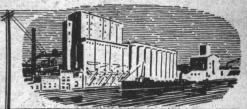
BUSINESS FARMER



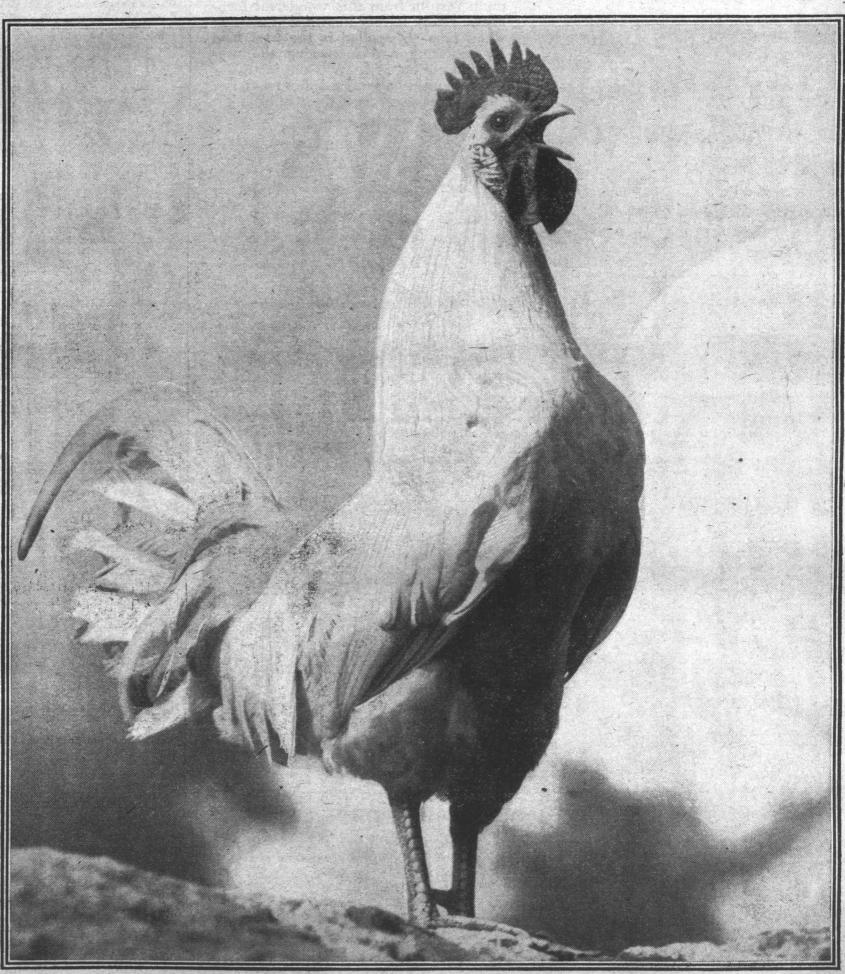
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An Independent
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Edited in Michigan

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1925



TERMS: TWO YEARS \$1 60c PER YEAR—5 YRS. \$2



"COCK O' THE WALK"

Beginning in this issue: "How Bill Bucked the Tiger"—see page three

MEETING FOR BEAN GROWERS

meeting will be held in the Auditorium of the Board of Commerce building, beginning at one o'clock. Every bean grower in Michigan is invited and urged to attend. Don't forget the date or the place, and try and be

NATIONAL CORN SHOW AT CHICAGO

AT CHICAGO

A NATIONAL Seed Corn Show will be held in Chicago, March 2-7. Prizes totalling \$17,000 are offered by the Sears-Roebuck Agricultural Foundation, under whose direction the show is being held. A \$1000 is offered for the grand champion ear. Another \$1,000 is offered to the county farm bureau, grange, farmers' union, farmers' club, county agent, farm advisor, or county community group sending in the largest number of entries, and a total of \$15,000 more for the champion ears from each county in the country.

from each county in the country. The show will be judged by a committee of corn experts selected by the American Society of Agronomy.

Competition is open to the entire United States. Any farmer, farm woman, or farm child may enter one ear of selected seed corn. No entry fee is charged. To enter, it is only necessary to select the best ear and

fee is charged. To enter, it is only necessary to select the best ear and send it by parcel post to—E. B. Heaton, Supt. National Seed Corn Show, Sears-Roebuck Agricultural Foundadation, Chicago, Illinois. Entries will be received any time up to March 7th. The name, address, country and state of the person entering the ear should be plainly written on a slip of paper and tied around the ear with the writing on the outside. No ear will be awarded a prize until tested for vitality and disease resistance.

All information obtained as to

available at the earliest possible date. This year the condition of ordinary crib selected seed corn is seriously poor. In some states only 25% of last year's corn crop is fit for seed.

Every farmer is urged to submit

seed corn for a test at this national exhibit the first week-in March at the

MUSINGS OF A PLAIN FARMER

earliest possible date.

HE annual conference of the Michigan Bean Growers Associ-ation will be held at Saginaw on Friday, February 27th, according to Mr. A. B. Cook, president of the association. Through the courtesy of sociation. Through the courtesy of the Saginaw Board of Commerce the



eed the fields

ON'T waste manure by dumping it on your fields or scattering it in large clods. Distribute it evenly over the surface of the ground in fine particles. Otherwise you will not get maximum results from this wonderful fertilizer. Every farmer knows that manure when properly applied is the best food for restoring and increasing the productivity of the soil. Why not feed your fields by using a good manure spreader? Big profits result from the use of

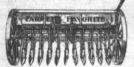
e NEW CKHAWN Spreader

It does a perfect job of distribution. It thoroughly pulverizes the manure and spreads it as widely and evenly as laying down a carpet and can be used for top dressing so the crop will have full benefit of the fertilizer and not be injured by heavy clods.

The New Black Hawk Manure Spreader 40-A is the lightest draft, least complicated and simplest to operate of any machine of its kind. A two-horse spreader. It has a strong and positive feed; does not choke; free from cog gearings; great quantity range; works equally well on hillsides and level ground; a manure spreader of Superior quality. Write for full details.

Farmers' Favorite Grain Drills

All Farmers' Favorite planting machines are precision tools. All are designed for utmost



accuracy in planting. To deposit a given quantity of seed uniformly-into every hill or row-at a measured depth-and to cover every seed perfectly-these are

the features you can rely on to the limit when you select any planting implement carrying the Farmers' Favorite name.

You are assured of absolute uniformity when you buy the Farmers' Favorite Grain Drill—the world's standard for more than fifty years!

Farmers' Favorite Lime Sower

For perfect spreading of Lime there is no better machine built than the Farmers' Favorite Lime

Sower. Built low for easy loading. No cogs or gears to break or get out of order. Smooth, steady feed. Adjustable for spreading 300 to 6,000

pounds per acre. Sows damp lime as well as dry, without clogging. Handles all kinds of commercial fertilizer. Has a 10 bushel hopper capacity and can be used back of team or tractor. Sturdily made to withstand years of hard service. Mail coupon or write for details.

Mail

Coupon

or Letter

for Full

Informa-

tion

ROSE at dawn, and after chores had an early dinner. Grabbed the haft of the axe and sauntered forth to the woods to cut saplings

Marveled at the scarcity of timber in this country. There being but small amount left on our farm—which makes me shiver. Old settlers tell me the fire of '81 wrought havoc among the forest. There was real suffering them. We cubs know nothing of bandships

suffering then. We cubs know nothing of hardships.

It would be well to reforest the land. Perhaps it would benefit my posterity. But why worry about my posterity. They won't chop wood.

I am forty-three and don't leave a very smooth stump. Chopping is a

There will be other methods of generating heat. Perhaps electricity. Well! Let it come! I can handle that with a button and two fingers. This axe requires both hands.

I am in accord with any labor saving device that happens along. Great is the invention of man. When problems arise some wizard steps out and solves them. So why worry. It was ever thus.

I'll be cussed if I chop this elm. It's the favorite haunt of the cows in the summer. Woodman, spare that

There is an abundance of oxygen out here. The air is not adulterated with gasoline fumes and soot, or cigarette smoke. I can sneeze open without fear of contaminating any-

Guess it's getting near chore time the dog is uneasy and shadows are long. Darkness falls quickly at this time of year. I dislike roaming about the barn with hands full of baskets and forks without clear vis-

One of the most pleasing views to me in winter is a clear, red sunset. It foretells heat.—A. P. Ballard, Hu-ron County Farmer.

THE AMERICAN SEEDING-MACHINE COMPANY, Inc. 422 Monroe Street. SPRINGFIELD, OHIO

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The Michigan BUSINESS FARMER

Published Bi-Weekly at Mt. Clemens, Michigan,

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1925

Entered as 2nd. class matter, Aug. 22, 1917, at Mt. Clemens, Mich., under act Mar. 3, 1879.

was the telephone. Three shorts and a

long.

"William, answer that, it's our ring and it might be those Lanes callin' about the hay", called out Maria, who was in the kitchen building a mince pie.

So I laid aside the morning paper and took down the receiver. It was

and took down the receiver.

the bank calling me.

"A note, did you say? Well, that's durned funny, Mr. Harper, I only got one out and that isn't s'posed to be paid."

Well, it ended up by me promising to go into town and see about it. The farm was in pretty good hands

with the Smith boys in charge, so I didn't have much to bother about. Maria and me was kind of taking it easy after thirty years in the game and as we had a neat little account in the bank and I had made a few investments, about all I had to bother about was the presidency of the Agricultural Society and to

of the Agricultural Society and to buy a few hogs and ship them whenever there was enough for the market. So it was easy to crank up the car and slip into Jackson City, our county seat.

Two hours spent in conference at the bank were about as enlightening as any in my career. To say I learned a lot was putting it mildly, and even the Hank Peters, the town Justice, was always sayin' you can't teach an old dog new stuff, that bank cashier taught me a lot that morning and I paid well for the lesson in the afternoon.

the afternoon.
You see, as I said once, had made

You see, as I said once, I had made a few investments. During the war, Maria and me talked things over when them Liberty Loan drives was on and I bought a right smart lot of bonds. They was the first I ever had and I felt good too. Being partners with old Uncle Sam appealed to me and I spent a lot of time getting the rest of the boys lined up.

Well, when the war was over and things had quieted down and Maria and me had decided to retire from active service on the farm, there wasn't much to do, so I spent a lot of time in town. One day a fellow came along in a swell car and stopped to pass the time of day with us boys at the post office. A couple of days later he came out to the farm and after askin' about things, because to tall me should a new factory. of days later he came out to the farm and after askin' about things, began to tell me about a new factory that had just been completed at Speedway, Michigan. It was, he said, a product of the war. He had a book with a lot of pictures of buildings and employees and the company was making nitrates. The Great United Nitrate Co., which had been turning out the stuff that gun powder was made of, was now making fertilizers and it was a regular gold mine. and it was a regular gold mine. This fellow, Tom Wolf, admitted to me confidentially, that he had made me considentially, that he had made an even five thousand profit out of his shares the first six months of the year. He went on to tell how easy it was to get in on the deal and after mentioning to me that he knew I was a shrewd fellow, knowing good things when I saw them cause I had helped sell the boys Liberty bonds, he explained how I could get a few he explained how I could get a few shares in his company. It sure was easy. All I had to do was sign a note, not payable to anyone but myself. I was to pay Wolf ten percent and the rest of the note could be paid out of the earnings of the first year's business. To prove to me what others thought of the deal he showed me a list of the stock. he showed me a list of the stock-holders and right at the top of the list was the names of several bank-ers I had heard about and our Con-Well, it ended up with gressman. Well, it ended up with me signing for ten shares. I gave a check for \$100 and signed a note payable to myself for the balance of \$900. Wolf told me that he would deposit the note in "trust" and if I wanted it anytime or felt that things wasn't going good, just to let him know and he would take care of me. Before he left I signed the note on

How Bill Bucked the Tiger

A Farmer's Experience With Slickers, Shysters, and Crooks

By WILLIAM EDWARDS

THIS is the first installment of the story we have been telling you about; "How Bill Bucked the Tiger". Bill Edwards, a retired farmer, who wrote this story for us, has had considerable experience with crooks and near crooks, and he tells a very interesting tale. As you read the story you will no doubt recall—maybe in your own neighborhood—incidents somewhat similar.

the back as he explained that was customary when a man made a note to himself. A few days later I received a swell certificate telling the world I was the owner of ten shares of Great United Nitrate stock.

Wolf was around for a few days after that but after that I didn't here much of him.

hear much of him.

Maybe you thing it wasn't a surprise to me when Jim Harper, our banker, hands out that note as I was taking off my sheepskin coat at

the bank.

"How in time does that happen?" says I exploding. Wolf told me that note would never turn up; its to be paid out of the profits, something must be wrong."

"Don't know", says Harper, a man of few words but always looking out for the First State Bank. "The folks that sent that note out here for col-

that sent that note out here for collection want their money and I can't

lection want their money and I can't help it but we gotta collect."

So I hiked over to Charley Stanton's office. He's our best attorney, having been a judge once. Back came Charley with me and it was some round we had that afternoon. Charley says "Don't pay it, Bill," and Jim Harper says "Pay or I will have to advise my client to sue you."

Well, when the day was thru and I went back to the farm. I had give

went back to the farm, I had give Charley \$50 and trouble was started. Spent most of the next two weeks fighting with the bank and when Charley Stanton had got the court to call off that note I had spent six hundred hard earned dollars besides the one hundred I gave to Wolf.

Say, that Great .ited Nitrate Co. was a grand fake. That book Wolf had was about all the company had to show. The building I thought was the factory was a barb wire works in Illinois and a photographer had faked the picture and made the That book Wolf works in lithous and a photographer had faked the picture and made the sign look like it was on the top of the building. Wolf was right only when he said he had made a profit on his stock. These shares cost him nothing and every time he unloaded a bundle he got the ten per cent himself. self. Why, those skinners sold \$2,-000,000 to fellows just like me who wouldn't take the trouble to look the matter up. It was the worst trimming I had taken since I bought

trimming I had taken since I bought a bowling alley way back in 1895.

That's a good one too, and worth telling about. You see there was a fellow came to town and set up a bowling alley in an old building down near the river. Bowling was a new game then and all the boys tried it and money came in flyin'. Well, one day just before fair time, the fellow running the alley Walter the fellow running the alley, Walter was his name, he offered to sell out to me, asking \$500. Of course that was too much for me but I said I would think it over. The couple of days before the fair we had a hard river come up and rain and the river come up and water ran into the bowling hall and wet things up bad. But Walter cleaned things up good; that after-noon the folks was bowling away.

I happens in looking after the damage from the rain, but things was cleaned up and to all appearances nothing was wrong. So I asks Walter how much he will take for the place. Casual like he

the place. Casual like he says, "Well, Bill, I was holding out for \$500 but I just got word that my wife is in the hospital in St. Joe and if you will give me \$400 cash the place is yours." Fair was only two days away and I saw my chance to make all my money back that week so right quick I says, "Walter, first thing in the morning meet me at the

bank. Here's \$10 to bind the deal."

He met me all right and soon had his money. He left on the noon train for St. Joe, too. That after-noon things started to dry out the bowling alley flooring started to warp and by night the place was a wreck. I never did run that place and from then on I thought I was too smart to be caught. But you see them bonds made me think I was a wise one and I didn't find out until it was too late that stocks is different from bonds. Charley Stanton taught me a lot about 'em and so I decided to give the boys at the Agricultural Society the benefit of my learning. Society the benefit of my learning. I wrote a paper on the subject, with Charley's help of course, cause Maria says, "William, you want to give an intelligent talk and you know you can't talk that way unless some one helps you."

The meeting was held all right and

gave the paper and received a lot of favorable comment. Jim Harper afterwards told my folks it was the best thing they had heard since Bryan talked on Free Silver in '96. The upshot of it was that I soon

became the person folks came to inquire about stuff they was going to buy and because I had learned so much along that line. Thats the reason why I wrote this article. Even Maria has taken a little faith

in my investigations. You see last winter she got a notion that her face was wrinkling too fast and so after reading all the ads on the subject she sends \$5 to New York for some Beauty Cream. In due time she got it all right and the swellest bunch of literature and directions all signed by a French woman whose name you couldn't read. Maria spent more time each night fixing up her face with that preparation than it took me to do the chores, and as far as I could see she wasn't getting rid of the freckles or wrinkles. But she was persistent and used all of the first batch and ordered a second.

The same day I was sending out that money order we had an argu-ment as usual at the post office. Hank Peters was telling how he had been reading about the value of a peculiar kind of white clay that we used to make casts out of. He told all the funny things that had been claimed for it and how one company had made a lot of money selling it to make folks beautiful, at a big price per can.

'Where did you read that, Hank?" asks I rather unconcerned. He told me and says he would loan me the

Well, you ought to have been at our house that night. Maria was busy getting out the stuff to make her beautiful and telling me to see that the draft on the stove was closed. I figures its a good time to read to her, so I says, "Here's a good one, Maria, listen."

I read about the clay and then ks, "Who makes that stuff?"
"Well", says I, "its kinda dim, aybe you can read the print." maybe you can read the print.'

So over she comes, me chuckling to myself. She reads along and when she hit the name of the firm that was being exposed in the paper. there was the name of her French beauty expert! Was she mad? Say, she made me sit down and write a letter telling the French woman that if we don't get the \$10 back right (Continued on Page 26)



tell me about a new factory that had just been completed at Spe Michigan.

Going to Try Some New Seed Oats This Spring?

Tests Prove Wolverine and Worthy Varieties Best Yielders for Michigan

F you are thinking of trying some new seed oats this spring, consider the Wolverine or Worthy of college fame.

Last summer there was an article in this paper by the late Professor Spragg. In his article Professor Spragg told how the oats originated and were continually being tested. It is the aim of the Farm Crops Department, M. A. C., to find the highest yielding varieties from whatever of those oats distributed from col-

lege, the Worthy and Wolverine are by far the most generally grown. They were released in 1911 and 1917 respectively. As new men tried them out and found how well they yielded they told their neighbors who in turn decided to give them a trial.

Yet, you will find Danish, Big Four, and others being grown too. The Farm Crops Department is recommending the Wolverine and Worthy. And the reason is that when all are put in trials, both at East Lansing and out in the state, it is found that the Wolverine and Worthy can be depended upon to return the most oats at harvest time.

There are those farmers who feel that the results would be different, that the Wolverine and Worthy would not do as well in their own county. The Farm Crops Department usually has two or three oat variety tests conducted in coopera-tion with some farmers in different parts of Michigan. Last year Mr. Kidman, County Agent in St. Clair County arranged with a couple of his farmers to each conduct an oat variety test. No such experiments had

ever been tried out here before.

In planting one of these tests, there is planted a drill-width of each variety, all in the same field, of course, and side by side. They are By D. F. RAINEY

Extension Specialist in Farm Crops, M. A. C.

RESULTS OF OAT VA	RIETY TEST IN ST. CLAIR COUNTY .
Ralph Ba	bcock North Wesbrook Average
Wolverine II P 75.72 h	74 31 bu 75 01 bu
Wolverine73.38 b	ou. 73.03 bu. 73.20 bu.
Worthy65.47 b	ou. 76.73 bu. 71.10 bu.
Big Four	
Danish57.82 b	
Mammoth Cluster64.08 b	

all planted the same day and under the same conditions in so far as it Then when ripe, an is possible. equal area is harvested from each va-These are threshed separately and the yields obtained for each

The two farmers cooperating were Wesbrook of Marine City and Babcock near Jeddo. The results of these two tests are given in

e accompanying table.
The variety listed Wolverine U. P. are oats secured from the Upper Peninsula to be tried out to see if northern grown seed oats would give an increased yield like the potatoes do. Their performance was not unusual this year, in fact, this seems to be

quite the usual thing to expect, judg-

' A FINE STAND OF RED ROCK WHEAT.

This is a picture of a field of Red Rock Wheat on Greenwood Farm, Clinton, in Washtenaw county. The county agricultural agent and C. D. Finkbeiner, owner, are in the field, and both are nearly six feet in height.

ing from past results. Presumably new seed would have to be secured each year in order to secure this increased yield. The results of these two tests

show that it would be a profitable in vestment to seed some good Wolverine or Worthy Oats. A few extra bushel of oats, while not so very valuable any one year, would be a considerable amount over a period of ten years. If care is taken when threshing to thresh several bushels first and then save your seed, the oats could be kept quite free from mixture. Then by treating with formaldehyde for smut and screening the oats, it should not be necessary to change your seed for several years until some new variety is found or developed which will be more desir-

Sometimes the tests do not show so conclusively the superiority of the Wolverine oats, but the trials from year to year leave no doubt as to their desirability.

There are a lot of oats in Michigan grown under the name of Wolverine (the same thing is true of Worthy) some of which have perhaps no more one half genuine Wolverine The rest is a mixture of varieties, the result of not being careful to clean the threshing machine. A lot of oats from the last job get mixed in. Of course there are others having seed with a high per cent of

The best way to insure a pure variety, free from weeds and of high germination, is to purchase them of some farmer who has his crop inspected by the Michigan Crop Improvement Association. Your County Agent can furnish you with a list of such farmers, or you may write the Secretary of the Association at East Lansing.

An American Farm Boy in the Land of the Flying Dutchmen

By FRANCIS A. FLOOD

This is the ninth article of the series on travels in Europe written by Mr. Flood. You will get many a smile out of his story of a day in Amsterdam, Holland.

E had landed in Flushing, Holland, on a sunny Sunday afterand after triumphing noon in one of the supreme achievements of my life, which was crossing the English Channel and navigating the North Sea without getting a bit seasick, I didn't care if I was a "for-eigner" who was unable to speak the language of the land, and was being stared at and even laughed at by the native sons.

Amsterdam was the day's destination according to our tickets and our plans, and we undertook to find the railroad that would take us there. attempted to inquire, but no one knew what I was talking about. I trotted up to Doctor Bereman and put my hand in his. Surely he could

find his way; he must understand.
"Can you understand any of this,
Doctor?" I asked him.

A Two-Faced Clock "The only sound I've been able to understand out of all this mess was

" he replied. A well-dressed bystander noticing us clawing at our railroad tickets guessed our dilemna and offered to

help us locate our train.
"Your train goes in twenty minutes," he told us. "at 25 minutes after fifteen o'clock."
Stables of Nightmares! Had our

only understandable friend, gone back on our language too? Fifteen o'clock?

Question marks were fairly oozing out of my mouth and eyes, and in an emergency of that kind the desire for information demands sudden expression. There is only one word that will do in such a case—and it is two words: "How Come?"

As our friend explained to us, afternoon railroad time in many European countries is counted from 13 to 24 o'clock instead of from 1 to 12 P. M. as it is here. If the timecard says that your train leaves at 23 minutes after 21, you don't have to worry about light and black print, or A. M. and P. M. As the metric sys-tem of weights and measures, this is

improvement our own great country could well adopt. What a fine bit of sarcasm a Dutchman writing up his travels through America could develop on our A. M. and P. M., our eastern and central time, and our daylight saving time!

There seemed to be a number of cars in a number of trains labeled with the word "Amsterdam", the one word we could read, the one straw we could clutch, and there seemed to be an equal number of volunteer informants who would dash up to us and deliver a speech in Dutch profusely punctuated by earnest pointings at various cars; and from the pointings alone, since the speeches meant nothing to us, it seemed that there were number of conflicting opinions.

I only mention these things so that reader who has never found himself in the hopeless midst of a strange language when he cannot even object to the weather or the administration and be sympathized with, will appreciate in a small measure the difficulties in making one's way about in non-English speaking

We finally took our chances on one car and appropriated a complete compartment for our own party. A few minutes after we had clattered

out of town an earnest young man came down the passageway and shouted something two or three times. Of course, we had no idea on what page his words would be found in a dictionary, but there must have been something in the expression of his face that reminded us of the dining car missionaries back in America. Anyway, we decided he was annoucing dinner and so four of us walked down the train looking for a diner. The strange part of it was that we found it and sat down at a table. This much was like it was at home.

The menu was a complete mystery both as to the food served and the price. We each had a collection of Dutch coins but did not even know their first names and knew nothing of their financial standing. The waiter approached and we asked if he could speak English. He could not. I asked him if he could speak French. He could. He started in like the opening strains of "The Marseilaise", but as we sat immovable and silent he warmed up to his theme as a violin soloist does when the conductor has piped the rest of the orchestra down for the soloist to do his stuff. We were transfixed, and he developed into an eight tube orchestra in his speech-whatever it was about.

I didn't speak French, especially such high-powered French as that, but I hated to break the news to the waiter. The doctor knew my limitations and interrupted him to ask if he spoke German. The waiter, wounded I'm afraid, looked crosswaiter, eyed at me and suspiciously at the doctor and finally asked him in very careful German what we wanted to eat. Of course, I might have known it—that's what he was telling me all the time. But the doctor's limited German vocabulary did not include the names of the Holland dishes the waiter had to offer and finally we did what we should have done in the first place, rub our shirt front tenderly, lick our chops, tuck our napkin in our collar, fold our hands and smile hungrily upon the waiter. He got the idea admirably and in a few minutes served us nobly. We had re-learned the old lesson that less talk and more action is always de-

And now to pay for the meal! We hesitated to offer him samples of our Dutch money for in our ignorance of its value, we would probably give him a piece that would either be so small it would insult him or so large it would tempt him. We talk-ed it over and then each man gave me a one dollar bill and I offered the four of them to the waiter. What-ever change we got back would be all right. He gave me two of the dollar bills and a handful of Dutch besides!

Holland is really the land of the Flying Dutchmen. When our trail reached Amsterdam we were unloaded into the midst of the most animated and lively scene we had struck since we left New York. Porters and newsboys, passengers and townspeople were dashing about in much the same fevered hurry that is so popular and restful in this country.

Our information was that as soon as we should arrive in Amsterdam we were to be in the custody of a repre-sentative of the Holland Department of Agriculture. He was to meet our train and conduct us to a hotel where reservations had already been made for us. (Continued on Page 23)

Left: A Holland milkman. Notice the dog hitched beneath the cart. Bight: Mr. Flood buys an apple of the vegetable peddler.

THRU OUR HOME FOLKS' KODAKS



MOTHER'S LITTLE HELPER.— Bernard Bennett, of Rockford, has been gathering the eggs for mother. A. C. Bennett is his father.



IN THE WAKE OF THE STORM.—This is a view of the damage done by the ice storm back in 1922 near Necedah, Wisconsin. This picture was sent to us by C. W. Loescher, of Cedar Springs, Mich., who lived in Wisconsin at the time the big ice storm swept Michigan and surrounding states.



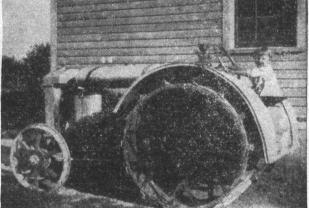
HARVESTING CORN CROP.— It is corn cutting time on the Hopkins farm, at Coleman, and Luther Hopkins swings a wicked knife.



A MICHIGAN NIAGARA.—"Here is a four-county drain in Midland county that was only about 2 feet deep when dug a few years ago," writes Miss Mary Frick, of Coleman, "but it has washed out until it is now 40 feet wide and 30 feet deep."



SAMPLING HIS WARES.—The young son of Harry Sieplinga, of Newaygo, seems to believe that plenty of wholesome milk is good for a growing boy.



A YOUNG FARMERETTE.—Dorothy, age three, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lange, of Sebewaing, is ready to operate her father's tractor. She is taking her Teddy along few the ride and he is to help her do the work good.



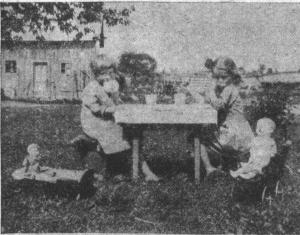
"SOLVING THE FUEL PROBLEM IN NORTHERN MICHIGAN."—Mrs. A. J. Breniser, of Onaway, gives this as the title to the above picture. A team of oxen is a rare sight in Michigan nowadays.



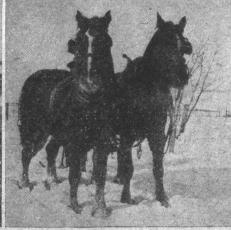
CAUGHT UNAWARES.—She says "You can't come into the house with those boots on." R. Glinke, Breckenfidge sent photo.



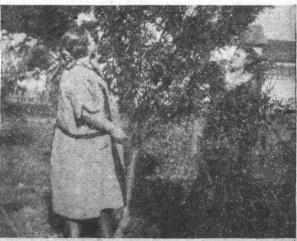
RAISING PIGS ON A BOTTLE.—This is a picture of Mrs. Bert Kamper, of Rudyard, and two nieces feeding some little pigs. "The mother pig was sick so we put them on the bottle", she writes.



"WON'T YOU JOIN US?"—How would you like to take tea with Esther Shunk, of St. Louis, and her friend, Mildred Ruehle? I am sure they would make you welcome. Esther is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alva Shunk.



A FINE TEAM.—This well matched pair belong to C. A. Moore, of Millersburg. They are full sisters and were raised near Flint. They are bright chestnut color. Mr. Moore must be proud of his team.



GETTING A FEW PLUMS TO EAT.—These girls are not "cherry birds", they are "plum birds" picking plums at the farm of F. Burdorf, of Litchfield. We are indebted to Miss Esther E. Kropschot (one of the birds) of Litchfield for the picture.

(We pay \$5 for each kodak picture used on our cover and give a one year renewal for each picture used on this page. Pictures must be sharp and clear.)

Spirit of Optimism Rules During Farmers' Week

Speakers of National Reputation Address Farmers Gathered At M. A. C.

AVORED by almost ideal weather the Farmers' Week, held at the Michigan Agricultural College, February 2 to 6, was a splendid success. It was estimated that more than five thousand visitors were in attendance which sets a new record

for this big event of the winter.
Farmers' Week is more than a mere collection of meetings. It is a great organized movement through which the farmer gets new ideas and ideals of his work. Probably no other gathering in Michigan brings together so many farmers, and members of their families and certainly none other gives such a combination of information, inspiration, and re-

During recent years the Farmers' Week programs have undergone a marked change. Where formerly they placed the emphasis on production and marketing they are now concerned with better living and a more satisfying rural life. Dr. Ken-yon L. Butterfield, President of the M. A. C., in speaking before the group meeting called to organize a Michigan Country Life Ass'n., defined country life as follows: "What we are now calling the field of country life," he said, "consists of such matters as education, health, recreation morals religion country plantion, morals, religion, country plan-ning, and rural government. In the long run they are the real questions in agriculture because they have to do primarily with the human problems, with human values, with personal character building, and with sonal character building, and with farmers living together in the best ways in the local community, with the upbuilding of community institutions like the school, the church, the grange, and the library".

And so, while the technical and

economical sides of agriculture were in no way neglected, the 1925 Farm-ers' Week gave proper recognition to those things which make for better homes, better living, and more useful lives in the country.

Pres. Butterfield was one of the

busiest men on the college campus during Farmers' Week. He spoke before dozens of groups and meetings By CARL H. KNOPF

for the purpose of getting the plans and policies of M. A. C., before the people of Michigan. It is no exaggeration to say that everyone who heard President Butterfield is convinced that a great agricultural leader has come to Michigan. His plans and ideals are clearly outlined and his reasoning goes directly to the root of the problems facing agriculture. He has captured the hearts of the people and they have confidence that, under his direction, agriculture will make real progress in

Speaking at the Tuesday evening session, Pres. Butterfield dwelt on the changes which have taken place in Michigan during the twenty-five years that he was a resident in other states. Changes in heliding states. Changes in buildings and faculty have almost completely changed the agricultural college itself. Fully as great a change has taken place in the industry of the state. Although in 1900 agriculture was the leading industry of Michigan, manufacturing has now taken the lead. No less startling has been the shift in population during the last thirty-five years. In 1880 there were nearly twice as many people on the farms as dwelt in the cities. Now the situation is reversed and the city population outnumbers the rural pop-

ulation by nearly two to one.

Despite all this change Dr. Butterfield states that there has been no change in the fundamental rural

Shall the Farmer Advertise? "Selling The Publ'c" was the title of a red hot talk on advertising given by John M. Kelly, advertising expert.
"The greatest stumbling block in the pathway of agricultural prosperity is the farmer himself", asserted Mr. Kelly. "The farmer is the cross-word puzzle of business today. He will do almost anything else rather than organize and learn to sell after the modern methods. No other business could be kept from organizing. In fact men in other lines of business cannot concieve of doing business without organiza-

The Outlook for Democracy Farmers' Week visitors were especially fortunate in being able to hear the Rev. S. Parkes Cadman of Central Church, Brooklyn. Dr. Cadman is president of the Federated Churches of America and is one of the most vated speakers of the present the most noted speakers of the present time, his services being in great demand, in both America and

Europe.

Speaking on the subject, "The Outlook for Democracy", Dr. Cadman gave a searching inquiry into the value of our present form of govern-ment. He pointed out the position of leadership which the United States has at the present time and showed the duties and responsibilities which accompany such leader-

For "Controlled Production" Always popular with Farmers' Week audiences, Hon. J. C. Ketcham, Always formerly master of the Michigan State Grange, gave one of his characteristic forceful talks on "Stabilizing Agriculture". He stated that for many years he had doubted the wisdom of attempting to regulate agricultural production but that he agricultural production but that he was finally forced to believe that something must be done to control production. In support of his position he quoted from statements made by Pres. Coolidge, showing that such is the belief of our chief executive

While warning that everything cannot be accomplished through legislation he promised that all possible aid would be given from that source. He argued that the stabilizing of ag-

riculture can behastened through stabilizing legislation.

Declaring that the signs throughout the whole country are more favorable, Mr. Ketcham believes that agriculture has reached the bottom of depression and that, from now on, there will be a steady improvement.
One of the most interesting speak-

ers on the Farmers' Week program

was Bishop Francis J. McConnell who discussed, "The Human Values of Country Life". He insisted that each industry is tested by its output of spiritual things fully as much as by the material things it produces. Agriculture therefore must be Agriculture, therefore, must be judged by the kind of life and the type of people it produces, in other

words, by its human output.

In New York State

H. E. Babcock, General Manager
for the G. L. F. Exchange of New
York, gave an interesting description
of the farmers' cooperative activities
in that state. He explained that
"G. L. F." stands for Grange, League,
and Federation, respectively, and and Federation, respectively, and that the Exchange is a cooperative institution supported through the united effort of the New York Grange, the Dairyman's League, and the New York Farm Bureau Feder-ation. This very effective coopera-tion of farmers' organizations prac-ticing co-operation as they preach it ticing co-operation as they preach it real example to the farmers of

"Debate" On Child Labor One of the most interesting features of the Farmers' Week program was the presentation of arguments for, and against, the Child Labor Amendment. This was not carried on as a formal debate but it served

to bring out clearly the points on both sides of the question. "The Purpose of the Child Labor Law Amendment" was discussed by Owen R. Lovejoy of New York.

Reasons for opposing the proposed Child Labor Amendment were given by Mrs. Dora Stockman, Lecturer of the Michigan State Grange. Mrs. Stockman explained that she was presenting the other side of the case because she had been so requested and also because the Grange had taken a stand against the proposed legislation. Acting as the represen-tative of the Grange she felt it her duty to explain the stand taken by the organization.

A very interesting Farmers' Week number was the talk on "Lessons for the American Farmer from European (Continued on Page 19)

State Farm Bureau At Annual Meet Opposes Change in Name of M. A. C.

By STANLEY M. POWELL

(Lansing Correspondent of The Business Farmer.)

VIDENCING matured stability H, and a marked spirit of enthusiasm and harmonious loyalty, the Seventh annual meeting of the Michigan State Farm Bureau held at M. A. C., February 5-6, will go down in history as the strongest and best an-nual meeting of this farmers' organization which has thus far been held.

The big program of reports, addresses, business, elections and consideration of by-laws and resolutions which was crowded into the two day session was only made possible by the businesslike attitude of the dele-gates and by their close application to the problems coming up at each session.

A year of conservative and yet substantial and satisfactory progress was revealed in the general report submitted by Secretary Manager L. Brody. In a masterly way Mr. Brody dealt with the problems of the Farm Bureau past, present and fu-ture, outlined the lessons learned in the school of experience and showed why the Farm Bureau today was established on a sound basis with encouraging prospects for the future.

Following Mr. Brody's report, reports of the treasurer and of the heads of the various Farm Bureau Complete frankness given. characterized the discussion of all of these affairs and it was evident that the Farm Bureau is an organization which is truly of the farmers, by the farmers and for the farmers.

While the Farm Bureau meeting was remarkably free from formal speeches, the one address of the session delivered by Kenyon L. Butterfield, President of M. A. C., made up in its quality and breadth a vision of any evident omission along this line. Dr. Butterfield took as his topic "The College Side of Business Co-operation in Agriculture." He showed why the College had been apparently slow in promoting co-oper-

ative business enterprises, what the College could not do and what it could legitimately do. Dr. Butterfield declared that successful co-operative enterprises depend about 85% on management and while the College cannot manage the co-ops directly it can and must train managers and teach its students the sound principles of co-operative marketing.

Discuss Control and Fees
Of outstanding importance among the matters coming before the Farm Bureau delegates at their session was the new set of By-Laws submitted for their consideration. Chief interest centered in the provisions for representation in future State Farm Bureau meetings and in the amount of the membership dues. After full discussion it was finally decided that in the future, representation should come from local units rather than merely from the County Farm Bureaus. These local units would first have to be approved by the County and State Farm Bureaus before they could send delegates to the State

lems coming before the delegates was to determine the amount of the Farm Bureau membership dues for the future. Everyone seemed desirous of adopted to secure the strongest and most influential organization. Some thought the fee should be lowered, but the majority finally decided to continue the \$10 rate with half going to the state and national Bureaus and the remainder remaining in the counties for local work. One delegate seemed to hit the key-note of what was in the minds of the majority when he said, "We don't want to put the Farm Bureau on the bargain counter". Delegates appeared optimistic that another successful membership campaign could be staged at the \$10 rate.

Of course one of the most important developments of the meeting was the adoption of the resolutions which determine the stand of the Farm Bureau on general and legislative matters for the coming year. Planks referring to state legislation were adopted as follows: commending the legislature and the governor for enacting the gas tax, endorsing the use of convict labor for highway construction work, urging the repeal of the Covert Act, favoring liberal ap-propriations for M. A. C., and oppos-ing any changes in the name of the institution, demanding a pay-as-yougo policy, favoring a personal state income tax, stressing the necessity of an adequate reforestation and conservation program, opposing the ratifying of the so-called child labor amendment to the federal constitution, endorsing Senator Leland's bill to make the United States potato grades compulsory in Michigan, favoring the bill to provide \$500,000 for each of the next two years to pay condemn slaughtered tubercular cattle and urging that the time for paying taxes without the added 3% penalty be extended from January 9 to February 15 each year.

Equality of Agriculture Resolutions of a more general nature stressed the need of organized agriculture, urged fairer laws to give economic equality for agriculture, expressed good will toward all other farm organizations and agencies, especially mentioning county agents and boys' and girls' clubs, and re-joiced in the out-lawing of "Pitts-burg Plus."

Resolutions for the attention of congress laid down the policy of the

Bureau regarding taxation, transportation and Muscle Shoals, endorsed the 18th amendment and the Vol-stead Act, truth-in-fabrics, truth-in-fruit-juice and standard container bills, present immigration laws, area plan of bovine tuberculosis eradicaplan of bovine tuberculosis eradica-tion, and opposed increases in parcel post rates and transferring any of the functions of the United States Department of Agriculture to any other branch of the government, urg-ing licensing of commission men dealing in unmanufacturer food pro-ducts in carload lots and demanded opportunity for unhampered development of co-ops. The resolution on the last subject was as follows: "Resolved that we are opposed to any measure which will create a dupli-cation of machinery for aid in marketing farm products or which will tend toward a paternalistic control of farmers' organizations, and we de-mand the right for a free, unhamp-ered development of co-operative marketing."

The delegates elected the following Board of Directors: Directors at Large—M. B. McPherson, Lowell; Mrs. Edith M. Wagar, Carleton; W. W. Billings, Davison; E. C. McCarty, Bad Axe; Verold F. Gormely, New-berry; and J. G. Boyle Buchanan Boyle, Buchanan. Directors representing affiliated com-modity exchanges—Fred Smith, Elk Rapids, Michigan Potato Growers Exchange; M. L. Noon, Jackson, Michigan Milk Producers' Ass'n; J. H. O'Mealey, Hudson, Michigan Live igan Milk Producers' Ass'n; J. H. O'Mealey, Hudson, Michigan Live Stock Exchange; George McCalla, Ypsilanti, Michigan Elevator Exchange; and M. D. Buskirk, Paw Paw, Michigan Fruit Growers, Inc.

The newly elected Board of Directors met and organized by reelecting M. L. Noon, president; M. B. McPherson, vice-president; C. L. Brody, secretary-treasurer-manager;

Brody, secretary-treasurer-manager; and an Executive Committee to be composed of Messrs. Noon, McPherson, and W. W. Billings.



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With the Fordson, you farm for prosperity, because your acreage is broken in less time; because your furrows are the proper depth, and because your seed beds are thoroughly well made.

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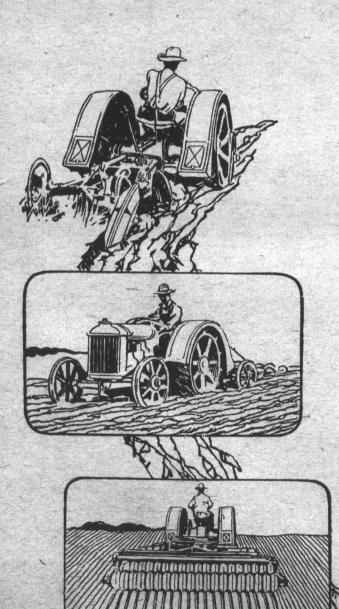
Fordson farmers finish their Spring work—plowing, harrowing, discing and seeding—at the right time, because of their ability to do more and better work when weather and soil conditions are favorable.

Better crops and bigger bank balances follow the use of the Fordson—it is a logical and time-proven investment.

See the Nearest Authorized Ford Dealer

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What the Hunt Boys Learned about Clover



George's Crop per Acre



AFTER the Hunt boys bought their Clover seed last spring, they compared labels. George found that Al had bought from another dealer, seed which was labeled the same percent purity and compared to the same percent purity and germination as his.

Growing conditions during the season were not favorable. Al's Clover didn't do well, while George's came along in fine shape. Al figured he got only 1½ tons to the acre, as against George's 3½ tons.

They couldn't explain it. They agreed the soil, cultivation and all other conditions had been as nearly alike as they could be. But Al began to study up on seeds, seed laws, seed testing, etc. He concluded his seed had been lacking in vitality, even though the tag.didn't reveal this fact.

Al learned a lot of things about seeds and testing that will be worth dollars and cents to him in the future. You can read what Al learned in a little book prepared by the Albert Dickinson Company, entitled "7 Lessons in Judging Seed." It is sent free on request. Write for it.

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An Alfalfa Experiment

MENTION was made in a former article of a friend who last year sowed alfalfa in three different ways, to test which was most successful. Lack of space in that issue and the one following has pre-

vented me from writing more of his experiments until now.

This man has never used lime as his farm does not seem to need it. He uses no commercial fertilizer, but considerable barnyard manure. Some years ago he gave up com-mon alfalfa, as it

was more or less liable to heave and winterkill, the first winter; so all his seeding last year was of the Grimm variety.

L. W. MEEKS

The seed was the same in all three plots, and was certified. The field was potato ground and was not plowed. Plot number one he fitted early and sowed one bushel of barley to the acre. The alfalfa seed was inoculated with culture he secured from the M. A. C. He sowed the alfalfa immediately after sowing the barley, being careful not to get it too deep. On this plot he has some alfalfa, but it is quite scattering and

Plot number two was fitted by weekly harrowings, about two inches deep, from early spring until about June 20th. The same amount of al-falfa was sown as in plot one, only the seed on this plot was not inoculated, and was sown alone. This plot shows a very poor stand, and the alfalfa is not of good color.

The third plot was fitted and sown the same as number two, but this seed was inoculated the same as in plot one. This last plot is as nearly perfect as one can get. It is thick, tall, of good color, and what roots! He has proven that alfalfa does not desire companionship with a so-called nurse crop, but does enjoy the company of myriods of nitrogen forming. pany of myriads of nitrogen forming bacteria which the culture inocula-

tion provides. This friend says, "If you pay around thirty dollars a bushel for alfalfa seed, you cannot afford to give chance." However he admits it is not impossible to once in a while get a good stand of alfalfa when sown with cats benefit or even wheat but with oats, barley, or even wheat, but he believes it is a misfortune when a good stand is secured by such methods, because for one successful seeding obtained thereby, there are several failures; and, if by chance a good stand is secured by such prac-tice, one will naturally try it again and again and may have to try it several times before a successful seeding is again obtained. "If you've got to have a barley crop, sow barley, and if you really want a field of alfalfa, sow alfalfa, and sow it "without a nurse crop to rob it." I believe this man is saying something when he talks like that. What do you think?

Another Culture Test

The successful use of nitrogen culture mentioned above reminds me of what a field man of the Natural Research Bureau told me two years ago. He visited Broadscope Farm numerous times during the summer, while conducting a sulphur test on some of our soils to determine its effect on potatoes, etc.
On one of his visits here, we were

talking about culture, and he said that while on a motor trip in Central Michigan a little while before, he noticed a most wonderful field of alfalfa on the north side of the road, while directly opposite was a field of very poor alfalfa. Being at once interested in these fields, he stopped at the first house on the south side of the road, to inquire about them. An elderly man made his appearance and said that he owned the poor field. and a young man across the way owned the good field. He said both fields were equal in fertility, had been plowed the same time, seeded the same, and to the same kind of seed, "but", he hesitated, "that young fellow inoculated his seed with some culture he got of the M. A. C. I didn't use any on my seed because I thought it was pretty near nonsense, but, mister, I've changed my mind. Fifty cents worth of culture made him a wonderful crop, and for fifty cents I lost mine. Next year believe me, III try his way."

Alfalfa and Orchard Grass

Several years ago we seeded a piece of alfalfa and sowed about eight quarts of orchard grass to the acre with it. This proved to be the finest hay we ever had. Orchard grass is like timothy in as much as it grows only from the second of the it grows only from seed and does not run and become matted like June grass, blue grass, quack grass, etc. It grows only in stools, and if not pastured or cut too closely will live for years. It withstands June grass, and is not easily crowded out by it. However it is quickly killed by plowing. It will grow most anywhere and shade does not seem to be objectionable to it. and shade does not seem to be objectionable to it. Maybe that is why it is called orchard grass. It makes large crops, and dry weather is no great barrier to its growth, although it is a shallow rooted plant. It makes very good pasture, but is not considered of much value as a hay crop—growing too quickly in the spring and becoming too rank and fibrous if not cut very early. These objectionable qualities are the very ones which make it valuable in an alfalfa field. Growing in alfalfa it alfalfa field. Growing in alfalfa it has a partner much to its liking. The alfalfa is just as quick to start in the spring, and must be cut very

At this time the orchard grass will At this time the orchard grass will have slender leaves standing erect, and nearly as high as the alfalfa. These fine leaves are a great help in curing alfalfa, as they dry quickly, and will not shatter when dry, thus helping to absorb the moisture from the alfalfa. The alfalfa and orehard helping to absorb the moisture from the alfalfa. The alfalfa and orchard grass hay is superior to plain alfalfa hay for most stock feeding. Orchard grass will not run out alfalfa, and will keep June grass from crowding in. Cut early when alfalfa is, it will start at once and continue to do so, and every cutting will contain some of it. It is somewhat slow in starting and does not make much growth the first year, being very much like timothy in this respect. It has a very light chaffy seed, and if I remember correctly a quart weighs only about seven ounces.

Many seem to be sowing timothy

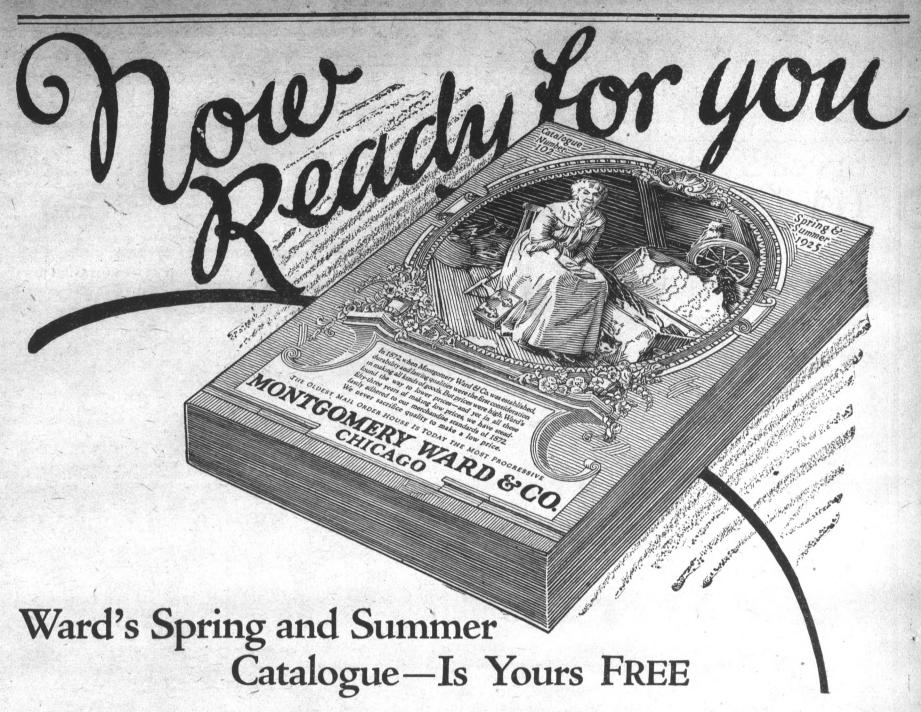
only about seven ounces.

Many seem to be sowing timothy with alfalfa, but timothy is too slow in growth early in the spring for a companion of alfalfa and recovers too slowly after cutting to keep pace with it—the later cuttings of alfalfa containing little, if any, timothy. So after trying this and that we have decided to sow orchard grass with the Grimm this year, and if our former experience can be duplicated, we shall be very grateful.

OUR BOOK REVIEW

(Books reviewed under this heading may be secured through The Michigan Business Farmer, and will be promptly shipped by parcel post on receipt of publisher's price stated

A Christian Program for the Rural Community.—By Kenyon L. Butterfield, A. M., LL. D., President of the Michigan Agricultural College. This book contains the Fondren Lectures for 1923, delivered before the School of Technology of the Southern Methodist University. It is a constructive hand book of modern methods in rural church efficiency. The book contains 188 pages and is divided into five chapters under the following headings: The Need of a Christian Program, Chapter 1; The Principles Involved, Chapter 2; Some Appliances to Rural Affairs, Chapter 3; The Organs of Christian Rural Progress, Chapter 4; Christianizing the Rural Community, Chapter 5. It is 7% inches by 5½ inches, has cloth binding and we will send a copy postpaid to any address for \$1.50. Published by George 73, Doran Company.



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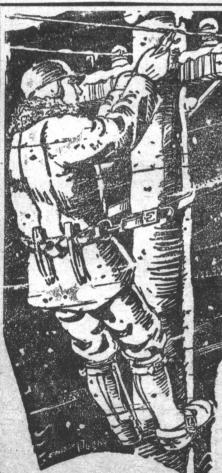
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(A Clearing Department for farmers' every day troubles. Prompt, careful attention given to ill complaints or requests for information addressed to this department. We are here to serve ou. All inquiries must be accompanied by full name and address. Name not used if so requested.)

LAW AGAINST HUNTING ON SUNDAY

We would like to know if there is any law on hunting on Sunday in the State of Michigan.—A. S., Manitou Beach, Mich.

THERE have been passed acts making it unlawful for a person to hunt on Sunday on lands or premises of another in the counties of Oakland, Livingston, Sanilac and in several townships of the counties of Wayne and Macomb, without the consent of the owner of the premises. This appears to be the only law on the subject.—Clare Retan, Deputy Attorney General.

UNABLE TO GET TITLE TO CAR

I bought from a company trading in a Ford car and paid them one hundred thirty-five dollars in cash and two dollars for making out the title last October. I have a receipt for all the money I paid them but have never received my title. I went to see them and they told me they would do all they could for me but I told them I wanted my money back or the title. I do not think they can get the title. Kindly advise.—V. V., Sanford, Mich.

If they cannot furnish you with a title to the car you purchased of them, I am of the opinion you could sue and get your money back.

—Legal Editor.

INMATES AT STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE

I would like information on who pays for the inmates at the State Hospital for the Insane.—A. J. S., New Era, Michigan.

THIS matter is provided for under terms of Act No. 151 of the Public Acts of 1923. A private patient is one kept and maintained without expense to the state. This is also true of voluntary patients. Public patients are kept and maintained at the expense of the state except when the public patient is possessed of an estate, or has relatives who are legally liable for his support and who are able to contribute thereto, when his estate, or his relatives may, upon a proper petition presented in the probate court, be ordered to contribute towards the expense of maintenance. The county of which the public patient is a resident, is charged for the first year's maintenance.—Harry Sweeny, Public Administrator, Attorney General's Dept.

WHO MUST PAY DAMAGES?

Last spring I rented a pasture for twelve head of young stock and paid fifty dollars cash. The pasture was located about ten miles from my home and contained six hundred acres of wild land, well fenced and with plenty of good feed. About November 17th the cattle accidentally got out on the road and a fellow with his automobile drove into the bunch of cattle and damaged his car and ne came to me for seventy-five dollars damages, but I refused to pay same. He has sent me a letter since. Kindly advise what I can do.—C. M., Honor, Mich.

IF the driver of the car was guilty of any negligence, I am of the opinion he would not be able to collect damages from the owner of the cattle. It is principally a question of fact depending on the circumstances, and I would advise you to retain a lawyer to defend you in case he sues for damages.—Legal Editor.

MUST UNDERTAKER BE HIRED?

Where a person dies, of no catching disease, and the cemetery is close by, does that person have to be embalmed? Or do they have to have an undertaker to wash them and lay them out? Or does the law of Michigan compel the folks to get an undertaker and embalm the dead body against the dead persons wishes?—Mrs. T. H., Cedar Springs, Michigan.

As a matter of protection to public health it is customary that an undertaker be secured in every case where a death has occured. However, there is a proviso in the law which says that any person can prepare a dead human body for burial as long as he does not act in the capacity of an undertaker or embalmer, This, of course, should only apply in ordinary cases and not in cases of dangerous communicable disease.—F. J. Pienta, Director, Bureau of Embalmers, Michigan Department of Health.

DOG TAX

Should the dog tax money go into the county contingency fund?—B! F.

ACT 339 of the Public Acts of 1919 provides that this fund shall go into the general county fund. The Act referred to is the so-called dog law.—Clare Retan, Deputy Attorney General.

LANDLORD SHOULD PAY TWO-THIRDS

I am working a place for a third and I supposed that the landlord was to pay two-thirds of all threshing bills and he says I have to pay all of the corn shredding bill. Would I have to or not? Doesn't that go in with grain threshing, or is it manual labor? Can I make him pay his two-thirds of it?—M. B., Sterling, Mich.

MACHINE work hired such as threshing, shredding, etc. are farm expenses, which are divided in same proportion between landlord and tenant as income. In this case the landlord should stand two-thirds of such expense unless otherwise agreed upon.—T. T. Riddell, Research Assistant in Farm Management, Michigan Agricultural College.

What the Neighbors Say

Contributions Invited

KEEP COURT FREE FROM POLITICS

EAR EDITOR:-It is of vital importance to the farmers and all citizens of Michigan that our Supreme Court be kept free from political and executive domination. The present Governor of this state encroached on lative branch is now engaged in an effort to control the Judicial. His state machine is seeking to compass the defeat of Chief Justice McDon-ald and Justice George M. Clark for several reasons. The foremost reason is that decisions have been ren-dered during the past year contrary to the ideas of the Governor and the State Administrative Board. And the most offensive decision was in the ease of the Board of Agriculture against the State Administrative Board. Justice McDonald wrote the opinion. I have examined this and as a lawyer do not hesitate to pronounce it founded on constitutional ground. Surely the farmers of Michigan will

not look with any favor on the unseating of Justices of the Supreme Court because they decided that the constitutionally created Board of Agriculture can not have its prerogatories curtailed by a creature of the Legislature, at the bidding of the Governor.

The politicians who are linked up with the present politically operated administration of our state, should not be allowed to control the County Convention which on February 25th nominates the Justices of the Supreme Court.—F. W. Newton, Saginaw, County, Mich.

AGAINST ROGERS

To the Editor:—In the December 20th issue of The Business Farmer, I noticed a statement that read "Keep Rogers In," and at the same time you stated that we have 14,000 miles of road construction at a cost of \$150,000,000. I think you know as well as I do that (Continued on Page 26)

COILS AND CROPC

Edited by C. J. WRIGHT

THE ELEMENTS MOST NEEDED IN MICHIGAN SOIL ,

N former articles we have tried to acquaint the reader with natural elements and the impossibility of destroying them but we must take into consideration the fact that we can move them from one place to another, thus making it possible for man to govern to a certain extent the growth of his crops.

The first element to be taken in-to consideration in the growth of a plant is Nitrogen—this may be termed the keystone on which crops are built and an element in which most of our soils are lacking and formost of our soils are lacking and for-tunately the one element that any farmer can enrich himself in with-out going away from his farm to do it; by the way, it is an element which is thoughtlessly wasted by nearly every one of us, and also the most costly when bought outright in the form of commercial fertilizer.

It is the element which forces the

form of commercial fertilizer.

It is the element which forces the growth of a plant and is noticed the most, by the dark green color and thrifty look in the plant structure. Of the total-dry matter of certain legumes it comprises percentages as follows; Alfalfa 50%, clover—Red Mammoth and Alsike—35 to 37%, Vetch 35%, cow peas and soy beans 7 to 10% and if the soil is sweet enough so that the nodule forming bacteria are present these plants extract in some cases as much as 65% bacteria are present these plants extract in some cases as much as 65% from the air and in case the nodule forming bacteria is not present, these plants take all their nitrogen from the soil and in a case like this they are not much better from a soil building standpoint than a crop of corn, oats, timothy or wheat.

Nitrogen is more susceptible to leaking and evaporation than any of

leaking and evaporation than any of the other elements with which we have to contend on the farm. When you see a pile of horse manure smokyou see a pile of horse manure smoking on a warm day that smoke is nothing more than nitrogen escaping in the form of ammonia gas, also when you see the brown water running down hill from a manure pile after a rain you also see a nitrogen loss through leakage.

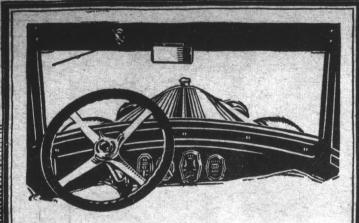
Let me call attention to the fact that this leaking of the barnyard manure on nearly every farm is the biggest preventable waste on any farm. It is estimated of all the crops fed on the farm over one-half of their fertilizing value is lost.

Let me also call attention to this fact, that the crops sold from the farm, all the elements are lost to the farm on which they were raised. This fact is the cause of the condition that exists on land that has been farmed as grain farms, raising from five to ten bushels of wheat where formerly it raised twenty to thirty.

The next element of which we are in need is Phosphorus. This element is needed in maturing crops and in making the grain plump and heavy. It also assists plants in making a rank growth, though not to the extent of nitrogen. There is only one way to get this element back on a farm when once taken off and that is to buy it in some form; in a well balanced soil it should have a ratio of one of phosphorus to three of nitrogen or even a greater ratio than this. The commercial phosphorus is available to the farmer from the following sources: Raw rock phosphate, acid phosphate, basic slag from the mines and ground bone. Acid phosphate and ground bone being the more quickly available to plants than the others of the group. This element is the cheapest of any of element is the cheapest of any of the elements to buy and we cannot get it back on the farm unless we do

The next element to be taken into consideration is Potasium or Potash. This also must be bought when needed but most upland soils are pretty well supplied with it in Michigan, but in many cases an addition of a little available potash does wonders on a clover or grain crop. The marsh and muck lands are very low in this ele-ment and great results are obtained its application on low land soils, and sometimes it is the difference between success and failure. The cheif commercial forms are German Kanial and Muriate of Potash. This next to nitrogen is the most expensive element in commercial fertilizer.

(Continued on Page 22)



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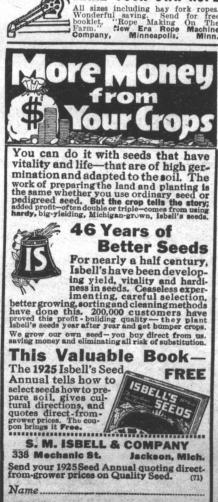
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MAKE YOUR OWN ROPE

The Power of the Human Touch

A NON-SECTARIAN SERMON BY-Rev. David F. Warner

Text: "Inasmuch as ye did it unto one of these my brethren, even these least, ye did it unto me." Matt. 25:40.

"THE Vision of Sir Launfal" many will recall with delight because of having nursed in their own hearts the sympathetic imagery of the poem. The "maiden knight" goes forth, noble and strong, in search of the Holy Grail. Legend says this sacred cup of the Last Supper was lost, and if found would be himself. Sir Launfal, well mounted, sets out on his mission with all the ardor and chivalry of a gallant young manhood. Just outside the castle gate there crouched a leper "who begged with hand and moaned as he sat." In loathing, the knight cast the beggar a coin and hurried on in quest of the sacred treasure.

"The leper raised not the gold from the Better to me the poor man's crust."

The young knight braves bleak mountains, arid deserts, and fierce storms, in his far-away quest, until aged and gray, he leaves his vain search to return homeward in wornout garments and spirit. Drawing near the castle gate in the dim of a

tion of all, ate with them and thus hastened the hour of His Cross. And now hear Him: "When thou makest a dinner * * * * call not thy friends or rich neighbors. But bid the poor * * * and thou shalt be blessed." When? Where? Well, sometime and somewhere. But why not have this blessing now? This is "Thy kingdom come and thy will be done on earth." "Blessed is he that shall eat bread in the Kingdom of God." Of course, this way has its Calvary, but it ends in the resurrection glory. Now again, the Christ is exalting down-trodden womanhood. In a Western city, I walked into the lecture room of a new culture society, so-called. I listened a while. The Bible is a myth and Jesus never existed. And there sat a lot of women bowing down to such grotesque nonsense. Strange that the One who has

bowing down to such grotesque nonbowing down to such grotesque non-sense. Strange that the One who has done so much to glorify womanhood, must be reproached in this pathetic way. The women of Jesus' day were used as playthings and drudges. So-ciety gave them a standing much be-low men. Hard men divorced them at will. "But did not Moses allow this," they said. But Jesus said that this was when society was rude and

REV. WARNER RETURNS

THE sermon on this page indicates a return to my former ministry among you. I do this in a real, but humble, delight. Now, a preacher is fortunate in knowing what folks need, rather more than what they want. Do my sermons meet your need, or not? And I hope you will feel disposed to inquire freely about any spiritual problems you may have in the ways of life.—Rev. David R. Warner.

cold, gray morning, there cowers beside him the gruesome leper, "lank as a rain-blanched bone." "For Christ's sweet sake I beg an alms", the leper said. "I behold in thee an image of Him who died on the tree," said Sir Launfal. And he

"Parted in twain his single crust, Broke the ice on the streamlet's brink, And gave to the leper to eat and to drink."

"The Holy Supper is kept indeed,
In whatso we share with another's need;
Not what we give, but what we share
For the gift without the giver is bare,
Who gives himself with his alms, feeds
three,—
Himself, his hungering neighbor, and me."

Sixty generations ago, in an age of rudeness and oppression, The Gal-lant Galilean sets out in defense of the weak, the poor, and the diseased. Let us contemplate Him for a little while as he travels afoot over the hills and through the dales of old Judea. He hears of a reform move-Judea. He hears of a reform movement going on down by the Jordan. Soon he is there and is witnessing the induction service. He, also, asks to be baptized by John. But why receive this baptism of repentance? He is sinless. It seems unnecessary. John said that it was. He might be misunderstood. But no matter. Men needed to repent. He must show them the way. This movement, started by the Baptist, must be glorified by the Sinless One, who would identify himself intimately and sympathetically with the causes of the common people who were ready and longing for deliverance from personal and social sins. How like the heart of Jesus! heart of Jesus!

Now, he is helping the suffering. There were few agencies in those days given over to the soothing of pain and physical distress. Jesus had pity and the healing touch. The shrieks of the demon possessed found his ears. The ostracised leper found sympathy in his heart and help in his hand. No, the church folks did not understand. But, no difference. The social chasm must be bridged. The social chasm must be bridged that human suffering might be alle-

Now, we find Him interested in those who were outcast by the or-ganized religion of the day. The preachers and pious folks called them "publicans and sinners". They were dangerous and demoralizing. Good church members kept their distance for the sake of their repu-tation. But Jesus, to the consterna-

brutal. The law of ideal marriage does not allow this. You cannot divorce your wife at every personal whim. This would destroy God's intention for a solid social structure. You twain as one flesh until death parts you. What great need that the parts you. What great need that the Master's voice be made authoritative for today!

for today!

There is Jesus in conversation with the outcast woman at Jacob's well. What moral courage! Again he is in the center of a group of adulteress into his midst. She had been the victim of the lecherous male. The church law said that she must be stoned to death. But what would this New Rabbi say? Surely, here is a sure trap, they thought. But the trap sprung upon themselves. Says Jesus, "He that has not committed this same sin may do the stoning." No stones were cast. The cowards are gone. We need to look long and sympathetically at this picture. Jesus is yet in the world to give, even the woman of the street, the help of a human heart and a human hand.

man hand.
Would you have an ideal picture of human kindness? Of course you remember about the man that was going from Jerusalem to Jericho. You remember how the preacher and the deacon "passed by on the other side." And then you remember how the unchurched Samaritan came up and helped the robbed and bruised man. A lovely picture of the human and helped the robbed and bruised man. A lovely picture of the human touch. And why did Jesus paint it? So that we might pass it on. The religion of Samaritanism would be a fine thing to possess before we brag about our Christianity about our Christianity.

"Have you had a kindness shown?
Pass it on;
"Twas not given for these alone,
Pass it on; Let it travel down the years, Let it wipe another's tears, Till in heaven the deed appears— Pass it on."

"Go and do thou likewise," said Jesus to the selfish critic. Many of my readers will recall that this spirit of neighborliness was at the very core of the social life of the community when they were felling trees, homes in the clearings. Now, David Grayson had a "little farm well-tilled, a little wife well-willed, and a little home well-filled. But, life grew so narrow and drab that one day he wondered whether he possessed the farm or the farm posessed him. He was afraid of the latter;

and so, one fine morning he started out to visit his neighbors and to show them and himself how the roadway of a humdrum life can be made into "The Friendly Road". Why not try this simple departure, brother farmer? Someone is calling

for you now just over the hill.

God sent himself in human form and with human hand, into this world to touch it into new and brotherly living. Now, we have had our Example and have given his spirit, so that your hands and mine, the hands of a common humanity. the hands of a common humanity, might do his work of love. "Inasmuch as ye did it unto one of these my brethern, even these least ye did it unto Me."

RADIODEPARTMENT

By J. Herbert Ferris, R. E.

M. A. C. TO PUT ON SPECIAL RADIO SCHOOL

E have been advised by J. B. Hasselman, supervisor of publications, and announcer at radio station WKAR, at the M. A. C. plans to start a special agricultural radio school, to be given from 7 to 8 o'clock, from Monday to Friday inclusive each week. These radio courses will include such subjects as dairy production, poultry, farm crops, gardening, live stock, and other phases of agriculture. They will adapt these programs to what seems to be the demand from farmers of the state. When the agricultural series starts, they will postpone their regular Monday and Friday ed-ucational programs until 8 o'clock. We will give you more details later.

SHARE YOUR WEATHER REPORTS

ANY of your neighbors have not receiving sets and so can not get the advantage of all the good things you get every night, so why not share with them the weather reports?

How? Make a little bulletin board out by the road, and every day when you get the weather report, write it down with the date, and then tack it up on this board. Just put on it the weather for your part of the

It will not be long before you will see many neighbors as well as strangers in front of that bulletin board looking for the weather report. Try it out, you'll like it and so will they.

RADIO PROGRAMS

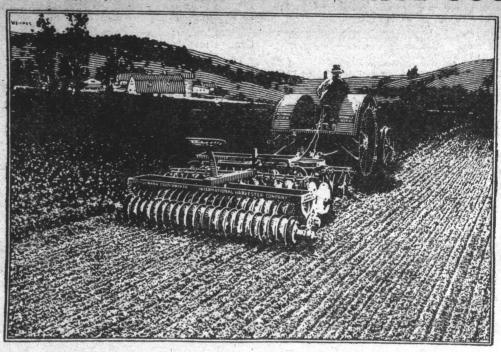
RADIO PROGRAMS

Broadcast Tuesdays at 8:20 P. M. and Thursdays at 7:30 P. M. from Westinghouse Radio Station KYW, Chicago, Ill. February 17—"Farmers at School," by C. L. Kutil, teacher of Vocational Agriculture, Antioch, Illinois. "Grain Market Review," by J. W. Coverdale, secretary-treasurer, Grain Marketing Company. February 19—"Grain Marketing and the Club Boys and Girls," by Gray Silver, president Grain Marketing Company. "Five New Facts About Corn," by Arthur C. Page, editor, Orange Judd Illinois Farmer.



Supervisor of publications, at the M. A. C. and announcer at the College's radio station WKAR. "Jimmie", as he is known to his friends, has a pleasing personality that makes itself known the moment you grasp his hand or hear his voice and he will win a host of friends from among the radio listeners.

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We will not knowingly accept the advertising of any person or firm who we do not believe to be thoroughly honest and reliable. Should any reader have any cause for complaint against any advertiser in these columns, the publisher would appreciate an immediate letter bringing all facts to light. In every case when writing say: 'I saw your advertisement in The Michigan Business Farmer!' It will guarantee bonest dealing.

"The Farm Paper of Service"

DO FARMERS WANT STATE POLICE?

NDOUBTEDLY what will develop into the livliest scrap at Lansing during the present session will be the proposed bill to abolish the uniformed division of the State Police.

Of course the first excuse given for this procedure is to reduce the cost of state operation inasmuch as the department has been costing upwards of \$350,000 a year, requested over \$800,000 for each of the two coming years, which budget the administrative board cut to \$460,000 but these figures included the estimated cost of prohibition enforcement work in Wayne county, while the figures fixed by the administrative board does not include anything for special prohibition

The value of the State Police to farmers is a much debated question and one on which there might as well be a frank discussion. If the State Police are really the protectors of the farm home they should be defended as such and if they are of little consequence to the rural residents then it is high time that this excuse for their existence be abolished.

Labor leaders point out that the uniformed 'cossacks" who dash madly up and down our roads belted with cartridges and with revolvers hanging in wild western fashion at each hip are in fact supported only for the protection of strike breakers and to terrorize union labor.

We are going to open the columns of THE Business Farmer to a complete discussion of the State Police problem as it affects the farmers in this state. We are not concerned in the least as to their value as prohibition agents or for the protection of strike breakers. We want to know whether the farmers of Michigan are willing to support the State Police to the tune of \$460,000 If you want them we will help you hold them and even increase their numbers if they are of genuine benefit. But let us hear from you!

DON'T CHANGE THE NAME

HOEVER is responsible for the proposal to change the name of the Michigan Agricultural College to the Michigan State College certainly cannot look to the men and women who make their living from agriculture in Michigan for support.

In our last issue we asked our readers to indicate on a referendum coupon whether or not they were in favor of changing the name, and up to the day that this is written out of several hundred replies which we have received not one single reply has indicated that they favored the change. From where then comes this demand for the change in name of an institution with such an bonorable career behind it?

Who can help us chase this nigger out of the wood pile? Who wants the name of The Michigan Agricultural College changed? What are the advantages in the change of the name? Why should the name be broadened to include everything that one naturally expects to find at the University of Michigan?

There is no college or university in the United States with more tradition behind it than the Michigan Agricultural College and if it has been allowed to devote more of its time than it should to branches of industry entirely foreign to agriculture, then the farm leaders, the farm organizations, the farm press and the farmers themselves in our state are responsible and it is high time that action was taken to stop this diverting of purpose before it is too late.

That the farmers of Michigan are not in favor of a change in name is indicated by reports of meeting and their letters received daily.

For instance, the Ingham County Pomona Grange met January 31st and report that "After a somewhat lengthy discussion it almost unanimously dopted a resolution in favor of no change in the name of the Michigan Agricultural College. The name stands as a memorial to the first institution of its kind in the world and the wisdom of its founders and the men who gave their best years to make it what it is now. Also to the honor of the men and women who have been trained there for some of the big jobs of world's work which they have done and are doing so well. Just a few of the many reasons for no change.'

Then Theodore Bengel of Fowler says, "I agree with the statement in your last week's editorial where you say "The Michigan Agricultural College should be a school for teaching agriculture in its various branches. The university and other colleges offer splendid opportunities for other branches of study and our old M. A. C. should be left intact, even its name. The farmers have shown more interest in their college during the last five years than ever before. Leave well enough alone."

We sincerely believe that with the united eforts of the farm organizations in the support of our movement, THE BUSINESS FARMER can squelch the matter until it has been given ample publicity and full discussion and we do not hesitate to take credit for bringing to light an attempt to slide through a change which at best is unpopular and in our opinion, a sacrilege to a sacred name.

If this matter has not already been voted on in your Grange, Farm Bureau or Gleaner meetings please bring it up and let us have a report of the votes as taken. It is also an excellent subject for debate and we will appreciate any ideas that our readers may have on it.

MARKETING LAW

O-OPERATIVE marketing legislation was urged upon Congress for consideration at the present session in a report presented to President Coolidge the latter part of January by the President's agricultural conference.

The President promptly asked that the machinery set in motion to enact the proposed legis-lation if possible before March 4th. The President's agricultural conference also advocated adoption by Congress of the long pending resolution directing the Interstate Commerce Commission to readjust freight rates with a view to relieving farm products of a disproportionate share of transportation costs.

Under the resolution the Interstate Commerce Commission is directed in view of the condition of agriculture to make such lawful changes in the rate structure as will promote the freedom of movement of farm products, including livestock, at the lowest possible lawful rates compatible with the maintenance of adequate transportation service.

The President's conference in its report approved adequate tariff protection for farm products, but deferred specific recommendations for presentation when the next Congress takes up general tariff revision.

The conference also approved the truth in fabrics bill providing for compulsory branding of percentages of virgin wool, shoddy cotton and silk contained in woven fabrics.

Recommendations in the recent report dealing with the emergency situation in the live stock industry were renewed and elaborated upon.

The conference presented a detailed plan for co-operative marketing legislation patterned

EDITOR, THE BUSINESS FARMER, Mt. Clemens, Mich.

I AM ()

I AM NOT ()

in favor of abolishing the uniformed constabulary of the Michigan State Police.

somewhat after the pending Capper-Williams bill, but with some differences

The plan contemplates the creation of a Federal co-operative marketing board of five members, two of whom shall be the Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of Commerce, and the three others, including a chairman to be appointed by the President, to be nominated by the federally registered co-operative marketing organizations upon the expiration of the term of the three members first to be appointed by the President.

AND THEN WHAT?

N article in one of the current issues of a na-A tional farm publication tries to defend tenant farming as against the operation of farms by their owners.

Obviously we will grant that if the owner is not as good a farmer as the tenant that it is much preferable to have the tenant than the owner, but our experience would not lead us to believe that this is, in the majority of cases, the way it works

So far, the tenant farming problem has not become as acute in Michigan as in some nearby states where the number of tenanted farms surpasses the number of farms operated by their owners.

Unquestionably many good farmers find it necessary to rent a farm or to operate one on shares before they are able to purchase one and if they do succeed as tenants they become the best class of farm owners and operators, but where the trend of conditions points to more tenants than owners we cannot feel other than alarmed at the situation.

The plodding tenant farmer is not in a much better position than the European peasant and surely any one who has seen conditions on the other side would not want it repeated in the United States.

The same article goes on to say, "Better that 60 per cent of our farms should be operated by intelligent, high grade tenant farmers than that 90 per cent should be farmed by owners who are shiftless and unprogressive," but we seriously challenge the statement that 90 per cent of the farms of this country are owned by shiftless and unprogressive farmers. If that is what this writer tried to convey he is certainly not familiar with conditions that exist in at least the state we know best. If he will reverse his figures and say that ten per cent of the farms are farmed by shiftless and unprogressive farmers, we might agree with him.

We cannot acquiesce to any plan which would change the ownership method of farming in America and we shall continue to do all in our power to keep the farms of, at least the State we love best, in the hands of the men and women who have been reared on these fertile acres and who feel that pride which only comes with ownership, as they survey from their homes, the product of their energy and foresight.

We have full sympathy for, and an earnest desire to help the tenant farmer; but not to keep him satisfied! We want to help him arrive at that point where he can proudly say, "I am the owner of his farm!" And nothing short of that can s. tisfy us.

CHICK HATCHERIES GROW IN OTTAWA

TTAWA county which has become known as the leading poultry section in the country numbers close to 100 hatcheries and the chicks from these hatcheries are sent annually to hundreds of places in the United States. Holland and vicinity are represented by 47 hatcheries and the chicks dispatched by parcel post from the Holland postoffice approximate several million annually. It is estimated the total shipments from the county annually exceed 5,000,000 chicks.

Ottawa lists among its hatcheries some of the largest and finest in the country. Many hatcheries were started on a small scale, but these have grown to meet the demand. The chick season is now on in full blast and indications are it will be the largest on record.

FARMER A "CROSS-WORD PUZZLE"

"THE farmer is the cross-word puzzle of American business", declared John M. Kelly, dairyman of Baraboo, Wis., in his Farmers' Week address. He recommended that farmers organize, centralize, merchandise and advertise and deplored the fact that manufacturers' substitutes for dairy products have "stolen the thunder" of the farmers by capitalizing the health and beautiful-girl ideas in their advertising.

He showed that advertising has resulted in the sale of \$350,000,000 worth of condiments far greater than the amounts spend for milk and milk products, which he held to be the real beauty prescription.

PUBLISHER'S DESK

JUST TOO LATE — TO CATCH THE CATTLE SWINDLER

THE BUSINESS FARMER has carried announcements from J. C. Hays, Secretary of the Michigan Hölstein Association warning against a cattle swindler going by the name of H. C. Helms.

Hays writes us that on two occasions recently he has received news from victims of this smooth worker. In each case the swindled breeder saw the printed warning the evening of the same day that the rascal made

The last word of this crook's work comes from a farmer at Girard, Illi-nois. Helms, using the name of L. E. Cox, worked a new variety of his favorite scheme, which is to buy cattle with a bogus check, then get the victim to endorse a check for him for his personal needs. He offers identification in the shape of letters of credit and telegrams from some southern bank. These credentials are fictitious. Helms moves on leaving his victim with some worthless paper

and without some real cash.
"Let's get ahead of this fellow instead of a few hours behind him," writes Hays. "If we keep up our warnings so that more breeders are posted he will soon tackle some farmer who will be on to his scheme, Then his prospective victim can have him arrested by local police, pending serving of warrants by any one of six men whom he jointly robbed of over

So look out for a cattle buyer answering this description: six feet tall, medium build, weight about 170-190, hiar light brown, eyes blue. Gold teeth—believed to be eye teeth. Wears a watch charm of pearl fash-ioned as a cows head. Has or affects a decided southern accent. Has used the name H. C. Helms, or L. E. Cox.

Have him arrested and wire collect to the sheriff at Corunna or Grand Rapids, Mich., to the sheriff at Hagerstown, Maryland, to the sheriff at Springfield, Ill., to the chief of police at Waterloo, Iowa, or to J. G. Hays, East Lansing, Mich.

SECURITY OIL COMPANY OF LOUISIANA

In 1920 I bought fifty shares of the capital stock of the Security Oil Company of Louisiana, incorporated under the laws of Colorado, at par price of \$1.00 per share. I have never received any interest or heard from the company. Do you know if the stock has any value?"

E have investigated the stock of the Security Oil Company of Louisiana and find that it is worth between 20 and 30 cents a share. It is not to be wondered at that you have not received any divi-dends from your investment.

LEAVE THEM ALONE

"Will you kindly inform me as to the reliability of the firm whose let-ter I am enclosing? How thank-ful I am that I have your paper to go to when I am perplexed. Your paper is fine and I don't believe we will ever be without it."

HAVE little faith in these workat-home schemes where the customer is obliged to make a de-

posit in order to get the work.

I have found in the majority of these cases that the company was out after the initial payment only and the outfit sent to the subscriber cost only a small fraction of the down

The Collection Box

payment and then the subscriber was unsuccessful in getting any work to

do for the company.

The letter you received is not a personal letter but a printed one and has been sent to perhaps thousands of people in every state in the Union. If it was sent to only a thousand people and half of them accepted their proposition this would be five hundred dollars and the material sent out to these poeple would cost the company twenty-five dollars but I doubt if it would total that much.

ANSWERING AN AUTO KNITTER INQUIRY

WE cannot advise you as to the reliability of the Steber Machine Knitting Company of Utica, New York, but we have learned considerable about knitting machines for

There are several companies that market machines for knitting socks, and it seems they are rather difficult to operate, as at least 50% of our subscribers have difficulty in learn-ing the operation of these machines. Some of them have failed to master the details so that they could successfully knit a sock that would be accepted by the company, while others have been successful and highly pleased with the machine and the

It would be impossible for them to guarantee the purchase of all the wool socks for five years that you could make because the company might go bankrupt within a year, and if they went bankrupt of course it would be impossible to force them to purchase your output.

Write the company asking them for names and addresses of some of their Michigan customers, then write to these people asking about the company. This is the best way to find out about them.

GETTING POSITION AS MAIL CARRIER

"I would like to get a position as mail carrier. What must I do? Can the International Correspondence School help me get a job? Is this a good school?"

THE way you can get a position as mail carrier or mail clerk is to pass the Civil Service examination about which your postmaster can give you full information. We believe the International Cor-

We believe the International Correspondence School of Scranton, Pennsylvania to be a good school, but of course they cannot get you a position with the Government. All they can do is to give you the proper training and it is up to you whether you can pass the examination or not.

RAISING RABBITS

"We have been looking at an advertisement about rabbits. Would you kindly let us know if this company is all right? The address is: Stahl's Outdoor Enterprise Company, Stant's Outdoor Enterprise Company, Holmes Park, Missouri. This company agrees to sell you rabbits. Then they say they will buy back all the stock that one raises. We would like to know if this is a safe company or if it is a fraud."

WE have never had any complaints against the Stahl's Out-door Enterprise Company of Holmes Park, Missouri and have never had occasion to investigate the company but we are rather skeptical of their plans.

We know of one concern that operated in New York seemingly along the same lines and they were finally brought into court charged with usne mails Since then we have been skeptical of

such schemes.
If Stahl's Outdoor Enterprise Company of Holmes Park, Missouri, is re-liable they should be able to furnish you with complete names and addresses of different people throughout the country who have purchased rabbits from them and are in turn selling the stock that they raised back to them—and we would advise that you write to them requesting a list of people outside of Missouri so that you can write to them regarding their dealings with the company. If they ignore your request or make some excuse and do not furnish you with the names you may feel sure that their business will not stand investigation.

First Mortgage Real Estate Gold Bonds

Among farmers of standing in their communities there is a very evident preference for the first mortgage real estate bonds recommended by this institution.

Write for Booklet AG1371

Tax Free in Michigan Normal Income Tax Up to 4% Paid by Borrower

6 1/2%

Federal Bond & Mortgage Company

FEDERAL BOND & MORTGAGE BUILDING, DETROIT

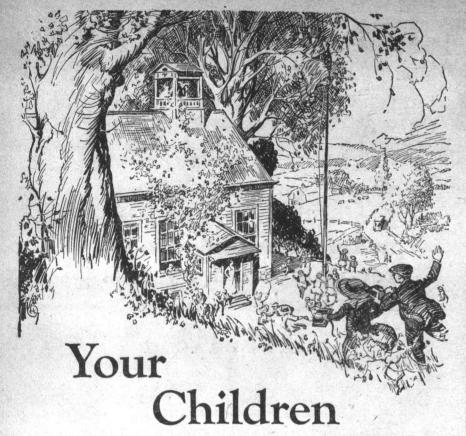






THE BUSINESS FARMER "The Farm Paper of Service"

10 MORTHS TO PAY. TELL YOUR FRIENDS ABOUT IT:



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The present systems of schools throughout the Nation afford a splendid opportunity for the preliminary preparation needed for the future.

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New York Central Lines take pride in being a contributor to the future well-being and happiness of your children.

YORK CENTRAL LINES

BOSTON & ALBANY-MICHIGAN CENTRAL-BIG FOUR - PITTSBURGH & LAKE ERIE AND THE NEW YORK CENTRAL AND SUBSIDIARY LINES

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Dewberry Plants

4 for 25c; 25 for \$1.00. 12 Grape Vines for \$1.00; 3 Peach Trees, \$1.00; Hollybook seed, MARSHALL VINEYARD, Paw Paw, Michigan.

Million Strawberry Plants

\$2.95 per 1000. Raspberries, Grapes, Bulbs, Flower Seeds, Chicks. Illustrated catalog free. Mayers Plant Nursery, Box 51, Merrill, Mich.

WHEN WRITING TO

ADVERTISERS PLEASE MENTION

THE BUSINESS FARMER

ON YOUR FURNACE





CONDON'S GIANT TOMA





By William MacHarg and Edwin Balmer

(Continued from Jan. 31st issue.)

S that his name? He told me it was 'Yes-Judah Wassaquam.

"Yes—Judah Wassaquam. He's a Chippewa from the north end of the lake. They're very religious there, most of the Indians at the foot of the lake; and many of them have a Biblical name which they use for a first name and use their Indian name for the last one."

"He called me 'Alan' and my father 'Ben."

"The Indians almost always call people."

"The Indians almost always call people

"The Indians almost always call people by their first names."

"He said that he had always served 'Ben' his coffee that way before he got up, and so he had supposed he was to do the same by me; and also that, long ago, he used to be a deck hand on one of my father's ships."

"Yes; when Uncle Benny began to operate ships of his own, many of the ships on the lakes had Indians among the deck hands; some had all Indians for crews and white men only for officers. Wassaquam was on the first freighter Uncle Benny ever owned a share in; afterwards he came here to Chicago with Uncle Benny. He's been looking after Uncle Benny all alone now for more than ten years—and he's very much devoted to him, and fully trustworthy; and besides that, years—and he's very much devoted to him, and fully trustworthy; and besides that, he's a wonderful cook; but I've wondered sometimes whether Uncle Benny wasn't the only city man in the world who had an Indian body servant."

"You know a good deal about Indians."

"A little about lake Indians, the Chippewas and Pottawatomies in northern Michigan."

"Recollection's a funny thing," Alan said, after considering a moment, This morning, after seeing Judah and talking to him—or rather hearing him talk—somehow a story got running in my head.

somehow a story got running in my head. I can't make out exactly what it was—about a lot of animals on a raft; and there was some one with them—I don't know who; I can't fit any name to him; but he had a name."

Constance bent forward quickly "Wes.

Constance bent forward quickly. "Was the name Michabou?" she asked. He returned her look, surprised. "That's

He returned her look, skip.

it; how did you know?"

"I think I know the story; and Wassaquam would have known it too, I think, if you'd ask him; but probably he would the story of the st have thought it impious to tell it, because he and his people are great Christians now. Michabou is one of the names for Maniteu. What else do you remember of the story."

Not much, I'm afraid-just sort of scenes here and there; but I can remem-ber the beginning now that you have given me the name: 'In the beginning of all things there was only water and Michabou was floating on the raft with all the animals.' Michabou, it seemed, wanted the

animals.' Michabou, it seemed, wanted the land brought up so that men and animals could live on it, and he asked one of the animals to go down and bring it up—"
"The beaver," Constance supplied.
"Was the Beaver the first one? The beaver dived and stayed down a long time, so long that when he came up he was breathless and completely exhausted, but he had not been able to reach the bottom. Then Michabou sent down—"
"The otter."
And stayed down much longer than the

And stayed down much longer than the beaver, and when he came up at last, they dragged him on to the raft quite senseless; but he hadn't been able to reach the bottom either. So the animals and Michabou himself were ready to give it up but then the little much the to give it up but then the little muskrat spoke up—am I right? Was this the muskrat?"
"Yes."

Copyright by Edwin Balmer

"Then you can finish it for me?"
"He dived and he stayed down, the little muskrat," Constance continued, "longer than the beaver and the otter both together. Michabou and the animals waited all day for him to come up, and they watched all through the night; so then they knew he must be deed and they watched all through the night; so then they knew he must be dead. And, sure enough, they came after a while across the body floating on the water and apparently lifeless. They dragged him onto the raft and found that his little paws were all tight shut. They forced open three of the paws and found nothing in them, but when they opened the last one, they found one grain of sand tightly clutched in it. The little muskrat had done it; he'd reached the bottom! And out of that one grain of sand, Michabou made the world."

"The Indian story of creation—or one of them."

of them.'

of them."

"Not a story of the plain Indian surely."

"No; of the Indians who live about the, lakes and so got the idea that everything was water in the first place—the Indians who live on the islands and peninsulas. That's how I came to know it."

"I thought that must be it," Alan said. His hand trembled a little as he lifted his coffee to his lips.

"I thought that must be it," Alan said. His hand trembled a little as he lifted his coffee to his lips.

Constance too flushed a little with excitement; it was a surprisingly close and intimate thing to have explored with another back into the concealments of his first child consciousness, to have aided another in the sensitive task of revealing himself to himself. This which she had helped to bring back to him must have been one of the first stories told him; he had been a very little boy, when he had been taken to Kansas, away from where he heard this story—the lakes.

She was a little nervous also from watching the time as told by the tiny watch on her wrist. Henry's train from Duluth must be in now; and he had not yet called her, as had been his custom recently, as soon as he returned to town after a trip. But, in a minute, a servant entered to inform her that Mr. Spearman wished to speak to her. She excused herself to Alan and hurried out. Henry was calling her from the railroad station and, he said, from a most particularly stuffy booth and, besides having a poor connection, there was any amount of noise about him; but he was very anxious to see Constance as soon as possible. Could she be in town that morning and have luncheon with him? Yes; she was going down-town very soon and, after luncheon, he could come home with her if he wished. He certainly did wish, but he couldn't tell yet what he might have to do in the afternoon, but please would she save the evening for him. She promised and started to tell him about Alan, then recollected that Henry was going to see her father immediately at the office.

Alan was standing, waiting for her, when she returned to the breakfast room. "Ready to go down-town?" she asked.

Alan was standing, waiting for her, when she returned to the breakfast room. "Ready to go down-town?" she asked.

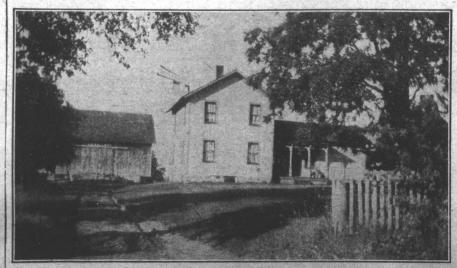
"Whenever you are."
"I'll be ready in a minute. I'm planning to drive; are you afraid?"
He smiled in his pleasant way as he glanced over her; she had become conscious of saying that sort of thing to tempt the smile. "Oh, I'll take the risk."

CHAPTER VII

The Deed in Trust

Her little gasoline-driven caras though a jeweler had made it—was waiting for them under the canopy beside the house, when they went out. She delayed a moment to ask Alan to let down the windows; the sky was still clear,

WHERE OUR READERS LIVE



MRS. MARY GALLERY, EATON RAPIDS, LIVES HERE. This is the view you get of the buildings and yard of the farm of Subscriber Mary Gallery, of Eaton Rapids, as you turn off the road into the driveway.

and the sunshine had become almost warm, though the breeze was sharp and cold. As the car rolled down the drive, and he turned for a long look past her toward the lake, she watched his expres-

It's like a great shuttle, the ice there," she commented, "a monster shuttle nearly three hundred miles long. All winter it moves back and forth across the lake, from east to west and from west to east as the winds change, blocking each shore half the time and forcing the winter boats to fight it always."

"The gulls go opposite to it, I suppose, sticking to open water."

The gulls? That depends upon the weather. 'Sea-gull, sea-gull,' " she quoted, " 'sit on the sand; It's never fair weather when you're on the land.' "
Alan started a little. "What was that?" he asked. It's like a great shuttle, the ice there,"

(Continued in Feb. 28th issue.)

Harry Vetch Says

GETTING 'ROUND A CHICKEN SUPPER

EAR EDITOR: -Today one the neighboars says to me, Well are you going to the chicken pie supper which the women are hav-ing at the church tonight. Well, I answered back, Ma and all the knives and forks will be at the church, and if I don't go there will be just me and bread and milk and some preserves at home. Even if there was plenty of grub it would have to be something I could eat with a spoon

And besides that, I wouldn't be liv-ing up to my repetition as a business ing up to my repetition as a business farmer if I neglected a chanct to get for 35c chicken pie to the amount of 75c of a \$1, and cream potatos, current jelly, home made dill pickles, angle food cake and ice cream thrown in too boot, not counting a paper plate and being waited on by the prettiest girls in Michigan, even if their hair is barbered like an idle from King Tuts tomb. from King Tuts tomb.

Will, he says, when a lot of pious, hard-working women and lofty minded girls, including your own wife which is and always was too good for you, go to all that work to earn enough money to put down a new carpet where your heels were but your knees should have been, it dont come well from you to be little there efforts with so much sourcasm.

Now hold on, says I, you do me a rank in justice if you think I aint religus just because my knees aint so limber as yours. For some three years now I been living mostly by faith, carrying on in hope, and no ways to proud to make use of charity anywheres near home, whether it begins there or not. And if a chicken pie supper aint charity its at least a bargain sale with values bigger than advertised.

The first church work I ever did as a small child was catching three or four hens and dig a peck of spuds which my mother had been allowed to give to the church supper because they didn't cost farmers anything. Another favorite contribution which didn't cost anything was a 5 lb roll of butter and a gallon of cream. The town women done their part too chipping in a pound of coffee, a clean apron and the lone of a cut glass vace for some flours.

The chicken pie supper is a round about way of getting a little some-thing from a man who aint got enough common decency to fork over his share of the cost of running the thing which is the fountain head of what we call our glorious American institutions, and which spills over and soaks into the unchurched enough to make passable neighbors of them. By the watering of his By the watering of his mouth such a man gives 35c to the church and a \$1 to the heathen.

Where does the \$1 for the heathen come in, he asks. And I told him the \$1 going to the heathen is the vicwhich gives him trouble in reaching his shoe strings after he gets home. Well, says he, huffy like,

don't you believe in church suppers.
And I said, which is a fact, that as
a business proposition church suppers is a short cut to bankrupture, but as a way to make the unregener-ate and back sliders rattle the church door knob there aint nothing like it

ever been invented.

And now Mr. Editor I got to put on my Sunday clothes and not forget to put a paper with a little soda in the vest pocket before I take Ma and the knives and forks and the hot biscuits to the supper.—Yours truely, HARRY VETCH.

a New U.S.

Trade Your Old WE have made special arrangements with our dealers so that you can trade in your old cream separator (any make) towards a brand new U. S. Separator of the latest design. This is a rare chance to save money. Call on your dealer at once, Show him this advertisement.

United States Separator

A worn-out cream separator is like a hole in your pocket — money is con-

stantly being lost. The saving in cream will soon pay for a new close-skimming United States Separator—the kind that's been famous for a generation—now better than ever before. Made by a company which has made Cream Separators successfully since 1895.

The United States established the World's Record for clean skimming at the Pan-American Exposition. It has since been still further improved. The U. S. Disc Bowl is so finely fitted that the discs can be assembled in any order—a great convenience in skimming. The U. S. Separator turns easily at low speed—42 to 48 r.p.m. Honestly made throughout. Write us at Chicago or Bellows Falls telling the size and make of your present separator; we'll send full particulars.

VERMONT FARM MACHINE CORP., Dept. A, Bellows Falls, Vermont Toledo, Ohio Joliet, Ill. 6151 Greenwood Ave., Chicago, Ill. Warehouses: Portland, Ore. Salt Lake City, Utah Oakland, Cal. Minneapolis, Minn.

No. 27 U.S. Other Sizes with

Announcing the Formation of the Michigan Business Farmer Piano Club

IN announcing the Michigan Business Farmer Piano Club, we believe we are offering something of real benefit to the readers of this publica-tion. This is the first time that individuals have been given the opportunity of dealing direct with this well-known factory—the world's greatest.

Saves Members from \$90 to \$140

This Club, which is limited to one hundred, entitles the This Club, which is limited to one hundred, entitles the member to purchase a high-grade, fully guaranteed Cable-made Piano at rockbottom factory price. The saving ranges from \$90 to \$140, depending on the model selected. Either a Baby Grand, Upright or Player-Piano may be had under the Club Plan. This saving is made possible by combining the Club's entire order, although each member is responsible only for his own instrument.

Thirty Days' FREE Trial **Easy Payments**

The Club requires only a small initia Ideposit. The instrument selected is immediately shipped to the member's home by prepaid freight for thirty days' free trial. If satisfactory, the balance is paid in convenient monthly payments to suit the purchaser. Otherwise the Piano is returned at the expense of the Factory, with no further obligation on the part of the member. The Club guarantee of the part of the member. antees your absolute satisfaction.

Nationally Known Pianos of Highest Quality

The instruments offered under the Club Plan are the products of the Cable Piano Company—world's greatest manufacturers of Quality Pianos and Inner-Players. This\$8,000,000 company, now in its 45th successful year, is too well known to need comment. Cable-made instruments are in use in every part of the United States, as well as in many foreign lands. They are highly recommended by professional musicians, artists and piano teachers everywhere. Hundreds of leading schools, colleges, clubs and institutions use Cable-made Pianos exclusively.

A Summary of the Club Benefits

- Factory prices—save \$90 to \$140.
 30 Days' Free Trial, with absolute guarantee of
- satisfaction.
- A special plan of easy time payments. The factory pays all the freight.
- Free and full cancellation of debt if buyer dies. Exchange privilege within a year with full credit.
- Choice of very latest models in Grand, Upright
- 8. Long-time warranty against defects.

Write to Club Manager for Full Details

Readers who wish to take advantage of the Club saving are urged to send immediately for full details of the Club Plan, descriptions of the instruments, special Club prices, terms, etc. Write or fill in the coupon at the right and mail it direct to the Club Manager.

These beautiful Pianos are offered under the Club Plan at

Savings of from \$90 to \$140

Player. Piano

Club Plan Saves \$135

Anyone can play any and all kinds of music as well as the best mu-sicians, without study or practice. Also plays by hand as any good Piano. Has latest ex-pression controls and improvements.

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Strictly a quality Grand. Deep, rich tone. Elegantly finished genuine mahogany. Will last a lifetime and retain its tonal beauty. A Grand you cannot help but admire.

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An honestly-built, high-grade instrument. Won-derful tone quality. Sturdy construction throughout. Will last a lifetime. Every part the best. Elegant case in rich mahogany. A Piano you'll be proud to own.



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Cable Building Chicago

Write today or send the coupon below for details of Club Plan.

Chicago Factory Riese send ful details of the Plant L. Dright L. Player L. Grand

Please send ful details of the Plant L. Dright L. Player L. Grand

Name.

Michigan Business Farmer Piano Club Dept.

Cable Building

Chicago



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is about the most economical package of building material you can buy, for it takes only 1 part of ALPHA CEMENT to 2 to 2 1-2 parts of sand and 4 to 5 parts of stone or gravel to make the most substantial and permanent home, yard, farm or business-place improvements.

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Call on him

Make Your Roofs Last a Lifetime!

Positively that! The wonderful Scal-Tite method renews, preserves, and makes your old, wornout roofs wa-tertight. One appli-cation lasts flyears. Write today for this great money-saving



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Write out all about this weaderful way of we'll make you an offer so liberal, so clear, so surprisingly unprecedented that you simply MUST take advantage of it at ones. Don't wait for rain to remind you that your roof leaks. Write FODAY i Monarch Paint Co. Bett Mahed 1909 Cleveland, O.

ITS FULL IMPORT

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Scott's Emulsion

nourishes and strengthens the weakened body. If your resistance is weak you need Scott's Emulsion. Try it. Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J. 24-39

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TELL YOUR-FRIENDS ABOUT IT!

Croup



No longer causes alarm

WHEN the child seems croupy in the evening apply Vicks over throat and chest. It usually averts a night attack. If croup comes on without warning, use of Vicks often brings relief in 15 minutes eases rough breathing, subdues the brassy cough. Vicks is ideal for all children's cold troubles—it avoids so much dosing. Just as good for grown-ups' colds, and for cuts, burns bruises, stings and skin itchings

Write to Vick Chemical Co., Box 273 Greensboro, N. C., for a test sample



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The Children's

EAR girls and boys:-"Shall we have a motto, colors and a pin?" I asked in our January 17th issue. Letters from you poured into my office from that date to January 31st and all declared "Yes!" So that matter is decided and now it is up to us to choose a motto, colors and that was not be a control of the state of th

what we are to have on the pin.
We will use "The Children's Hour"
as the name of the club because it is the name of our department, which is really a club and always has been although we had no pins, etc. Do you not thing it best to use this as

the name?

I want you to tell me what our motto shall be, the colors we are to use and suggest what we should have on our pin and I am going to put on a regular contest so that you will be repaid for thinking very carefully about the matter. The contest will be divided up into three classes, mot-to, colors, and suggestion on what is to be on our pin, and you may enter

all three or just one or two.

To the one, girl or boy, who sends in a motto that is chosen as the one for our club I will send \$2.00 in cash; the one to place second will receive one of our beautiful, and handy, leatherette pencil cases containing pencils and pen. First and second in the other classes will receive duplicates of the awards given for the best motto, so you have a chance of win-ning all three first or a total of \$6 in cash. And all who enter the contest will receive one of our pins as soon as they are made.

Write only on one side of the paper, give your complete name and address on each sheet, state your age, and remember the contest closes February 28th, at noon. Any letters received after that time will not be considered.—UNCLE NED.

OUR GIRLS AND BOYS

Dear Uncle Ned:—This is about the fifth time I have written the Children's Hour, and think I may still have another chance to write. I am a farmer boy fourteen years old and am in the eighth grade at school. I weigh about 100 pounds and am four feet eight inches tall, have brown eyes and hair. For pets I have a dog and two cats and have great times with them.

Will some of the members write to me? I will answer all letters.

I will mention the color of the pins, name of the club and the motto I think would probably satisfactory. Here goes!

The Motto—It's the song you sing and the smile you wear to see bright faces everywhere. The name—The Young Workers Cub. The color of the pins—Blue and Gold. Hoping these are satisfactory, I remain, Your nephew,—Stanley Rescoe, Alabaster, Michigan, Box 16.

Rescoe, Alabaster, Michigan, Box 16.

Dear Uncle Ned:—In the letter I wrote you a short time ago I asked you what the color, motto, etc., of the "Children's Hour" was. I did not know that the "Children's Hour" did not have these. You asked if we wanted a motto, colors, pins, etc. 'I for one will say yes. When you have the contest I'll try and send in my choice of colors, etc. I am sorry the M. B. F. does not come every week. Say, Uncle Ned, can we elect a president and vice president? I think that would be nice, don't you? You could pick out about six of the most active boys and girls of the Children's Hour and the boys and girls could send in their votes by letters. I think every club should have a president and vice president. Don't you? I think that if you had a contest in The Business Farmer and gave prizes to those who sent in the correct answers, that would be interesting. Say, why not have a correspondence scramble and that way the boys and girls would get a few correspondents.

Uncle Ned, did you ever hear any more from Albert Smith? I wrote him a letter.

Uncle Ned, did you ever hear any more from Albert Smith? I wrote him a letter. I just thought of another suggestion.
Could you not start a fund? By this I
mean have the boys and girls who can
send in a nickel, dime or whatever they

send in a nickel, dime or whatever they can and keep that up and after a while you would have quite a little bit of money. With this money you could help some poor children or something.

I hope this letter does not go to the waste basket and I also hope the Children's Hour has a motto, name, etc. I remain, Your friend, Reginald Hodges Route 2, Wyandotte, Michigan.

Dear Uncle Ned:—I could not disregard your invitation to come again, and so here I am.

so here I am.

Now in regard to the plan of Muriel Frey's, it would be wonderful I'm sure to have a button and it would draw us closer together and make us one big family. It has its advantages. I for one vote "yes". The idea of voting by letter

is also good. Let's have the contest soon. I'll bet that you will have a hard time picking out the winners, Uncle Ned.
Well it seems to be the ancient custom to describe one's self, but I don't think my description would be flattering. Anyway I have two eyes one nose and one

my description would be flattering. Anyway I have two eyes, one nose and one mouth just the same as any other normal human being. There! How's that?

It is a cold night tonight, but all is warm and cozy, inside. I am busy writing a book review for the semester exams, which start next week. The subject I have chosen is "The Golden Snare", by James Oliver Curwood. I suppose that you have read it. Curwood is Michigan's own author. We are going to have a sleighride and surprise party on Wednesday night. We will have a good time I'm sure.

Tomorrow morning we will all sections.

Tomorrow morning we will all see to eclipse of the sun, providing we get up in time. It will be a wonderful sight This is the first and last time that will see it, so the papers say.

We are going to take up Genera Science instead of Physical Geography is school. I'm hoping that it's as interesting as it sounds.

How is everyone getting along solving

as it sounds.

How is everyone getting along solving these crossword puzzles? I can solve some, but others are very difficult. It will certainly be a relief when they go out of style, won't it? But maybe they'll stick like bobbed hair. Well, I will close, with best wishes to all, I remain, Ever your friend,—Lillian Kent, Omer, Mich.

your friend,—Lillian Kent, Omer, Mich.

Dear Uncle Ned:—I guess Mr. Waste Basket must have gotten my other letter as I did not see it in the M. B. F. I will try and make my letter as interesting as I can. I think it is nice to have the Childrens Hour. I will describe myself. I am five feet tall, weight eighty-five pounds, dark brown hair, dark eyes and dark complexion. I am eleven years of and in the sixth grade. I live on a 90 acre farm one-quarted miles from school two miles and a half from a little tow called Marion which I will describe.

Marion has four churches, school, drustore, two hardware stores, three barbishops, postoffice, two groceries, dry good store, clothing store, two general store elevator, four cream stations, creamer, auto sales garage, two meat market harness and repair shop, saw mill, grimill, pickle station, bakery, hotel, two doctors, five halls, state bank, jail, I flowing wells (Marion is noted for the best water in the state), state par extra good race track, the Middle Brantiver runs through the heart of the cit a good trout stream, large lumber yar stock shipping association for the farmer good ball team and a good band. Maion's population is about 800. The M-goes through Marion, giving them a gor paved street.

For pets I have a dog, cats, and rabbit

goes through Marion, giving them a gorpaved street.

For pets I have a dog, cats, and rabbit I can embroider and crochet a little We drove our car the day before Chrismas. The weather has been very colbut it is warmer now. The snow is quit deep in the roads. I have no brothen nor sisters. I will be glad to have an boys or girls write to me. A want-to be niece.—Miss Gaile Price, R1, Mario Michigan.

A man had twenty sick (six) shee and one died; how many were left?—1 What is that which everybody has see but will never see again?—Yesterday. Which is the best day for making pancake?—Friday.

Which is the smallest bridge in the world?—The bridge of your nose.

What four letters would frighten thief?—O I C U.

OOKS IMPOSSIBLE PLACE FIVE MATCHES ON A PLATE FIVE PEOPLE TO E ACH. TAKE A MATCH The Solution THE LAST PERSON TAKES PLATE AND ALL

19

SPIRIT OF OPTIMISM RULES DURING FARMERS' WEEK

(Continued from Page 6)

Agriculture". This was presented by Huston Thompson, Chairman of the

Federal Trade Commission, who gave the results of his observation in most of the countries of Europe.

Mr. Thompson stated that his job as chairman of the Federal Trade Commission was to keep the channels commission was to keep the channels of trade open and to prevent any obstruction of business. He stated that Europe is fully as much concerned with organizations for cooperative buying as for cooperative marketing. One of the first obstacles which the buying co-ops, have encountered is that regular channels for purchasing have been closed to them. In other have been closed to them. In other words they have not given equal privileges with other lines of bus-

Attractive Exhibits
Visitors at the M. A. C. Farmers' Week always spend considerable time at the various exhibits which illus-trate practically every line of the farming industry. These exhibits are always attractive and interesting and, furthermore, convey much in-formation. It is said that a person remembers a large part of things which they see and so, on that basis, the exhibits form a very important part of Farmers' Week.

The college library is now housed in the splendid new structure, com-pleted last year and so several rooms in the old library building were used to house three exhibits. In the basement was the potato show. A person had only to see that exhibit to realize how attractive potatoes can be when properly selected and dis-played. The various classes in the potato show included exhibits from individual growers, from junior potato clubs, and from counties. In the the latter class Otsego county won first place and also sweepstakes.

The main floors of the old library

building were occupied by the horticultural exhibit. Although cramped for room, the exhibit was made very attractive by skillful arrangement and tasteful decoration. The cham-pion of the State Apple Show, J. Russell Braman, was a prominent winner with his apple displays.

The upper floor was used for the

grain and farm crops display. The large number of entries in this exhibit, and the quality of products, were a striking testimonial of the efficient work for better crops being done by the Michigan Crop Improvement Association.

The incubator building of the college poultry plant housed the first Michigan Egg Show. This was a striking demonstration of grading eggs and will probably be made a permanent feature of Farmers' Week.

The college armory was crowded with the dairy display. This consisted mainly of manufacturers' booths and the wares displayed attracted the attention of the dairymen, especially those engaged in the

manufacture of ice cream and butter. Exhibits of barn and house construction, farm water supply, lighting plants, engines and tractors, marl digging machinery, and other farm equipment made up the display from the Agricultural Engineering depart-ment, located in the basement of the

Agricultural building.
Prize winning horses, cattle, sheep, and hogs were shown in the different college barns. Of special interest to the visitors were the animals which gained national honors through winning at the International Livestock Exposition. Nearly every visitor was intent on seeing Pervenche, the Bel-gian mare which has won, three times, the title of Grand Champion

Belgian Mare at the International.

As a means of illustrating the other lines of work offered at the college the engineering department d a special exhibit in their build

Women's Work is Featured The Homemaker's Section is the portion of the Farmers' Week program which is devoted to the women and their work. A large number of ladies were in attendance at these meetings and expressed themselves as being delighted with the material presented. A Home Economics exhibit was also held in the new Home Economics building.

Big Parade Prominent Feature The Farmers' Week parade, where-in the college passes in review before its visitors, was held on Thursday noon. With ideal weather the (Continued on Page 31)

versic

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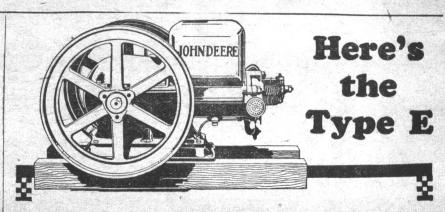
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tically no adjustments to make. Important wearing parts are hardened to resist wear-will run for years without repair expense.

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"WHAT DOES SHE SEE IN HIM?"

By Anne Campbell

When couples get engaged, they say "What does she see in him?"
Of everybody's fiance,
"What does she see in him?"

What does she see in him?

He's just an ordinary lad,

He's not too good, and not too bad—

He's not a saint, and not a cad!

"What does she see in him?"

When anybody falls in love "What does she see in him?"
"What can the girl be thinking of?" "What does she see in him?"
He isn't handsome, isn't tall;
He's much too big, he's much too small.
He'd never suit me, girls at all! What does she see in him?"

And other women's husbands! Gee! "What does she see in him?" He never would appeal to me. "What does she see in him!" He's much too thin; he's much too wide.
His type's the kind I can't abide.
How can she be so satisfied?
"What does she see in him?" (Copyright, 1924.)

QUILTS - OLD AND NEW

REN'T we all romantic enough to drift back, in fancy, with our grandmothers when they tell stories of the days that were dear to Days of the spinning wheel, weaving and quilting. They all be-long to the same period tho all have been discontinued but the quilt. has survived—is even more popular today than for the past fifty years. The return of the four-poster and period furniture creates a demand for old patchwork quilts for there is nothing that will substitute a quilt in an old time bed room—nothing that will lend the bit of old time charm like patchwork.

We all love them, don't we, but why shouldn't we when they are so homey and attractive? I have seen many that were real works of art—some it must have taken months to complete, so tiny are the stitches and so complicated the designs. While these beautiful covers were being quilted many warm friendships were formed for the quilting bee played an important part in the social life of

Wonderful patterns were created and scraps exchanged—in those days not many scraps were wasted. Bright red, green and orange were common-ly used and have faded into the softer shades in the quilts that have been handed down to this generation, but the stitches remain. Once in a while we find a small quilt made for the trundle bed, that matches the larger

one.

These heirlooms are of more than ordinary interest because of their personal association—romance, history, often hardship and I think sometimes, politics were woven into the stitches. How puzzling it must have been to supply names for the hundreds of patterns, while some are suggestive many are so far fetched they tax the imagination but we could not do half as well so give them all the credit due. Names of political parties have their place with those of the roses and tulips which are so nonvier are so popular.

On one of my jaunts last summer I visited a real treasure house. A quaint little cottage home down in Indiana with an old fashioned garden hemmed in by a picket fence. It looks the true home of a quilt lover. Nineteen quilts were brought from their resting places — some pieced years ago-some recently for my hostess still pieces and quilts during the winter, says she loves them and her work shows it. The quilting is

exquisite. If you have an old quilt hidden away bring it out and use it for your bedroom is not complete without one. If you do not have one why not reproduce one? We have so many attractive old patterns that are easy to make and the fast color ginghams which can be procured work with so the work is quite fas-cinating. The quilt has come to stay -it matters not what style bed you have you must have at least one-

old or reproduced. The Dutch Rose or Unknown Star as it is sometimes called, is a good old pattern and one of the favorites with the early quilters but this is not surprising for it is a striking design made in one color with white or two colors with white. Alternate the eight diamonds that form the center dark and light or plain and figured material—the eight with the sharp points in the next row, dark and the rest light, the squares white. Joined

The Farm Home A Department for the Women

Edited by MRS. ANNIE TAYLOR

DEAR FOLKS: Some time ago, I read an article on the daily habits of the average American child at the age of eleven years and I know certain facts in this article, based on the findings of a survey of 86 cities of 40,000 to 70,000 people, will interest you. For instance the child goes to bed at four minutes of nine. He gets up at five minutes of seven, having had ten hours and nine minutes of sleep. He eats a substantial breakfast of cereal, bread and butter and an egg. During the day he drinks 1.4 glasses of milk. In seven days he takes one bath. He brushes his teeth five days out of seven and goes to the dentist once every two years.

you have a youngster of at age compare the above atements with the facts in Our case.

Address letters: Mrs. Annie Taylor, care The Business Farmer, Mt. Clemens, Michigan. If you have a youngster of that age compare the above statements with the facts in your case.

with white blocks marked for feather wreath quilting. The border of plain wreath quilting. The border of plain white between will make a pleasing

Nearly one hundred years ago in the state of Ohio a wonderfully pretty quilt was made with the Pilot's wheel and an old floral design but the Pilot's wheel alone makes a good simple pattern. The circle in soft green, the fans or leaves in Pink and yellow or pink and green.

For those who prefer the applique designs there is none more effective than the Wild Rose. The red and yellow roses or roses all one color with the green leaves and stems-the centers of the roses done in French knots instead of prints, will give a new idea. Join the blocks solid to form a vine continuously over the bed. Two by two and one half yards large enough for the ordinary quilt.

In cutting blocks for pieced or ap plique quilts it is best to cut a card board pattern and lay on the material to draw around then draw the required number of pieces before starting to cut. This will insure more perfect patches also warn if there is a shortage of material. I think perhaps we have all had some experience in trying to match colors.

The exact amount cannot be given for there are different ways to join and a variety of borders. The best way to determine the amount required for a quilt is to take the number of square inches required for each color in one block and multiply it by the number of blocks, allowing for the border.—Carlie Sexton.

(Editor's Note:—I can supply you with patterns of the quilt blocks shown with article for 20c each, Address your orders:
Mrs. Annie Taylor, The Business Farmer, Mt. Clemens, Michigan.)

MANY a farm housewife has longto give variety to the menu in the summer. Fresh meat is expensive to buy in small quantities the year round and many farm homes are situated considerable distance

from a butcher shop.

The discovery of the canning process for meats has solved this problem for the farmer's wife. Now, by killing in the winter when the possibility of spoilage is small, a supply can be canned for summer use that will be ready to serve at a moment's notice. Too many homemakers think that the best way to can meat is to put it into the cans raw and process it the required length of time. The only product that can possibly result from this method is "boiled meat". A better way, according to home economics extension specialists at South Dakota State College, is to consider first what you want to serve when the cans are opened, for the product taken from the cans will be no better than what you put into

them. repare the meat as you want to serve it for the table. Cook it about two-thirds done. Add the gravy when you open the can for serving later on. There is so much serving later on. fresh meat at the time of butchering, it is a good plan to can the choicest and consume immediately that which is harder to can.

The hot water bath is not the most satifactory method for canning meats. The steam pressure cooker gives better results and there is less chance of spoilage. Here are the steps in the hot water bath method of canning meats:

Place a wash boiler with tight fit-ting cover on the stove, with suffi-cient water to cover the jars one or two inches. Have the water boiling and provide an extra supply of hot water to use for filling up the boiler as the water evaporates. Use either a wooden rack, a metal rack or in-dividual jar holders for keeping the jars off the bottom of the boiler. Lower the jars into the boiler as they are filled, topped and ready to pro-Put on the boiler cover so that it fits as steam tight as possible and keep water boiling continuously during the processing period. Begin to count time when water starts to boil. Seal the jars immediately, invert to cool, if possible, and store in a cool

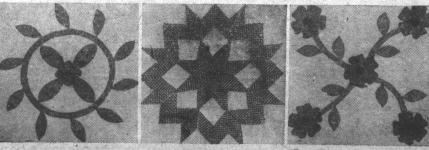
place.

The best results are obtained in canning meats with the steam pressure cooker because a higher temperature can be secured than with the water bath. The ten quart capacity cooker will hold three one quart jars or two one quart and one two quart jars. Larger cookers may be pur-

chased. The twelve quart is proba-bly the right size for a family of five. The procedure in canning meats by the steam pressure cooker method is as follows: Place the rack in the bottom of the cooker and add water to the top of the rack but do not cover. Place the filled jars of meat as they are ready for processing on the rack in the cooker. When the cooker is filled, screw the cover into position, fastening the opposite clamps until the cover is tight. Close the safety valve and see that the exhaust is open to allow the escape of the cold air until the steam begins to appear. Close exhaust and begin to count time when the hand on the dial indicates the desired temperature and pressure.

Hold a uniform pressure until the end of the processing period. When using an oil stove it is necessary to turn the blaze down. When using a cook stove. the steam pressure cook er can be moved to the back or one side and still maintain the required pressure. The main point is to keep the pressure regular. Changes in pressure from 10 pounds to 15 pounds and back will effect the pres-sure on the inside of the jars so that the juice may be drawn out.

Remove the steam pressure cook-



Three of the quilt block designs mentioned. Left, Pilot's Wheel, center, Dutch Bose or Unknown Star; right, Wild Rose.

er from the fire when the processing period is finished. Allow the cooker to stand in a cool place unopened until the hand on the dial indicates zero. It may be necessary to wait three or four minutes after the cooker registers zero before opening the cooker. Don't wait too long. Open the exhaust gradually until all of the steam escapes and seal jars immediately.

Personal Column

Will You Help?-Dear Readers:-Our editor has asked for help to make our page better during 1925. How many are responding and helping her? She has

editor has asked for help to make our page better during 1925. How many are responding and helping her? She has tried in every way to get you interested.

When she offers you slipper, quilt and other patterns, do you enclose a stamp for postage? It may seem a small matter to you, but if she mails out one hundred patterns would cost her \$2.00 besides envelopes and paper. We all have ideas that would be helpful to others, why not send them in? Our rural carriers are very good and come to us every day, why not try and help them too. When mailing letters or packages and you have no stamps on hand, put your pennies in an old envelope, then he can easily get them, instead of fumbling in the mail box after them. Also get money order blanks and have them all written up for him, as his fingers get cold and numb doing such work. He will appreciate it.—Farmerette.

A Bachelor's Idea of Buckwheat Pan-Cakes.—I saw in a recent issue of The Business Farmer a request for buckwheat cakes and it was answered by a party telling how to make them with baking powder. Now my idea there is the only way to make good ones you must use yeast.

Dissolve yeast cake in warm water to each cup of buckwheat flour use ½ cup off white flour add salt and one spoon sugar. Let rise over night. Next morning add ½ cup skimmed milk to which has been added. ½ teaspoon soda. I use all skimmed milk. Leave enough batter to set for the next time. Keep batter in cool place but not too cold. Don't throw out the old batter every week or so as some do and start new, the older the batter gets the better it is. I got this recipe out of The Business Farmer two years ago and believe me I have used it.—J. W. M., Turner, Mich.

A Household Hint.—Cut the inner tubes of automobile tires lengthwise and use same for elastics or for elastic in the top of bloomers. Sew the rubber strips together as you would any kind of elastic, using needle and thread.—J. D:

A Household Hint.—In place of a piece of pork for a griddle greaser you will find a chunk of tallow satisfactory as there is less smoke from it.—Mrs. Alva P. Halvas P. Hakes.

—if you are well bred!

Introduction Taboo .- 1. Asking a lady

Introduction Taboo.—1. Asking a lady whether she has met a gentleman when introducing him.

2. Saying: "Mr. Grey, I want you to know Mrs. Coutant"; "Mr. Grey, let me make you acquainted with Mr. Morton"; "Mr. Grey meet Mrs. Coutant"; "Mr. Morton, shake hands with Mr. Grey."

3. Asking the person to whom you have been introduced what his or her name (which you have not caught) may be. A third person should be asked.

3. Employing the widely used but vulgarian phrases of acknowledgment: "Delichted," "Grey and acknowledgment: "Delichted," "Grey acknowledgment "Delichted," "Grey acknowledgment: "Delichted," "Grey acknowledgment "Delichted," "Delichted," "Grey acknowledgment "Delichted," "Deli

garian phrases of acknowledgment: "De-lighted," "Charmed," "Honored, I'm sure," "Pleased to meet (or the still more dreadful, "to know") you".

5. Interrupting an interesting conver-sation between two persons to introduce a third.

6. Reminding a parson Applied

a third.

6. Reminding a person to whom you have been introduced and who has forgotten you, that you have already met.

7. Using the expression "My friend" in introducing one person to another. It implies preference, which is ill-bred.

8. The carelessly and indistinctly uttered introduction.

9. Introducing a departing visitor to one who is arriving.

one who is arriving.

10. Asking for letters of introduction: they must always be offered.

The Runner's Bible

(Copyright by Houghton Mifflin Co.)

How beautiful upon the mountain are the feet of him that bringeth good things, that publisheth peace, that bringeth good tidings of good, that publisheth salvation, that saith unto Zion, Thy God reigneth

that saith unto Zion, Thy God reigneth.—Isa. 52:7.

Be sure that you carry happiness and glad tidings about with you. If in a solemn and serious manner you say to a man, "Let me prepare you to die that you may live after death," you will hardly be able to get his attention. But if, with enthusiasm you tell him that you have good news for him, that it is possible for him to have perfect health, to be prosperous and happy here upon this earth, he will eagerly listen for every word. Man longs for help, he wants it now—for to-day.

RECIPES

Victory Cake.—1 cup butter, 2 cups sugar, 4 eggs, 1 cup milk, 3 cups flour, 2 heaping teaspoonfuls baking powder. Flavor with vanilla. Bake in three large

Gream Filling.—1 cup sugar, 1/3 cup flour, ½ teaspoon salt, 2 eggs. Beat all together then pour on gradually 2 cups scalded milk. Cook until thickened, stirring constantly. Flavor. When cool put between layers.—H. W., Reese Mich.

Johnny Cake.—1 heaping tablespoon butter or lard, ½ cup sugar, 3 egg yolks, 1¼ cups sweet milk, ¾ cup corn meal, 2 cups pastry flour, 5 teaspoonfuls baking powder, 1 teaspoonful salt, 3 egg whites, beaten dry. Cream the butter and sugar, beat in the yolks, add the milk, cornmeal, flour and baking powder sifted. Then the whites of eggs. Bake in well-greased pan about twenty-five minutes. Sometimes I use buttermilk or sour milk instead of sweet milk. This can be done by adding one-half teaspoonful soda into the milk and omit the teaspoon of baking powder.—H. W., Reese, Michigan.

Layer Cake.—1 cup sugar, 2 eggs beaten in a cup, add 10 teaspoonfuls melted butter, finish filling cup with sweet milk, 1% cups flour, 2 teaspoonfuls baking powder, seasoning to suit taste. Bake in layers. This is always good.—Mrs. Thomas Eddy.

Salmon Salad .- Here is another experi-

salmon Salad.—Here is another experiment I made which was a success. I keep a few cans of salmon in my emergency cupboard and here is a quick simple way to transform a salmon into a salad. Put three or four of yesterday's eggs to boil, as fresh ones do not peel easily. Prepare a dressing this way. In a quart basin mix thoroughly 2 teaspoons sugar, I level teaspoon ground mustard and 2 rounding teaspoons corn starch. Into rounding teaspoons corn starch. Into this stir 1 cup sweet cream of 1 cup sweet milk and a lump of butter. Boil, stirring well, until the right consistency. Add 1 teaspoon salt and 1 tablespoon good vinegar. Open salmon, drain, remove bones, break—not flake—into small portions, empty into a salad bowl, garnishd with lettuce leaves—when possible. Slice eggs over salmon and pour on the dressing. By flaking the salmon and mincing the eggs this makes a very palatable spread for sandwiches.—B. O. R., Breckenridge, Michigan.

HOMESPUN YARN

Canned fruits—pineapple, pears, or peaches—are excellent in salads.

When meat is selected for real food and vitamin value, the kidney, liver and sweetbread end of the counter will be as popular as the roast sections.

"The improved acre must yield not only corn but civilization, not only potatoes but culture, not only wheat but effective manhood."—Kenyon L. Butterfield.

Enjoy this fall's apples next spring; bulletin E 88 of the state college of agriculture tells how to preserve them. A self-addressed post-card brings it.

Every home should have a kitchen high stool; a satisfactory one may be bought for two or three dollars or made from a child's high chair by removing the arms and book

Egg plant has become more popular with many housewives since cooks have decided that it isn't necessary to bother with soaking it in salt water and pressing the juice before it is cooked.

Aunt Ada's Axioms: Electricity in the home will shorten any woman's day and lengthen her days.

WOMEN'S EXCHANGE

F you nave something to exchange, we will print it FREE under this heading providing: First—It appeals to women and is a bonifide exchanges, no cash involved. Second—It will in three lines Third—You are a ald-up subscriber to The Business Farmer and attach your address label from a recent issue to prove the Exchange offers will be numbered and inserted in the order received as we have room.—MRS. ANNIE TAYLOR. Editor.

No. 123.—Lovely percale, gingham, sateen and and plush quilt pieces to exchange for anything useful.—Mrs. Geo. Morgan, Vicksburg, Mich., R3.

DRESSING AIDS TO GOOD

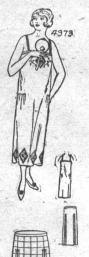
BE SURE AND SEND IN YOUR SIZE

4937. A Practical Popular Underwear Style.—Batiste, cambric, satin, crepe, radium silk or crepe de chine may be used for this model. It may also be made of dress materials, such as faille, satin, velvet or flannel, and worn under a tunic. The Pattern is cut in 4 Sizes: Small, 34-36; Medium, 38-40; Large, 42-44; Extra Large, 46-48 inches bust measure. A Medium size requires 2 % yards of 36 inch material.

4983. A Stylish Desugn for "Stout" Figures.—Faile, broadcloth or satin as well as crepe and crepe satin would be suitable for this model. The Pattern is cut in 8 Sizes: 36½, 38½, 40½, 42½, 44½, 46½, 48½, and 50½ inches for corresponding bust measure, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52 and 54 inches, waist measure, 33, 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45 and 47 inches. A 42 inch size bust measure requires 4½ yards of 40 inch material, with % yard of contrasting material for facings and collar, cut crosswise. The width of the dress at the foot is 1% yard.

4950. A Pleasing Skirt Model.—Plaid suiting twill, or charmeen would be attractive for this style. The Pattern is cut in 7 Sizes: 25, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35 and 37 inches waist measure, with corresponding hip measure, 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45 and 47 inches. To make the skirt for a 29 inch size requires 3½ yards of 40 inch material. The width at the foot is 2½ yards.

4374. A Pretty Blouse.—Faille, silk or satin, with embroidery or contrasting material would be pleasing for this model. It is also good for crepe, crepe de chine or linen. The Pattern is cut in 6 Sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust measure. A 38 inch size requires 3½ yards of 32 inch plain material, and ½ yard of contrasting material, if made as illustrated in the large view. Without the long sleeve portions 3½ yards of plain material is required.



4950

4983. A Dainty Apron Frock.—Cretonne and unbleached muslin are combined in this pretty more than the conduction of the c

4979. "One Piece Rompers"—A very simple practical style is here portrayed. It may be made with or without sleeves. Figured percale, gligham-or linen could be used for this model. The Pattern is cut in 4 Sizes: 2, 4, 6 and 8 years. A 4 year size, if made with sleeves, requires 2 yards of 27 inch material. Without sleeves it requires \$\frac{1}{2}\$ yards. Without sleeves it requires \$\frac{1}{2}\$ yard.

4978. A Comfortable Play Suit.—Jersey weaves, flamnel or serge as well as linen or chambray may be used for this style. The Pattern is cut in 3 Sizes: 2, 4 and 6 years. A 4 year size requires 2½ yards of 27 inch material, 12 flande as illustrated it will require 2 yards of 27 inch material and ½ yard of contrasting material for vestee, collar and cuffs.

5000. A New Dress for Mother's Girl.—This pretty "frock" may serve as a party or dance frock if developed with short sleeves, or with long sleeves it will make a good school dress. The Pattern is cut in 4 Sizes: 6, 8, 10 and 12 years. A 10 year size requires 2 % yards of 32 inch material if made with long sleeves. If made as shown in the large view 2 % yards will be required.

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Mt. Clemens, Mich.









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as good as the first. Save time, money and materials by using the perfect leavener-



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CROSS-WORD PUZZLE NO. 8

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SUGGESTIONS FOR SOLVING CROSS-WORD PUZZLES

Start out by filling in the words of which you feel reasonably sure. These will give clue to other words crossing them, and they in turn to still others. A letter believe words starting at the numbered squares and running either horizoni vertically or both.

1.—Place where farmers keep the horse
 Tool used by farmers to tap trees What farmers say to oxen to guide then Foreign noblemen
12.—Male of sheep 14.—Went fast 15.—Sprightly
16.—To grow old 17.—Percleve 20.—Sweetheart
22.—Expert aeroplane operator in the war 24.—A reddish fish
25.—Unit for money 26.—Royal Arcanum 27.—Initials for name of a famous President
28.—One who slides 30.—To blet out; erase
32.—United States Navy 33.—Appeal; hint 34.—Bright color
35.—A large tub or vessel 38.—Bruises
41.—Female sheep 43.—Period 44.—Squeeze hard
45.—What makes a flivver go 46.—Something which affords great pleasure 47.—Used to move logs on the fireplace

1.—Ocean 2.—Half a score
3.—Meadow
4.—Marsh of fen
5.—Associated together
6.—Employ
7.—Period of time
8.—An old cloth
9.—Uncut hay
11.—Rhode Island
13.—13.—Instrument to measure gas, etc.
18.—Foreign noblemen
19.—Pure liquid part of oil or fat
20.—The one who bets wrong
21.—Tramp; traveller 22.—Change
23.—Bill of fare
28.—Pleasant in manner
29.—Sharp reply
30.—Hate
31.—Rims
36.—Knack
37.—Black sticky fluid
38.—Mineral spring
39.—Second note of the scale
40.—Steamship Oregon

42.—Part of the verb 'to be

The answer to this puzzle will appear in the next issue. Also, we will have another puzzle

THE ELEMENTS MOST NEEDED IN MICHIGAN SOIL

(Continued from Page 11)

Fortunately God has given us a very large amount of this element in every acre of our soil. It runs as high as ten to thirty times as much as the other elements but in most cases it is locked up in such a way that it is not always available for the use of

In the analysis of Michigan soil we see the different types of soil running as follows:

1 acre of soil	Nitro- gen	Phos- phorus	Pot- ash
Prairie	4.000	1,000	30,000
Clay Loam		1,500	35,000
Sand		1,000	25,000
Blow Sand		1,000	2,500

This table gives the total amount of the elements we are talking about in an acre; how much of these are an acre; now much of these are available to plants depends on the amount of humus, water and the cultivation of these soils. We see that the prairie and clay soils are the best producers in nearly all cases because they have the most plant food in they have the most plant food in them. If you want to grow better crops you must add to your food supply in your soil just as surely as you must deposit funds in your bank if you wish to draw on the account from time to time. The question now arises can one afford to take the steps necessary to build up his soil under the present economic condi-tions and the answer is yes for peo-ple are doing it daily and making good too, but one must know some-thing of what must be done.

There is not need of one to make his own experiments as that already has been done for him but he must be willing to try and keep a close check on what he is doing. He must learn that to succeed he must in-

crease the humus content of his soil in every possible way for one may have a very rich soil chemically but on account of the lack of humus and soil moisture he cannot make these chemicals fit for plant use. One must bear in mind that food for a plant must be soluble before a plant can use it.

In this article we have mentioned three of the most important elements in plant growth in which the farmer must interest himself. Carbon, Magnesium, Calcium, Iron, Sulphur and the rest we do not need to worry about on Michigan soils. In summing up this article let us remember that nitrogen phosphorus and notach that nitrogen, phosphorus and potash are the elements we must increase and keep in balance if we are to better the conditions. ter the conditions of our farms. Also the consuming public must be educated to the point that for every bushel of wheat or anything else we sell we are taking off and out of our farm, potash, phosphorus, and nitro-gen and it must be replaced if our farm is to be as good as before.

ANSWER TO CROSS-WORD PUZZLE NO. 7









A FARM BOY IN THE LAND OF THE FLYING DUTCHMEN (Continued from Page 4)

We arrive; there is no one to meet us; we do not know the names of the hotel; we cannot phone our reception committee for we do not know their names; we are seven stranded Americans in an Amsterdam big .city. There were porters in all the directions mentioned in the Charge of the Light Brigade and each one was explaining it all to us—but all in

-"Well, boys, it looks like we're in Dutch for sure", said Colonel Cobb, the leader of our party. We hunted up the station master who knew the beginnings of a few dozen words of English

English.

"Americain, yea! Today. Yesterday. Whole day. Tell me. Americano go hotel. Hotel Europe. Holland man he say"—and several yards more with every now and then a word that we could identify. We concluded that our reception committee had been meeting previous mittee had been meeting previous station master to direct us to the Hotel Europe. He pointed to the street cars lined up in the street and held up three fingers. Ah, car number three, no doubt. We started with our baggage. A dozen porters dashed after us protesting mightily. We waded through them and the street car conductor delivered us a wonderful oration in Dutch refused. wonderful oration in Dutch, refused to let us board the car and pointed vigorously at our baggage the while. We couldn't understand him but the doctor said that he was telling us to 'get to Amsterdam out of here", or words to that effect. Again the porters surged upon us, and then a policeman came to the rescue.

The policeman explained in fair English that that street car would take us right past the Hotel Europe—pronounced with a fine large accent on the last syllable—but, of course, we could not ride on a street car and carry our own suitcases! We were always learning something which everyone else knew and supposed that we did too. Carrying a suitcase on a street car in Holland is one of the many things that is not done—and why shouldn't we know

We finally learned that the hotel was only a five minute walk from the station anyway and so we picked out a small detachment of porters with their pushcarts from the fleet that had us bottled up, mowed away our baggage on the carts and told the porters to lead the way to the hotel.

A Push Cart Caravan
They certainly did lead out!
Whether these Flying Dutchmen were simply going to show us Americans, who have such a reputation for always being in such a hurry, that they were just as fast as we were or whether they were trying to steal our baggage and run away with it has never been entirely settled in the minds of our party, to this day. We often discussed it later. I know that I earned another stripe on the sleeve of my varsity track sweater in trying to keep up with that push cart caravan. Down the middle of the street we went clattering along over those round, uneven cobble stones shouting encouragements to each other to keep in sight of the baggage at any cost. at any cost.

We made it! At the hotel door I was detailed to buy the baggage back from the porters. I had to pay them for each piece and then tip them for each piece besides. The desk clerk could speak good English; our rooms had been reserved and he would phone to our host that we had arrived. A bite to eat, a shave, and a clean collar are all that any man needs to re-establish is his core wind. needs to re-establish in his own mind any feeling of personal satisfaction with himself that may have been temporarily dissipated. We indulged in those rites, met our hosts, mapped program for the next day and called it a perfect day.

The dog drawn milk carts, the man power push carts, and swarms of bicycles, and pedestrians leave little-room for the automobiles —and the boats—that ply up and down the narrow streets of Amsterdam, and other cities in Holland as well. I mention the boats because a system of canals is woven around through the city and these are full boats, decayed vegetables, mosquitoes. A dead cat floating about prominetatly in one canal sharpened my imagination as to what (Continued on Page 26)





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Kow-Kare contains the medicinal properties to build up the genital and digestive organs to top notch vigor. A slight investment to assist nature

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IMPROVING THE AVERAGE DAIRY COW

DAIRY COW

DAIRY statistics show there is approximately 23,000,000 milk cows on the 6,500,000 farms of this country. They also show the average yearly production of butterfat to be less than 160 pounds per cow. The average annual yield of milk per cow in the Netherlands is in round numbers 8,000 pounds. In the United States the aver-

LEO C. REYNOLDS Shiawassee County Farmer.

States the average milk cow produces about 4,000 pounds or about one-half of the yearly production of her sister coun-

Improving the milk yield power of the power dairy average dairy cow to a marked extent means increase pro-duction temporarily, but ultimaltey assurance of larger and more profi-

It is the opinion of some authorities that one-fifth of tion. dairy dairy authorities that one-fifth of the dairy cows of this country could be marketed and within a per-iod of one half score years under in-telligent management the balance bred and fed would produce sufficient dairy products to meet all the imme-diate needs of our rapidly increas-ing nopulation

ing population.
Improving the productive qualities of the average dairy cow necessitates intelligent selection, breeding and feeding of dairy animals. Success is unattainable without coherence to the basic principles of profitable production. So closely allied is good breeding and proper feeding of milk cows that either one without the oth-

er will not insure success.

My experience in the dairy business covering more than twenty-five years conclusively demonstrates to me that good foundation stock is the first essential to start improvement upon. Improving the milk yielding power of the average dairy cow is at best a slow skillful intelligent undertaking involving thorough study of the laws of breeding, selection and feeding of dairy cows.

It must be recognized that the th must be recognized that the larger majority of dairymen desiring to improve the milk producing qualities of their cows must start with the cows they now own. With this fact established I believe in a rigid process. Inferior bred and low productive cover must be replaced, with her tive cows must be replaced with better individuals. There is nothing to be gained and a whole lot lost in attempting to improve cows of inferior

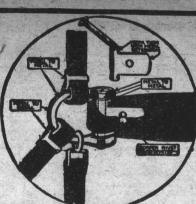
breeding and type.

In the process of improving my herd I select the cows that meet as near as possible the requirements of the typical dairy type. I select large cows giving evidence of strong con-stitution. I want cows that are greedy and that are good feeders. Cows of good appetite that take their ration regularly. I select the cows that possess the capacity to consume large quantities of feed as large production can not be attained without large consumption.

Proper feeding of dairy cows to de-

velop their capacity to yield increase milk production is a very essential factor and I consider it second only to good breeding and selection. I want every cow I own to have a fair chance. Good breeding can only return its maximum results when backed up by proper feeding. The dairy-man must compound his own ration from feeds grown upon the farm and from those that can be purchased at reasonable cost. I want the concentrates to form at least 60 per cent of the entire ration. Corn silage and clover and alfalfa hay I find is the best roughage to form the bulk of the ration.

I know of no other method of determining the productive capacity of milk cows than to conduct individual tests. A great many dairymen hesitate on starting testing their cows fearing it is a hard and tedious This I know from experience is not true. Regular weighing and tabulating the regular daily milk production of the herd does not involve but a moment's time. The testing of the milk for fat percentage is a short job. It has been my experience that



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Splint, Curb, Side Bone, or similar troubles and gets horse going sound. It acts mildly but quickly and good results are lasting. Does not blister or remove the hair and horse can be worked. Page 17 in pamphlet with each bottle tells how. \$2.50 a bottle delivered. Horse Book 9 R free. ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Painful Swellings, Enlarged Glands, Wens, Bruises, Varicose Veins; heals Sores. Allays Pain. Will tell you more if you write. \$1.25 a bottle at dealers or delivered. Liberal trial bottle for 10c stamps. W. F. YOUNG, Inc., 369 Lyman St., Springfield, Mass. W. F. YOUNG, Inc., 369 Lyman St., Springfield, Mass

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Wear the Brooks Appliance, the modern scientific invention which gives rupture sufferers immediate relief. It has no obnoxious springs or pads. Automatic Air Cushions bind and draw together the broken parts. No salves or plasters. Durable. Cheap, Sent on trial to prove its worth. Beware of imitations. Look for trade-mark bearing portrait and signature of C. E. Brooks which appears on every Appliance. None other genuine. Full information and booklet free in plain sealed envelope.

BROOKS APPLIANCE CO., 287A STATE ST., MARSHALL, MICH.



testing a dairy herd to determine their individual performance is an in-teresting undertaking and the only accurate method of improving the average dairy cow.—Leo C. Reynolds, Shiawasee County Farmer.

VETERINARY DEPARTMENT

MOON BLINDNESS AND GREASE HEEL

"I would like a little information concerning my horse's eyes. His eyes seem to run for a day or two and then slowly turn a yellowish color, which covers the whole eye. The first attack he had was in one eye last spring. We got some white pow-der and salve from our veterinarian which seemed to help for a while, but in the summer he had it again and I believe he is blind in that eye. I do not know what the doctor called it, but he could not do anything for him. Now he is getting it in the other eye. He is only six years old. He is also bothered with the grease heel. Our veterinarian has doctored him for both eye and leg trouble.' W. J., Bruce Crossing, Michigan.

THINK your horse is suffering from periodic ophthamalia, a disease that is commonly called moon blindness, the treatment of which is very unsatisfactory. Some favorable reports have been made recently from the intravenous administration of neosalvarsan. This treatment should be given only by a qualified veterinarian as the intravenous administration of drugs of this nature is not without danger and should be administered only by one should be administered only by one who has had experience.

Chronic grease does not yield readily to treatment. The application of white rock police kept on two or three days followed by the application three times daily of a mixture of zinc sulphate and lead acetate of each two drams to one pint of soft water sometimes works well.—John P. Hutton, Assoc. Prof. of Surgery and Medicine, Michigan Agricultural College.

KNOW YOUR BULLS

ONE of the results of the Cow Testing Association work over a long period of time is the point of learning the value of different bulls in siring cows of high producing ability. A vast difference is seen between scrub bulls and purebred bulls in this respect. A difference is also seen between purebred bulls. This point is shown forcibly in one Cow Testing Association.

One herd of seven cows was tested for a year.

for a year. The owner had been keeping a pure bred bull and all his cows were sired by such an animal. It was impossible for him to pay a great deal for a herd sire, however, with the small herd. With good feed and care this herd averaged 6632 pounds of milk and 245.6 pounds of

In another neighborhood a group of association members had cooper-ated in owning a pure bred bull. In this way they were able to secure a well-bred, valuable animal. Daughters of one of these bulls made up largely the herds during the association year. Their average production was 7715 pounds of milk and 379.8 pounds of fat. These figures show there is as much difference between some purebred bulls as be-tween some purebreds and some scrubs. A good slogan for Cow Testing members might be "Fewer Bulls and Better Bulls!"

CANNOT MOVE SILAGE

Would like to know if it would be possible to move ensilage from one silo to another and pack it so it would keep? I purchased a silo 10 miles from home and would like to fill up my own if possible.-M. E. K.,

T would be impossible to move silhave it keep, owing to the diffi-culty of packing it so as to exclude the air. If sufficient pressure and weight could be used to pack it as solid as it was in the silo from which being moved this could be done. there is no method by which all of the air could be excluded and as a result the silage would be almost sure to spoil.—Geo. A. Brown, Pro-fessor of Animal Husbandry, Michi-gan Agricultural College.



BUTTERFLY Cream Separator IN YOUR HOME "It LOOKS Cleaner and is Easier to CLEAN"

Something new! A big capacity machine in a beautiful all-white enameled frame to match the finest kitchen cabinet or range. And it'so easy to clean. Just wipe with damp cloth and keep it always glistening white. Milk and cream taste better from this spotless white Separator. The heavy white enamel is baked on in our high-heat ovens, and lasts a lifetime. The one-piece pressed steel milk tank is waist high, easy to fill, self-draining, and has removable faucet. The bowl casing has open, easily cleaned cream spouts. The "skimmer" is all in one piece, made of aluminum—easiest of all to wash. No discs to bother with. This new "No. 55" is also exceptionally light running. It "spins like a top;" any 12 year old boy or girl can operate it.

Only \$2 A Year to Pay!

NEW

Separator quickly earns own cost. Think of it! For only \$2 down, we send you this big 300 quart capacity, all-white Separator to use on your farm. It starts saving cream for you right away and earns its own cost and more before you pay. In this way you don't feel the cost at all.

THOS. S. KERMOSKY. Point Aux Pius, Mich.

Made \$61.39 More
From Same Cows
"We made \$78.61 worth of
butter before we had the machine, and in the wide the state of
time we made with the Butterfly
Separator \$140 worth of butter from the
same number of cows."

We Give 30 Days' Trial
and pay freight both ways if you are not satisfied. More than
200,000 Butterfly Separators already in use. But this new
"No. 55" All-White Separator is the finest we have ever built.

Priced very low, direct from our factory. Free Catalog Folder Priced very low, direct from our factory. Free Catalog Folder also shows 5 other sizes, all offered on terms of only \$2 down and a year to pay. Write for Free Catalog Folder today!

ALBAUGH-DOVER MFG. CO. 2260 Marshall Blvd., Chicago, Ill.



Post Yourself on this new way of making harness, which is three times stronger than buckle harness. Before you buy harness, let me send you a set of Walsh No-Buckle Harness on 30 days' Free Trial, to show you why this harness is three times stronger without buckles, better looking and handler in every way. If not convinced, send it back at my expense. The Walsh is a proven success on thousands of farms for over 8 years.

Expense. The Walsh is a proven success on thousands of farms for over 8 years.

Three Times Stronger Than Buckle Harness
Buckles weaken and tear straps. Walsh 1½-inch breeching strap holds over
1100 [bs. The same strap with buckles will break at the
buckle at about 350 lbs. pull. Ordinary harness has 68
Walsh Harness
"The Walsh is strongst, neatest, noit convenient harness I ever
put on a team." Geo.
Heath, Penn Yan, N.Y.
Mr. C. G. Anderson,
Aitken, Minn., who
bought his first Walsh
5 years ago and bought
6 years great advance in harness making. Easily adjustother teams says:—
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Walsh has buckle harwhere the wear straps in two, no buckles to weaken and tear
straps. Greatest advance in harness making. Easily adjusted to fit any horse. Write today for new reduced prices.

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"The Walsh is strongest, neatest, most convenient harness I ever
put on a team." Geo,
Heath, Penn Yan, N.Y.

Mr. C. G. Anderson Mr. C. G. Anderson,
Aiken, Minn., who
bought his first Walsh
5 years ago and bought
3 new sets since for his
other teams says:—
"Walsh has buckle harness beat a mile."

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For Best Results Ship Direct

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Gas, Equipped with celebrated Troublepreof
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Trees From Kalamazoo Direct to You at Reduced Prices

Also shrubs, berries and roses. Beautiful 1925 catalog sent free upon request. Full of big bargains and tells about stock to be given away. Everybody should plant this spring. It is a patriotic as well as a profitable duty. Therefore you cannot afford to be without this catalog. It will cut your tree bill in two. Ask for it to-day—NOW—right away.

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BREEDERS-DIRECTORY



tvertisements inserted under this heading for reputably preeders of Live Stock at epecial row tes to encourage the growing of pure-breds on the farms of our readers. Our advertising rate Thirty Cents (300) per agate line, per insertion. Fourteen agate lines to the column inch \$4.20 per inch, less 2%, for cash if sent with order or paid on or before the 10th month following date of insertion. SEND IN YOUR AD AND WE WILL PUT IT IN TYPE REE, so you can see how many lines to will fill. Address all letters, BREEDERS DIRECTORY, MICHIGAM BUSINESS FARMER, MT. CLEMENS, MICH.

REG. JERSEYS, POGIS 99th OF H. F. AND Majesty breeding. Young stock for sale. Herd fully accredited by State and Federal Government. Write or visit for prices and description. GUY C. WILBUR. BELDING. Mich. AYRSHIRES

FOR SALE—REGISTERED AYRSHIRE BULLS, fit for service. T. B. Tested. From heavy producing dams. Findiay Bros., Vassar, Michigan.

HEREFORDS

68 Wt. around 750 lbs. 88 Wt. around 550 lbs. 56 Wt. around 475 lbs. 90 Wt. around 880 lbs. 82 Wt. around 640 lbs. 54 Angus 500 lbs. Deep reds, dehorned, good stocker order. Real quality herefords are usually market toppers when finished. Also beifers same quality. Will sell your choice from any bunch.

VAN BALDWIN, Eldon, Wapello Co., Jowa. WE HAVE BRED HEREFORDS SINCE 1860 Our herd bulls are International Prize Winners, Stock of all ages for sale, at Farmers prices. Write us for further information. Freed Herefords that fatten quickly, CRAPO FARM, Swartz Creek, Michigan.

GUERNSEYS

MAY - GUERNSEYS - ROSE

STATE AND FEDERAL ACCREDITED Bull calves out of Dams up to 877 pounds fat. Sired by Bulla whose Dams have up to 1011 pounds fat. The homes of bulls; Shuttlewick May Rose Sequel, Jumbo of Briarbank and Holbecks; Golden Knight of Nordland. From Dams producing 1011.18 fat, 772 fat and 610 fat. GEORGE L. BURROWS or GEORGE J. HICKS, Saginaw, W. S., Michigan.

HOLSTEINS

FOR SALE: ALL OR ANY PART, OF OUR Federally Accredited Herd of Registered Holsteins of all ages at less than current prices on same quality. Quick sale desired. F. H. Hemstreet and Company, Bellaire, Michigan.



SHROPSHIRE

Registered Shropshires. 20 Bred Ewes 1 to 5 years old; 20 ewe kembs. These sheep are of a quality that have pleased our customers since 1890. C. Lemen & Sons, Dexter, Mich.



HAMPSHIRES

HAMPSHIRES—SPRING BOARS FOR SALE. Place your order for Gilts bred to order, 11th year. John W. Snyder, St. Johns, Mich., R4.

O. I. C.

O. I. C.'s LAST SPRING PIGS, EITHER SEX, not akin, from big strong stock, recorded free. OTTO B. SCHULZE & SONS, Nashville, Mich.



Brass bound. Opens over 2 feet long. You con see objects a mile away. Given for selling 30 pekgs Chewing Gum at 5 cts. a pkg. Write for Chewing Gum. Bluine Mfg. Co., 965 Mill St., Concord Jct., Mass.

HOW BILL BUCKED THE TIGER

(Continued from Page 3)

away we was going to hire a lawyer. "Laugh at me will you, William Edwards", says Maria. "Just for that you can get up and go to town and put that letter on No. 9 so it will get to New York fast."

will get to New York fast."

I went to town and Maria quit using beauty mud. But at the next meeting of the Agricultural Society, Hank Peters started to tell of another thing he had found out and I says, "Hank, you ain't so smart."

"Ain't I," says he, "Listen, I just got a letter from a fellow in Mexico and he and me is going to run a

and he and me is going to run a silver mine. If any of you fellows want in, let me know."

"Suffering mackeral", shouts I, "boys, Hank has bit." But before the evening was over we had a regular debate on Mexico. But what happened to Hank and his silver mine is another story. mine is another story.
(Continued in Feb. 28th Issue)

A FARM BOY IN THE LAND OF THE FLYING DUTCHMEN

(Continued from Page 23)

unseen flotsam and jetsam might bless those combination drainage ca-nals, waterways, and sewers. It was in Holland that we quit drinking natural water, for that is another thing that is not done in these lowlands, wet and flat and below sea level in many places. If one will not quit drinking natural water while he lives, he will soon quit, anyway, it seems.

Our first day was a success, for Holland was as picturesque as we had hoped. The farming district that we passed through was as level as a floor, not one foot of ground was wasted, and the children and most of the older people in the rural dis-tricts all wore the regular wooden shoes and even the picturesque Dutch bonnet, the whole country was guarded by the monstrous flapping windmills, and the streets, sidewalks, doorsteps and people-everything except the water—were all scrupulous-

ly clean. Holland is a happy land.

A few days in agricultural Holland will be described in the next install-

AGAINST ROGERS

(Continued from Page 10)

we should have had at least five times 14,000 miles for that money-

times 14,000 miles for that money—70,000 miles.

I think the sooner we get such men out of office the better for the tax-payer. We need men that will spend the taxpayers' money just as carefully as if it were his own, also one who knows the road bed must be properly drained and that is more than Mr. Rogers seemed to know in 1919 or 1920.

1919 or 1920.
The farmers of Haight township, The farmers of Haight township, Ontonagon County, were promised a trunk line from Paulding to Bruce Crossing nine miles north. There is about four miles partly done so far. We need a man who is a man of his word and keeps his promises and one that understands if the work to haild a mile is worth one or to

build a mile is worth one or ten thousand.

I built a mile of 16 foot road bed thru green timber where the timber was from six inches to four foot at a cost of \$1,030.00.—C. J., Bruce Crossing, Mich.

WANTS TOWNSHIP MEETING DATE CHANGED

THERE are four voters at this house and we are all in favor of the change of which Mr. Whitney spoke. We are sometimes unable to get to the polls here. All upper Michigan suffers from the lack of roads and the dates of elections are often changed due to the road conditions,—Mrs. F. E. R., Newberry,

I am enclosing P. O. for one dollar and hope it will make it all right. It is the best farm paper I ever had.—J. R., North Star, Michigan.

Inclosed you will find an order for 60 cents for one year renewal subscription as I cannot get along without M B. F.—G. E., Kingsley, Mich.

NEW FOR OLD!

The Vermont Farm Machine Co., is offering in a special advertisement in this issue to take in any make of old cream separator as part payment on a new United States. If you are interested write the company care of Dept. A, Burlington. Vt.—(Adv.)

Amazing Results Secured In One Day By Use of Virex Formerly Known As Rattle Snake Oil

Deafness and Head Noises need not be dreaded any longer since the discovery of a widely known physician. Now it is possible for some of the most obstinate cases of deafness to be relieved in a day's time by the application of a prescription formerly known as Rattle Snake Oil. This treatment is meeting with wide success all over the country.

Mr. D. M. Lopes, a Pennsylvania man, says: "I used the treatment at night before retiring. The following morning I could hear the tickings of the alarm clock that I was unable to hear before. Now my hearing is restored perfectly after many years of deafness."

Mr. Ben Jackson, who lives in Indiana says, "Before I used Virex I could hear nothing. After ten days I could hear my watch tick."

Angeline Johnson, a Mississippi resident

watch tick."

Angeline Johnson, a Mississippi resident had been stone deaf for eighteen years. She says, "Virex has stopped my head noises and I can hear the train whistle 3½ miles away."

Roy Fisher, Iowa man, says, "I hadn't heard a watch tick for eleven years—now I can lay my watch on the table and hear it plainly."

Mr. W. A. Lumpkin, of Oklahoma, says, "After being deaf 38 years, I used your treatment only a few days and hear fairly well."

Mr. Anthony Chapman, of Michigan, says, "The terrible head noises have stopped entirely and my hearing is practically back to normal."

Deaf Baby Now Hears

Deaf Baby Now Hears

Mrs. Ola Valentine, of Arkansas, says, "My little boy, now 5 years old, had been deaf since about 4 months of age. Now he hears very well and is learning to talk."

he hears very well and is learning to talk."

Mr. Mather Pelleys says, "My young son, deaf for years, has used Virex for only three days and he hears almost as well as ever before."

Such amazing reports come from all over this country and Canada. The prescription which is known as Virex, is easily used at home and seems to work like magic in its rapidity on people of all ages.

So confident are we that Virex will restore your hearing quickly, and to introduce this remarkable treatment to a million more sufferers, we will send a large \$2.00 treatment for only \$1.00 on ten days free trial. If the results are not satisfactory the treatment costs nothing.

Send no money—just your name and address to the Dale Laboratories, 1017 Gateway Station, Kansas City, Mo., and the treatment will be mailed at once. Use it according to the simple directions. If at the end of 10 days your hearing is not relieved, your head noises gone entirely, just send it back and your money will be refunded without question. This offer is fully guaranteed, so write today and give this wonderful compound a trial.—(Adv.)



Barron White Leghorns Sheppard Anconas White Wyandottes

The foundation of our English White Leghorns is from the Pennsylvania Poultry Farm, with trapnest records of 270-300 eggs behind it. Its quality has been kept up by the most careful culling.

300 Egg Anconas

Sheppard Strain Anconas have records in the 300 class and lay so consistently that they are known as 20th Century Egg Machines.

Evergreen Wyandottes

Our White Wyandottes are of the Evergreen strain, steadily among the leaders in egg laying contests.

Send for Catalog and Price List and get your order in early to avoid disappointment. Chicks will be shipped when specified.

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My record smashing combination offer is the talk of the country. Write for it today and learn what tremendous savings you can secure by ordering both machines at one time. Read my unconditional, guarantee. Complete satisfaction or your money back is the only basis upon which I make a sale. Dron me a card to

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You Can Own Flocks Good as Lakeview's - Buy Lakeview Chicks

The records of our pure Tanered White Leghorns range from 231 to 279. Seven high record generations in pedigree, Com-pare these figures with those of the egg laying contests.

Judge for Yourself The winning pen at the International contest averaged 262. All the Leghorms averaged 176. The entire contest average was 163. In the Barred rock division the Lakeview pen was seeond, though one hen died. The nine averaged 194.

Read Our Catalog Lakeview Poultry Farm

Holland, Michigan.



WASHTENAW Baby Chicks Pure-bred carefully culled and selected. Hundreds of satisfied customers. chicks will improve your stock and increase your profits.

Prices (prepaid) on 25 50 100 500
Bd. Rocks ... \$4.25 \$8.00 \$15.00 \$72.00
R. I. Rods ... 4.25 8.00 15.00 72.00
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Ann Arbor. One fifth down. 100% live delivery guaranteed. WASHTENAW HATCHERY, RE, Ann Arobr, Mich.

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High quality, low in cost. Satisfaction and 100% live delivery guaranteed. Big illustrated catalog free. BRUMMER-FREDERICKSON POULTRY FARM



Baby Chicks
you going to put MACOMB CHICKS under brooders this season, or "just chicks". In-

Poultry Department

SELECTION OF BREEDING STOCK

The first of a series of articles on raising chicks by Clarence Meadd Ferguson, Manager In-ternational Egg Laying Contest East Lansing, Mich.

ITH winter well advanced and WITH winter well advanced and hatching season almost at hand it is highly important that the final touches be given to the breeding pens which will produce our next year's crop of chicks. The old rule that "like begets like" must be the watchword of all our breeding operations. Our broiler crop, our next falls' laying pens or our Exhibition strings are all dependent on the kind of breeding stock we use in our news this spring. This winter, with pens this spring. This winter, with high feed prices and severe zero weather, has demonstrated the importance of having only the best of stock in our pens and this can come only by mating parents of known performance.

Selection of breeding stock should be done with the idea always in mind that the offspring is to serve a certain purpose. Thus we have breeds and strains developed which, owing to their type and characteristics, adapt themselves to our particular purpose, namely:

1. Eggs. Dual purpose (Eggs and Meat) Meat (Broilers, Roasters or

Capons Exhibition.

While these purposes vary considerably in their nature, the same principles of breeding apply in all. We ciples of breeding apply in all. We have well developed types to follow in each. It should alawys be remembered however that in addition to eggs and meat types, that we have breed types which designate certain characteristics common to various characteristics common to various breeds. We should endeavor then to produce birds that are not alone efficient in one purpose, but that combine the characteristics of breed types as well.

The Selection of a Breed

We are frequently asked, "Which is the best breed?" This usually can be answered by another question, namely, "Which is the best automobile or radio set? It's always the one which you like best and which best serves your purpose.

Egg Breeds

Among the strictly egg breeds, we have the members of the Mediterranean class standing out very prominently. While Leghorns have become almost the universal standard for commercial egg farms, Anconas are enjoying more popularity of re-cent years, but as yet have not at-tained the degree of efficiency of the White Leghorn. Minorcas, a breed once very popular as an egg breed, has lost considerable prestige due to the fact that Minorcas do not make attractive carcasses when dressed. They have enjoyed a wonderful reputation however for the production of large white eggs.

Dual Purpose Breeds

The farmer has always found the Plymouth Rock, Wyandotte, Rhode Island Red or Orpington, particular-ly well suited to his purpose. These breeds have been improved until we have families or strains noted for egg production. These birds are also egg production. These birds are also the source of the great bulk of our the source of the great bulk of our fancy broilers and roasters. The Barred Plymouth Rock is without question one of the most popular of the dual purpose varieties, but breeders of Wyandottes and Rhode Island Reds have improved these birds until we now find many excellent egg producing strains among them.

Few poultrymen specialize in the production of meat alone. The dual purpose breeds produce the great bulk of our broilers. Fancy heavy roasters and capons however, can be produced to better advantage from the so called meat breeds such as Brahmas, Jersey Black Giants, Cornish or Orpingtons.

Exhibition

The production of birds for exhibition purposes alone has been fol-The more lowed largely by fianciers. practical fancier has bred some of the utility breeds, bearing in mind not only exhibition qualities, but production as well. We have, however, (Continued on Page 28)



One man will work his field, fertilize it well, and get a corn crop that makes 60 bushels an Another farmer across

WITH THE FERTILIZER LEADERS OF AMERICA

the fence will work just as hard but gets only 40 bushels an acre. Same way with making fertilizer. Some folks just have the knack of doing a better job. A company of fertilizer manufacturers doing business in your state has made such a good record that they are known as the "Fertilizer Leaders of America". They put nothing but the best plantfood into their fertilizer.

Readily Available Phosphorus

The Crop Making Material

Nitrogen—(Or Ammonia)

From many sources so blended that the plant may feed on it, as needed, from seed-time to harvest

Soluble Organic Potash

From high grade imported potash and ground tobacco stems

Following the recommendation of your Agricultural Experiment Station the Nitrogen, Phosphorus and Potash are combined to meet the needs of every crop and soil. The fertilizer is cured a long time and ground fine so it will drill easily. When it is shipped to you it is the best fertilizer that can be made. No wonder these folks are called the "Fertilizer Leaders of America". Get their fertilizer from your dealer or write direct for information.







Federal Chemical Co, Inc.

For forty three years the name Downs has been associated with poultry.

During most of this time our business has been purely local. Thru
this local business we have built up a reputation for

HIGH QUALITY WHITE

That has brought us results over a much larger field than we had anticipated. With our increase to a larger capacity we feel that we will be national business. With our own flock from the best hatchery free to fire you the best hatchery free to fire you the best hatchery free to fire you much able to give you in this advertisement, liness has been built up to such a high this catalogue NOW! Reference: Romeo Savings Bank, Romeo, Michigan.

WASHINGTON, MICH. W. A. DOWNS POULTRY FARM, Box 105,

First Quality Baby Chicks From Winter Laying stock produced by Michigan's old reliable hatchery, pioneer breeders and hatchers operating the best equipped and most modern hatchery in the state.

Pure bred Tom Barron and American White Leghorns, Anconas, Barred Rocks and R. I. Reds, Strong, well hatched chicks from tested Hoganized free range stock that make wonderful winter layers. Chicks sent by Insured Parcel Post, prepaid to your door. 100 per cent live delivery guaranteed. Seventeen years of experience in producing and shipping chicks, giving absolute satisfaction to thousands. Write for valuable illustrated free catalog and price list. Get lowest prices on best quality chicks before placing your order.

HOLLAND HATCHERY & POULTRY FARM, R7, Holland, Michigan.

BIG HUSKY

Pure bred, high quality, heavy laying, tested flocks. These pullets will make excellent Winter layers. 100 % Live Delivery Guaranteed. Bank Reference.
 Varieties
 Postpaid
 prices on S. C. White
 S. D. White Extra Selected Stock, \$2.00 per 100 higher. All are hatched in modern machines. Each order carefully packed personally. Free Circular, winstrom poultry farm, Box C-5, Zeeland, Michigan.

STOP, LOOK, BABY CHICKS-100% live delivery



OURY FARM

HATCHERY

Chicks from healthy pure-bred flocks especially culled for egg production. We have been in business for 13 years. Due to increased demand we have enlarged our plant. 25 % down books order. Varieties Prices On:
Anconas, Wh. & Br. Leghorns.
Br. & Wh. Rocks, S. C. & R. C. Reds.
Black Minorcas,
Wh. Wyandottes, Buff Rocks, \$7.00 \$13.00 \$62.00 \$120.00 8.00 \$15.00 72.00 140.00 8.00 \$15.00 72.00 140.00 8.50 \$16.00 75.00

cas 20 cents straight. Satisfaction Guarauteed. Ref: First National Bank, Morenci. MORENCI HATCHERY, S. E. Rupp, Prop., Box H, Morenci, Michigan.

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Buy your lumber and roofing supplies wherever you see this sign of Dependable Quality

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Trees From Kalamazoo Direct to You at Reduced Prices

Also shrubs, berries and roses. Beautiful 1925 catalog sent free upon request. Full of big bargains and tells about stock to be given away. Everybody should plant this spring. It is a patriotic as well as a profit-able duty. Therefore you cannot afford to be without this catalog. It will cut your tree bill in two. Ask for it to-day—NOW—right away.

CELERY CITY NURSERIES

Growers of Good Trees for Many Years.

Box 210, Kalamazoo, M.

Box 210, Kalamazoo, Mich.



BREEDERS-DIRECTORY



Advertisements inserted under this heading for reputably breeders of Live Stook at epocial rates to encourage the growing of pure-breds on the farms of our readers. Our advertising is Thirty Cents (300) per agate line per insertion. Fourteen agate lines to the column is \$4.20 per inch, less 2%, for each if sent with order or paid on or before the of month following date of insertion. SEND IN YOUR AD AND WE WILL PUT IT IN THERE, SO YOU can see how many lines it will fill. Address all letters all letters.

BREEDERS DIRECTORY, MICHIGAN BUSINESS FARMER, MT. CLEMENS, MICH.

JERSEYS

REG. JERSEYS, POGIS 99th OF H. F. AND Majesty breeding. Young stock for sale. Herd hilly accredited by State and Federal Government. Write or visit for prices and description.

GUY C. WILBUR. BELDING. Mich.

AYRSHIRES

FOR SALE—REGISTERED AYRSHIRE BULLS, fit for service. T. B. Tested. From heavy producing dams. Findiay Bros., Vassar, Michigan.

90 Wt. around 880 lbs. 68 Wt. around 750 lbs. 82 Wt. around 640 lbs. 88 Wt. around 550 lbs. 54 Angus 500 lbs. 56 Wt. around 475 lbs. Deep reds, dehorned, good stocker order. Real quality herefords are usually market toppers when finished. Also heifers same quality. Will sell your choice from any bunch.

VAN BALDWIN, Eldon, Wapello Co., Iowa.

WE HAVE BRED HEREFORDS SINCE 1860 Our herd buils are International Prize Winners, Stock of all ages for sale, at Farmers prices. Write us for further information. Freed Herefords that fatten quickly, CRAPO FARM, Swartz Creek, Michigan.

GUERNSEYS

MAY — GUERNSEYS — ROSE

STATE AND FEDERAL ACCREDITED rull calves out of Dams up to 877 pounds fat ired by Bulls whose Dams have up to 1011 ounds fat. The homes of bulls; Shuttlewick May lose Sequel, Junbo of Briarbank and Holbecks olden Knight of Nordland. From Dams proucing 1011.18 fat. 772 fat and 610 fat.

HOLSTEINS

FOR SALE: ALL OR ANY PART, OF OUR Federally Accredited Herd of Registered Holsteins of all ages at less than current prices on same quality. Quick sale desired. F. H. Hemstreet and Company, Beilaire. Michigan. less than current prices on same sale desired. and Company, Bellaire, Michigan.

SHEEP

SHROPSHIRE

Registered Shropshires. 20 Bred Ewes 1 to 5 years old; 20 ewe kmbs. These sheep are of a quality that have pleased our customers since 1890. C. Lemen & Sons, Dexter, Mich.

SWINE

HAMPSHIRES

HAMPSHIRES—SPRING BOARS FOR SALE. Place your order for Gilts bred to order, 11th year. John W. Snyder, St. Johns, Mich., R4.

O. I. C.

O. I. C.'s LAST SPRING PIGS, EITHER SEX, not akin, from big strong stock, recorded free. OTTO B. SCHULZE & SONS, Nashville, Mich.



ass bound. Opens over 2 feet long. You con see ects a mile away, Given for selling 30 pckgs ewing Gum at 5 cts. a pkg. Write for Chewing Gum. Bluine Mrg. Co., 965 Mill St., Concord Jct., Mass.

HOW BILL BUCKED THE

(Continued from Page 3)

away we was going to hire a lawyer.

"Laugh at me will you, William Edwards", says Maria. "Just for that you can get up and go to town and put that letter on No. 9 so it will get to New York fast."

I went to town and Maria quit

will get to New York fast."

I went to town and Maria quit using beauty mud. But at the next meeting of the Agricultural Society, Hank Peters started to tell of another thing he had found out and I says, "Hank, you ain't so smart."

"Ain't I," says he, "Listen, I just got a letter from a fellow in Mexico and he and me is going to run a silver mine. If any of you fellows want in, let me know."

want in, let me know."

"Suffering mackeral", shouts I,
"boys, Hank has bit." But before
the evening was over we had a regular debate on Mexico. But what
happened to Hank and his silver
mine is another story.

" (Continued in Feb. 28th Issue)

A FARM BOY IN THE LAND OF THE FLYING DUTCHMEN

(Continued from Page 23)

unseen flotsam and jetsam might bless those combination drainage canals, waterways, and sewers. It was in Holland that we quit drinking natural water, for that is another thing that is not done in these low-lands, wet and flat and below sea level in many places. If one will not quit drinking natural water while he lives, he will soon quit, anyway, it seems seems.

Our first day was a success, for Holland was as picturesque as we had hoped. The farming district that we passed through was as level as a floor, not one foot of ground was wasted, and the children and most of the older people in the rural districts all wore the regular wooden shoes and even the picturesque Dutch bonnet, the whole country was guarded by the monstrous flapping vindmills, and the streets, sidewalks, doorsteps and people-everything ex-

cept the water—were all scrupulously clean. Holland is a happy land.
A few days in agricultural Holland will be described in the next installment.

AGAINST ROGERS

(Continued from Page 10)

we should have had at least five times 14,000 miles for that money— 70,000 miles.

I think the sooner we get such men out of office the better for the tax-payer. We need men that will spend the taxpayers' money just as carefully as if it were his own, also one who knows the road bed must be properly drained and that is more than Mr. Rogers seemed to know in 1919 or 1920 1919 or 1920.

The farmers of Haight township, Ontonagon County, were promised a trunk line from Paulding to Bruce Crossing nine miles north. There is

about four miles partly done so far.

We need a man who is a man of his word and keeps his promises and one that understands if the work to build a mile is worth one or ten

I built a mile of 16 foot road bed thru green timber where the timber was from six inches to four foot at a cost of \$1,030.00.—C. J., Bruce Crossing, Mich.

WANTS TOWNSHIP MEETING DATE CHANGED

THERE are four voters at this house and we are all in favor of the change of which Mr. Whit-ney spoke. We are sometimes unable to get to the polls here. All upper Michigan suffers from the lack of roads and the dates of elections are often changed due to the road conditions .- Mrs. F. E. R., Newberry,

I am enclosing P. O. for one dollar and hope it will make it all right. It is the best farm paper I ever had.—J. R., North Star, Michigan.

Inclosed you will find an order for 60 cents for one year renewal subscription as I cannot get along without M B. F.—G. E., Kingsley, Mich.

NEW FOR OLD! The Vermont Farm Machine Co., is offering in a special advertisement in this issue to take in any make of old cream separator as part payment on a new United States. If you are interested write the company care of Dept. A, Burlington. Vt.—(Adv.)

Amazing Results Secured In One Day By Use of Virex Formerly Known As Rattle Snake Oil

Deafness and Head Noises need not be dreaded any longer since the discovery of a widely known physician. Now it is possible for some of the most obstinate cases of deafness to be relieved in a day's time by the application of a prescription formerly known as Rattle Snake Oil. This treatment is meeting with wide success all over the country.

Mr. D. M. Lopes, a Pennsylvania man, says: "I used the treatment at night before retiring. The following morning I could hear the tickings of the alarm clock that I was unable to hear before. Now my hearing is restored perfectly after many years of deafness."

Mr. Ben Jackson, who lives in Indiana says, "Before I used Virex I could hear nothing. After ten days I could hear my watch tick."

Angeline Johnson, a Mississippi resident had been stone deaf for eighteen years. She says, "Virex has stopped my head noises and I can hear the train whistle 3½ miles away."

Roy Fisher, Iowa man, says, "I hadn't heard a watch tick for eleven years—now I can lay my watch on the table and hear it plainly."

Mr. W. A. Lumpkin, of Oklahoma, says, "After being deaf 38 years, I used your treatment only a few days and hear fairly well."

Mr. Anthony Chapman, of Michigan, says, "The terrible head noises have stopped ontirely and my heaving is resetticelly

Mr. Anthony Chapman, of Michigan, says, "The terrible head noises have stopped entirely and my hearing is practically back to normal."

Deaf Baby Now Hears

Mrs. Ola Valentine, of Arkansas, says, "My little boy, now 5 years old, had been deaf since about 4 months of age. Now he hears very well and is learning to

Mr. Mather Pelleys says, "My young son, deaf for years, has used Virex for only three days and he hears almost as well as ever before."

only three days and he hears almost as well as ever before."

Such amazing reports come from all over this country and Canada. The prescription which is known as Virex, is easily used at home and seems to work like magic in its rapidity on people of all ages.

So confident are we that Virex will restore your hearing quickly, and to introduce this remarkable treatment to a million more sufferers, we will send a large \$2.00 treatment for only \$1.00 on ten days' free trial. If the results are not satisfactory the treatment costs nothing.

Send no money—just your name and address to the Dale Laboratories, 1017 Gateway Station, Kansas City, Mo., and the treatment will be mailed at once. Use it according to the simple directions. If at the end of 10 days your hearing is not relieved, your head noises gone entirely, just send it back and your money will be refunded without question. This offer is fully guaranteed, so write today and give whis wonderful compound a trial.—(Adv.)



Barron White Leghorns Sheppard Anconas White Wyandottes

The foundation of our English White Leghorns is from the Pennsylvania Poultry Farm, with trapnest records of 270-300 eggs behind it. Its quality has been kept up by the most careful culling.

300 Egg Anconas

Sheppard Strain Anconas have records in the 300 class and lay so consistently that they are known as 20th Century Egg Machines

Evergreen Wyandottes

Our White Wyandottes are of the Evergreen strain, steadily among the leaders in egg laying contests.

Send for Catalog and Price List and get your reder in early to evold disappointment. Chicks ill be shipped when specified.

RELIABLE POULTRY FARM R. F. D. 1, Box 48

MICHIGAN



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The DETROIT is scientifilly constructed to give big tiches of lusty, fast grower chicks.

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My record smashing combination offer is the talk of the country. Write for it today and learn what tremendous savings you can secure by ordering both machines at one time. Read my cnines at one time. Read my unconditional guarant ee. Gomplete satisfaction or your money back is the only basis upon which I make a sale. Drop me a card tonight. I'll answer by return mail.

Wm. Campbell, President Detroit-Alliance Incubator Co. Dept. 10 Alliance, Ohio



You Can Own Flocks Good as Lakeview's — Buy Lakeview Chicks

The records of our pure Tancred White Leghorns range from 231 to 279. Seven high record generations in pedigree. Compare these figures with those of the egg laying contests.

Judge for Yourself The winning pen at the International contest averaged 262. All the Leghorns averaged 176. The entire contest average was 163. In the Barred rock division the Lakeview pen was second, though one hen died. The nine averaged 194. Read Our Catalog

Lakeview Poultry Farm

Holland, Michigan.



WASHTENAW Baby Chicks	1
Pure-bred carefully cull-	
ed and selected. Hun-	
dreds of satisfied customers.	Our
chicks will improve your stock	anu

Order early. Ref: Farmers & Mechanics Bank, Ann Arbor. One fifth down, 100% live de-livery guaranteed.

WASHTENAW HATCHERY, R5, Ann Arobr, Mich.



Tancred and Barron W. Leghorns. S. C. R. I. Reds—Parks' Barred Rocks. High quality, low in cost. Satisfaction and 100% live delivery guaranteed. Big illustrated catalog free. BRUMMER-FREDERICKSON POULTRY FARM



CHIGAN HAI

Pedigreed, Heavy-Egg Strain Chicks

Baby Chicks

Doultry Department

SELECTION OF BREEDING STOCK

The first of a series of articles on raising chicks by Clarence Meadd Ferguson, Manager In-ternational Egg Laying Contest East Lansing, Mich.

ITH winter well advanced and hatching season almost at hand it is highly important that the final touches be given to the breeding pens which will produce our next year's crop of chicks. The old rule that "like begets like" must old rule that "like begets like" must be the watchword of all our breeding operations. Our broiler crop, our next falls' laying pens or our Exhibi-tion strings are all dependent on the kind of breeding stock we use in our pens this spring. This winter, with high feed prices and severe zero weather, has demonstrated the im-portance of having only the best of stock in our pens and this can come stock in our pens and this can come only by mating parents of known performance.
Selection of breeding stock should

be done with the idea always in mind that the offspring is to serve a certain purpose. Thus we have breeds and strains developed which, owing to their type and characteristics, adapt themselves to our particular purpose, namely:

1. Eggs.

Dual purpose (Eggs and Meat) Meat (Broilers, Roasters or Capons)

Exhibition.

While these purposes vary considerably in their nature, the same prin-ciples of breeding apply in all. We have well developed types to follow in each. It should alawys be remembered however that in addition to eggs and meat types, that we have breed types which designate certain characteristics common to various breeds. We should endeavor then to produce birds that are not alone efficient in one purpose, but that combine the characteristics of breed

The Selection of a Breed

We are frequently asked, "Which the best breed?" This usually can is the best breed?" be answered by another question, namely, "Which is the best automobile or radio set? It's always the one which you like best and which best serves your purpose.

Egg Breeds

Among the strictly egg breeds, we have the members of the Mediterranean class standing out very prom-inently. While Leghorns have beinently. While Leghorns have become almost the universal standard for commercial egg farms, Anconas are enjoying more popularity of recent years, but as yet have not attained the degree of efficiency of the White Leghorn. Minorcas, a breed once very popular as an egg breed, but a lest considerable pressive due for has lost considerable prestige due to the fact that Minorcas do not make attractive carcasses when dressed. They have enjoyed a wonderful reputation however for the production of large white eggs.

Dual Purpose Breeds

The farmer has always found the Plymouth Rock, Wyandotte, Rhode Island Red or Orpington, particularly well suited to his purpose. breeds have been improved until we have families or strains noted for egg production. These birds are also the source of the great bulk of our fancy broilers and roasters. The Barred Plymouth Rock is without question one of the most people; of question one of the most popular of the dual purpose varieties, but breeders of Wyandottes and Rhode Island Reds have improved these birds until we now find many excellent egg producing strains among them.

Meat Breeds

Few poultrymen specialize in the production of meat alone. The dual purpose breeds produce the great bulk of our broilers. Fancy heavy roasters and capons however, can be produced to better advantage from the so called meat breeds such as Brahmas, Jersey Black Giants, Cornish or Orpingtons.

Exhibition

The production of birds for exhibition purposes alone has been followed largely by fianciers. The more practical fancier has bred some of the utility breeds, bearing in mind not only exhibition qualities, but production as well. We have, however, (Continued on Page 28)



One man will work his field, fertilize it well, and get a corn crop that makes 60 bushels an acre. Another farmer across WITH THE FERTILIZER LEADERS OF AMERICA

the fence will work just as hard but gets only 40 bushels an acre. Same way with making fertilizer. Some folks just have the knack of doing a better job. A company of fertilizer manufacturers doing business in your state has made such a good record that they are known as the "Fertilizer Leaders of America". They put nothing but the best plantfood into their fertilizer.

Readily Available Phosphorus

The Crop Making Material

Nitrogen—(Or Ammonia)

From many sources so blended that the plant may feed on it, as needed, from seed-time to harvest

Soluble Organic Potash

From high grade imported potash and ground tobacco stems

Following the recommendation of your Agricultural Experiment Station the Nitrogen, Phosphorus and Potash are combined to meet the needs of every crop and soil. The fertilizer is cured a long time and ground fine so it will drill eas-When it is shipped to you it is the best fertilizer that can be made. No wonder these folks are called the "Fertilizer Leaders of America". Get their fertilizer from your dealer or write direct for information.





HIGH QUALITY WHITE LEGHORNS

That has brought us results over a much larger field than we had anticipated. With our increase to a in a botter position to handle a factoral business. With our own flock tion to offer you the best hatchery FREE CATALOGUE gives you much able to give you in this advertisement, lines has been built up to such a high this catalogue NOW! Reference: Romeo Savings Bank, Romeo, Michigan.

W. A. DOWNS POULTRY FARM, Box 105, WASHINGTON, MICH.



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First Quality Baby Chicks From Winter Laying stock produced by Michigan's old reliable hatchery, ploneer breeders and hatchers operating the best equipped and most modern hatchery in the state.

ers and hatchers operating the best equipped and most modern natherly in the state. Pure bred Tom Barron and American White Leghorns, Anconas, Barred Rocks and R. I. Reds. Strong, well hatched chicks from tested Hoganized free range stock that make wonderful winter layers. Chicks sent by Insured Parcel Post, prepaid to your door. 100 per cent live delivery guaranteed. Seventeen years of experience in producing and shipping chicks, giving absolute satisfaction to thousands. Write for valuable illustrates free catalog and price list. Get lowest prices on best quality chicks before placing your order.

HOLLAND HATCHERY & POULTRY FARM, R7, Holland, Michigan.

Pure bred, high quality, heavy laying, tested flocks. These pullets will make excellent Winter layers. 100% Live Delivery Guaranteed. Bank Reference.

 Varieties
 Postpaid
 prices on Leghorns
 3.75
 \$7.25
 \$14.00
 \$67.50

 Barred Rocks, R. I. Reds.
 4.50
 8.50
 16.00
 77.50

 Anconas, (Extra Good Sheppard)
 4.00
 7.75
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 2.75
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STOP, LOOK, BABY CHICKS-100% live delivery



cents straight. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Ref: First National Bank, Morenci. Buff Minore MORENCI HATCHERY, S. E. Rupp, Prop., Box H, Morenci, Michigan.

"Better Farming; Better Business; Better Living" -Roosevelt.



BUILDING A MORE PROSPEROUS AGRICULTURE

ORE THAN 300,000 farmers are improving their farms, and paying off their mortgages through the aid of Federal Land Bank Loans. They enjoy easier terms and lower interest rates. These helpful loans are made by the twelve Federal Land Banks, with combined assets of nearly \$1,000,000,000. More than \$45,000,000 of their capital stock has been supplied by active farmers through their farm loan associations.

Thus the twelve Federal Land Banks, with their more than 4,600 local national farm loan associations, make up the farmers' own borrowing and investment system, operating under Government supervision.

To provide funds for loaning, the Banks issue Federal Land Bank Bonds, secured by first mortgages on approved farms valued by Government appraisers at not less than double the amount of the mortgages. Every Bond is guaranteed jointly by all the twelve Federal Land Banks with combined capital and reserve exceeding \$50,000,000. These Bonds are everywhere recognized as a standard investment security.

Every farm family can share in the benefits of this mutual system by owning Federal Land Bank Bonds. A beginning can be made with a single Bond. Denominations are \$40, \$100, \$500, \$1,000, \$5,000 and \$10,000. Coupon or registered form. Interest will be promptly paid twice yearly, and the principal when due. Both interest and principal are tax-free, inheritance taxes only excepted. If desired, the Bonds can be quickly sold for cash or used as security for a loan.

Federal Land Banks are located at

Springfield, Mass. New Orleans, La. Wichita, Kansas

St. Louis, Mo. Berkeley, Cal. Omaha, Nebr.

St. Paul, Minn. Baltimore, Md.

Columbia, S. C. Houston, Texas Spokane, Wash.

Write for Federal Farm Loan Board Circular No. 16 descriptive of these Bonds, addressing nearest Federal Land Bank or the Fiscal Agent.

Fiscal Agent

FEDERAL LAND BANKS

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Eckhard and Tom Barron W. Leghorns—Heavy Type Brown Leghorns—R. C. and S. C. Rhode Island Reds—Rhode Island Whites—Sheppard's Anconas—Park's Barred Rocks

If you want pure bred chicks that are bred right, hatched right, and shipped right, that grow and will make you a profit, get our new low prices and free catalog before you buy.

Flocks are carefully culled and developed on free range. All chicks are hand picked and inspected, no cripples or weaklings. Every one strong and healthy.

100% Live Delivery - Postage Paid Satisfaction Guaranteed. Write Now. White Leghorn and Barred Rock pullets after May 1, at low prices.

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Let us sell you your 1925 Chicks from pure bred, select White and Brown Leghorns, Barred, White and Buff Rocks, R. I. Reds, Anconas, Black and White Minorcas, White, Buff, Golden and Silver Wyandottes, White and Buff Orpingtons, Black Spanish, Light Brahmas, etc. Of leading strains such as Barron, Parks, etc.

3000 CHICKS GIVEN AWAY TO OUR CUSTOMERS DURING 1925.

We guarantee 100% Live Delivery, Postpaid. Reference: Commercial State Savings Bank. Before ordering Chicks elsewhere, get our special circular containing our low prices and particulars about the 3000 PRIZE CHICKS.

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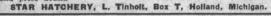


KEYSTONE HATCHERY CHICKS

Postpaid prices on Barron S. C. White Leghorns, Barron S. C. White Leghorns, R. I. Reds. Barrod & Wh. Rocks, Wh. Wyandottes, Buff Orpington, Extra Selected R. C. and S. C. Reds, Foreman Strain Barred Rocks, Order right from this ad. KEYSTONE HATCHERY, Dept. 51, Lansing, Michigan.

STAR QUALITY

to buy the best and Star Quality can't be beat, carefully, bred from S. C. White Leghorn flocks, Males bred from hens with records up to 295 rigorous fowls are mated to produce our Chicks, and price detail.



THE BUSINESS FARMER "The Farm Paper of Service"
TELL YOUR FRIENDS ABOUT IT! CRICKS, ACCREDITED BY horns, Anconas \$13.00; Rocks a Wht. Wyandottes, B. Orpingtons, per 100. 100% live delivery cular on request. Joseph Amster,

such breeds as Polish, Ornamental Games and Bantams which offer the wonderful opportunities to excercise his skill as a breeder.

Breeding Systems
An article of this kind would not be complete without some reference to the common systems employed by

1. Cross Breeding. This term refers to the practice of breeding individuals of two distinct breeds. It can hardly be recommended as common practice due to lack of uniformity in the appearance and performance of the offspring. It usually results in increased vigor and vitality in the offspring of the first cross which doubtless accounts for the practice being advocated by some breeders. The practice has met with very satisfactory results in the production of contract The duction of capons and roasters. common cross employed for this purpose is a male of one of the meat breeds, namely Cornish or Brahma with females of some of the dual pur-



This is Hen No. 1188, a reserve in the 1923-24 Michigan Egg Laying Contest, This is Hen No. 1188, a reserve in the 1923-24 Michigan Egg Laying Contest, owned by L. F. Heasley, Dorr, Mich. This hen stood second for all birds with 282 eggs. Nov. 17, 1923 to November 1, 1924. In the next 16 days she produced 11 eggs giving her a 365 day record of 282 eggs. Nov. 17, 1923 to November 1, in your breeding operations.

pose breeds this gives the breeder the advantage of the greater egg production of the females for hatching purposes and the greater fleshing of the male parentage. It is generally recommended that pure bred stock be

used for each year's operations, marketing both males and females.

Out Crossing. This practice consists of the mating of individuals of the same breed which are not at all related. This is usually done to correct some defect within the strain to rect some defect within the strain to be improved, or to introduce some desirable character from another strain which is not possessed by the family or strain in question. The great variation which may occur necessitates caution in the practice of out cross-

Line Breeding. The practice of line breeding offers the greatest op-portunity for improvement with assurance of uniformly good results. It embodies the practice of mating individuals of the same family or strain which are not too closely related. The breeder using this method is not in danger of introducing undesirable characters from outside the strain. He must be careful how-ever, to use extreme care in selection to be sure that the individuals not only have good records of performance, but that they have in abundance, vigor and vitality, accompanied by the type desired. This method of breeding has given us some of our most famous strains or families

of poultry and live stock.

In Breeding. The three common matings referred to as in breeding

Breeding sire to daughter producing offspring having one-fourth blood like the mother.

Breeding son to dam thus producing offspring having three-fourths of mother's

blood line. Breeding brother and sister producing offspring with the blood line of sire and dam in equal proportions.

This practice where the parents are carefully selected, often gives ex-cellent results. The offspring from such matings are generally very potent. This system has been criticized because of the loss of vigor due to the intensifying of these characters. This means that extreme care



High Grade Stock

You Can Afford to Pay

Bred for eggs, not show feathers. Every chick from our farm is of a proven egg laying strain. But they win beauty prizes also.

English Barron Leghorns

The strain that has been making egg laying history ever since Tom Barron entered his first pen in America. We breed them upward—watch our flocks the year around to make sure only good birds remain.

Aristocrat Barred Rocks

They occupy the same preeminent position among Rocks that Barron birds do among Leghorns.

Brown Leghorns our flocks have free range—thus grow endable, healthy and strong.

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We outfit you in any kind of stock you prefer.
Our new catalog will tell you all about it.
Send for your copy.

Great Northern Poultry Farm Zeeland, Michigan, R. R. 4. Box 57



Learn all about the World's greatest incubator improvements. Read how others are getting record hatches, finding it profitable to throw away poorly tors and using a "103-Degree".

103-Degree Incubators Make it impossible to overheat eggs or chill them. Extreme heat, cold or sudden changes make no difference. No sleepless nights. The Patented Two-Circuit Het Water Heating System and Tilt-



FREE TRIAL for one hatch Prove it at our risk. Write today for free book. 103-Degree Incubator Co.





Out in Front

at Contest
The Royal White Leghorn pen at the International Egg Laying contest of 1925 led the entire contest for the first
two weeks and has been a
close second in the Leghorn class for three
months. High breeding
counts.



flocks of which you'll be proud. Place your order before our output is taken by others. Order new for present or future delivery. Leading varieties. Live delivery guaranteed. Postpaid. Write for new chick booklet. H. L. CARL, Box 101Montgomery, Mich.

BABY CHICKS

10 FREE If ordered in advance.

9c and Up 20 varieties, Pedigreed Cockerels from head laying pens of Michigan guaranteed blood Tested. Trapnest 200 eggs up. Write for free circular before buying elsewhere. BECKMAN HATCHERY
26 Lyon St. Grand Rapids, Mich.

We have just the chicks you have been looking for, he large, strong, vigorous kind from free range ocks that have been culled for heavy egg produc-ion. Shipped prepaid parcel post. Safe arrival uaranteed. Ask about 8 wk. pullets. Catalog free. Gilt Edge Poultry Ranch of Zeeland, Michigan

Cured His Rupture

I was badly ruptured while lifting a trunk several years ago. Doctors said my only hope of cure was an operation. Trusses did me no good. Finally I get Trusses did me no good. Finally 1 get hold of something that quickly and completely cured me. Years have passed and the rupture has never returned, although I am doing hard work as a carpenter. There was no operation, no lost time, no trouble. I have nothing to sell, but will give full information about how you mayind a complete cure without operation, if you write to me, Eugene M. Pullen, Carpenter, 44L Marcellus Avenue, Manasquan, N. J. Better cut out this notice and show it to any others who are ruptured—you may save a life or at least stop the misery of rupture and the worry and danger of an operation.—(Adv.)

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Superior baby chicks are bred-to-lay birds. They are trap-nested from world champion layers such as the internationally famous Tom Barron and Hollywood strains of White Leghorns.

This pedigree blood in Superior chicks is an assurance of early returns and handsome profits. Hatched in state inspected hatchthe largest and finest in ery — the largest and finest in Michigan — with a capacity of 150,000 eggs to a setting. Live deliveries to any point within 1500 miles absolutely guaranteed. Money back if not satisfied. Book your order now and receive liberal discount. Write for free catalog and price list today.

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In Business For 22 Years

White and Buff Leghorns and Hatching Eggs

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HENRY DE PREE SONS HOLLAND, MICH.



First Choice, Bred for High-Flock White Leghorn CHICKS Hollywood 260-290

Barron English hens mated to Hollywood males from pedigreed ancestry of 260-

Our own Rural strain of White Leghorns, Barron

stram.
B'd Rocks—Br. Leghorns
Anconas. Catalog free.
Rural Poultry Farm
Box 660, R1, Zeeland, Mich.

CHIX OF QUALITY Hatched in Wishbone Incubators.

S. C. W. Leghorns \[\begin{cases} \frac{\fir}{\frac{\fir}{\fir\f{\f{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\fr

De KOSTER'S HATCHERY, Zeeland, Mich., Box 300.

CHICKS FOR 1925

we are ready to book orders for Baby Chicks: and White Rocks, Reds, White and Silver Wyandottes, White and Buff Orpingtons, Minorcas, Anconas, White, Brown and Buff ns.

for Poultry Circular with price list. 100 per cent delivery, STATE FARMS ASSOCIATION, Kalamazoo, Michigan. Active Member International Baby Chick Association. Member Michigan State Farm Bureau.

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Profit Makers—Early Layers
Leghorns, Anconas, Rocks, Reds, Wyandottes,
Orpingtons, Minorcas. Lowest prices. Catalog free. Address nearest office.
D. T. FARROW CHICKERIES Peoria, Ill., Des Moines, Ia., Milwaukee, Wis., Indianapolis, Ind.

FAVORITE BREEDS—FAMOUS STRAINS
From expert culled, HEALTHY flocks of utility,
egg contest, prize-winning blood, Leghorns, Barred and W. Rocks, R. C. R. I. Reds, W. Wyandottes and Anconas. Extra chicks free with
early orders, Guranteed,
HAIGHT HATCHERY, Cedar Springs, Michigan.

O K 150,000 chix 9c up. From highest-producing contest layers. Free circular. Hatching eggs. 10 chix free with early orders. Lawrence Hatchery, 87, Grand Rapids, Michigan.

must be used in the selection of in-dividuals for inbreeding.

Selections of Individuals

The selection of breeding stock is largely a matter of the skill of the breeder and the records he has at hand. It involves several factors, each of importance, namely:

Breed type

Egg production. Size and type of egg produced. Hatching power of the egg.

These factors can only be definitely known where accurate records are available such as trap nest records and incubation data. It is a danger-ous practice to make up the breeding pens from records alone. The individuality of the stock must be con-

where this information is not available the breeder must rely on his skill to select from outward characteristics, the individualness for his matings. A few facts should be borne in mind when making this selection.

1. Keep only pure breds. Throw into discard birds which are not good representations of the breed. Standard qualifications should by all means apply to the mating of production stock as well as exhibition stock if we can hope to have the two factors combined in the one individual.

2. Breed from Mature Rirds, Only

Breed from Mature Birds. Only well developed males and females should be used in the breeding pens. Hens are preferable to pullets, but where pullets are used they should be well grown and well matured. Do not use small, under developed pul-

not use small, under developed pullets in the breeding pen.

4. Select Heavy Producers. This means that culling must precede the mating season. Leave only the old hens that have proven themselves good producers as pullets. In the case of pullets, select these that have proven their ability as winter layers. This character you need in the off-spring.

Late Moulters. Hens moulting late and rapidly are always the ones which are capable of producing eggs over a long period of time. Do not breed from the slow moulters which are always out in new plumage in the fall, where the others are just giv-ing into moult. Select pullets which mature early and commence laying when only four to five months of age, Use your judgment however and do not be an extremist. Extremely late moulters or hens which do not moult at all are often poor breeders. Pullets which come into production often become stunted and produce very small eggs.

Egg Type. Much has been written on egg type. Make yourself familiar with the most recent information on culling and selection. Your County Agent will assist you in having a culling school in your community where these factors can be explained and demonstrated. Space will not permit a lengthy discussion on Egg Type here so we will mention just a few high lights.

Early *maturity.

Late moulting. A broad flat back.

A long straight keel.

A deep wedge shaped body. Close hard plumage. A clean cut head.

A bright prominent eye. A flat smooth shank. Industrious and friendly tem-

perament. Breeding for Meat Production

When meat production is the primary purpose, selection should be made with the idea always in mind of producing offspring of uniform size, color and shape. These when killed will present the greatest quality and uniformity of dressed carcass.

Broilers must come Broilers. from matings which will produce rapid growth, early maturity and a carcass when at 8-10 weeks will be well-fleshed. You can feed on fat but muscle, breast covering and thigh fleshing must be inherited.

Roasters have a longer period of growth, consequently rapid maturity is not so essential. The stock must have a big, strong frame, capable of carrying an abundance of fleshing. The general conformation should be blocky, with round well muscled breasts and strong development of

In our next article we will discuss the selection, care and incubation of

PAN-A-CE-A

your breeders at mating time

You want fertile eggs for hatching-eggs that will hatch into strong, livable chicks.

See to it that your flock, your hens and roosters, are in the pink of condition at the time the hatching eggs are laid.

Dr. Hess Poultry Pan-a-ce-a is a tonic-not a stimulant.

A tonic that imparts to the parent stock that spark of health and vigor that means fertile eggs for hatching.

Eggs that will hatch strong, livable chicks-not dead in the shell-not puny and weak.

Costs Little to Use Pan-a-ce-a

The price of just one egg pays for all the Pan-a-ce-a a hen will eat in six months.

There's a right-size package for every flock.

100 hens the 12-lb. pkg.

60 hens the 5-lb. pkg.

200 hens the 25-lb. pail 500 hens the 100-lb. drum

For 25 hens there is a smaller package

REMEMBER—When you buy any Dr. Hess product, our responsibility does not end until you are satisfied that your investment is a profitable one. Otherwise, return the empty container to your dealer and get your money back.

DR. HESS & CLARK, Inc., Ashland, Ohio

Dr. Hess Instant Louse Killer Kills Lice



White Leghorns Exclusively

Are sired by males out of hens that laid 270 eggs in 365 days, and these males were sired by a male from a 300 egg hen.

Bred For Eggs Since 1910

ONCE A CUSTOMER, ALWAYS A CUSTOMER

Chicks from this high-grade laying strain will give bigger profits, and absolute satisfaction. They have 15 years of careful selection and breeding direct behind them, and mature in the shortest possible time. You will be benefitted by our 15 years experience in hatching and shipping chicks for they grow up uniform in Size. They possess great vitality, and are bringing big returns in our customers hands. Let us mail you our catalogue with prices. 100 % safe arrival guaranteed.

WOLVERINE HATCHERY

H. P. WIERSMA, Prop.
R. 2, ZEELAND, MICHIGAN



EGG BRED Do You

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Can Do

High nock average is the rule with Wyngarden stock,
Pedigree: Hens. 260-289. Males from 298-304 dams.

Write for catalog.

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19 YEARS BARRED ROCKS

Wingarden
HATCHERY & FARMS
ZEELAND, MICH., BOX B



YEARS OF EXPERIENCE

Our 15 years of work and experience in breeding and hatching Chicks qualifies us as DEAN in the Poultry Industry College. We own and operate a real Poultry Farm of 20 acres, not merely a Hatchery. Our Free Catalog will give you an excellent idea of this Farm—Get it now. We have specialized in White Leghorns for many years. Chicks at following prices. 100% Live Delivery Guaranteed

Postpaid prices on 25 50 \$100 \$500 \$100.

S. C. White Leghorns, Extra Quality. \$4.00 \$7.50 \$14.00 \$67.50 \$130.00

Barred Rocks, Reds, Anconas. 4.25 8.00 15.00 72.00 140.00

White & Buff Rocks, White Wyandottes. 5.00 9.00 17.00 \$0.00 155.00

Ref. Royal Oak Sayings Bank. Order direct from this ad in full confidence.

DEAN FARM AND HATCHERY, Box 22, Birmingham, Michigan

S. C. BUFF LEGHORN CHICKS FROM CAREfully culled stock on free range.
J. W. WEBSTER, Bath, Michigan.

68 Varieties of Fine pure-bred chickens, ducks, geese, turkeys, fowls, eggs, baby chicks. Large illustrated catalog 5c. A. A. Ziemer, Austin, Minn.

SMARKET FLASH

Wheat Expected to Remain Above \$2 Level

Live-stock Market for 1925 Looks Good By W. W. FOOTE, Market Editor.

N all sides great activity in business is reported, there being a continuance of the large traffic he last year. Our foreign trade of the last year. has shown big gains, exports to Europe last year being \$351,000,000 ahead of 1923, while our imports from Europe were \$60,000,000 smaller. Our favorable trade balance with Europe alone was \$1,348,000,-000, comparing with \$936,000,000 for 1923. The development of our home trade is indicated by the substantial gains of the mail order houses which came very near making a new high record last month for January, and their late reports show prosperous conditions in agricultural districts. Heretofore most of the sales in farming districts in recent months were to meet immediate wants, but with growing prosperity, increasing sales are embracing both necessities and luxuries. roads carried the largest quantities of freight last month ever moved in January, and the iron and steel industry, popularly known as the barometer of trade, is now operating on a scale larger than was ever known at this season of the year. Farmers are getting much higher prices for most of their products than a year earlier and the wonderful boom in wheat prices has taken most of them by surprise, although they expected good advances because of the world's shortage. Unfortunately much of the wheat grown in the middle west was marketed before the large advances in recent weeks, but earlier gains in values were not small by any means. The danger now is that the high price of wheat will stimulate farmers of the United States and Canada to sow too much wheat and bring about a return to low prices. In the corn belt states farmers have been testing their seed corn and this is a highly important matter, as there is a great deal of corn that grades poorly. Progressive farmers are making handsome returns on their corn fields by fertilizing the soil and using only first-class tested seed. The Department of Agriculture is advising farmers to diversify their productions, and they are told that the present tendency is towards stronger competition for farm labor than last year. It is added by way of caution that increased wheat acreage this year is not advisable.

The Agricultural Outlook Hog producers enter 1925 with 18 per cent fewer hogs than a year ago, and there is every indication that prices during the next 18 months will be higher than at any time since 1920. Six to eight million fewer pigs will be born this spring than last fall than farrowed last fall if producers respond to the unfavorable relation of corn and hog prices as they have done in the past.

The beef cattle industry is gradually working into a more favorable position due to the relation of beef to competing commodities, especially pork, improved industrial conditions, and in no small measure to the cattlemen's own sacrifices. Market receipts will probably be somewhat smaller than in 1924. All conditions indicate that the long time outlook for the industry is even more favorable. A recovery in prices of dairy products could hardly be expected should the number of milk cows be urther increased. Domestic production appears inadequate and the foreign dairy situation is such as to keep market prices low and thus limit the height to which our butter prices can rise without bringing in foreign butter.

Prospects for the sheep industry in 1925 appear favorable. The world wool outlook and the prospective meat situation in this country promise prices for 1925 at least on a par with those of 1924. There does not appear to be any immediate danger of over-production as the increase in the number of sheep has as yet been

The outlook of the poultry industry during 1925 from the standpoint of market egg prices is favorable while from the standpoint of market poultry prices, it is not so encouraging. With an abnormally large carry-over of dressed poultry in storage, it seems probable that lower prices on market poultry may prevail for at least the first half of the year.

Reaction in Wheat Prices
The recent wild boom in wheat prices brought about largely by extensive speculation, in which the general outside public took a hand, was followed by the natural reaction after May wheat had got considerably above the \$2 mark. Weakness was caused by heavy selling by traders who were ready to take their profits. who were ready to take their profits, and agitation in Washington to place restrictions for halting the upward movement of prices were not essen-tially changed, and, with the generally admitted world shortage of wheat and rye, the only question was how high prices consumers would pay. Unquestionably, rye, oats, potatoes and other foods that will be largely substituted for wheat, for flour has shared fully in the rise, but it seems safe to may that wheat will bring more than \$2 most of the time. At the same time flour has its reactions too, and it sold off 50 cents a barrel recently when prices for wheat were going up. Argentina and Australia going up. Argentina and Australia are shipping wheat to consuming countries as fast as boats can be loaded, and large engagements are reported for later exports. In short, wherever there is available wheat for export the demand is urgent, and the larger parts of exportable surplus larger parts of exportable surplus breadstuffs has been shipped already. It is important to know that Dr. J. W. T. Duval, supervisor of the grain futures administration in charge of the trading on the grain exchanges, says there is no foundation for the charges of manipulation in the Chicago market. An important feature is the world wide advances simultaneously, with declines at the same time. Rye is in urgent demand for time. Rye is in urgent demand for export, and prices are remarkably high, while corn prices rule firm, although there is little export demand. Oats are marketed so freely that large stocks in the elevators hold prices down. There were late sales for May delivery of wheat around for May delivery of wheat around \$1.86, comparing with \$1.12 a year ago; corn at \$1.37, comparing with \$1 cents a year ago; oats at 62 cents,

comparing with 49 cents a year ago; and rye at \$1.75 1/4, comparing with 75 cents a year ago.

The Cattle Industry

Reduced cattle feeding operations point to good prices for the future, provided their owners market them in good condition and do not carry them for too long a period, for corn is selling at unusually high prices, while yearlings are preferred by the packers to heavy cattle and outsell them. Now and then a sale is made in the Chicago market of prime heavy steers, at an extra high price, and a short time ago 39 head of fancy long fed Herefords averaging 1636 pounds brought \$11.25, but the general run of beef steers sell at \$8 to \$10.50, with the choicer class of yearlings taken at \$8.75 to \$12.50 and not many above \$11. Sales are made down to \$6.50 to \$7.50 for the commoner light steers, with inferior little steers taken at \$4.50 to \$6.25. Decreasing receipts have resulted in advances of prices, and no good steers sell below \$9, while butcher lots of cows sell at \$3.75 to \$9.75, canner and cutter cows at \$2.50 to \$3.70, bulls at \$3.50 to \$6.50 and calves at \$6 to \$15 per 100 pounds, the eastern embargo on poultry bringing about a brisk demand for calves at much advanced prices. Stockers and feeders have a moderate sale lately at \$4.50 to \$7.50, going mainly at \$6 to \$7. A year ago beef steers were selling for \$6.65 \$11.50. Combined receipts twenty markets for the year to late date amount to 1, 318,000 head of cattle, comparing with 1,388.000 a year ago.

Hogs in Active Demand Of late there has been the strongest kind of a demand for swine ever seen in the Chicago stock yards, and prices had good advances, reaching the highest level recorded in about four months, despite liberal supplies most of the time. Monday is the day usually of large supplies, and on a late Monday 101,087 hogs showed up, being among the largest runs ever seen. Shippers to eastern pack-ing points are active buyers, and their purchases mean competition between buyers, shipments from Chicago on Monday amounting to 26,-419 hogs. Recent marketings averaged 225 pounds, being three pounds less than a week earlier, five pounds less than a year ago and twelve pounds less than two years ago. High-priced corn accounts for the falling off in veight. Hogs have graded well, and the bulk sold within a range of 50 cents, with prime heavy butchers at the top, these selling 35 cents above the best light bacon hogs.

Coarse, rough, heavy hogs are dis-criminated against. Fresh and cured hog products are having a large domestic consumption, but their great advance in prices has caused their exportation to fall far below exports a year ago. Combined re-ceipts in twenty markets for the year to late date amount to 5, 498,000 hogs, comparing with 5,633,000 a year ago. One year ago hogs sold at \$6.20 to \$7.45. Late hog sales were at \$10.10 to \$11.10.

There was some reaction in the Detroit market last week and prices went down below \$2.00 per bushel but as all old causes of high prices remain they are not expected to decline much below that level and the majority of the dealers declare wheat will continue around \$2.00 for some time. Some are expecting prices to establish a new high level in the near

CORN

Corn is slightly higher at Detroit than it was two weeks ago with trading rather quiet.

OATS

There is very little doing in the Detroit oat market at the present time and the market is easy with prices a fraction of a cent above what they were two weeks ago.

RYE

Prices in the Detroit rye market are lower than they were a fortnight ago and the market is quiet. This grain follows wheat and if the latter advances we expect to see higher prices for rye.

BEANS

The Detroit bean market has not recovered from the recent slump as rapidly as was expected but it is bound to come back. Students of the market say that the slump was caused by speculators but they will not be able to control the trend very long as conditions in the market are such that the market must advance.

POTATOES

Farmers are unloading their surplus potatoes rapidly and the result is the market is easy and lower prices are expected if receipts continue heavy. The warm weather we have been having has had a depressing effect on the market fect on the market.

HAY

Receipts have fallen off in the hay market and a steady demand is re-ported for good hay. Poor grades continue to sell at wide discounts.

LIVESTOCK MARKETS

LIVESTOCK MARKETS

DETROIT, Feb. 11.—Cattle market steady but extremely dull, Good to choice yearlings, dry fed, \$9.25@9.75; best heavy steers, dry fed \$7.75@8.50; handy-weight butcher steers, \$7.27.50; mixed steers and heifers, \$5.50@7; handy light butchers and heifers, \$5.50@6; high butchers, \$4.25@6; best cows, \$5.05.50; butcher cows, \$3.50@4.25; common cows, \$3.375; canners, \$2.50@2.75; choice light bulls, \$4.50@6; heavy bulls, \$4.50@5.25; stock bulls, \$2.04; feeders, \$5.06; stockers, \$4.50@5.75; milkers and springers, \$45.070.

Veal Calves—Market \$1 lower; best, \$13.50@14; others, \$6.013.

Sheep and Lambs.—Market 25c lower; best lambs, \$17.50@17.75; fair lambs, \$16.75@17; light to common lambs, \$3.00; and common, \$4.00; 4.4.75; buck lambs, \$7.00; and common, \$4.00; and common, and common and common, and common and common, and common and

ects, mixed and heavy hogs, \$11.35@11.50.

EAST BUFFALO.—Cattle-Receipts,

EAST BUFFALO.—Cattle—Receipts, 100, active and steady.
Calves.—Receipts, 400; slow; 50c lower; choice, \$13@13.50; fair to good, \$10.50@12.50; culls, \$6@7; heavy, \$6@8; grassers, \$3@5.
Hogs—4,000; slow; 10 to 15c lower; heavy, \$11.60; mixed, \$11.40@11.50; yorkers, \$11.25@11.40; light yorkers, \$10@10.75; pigs, \$9@9.50; roughs, \$10; stags, \$5@7.
Sheep and Lambs.—Receipts, 2,500; Sheep and Lambs.—Receipts, 2.500; mbs. \$10@18.25; yearlings, \$10@15; ethers. \$10.50@11; ewes, \$3@10; mixed

sheep. \$10@10.50. CHICAGO.—U, S. Department Agriculture—He s—Receipts, 30,300; market less

lambs.

THE BUSINESS FARMER'S MARKET SUMMARY and Comparison with Markets Two Weeks ago and One Year ago

	Detroit Feb. 11	Chicago Feb. 11	Detroit Jan. 13	Detroit 1 yr. ago
WHEAT-	1		0.5	
No. 2 Red	\$1.99	\$2.00	\$2.13	\$1.151/2
No. 2 White	1.95	\$2.00	2.13	1.16 1/2
No. 2 Mixed	1.95	2.00	2.13	1.15%
CORN-				
No. 3 Yellow	1.28	1.25	1.28	.86
No. 4 Yellow	1.23	1.18@1.21	1.23	.84
OATS-				
No. 2 White	.63 1/4	.58@.59	.63	.54
No. 3 White	.62	53@.56	.62	.52 1/2
RYE-	1 2 2 7 9			10 Th 10 Th 10 Th 10 Th
Cash No. 2	1.59		1.65	.74
BEANS-				
C. H. P. Cwt.	6.30@6.35	6.00@6.50	6.40@6.50	5.00
POTATOES-		200		
Per Cwt.	1.17	1.05@1.15	1.20@1.23	1.20@1.40
HAY—				
No. 1 Tim.	17@18	20@22	17.50@18.50	23@25
No. 2 Tim.	15@16	16@18	15.50@16.50	22@23
No. 1 Clover	14@15	16@17	15@16	20.50@21
Light Mixed	16@17	18@20	16.50@17.50	20.50@21

Wednesday, Feb., 11.—All grains quiet. asy. Cattle irregular. Hogs decline. Bean market steady. Potatoes

(295) 31

active than early; mostly 10 to 15 cents higher on hogs averaging 180 pounds upward; light lights and pigs weak to 25 cents lower than Monday's average; top, \$11.40; several loads at that price; bulk desirable weighty butchers, \$11.20@11.35; most good and choice 180 to 220-pound kind, \$10.85@11.20; 140 to 170-lb weights, \$9.50@10.15; most desirable strong weight slaughter pigs, \$8.75@9.25; few sales of packing sows, \$10.25@10.50; heavyweight hogs, \$10.85@11.40.

I think you have a fine paper.—R. A., Henderson, Mich.

I have been a reader of the M. B. F. for two years and think it is a real farm paper.—Mrs. F. A., Marion, Michigan.

I think you have a wonderfully good paper.—J. H., Jackson, Michigan.



Week of February 15

RAPID rise in temperature at beginning of this is expected in Michigan due to the effects of a western storm that will become severe as it moves eastward.

Increasing cloudiness, rain or snow and high winds will reach this state about Monday and continue over Tuesday and Wednesday with renewed storminess during the latter days of this week. Sleet and glaze storms together with severe winds are expected to do much in interfering with traffic and wire communfering with traffic and wire communication. These conditions materializing will greatly effect local mar-

kets in many commodities.

Immediately following these storm conditions the temperature will fall decidely to readings below the seasonal normal for this state. Temperatures will then generally remain on the downward trend until after the middle part of next week.

Week of February 22

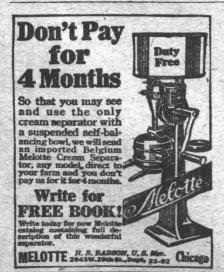
While temperatures will show a moderation at beginning of this week in Michigan we do not expect any great warmth. The next decided high temperature wave will not oc-cur in this state until near the close of this week.

Neither do we expect any great heavy snow falls in this state gen-erally at beginning of this week as the low barometric pressure centers over Michigan.

Sunday and Monday the sky will be overcast with resulting snow flurries and winds followed during middle part of week with falling tempera-

tures and clearing skies.

Cool temperatures of middle part
of week will be quickly displaced with general moderation from a more important storm influence which is due to effect Michigan about the last three days of this week. This particular storm area will run into the early part of next week and during its stay in this state will produce a con-siderable amount of snow or rain or both, depending upon location and time of day of precipitation.



FEED

If you buy feed for pigeons, poultry, hogs, sheep or cattle we can save you money. Let us send you our regular price lists and market letters.

Port Huron Storage and Bean Co. Port Huron, Michigan

IMPLEMENT PREPAREDNESS

MPLEMENT Preparedness Week has been set for February 23-28.

It is a week when every farmer, who wishes to produce in the most economical way possible the coming season, might well check up on all his equipment and by figures and analysis determine just what machines and implements should continue in service and what ones it would pay to displace. In manufac-turing industries, machines that help produce profits are given a periodic check. If they do not work as emciently as new, improved machines as indicated by close study of production figures, sentiment is thrown in the discard—they are junked and the new ones substituted. On the farm it should be likewise.

SPIRIT OF OPTIMISM RULES DURING FARMERS' WEEK (Continued from Page 19)

parade was enjoyed by paraders and spectators alike.

Led by the college band, the military units, infantry, cavalry, and artillery, passed by in well trained groups. Next came the floats representing the various departments of the college, each float having been prepared by one of the student or-ganizations. Finally came the live-stock, splendid horses and cattle from the college herds.

This parade never fails to impress the visitor with the resources and strength of the college and the wide extent of its work, both for the students and for the farmers of the state.

Various Contest Test Skill The livestock judging contests, which were started last year, were staged again this year. Entries in these contests are limited to farmers and farm boys. Each morning saw the judging pavilion well filled with farmers trying out their skill in judging the rings of horses, beef cattle, dairy cows, sheep, and hogs. A brand new feature at the 1925

Farmers' Week was the Grange Singing Contest. Fourteen Granges took part in this contest, each Grange sending a chorus composed of about 12 of their best singers. Prizes for the contest were donated by R. E.

the contest were donated by R. E. Olds of Lansing.

First place was won by Eaton Rapids, with Stockman Grange of Bath as second, and Vermontville, third. The three prize winning groups sang at the general Farmers' Week session on Wednesday afternoon and on one evening they were featured on the broadcasting program from the college station WKAR WKAR.

One of the interesting things about Farmers' Week is the fact that it is a sort of barometer of agricultural conditions throughout the state. With the thousands of farmers in attendance from all parts of Michigan, the gathering cannot fail to reflect accurately just how the farmers are feeling. Former years have seen something of discouragement due to prevailing conditions in farming. Last year the feeling was more hopeful and the resulting season proved that the optomism was justified. This year there seemed more enthusiasm than ever. The tension caused by poor conditions seems to be practically gone and everyone is looking forward to steadily improving conditions. If the Farmers' Week barometer is as accurate as it has been in former years the agricultural situation in Michigan is bound to get better and better.

LENAWEE COUNTY MAN IS MICH-IGAN'S "CORN KING"

OR the past two years a corn growing contest has been con-ducted in Michigan under the direction of the Michigan Crop Improvement Association. This second year has seen a large increase in the number of fa entering the contest, some fifty farmers having en-rolled at the beginning of the season and over half of that number actually completed the work.

First place, and the title of Michigan's "Corn King", went to Otto Wagner of Riga. His average yield was \$1.25 bushels of shelled corn per acre. The value of this corn was figured at \$86.13 per acre and the margin above cultural cost was \$78.11 per acre. Considering cultural costs (fertilizer, plowing, discing, harrowing, cultivating, etc..) it cost 9.8 cents per bushel to grow the corn.



Big 10-ounce package 60c, at feed dealers, neral stores, druggists. Order direct if dealer not supplied.

Dairy Association Co., Inc. BA KNAE Lyndonville, Vt. PEOPLE MADE BY THE

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Issues 15c, Four Issues 25c.

No advertisement less than ten words.
Groups of figures, initial or abbreviation count as one word.
Cash in advance from all advertisers in this department, no exceptions and no discounts.

Forms close Monday noon preceding date of issue. Address:

MICHIGAN BUSINESS FARMER,
Mt. Clemens, Michigan.

HELP WANTED

YOUNG MAN OVER SIXTEEN FOR FARM work. State age and wages expected. Burger Farm, Saginaw, W. S., Mich., Route 4.

FARM TANDS

THE CHAUTAUQUA GRAPE BELT IN WESTern New York is one of the wealthiest farming
and fruit-growing sections in the United States,
Farming actually peys. Best homes, many with
natural gas, electricity and flowing water. Fine
locations near Lake Erie and Lake Chautauqua.
Payed roads. Summer-resorts. Markets. All the
social adventages of close-by towns. N. Y. Farm
Agency, Westfield, N. Y.

ATTENTION FARMERS—IF YOU WANT TO sell or trade your farm for Detroit city property and you want a good and honest husiness also cuick results list your farms with us with a responsible company, we specialize in selling farms in Michigan, write to the Hone Land & Building Co., 8580 Jos. Campau, Detroit, Mich.

FOR SALE—40 ACRES, 1½ MILES EAST OF Marlette, Smilac Co., on good gravel road. All under cultivation. Good nine room house, steam heated and acetylene lights. Good out buildings. R. W. Cooley, Marlette, Michigan.

FARM FOR SALE—103 ACRES LIMESTONE soil string, creek watered pasture, ten room house, barn, cornerib wagonshed, gamere other outbuildings young orchard 235 trees. Possession April 1st. Clyde Fritter, Barnesville, Ohio, R4.

OWING TO THE DEATH OF MY WIFE I wish to sell my 120-acre farm, 3 miles northest of Clare. For further particulars write Fred Hudson, Clare, Michigan.

70 ACRE FARM FOR SALE NEAR FRANK-fort, Michigan. Goon house, barn and garage; apple and cherry orchard. For terms write Robert Gray, Elberta, Mich zan.

WANT TO RENT 60 OR 80 ACRE FARM within 40 miles of Detroit near high school. Cash or shares. A. J. Rugenstein, Utica, Mich.

FOR SALE—80 ACRES, CLEARED, THED. Fair buildings, Sheridan Township, Clare County, John Mills, Clare, R2, Michigan.

FOR SALE TWO GOOD FARMS. 360 ACRES. A real bargain. Frank Glawe, Ocqueoc. Mich. LARGE AND SMALL FARM. EASY TERMS. C Winter, Crewe, Virginia.

SEED

SEED CORN AND SEED OATS. MY DRYING house is fill d with Clement's Improved White Cap yellow dent, and Ducan's yellow dent seed corn. Fire dried on racks, ear tested, guaranteed germination from high yielding stock. Registered and certified Worthy Oats. Heavy yielders with a stiff straw. For prices write Paul C. Clement,

CHOICE SEED CORN—1000 BU, 100-DAY Improved Yellow Dent: 500 bu, Lancaster County Sure Crop. 300 bu, Early White Cap, nearly all 1923 Crop, all high germination. Write for price, sample and circular. Order early to save money Shull Farm, Box 20, Tullytown, Rucks Co. Pp. save money. Bucks Co., Pa.

FOR SALE—BÜRBANK HULLESS OATS FOR seed by grower. Full particulars and sample free. Address H. M. Welder, Fennville, Mich., R2.

FOR SALE—75 BU, UNHULLED WHITE-blossom sweet clover seed, \$2.25 per bu. G. E. McCleary, Mesick, Michigan.

MANCHU SOYBEANS—CHOICE RECLEANED, from certified seed, \$2.50 per bushel, bags included. Bay now. Guy W. Stanner Seed House, Champagan, Ill. BEST FOR MICHIGAN, ROBUST BEANS, Wolverine Oats. Address A. B. Cook, Owosso, Michigan.

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