packaging material barrier, which affected the relative tendency of the components to absorb moisture simultaneously. It was suggested that the package introduced deviations because the model assumption of fast equilibrium between the product's moisture content and the package's headspace relative humidity is not met. Another proposed cause of this difference was that the equilibrium moisture content of each component may be affected by the presence of the other component (Pocas, 1995).

Pocas (1995) developed a more general mathematical model to calculate the change in moisture content over storage time and the shelf life of a two-component packaged mixture, using the GAB, Halsey, Henderson, Oswin or the Chen equations, maintaining the individuality of each component and not using one "weighed sorption isotherm". This researcher also wrote a computer program where simulation runs were carried out.

1.8. Mathematical Model Development

Labuza (1972) expressed the rate of water transport through a permeable film with the following equation:

$$\frac{dW}{dt} = \frac{P}{l} A (p_o - p_i)$$
 (3)

Where:

W is the weight of water transported across the film, in g.

t is time, in days

P is the film permeability coefficient, in g- μ m/m²-day-mm Hg I is the film thickness, in μ m

po, pi are the vapor pressure of the water outside and inside of the package, respectively, in mm Hg.

It is assumed that the packaging material controls the moisture exchange between the product and environment. To consider this assumption valid the condition of having a water diffusion coefficient through the packaging material much smaller than the water diffusion coefficient in the air and within the product must be met. It is also assumed the following: (1) the products' moisture content is in equilibrium with the internal pressure, (2) there is a rapid equilibrium between water and the food, (3) the internal pressure is determined by the product equilibrium moisture content and the storage temperature.

For mixtures of binary products, the amount of moisture permeating through the package is equal to the sum of the moisture changes in each component.

Pocas (1995) developed a general equation for mixtures of two products from the equations presented above. The researcher used the Henderson, Chen, Oswin, Halsey linear and the GAB non-linear sorption isotherm equations. A complete summary of the derivation for each component based on moisture sorption data by linear regression and by second order polynomial regression proposed by Pocas (1995) is presented in Appendix A.

To determine the shelf life of mixed products using the linear isotherm, Pocas (1995) derived the following equation.

$$t_{A} = \frac{1}{P.A.p_{s}} \left(W_{A} + W_{B} \frac{b_{B}}{b_{A}} \right) \int_{M_{A}^{1}}^{M_{A}^{2}} \frac{dM_{A}}{a_{wo} - a_{w} (M_{A})}$$
(4)

$$t_{B} = \frac{1}{P.A.p_{s}} \left(W_{A} \frac{b_{A}}{b_{B}} + W_{B} \right) \int_{M_{B}^{1}}^{M_{B}^{2}} \frac{dM_{B}}{a_{WO} - a_{W} (M_{B})}$$
(5)

Where:

 M_A^1 and M_B^1 are the initial moisture content of component A and B, respectively t_A , and t_B represents the time required to achieve the moisture content M_A^2 and M_B^2 , respectively.

a_A, a_B, b_A and b_B are coefficients of the linear equation.

To determine the shelf life of mixed products using the non-linear isotherm, the following equation was derivated by Pocas (1995).

$$t_{A} = \frac{1}{P.A.p_{s}} \cdot \int_{M_{A}^{1}}^{M_{A}^{2}} \frac{W_{A} + W_{B}.D(M_{A})}{a_{WO} - a_{W}(M_{A})} dM_{A}$$
 (6)

$$t_{B} = \frac{1}{P.A.p_{s}} \cdot \int_{M_{B}^{1}}^{M_{B}^{2}} \frac{W_{B} + WA_{B}.D(M_{B})}{a_{WO} - a_{W}(M_{B})} dM_{B}$$
 (7)

The relative percent root mean square of the difference between the experimental and the calculated moisture content (R) was used to evaluate the goodness of the fit. The equation, previously presented is written below.

$$\%RMS = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i}^{n} \left[\frac{M_{i} - M_{i}^{*}}{M_{i}}\right]^{2}}{n}} \times 100$$
 (8)

where Mi is the experimental moisture content Mi* is the calculated moisture content and n is the number of experimental data points.

Chapter 2

MATERIALS AND METHODS

2.1. Product - Package System

2.1.1. Food Product Samples

Three common breakfast cereals were obtained from a local store. The following cereals were chosen, Corn Flakes, Shredded Wheat and Oats due to their low sugar and salt contents.

The main ingredients in corn flakes cereal are milled corn, sugar, salt, malt flavoring, and high fructose corn syrup. It was packaged in a polyethylene bag which was placed into a carton. Shredded wheat has no salt or sugar added and it also was packaged in a carton with an inner plastic bag. Oats also has no salt or sugar added and it also was packaged in a carton cylinder with a plastic cap.

Products were preconditioned before experiments. Products were stored in a control environment at 23°C and 50% relative humidity for 48 hours. Then a single product was stored in a glass container with nitrogen flush.

2.1.2. <u>Package</u>

High Density Polyethylene and Low Density Polyethylene with 1.0 and 1.9 mil thickness, were supplied by a local converter. Materials were conditioned at 23°C, 50% RH for 72 hours prior to testing. The characterization of the packaging materials includes thickness and water permeability of the films. The characteristics are presented in Appendix B.

For the validation experiments three-side-seal pouches of these materials were sealed using an impulse sealer. The dimensions of the pouches were 17 cm x 10 cm. The integrity of the pouches was checked with a polariscope and with manual tensile test. A quality seal was obtained when a uniform and consistent color band was observed when placing the sample between two polarized lenses. In the manual tensile test, the seals were slowly pulled apart while holding the two sides of the sealed sample. Ripping of the material before the seal suggests a quality seal.

2.2. Moisture Content Determination

Moisture content of cereals was determined by Gravimetric Method: 5 g of product was placed in an aluminum dish and dried in vacuum oven (Precision Scientific Model 524) at 75°C and 30 mm Hg until constant weight. The moisture content was reported on percent wet basis, M_w. The percent moisture content (dry basis), M, was determined as

$$M = \frac{M_{w}}{1 - M_{w}}$$
 (9)

This method was developed at School of Packaging (Michigan State University) and is used on the Permeability and Shelf Life Lab Manual. For more information see the Bibliography.

2.3. Moisture Sorption Isotherms

Moisture sorption isotherms were determined gravimetrically at 72°C by equilibrating cereal samples (3 replicates) at nine different relative humidity values, ranging from 5% to 88% RH. The relative humidity was created inside closed containers with saturated solutions and was monitored with a calibrated hygrometer (Hydrodynamics, Inc., Silver Spring, MD) at the beginning and end of the experiment. Table 1 presents the saturated salt solutions and their corresponding measured relative humidity.

Table 1: Saturated salt solutions and their corresponding relative humidities at 23°C

Saturated Salt Solution	Relative Humidity, %	Source
Lithium Bromide	5.3	Sigma, MO
Lithium Chloride	11.2	J,T. Baker, NJ
Potassium Acetate	25.1	J,T. Baker, NJ
Magnesium Chloride	33.0	J,T. Baker, NJ
Potassium Nitrite	47.8	Columbus Chemical Industries, Inc., WI
Sodium Nitrate	61.5	J,T. Baker, NJ
Sodium Chloride	76.0	Columbus Chemical Industries, Inc., WI
Ammonium Sulfate	80.8	EM Science, NJ
Potassium Nitrate	87.8	Columbus Chemical Industries, Inc., WI

Water activity can be easily calculated from the relative humidity values presented on Table 1 by

$$a_{w} = \frac{RH}{100} \tag{10}$$

About 4 grams of cereal were weighed into a Petri dish (55 mm diameter). Three replicates and two controls (empty Petri dish) were placed into the closed containers (specific relative humidity). Samples were weighed on AE 160 Meter Analytical Balance at pre-determined time intervals. This procedure was performed until a constant weight was found. The equilibrium moisture content, expressed as dry basis, was calculated based on moisture change of a sample at equilibrium.

The equilibrium moisture content (dry basis), M, was calculated by equation 11.

$$M = \left[\frac{W_{e}(M_{i} - 1)}{W_{i}} - 1 \right] \times 100$$
 (11)

where M = equilibrium moisture content, % dry basis

M_i = initial moisture content, % dry basis

W_e = weight at equilibrium, g

W_i = initial weight, g

Experimental moisture sorption isotherm was fit with GAB, and cubic polynomial equations. Parameters in equation were estimated as the following:

GAB Equation

$$\frac{M}{W_{m}} = \frac{CKa_{w}}{(1 - ka_{w})(1 - ka_{w} + Cka_{w})}$$
(12)

Where:

 W_m = water content corresponding to saturation of all primary adsorption sites by one water molecule (formerly called the monolayer in BET theory)

C = Guggenheim Constant = c' $exp[(H_l - H_m)/RT]$

k = factor correcting properties of the multilayer molecules with respect to the bulk liquid: $k = k' \exp [(H_1 - H_0)/RT]$

 H_l = heat of condensation of pure water vapor

 H_m = total heat of sorption of the first layer on primary sites

H_q = total heat of sorption of the multilayer water molecules

In order to estimate parameters, the equation was transformed into a quadratic form as

$$\frac{a_w}{M} = \alpha a_w^2 + \beta a_w + \gamma \tag{13}$$

where

$$\alpha = \frac{k}{W_m} \left(\frac{1}{C} - 1 \right) = \frac{1}{W_m C} (1 - C)$$
 (14)

$$\beta = \frac{1}{W_m} \left(1 - \frac{2}{C} \right) = \frac{1}{W_m C} (C - 2)$$

$$\gamma = \frac{1}{W_m C k}$$
(15)

The quadratic regression was performed by MS Excel. GAB constants C, W_m , and k were calculated by equations 17, 19, and 20, respectively. The details for obtaining these equations are presented in Appendix C.

$$C = \frac{\theta \pm \sqrt{\theta^2 - 4\theta}}{2} \tag{17}$$

where

$$\theta = 4 + \frac{\beta^2}{(-\alpha)\gamma} \tag{18}$$

$$W_{m} = -\frac{1}{\beta C}(C-2) \tag{19}$$

$$k = \frac{1}{W_{m}Ck} \tag{20}$$

Cubic Polynomial Equation

$$M = k_1 a_w^3 + k_2 a_w^2 + k_3 a_w + D_c$$

The polynomial regression was performed by Microsoft Excel 97-SR1.

The goodness of fit for each isotherm was evaluated based on the minimum value of percent root mean square, RMS.

$$RMS = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} \left[\frac{M_{exp} - M_{calc}}{M_{exp}} \right]}{N}} \times 100$$

where M_{exp} = experimental moisture content, % dry basis, M_{calc} = calculated moisture content, %dry basis, and N = number of data point.

2.4. Permeability of Packaging Material

Water vapor transmission rate of packaging films was determined by an infrared sensor method (based on ASTM F1249-90), using a PERMATRAN W3/31 (Mocon Inc, Minneapolis, USA). Six replicates per material were tested at 23°C with 50% of relative humidity as the driving force. The relative humidity was obtained with water vapor in one side chamber of the cell and nitrogen flush in the other side chamber. The actual value of permeability was found by dividing the transmission rates of the material by the driving force as indicated in Appendix B.

Water vapor transmission rate of the pouches was also determined by the gravimetric method (ASTM D3079). Three pouches of each material (17 cm x 10 cm) filled with desiccant, were stored at 23°C and 50% relative humidity and weighed every 4 days, until there was a constant increase of weight. Three empty pouches were also stored to evaluate the moisture sorption on the material.

2.5. Model Validation Experiments

To validate the model, two experiments were carried out. For the first experiment, mixtures of two cereals (corn-oats, oats-wheat; and corn-wheat) were packaged in 17 cm x 10 cm pouches of HDPE and stored at 23°C and 50% relative humidity. Mixtures of different ratios of cereal to cereal were prepared: 1/2, 1/1 and 2/1. Pouches were weighed daily during the first week and then weekly during the following 8 weeks, two of those pouches of each mixture were tested for moisture content determination of each product. A similar procedure was employed for pouches with single product.

For the second validation experiment, mixtures of cereals in a ratio of 1/1 were packaged in LDPE pouches (17 cm x 10 cm) and stored at the same conditions. Pouches were weighed daily during the first week and afterwards weekly for the following 8 weeks. Pouches with a single product were also treated with same procedure.

Initial moisture content was determined for each experiment with the procedure described above.

Chapter 3

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

3.1. Initial Moisture Content

The initial moisture content (dry basis) of corn, oats and wheat determined and used for plotting the moisture sorption isotherms were:

Corn: 3.18 ± 0.07 g H₂O/ g 100 dry product

Oats: $10.68 \pm 0.08 \text{ g H}_2\text{O}/\text{ g } 100 \text{ dry product}$

Wheat: 4.95 ± 0.107 g H₂O/ g 100 dry product

3.2. Moisture Sorption Isotherms

The plot of the moisture sorption isotherms for corn, oats and wheat cereals at 23°C isotherms are presented in Figures 3, 4 and 5 respectively.

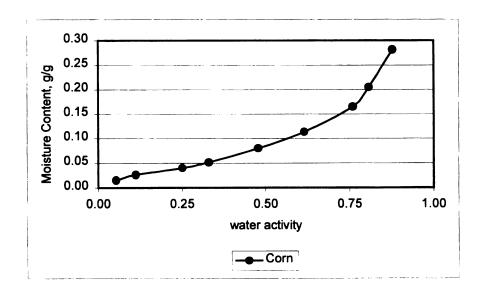


Figure 3 – Moisture Sorption Isotherm of Corn Cereal at 23°C.

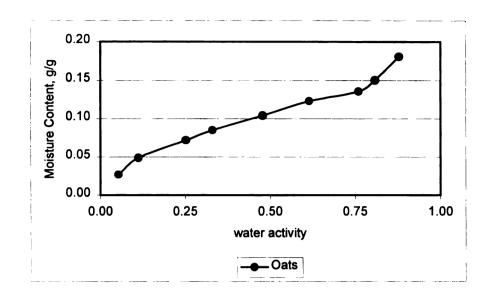


Figure 4 - Moisture Sorption Isotherm of Oats at 23°C.

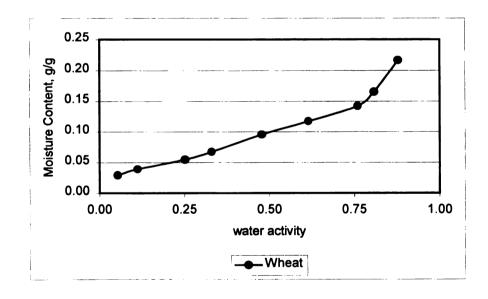


Figure 5 - Moisture Sorption Isotherm of Wheat Cereal at 23°C.

The data used to construct the graphs are presented in Appendix E. The same data was used to calculate the Linear, GAB and Cubic Sorption Isotherm Equations. The equations for the cereals tested were calculated with MS Excel and they are presented in Table 2.

Table 2 - Linear, GAB and Cubic Sorption Isotherm Equations of Corn, Oats and Wheat Determined at 23°C.

Equation	Corn	Oats	Wheat
Linear (*)	Linear (*) M = 0.1450a _w + 0.0073	$M = 0.1456a_w + 0.0346$	$M = 0.1566a_w + 0.0191$ (3)
	(1)	(2)	$R^2 = 0.9933$
	$R^2 = 0.9807$	$R^2 = 0.9960$	
GAB	$a_w / M = -17.74 a_w^2 + 15.70 a_w$	$a_w /M = -6.50a_w^2 + 10.07a_w$	$a_w / M = -13.20 a_w^2 + 14.94 a_w$
	+2.86	+1.34	+1.29
,	$R^2 = 0.9353$	$R^2 = 0.9786$	$R^2 = 0.9484$
Cubic	$M = 0.9330a_w^3 - 0.8738a_w^2$	$M = 0.5018a_{\rm w}^3 - 0.6938a_{\rm w}^2$	$M = 0.5342a_{\rm w}^3 - 0.5594a_{\rm w}^2$
	+0.3633a _w -0.0042	+0.4146a _w + 0.0074	+0.3020a _w + 0.0119
	$R^2 = 0.9931$	$R^2 = 0.9927$	$R^2 = 0.9866$

(*) The linear equation for Corn, Oats and Wheat did not use all the experimental points. (1) Corn used 5 points (1-5 from table 5); (2) Oats used 5 points (2-6 from Table 5); (3) Wheat used 6 points (1-6 from table 5)

3.3. Film Permeability

The permeability of four HDPE and four LDPE film samples was determined with ASTM F-1249-90. The conditions were set at: 50%RH and 23 °C. Permeability results, obtained from 4 repetitions, are presented below and the details are presented in Appendix B.

LDPE Film: 9.54E-05 ± 7.85E-06 g.mil/in².day.mmHg

HDPE Film: $5.31E-05 \pm 4.91E-07$ g.mil/in².day.mmHg

3.4. Package Permeability

Package permeability was also measured to see the effect of the seals.

The permeability values obtained from the LDPE and HDPE samples' transmission rates by the Gravimetric Method are presented below.

LDPE Film: $6.34E-05 \pm 6.05E-06$ g.mil/in².day.mmHg

HDPE Film: 4.20E-05 ± 1.16E-06 g.mil/in².day.mmHg

The package permeability values of LDPE and HDPE were approximately 33% and 21% lower than the ones obtained from the film samples. This difference between the film-sample and pouch permeability is within reasonable range. An explanation for this difference lies on a higher film permeability determination due to a higher vapor pressure differential, a higher temperature or a miscalibrated sensor in the Permatran. A lower storage relative humidity or a lower storage temperature could be responsible for the lower pouch-permeability values reported. The storage relative humidity and temperature were monitored and they were in the range \pm 3%. The Moisture Gain vs Time plot for the pouches (Appendix B) showed straight lines.

indicating good agreement. The pouch-permeability values also indicate that good seals were achieved because the pouches' permeability values were always lower than the film samples. Due to this difference in permeability value between the film (also known as flat-film) and gravimetric method, the latter value was selected and used in the calculation carried by the computer program.

3.5. Validation 1 - Moisture Change in Cereal Packaged in HDPE 1.9 mil

The experimental validation for the computer model was carried out by monitoring the change in moisture content over time of each component of the packaged mixtures. Table 3 summarizes the combinations used for the Experimental Validation 1.

Table 3 - Combinations of cereals used for the Experimental Validation 1

Experiment	33/67	50/50	67/33	100
1	corn/wheat	corn/wheat	corn/wheat	corn
2	corn/oats	corn/oats	corn/oats	oats
3	oats/wheat	oats/wheat	oats/wheat	wheat

Because oats presented an initial water activity of approximately 0.47-0.49 and the values for corn and wheat ranged near 0.17-0.20; it was expected that moisture exchange between oats and corn or oats and wheat would be more important than the permeability through the package during the early phase of he experiment. Therefore, in addition to the mixtures described in the table above, a 30-gram mixture (ratio 1:1) of corn (14.63 g dry product) and oats (13.50 g dry product) was placed in a glass jar to determine the time required until moisture equilibrium is reached in the absence of permeability.

Equilibrium, the time when the hygrometer sensor attached to the metal lid did not report any further change, was reached in 48 hours. The readings of this closed environment were performed every 12 hours. After forty-eight hours the sensor showed a constant reading $(38.5 \pm 1.0 \text{ \%RH})$.

Corn at an initial moisture content of 0.0284 g H₂O/g dry product and oats at 0.1206 g H₂O/g were placed in the glass jar. The glass jar was opened after 192 hours (8 days), and corn and oats were separated. Then their moisture content was determined. The final moisture content of corn and oats were 0.0491 g H₂O/g dry product and 0.1027 g H₂O/g dry product respectively.

A mass balance was performed to corroborate the numbers obtained.

The mass balance was as follows:

Initial Water Mass: $0.0284 \text{ g H}_2\text{O/g}$ dry corn * 14.63 g dry corn + $0.1206 \text{ g H}_2\text{O/g}$ dry oats * 13.50 g dry oats = $2.04 \text{ g H}_2\text{O}$

Final Water Mass: 0.0491 g H_2O/g dry corn * 14.63 g dry corn + 0.1027 g H_2O/g dry oats * 13.50 g dry oats = 2.10 g H_2O

The most important conclusion from this ancillary experiment is that in closed systems moisture exchange takes approximately 48 hours. This consideration will be helpful to support the discussion of the following experiments and in the application of the computer model.

Figures 6, 7 and 8 show the percent moisture change profile of 33/67, 50/50 and 67/33 corn/wheat samples. Figures 9, 10 and 11 present the percent moisture change profile of 33/67, 50/50 and 67/33 corn/oats pouches. Figures 12, 13 and 14 plot the percent moisture change profile of 33/67, 50/50 and

67/33 oats/wheat samples. Finally, the percent moisture change profile for corn, oats and wheat is presented in Figures 15, 16 and 17.

The experimental and predicted values of the percent moisture content as a function of storage time for the cereal combinations (Table 3) are presented in Appendix F. Detailed tables of the individual pouches' weight gain values for all these combinations are presented in Appendix G.

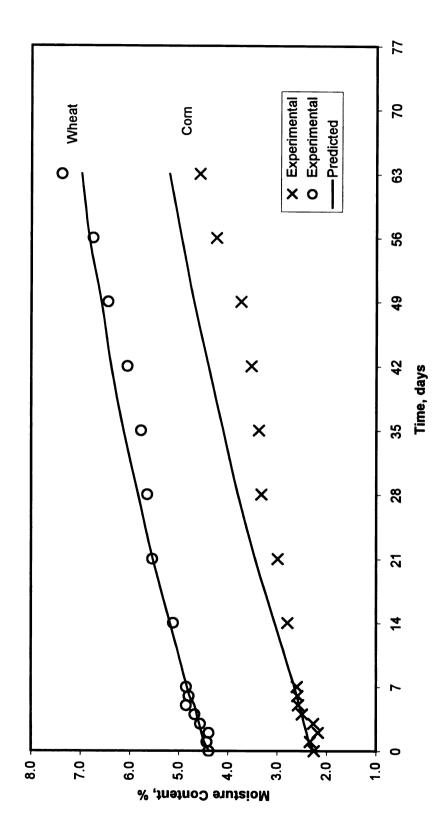


Figure 6: Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 33/67 Com-Wheat Mixtures for Validation 1 (Conditions: 23°C - HDPE 1.9 mil - 50%RH).

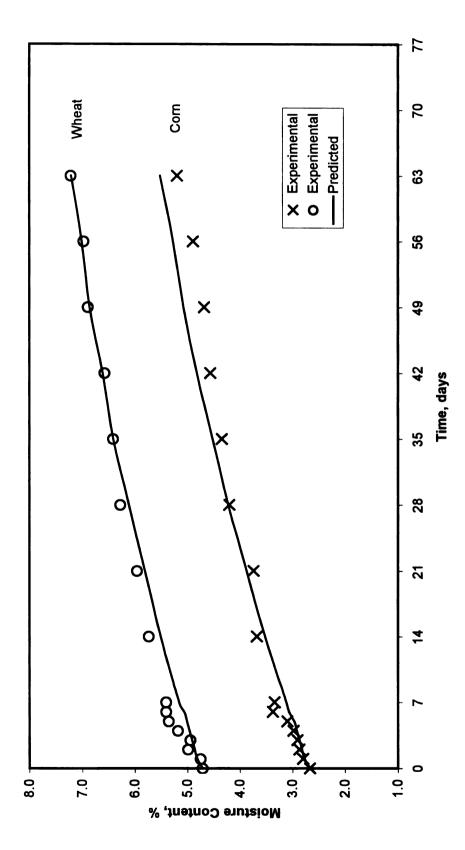


Figure 7: Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 50/50 Corn-Wheat Mixtures for Validation 1 (Conditions: 23°C - HDPE 1.9 mil - 50%RH).

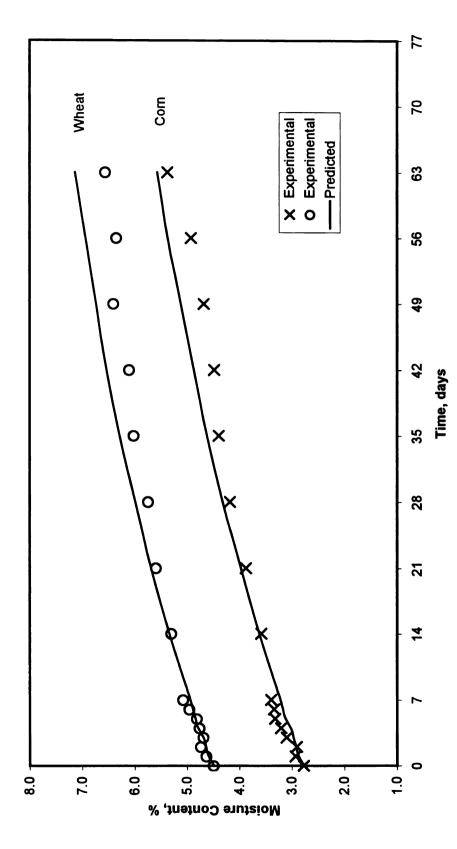


Figure 8: Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 67/33 Com-Wheat Mixtures for Validation 1 (Conditions: 23°C - HDPE mil - 50%RH).

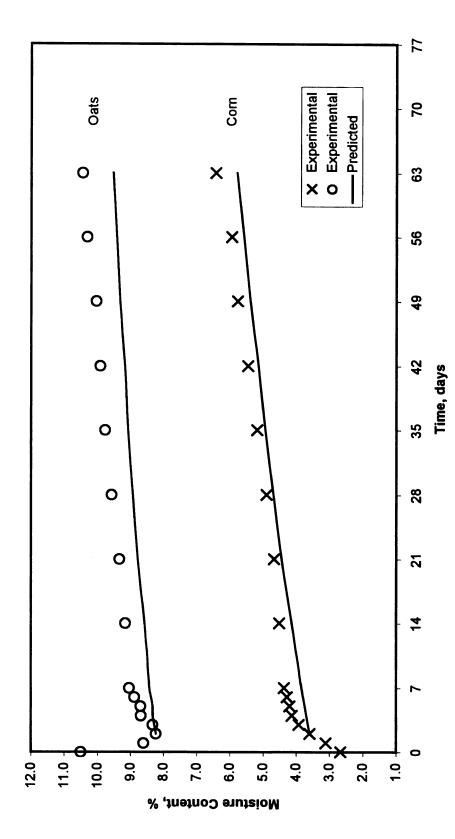


Figure 9: Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 33/67 Com-Oats Mixtures for Validation 1 (Conditions: 23°C - HDPE 1.9 mil - 50%RH).

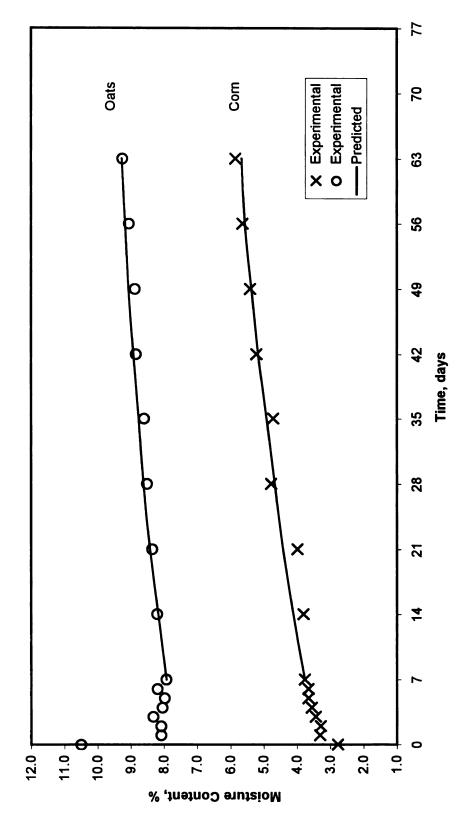


Figure 10: Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 50/50 Com-Oats Mixtures for Validation 1 (Conditions; 23°C - HDPE 1.9 mil - 50%RH).

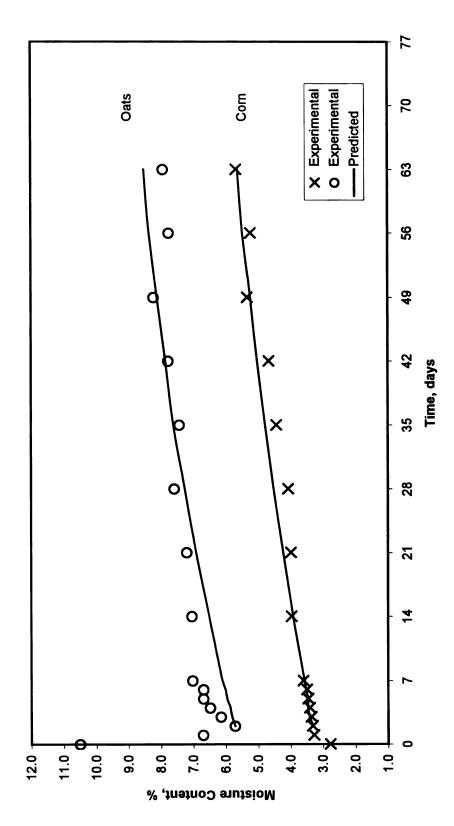


Figure 11: Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 67/33 Corn-Oats Mixtures for Validation 1 (Conditions: 23°C - HDPE 1.9 mil - 50%RH).

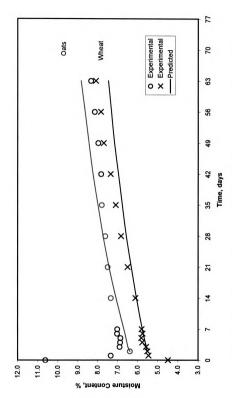


Figure 12: Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 33/67 Oats-Wheat Mixtures for Validation 1 (Conditions: 23°C - HDPE 1.9 mil - 50%RH).

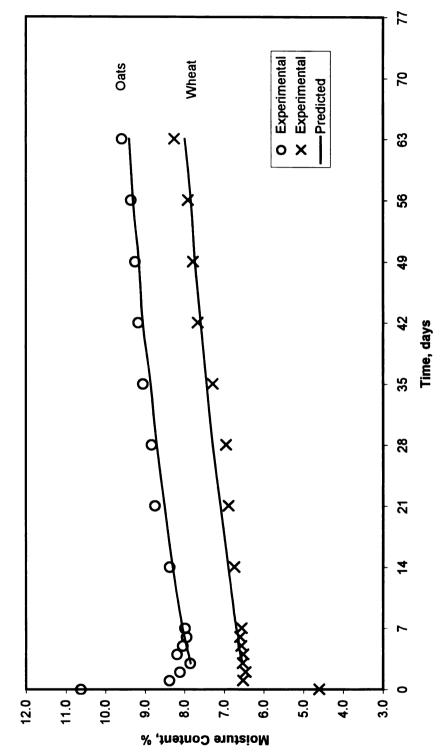


Figure 13: Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 50/50 Oats-Wheat Mixtures for Validation 1 (Conditions: 23°C - HDPE 1.9 mil - 50%RH).

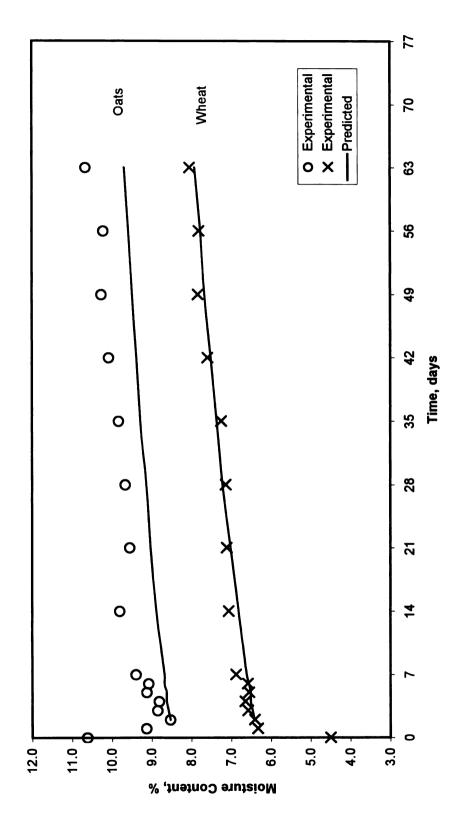


Figure 14: Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 67/33 Oats-Wheat Mixtures for Validation 1 (Conditions: 23°C - HDPE 1.9 mil - 50%RH).

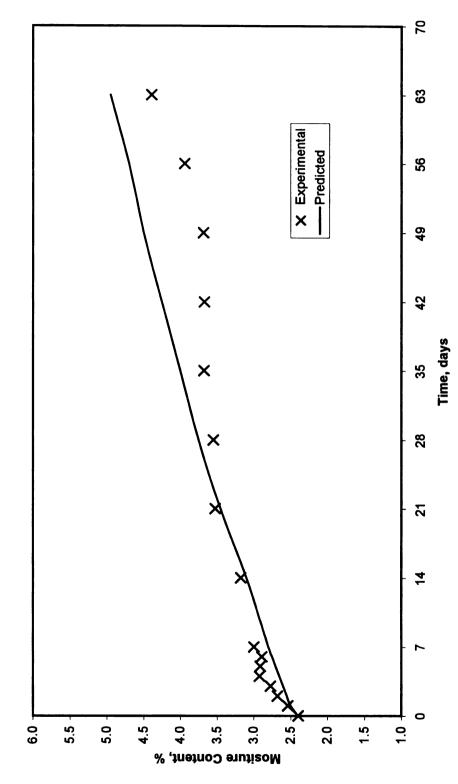


Figure 15: Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 100/0 Corn for Validation 1 (Conditions: 23°C - HDPE 1.9 mil - 50%RH).

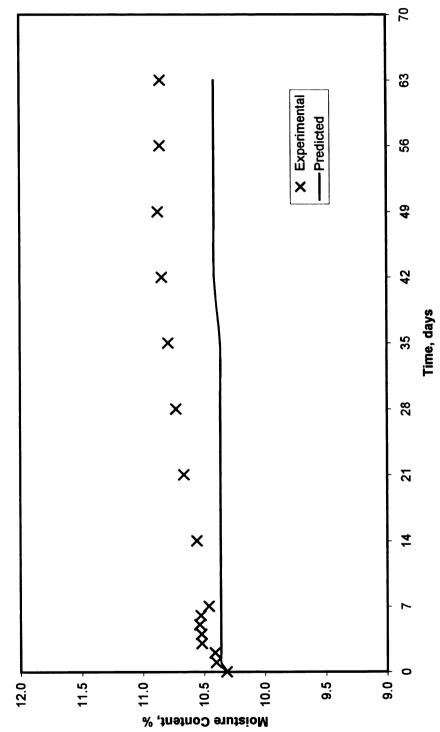


Figure 16: Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 100/0 Oats for Validation 1 (Conditions: 23°C - HDPE 1.9 mil - 50%RH).

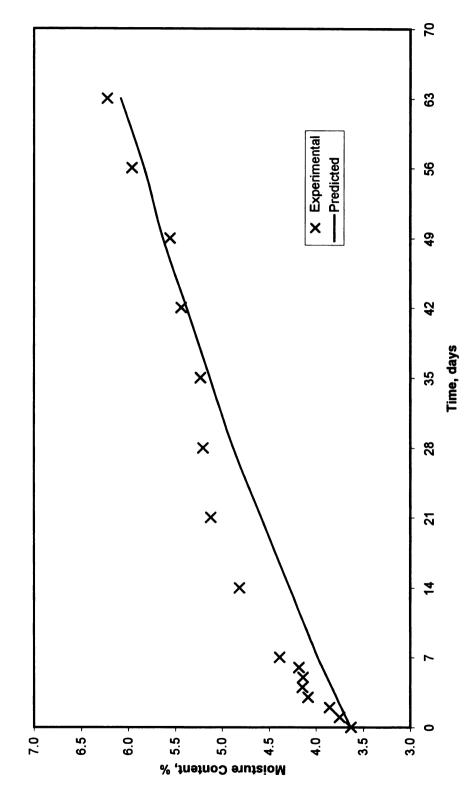


Figure 17: Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 100/0 Wheat for Validation 1 (Conditions: 23°C - HDPE 1.9 mil - 50%RH).

In the corn and wheat mixtures, it was observed that both cereals started to pick up moisture immediately because the cereals had lower initial water activity (0.17-0.20) in comparison with storage relative humidity (50%RH). The moisture transfer between corn and wheat was expected to be small because their initial water activities taken from their respective isotherms were close (corn = 0.17, oats = 0.20).

The experimental and predicted values showed good agreement for the corn and wheat mixtures (Figures 6-8). The percent difference between these values was lower than 10% with the exception of mixture of 33/67 corn-wheat (Figure 6). A difference in the order of 10-26% was noticed from the third week. It is important to mention that the difference was above 20% (20-26%) only during weeks 5-7 (Figure 6). The experimental values for the 33/67 corn/wheat samples were slightly lower than the predicted ones for most of the samples. The 50/50 and 67/33 corn/wheat samples also show this behavior.

In the individually packaged products (Figures 15-17), single packaged corn (Figure 15) showed a difference between the experimental and predicted values greater than 10% from the sixth week of storage. The difference range for weeks 6-9 was 10-23%. Again, the experimental values were lower than the predicted ones. The difference in the single packaged oats and wheat (Figures 16 and 17) was lower than 4% and 12%, respectively.

The difference (greater than 10%) found in the samples of corn-wheat (33/67) and corn could be caused by errors in the moisture content determination of those samples. The corn samples were mixed in a large plastic bag and then immediately nitrogen-flush packaged in glass jars. The initial moisture content was determined from samples before placing the cereal in the jars and perhaps the batch did not have homogenous moisture content.

The lower rate on the moisture transfer could possibly attributed to a lower storage relative humidity, to the pouches' lower transmission rate or to the pouches' lower surface available for moisture transfer. It is proposed that samples of individually packaged corn and 33/67 corn-wheat showed the deviation because of a lower storage relative humidity or lower temperature during the storage.

Experimental errors associated with the weighing, component separation, moisture determination or modification of the corn (e.g. oxidation) could also be responsible for the higher values of moisture content predicted by the model as compared to the values that were experimentally determined.

Pocas (1995) pointed out that the relative resistance to moisture transfer within the food components to the packaging material plays an important role to the effectiveness of the model. The researcher used corn cereal and chocolate powder and found that corn alone or packaged (in PP and PE) with the powder presented similar deviations in the order of 20-30%. The researcher remarked that the corn moisture content when packaged together with the powder chocolate reached equilibrium at lower values than the predicted at longer

storage periods. Individually packaged corn as well as the powder chocolate did not reach equilibrium during the storage period.

In the corn-oats and oats-wheat, oats was selected because it had a much higher initial water activity (about 0.45-0.48), which was close to the storage relative humidity. It was expected that oats would gain moisture from the storage environment very slowly as shown by the oats isotherm (Figure 4) and the individually packaged oats samples (Figure 16).

Oats would also transfer moisture to the other component (corn or wheat) much faster during the first days as demonstrated in the glass-jar experiment. After this time of dramatic moisture exchange, a temporal equilibrium will be reached and oats will present lower moisture contents while the other cereal (corn or wheat) will have higher moisture content values. For most of the cases the transitory equilibrium was reached in one or two days.

To account for this moisture exchange event ("temporal equilibrium"), the lowest experimental moisture content (from oats) was used to define the initial point where permeation through the package became more important than the components' moisture exchange.

After making the corrections, it was observed that the predicted and experimental moisture content values for corn-oats and oats-wheat presented a good agreement. The difference between these values was less than 13% for all the combinations of corn-oats and oats-wheat.

In addition to the percent difference between the experimental and predicted values, a regression analysis was performed to determine the positive relationship between the predicted and experimental values. The regression analysis was selected because it is the most suitable statistical method to compare observed and predicted values. The regression analysis was done by plotting the experimental values in the X-axis and the predicted values in the Y-axis. If the model predicts perfectly the experimental data a straight line should be expected and its correlation coefficient will be 1, but this hypothetical condition does not occur. Therefore, the correlation coefficient is a good indicator of the relationship between the experimental and predicted values.

All combinations used on the validation with HDPE, with the exception of the oats individually packaged (84%), presented correlation values greater than 90%. This indicates that the model described accurately the systems used.

3.6. Validation 2 - Moisture Change in Cereals Packaged in LDPE 1 mil

An additional experimental validation for the computer model was carried out with a lower barrier packaging material. Monitoring the moisture content change of each component of the packaged mixtures over time was performed similarly to Validation 1. Table 4 summarizes the combinations used for the Experimental Validation 2.

Table 4 – Cereal combinations used for the Validation 2

Experiment	50/50	0/100
1	corn/wheat	/corn
2	corn/oats	/oats
3	oats/wheat	/wheat

Figures 18, 19 and 20 show the percent moisture change profile of 50/50 corn/wheat, corn/oats and oats/wheat samples. The percent moisture change profile for corn, oats and wheat is presented in Figures 21, 22 and 23.

The experimental and predicted values of the percent moisture content as a function of storage time for the cereal combinations (Table 4) are presented in Appendix F. Detailed tables of the individual pouches' weight gain values for all these combinations are presented in Appendix G.

For the validation with LDPE, the predicted and experimental moisture content values for individually packaged cereals present good agreement. All the samples showed a difference smaller than 10% with the exception of individually packaged wheat where the difference range was 6-13%.

The combinations of corn-oats and oats-wheat also present good agreement between the experimental and predicted values. The samples also showed the initial moisture exchange. Therefore, a similar treatment was applied to determine the initial moisture content to be entered into the computer program.

A regression analysis was also performed to determine the relationship between the predicted and experimental values. All combinations used on the validation with LDPE, with the exception of the oats individually packaged, presented correlation values greater than 90%. This indicates that the model has a high and significant relationship with what is observed in the experiments. A correlation value was not available for oats because the predicted moisture

content value was constant during the storage. This reflect that the software did not account for the relative humidity variation in the storage room.

Both sets (validation with HDPE and LDPE) clearly indicate the importance of the consideration of initial moisture exchange in the application of the model. The time required for moisture exchange seems to be less important than the internal moisture equilibrium reached.

The moisture content can be calculated from the products' isotherms or determined experimentally in a glass jar. The resulting moisture content (from the above experiment) for the component with the lower water activity will be the lowest moisture content to be used in the computer program. For the component with the higher water activity, the outcoming moisture content will be the lowest moisture content to be entered in the computer program.

To find the resulting moisture content after the internal moisture exchange from the components' isotherms, the isotherms need to be expressed as water activity as a function of moisture content. The resulting water activity range is defined by the water activities of the components. The components also reach an equilibrium condition where the water activity is the same for each component. Therefore, selecting a moisture content for each component and replacing in its isotherms. This procedure is done until the moisture content values give the same water activity value.

Another way to find the resulting moisture content is to place the components in a glass jar and monitor the moisture headspace until equilibrium is reached. Then open the jara determined the moisture content of each component. This procedure was used and described earlier in this chapter.

Permeation through the package is present at all times, but the approximation discussed in the above paragraph could be used as a good approximation. Defining what is the minimum water activity difference between the components that will make the moisture exchange between products predominant over the permeation through the package is important.

In multicomponent products packaged in low-permeability packaging, the moisture exchange between the products is more noticeable than if they were packaged in high-permeability materials. This is because a low permeability packaging material will simulate glass.

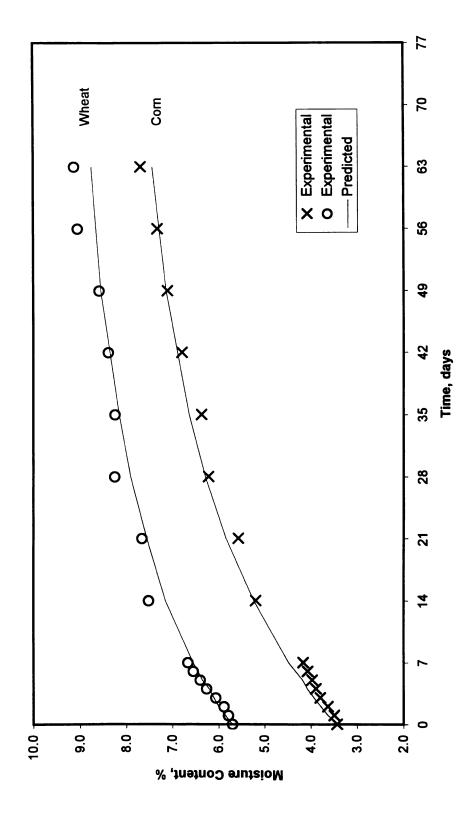


Figure 18: Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 50/50 Corn-Wheat Mixtures for Validation 2 (Conditions: 23°C - LDPE 1 mil - 50%RH).

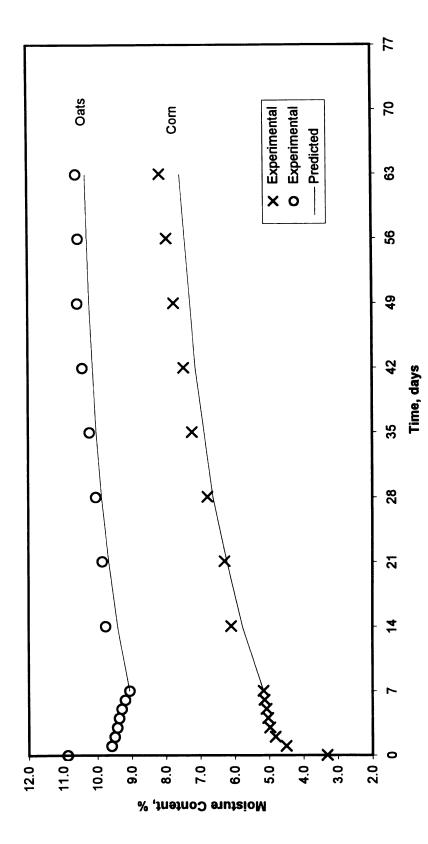


Figure 19: Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 50/50 Com-Oats Mixtures for Validation 2 (Conditions: 23°C - LDPE 1 mil - 50%RH).

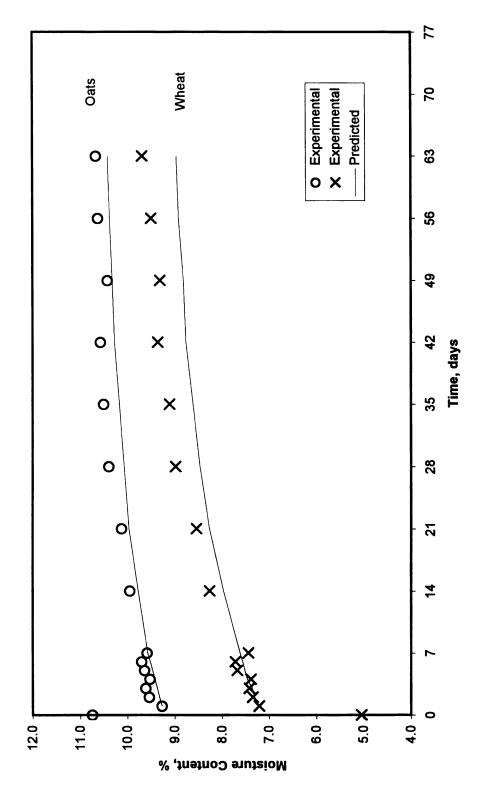


Figure 20: Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 50/50 Oats-Wheat Mixtures for Validation 2 (Conditions: 23°C - LDPE 1 mil - 50%RH).

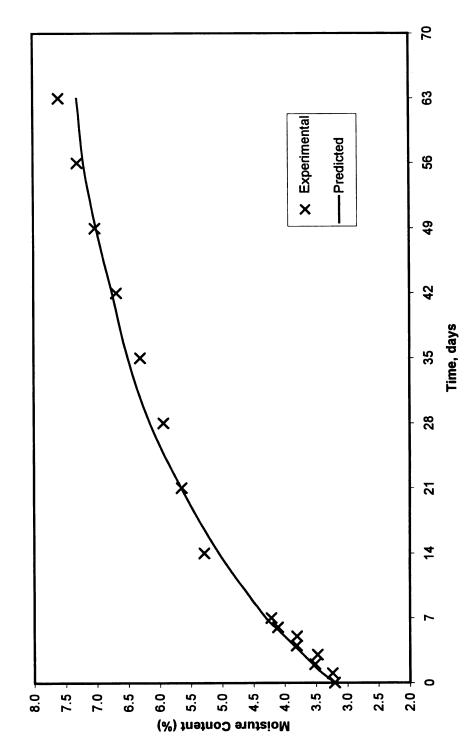


Figure 21: Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 100/0 Corn for Validation 2 (Conditions: 23°C - LDPE 1 mil - 50%RH).

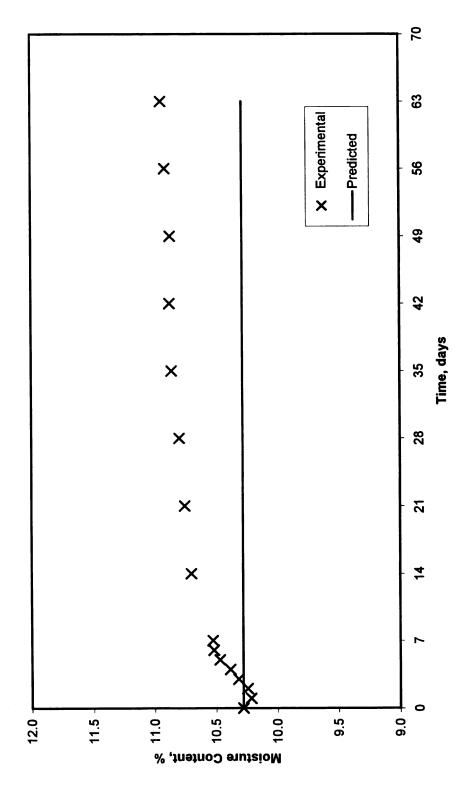


Figure 22: Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 100/0 Oats for Validation 2 (Conditions: 23°C - LDPE 1 mil - 50%RH).

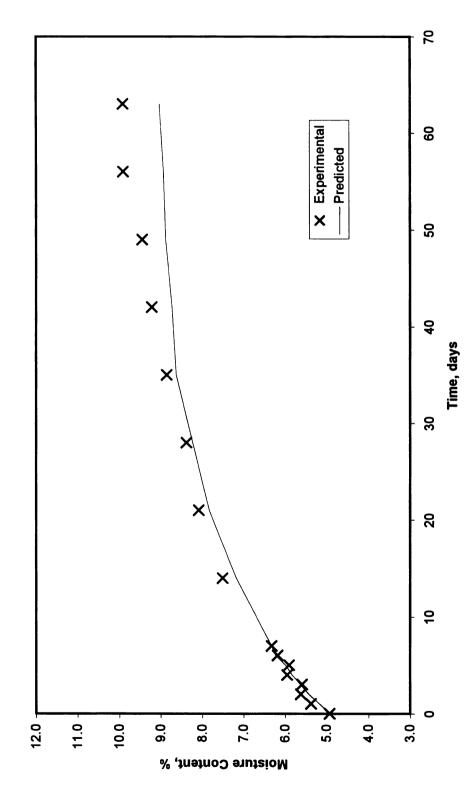


Figure 23: Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content Profile of 100/0 Wheat for Validation 2 (Conditions: 23°C - LDPE 1 mil - 50%RH).

CONCLUSIONS

- A model developed using the GAB (Guggenheim-Anderson-deBoer)
 equation to predict moisture content in binary mixtures was validated
- 2. For products with a large difference in water activity, the internal moisture exchange is more important than the permeability during the first days of storage.
- 3. The model accuracy was greatly improved when the initial moisture exchange is accounted.

RECOMENDATIONS

Further refinement of the model should focus on the following:

- Determining the minimum water activity difference between components that makes the moisture exchange between products predominant over the permeation through the package
- Incorporating the moisture exchange between the components in the model for a more accurate prediction when they present very different water activity,
- 3. Studying the effect of the temperature on the moisture exchange as well as the moisture permeated during the storage.



Bibliography

- (1) Bakhit, R.M. and Schmidt, S.J. 1992. Sorption Behavior of Mechanically Mixed and Freeze-Dried NaCl/Casein Mixtures. Journal of Food Science. Vol 57. No 2. pp. 493-496 and 502.
- (2) Berens, A. R. 1989. Transport of Plasticizing Penetrants in Glassy Polymers. Polymer Preprints, Division of Polymer Chemistry, American Chemical Society, Dallas. 30 (1):5.
- (3) Bizot, H. 1991. "Using the "G.A.B." Model to Construct Sorption Isotherms" in Physical Properties of Food. Applied Science Publishers. 42-53.
- (4) Brody, A. L. and Marsh, K. S. 1997. The Wiley Encyclopedia of Packaging Technology. Second Edition. "Shelf Life" p. 638- 642 and "Metrication in Packaging" p.830-835.
- (5) Cardoso, G. and Labuza, T. P. 1983. Prediction of moisture gain and loss for packaged pasta subjected to a sine wave temperature/humidity environment. Journal of Food Technology. 18, 587-606.
- (6) Chinachoti, P. 1990. Isotherm Equations for Starch, Sucrose and Salt for Calculation of High System Water Activities. Research Note. Journal of Food Science. Vol 55. No1 pp265-266.
- (7) Chinachoti, P. and Steinberg, M. P. 1985. Interaction of Sodium Chloride with Raw Starch in Freeze-Dried Mixtures as Shown by Water Sorption. Journal of Food Science. Vol 50. pp 825-828.
- (8) Chinachoti, P. and Steinberg, M.P. 1988. Interaction of Sucrose with Gelatin, Egg Albumin, and Gluten in Freeze-Dried Mixtures as Shown by Water Aorption. Journal of Food Science. Vol. 53. No3, pp 932-934 and 939.
- (9) Chuang, L. and Toledo, R.T. 1976. Predicting the Water Activity of Multicomponent Systems from Water Sorption Isotherms of Individual Components. Journal of Food Science. Vol 41. pp 922-927.

- (10) Gal, S. 1983. "The Need for, and Practical Applications of, Sorption Data" in Physical Properties of Foods. Applied Science Publishers. 13-25.
- (11) Hardy, J.J. and Steinberg, M.P. 1984. Interaction Between Sodium Chloride and Paracasein as Determined by Water Sorption. Journal of Food Science. Vol 49. pp 127-131 and 136.
- (12) Hernadez, R.J. 1999. Shelf Life and Permebility, Class Material. School of Packaging. Michigan State University.
- (13) Heiss, R. 1958. Shelf Life Determinations. Modern Packaging. Vol 31. No 12.pp119-124, 172,173, and 176.
- (14) Hong, Y.C., Bakshi, A.S. and Labuza, T.P. 1986. Finite Element Modeling of Moisture Transfer during storage of mixed multicomponent dried foods. Journal of Food Science. Vol 51, No 3, pp 554-558.
- (15) Iglesias, H.A. Chirife, J. and Boquet, R. 1980. Prediction of Water Sorption Isotherms of Food Models from the Knowledge of Components Sorption Behavior. Journal of Food Science. Vol 45. pp 450-452 and 457.
- (16) Iglesias, H.A. and Chirife, J. 1982. Handbook of Food Isotherms: Water Sorption parameters for food and food components. Academic Press.
- (17) Kapsalis, J.G. 1987. "Influences of Hysteresis and Temperature on Moisture Sorption Isotherms" in Water Activity: Theory and Applications to Food by Rockland, L.B. and Beuchat, L.R. Marcel Dekker, Inc.
- (18) Kim, S.S., Kim, S.Y., Kim, D.W., Shin, S.G. and Chang, K.S. 1999. Moisture Sorption Characteristics of Composite Foods filled with chocolate. Journal of Food Science. Vol 64, No 2, pp 300-302.
- (19) Labuza, T. P. 1982. Moisture Gain and Loss in Packaged Food. Food Technology. April 1982.
- (20) Labuza, T.P. 1984. Moisture Sorption: Practical Aspects of Isotherm Measurement and Use. American Association of Cereal Chemists.

- (21) Labuza, T.P., Mizrahi, S. and Karel, M. 1972. Mathematical Models for Optimization of Flexible Film Packaging of Foods for Storage.

 Transactions of the ASAE. Vol 15, pp150-155.
- (22) Lang, K.W. and Steinberg, M.P. 1980. Calculation of Moisture Content of a formulated Food System to any given Water Activity. Journal of Food Science. Vol 45. pp.1228-230.
- (23) Lang, K.W. and Steinberg, M.P. 1981. Predicting Water Activity from 0.30 to 0.95 of a Multicomponent Food Formulation. Journal of Food Science. Vol 46. pp 670-672.
- (24) Lang, K.W., Whitnay, R. McL., and Steinberg, M.P. 1981. Mass Balance Model for Enthalpy of Water Binding by a Mixture. Journal of Food Science. Vol 47. pp110-113.
- (25) Le Maguer, Marc. 1986. "Mechanics and Influence of Water Binding on Water Activity" in Water Activity: Theory and Applications to Food by Rockland, L.B. and Beuchat, L.R. 1986. Marcel Dekker, Inc.
- (26) Lee, C.H. 1987. Temperature Dependency of the Equilibrium Sorption Isotherm and its utility in Shelf Life Simulation of a Packaged Moisture Sensitive Pharmaceutical Tablet. MS Thesis. Michigan State University.
- (27) Lee, C.H.; Hernandez, R.H.; Giacin, J.R. and Lee, M. 1996. Modeling the Temperature Dependency of the Shelf Life of a Packaged Moisture Sensitive Product. Foods and Biotechnology. Vol 5, No2, pp 112-118.
- (28) Leiras, M. C. and Iglesias, H. A. 1991. Water vapour sorption isotherms of two cake mixes and their components. International Journal of Food Science and Technology. 26, 91-97.
- (29) Mannheim, C. M.; Liu, J. X. and Gilbert, G. S. 1994. Control of Water in Foods During Storage. Journal of Food Engineering. 22. 509-531.
- (30) Nelson, K.A. and Labuza, T.P. 1994. Water Activity and Food Polymer Science: Implications of State on Arrhenius and WLF Models in Predicting Shelf Life. Journal of Food Engineering. 22. 271-289

- (31) Nieto, M.B. and Toledo, R.T. 1989. A Factorial Approach to Modeling a_w of a Multicomponent Food in the High Moisture Range (a_w 0.90-1.00). Journal of Food Science. Vol 54, No. 4. pp 925-930.
- (32) Pfeiffer, C. et al. 1999. Optimizing Food Packaging and Shelf Life. Food Technology. June, 1999.
- (33) Pocas, M. F. 1995. Modeling the Moisture Transfer of Two-component food products in a flexible packaging. M.S. Thesis. Michigan State University.
- (34) Salwin, H. and Slawson, V. 1959. Moisture Transfer in Combinations of Dehydrated Foods. Food Technology. December, 1959.
- (35) School of Packaging. 1999. Permeability and Shelf Life Lab Manual. Michigan State University
- (36) Troller, J.A. and Christian, J.H.B., 1978. Water Activity and Food. Academic Press.



APPENDIX A

DETERMINATION OF SHELF LIFE EQUATIONS USING A LINEAR AND NON-LINEAR SORPTION ISOTHERM

Pocas (1995) presented the following procedure to deduce the shelf life equation for mixed products packaged in permeable packages using linear and non-linear isotherms.

Moisture exchange is governed by the following equation.

$$\frac{dW}{dt} = \frac{P}{l} A \left(p_o - p_i \right) \tag{I}$$

Where:

W: is the weight of water transported across the film

t: is time

P is the film permeability coefficient

I is the film thickness

 $p_{\text{o}},\,p_{\text{i}}$ are the vapor pressure of the water outside and inside of the package, respectively

Moisture distribution in two products is controlled by the following equation.

$$dW = W_A dM_A + W_B dM_B$$
 (II)

Where:

 $W_{A},\,W_{B}$ are the dry weights of components A and B, respectively

 dM_A , dM_B are the change in moisture content of component A and B respectively, in g/g dry weight.

Combining the equations (I) and (II)

$$W_A dM_A + W_B dM_B = P A ps (a_{wo} - a_w) dt$$
 (III)

Where:

ps is the water vapor pressure at the storage temperature

awo, aw are the external and internal water activity, respectively

M_A and M_B are products' equilibrium moisture content at a_w

M_A and M_B are related to the a_w through the sorption isotherm equations.

Integrating equation (III) gives a relationship between time and moisture content of each component.

Linear sorption isotherms

The simplified case is when the moisture sorption isotherms of the components are represented by a linear equation within the water activity range under consideration:

$$M_A = a_A + b_A a_w \tag{IV}$$

$$M_B = a_B + b_B a_w \tag{V}$$

Where a_A, a_B, b_A and b_B are coefficients if the linear equation.

Derivating

$$dM_A = da_w .b_A (VI)$$

$$dM_B = da_w \cdot b_B \tag{VII}$$

Dividing equations (7) and (8) and rearranging the terms:

$$dM_A$$
. $b_B = dM_B$. b_A (VIII)

Combining equation (8) with equation (3) and integrating gives:

$$t_{A} = \frac{1}{P.A.p_{s}} \left(W_{A} + W_{B} \frac{b_{B}}{b_{A}} \right) \int_{M_{A}^{1}}^{M_{A}^{2}} \frac{dM_{A}}{a_{WO} - a_{W} (M_{A})}$$
 (IX)

$$t_{B} = \frac{1}{P.A.p_{s}} \left(W_{A} \frac{b_{A}}{b_{B}} + W_{B} \right) \int_{M_{B}^{1}}^{M_{B}^{2}} \frac{dM_{B}}{a_{WO} - a_{W} (M_{B})}$$
 (X)

Where:

 ${\rm M_A}^{\rm 1}$ and ${\rm M_B}^{\rm 1}$ are the initial moisture content of component A and B, respectively

 t_A , and t_B represents the time required to achieve the moisture content $M_A{}^2$ and $M_B{}^2$, respectively.

The analytical integration of equations 9 and 10 gives:

$$t_{A} = \frac{1}{P.A.p_{s}} (W_{A}.b_{A} + W_{B}.b_{B}) ln \left[\frac{a_{WO} - a_{W}(M_{A}^{1})}{a_{WO} - a_{W}(M_{A}^{2})} \right]$$
 (XI)

$$t_{B} = \frac{1}{P.A.p_{s}} \left(W_{A} \cdot b_{A} + W_{B} \cdot b_{B} \right) \ln \left[\frac{a_{WO} - a_{W} \left(M_{B}^{1} \right)}{a_{WO} - a_{W} \left(M_{B}^{2} \right)} \right]$$
(XII)

Where:

 $a_w(M_A)$ and $a_w(M_B)$ represent the head-space water activity, in equilibrium with the components' moisture content. Superscripts 1 and 2 refer respectively for initial and final moisture content conditions.

Non-linear sorption isotherm

When the linear equation does not represent accurately the sorption isotherm, the whole isotherm needs to be considered in the model and a numerical integration of equation (3) will be necessary.

Assuming that the sorption isotherm equations of components A and B are described by,

$$M_A = f(a_w) \tag{XIII}$$

$$M_{B} = f(a_{w}) \tag{XIV}$$

Where $f(a_w)$ and $g(a_w)$ are the sorption equations for component A and B, respectively.

Considering the inverse functions of the isotherms, a_{w} can be expressed as a function of the components' equilibrium moisture content, M_{A} and M_{B} , respectively:

$$a_{w} = f^{1} (M_{A}) \tag{XV}$$

$$a_{w} = g^{-1} (M_{B}) \tag{XVI}$$

It is assumed that the moisture content between the two products is in equilibrium and therefore:

$$M_A = f[g^{-1}(M_B)]$$
 (XVII)

and

$$M_{B} = g [f^{1} (M_{A})]$$
 (XVII)

Therefore dM_B can be expressed as a function of dM_A:

$$dM_B = D dM_A (XIX)$$

Where the function D is defined as:

$$D(M_A) \equiv \frac{dM_B}{dM_A} = \frac{d[g[f^{-1}(M_A)]]}{dM_A}$$
 (XX)

The expression of dM_A as a function of dM_B gives:

$$D(M_B) \equiv \frac{dM_A}{dM_B} = \frac{d[f[g^{-1}(M_B)]]}{dM_B}$$
 (XXI)

The function D can be obtained analytically or numerically.

Equation (III) rearranged can then be integrated to calculate the shelf life or to predict the moisture content over storage time.

$$t_{A} = \frac{1}{P.A.p_{s}} \cdot \int_{M_{A}^{1}}^{M_{A}^{2}} \frac{W_{A} + W_{B}.D(M_{A})}{a_{WO} - a_{W}(M_{A})} dM_{A}$$
 (XXII)

$$t_{B} = \frac{1}{P.A.p_{s}} \cdot \int_{M_{B}^{1}}^{M_{B}^{2}} \frac{W_{B} + W_{A}.D(M_{B})}{a_{WO} - a_{W}(M_{B})} dM_{B}$$
 (XXIII)

where:

P = film permeability coefficient

1 = film thickness

A = package surface area available for the moisture transfer

p_s = water vapor pressure at the storage temperature

 W_A , W_B = dry weights of components A and B

 dM_A , dM_B = change in moisture content of component A and B respectively

awo = external water activity

 $a_w(M_A)$, $a_w(M_B)$ = head-space water activity, in equilibrium with the moisture content of component A and B, respectively

 M_A^{-1} , M_A^{-2} , M_B^{-1} and M_B^{-2} = initial and final moisture content of component A and B respectively

 t_A , t_B = time required to component A and B to achieve the moisture content $M_A{}^2$, $M_B{}^2$ respectively

 $D(M_A)$, $D(M_B)$ = functions of M_A , M_B relating the slopes of the components isotherms at each a_w .

Pocas stated also the following assumptions for the model that she developed:

- (1) The shelf life of the mixture depends solely on the moisture content change of the components
- (2) The storage temperature and relative humidity are constant
- (3) The amount of water vapor in the package head-space is negligible compared with the products' moisture content
- (4) Both components of the mixture reach fast equilibrium with the package's head space relative humidity
- (5) The components do not show hysterisis behavior on moisture sorption isotherms

- (6) The transfer of water through the package is always at a steady state
- (7) The packaging material controls the rate of water transfer
- (8) Moisture is independently bonded to each component according to its sorption isotherm.

APPENDIX B

PACKAGING MATERIALS CHARACTERIZATION

1. Film Thickness

Ten measurements of film thickness were performed to verify the value provided by the manufacturer. The average values are presented below.

LDPE Film: 1.15 ± 0.09 mil

HDPE Film: 1.85 ± 0.09 mil

2. Materials water vapor transmission rate (g/m2.day) and permeability (g.mil/m².day.mmHg) at 23°C. Infrared Sensor Method.

Four flat samples were tested to determine the permeance and permeability of the films. Results are compiled below.

Table B1 – Permeance (g/m².day) and Permeability (g.mil/m².day.mmHg) at 23°C for flat LDPE samples.

Sample	Permeance, g/m².day	Permeability, g.mil/m².day.mmHg
1	1.350	8.80E-05
2	1.531	1.02E-04
3	1.536	9.80E-05
4	1.395	9.29E-05
Average	1.453	9.52E-05
Std. Dev.	9.48E-02	6.08E-06

Table B2 – Permeance (g/m².day) and Permeability (g.mil/m².day.mmHg) at 23°C for flat HDPE samples.

Sample	Permeance, g/m².day	Permeability, g.mil/m².day.mmHg		
1	1.350	8.80E-05		
2	1.531	1.02E-04		
3	1.536	9.80E-05		
4	1.395	9.29E-05		
Average	1.453	9.52E-05		
Std. Dev.	9.48E-02	6.08E-06		

3. Materials water vapor transmission rate (g/m2.day) and permeability (g.mil/m².day.mmHg) at 23°C. Gravimetric Method.

Four pouch samples were tested to determine the transmission rate and permeability of the films. The results are compiled in the next page.

Table B3 – Water Vapor Transmission Rate (g/day) and Permeability (g.mil/m².day.mmHg) at 23°C for LDPE pouches.

Sample	Transmission Rate, g/ day	Permeability, g.mil/m².day.mmHg		
1	0.0324	6.15E-05		
2	0.0286	5.44E-05		
3	0.0370	6.64E-05		
4	0.0396	7.13E-05		
Average	0.0327	6.34E-05		
Std. Dev.	0.0042	6.05E-06		

Table B4 – Water Vapor Transmission Rate (g/day) and Permeability (g.mil/m².day.mmHg) at 23°C for HDPE pouches.

Sample	Permeance, g/m ² .day	Permeability, g.mil/m².day.mmHg
1	0.0115	4.15E-05
2	0.0120	4.34E-05
3	0.0121	4.13E-05
4	0.0119	3.87E-05
Average	0.0119	4.20E-05
Std. Dev.	0.0003	1.16E-06

Experimental data for packaging permeance determination by the gravimetric method.

APPENDIX C

PARAMETER ESTIMATION OF GAB EQUATION

The Guggenheim-Anderson-deBoer (GAB) equation (Eq. C1) was transformed into quadratic form to easily estimate GAB parameters.

$$\frac{M}{W_{m}} = \frac{C K a_{w}}{(1 - k a_{w})(1 - k a_{w} + C k a_{w})}$$
(C1)

$$\frac{W_{m} C K a_{w}}{M} = 1 - k a_{w} + C k a_{w} - k a_{w} + k^{2} a_{w}^{2} - C k^{2} a_{w}^{2}$$
 (C2)

$$\frac{a_{w}}{M} = \frac{k}{W_{m}} \left(\frac{1}{C} - 1\right) a_{w}^{2} + \frac{1}{W_{m}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{C}\right) a_{w} + \frac{1}{W_{m}Ck}$$
 (C3)

Assigning

$$\alpha = \frac{k}{W_m} \left(\frac{1}{C} - 1 \right) = \frac{1}{W_m C} (1 - C)$$
 (C4)

$$\beta = \frac{1}{W_{n}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{C} \right) = \frac{1}{W_{n}C} (C - 2)$$
 (C5)

$$\gamma = \frac{1}{W Ck}$$
 (C6)

Eq. C3 is rewritten as:

$$\frac{a_{w}}{M} = \alpha a_{w}^{2} + \beta a_{w} + \gamma \tag{C7}$$

Eq. C7 was plotted as a_w vs a_w /M (X vs Y) and from the quadratic regression the constants α , β and γ were obtained. The value of these

constants is used to calculate the GAB constants: C, W_m , and k. The calculations are presented below.

Substituting Eq C4 into Eq C5 gives

$$k = -\frac{\alpha (C-2)}{\beta (C-1)}$$
 (C8)

Substituting Eq C8 into Eq C5 gives

$$\frac{1}{W_m} = -\frac{\alpha \gamma (C-2)C}{\beta (C-1)}$$
 (C9)

Substituting Eq C9 into Eq C5 gives

$$\frac{\beta^2}{(-\alpha)\gamma} = \frac{(C^2 - 4C + 4)}{(C - 1)}$$
 (C10)

Assigning:
$$X = \frac{\beta^2}{(-\alpha)\gamma}$$

Eq C10 can be rewritten as

$$C^2 - (4+X) C + (4+X) = 0$$
 (C11)

Assigning:
$$\theta = 4 + X = 4 + \frac{\beta^2}{(-\alpha)\gamma}$$

Eq. C11 can be solved as:

$$C = \frac{\theta \pm \sqrt{\theta - 4\theta}}{2}$$

This quadratic solution presented gives two mathematical solutions for C, but the solution of C that gives positive values for all GAB constants is correct. Parameter W_m and k can be obtained by substitution of C into Eq C5 and C6.

APPENDIX D

COMPUTER PROGRAM VALIDATION

1. Model Development

The model used to create the computer program was developed by Pocas (1995). The researcher worked with the Henderson, Chen, Oswin, Halsey and GAB moisture sorption isotherms for modeling the moisture of two component food products. The researcher also prepared a DOS computer program where immediate calculations were done. The model prepared by Pocas (1995) was discussed in Chapter 2 and is explained in detail in Appendix A.

A windows-based program was prepared to calculate the shelf life of two-component food products using the model developed by Pocas (1995) for linear and non-linear isotherms. In addition, the computer program prepared in this research has the option to work with a single product.

2. Model Validation

The data used to verify the operational characteristics of the computer program were taken from Pocas' (1995) work. The results obtained with the new computer program were compared with the ones reported by Pocas (1995) and a difference of \pm 1.25% was found. Therefore, it was concluded that the computer program was accurate in its calculations.

The Halsey and GAB equations for cracker and raisin at 20°C, respectively, included in the literature by Pocas (1995), were used to generate the data that were entered in the computer program. The data entered to build the moisture sorption isotherm are presented in the next page.

Cracker		Ra	isin
aw	M	aw	M
0.10	0.0510	0.10	0.0260
0.18	0.0600	0.18	0.0466
0.28	0.0700	0.28	0.0712
0.37	0.0800	0.37	0.0964
0.45	0.0900	0.45	0.1222
0.52	0.1000	0.52	0.1489
0.58	0.1100	0.58	0.1765
0.63	0.1200	0.63	0.2050
0.68	0.1300	0.68	0.2344
0.71	0.1400	0.71	0.2645
0.74	0.1500	0.74	0.2953
0.77	0.1600	0.77	0.3265
0.79	0.1700	0.79	0.3582
0.81	0.1800	0.81	0.3901
0.83	0.1900	0.83	0.4222
0.84	0.2000	0.84	0.4543
0.89	0.2500	0.89	0.6123
0.92	0.3000	0.92	0.7597

Table D.1 – aw and M (g/g) values used to obtain the cereal and raisin isotherms at 20°C

The program was run with the same four sets of data presented by Pocas (1995). The runs were designed to understand how the program can facilitate the analysis of the components' weight ratio, storage water activity, packaging barrier properties and total weight to the packaging area ratio in the storage stability curves prediction. The conditions used for the computer simulation are presented in Table D.2.

Run	cracker	raisin	total	a _w	l, mil	P,	Area,		
	wt, g	wt, g	wt, g			g.mil/in².day.mmHg	in ²		
	Set A: To evaluate the influence of components weight ratio								
1	10	20	30	0.80	0.985	3.81E-05	69.75		
2	15	15	30	0.80	0.985	3.81E-05	69.75		
3	20	10	30	0.80	0.985	3.81E-05	69.75		
	Set	B: To e	valuate	the infl	uence of	storage water actvity			
1	15	15	30	0.80	0.985	3.81E-05	69.75		
2	15	15	30	0.75	0.985	3.81E-05	69.75		
3	15	15	30	0.70	0.985	3.81E-05	69.75		
	Set C:	To evalu	ate the	influen	ce of pac	kaging barrier properties	s		
1	15	15	30	0.80	0.985	6.35E-05	69.75		
2	15	15	30	0.80	0.985	3.81E-05	69.75		
3	15	15	30	0.80	1.182	3.81E-05	69.75		
	Set D: To evaluate the influence of total weight to packaging area ratio								
1	15	15	30	0.80	0.985	3.81E-05	69.75		
2	20	20	40	0.80	0.985	3.81E-05	69.75		
3	25	25	50	0.80	0.985	3.81E-05	77.50		

Table D.2 – Conditions used in the computer simulation

The initial moisture content of the cracker and raisin are 0.077 g/g and 0.090 g/g respectively and the temperature selected was 20°C. The isotherms were obtained at the same temperature.

Figures D.1 – D.3 show the moisture content profile generated by the computer model for the conditions presented in Table D.2. Values in Table D.2 and Figures D.1 – D.3 are equivalent to the ones presented by Pocas (1995).

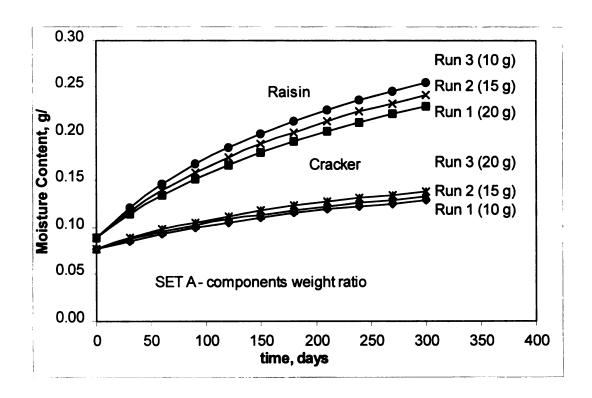


Figure D.1 - Moisture content profile for different components weight ratio.

Note: Predicted values using set data A from Table D.2.

From Figure D.1, it is observed that increasing the ratio of the lower moisture component (Run 3) causes a higher moisture uptake of the mixture.

This information would be useful to study the influence of mixture formulation in shelf life.

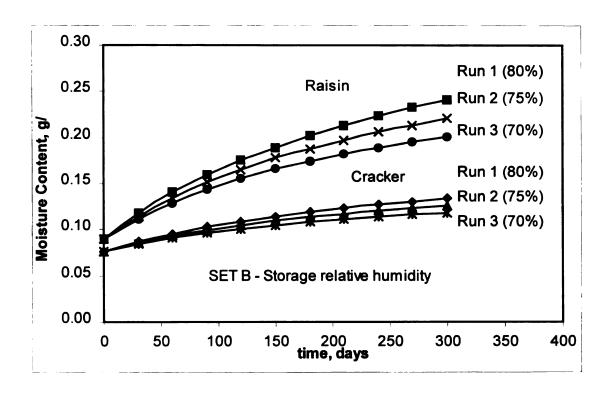


Figure D.2 - Moisture content profile for different storage water activities.

Note: Predicted values using set data B from Table D.2.

From Figure D.2, it is observed that higher relative humidity storage conditions (Run 1) increase the moisture uptake. Knowing the highest and lowest expected storage relative humidity, the upper and lower limits of moisture uptake could be predicted and then the selection of the necessary package barrier can be made.

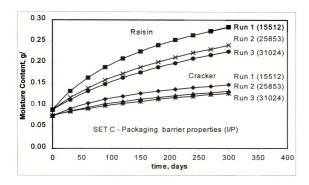


Figure D.3 - Moisture content profile for different packaging barrier properties(I/P).

Note: Predicted values using set data C from Table D.2.

From Figure D.3, it is observed that the lower the packaging resistance to moisture transfer (Run 1); defined as the ration thickness/Permeability (I/P), the higher the moisture uptake. This information could be used to define the lower and the upper limits of packaging barrier properties when selecting film material or film thickness.

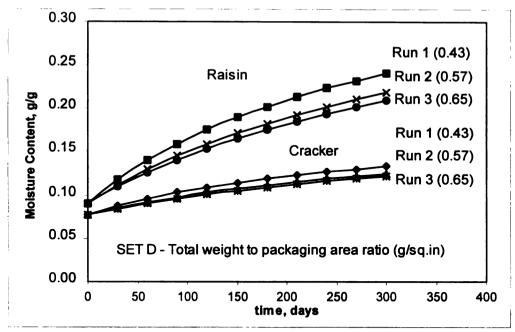


Figure D.4 - Moisture content profile for different total weight to packaging area ratio.

Note: Predicted values using set data D from Table D.2.

From Figure D.4, it is noticed that increasing the ratio total weight to the packaging area (Run 3) would reduce moisture pickup of each component for a selected time.

It is important to mention that the model assumes that the mixed products are in equilibrium at all times and it also assumes that moisture is independently bonded to each product because there are no interactions among the products. The validity of the model assumptions would make the predictions accurate and the computer program a useful tool for packaging design and optimization.

The computer program validation was performed with the data presented in tables D.1 and D.2.

APPENDIX E

MOISTURE SORPTION ISOTHERM DATA FOR THE CEREALS

Point	Water Activity	Corn	Oats	Wheat
1	0.053	0.0153	0.0268	0.0293
2	0.112	0.0268	0.0488	0.0388
3	0.251	0.0401	0.0720	0.0548
4	0.330	0.0516	0.0851	0.0673
5	0.478	0.0801	0.1042	0.0954
6	0.615	0.1135	0.1228	0.1171
7	0.760	0.1645	0.1357	0.1420
8	0.808	0.2046	0.1503	0.1654
9	0.878	0.2819	0.1810	0.2166

Table E.1: Equilibrium Moisture Content (Me, g/g) of Corn, Oats and Wheat at Nine Different Water Activities.

APPENDIX F

MOISTURE PROFILE FOR THE EXPERIMENTAL AND PREDICTED CERAL
MIXTURES

Table F1 - Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) of 33/67 corn-wheat samples for validation with HDPE (Each table value is the average of two determinations)

Day	Experimental Predicted		% Di	fference		
	Corn	Wheat	Corn	Wheat	Corn	Wheat
0	2.25	4.38	2.25	4.38	0	0
1	2.33	4.43	2.35	4.48	1	1
2	2.17	4.38	2.40	4.53	10	3
3	2.26	4.56	2.45	4.58	8	1
4	2.49	4.68	2.50	4.63	0	1
5	2.57	4.85	2.55	4.68	1	3
6	2.58	4.79	2.60	4.78	1	0
7	2.60	4.85	2.65	4.83	2	0
14	2.79	5.11	3.05	5.18	9	1
21	2.99	5.54	3.45	5.53	15	0
28	3.33	5.65	3.80	5.83	14	3
35	3.38	5.77	4.10	6.13	21	6
42	3.53	6.05	4.40	6.38	25	5
49	3.74	6.45	4.70	6.58	26	2
56	4.24	6.75	4.95	6.83	17	1
63	4.58	7.38	5.20	6.98	14	5

Corn Wheat 0.9821 0.9810 Significance <0.0001 <0.0001

Table F2 - Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) of 50/50 corn-wheat samples for validation with HDPE (Each table value is the average of two determinations)

Day	Experimental		Predicted		% Difference	
	Corn	Wheat	Corn	Wheat	Corn	Wheat
0	2.67	4.71	2.67	4.71	0	0
1	2.80	4.75	2.77	4.81	1	1
2	2.87	4.98	2.82	4.86	2	2
3	2.91	4.95	2.87	4.91	1	1
4	2.98	5.18	2.92	4.96	2	4
5	3.10	5.35	2.97	5.01	4	6
6	3.37	5.40	3.07	5.06	9	6
7	3.34	5.40	3.12	5.16	7	4
14	3.68	5.74	3.52	5.51	4	4
21	3.74	5.95	3.87	5.81	3	2
28	4.20	6.27	4.22	6.11	0	3
35	4.34	6.41	4.52	6.41	4	0
42	4.56	6.57	4.82	6.61	6	1
49	4.68	6.89	5.07	6.86	8	0
56	4.89	6.97	5.27	7.01	8	1
63	5.20	7.22	5.52	7.21	6	0

Corn Wheat 0.9913 0.9895 Significance <0.0001 <0.0001

Table F3 - Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) of 67/33 corn-wheat samples for validation with HDPE (Each table value is the average of two determinations)

Day	Experin	nental	Pre	dicted	% Dit	fference
	Corn	Wheat	Corn	Wheat	Corn	Wheat
0	2.77	4.49	2.77	4.49	0	0
1	2.93	4.63	2.87	4.59	2	1
2	2.91	4.74	2.92	4.64	0	2
3	3.10	4.68	2.97	4.69	4	0
4	3.20	4.76	3.02	4.79	6	1
5	3.32	4.81	3.12	4.84	6	1
6	3.34	4.95	3.17	4.89	5	1
7	3.40	5.08	3.22	4.94	5	3
14	3.58	5.30	3.62	5.34	1	1
21	3.87	5.60	3.97	5.69	2	2
28	4.18	5.74	4.32	5.99	3	4
35	4.39	6.02	4.62	6.29	5	5
42	4.48	6.11	4.87	6.54	9	7
49	4.68	6.41	5.12	6.74	9	5
56	4.93	6.35	5.37	6.94	9	9
63	5.37	6.56	5.57	7.14	4	9

Corn Wheat
Correlation Coefficient 0.9912 0.9942
Significance <0.0001 <0.0001

Table F4 - Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) of 33/67 corn-oats samples for validation with HDPE (Each table value is the average of two determinations)

Day	Experin	nental	Pred	licted	% Dif	ference
	Corn	Oats	Corn	Oats	Corn	Oats
0	2.67	10.50				
1	3.11	8.61				
2	3.59	8.23	3.59	8.23	0	0
3	3.92	8.33	3.64	8.28	7	1
4	4.13	8.68	3.69	8.33	11	4
5	4.19	8.69	3.74	8.33	11	4
6	4.27	8.88	3.79	8.38	11	6
7	4.36	9.04	3.84	8.43	12	7
14	4.52	9.16	4.14	8.58	8	6
21	4.67	9.33	4.44	8.78	5	6
28	4.90	9.58	4.69	8.93	4	7
35	5.18	9.77	4.94	9.08	5	7
42	5.46	9.92	5.14	9.18	6	7
49	5.77	10.04	5.39	9.33	7	7
56	5.95	10.31	5.59	9.43	6	9
63	6.44	10.45	5.79	9.53	10	9

Corn Oats
Correlation Coefficient 0.9827 0.9812
Significance <0.0001 <0.0001

Table F5 - Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) of 50/50 corn-oats samples for validation with HDPE (Each table value is the average of two determinations)

Day	Experin	nental	Pred	licted	% Difference		
	Corn	Oats	Corn	Oats	Corn	Oats	
0	2.77	10.50					
1	3.31	8.08					
2	3.28	8.09					
3	3.43	8.32					
4	3.56	8.04					
5	3.65	7.98					
6	3.65	8.20					
7	3.76	7.92	3.76	7.92	0	0	
14	3.80	8.20	4.11	8.17	8	0	
21	3.98	8.35	4.41	8.42	11	1	
28	4.77	8.51	4.66	8.62	2	1	
35	4.71	8.59	4.91	8.77	4	2	
42	5.21	8.85	5.16	8.92	1	1	
49	5.40	8.88	5.36	9.07	1	2	
56	5.63	9.06	5.56	9.17	1	1	
63	5.85	9.25	5.66	9.27	3	0	

Corn Oats
Correlation Coefficient 0.9759 0.9884
Significance <0.0001 <0.0001

Table F6 - Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) of 67/33 corn-oats samples for validation with HDPE (Each table value is the average of two determinations)

Day	Experin	nental	Pred	dicted	% Di	fference
	Corn	Oats	Corn	Oats	Corn	Oats
0	2.77	10.50				
1	3.28	6.70				
2	3.32	5.71	3.32	5.71	0	0
3	3.36	6.15	3.42	5.81	2	6
4	3.41	6.48	3.47	5.86	2	10
5	3.45	6.69	3.47	5.96	1	11
6	3.49	6.68	3.52	6.01	1	10
7	3.60	7.02	3.57	6.11	1	13
14	3.96	7.04	3.92	6.51	1	7
21	3.99	7.20	4.22	6.91	6	4
28	4.06	7.58	4.52	7.26	11	4
35	4.43	7.42	4.77	7.61	8	3
42	4.66	7.77	5.02	7.86	8	1
49	5.32	8.22	5.22	8.11	2	1
56	5.22	7.75	5.47	8.36	5	8
63	5.66	7.92	5.62	8.51	1	7

Corn Oats
Correlation Coefficient 0.9774 0.9169
Significance <0.0001 <0.0001

Table F7 - Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) of 33/67 oats-wheat samples for validation with HDPE (Each table value is the average of two determinations)

Day	Experin	nental	Pred	dicted	% Difference	
L	Oats	Wheat	Oats	Wheat	Oats	Wheat
0	10.62	4.49				
1	7.35	5.46				
2	6.39	5.52	6.39	5.52	0	0
3	6.90	5.58	6.49	5.57	6	0
4	6.88	5.77	6.54	5.62	5	3
5	6.86	5.82	6.59	5.67	4	2
6	7.03	5.75	6.64	5.72	6	1
7	7.02	5.80	6.69	5.77	5	1
14	7.35	6.11	7.09	6.07	3	1
21	7.50	6.51	7.44	6.32	1	3
28	7.62	6.84	7.74	6.57	2	4
35	7.80	7.10	7.99	6.77	2	5
42	7.83	7.36	8.24	6.97	5	5
49	7.98	7.71	8.44	7.17	6	7
56	8.15	7.85	8.64	7.32	6	7
63	8.34	8.10	8.84	7.47	6	8

Correlation Coefficient 0.9756 0.9975
Significance <0.0001 <0.0001

Table F8 - Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) of 50/50 oats-wheat samples for validation with HDPE (Each table value is the average of two determinations)

Day	Experin	nental	Pred	dicted	% Di	fference
	Oats	Wheat	Oats	Wheat	Oats	Wheat
0	10.62	4.60				
1	8.38	6.52				
2	8.11	6.46				
3	7.85	6.54	7.85	6.54	0	0
4	8.19	6.52	7.90	6.59	4	1
5	8.04	6.56	7.95	6.64	1	1
6	7.95	6.60	8.00	6.64	1	1
7	7.99	6.56	8.05	6.69	1	2
14	8.37	6.74	8.30	6.89	1	2
21	8.74	6.88	8.50	7.09	3	3
28	8.83	6.95	8.70	7.29	1	5
35	9.05	7.28	8.85	7.44	2	2
42	9.17	7.67	9.05	7.59	1	1
49	9.25	7.79	9.15	7.74	1	1
56	9.35	7.91	9.30	7.84	1	1
63	9.59	8.26	9.40	7.99	2	3

Oats Wheat
Correlation Coefficient 0.9857 0.9751
Significance <0.0001 <0.0001

Table F9 - Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) of 67/33 oats-wheat samples for validation with HDPE (Each table value is the average of two determinations)

Day	Experime	ental	Pred	licted	% Difference		
	Oats	Wheat	Oats	Wheat	Oats	Wheat	
0	10.62	4.49					
1	9.13	6.32				-	
2	8.53	6.41	8.53	6.41	0	0	
3	8.85	6.57	8.58	6.46	3	2	
4	8.81	6.65	8.63	6.51	2	2	
5	9.13	6.55	8.63	6.51	5	1	
6	9.07	6.58	8.68	6.56	4	0	
7	9.39	6.88	8.68	6.61	8	4	
14	9.80	7.06	8.88	6.81	9	4	
21	9.55	7.11	9.03	7.01	5	1	
28	9.66	7.14	9.13	7.21	5	1	
35	9.82	7.24	9.28	7.36	6	2	
42	10.07	7.59	9.38	7.51	7	1	
49	10.26	7.83	9.48	7.66	8	2	
56	10.21	7.80	9.58	7.76	6	1	
63	10.66	8.04	9.68	7.91	9	2	

Correlation Coefficient 0.9472 0.9793
Significance <0.0001 <0.0001

Table F10 - Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) of Com, Oats and Wheat samples for validation with HDPE (Each table value is the average of two determinations)

	Ð			Γ													T
	Predicted % Difference	0	2	က	7	8	9	9	o	11	11	9	2	1	1	2	2
Wheat	Predicted	3.63	3.68	3.73	3.78	3.83	3.88	3.93	3.98	4.28	4.58	4.88	5.13	5.38	5.63	5.83	80.9
	Experimental	3.63	3.75	3.85	4.08	4.14	4.13	4.18	4.39	4.81	5.12	5.20	5.23	5.43	5.55	5.96	6.22
	Predicted % Difference	0	0	0	1	2	2	2	1	2	က	င	4	4	7	4	7
Oats	Predicted	10.31	10.36	10.36	10.36	10.36	10.36	10.36	10.36	10.36	10.36	10.36	10.36	10.41	10.41	10.41	10.41
	Experimental	10.31	10.40	10.41	10.52	10.52	10.53	10.52	10.46	10.55	10.66	10.72	10.79	10.84	10.87	10.85	10.85
	% Difference	0	1	9	9	6	2	9	7	7	2	9	6	16	22	19	13
Com	Predicted	2.40	2.50	2.55	2.60	2.65	2.70	2.75	2.80	3.10	3.45	3.75	4.00	4.25	4.50	4.70	4.95
	Experimental	2.40	2.54	2.68	2.77	2.92	2.91	2.89	3.00	3.17	3.52	3.55	3.68	3.67	3.69	3.94	4.39
Day		0	-	2	3	4	5	9	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	99	63

	Com	Oats	Wheat	
ition Coefficient	0.9660	0.8364	0.9774	
Significance	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	

Table F11 - Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) of 50/50 corn-wheat samples for validation with LDPE (Each table value is the average of two determinations)

Day	Experim	nental	Pred	dicted	% Di	fference
	Corn	Wheat	Corn	Wheat	Corn	Wheat
0	3.43	5.70	3.43	5.70	0	0
1	3.49	5.79	3.63	5.85	4	1
2	3.63	5.88	3.78	6.00	4	2
3	3.80	6.06	3.93	6.10	3	1
4	3.89	6.26	4.08	6.20	5	1
5	3.98	6.40	4.18	6.35	5	1
6	4.07	6.54	4.33	6.45	6	1
7	4.17	6.66	4.48	6.55	8	2
14	5.19	7.51	5.23	7.15	1	5
21	5.57	7.66	5.83	7.55	5	1
28	6.21	8.24	6.28	7.90	1	4
35	6.36	8.24	6.63	8.15	4	1
42	6.79	8.38	6.88	8.35	1	0
49	7.10	8.58	7.13	8.55	0	0
56	7.32	9.05	7.28	8.65	0	4
63	7.68	9.12	7.43	8.75	3	4

Correlation Coefficient 0.9966 0.9945
Significance <0.0001 <0.0001

Table F12 - Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) of 50/50 corn-oats samples for validation with LDPE (Each table value is the average of two determinations)

Day	Experim	ental	Pred	icted	% D	Difference	
	Corn	Oats	Corn	Oats	Corn	Oats	
0	3.31	10.86					
1	4.50	9.59					
2	4.82	9.49					
3	4.97	9.42					
4	5.03	9.36					
5	5.08	9.29					
6	5.13	9.19			-		
7	5.16	9.06	5.16	9.06	0	0	
14	6.09	9.76	5.76	9.41	5	4	
21	6.28	9.84	6.21	9.66	1	2	
28	6.77	10.03	6.61	9.86	2	2	
35	7.21	10.20	6.86	10.01	5	2	
42	7.45	10.41	7.11	10.11	5	3	
49	7.74	10.55	7.26	10.21	6	3	
56	7.95	10.52	7.41	10.26	7	3	
63	8.15	10.58	7.56	10.31	7	3	

 Corn
 Oats

 Correlation Coefficient
 0.9934
 0.9845

 Significance
 <0.0001</td>
 <0.0001</td>

Table F13 - Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) of 50/50 oats-wheat samples for validation with LDPE (Each table value is the average of two determinations)

Day	Day Experime		ental Predicted		% Dif	ference
I	Oats	Wheat	Oats	Wheat	Corn	Oats
0	10.74	5.04				
1	9.27	7.21	9.27	7.21	0	0
2	9.53	7.34	9.32	7.31	2	0
3	9.61	7.42	9.37	7.36	3	1
4	9.52	7.39	9.42	7.46	1	1
5	9.64	7.67	9.47	7.51	2	2
6	9.70	7.71	9.52	7.56	2	2
7	9.58	7.44	9.57	7.61	0	2
14	9.95	8.26	9.77	7.96	2	4
21	10.13	8.53	9.97	8.26	2	3
28	10.39	8.98	10.07	8.46	3	6
35	10.50	9.11	10.17	8.61	3	5
42	10.56	9.35	10.27	8.76	3	6
49	10.42	9.31	10.32	8.81	1	5
56	10.62	9.50	10.37	8.91	2	6
63	10.66	9.68	10.42	8.96	2	7

Oats Wheat Correlation Coefficient 0.9838 0.9940 Significance <0.0001 <0.0001

Table F14 - Experimental and Predicted Moisture Content (%) of Com, Oats and Wheat samples for validation with LDPE (Each table value is the average of two determinations)

_		_			_	_		-	_								_
	Predicted % Difference	0	2	9	3	9	3	9	9	10	10	8	6	10	10	13	12
Wheat	Predicted	4.93	5.13	5.28	5.43	5.58	5.73	5.83	5.98	6.73	7.28	7.73	8.03	8.28	8.48	8.63	8.73
	Experimental	4.93	5.38	5.62	5.59	5.95	2.90	6.18	6.33	7.51	80.8	8.38	8.85	9.22	9.45	9.91	9.92
	Predicted % Difference	0	l l	0	0	1	2	2	2	4	4	5	5	5	5	9	9
Oats	Predicted	10.28	10.28	10.28	10.28	10.28	10.28	10.28	10.28	10.28	10.28	10.28	10.28	10.28	10.28	10.28	10.28
	Experimental	10.28	10.21	10.24	10.32	10.39	10.47	10.52	10.53	10.70	10.75	10.80	10.86	10.87	10.87	10.91	10.94
	% Difference	0	9	1	9	1	9	1	2	7	0	4	3	1	0	1	7
Com	Predicted	3.20	3.40	3.55	3.70	3.85	4.00	4.15	4.30	5.05	5.65	6.15	6.50	6.75	7.00	7.20	7.30
	Experimental	3.20	3.24	3.52	3.47	3.81	3.80	4.11	4.21	5.28	5.64	5.93	6.30	89.9	7.02	7.30	7.59
Day		0	1	2	3	4	5	9	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	99	63

Wheat 0.9976 <0.0001

Com 0.9960 <0.0001

Correlation Coefficient Significance

Oats

APPENDIX G

DETAILED DATA OF VALIDATION EXPERIMENTS

Table G1 - Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for 33/67 corn-wheat (Validation 1)

Corn	Wheat	Prod +	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5	Day 6	Day 7	Day 14
2	10.5528	20.3582	20.3655							
57	10.1450	19.7878	19.7954							
53	10.4352	20.4047	20.4123	20.4196						
00	10.5672	20.4660	20.4731	20.4801						
25	10.1791	20.0617	20.0689	20.0761	20.0828					
69	10.5451	20.4165	20.4240	20.4312	20.4383					
255	10.3179	20.1583	20.1659	20.1728	20.1796	20.1870				
135	10.2701	20.1814	20.1893	20.1963	20.2030	20.2101				
539	10.2962	20.1329	20.1400	20.1474	20.1549	20.1626	20.1696			
432	10.2544	20.2316	20.2391	20.2459	20.2524	20.2598	20.2661			
600	10.0485	19.9568	19.9645	19.9720	19.9790	19.9876	19.9947	20.0018		
793	10.1130	20.2401	20.2470	20.2516	20.2605	20.2681	20.2743	20.2814		
860	10.2365	20.0376	20.0452	20.0547	20.0621	20.0695	20.0772	20.0842	20.0925	
257	10.4106	20.2212	20.2290	20.2371	20.2443	20.2516	20.2589	20.2654	20.2739	
330	10.5330	20.2975	20.3053	20.3132	20.3197	20.3266	20.3336	20.3397	20.3481	20.3917
434	10.3185	20.1058	20.1133	20.1230	20.1286	20.1363	20.1436	20.1505	20.1590	20.2057
657	9.9779	19.8040	19.8110	19.8195	19.8254	19.8328	19.8393	19.8459	19.8534	19.8963
)244	10.1290	19.8848	19.8919	19.8993	19.9066	19.9142	19.9210	19.9279	19.9359	19.9803
)735	10.4321	20.2000	20.2083	20.2189	20.2250	20.2328	20.2404	20.2473	20.2565	20.3072
99/	10.0960	19.9362	19.9435	19.9527	19.9584	19.9657	19.9722	19.9789	19.9870	20.0305
3952	10.2638	20.5269	20.5351	20.5445	20.5504	20.5579	20.5648	20.5722	20.5804	20.6265
028	10.0854	19.8929	19.9004	19.9090	19.9156	19.9229	19.9296	19.9367	19.9456	19.9905
250	10.3238	20.1786	20.1864	20.1954	20.2016	20.2090	20.2159	20.2230	20.2312	20.2762
013	10.1997	19.9792	19.9873	19.9957	20.0038	20.0120	20.0195	20.0269	20.0357	20.0863
1287	10.2955	20.0662	20.0741	20.0828	20.0902	20.0982	20.1058	20.1131	20.1222	20.1702
542	10.2540	20.2234	20.2315	20.2391	20.2460	20.2536	20.2613	20.2680	20.2768	20.3218
795	10.1668	20.0245	20.0320	20.0395	20.0465	20.0535	20.0602	20.0673	20.0752	20.1185
809	10.2076	20.1586	20.1663	20.1735	20.1807	20.1877	20.1949	20.2015	20.2096	20.2526
271	10.3756	20.2441	20.2518	20.2580	20.2658	20.2726	20.2798	20.2864	20.2942	20.3357
721	10.0548	19.7865	19.7942	19.8019	19.8098	19.8173	19.8246	19.8319	19.8401	19.8851
5.0310	10.0535	19.7992	19.8074	19.8145	19.8219	19.8295	19.8366	19.8434	19.8511	19.8949
487	10.0942	19.8432	19.8509	19.8576	19.8643	19.8715	19.8785	19.8852	19.8929	19.9352

Table G1 - Continuation

Day 63																													20.5652	20.1211	20.1236	20.1603
Day 56																											20.3216	20.4539	20.5341	20.0930	20.0965	20.1339
Day 49																									20.3553	20.4986	20.2896	20.4225	20.5029	20.0603	20.0650	20.1024
Day 42																							20.4230	20.2448	20.3249	20.4691	20.2611	20.3941	20.4753	20.0313	20.0366	20.0747
Day 35																					20.7425	20.1046	20.3902	20.2089	20.2899	20.4356	20.2283	20.3614	20.4432	19.9980	20.0038	20.0423
Day 28																			20.3930	20.1057	20.7064	20.0693	20.3538	20.1709	20.2529	20.4000	20.1937	20.3276	20.4096	19.9622	19.9694	20.0086
Day 21																	19.9350	20.0204	20.3521	20.0695	20.6677	20.0316	20.3166	20.1304	20.2136	20.3627	20.1574	20.2915	20.3742	19.9251	19.9335	19.9736
Ponch	1	2	3	4	5	9	7	80	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	5 6	27	28	29	30	31	32

Table G2 - Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for 33/67 corn-oats (Validation 1)

Day 14															20.1206	20.0055	19.8214	19.7672	19.8843	20.1917	19.8634	19.8894	19.9648	19.8360	19.9001	19.9557	19.9805	20.0201	19.7943	19.7832	19.7009	19.7951
Day 7													19.9311	19.8284	20.1003	19.9839	19.7997	19.7464	19.8638	20.1713	19.8432	19.8691	19.9434	19.8147	19.8825	19.9402	19.9635	20.0021	19.7765	19.7656	19.6819	19.7771
Day 6											19.9871	19.9158	19.9281	19.8244	20.0979	19.9809	19.7960	19.7435	19.8608	20.1686	19.8406	19.8665	19.9405	19.8115	19.8797	19.9380	19.9603	20.0002	19.7736	19.7627	19.6789	19.7741
Day 5									19.9340	19.7704	19.9833	19.9126	19.9240	19.8202	20.0940	19.9770	19.7918	19.7395	19.8572	20.1642	19.8369	19.8627	19.9364	19.8077	19.8764	19.9348	19.9580	19.9975	19.7705	19.7601	19.6761	19.7707
Day 4							19.7428	19.7361	19.9308	19.7670	19.9797	19.9096	19.9214	19.8173	20.0908	19.9737	19.7891	19.7366	19.8542	20.1610	19.8339	19.8604	19.9332	19.8050	19.8742	19.9323	19.9550	19.9948	19.7677	19.7572	19.6731	19.7681
Day 3					19.8261	19.7608	19.7395	19.7333	19.9283	19.7641	19.9770	19.9074	19.9172	19.8136	20.0872	19.9699	19.7850	19.7326	19.8507	20.1578	19.8303	19.8568	19.9298	19.8012	19.8708	19.9292	19.9523	19.9920	19.7646	19.7543	19.6703	19.7657
Day 2			19.8434	19.9316	19.8229	19.7579	19.7374	19.7306	19.9249	19.7610	19.9740	19.9049	19.9143	19.8109	20.0838	19.9670	19.7815	19.7298	19.8472	20.1546	19.8271	19.8531	19.9266	19.7978	19.8690	19.9272	19.9491	19.9898	19.7617	19.7521	19.6670	19.7628
Day 1	19.8235	19.7195	19.8428	19.9307	19.8216	19.7565	19.7365	19.7291	19.9236	19.7597	19.9730	19.9036	19.9109	19.8075	20.0803	19.9634	19.7776	19.7286	19.8450	20.1534	19.8258	19.8518	19.9251	19.7951	19.8666	19.9257	19.9473	19.9880	19.7597	19.7511	19.6662	19.7620
Prod + Pouch	19.8182	19.7142	19.8376	19.9251	19.8163	19.7508	19.7335	19.7283	19.9201	19.7548	19.9696	19.9025	19.9095	19.8038	20.0768	19.9598	19.7719	19.7252	19.8401	20.1502	19.8212	19.8503	19.9226	19.7927	19.8635	19.9209	19.9445	19.9859	19.7571	19.7489	19.6619	19.7601
Oats	10.0565	10.0303	10.0017	10.0236	10.0032	10.0288	10.0268	10.0254	10.1412	10.0110	10.1604	10.0597	10.1507	10.0014	10.2232	10.1268	10.0701	10.0594	10.0725	10.2500	10.0326	10.1178	10.0827	10.0384	10.0535	10.0350	10.0596	10.0820	10.0138	10.0592	10.0134	10.0720
Corn	5.0223	2.0698	5.0135	5.0942	5.0447	5.0392	5.0449	5.0338	5.0162	5.0133	5.0014	5.0346	5.0501	5.0355	5.0159	5.0854	5.0014	5.0637	5.0660	5.0648	5.0663	5.0065	5.0848	5.0547	5.0784	5.0682	5.0633	5.0455	5.0770	5.0040	5.0214	5.0202
Pouch	-	- 2	3	4	5	9	2	80	ြ	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32

Table G2 - Continuation

Day 63																													19.8853	19.8727	19.7911	19.8843
Day 56																											20.0575	20.0963	19.8728	19.8609	19.7792	19.8722
Day 49																									19.9641	20.0156	20.0453	20.0840	19.8606	19.8483	19.7669	19.8603
Day 42																							20.0295	19.9003	19.9526	20.0046	20.0338	20.0724	19.8484	19.8370	19.7550	19.8488
Day 35																					19.9125	19.9368	20.0149	19.8860	19.9410	19.9932	20.0216	20.0599	19.8357	19.8246	19.7429	19.8368
Day 28																			19.9168	20.2248	19.8964	19.9213	19.9986	19.8698	19.9271	19.9806	20.0081	20.0466	19.8225	19.8108	19.7288	19.8228
Day 21																	19.8405	19.7839	19.9016	20.2095	19.8805	19.9057	19.9823	19.8534	19.9141	19.9687	19.9948	20.0339	19.8091	19.7977	19.7155	19.8099
Pouch	1	2	3	4	2	9	2	œ	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	22	56	22	28	29	30	31	32

Table G3 - Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for 33/67 oats-wheat (Validation 1)

Day 14															19.9340	20.0537	19.7804	20.0325	19.8965	19.9347	19.7678	19.9521	20.0776	19.7935	19.9461	19.7944	19.6405	19.7013	20.1880	19.6899	20.3544	20.0957
Day 7													19.8093	19.9234	19.9031	20.0220	19.7489	20.0010	19.8638	19.9026	19.7362	19.9189	20.0454	19.7613	19.9124	19.7614	19.6080	19.6681	20.1556	19.6581	20.3207	20.0621
Day 6											20.2388	19.8638	19.8034	19.9183	19.8973	20.0156	19.7426	19.9950	19.8575	19.8969	19.7301	19.9129	20.0395	19.7555	19.9063	19.7551	19.6021	19.6621	20.1498	19.6524	20.3147	20.0564
Day 5									20.0937	19.8622	20.2342	19.8596	19.7987	19.9140	19.8930	20.0115	19.7385	19.9903	19.8531	19.8925	19.7261	19.9082	20.0350	19.7512	19.9014	19.7504	19.5978	19.6578	20.1454	19.6479	20.3104	20.0515
Day 4							19.7730	19.5863	20.0897	19.8580	20.2301	19.8556	19.7937	19.9096	19.8888	20.0070	19.7341	19.9861	19.8489	19.8884	19.7215	19.9040	20.0307	19.7470	19.8972	19.7465	19.5935	19.6530	20.1408	19.6437	20.3061	20.0472
Day 3					19.7672	19.9876	19.7675	19.5808	20.0843	19.8528	20.2244	19.8500	19.7882	19.9041	19.8839	20.0017	19.7283	19.9805	19.8432	19.8830	19.7162	19.8981	20.0250	19.7416	19.8912	19.7405	19.5877	19.6472	20.1354	19.6385	20.3007	20.0416
Day 2			19.5883	19.6271	19.7618	19.9827	19.7627	19.5760	20.0793	19.8478	20.2190	19.8448	19.7828	19.8989	19.8793	19.9967	19.7237	19.9758	19.8383	19.8781	19.7115	19.8938	20.0206	19.7370	19.8866	19.7361	19.5833	19.6422	20.1304	19.6339	20.2956	20.0366
Day 1	20.0851	19.7225	19.5840	19.6225	19.7567	19.9782	19.7585	19.5719	20.0754	19.8437	20.2151	19.8409	19.7770	19.8937	19.8741	19.9918	19.7185	19.9708	19.8333	19.8729	19.7060	19.8885	20.0155	19.7327	19.8821	19.7318	19.5791	19.6377	20.1263	19.6294	20.2915	20.0319
Prod + Pouch	20.0784	19.7163	19.5775	19.6156	19.7494	19.9717	19.7512	19.5650	20.0685	19.8365	20.2087	19.8336	19.7689	19.8867	19.8672	19.9847	19.7113	19.9636	19.8256	19.8642	19.6929	19.8817	20.002	19.7257	19.8741	19.7247	19.5718	19.6301	20.1196	19.6228	20.2846	20.0248
Wheat	10.1731	9.9529	9.8755	10.0314	10.1155	10.3339	10.0644	9.9176	10.3531	10.0189	10.4256	10.1080	10.0949	10.2344	10.1525	10.2309	10.0702	10.2907	10.1045	10.2360	10.1245	10.2224	10.2968	10.0561	10.2328	10.0063	9.8629	10.0350	10.3310	9.8834	10.4491	10.1833
Oats	5.0620	5.0243	5.0790	5.0550	5.0612	5.0178	5.0364	5.0281	5.0559	5.0494	5.0400	5.0210	5.0025	5.0446	5.0480	5.0317	5.0440	5.0318	5.0184	5.0040	5.0188	5.0289	5.0567	5.0257	5.0547	5.0709	5.0774	5.0013	5.0383	5.0278	5.0764	5.0110
Pouch	-	2	3	4	5	9		8	တ	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32

Table G3 - Continuation

Day 63																													20.3742	19.8629	20.5350	20.2815
Day 56																											19.7973	19.8638	20.3454	19.8416	20.5125	20.2583
Day 49																									20.0867	19.9320	19.7789	19.8442	20.3271	19.8238	20.4935	20.2391
Day 42																							20.1938	19.9064	20.0648	19.9109	19.7564	19.8215	20.3040	19.8025	20.4719	20.2150
Day 35																					19.8531	20.0416	20.1659	19.8790	20.0370	19.8834	19.7289	19.7932	20.2761	19.7756	20.4436	20.1854
Day 28																			19.9561	19.9937	19.8254	20.0124	20.1371	19.8509	20.0073	19.8541	19.7001	19.7624	20.2470	19.7473	20.4142	20.1566
Day 21																	19.8108	20.0627	19.9272	19.9654	19.7976	19.9834	20.1090	19.8230	19.9784	19.8256	19.6716	19.7334	20.2183	19.7197	20.3856	20.1271
Ponch	1	2	3	4	2	9	7	æ	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	22	26	27	28	29	30	31	32

Table G4 - Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for 50/50 corn-wheat (Validation 1)

Pouch	Corn	Wheat	Prod +	Day							
			Ponch	1	7	3	4	2	9	7	14
-	7.5408	7.8954	20.2103	20.2311							
2	7.5041	7.4185	19.7357	19.7545							
က	7.5069	7.8571	20.1002	20.1216	20.1279						
4	7.4849	7.4385	19.6341	19.6550	19.6609						
2	7.4491	7.8061	20.0179	20.0370	20.0435	20.0511					
9	7.5331	7.4872	19.8349	19.8545	19.8616	19.8693					
7	7.5505	7.6128	19.9035	19.9237	19.9303	19.9379	19.9444				
80	7.4678	7.7217	19.8421	19.8626	19.8693	19.8770	19.8833				
6	7.6061	7.5766	19.8534	19.8714	19.8787	19.8866		19.9009			
10	7.5400	7.3915	19.6408	19.6599	19.6660	19.6731	19.6809	19.6860			
11	7.6120	7.8308	20.0473	20.0640	20.0710	20.0784	20.0861	20.0908	20.0981		
12	7.4961	7.6686	19.8615	19.8787	19.8855	19.8923	19.9005	19.9050	19.9118		
13	7.5170	7.8961	20.1019	20.1199	20.1268	20.1342	20.1418	20.1467	20.1538	20.1598	
14	7.6412	7.7263	20.1453	20.1631	20.1696	20.1768	20.1846	20.1893	20.1966	20.202	
15	7.5744	7.3953	19.7465	19.7618	19.7676	19.7744	19.7812	19.7865	19.7932	19.7986	19.8373
16	7.5493	7.3403	19.5806	19.6043	19.6132		19.6346	19.6429	19.6541	19.6638	19.7247
17	7.5895	7.3641	19.6829	19.7018	19.7092	19.7176		19.7310	19.7392	19.7459	19.7903
18	7.4485	7.8897	20.0987	20.1173	20.1237	20.1309	_	20.1430	20.1504	20.1569	20.1982
19	7.6538	7.3501	19.8160	19.8359	19.8422	19.8494	19.8567	19.8618	19.8686	19.8749	19.9152
20	7.7505	7.7898	20.3306	20.3487	20.3554	20.3627	20.3705	20.3754	20.3825	20.3888	20.4312
21	7.4536	7.5401	19.6766	19.6944	19.7003	19.7078	19.7152	19.7199	19.7267	19.7329	19.7738
22	7.5673	7.3317	19.6451	19.6621	19.6681	19.6748	19.6822	19.6866	19.6932	19.6993	19.7397
23	7.5835	7.6060	19.9204		19.9436		19.9579	19.9624	19.9691		20.0144
24	7.7839	7.5946	20.1407		20.1636			20.1827	20.1890		20.2363
25	7.5598	7.3520	19.6332	19.6494	19.6556	19.6628	19.6707	19.6753	19.6820	19.6888	19.7329
5 6	7.5472	7.7665	20.0706	20.0889	20.0949	20.1020	20.1090	20.1140	20.1199	20.1261	20.1657
27	7.5697	7.8148	20.1378	20.1558		20.1688	20.1759	20.1807	20.1868	20.1931	20.2336
28	7.5378	7.8221	20.0330	20.0496	20.0563	20.0640	_	20.0764	20.0832	20.0896	20.1328
29	7.5540	7.4640	19.7713	19.7888	19.7951	19.8019		19.8138	19.8196	19.8258	19.8660
30	7.4727	7.3648	19.4196		19.4429	_	-	19.4614	19.4677	19.4736	19.5132
31	7.6142	7.5793	19.8007	19.8172	19.8237			19.8434	19.8499	19.8560	19.8975
32	7.4815	7.3546	19.5557	19.5713	19.5778	19.5846	19.5925	19.5971	19.6036	19.6097	19.6510

Table G4 - Continuation

Day 63																													20.0896	19.7338	20.1285	19.8773
Day 56																											20.4369	20.3457	20.0646	19.7087	20.1024	19.8518
Day 49													0												19.9136	20.3339	20.4033	20.3110	20.0322	19.6766	20.0691	19.8192
Day 42																							20.1495	20.3734	19.8764	20.2991	20.3678	20.2742	19.9977	19.6419	20.0334	19.7842
Day 35																					19.8849	19.8495	20.1259	20.3490	19.8508	20.2750	20.3440	20.2493	19.9741	19.6194	20.0095	19.7606
Day 28																			19.9935	20.5121	19.8520	19.8164	20.0917	20.3144	19.8153	20.2420	20.3109	20.2141	19.9420	19.5876	19.9760	19.7281
Day 21																	19.8354	20.2402	19.9576	20.4748	19.8163	19.7813	20.0561	20.2778	19.7777	20.2071	20.2748	20.1764	19.9067	19.5524	19.9396	19.6922
Pouch	1	2	3	4	2	9	7	ھ	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32

Table G5 - Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for 50/50 corn-oats (Validation 1)

Day 14															19.6291	19.6995	19.7595	19.7283	19.7472	19.7703	19.7782	19.8387	19.7428	19.6606	19.7975	19.7575	19.7696	19.9106	19.7928	19.8027	19.8623	19.8423
Day 7													19.6090	19.6463	19.6018	19.6719	19.7322	19.6999	19.7211	19.7435	19.7517	19.8112	19.7149	19.6319	19.7714	19.7321	19.7440	19.8830	19.7670	19.7761	19.8335	19.8156
Day 6											19.6897	19.7770	19.6055	19.6427	19.5990	19.6680	19.7283	19.6963	19.7172	19.7395	19.7475	19.8070	19.7107	19.6285	19.7671	19.7278	19.7401	19.8789	19.7628	19.7721	19.8297	19.8116
Day 5									19.7082	19.7117	19.6861	19.7734	19.6010	19.6385	19.5950	19.6638	19.7241	19.6917	19.7132	19.7358	19.7433	19.8030	19.7066	19.6241	19.7633	19.7242	19.7356	19.8740	19.7581	19.7672	19.8246	19.8071
Day 4							19.8171	19.6387	19.7042	19.7083	19.6826	19.7687	19.5972	19.6350	19.5914	19.6600	19.7207	19.6883	19.7094	19.7315	19.7395	19.7989	19.7023	19.6196	19.7589	19.7198	19.7320	19.8694	19.7542	19.7634	19.8194	19.8027
Day 3					19.7003	19.7548	19.8136	19.6356	19.6997	19.7045	19.6792	19.7653	19.5937	19.6311	19.5879	19.6567	19.7170	19.6841	19.7056	19.7280	19.7357	19.7954	19.6982	19.6157	19.7550	19.7169	19.7283	19.8656	19.7511	19.7597	19.8166	19.7996
Day 2			19.7695	19.6625	19.6958	19.7504	19.8090	19.6310	19.6961	19.7006	19.6748	19.7607	19.5893	19.6261	19.5840	19.6517	19.7128	19.6802	19.7020	19.7238	19.7317	19.7912	19.6936	19.6111	19.7508	19.7120	19.7240	19.8610	19.7466	19.7553	19.8119	19.7950
Day 1	19.8302	19.7376	19.7654	19.6575	19.6915	19.7460	19.8044	19.6266	19.6914	19.6964	19.6709	19.7563	19.5848	19.6227	19.5802	19.6477	19.7089	19.6757	19.6981	19.7202	19.7277	19.7871	19.6899	19.6071	19.7466	19.7075	19.7198	19.8565	19.7424	19.7506	19.8072	19.7906
Prod + Pouch	19.8248	19.7326	19.7602	19.6488	19.6862	19.7414	19.7986	19.6220	19.6865	19.6914	19.6663	19.7511	19.5792	19.6184	19.5757	19.6436	19.7037	19.6707	19.6941	19.7157	19.7231	19.7822	19.6849	19.6020	19.7420	19.7033	19.7159	19.8516	19.7380	19.7455	19.8009	19.7853
Oats	7.5295	7.5083	7.5120	7.5045	7.5185	7.5083	7.5264	7.5016	7.5133	7.5153	7.5030	7.5142	7.5067	7.4998	7.5153	7.5060	7.4997	7.5022	7.5151	7.5052	7.5289	7.5055	7.5478	7.5220	7.5133	7.5226	7.5166	7.5064	7.5071	7.5162	7.5045	7.5093
Corn	7.5362	7.5117	7.5264	7.4928	7.4926	7.4990	7.5076	7.4963	7.5188	7.4770	7.5003	7.4611	7.5163	7.5094	7.4928	7.5067	7.5325	7.5323	7.5334	7.5426	7.4974	7.4953	7.5095	7.5060	7.5452	7.4947	7.5283	7.5394	7.4990	7.5081	7.5030	7.4937
Pouch	1	2	3	4	5	9		8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	5 6	22	28	29	30	31	32

Table G5 - Continuation

Day 63																													19.9395	19.9543	20.0205	19.9930
Day 56																											19.8951	20.0450	19.9183	19.9329	19.9978	19.9716
Day 49																									19.9092	19.8663	19.8809	20.0305	19.9044	19.9183	19.9827	19.9570
Day 42																							19.8399	19.7586	19.8903	19.8481	19.8620	20.0105	19.8854	19.8988	19.9628	19.9375
Day 35																					19.8509	19.9110	19.8167	19.7354	19.8687	19.8273	19.8416	19.9880	19.8645	19.8775	19.9404	19.9161
Day 28																			19.7941	19.8174	19.8268	19.8872	19.7923	19.7106	19.8448	19.8036	19.8173	19.9621	19.8403	19.8516	19.9140	19.8909
Day 21																	19.7852	19.7548	19.7722	19.7950	19.8042	19.8643	19.7691	19.6874	19.8225	19.7820	19.7952	19.9374	19.8173	19.8283	19.8895	19.8674
Pouch	1	7	3	4	9	9	2	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	56	27	28	58	30	31	32

Table G6 - Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for 50/50 oats-wheat (Validation 1)

Day 14															19.8844	19.9519	19.7276	19.8319	19.8569	19.9194	19.7011	19.8517	19.8426	19.7150	19.8383	19.5876	19.7951	19.6579	19.9620	19.8489	19.8133	+
Day 7													19.6670	19.7933	19.8606	19.9281	19.7024	19.8075	19.8335	19.8943	19.6766	19.8269	19.8188	19.6813	19.8121	19.5627	19.7711	19.6347	19.9411	19.8223	19.7901	
Day 6											20.0704	19.9629	19.6647	19.7904	19.8573	19.9250	19.6983	19.8044	19.8303	19.8905	19.6732	19.8236	19.8155	19.6875	19.8072	19.5584	19.7670	19.6315	19.9376	19.8187	19.7862	
Day 5									19.9447	19.9113	20.0665	19.9586	19.6598	19.7846	19.8527	19.9209	19.6940	19.7998	19.8263	19.8864	19.6688	19.8185	19.8109	19.6826	19.8041	19.5545	19.7630	19.6273	19.9335	19.8136	19.7825	
Day 4							19.7857	19.7667	19.9411	19.9075	20.0623	19.9540	19.6553	19.7796	19.8481	19.9166	19.6896	19.7952	19.8210	19.8813	19.6640	19.8140	19.8065	19.6781	19.7991	19.5489	19.7581	19.6219	19.9292	19.8083	19.7774	
Day 3					19.6855	19.7590	19.7809	19.7613	19.9368	19.9028	20.0576	19.9491	19.6511	19.7746	19.8432	19.1116	19.6844	19.7905	19.8171	19.8763	19.6591	19.8088	19.8016	19.6731	19.7938	19.5442	19.7533	19.6175	19.9256	19.8031	19.7719	
Day 2			19.7149	19.7826	19.6810	19.7551	19.7771	19.7575	19.9331	19.8988	20.0537	19.9448	19.6471	19.7700	19.8393	19.9078	19.6802	19.7863	19.8129	19.8719	19.6551	19.8047	19.7978	19.6689	19.7895	19.5398	19.7492	19.6142	19.9215	19.7989	19.7688	
Day 1	19.7266	19.8069	19.7110	19.7784	19.6768	19.7512	19.7734	19.7536	19.9297	19.8949	20.0502	19.9412	19.6434	19.7658	19.8355	19.9032	19.6754	19.7827	19.8091	19.8676	19.6505	19.8005	19.7940	19.6649	19.7854	19.5357	19.7450	19.6104	19.9182	19.7948	19.7646	
Prod + Pouch	19.7218	19.8017	19.7060	19.7734	19.6722	19.7464	19.7687	19.7489	19.9251	19.8894	20.0453	19.9359	19.6386	19.7596	19.8304	19.8993	19.6704	19.7775	19.8044	19.8625	19.6455	19.7953	19.7891	19.6596	19.7794	19.5308	19.7406	19.6051	19.9132	19.7890	19.7598	
Wheat	7.4910	7.4940	7.5176	7.5260	7.4247	7.4394	7.5282	7.5104	7.5860	7.5820	7.5933	7.5416	7.4315	7.4730	7.4707	7.5821	7.4817	7.4712	7.5391	7.5817	7.4550	7.5474	7.5555	7.5562	7.5394	7.5143	7.5501	7.4370	7.4989	7.5324	7.5072	
Oats	7.5117	7.5069	7.5065	7.5017	7.5070	7.5095	7.5109	7.5078	7.5160	7.5086	7.5108	7.5126	7.5137	7.5044	7.5092	7.5042	7.5064	7.5096	7.5045	7.5184	7.5022	7.5112	7.5160	7.5069	7.5129	7.5153	7.5048	7.5148	7.5082	7.5047	7.5036	
Pouch	-	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	70	21	22	23	24	25	5 8	27	28	29	30	31	

Table G6 - Continuation

Pouch	Day 21	Day 28	Day 35	Day 42	Day 49	Day 56	Day 63
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
9							
7							
∞							
6							
9							
11							
12							
13							
14							
15							
16							
17	19.7519						
18	19.8560						
19	19.8798	19.9007					
70	19.9442	19.9670					
21	19.7254	19.7485	19.7673				
22	19.8764	19.8997	19.9195				
23	19.8658	19.8881	19.9064	19.9267			
24	19.7391	19.7623	19.7808	19.8006			
25	19.8642	19.8885	19.9082	19.9290	19.9479		
5 8	19.6136	19.6372	19.6567	19.6776	19.6963		
27	19.6813	19.8411	19.8627	19.8848	19.9048	19.9209	
28	19.8191	19.7026	19.7214	19.7407	19.7584	19.7729	
29	19.9834	20.0038	20.0214	20.0397	20.0560	20.0707	20.0841
30	19.8742	19.8986	19.9190	19.9405	19.9595	19.9756	19.9904
31	19.8373	19.8586	19.8778	19.8979	19.9156	19.9306	19.9451
32	19.8015	19.8233	19.8432	19.8638	19.8818	19.8968	19.9114

Table G7 - Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for 67/33 corn-wheat (Validation 1)

Ponch	Corn	Wheat	Prod +	Day							
			Ponch	1	2	3	4	5	9	7	14
-	10.0334	5.0740	19.7860	19.7972							
2	10.0266	5.1051	20.0008	20.0116							
3	10.0462	4.9173	19.7591	19.7688	19.7736						
4	10.0783	4.9830	19.8573	19.8684	19.8737						
2	10.0778	4.9428	19.7767	19.7870	19.7921	19.7989					
9	10.0589	5.0772	19.7783	19.7889	19.7947	19.8018					
7	10.0861	5.0567	19.8788	19.8897	19.8952	19.9024	19.9080				
ω	10.0438	4.9809	19.7242	19.7395	19.7449	19.7522	19.7579				
တ	10.0218	4.9453	19.7547	19.7706	19.7770	19.7850	19.7932	19.7994			
9	10.0486	5.0778	19.9424	19.9571	19.9633	19.9706	19.9776	19.9831			
11	10.0957	4.9478	19.7739	19.7885	19.7949	19.8025	19.8094	19.8144	19.8210		
12	10.0171	5.0674	19.7218	19.7346	19.7409	19.7480	19.7558	19.7607	19.7675		
13	10.0307	4.9178	19.8226	19.8358	19.8419	19.8489	19.8562	19.8609	19.8680	19.8741	
14	10.0390	4.9832	19.8209	19.8316	19.8377	19.8445	19.8513	19.8554	19.8627	19.8688	
15	10.0400	4.9399	19.9151	19.9285	19.9344	19.9413	19.9475	19.9521	19.9589	19.9638	20.0008
16	10.0948	5.0562	20.1557	20.1673	20.1735	20.1805	20.1872	20.1921	20.1992	20.2047	20.2444
17	10.0766	5.1133	19.9350	19.9458	19.9525	19.9599	19.9671	19.9723	19.9795	19.9858	20.0279
18	9.9998	4.9647	19.6353	19.6470	19.6531	19.6604	19.6678	19.6726	19.6798	19.6859	19.7278
19	10.0720	5.0457	19.7839	19.7965	19.8027	19.8101	19.8170	19.8216	19.8288	19.8349	19.8754
20	10.0507	4.9690	19.6928	19.7062	19.7126	19.7202	19.7279	19.7325	19.7398	19.7461	19.7866
21	10.0189	4.9272	19.7600	19.7724	19.7788	19.7855	19.7927	19.7971	19.8044	19.8107	19.8505
22	10.0368	4.9933	19.8087	19.8203	19.8274	19.8343	19.8417	19.8463	19.8533	19.8593	19.8987
23	10.0960	4.9790	19.7846	19.7955	19.8021	19.8092	19.8166	19.8216	19.8285	19.8347	19.8757
24	10.0402	5.0560	19.7096	19.7240	19.7306	19.7379	19.7458	19.7507	19.7585	19.7653	19.8077
25	10.0422	5.0806	19.8285	19.8400	19.8472	19.8549	19.8624	19.8673	19.8754	19.8818	19.9237
5 8	10.0723	4.9521	19.7394	19.7510	19.7571	19.7634	19.7706	19.7747	19.7816	19.7872	19.8233
27	10.0524	5.0149	19.8001	19.8123	19.8183	19.8260	19.8329	19.8371	19.8447	19.8507	19.8901
28	9.9961	4.9032	19.5825	19.5969	19.6036	19.6107	19.6185	19.6229	19.6303	19.6367	19.6773
29	10.0118	5.0325	19.7519	19.7640	19.7708	19.7778	19.7853	19.7900	19.7972	19.8030	19.8429
30	9.9982	5.0360	19.8707	19.8852	19.8909	19.8977	19.9056	19.9092	19.9166	19.9224	19.9611
31	10.0733	5.0605	19.8836	19.8957	19.9017	19.9081	19.9158	19.9203	19.9274	19.9331	19.9710
32	10.0713	5.0782	19.9298	19.9429	19.9492	19.9551	19.9628	19.9669	19.9740	19.9790	20.0155

Table G7 - Continuation

Day 63																													20.0685	20.1829	20.1976	20.2282
Day 56																											20.0887	19.8791	20.0431	20.1579	20.1714	20.2035
Day 49																									20.0986	19.9796	20.0560	19.8469	20.0099	20.1254	20.1374	20.1720
Day 42																							20.0087	19.9474	20.0623	19.9461	20.0207	19.8122	19.9748	20.0911	20.1022	20.1384
Day 35																					19.9587	20.0078	19.9848	19.9224	20.0375	19.9237	19.9973	19.7883	19.9507	20.0675	20.0783	20.1162
Day 28																			19.9524	19.8651	19.9261	19.9754	19.9530	19.8880	20.0034	19.8935	19.9655	19.7552	19.9193	20.0358	20.0458	20.0863
Day 21																	20.0688	19.7682	19.9170	19.8295	19.8916	19.9403	19.9170	19.8510	19.9667	19.8614	19.9310	19.7195	19.8844	20.0014	20.0110	20.0542
Pouch	1	2	က	4	2	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	11	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32

Table G8 - Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for 67/33 corn-oats (Validation 1)

Pouch	Corn	Oats	Prod +	Day							
			Pouch	1	2	3	4	5	9	7	14
1	10.0417	5.0170	19.8175	19.8224							
2	10.0367	5.0066	19.7134	19.7180							
က	10.0406	5.0295	19.8436	19.8477	19.8518						
4	10.0427	5.0246	19.8095	19.8140	19.8182						
2	10.0823	5.0256	19.8439	19.8487	19.8523	19.8560					
9	10.0954	5.0395	19.9241	19.9292	19.9330	19.9373					
7	10.0050	5.0252	19.7175	19.7221	19.7264	19.7303	19.7353				
80	10.0460	5.0388	19.8579	19.8618	19.8657	19.8697	19.8743				
6	10.0646	5.0400	19.8456	19.8498	19.8544	19.8582	19.8648	19.8692			
10	10.0778	5.0290	19.8192	19.8238	19.8279	19.8318	19.8379	19.8420			
11	10.0772	5.0336	19.8038	19.8086	19.8126	19.8165	19.8224	19.8270	19.8324		
12	10.1002	5.0130	19.8077	19.8118	19.8160	19.8203	19.8259	19.8302	19.8353		
13	10.0890	5.0130	19.8853	19.8894	19.8940	19.8986	19.9043	19.9088	19.9148	19.9184	
14	10.0662	5.0149	19.8383	19.8428	19.8472	19.8515	19.8576	19.8618	19.8675	19.8714	
15	10.0254	5.0015	19.8188	19.8235	19.8276	19.8315	19.8375	19.8419	19.8479	19.8519	19.8805
16	10.0910	5.0097	19.8911	19.8958	19.8995	19.9038	19.9092	19.9137	19.9191	19.9238	19.9514
17	10.0905	5.0234	19.9321	19.9373	19.9418	19.9464	19.9522	19.9573	19.9633	19.9678	19.9976
18	10.0489	5.0140	19.7633	19.7684	19.7723	19.7768	19.7831	19.7875	19.7941	19.7983	19.8295
19	10.0860	5.0088	19.8493	19.8546	19.8582	19.8629	19.8693	19.8740	19.8799	19.8840	19.9140
20	10.0733	5.0090	19.8654	19.8706	19.8749	19.8794	19.8861	19.8907	19.8965	19.9019	19.9335
21	10.0392	5.0080	19.7051	19.7095	19.7139	19.7186	19.7238	19.7286	19.7342	19.7386	19.7680
22	10.0384	5.0108	19.7484	19.7533	19.7575	19.7621	19.7677	19.7724	19.7781	19.7823	19.8119
23	10.0664	2.0097	19.8284	19.8330	19.8371	19.8416	19.8473	19.8520	19.8574	19.8621	19.8906
24	10.0385	5.0117	19.8228	19.8282	19.8321	19.8364	19.8423	19.8470	19.8527	19.8571	19.8861
25	10.0138	5.0122	19.8108	19.8159	19.8204	19.8254	19.8308	19.8355	19.8414	19.8455	19.8752
5 6	10.0230	5.0019	19.6946	19.6991	19.7036	19.7080	19.7138	19.7182	19.7236	19.7279	19.7564
27	10.0475	5.0230	19.7655	19.7704	19.7750	19.7794	19.7849	19.7898	19.7959	19.7999	19.8296
28	10.0609	5.0276	19.8087	19.8133	19.8181	19.8227	19.8289	19.8334	19.8396	19.8435	19.8735
29	10.0596	5.0022	19.7266	19.7319	19.7375	19.7430	19.7496	19.7553	19.7620	19.7669	19.8014
30	10.0251	5.0260	19.7261	19.7305	19.7354	19.7399	19.7453	19.7500	19.7558	19.7598	19.7892
31	10.0540	5.0258	19.7483	19.7535	19.7579	19.7623	19.7681	19.7728	19.7785	19.7828	19.8123
32	10.0019	5.0157	19.6930	19.6975	19.7017	19.7063	19.7115	19.7169	19.7225	19.7269	19.7559

Table G8 - Continuation

Day Day Day 28 35 42
19.9716
19.9922
19.8250 19.8493
19.8690 19.8934
19.9485 19.9733 19.9992
19.9683
19.9331 19.9585 19.9848
19.8135 19.8384 19.8636
19.8881 19.9135 19.9394
19.9318 19.9570 19.9832
19.8672 19.8950 19.9242
19.8719 19
19.8952
19.8156 19.8416 19.8686

Table G9 - Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for 67/33 oats-wheat (Validation 1)

Day 14															20.0181	19.8429	19.9549	19.8766	19.8513	19.8383	19.6664	20.0123	19.9991	19.9301	19.8250	19.9600	19.8792	20.1688	19.9510	19.8958	19.8846	19.8353
Day 7													19.7268	20.1393	19.9991	19.8261	19.9379	19.8595	19.8318	19.8201	19.6483	19.9940	19.9819	19.9119	19.8065	19.9427	19.8599	20.1509	19.9340	19.8766	19.8666	19.8167
Day 6											19.6252	19.6188	19.7231	20.1376	19.9964	19.8240	19.9355	19.8576	19.8295	19.8170	19.6461	19.9919	19.9796	19.9096	19.8041	19.9403	19.8574	20.1482	19.9318	19.8740	19.8641	19.8140
Day 5									19.7567	19.7393	19.6214	19.6152	19.7201	20.1339	19.9923	19.8206	19.9316	19.8537	19.8261	19.8130	19.6426	19.9881	19.9768	19.9060	19.8005	19.9378	19.8539	20.1452	19.9289	19.8695	19.8609	19.8104
Day 4							19.9282	19.8322	19.7534	19.7358	19.6178	19.6115	19.7161	20:1302	19.9882	19.8173	19.9286	19.8504	19.8221	19.8103	19.6399	19.9850	19.9729	19.9023	19.7962	19.9339	19.8502	20.1416	19.9256	19.8669	19.8572	19.8061
Day 3					19.7682	19.9033	19.9240	19.8282	19.7497	19.7316	19.6136	19.6072	19.7120	20.1265	19.9847	19.8135	19.9251	19.8466	19.8178	19.8058	19.6363	19.9810	19.9691	19.8987	19.7927	19.9301	19.8462	19.1380	19.9220	19.8627	19.8533	19.8029
Day 2			19.7113	20.0058	19.7646	19.9002	19.9208	19.8252	19.7465	19.7284	19.6108	19.6046	19.7092	20.1235	19.9817	19.8111	19.9222	19.8438	19.8151	19.8022	19.6338	19.9782	19.9663	19.8957	19.7899	19.9277	19.8431	20.1351	19.9195	19.8598	19.8502	19.7994
Day 1	19.7166	19.6969	19.7084	20.0030	19.7624	19.8977	19.9184	19.8220	19.7439	19.7253	19.6078	19.6019	19.7069	20.1216	19.9798	19.8095	19.9201	19.8424	19.8131	19.8003	19.6315	19.9772	19.9647	19.8938	19.7883	19.9250	19.8411	20.1329	19.9172	19.8570	19.8483	19.7970
Prod + Pouch	19.7103	19.6918	19.7032	19.9985	19.7575	19.8929	19.9137	19.8178	19.7392	19.7209	19.6034	19.5982	19.7040	20.1166	19.9749	19.8047	19.9161	19.8372	19.8084	19.7957	19.6277	19.9724	19.9600	19.8885	19.7834	19.9202	19.8363	20.1286	19.9131	19.8520	19.8436	19.7930
Wheat	5.0683	5.0457	5.0780	5.2052	5.0230	5.1076	5.2404	5.1177	5.0410	5.1219	4.9479	4.9952	5.0404	5.3270	5.2015	5.0374	5.2242	5.1697	5.1615	5.1254	4.9868	5.1849	5.2238	5.1170	5.2057	5.1957	5.1732	5.3351	5.0205	5.1749	5.0281	5.0853
Oats	10.0163	10.0254	10.0121	10.0611	10.0054	10.0282	10.0211	10.0134	10.0084	10.0222	10.0001	10.0052	10.0183	10.0111	10.0252	10.0168	10.0065	10.0128	10.0136	10.0000	10.0123	10.0141	10.0025	10.0244	10.0027	10.0160	10.0237	10.0153	10.0304	10.0092	10.0056	10.0273
Pouch	1	2	3	4	2	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32

Table G9 - Continuation

Pouch	ı	2	3	4	5	9	2	œ	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	58	30	31	32
Day 21																	19.9713	19.8927	19.8694	19.8554	19.6828	20.0282	20.0155	19.9473	19.8429	19.9758	19.8969	20.1857	19.9668	19.9142	19.9016	19.8515
Day 28																			19.8863	19.8716	19.6980	20.0436	20.0311	19.9633	19.8593	19.9916	19.9137	20.2015	19.9821	19.9320	19.9176	19.8691
Day 35																					19.7112	20.0571	20.0449	19.9775	19.8743	20.0056	19.9294	20.2166	19.9960	19.9475	19.9327	19.8837
Day 42																							20.0587	19.9919	19.8888	20.0196	19.9448	20.2314	20.0098	19.9629	19.9469	19.8992
Day 49																									19.9020	20.0317	19.9581	20.2446	20.0225	19.9772	19.9605	19.9122
Day 56																											19.9695	20.2551	20.0325	19.9878	19.9707	19.9225
Day 63																													20.0420	19.9986	19.9804	19.9330

Table G10 - Initial and pouches weight (g) over time for individually packaged corn (Validation 1)

Day 14															19.6517	19.3305	20.0534	19.9999	20.6525	19.5092	20.0815	19.9771	19.8886	20.0490	20.0230	20.1095	20.0501	19.9290	19.9347	19.9108	20.0526	19.9527
Day 7													19.3706	20.5080	19.6211	19.2989	20.0254	19.9705	20.6227	19.4710	20.0429	19.9390	19.8531	20.0101	19.9832	20.0694	20.0138	19.8930	19.8968	19.8746	20.0164	19.9136
Day 6											19.9468	20.2857	19.3655	20.5035	19.6153	19.2940	20.0223	19.9660	20.6180	19.4650	20.0360	19.9327	19.8470	20.0039	19.9769	20.0624	20.0072	19.8871	19.8907	19.8682	20.0104	19.9072
Day 5									19.9898	19.5541	19.9433	20.2824	19.3617	20.4995	19.6112	19.2891	20.0181	19.9612	20.6139	19.4593	20.0296	19.9266	19.8421	19.9980	19.9707	20.0567	20.0021	19.8814	19.8853	19.8631	20.0058	19.9019
Day 4							19.8187	19.7788	19.9870	19.5500	19.9399	20.2788	19.3591	20.4972	19.6087	19.2869	20.0164	19.9592	20.6118	19.4560	20.0258	19.9242	19.8382	19.9938	19.9667	20.0520	19.9989	19.8776	19.8813	19.8588	20.0019	19.8978
Day 3					19.6452	19.7803	19.8126	19.7730	19.9816	19.5447	19.9346	20.2730	19.3530	20.4913	19.6022	19.2807	20.0111	19.9537	20.6064	19.4484	20.0186	19.9167	19.8312	19.9863	19.9589	20.0451	19.9914	19.8715	19.8745	19.8522	19.9954	19.8896
Day 2			20.1143	19.8499	19.6397	19.7757	19.8087	19.7683	19.9775	19.5400	19.9298	20.2686	19.3491	20.4873	19.5981	19.2767	20.0075	19.9499	20.6023	19.4433	20.0133	19.9121	19.8267	19.9815	19.9534	20.0391	19.9858	19.8662	19.8689	19.8467	19.9896	19.8845
Day 1	19.8721	19.9411	20.1089	19.8449	19.6346	19.7706	19.8028	19.7618	19.9722	19.5340	19.9252	20.2629	19.3434	20.4814	19.5919	19.2698	20.0019	19.9452	20.5967	19.4355	20.0053	19.9045	19.8205	19.9740	19.9446	20.0310	19.9778	19.8594	19.8610	19.8401	19.9829	19.8760
Prod + Pouch	19.8664	19.9363	20.1045	19.8405	19.6302	19.7662	19.7978	19.7569	19.9674	19.5295	19.9190	20.2578	19.3393	20.4770	19.5890	19.2655	19.9995	19.9410	20.5925	19.4293	19.9988	19.8980	19.8135	19.9684	19.9392	20.0246	19.9730	19.8525	19.8553	19.8346	19.9773	19.8701
Prod	15.1650	15.1593	15.3085	15.0751	14.8748	14.9980	15.0410	15.0339	15.2314	14.8031	15.2272	15.4573	14.6629	15.8510	14.8205	14.6453	15.2340	15.2428	16.0074	14.7187	15.4436	15.2124	15.0570	15.1637	15.1945	15.3205	15.3072	15.1096	15.1738	15.1520	15.2983	15.0753
Pouch	1	2	၉	4	2	9	_	æ	တ	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32

Table G10 - Continuation

Day 63																												20.1367	20.1073	20.2462	20.1790
Day 56																										20.2199	20.0947	20.1091	20.0800	20.2195	20.1490
Day 49																								20.1795	20.2660	20.1956	20.0708	20.0844	20.0561	20.1953	20.1223
Day 42																						20.0036	20.1723	20.1517	20.2386	20.1699	20.0456	20.0579	20.0306	20.1699	20.0923
Day 35																				20.1794	20.0710	19.9779	20.1445	20.1221	20.2091	20.1419	20.0183	20.0297	20.0026	20.1424	20.0603
Day 28																		20.7051	19.5749	20.1494	20.0418	19.9501	20.1146	20.0915	20.1786	20.1139	19.9908	20.0007	19.9750	20.1152	20.0286
Day 21																20.0783	20.0274	20.6805	19.5442	20.1179	20.0112	19.9213	20.0840	20.0600	20.1463	20.0843	19.9624	19.9702	19.9454	20.0864	19.9936
Pouch	1	2	3	4	2	9	 ®	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	56	27	28	53	30	31	32

Table G11 - Initial and pouches weight (g) over time for individually packaged oats (Validation 1)

Day 14															19.7493	19.7321	20.2311	20.0591	19.7740	19.8758	19.9676	19.6800	19.6929	19.8586	19.7671	19.7367	19.9383	19.7678	19.9915	19.7567	19.8053	19.7944
Day 7													19.8862	19.7853	19.7492	19.7322	20.2307	20.0587	19.7738	19.8753	19.9680	19.6801	19.6922	19.8586	19.7675	19.7376	19.9388	19.7684	19.9923	19.7574	19.8050	19.7950
Day 6											19.7151	19.8697	19.8846	19.7834	19.7479	19.7309	20.2294	20.0577	19.7729	19.8744	19.9665	19.6790	19.6910	19.8571	19.7667	19.7363	19.9377	19.7669	19.9907	19.7561	19.8049	19.7937
Day 5									20.1045	19.7890	19.7149	19.8692	19.8840	19.7830	19.7474	19.7308	20.2285	20.0568	19.7720	19.8742	19.9663	19.6785	19.6905	19.8570	19.7662	19.7358	19.9370	19.7663	19.9901	19.7552	19.8038	19.7930
Day 4							19.8284	19.9933	20.1047	19.7894	19.7150	19.8694	19.8842	19.7836	19.7474	19.7308	20.2287	20.0565	19.7718	19.8738	19.9660	19.6787	19.6906	19.8570	19.7667	19.7360	19.9374	19.7664	19.9911	19.7559	19.8047	19.7935
Day 3					20.1273	19.8442	19.8280	19.9935	20.1048	19.7891	19.7150	19.8691	19.8845	19.7834	19.7473	19.7295	20.2288	20.0561	19.7712	19.8730	19.9657	19.6785	19.6900	19.8565	19.7669	19.7348	19.9348	19.7659	19.9901	19.7547	19.8038	19.7926
Day 2			19.6666	19.8299	20.1272	19.8448	19.8286	19.9936	20.1045	19.7897	19.7154	19.8693	19.8846	19.7824	19.7465	19.7288	20.2283	20.0558	19.7708	19.8720	19.9648	19.6777	19.6893	19.8558	19.7670	19.7340	19.9363	19.7663	19.9897	19.7545	19.8032	19.7922
Day 1	19.7972	20.4852	19.6654	19.8283	20.1257	19.8430	19.8266	19.9928	20.1038	19.7883	19.7137	19.8677	19.8836	19.7822	19.7456	19.7285	20.2275	20.0553	19.7703	19.8717	19.9641	19.6773	19.6889	19.8559	19.7651	19.7332	19.9353	19.7649	19.9890	19.7535	19.8029	19.7918
Prod + Pouch	19.7936	20.4825	19.6621	19.8272	20.1245	19.8409	19.8235	19.9907	20.1012	19.7855	19.7100	19.8661	19.8807	19.7806	19.7434	19.7254	20.2250	20.0525	19.7679	19.8684	19.9621	19.6762	19.6857	19.8549	19.7643	19.7329	19.9342	19.7625	19.9870	19.7530	19.8023	19.7914
Prod	15.0166	15.7745	15.0354	15.0619	15.3166	15.0549	15.0577	15.2421	15.3405	15.0403	15.0745	15.1864	15.0820	15.0525	15.0052	15.0520	15.6214	15.3554	15.0740	15.0574	15.3670	15.0916	15.0956	15.2592	15.1387	15.0120	15.1978	15.0982	15.1261	14.9780	15.1215	15.1085
Pouch	1	2	3	4	2	9	2	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	5 8	27	28	29	30	31	32

Table G11 - Continuation

Day 63																													19.9986	19.7638	19.8127	19.8022
Day 56																											19.9419	19.7716	19.9958	19.7608	19.8102	19.7996
Day 49																									19.7695	19.7392	19.9410	19.7705	19.9945	19.7600	19.8092	19.7981
Day 42																							19.6967	19.8625	19.7696	19.7393	19.9409	19.7708	19.9946	19.7602	19.8091	19.7982
Day 35																					19.9690	19.6816	19.6959	19.8611	19.7685	19.7389	19.9401	19.7698	19.9937	19.7590	19.8079	19.7972
Day 28																			19.7763	19.8779	19.9695	19.6823	19.6955	19.8611	19.7691	19.7389	19.9404	19.7705	19.9944	19.7598	19.8086	19.7975
Day 21																	20.2328	20.0602	19.7753	19.8773	19.9692	19.6816	19.6950	19.8600	19.7685	19.7383	19.9403	19.7700	19.9938	19.7587	19.8077	19.7971
Pouch	1	2	3	7	2	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	5 8	27	28	29	30	31	32

Table G12 - Initial and pouches weight (g) over time for individually packaged wheat (Validation 1)

Day 14															19.9495	20.5170	19.7055	20.4645	19.7797	19.7503	20.2505	19.9635	20.2527	20.5797	20.4314	20.4144	20.2576	19.6334	20.3601	20.0792	19.8939	19.6228
Day 7													20.4202	19.9212	19.9046	20.4748	19.6670	20.4268	19.7424	19.7132	20.2169	19.9263	20.2171	20.5402	20.3939	20.3741	20.2214	19.5970	20.3124	20.0412	19.8536	19.5874
Day 6											20.2734	19.8855	20.4063	19.9166	19.8995	20.4700	19.6623	20.4227	19.7379	19.7085	20.2122	19.9223	20.2126	20.5353	20.3888	20.3678	20.2159	19.5910	20.3050	20.0355	19.8475	19.5817
Day 5									20.0006	20.6413	20.2696	19.8815	20.3932	19.9117	19.8937	20.4642	19.6575	20.4169	19.7322	19.7034	20.2075	19.9169	20.2077	20.5302	20.3840	20.3629	20.2112	19.5871	20.2988	20.0311	19.8425	19.5769
Day 4							19.9987	20.4689	19.9958	20.6356	20.2638	19.8742	20.3792	19.9063	19.8864	20.4576	19.6513	20.4116	19.7264	19.6989	20.2021	19.9103	20.2025	20.5243	20.3791	20.3573	20.2064	19.5815	20.2933	20.0251	19.8368	19.5713
Day 3					20.2681	19.9720	19.9920	20.4624	19.9894	20.6301	20.2594	19.8692	20.3713	19.8993	19.8797	20.4514	19.6454	20.4055	19.7216	19.6929	20.1976	19.9061	20.1967	20.5178	20.3724	20.3510	20.2006	19.5767	20.2878	20.0199	19.8307	19.5665
Day 2			19.9247	19.8720	20.2625	19.9653	19.9860	20.4552	19.9831	20.6244	20.2534	19.8637	20.3649	19.8935	19.8739	20.4450	19.6399	20.3996	19.7155	19.6866	20.1928	19.9007	20.1905	20.5115	20.3671	20.3451	20.1947	19.5709	20.2825			19.5610
Day 1	19.8096	20.3199	19.9171	19.8658	20.2562	19.9581	19.9787	20.4493	19.9768	20.6177	20.2478	19.8560	20.3566	19.8874	19.8651	20.4378	19.6334	20.3946	19.7092	19.6799	20.1866	19.8940	20.1855	20.5060	20.3614	20.3378	20.1887	19.5653	20.2764	20.0084	19.8162	19.5551
Prod + Pouch	19.8027	20.3122	19.9090	19.8572	20.2485	19.9509	19.9712	20.4418	19.9696	20.6107	20.2405	19.8498	20.3499	19.8805	19.8587	20.4310	19.6264	20.3880	19.7016	19.6725	20.1805	19.8881	20.1786	20.4991	20.3550	20.3308	20.1820	19.5580	20.2703	20.0013	19.8100	19.5483
Prod	15.0535	15.5948	15.1708	15.1626	15.5436	15.2576	15.2012	15.6075	15.2492	15.8516	15.5885	15.0359	15.7086	15.2462	15.2558	15.6744	14.8858	15.6235	15.0109	14.9992	15.4204	15.1245	15.4460	15.7004	15.4658	15.6956	15.5988	14.9920	15.5753	15.3545	15.0840	14.8450
Pouch	-	2	3	4	5	9	7	80	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	5 8	27	28	53	30	31	32

Table G12 - Continuation

Day 63																													20.6058	20.2858	20.1115	19.8185
Day 56																											20.4307	19.8057	20.5735	20.2580	20.0834	19.7927
Day 49																									20.5817	20.5771	20.4053	19.7805	20.5438	20.2318	20.0559	19.7676
Day 42																							20.3741	20.7086	20.5543	20.5475	20.3786	19.7541	20.5118	20.2042	20.0270	19.7413
Day 35																					20.3367	20.0578	20.3468	20.6791	20.5259	20.5170	20.3507	19.7262	20.4779	20.1756	19.9972	19.7140
Day 28																			19.8450	19.8137	20.0388	20.0281	20.3167	20.6477	20.4959	20.4852	20.3217	19.6973	20.4418	20.1456	19.9653	19.6858
Day 21																	19.7399	20.4986	19.8142	19.7841	20.2814	19.9976	20.2871	20.6161	20.4654	20.4520	20.2914	19.6671	20.4037	20.1144	19.9319	19.6565
Pouch	1	2	3	4	2	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32

Table G13 - Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for 50/50 corn-wheat (Validation 2)

Day 14															17.9913	17.6822	17.7822	18.0056	17.5726	17.8684	18.0018	17.9985	17.7181	17.6118	17.7891	17.6200	17.6255	17.8534	17.8417	17.6939	18.0769	18.0213
Day 7													17.6384	17.7052	17.8892	17.5865	17.6769	17.8990	17.4690	17.7633	17.9030	17.9092	17.6116	17.5040	17.6765	17.5152	17.5185	17.7419	17.7285	17.5913	17.9631	17.9092
Day 6											17.6889	17.5514	17.6243	17.6915	17.8742	17.5714	17.6627	17.8835	17.4542	17.7491	17.8886	17.8967	17.5969	17.4888	17.6610	17.5008	17.5025	17.7252	17.7127	17.5782	17.9480	17.8937
Day 5									17.4367	17.7440	17.6706	17.5308	17.6079	17.6739	17.8461	17.5539	17.6453	17.8664	17.4367	17.7326	17.8724	17.8813	17.5791	17.4703	17.6418	17.4824	17.4835	17.7061	17.6943	17.5617	17.9297	17.8764
Day 4							17.3397	17.8183	17.4184	17.7224	17.6501	17.5071	17.5888	17.6553	17.8378	17.5354	17.6269	17.8477	17.4179	17.7149	17.8537	17.8641	17.5595	17.4506	17.6200	17.4629	17.4634	17.6854	17.6739	17.5429	17.9087	17.8577
Day 3					17.3908	17.3192	17.3249	17.8008	17.4012	17.7028	17.6328	17.4862	17.5728	17.6395	17.8212	17.5185	17.6107	17.8316	17.4012	17.6995	17.8367	17.8508	17.5434	17.4332	17.6032	17.4462	17.4463	17.6677	17.6565	17.5274	17.8913	17.8404
Day 2			17.6097	17.2738	17.3723	17.3018	17.3027	17.7787	17.3799	17.6808	17.6096	17.4638	17.5520	17.6186	17.8006	17.4975	17.5901	17.8106	17.3793	17.6781	17.8166	17.8305	17.5214	17.4105	17.5780	17.4239	17.4237	17.6439	17.6331	17.5059	17.8676	17.8179
Day 1	17.2228	17.2035	17.5940	17.2552	17.3573	17.2840	17.2859	17.7603	17.3626	17.6613	17.5913	17.4421	17.5354	17.6019	17.7842	17.4824	17.5742	17.7929	17.3616	17.6615	17.8014	17.8163	17.5047	17.3927	17.5609	17.4076	17.4052	17.6259	17.6152	17.4900	17.8497	17.8013
Prod + Pouch	17.1714	17.1521	17.5517	17.2107	17.3193	17.2423	17.2430	17.7171	17.3230	17.6152	17.5468	17.3866	17.4942	17.5605	17.7403	17.4393	17.5329	17.7509	17.3181	17.6185	17.7609	17.7791	17.4621	17.3486	17.5144	17.3660	17.3622	17.5800	17.5719	17.4514	17.8053	17.7605
Wheat	7.4768	7.4746	7.6243	7.4746	7.3393	7.2754	7.3268	7.7824	7.3750	7.6820	7.6680	7.4971	7.4079	7.5506	7.6853	7.3464	7.4074	7.6305	7.2874	7.3844	7.7645	7.6326	7.6720	7.4259	7.2974	7.3785	7.3042	7.2908	7.4164	7.4965	7.3537	7.6216
Corn	7.5224		7.5015	7.5445	7.5260	7.5473	7.5218	7.5180	7.5503	7.5253	7.5163	7.5467	7.5306	7.4747	7.4786	7.5033	7.5545	7.5830	7.4838	7.5924	7.5811	7.5385	7.5075	7.4927	7.5065	7.5039	7.5460	7.5566	7.5473	7.5508	7.4925	7.5135
Pouch	1	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	5 6	27	28	29	30	31	32

Table G13 - Continuation

Ponch	1	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17 17.	18 18	19 17.	117			11	24 17.	17.	117.	27 17.	17	17	30 17.	
Day 21																	.8690	18.0915	.6592	.9543	18.0870	18.0762	.8056	17.6965	.8786	7035	7153	.9470	.9319	.7769	18.1668
Day 28																			17.7308	18.0251	18.1593	18.1420	17.8772	17.7730	17.9557	17.7780	17.7909	18.0220	18.0076	17.8475	18.2450
Day 35																					18.2200	18.1953	17.9375	17.8315	18.0175	18.8363	17.8497	18.0852	18.0700	17.9078	18.3052
Day 42																							17.9913	17.8870	18.0726	17.8914	17.9040	18.1415	18.1256	17.9649	18.3638
Day 49																									18.0977	17.9149	17.9288	18.1668	18.1511	17.9924	18.3898
Day 56																											17.9637	18.2074	18.1907	18.0342	18.4298
Day 63																													18.2003	18.0463	18.4412

Table G14 - Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for 50/50 corn-oats (Validation 2)

Day 14															17.7037	17.6564	17.8155	17.7886	17.7136	17.7841	17.7622	17.8028	17.7295	17.7584	17.8163	17.8310	17.8613	17.7219	17.7117	17.7858	17.7454	17.7650
Day 7													17.7315	17.6101	17.6411	17.5957	17.7501	17.7249	17.6542	17.7189	17.6978	17.7374	17.6673	17.6944	17.7532	17.7674	17.7991	17.6611	17.6500	17.7247	17.6823	17.7031
Day 6											17.4254	17.4116	17.7216	17.5995	17.6306	17.5849	17.7390	17.7145	17.6441	17.7081	17.6872	17.7270	17.6575	17.6836	17.7430	17.7564	17.7882	17.6507	17.6394	17.7139	17.6720	17.6930
Day 5									17.3287	17.4133	17.4152	17.4023	17.7133	17.5895	17.6212	17.5749	17.7292	17.7048	17.6348	17.6990	17.6781	17.7182	17.6483	17.6740	17.7344	17.7472	17.7791	17.6419	17.6306	17.7052	17.6622	17.6838
Day 4							17.5370	17.5301	17.3163	17.4016	17.4022	17.3906	17.7023	17.5780	17.6108	17.5649	17.7173	17.6941	17.6245	17.6875	17.6675	17.7070	17.6372	17.6625	17.7222	17.7355	17.7688	17.6310	17.6193	17.6936	17.6517	17.6730
Day 3					17.5429	17.4923	17.5223	17.5165	17.3027	17.3878	17.3870	17.3773	17.6905	17.5644	17.5978	17.5520	17.7048	17.6808	17.6120	17.6747	17.6551	17.6947	17.6246	17.6495	17.7090	17.7215	17.7569	17.6186	17.6069	17.6820	17.6388	17.6611
Day 2			17.4776	17.4627	17.5312	17.4819	17.5123	17.5059	17.2918	17.3777	17.3741	17.3671	17.6811	17.5536	17.5875	17.5420	17.6938	17.6711	17.6026	17.6643	17.6451	17.6845	17.6148	17.6392	17.6995	17.7111	17.7466	17.6085	17.5965	17.6722	17.6293	17.6514
Day 1	17.3238	17.2557	17.4688	17.4533	17.5215	17.4711	17.5016	17.4951	17.2809	17.3671	17.3625	17.3566	17.6721	17.5433	17.5781	17.5320	17.6834	17.6608	17.5937	17.6547	17.6356	17.6745	17.6048	17.6289	17.6897	17.7010	17.7367	17.5990	17.5858	17.6630	17.6203	17.6419
Prod + Pouch	17.2974	17.2311	17.4419	17.4271	17.4934	17.4430	17.4738	17.4692	17.2519	17.3384	17.3327	17.3279	17.6473	17.5169	17.5526	17.5056	17.6560	17.6343	17.5694	17.6285	17.6105	17.6481	17.5797	17.6035	17.6631	17.6747	17.7118	17.5745	17.5603	17.6392	17.5962	17.6169
Oats	7.5233	7.5112	7.5045	7.5285	7.5040	7.5043	7.5185	7.5268	7.5125	7.5235	7.5160	7.5192	7.5217	7.5216	7.5075	7.5055	7.5136	7.5159	7.5064	7.5024	7.5131	7.5074	7.5284	7.5016	7.5128	7.5142	7.5313	7.5024	7.5075	7.5036	7.5276	7.5119
Corn	7.4942	7.5060	7.4795	7.4848	7.5305	7.5158	7.4948	7.5055	7.5283	7.5208	7.5199	7.5098	7.5155	7.4834	7.5166	7.4808	7.5377	7.5215	7.5046	7.5154	7.5231	7.5190	7.5151	7.5158	7.5202	7.5268	7.4991	7.4808	7.5099	7.4925	7.4971	7.4954
Pouch	1	2	3	7	2	9	2	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32

Table G14 - Continuation

-2843	21	28 28	35	Day 42	Day 49	Day 56	63
+							
-							
\vdash							
_							
\vdash							
10							
11							
12							
13							
14							
15							
16							
17 1	17.8732						
18 1	17.8455						
	17.7666	17.8101					
	17.8402	17.8849					
21 1	17.8178	17.8624	17.9031				
	17.8602	17.9041	17.9436				
	17.7854	17.8273	17.8649	17.8928			
24 1	17.8166	17.8603	17.8992	17.9278			
	17.8705	17.9140	17.9522	17.9802	17.9992		
26 1	17.8867	17.9317	17.9719	18.0009	18.0203		:
_	7	17.9573	17.9942	18.0223	18.0421	18.0607	
	17.7732	17.8164	17.8535	17.8818	17.9009	17.9181	
29 1	17.7670	17.8092	17.8469	17.8745	17.8938	17.9111	17.9158
	17.8408	17.8837	17.9212	17.9476	17.9660	17.9834	17.9891
31	17.8032	17.8455	17.8848	17.9136	17.9328	17.9504	17.9553
	17.8199	17.8636	17.9022	17.9316	17.9517	17.9704	17.9759

Table G15 - Initial weight (g) of components and pouches weight (g) over time for 50/50 oats-wheat (Validation 2)

Day	14															17.6601	17.8326	17.6360	17.9351	17.5404	17.9417	17.9785	17.5638	17.6123	17.4146	17.4714	17.7876	17.4831	17.5589	17.9186	17.6415	17.7838	17.8967
Day	-													17.6397	17.5290	17.5996	17.7669	17.5716	17.8711	17.4779	17.8764	17.9142	17.4889	17.5385	17.3479	17.4040	17.7302	17.4115	17.4955	17.8520	17.5776	17.7128	17.8289
Day	٥											17.8463	17.5686	17.6323	17.5202	17.5920	17.7590	17.5638	17.8635	17.4701	17.8671	17.9060	17.4797	17.5293	17.3390	17.3960	17.7223	17.4017	17.4869	17.8433	17.5695	17.7037	17.8196
Day	٦									17.5147	17.5113	17.8341	17.5579	17.6217	17.5073	17.5802	17.7463	17.5524	17.8509	17.4579	17.8543	17.8931	17.4663	17.5143	17.3259	17.3829	17.7114	17.3875	17.4740	17.8313	17.5579	17.6894	17.8062
Day	*							18.0820	17.5984	17.5033	17.5012	17.8232	17.5466	17.6111	17.4954	17.5692	17.4344	17.5410	17.8394	17.4466	17.8422	17.8815	17.4530	17.5009	17.3142	17.3712	17.7015	17.3740	17.4619	17.8196	17.5474	17.6767	17.7951
Day	າ					17.2329	17.6167	18.0722	17.5890	17.4923	17.4927	17.8128	17.5365	17.6013	17.4836	17.5589	17.7232	17.5303	17.8280	17.4353	17.8298	17.8698	17.4396	17.4874	17.3028	17.3597	17.6917	17.3593	17.4501	17.8082	17.5359	17.6636	17.7832
Day	7			17.7625	17.4045	17.2214	17.6057	18.0604	17.5776	17.4801	17.4829	17.8006	17.5242	17.5900	17.4727	17.5468	17.7111	17.5182	17.8155	17.4235	17.8179	17.8571	17.4250	17.4732	17.2896	17.3472	17.6803	17.3450	17.4372	17.7956	17.5240	17.6498	17.7701
Day	1	17.3980	17.7998	17.7522	17.3947	17.2091	17.5937	18.0504	17.5674	17.4693	17.4745	17.7899	17.5129	17.5807	17.4626	17.5367	17.6995	17.5066	17.8042	17.4115	17.8074	17.8455	17.4124	17.4605	17.2780	17.3355	17.6700	17.3312	17.4261	17.7840	17.5133	17.6376	17.7585
Prod +	Pouch	17.3698	17.7714	17.7237	17.3673	17.1823	17.5645	18.0520	17.5425	17.4419	17.4512	17.7639	17.4853	17.5533	17.4370	17.5119	17.6701	17.4795	17.7752	17.3820	17.7815	17.8166	17.3820	17.4296	17.2468	17.3071	17.6422	17.2957	17.3945	17.7545	17.4834	17.6058	17.7266
Wheat	, 50, 5	7.4334	7.8200	7.8041	7.4081	7.2557	7.7310	7.8025	7.3919	7.3082	7.3240	7.6770	7.6720	7.3854	7.3664	7.3702	7.6400	7.3967	7.6442	7.3115	7.7863	7.7707	7.4619	7.4840	7.3149	7.3017	7.5678	7.3877	7.4641	7.8546	7.6079	7.7071	7.6526
Oats	1	7.5204	7.5134	7.5098	7.5190	7.5242	7.5028	7.5234	7.5064	7.5187	7.5048	7.5069	7.5288	7.5133	7.5348	7.5296	7.5199	7.5174	7.5123	7.5088	7.5085	7.5124	7.5069	7.5245	7.5143	7.5173	7.5315	7.5316	7.5253	7.5079	7.5083	7.5164	7.5240
Ponch	}	-	2	3	4	2	9	7	æ	စ	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	2 6	27	28	59	30	31	32

Table G15 - Continuation

Day 63												i																18.0963	17.8066	17.9424	18.0593
Day 56																										17.6249	17.7196	18.0944	17.8043	17.9416	18.0574
Day 49																								17.6168	17.9333	17.6184	17.707.	18.0813	17.7911	17.9311	18.0458
Day 42																						17.7514	17.5564	17.6101	17.9230	17.6152	17.6994	18.0726	17.7834	17.9257	18.0384
Day 35																				18.0879	17.6847	17.7302	17.5319	17.5868	17.8963	17.5951	17.6745	18.0446	17.7576	17.9029	18.0143
Day 28																		17.6178	18.0321	18.0624	17.6561	17.7026	17.5018	17.5587	17.8666	17.5692	17.6463	18.0141	17.7282	17.8745	17.9856
Day 21																17.6811	17.9801	17.5845	17.9890	18.0254	17.6162	17.6638	17.4613	17.5198	17.8297	17.5316	17.6046	17.9691	17.6866	17.8343	17.9451
Pouch	1	2	၁	4	5	9	2	 6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	5 6	27	28	58	30	31	32

Table G16 - Initial and pouches weight (g) over time for individually packaged corn (Validation 2)

Day 14															17.9431	17.8322	17.9226	17.9010	17.8308	17.7297	17.7465	17.7343	17.8727	17.8895	17.8998	17.9336	17.9539	17.8467	17.7536	17.8243	17.6793	17.7682
Day 7													17.6820	17.7893	17.8275	17.7311	17.8274	17.8088	17.7338	17.6363	17.6529	17.6362	17.7792	17.7920	17.8048	17.8263	17.8598	17.7518	17.6581	17.7343	17.5810	17.6739
Day 6											17.5228	17.6232	17.6658	17.7737	17.8072	17.7136	17.8111	17.7927	17.7162	17.6205	17.6352	17.6186	17.7627	17.772	17.7886	17.8082	17.8435	17.7354	17.6412	17.7181	17.5636	17.6569
Day 5							17.8237	17.7195	17.7786	17.8791	17.5047	17.6039	17.6489	17.7588	17.7887	17.6973	17.7968	17.779	17.7013	17.6053	17.6210	17.6026	17.7483	17.7617	17.7740	17.7922	17.8294	17.7206	17.6255	17.7033	17.5477	17.6405
Day 4																																
Day 3					17.7307	17.6969	17.7802	17.6835	17.7434	17.8441	17.4642	17.5642	17.6112	17.7253	17.7456	17.6597	17.7617	17.7438	17.6654	17.5704	17.5884	17.5664	17.7124	17.7260	17.7392	17.7939	17.7542	17.6841	17.5902	17.6688	17.5101	17.6036
Day 2			17.5523	17.5310	17.7119	17.6788	17.7592	17.6668	17.7268	17.8259	17.4432	17.5425	17.5947	17.7095	17.7242	17.6414	17.7455	17.7283	17.6483	17.5543	17.5718	17.5484	17.6965	17.7103	17.7226	17.775	17.7372	17.6674	17.5746	17.6537	17.4929	17.5869
Day 1	17.5081	17.5266	17.5337	17.5136	17.6944	17.6606	17.7385	17.6519	17.7120	17.8100	17.4245	17.5212	17.5764	17.6938	17.7039	17.6242	17.7287	17.7127	17.6319	17.5379	17.5544	17.5302	17.6803	17.6931	17.7065	17.7608	17.7197	17.6505	17.5570	17.6379	17.4753	17.5692
Prod + Pouch	17.4848	17.5022	17.5093	17.4899	17.6714	17.6367	17.7114	17.6307	17.6899	17.7877	17.3990	17.4985	17.5538	17.6718	17.6774	17.6000	17.7053	17.6907	17.6090	17.5151	17.5319	17.5072	17.6586	17.6710	17.6854	17.6969	17.7379	17.6287	17.5345	17.6148	17.4518	17.5443
Corn	15.0709	15.1108	15.1302	15.0884	15.0495	15.0578	15.1577	15.0627	15.0192	15.1063	15.0067	15.0964	15.0864	15.1224	15.0814	15.0065	15.1461	15.1263	15.0837	15.0598	15.1438	15.0812	15.0966	15.1047	15.0541	15.1196	15.0919	15.0400	15.0142	15.0201	15.0338	15.0996
Ponch	1	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	5 6	27	28	29	30	31	32

Table G16 - Continuation

Day 63																													18.1248	18.1841	18.0538	18.1457
Day 56																											18.2868	18.1787	18.0907	18.1492	18.0182	18.1129
Day 49																									18.1881	18.2399	18.2438	18.1362	18.0473	18.1061	17.9730	18.0666
Day 42																							18.1198	18.1403	18.1410	18.1939	18.1987	18.0918	18.0023	18.0625	17.9253	18.0205
Day 35																					17.9371	17.9335	18.0664	18.0822	18.0898	18.1380	18.1443	18.0381	17.9485	18.0090	17.8696	17.9646
Day 28																			17.9680	17.8652	17.8810	17.8740	18.0107	18.0271	18.0361	18.0768	18.0889	17.9822	17.8931	17.9534	17.8122	17.9056
Day 21																	17.9969	17.9755	17.9079	17.8044	17.8203	17.8121	17.9500	17.9660	17.9773	18.0173	18.0298	17.9244	17.8321	17.8976	17.7558	17.8461
Pouch	1	2	3	4	2	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	59	30	31	32

Table G17 - Initial and pouches weight (g) over time for individually packaged oats (Validation 2)

Day 14															17.5588	17.4611	17.4031	17.4675	17.4507	17.4484	17.4403	17.4725	17.6425	17.4254	17.5133	17.5267	17.4592	17.5690	17.4854	17.4187	17.4970	17.4951
Day 7													17.4601	17.5209	17.5602	17.4649	17.4072	17.4709	17.4535	17.4511	17.4435	17.4760	17.6460	17.4280	17.5161	17.5295	17.4618	17.5710	17.4879	17.4203	17.4982	17.4953
Day 6											17.5700	17.5103	17.4614	17.5218	17.5615	17.4669	17.4093	17.4732	17.4560	17.4536	17.4458	17.4781	17.6482	17.4298	17.5184	17.5317	17.4643	17.5732	17.4899	17.4223	17.5002	17.4967
Day 5							17.6433	17.5390	17.5320	17.5813	17.5701	17.5109	17.4612	17.5222	17.5611	17.4669	17.4095	17.4730	17.4561	17.4533	17.4457	17.4775	17.6480	17.4298	17.5183	17.5317	17.4641	17.5731	17.4899	17.4222	17.4999	17.4970
Day 4																																
Day 3					17.6467	17.6755	17.6421	17.5377	17.5305	17.5807	17.5679	17.5095	17.4596	17.5206	17.5591	17.4659	17.4094	17.4722	17.4553	17.4533	17.4449	17.4781	17.6481	17.4291	17.5180	17.5308	17.4638	17.5728	17.4895	17.4218	17.4998	17.4955
Day 2			17.6366	17.6715	17.6475	17.6759	17.6431	17.5389	17.5319	17.5820	17.5687	17.5105	17.4602	17.5215	17.5600	17.4670	17.4110	17.4738	17.4567	17.4551	17.4462	17.4798	17.6500	17.4311	17.5203	17.5329	17.4659	17.5745	17.4914	17.4237	17.5016	17.4974
Day 1	17 4472	17.3352	17.6374	17.6721	17.6476	17.6762	17.6437	17.5394	17.5328	17.5830	17.5694	17.5118	17.4611	17.5227	17.5606	17.4679	17.4130	17.4753	17.4580	17.4570	17.4477	17.4813	17.6520	17.4320	17.5212	17.5341	17.4668	17.5759	17.4928	17.4248	17.5031	17.4983
Prod +	17 4439	17.3330	17.6347	17.6687	17.6442	17.6727	17.6406	17.5366	17.5293	17.5796	17.5660	17.5079	17.4572	17.5183	17.5557	17.4639	17.4097	17.4714	17.4539	17.4529	17.4435	17.4776	17.6476	17.4273	17.5177	17.5303	17.4627	17.5720	17.4892	17.4207	17.4993	17.4936
Oats	15 0550	15.0058	15.0217	15.0384	15.0383	15.1028	15.0384	15.0452	15.0196	15.0577	15.0203	15.0028	15.0178	15.0802	17.0449	15.0107	15.0284	15.0607	15.0752	15.0558	15.0164	15.0822	15.1745	15.0066	15.1205	15.1336	15.0137	15.1325	15.0889	15.0034	15.0394	15.0206
Ponch	-	2	က	4	5	ဖ	7	80	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32

Table G17 - Continuation

Day 63																													17.4966	17.4331	17.5093	17.5083
Day 56																											17.4728	17.5812	17.4957	17.4331	17.5090	17.5074
Day 49																									17.5215	17.5346	17.4678	17.5763	17.4916	17.4276	17.5045	17.5030
Day 42																							17.6467	17.4296	17.5180	17.5320	17.4648	17.5733	17.4887	17.4254	17.5018	17.5005
Day 35																					17.4428	17.4727	17.4265	17.6429	17.5142	17.5273	17.4604	17.5698	17.4851	17.4202	17.4976	17.4964
Day 28																			17.4499	17.4469	17.4388	17.4698	17.6403	17.4241	17.5106	17.5237	17.4571	17.5670	17.4828	17.4166	17.4948	17.4935
Day 21																	17.4019	17.4663	17.4493	17.4468	17.4394	17.4707	17.6410	17.4242	17.5113	17.5239	17.4571	17.5669	17.4834	17.4158	17.4948	17.4928
Pouch	1	2	3	4	2	9	7	æ	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32

Table G18 - Initial and pouches weight (g) over time for individually packaged wheat (Validation 2)

Day	4															18.3383	17.9025	17.9912	18.1308	17.8393	18.1531	17.7276	17.8935	17.8162	18.2651	17.9291	18.3854	18.1279	18.2076	17.8123	18.0501	17.8650	18.0466
Day	`													18.2273	17.7597	18.1981	17.7894	17.8601	18.0107	17.7203	18.0306	17.6030	17.7642	17.6929	18.1255	17.7908	18.2537	18.0054	18.0835	17.6828	17.9205	17.7394	17.9101
Day	٥											17.7875	17.8115	18.2054	17.7392	18.1721	17.7702	17.8398	17.9895	17.6999	18.0094	17.5811	17.7420	17.6724	18.1006	17.7674	18.2329	17.9836	18.0623	17.6604	17.8981	17.7187	17.8843
Day	n							17.8539	17.8442	18.0634	18.1652	17.7682	17.7897	18.1826	17.7164	18.1472	17.7507	17.8196	17.9685	17.6802	17.9897	17.5595	17.7185	17.6510	18.0763	17.7440	18.2124	17.9611	18.0415	17.6369	17.8759	17.6981	17.8583
Day	4																																
Day	?					17.8652	18.0343	17.8068	17.7977	18.0197	18.1194	17.7249	17.7397	18.1373	17.6670	18.0993	17.7073	17.7726	17.9210	17.6338	17.9427	17.5112	17.6738	17.6044	18.0236	17.7022	18.1649	17.9099	17.9964	17.5854	17.8249	17.6495	17.8036
Day	7			18.2264	17.9104	17.8416	18.0107	17.7835	17.7743	17.9965	18.0965	17.7030	17.7145	18.1143	17.6433	18.0755	17.6862	17.7496	17.8969	17.6111	17.9203	17.4885	17.6508	17.5824	17.9983	17.6825	18.1423	17.8868	17.9751	17.5589	17.8006	17.6272	17.7719
Day		17.9519	18.2527	18.2003	17.8861	17.8186	17.9865	17.7598	17.7513	17.9725	18.0735	17.6803	17.6884	18.0904	17.6166	18.0501	17.6638	17.7245	17.8729	17.5874	17.8986	17.4637	17.6263	17.5580	17.9696	17.6613	18.1191	17.8607	17.9526	17.5310	17.7760	17.6048	17.7399
Prod +	Fouch	17.9260	18.2268	18.1720	17.8596	17.7926	17.9595	17.7345	17.7275	17.9474	18.0487	17.6554	17.6615	18.0659	17.5899	18.0248	17.6405	17.6989	17.8486	17.5633	17.8742	17.4393	17.6028	17.5342	17.9428	17.6387	18.0933	17.8350	17.9287	17.5025	17.7494	17.5800	17.7058
Wheat		15.3790	15.6283	15.5623	15.2582	15.2352	15.3939	15.1549	15.0945	15.3655	15.4886	15.0642	15.1069	15.6049	15.0957	15.5784	15.1394	15.1894	15.3440	15.1504	15.3789	14.6958	15.1084	15.0714	15.4717	15.1461	15.6520	15.3973	15.4627	15.0167	15.2429	15.0896	15.0935
Pouch		1	2	က	4	2	9	2	ဆ	ဝ	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	70	21	22	23	24	25	5 6	27	28	29	30	31	32

Table G18 - Continuation

Day 63																													18.1365	18.3813	18.2035	18.3662
Day 56																											18.4446	18.5349	18.1181	18.3617	18.1817	18.3501
Day 49																									18.2206	18.6857	18.4134	18.5025	18.0888	18.3311	18.1497	18.3230
Day 42																							18.0654	18.5208	18.1858	18.6484	18.3788	18.4669	18.0575	18.2975	18.1142	18.2937
Day 35																					17.9212	18.0939	18.0184	18.4756	18.1392	18.6001	18.3323	18.4182	18.0143	18.2511	18.0660	18.2522
Day 28																			17.9970	18.3075	17.8727	18.0445	17.9672	18.4235	18.0866	18.5455	18.2808	18.3651	17.9646	18.2024	18.0148	18.2018
Day 21																	18.0842	18.2177	17.9271	18.2422	17.8120	17.9820	17.9024	18.3585	18.0208	18.4786	18.2169	18.3002	17.9030	18.1403	17.9509	18.1380
Pouch	_	2	3	4	2	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	22	26	27	28	53	30	31	32

