Milton's Youth.

Milton lived in a time when learning was held of more account than original gifts, and it was at twelve years of age that he entered upon the system of self-development which was to prepare him for the great work he believed himself destined to achieve. When a boy of twelve, he seized learning, he tells us, with such eagerness that he scarcely ever went to bed before midnight; and there is no sweeter picture than that called to the mind by Aubrey of the little enthusiast poring over his books at midnight while the family are asleep, the maid servant is sitting up for him. As a natural consequence, when he was, at fifteen, sent to St. Paul's School, he had not—for accomplishments, and, perhaps, for scholarship—an equal of his own age in England. And when, two years later, he went to Cambridge, it is no wonder if the young men were startled by the advent of this peculiar kind of student, with his fair hair, brilliant complexion, and large and lustrous eyes, of that age which at one moment is called gray, at another blue. Though his features were regular, even, then serious, they were of perfect symmetry, while his courageous look, his little figure, erect, and of about the middle height, seemed to indicate exactly the kind of youth needed at Christ's to the lecture-room and gown "row." It very soon became evident, however, that his studies had led him. He was a good swordsman undoubtedly, but he had no leisure to exhibit his skill; he was busy to late hours, but it was to rob from his sleep and his studying all sorts of subjects in all sorts of languages. His habits and his morals were eccentric; the first being most abstemious, the second most virtuous.

An Astonished Coal Dealer.

The Hartford *Times* tells this story. Mr. Mitchell sells coal at No. 65 Main street in the rear of a bakery. The bakery occupies an extra inducement to secure customers he deposits the coal in the bin instead of at the door. The other night, just before 6 o'clock, as Mr. Mitchell was closing up by candle light, a well-dressed, good looking young man walked in and ordered a ton of coal to be delivered to "Edward Smith, No. 50 Asylum street." He opened fight," the order being written on a piece of brown paper.

"Can you change a $10 bill?" asked the young man, at the same time feeling in his pocket for the money.

"Certainly," said Mr. Mitchell, taking out a small tin tobacco box in which he put his money, and proceeded to count out the change.

The candle was not luminous. Mr. Mitchell was nearsighted, and, in spite of his money, when the young man suddenly handed a paper dollar behind the box he entered upon the system of self-development which was to prepare him for the great work he believed himself destined to achieve. When a boy of twelve, he seized learning, he tells us, with such eagerness that he scarcely ever went to bed before midnight; and there is no sweeter picture than that called to the mind by Aubrey of the little enthusiast poring over his books at midnight while the family are asleep, the maid servant is sitting up for him. As a natural consequence, when he was, at fifteen, sent to St. Paul's School, he had not—for accomplishments, and, perhaps, for scholarship—an equal of his own age in England. And when, two years later, he went to Cambridge, it is no wonder if the young men were startled by the advent of this peculiar kind of student, with his fair hair, brilliant complexion, and large and lustrous eyes, of that age which at one moment is called gray, at another blue. Though his features were regular, even, then serious, they were of perfect symmetry, while his courageous look, his little figure, erect, and of about the middle height, seemed to indicate exactly the kind of youth needed at Christ's to the lecture-room and gown "row." It very soon became evident, however, that his studies had led him. He was a good swordsman undoubtedly, but he had no leisure to exhibit his skill; he was busy to late hours, but it was to rob from his sleep and his studying all sorts of subjects in all sorts of languages. His habits and his morals were eccentric; the first being most abstemious, the second most virtuous.

A Fatal Fire.

A negro cabin with nine occupants—two men, a woman, and six children—on the plantation of Capt. Wm. Stack, thirteen miles north of Columbia, S. C., was burned the past week.

Hayes's Defamation.

Suit has been commenced against I. C. Hovey, the defaulting City Treasurer of Urbana, Ohio. The amount of his alleged peculations, with interest, is reported at $63,000.

The Chinaman's Luck.

In San Francisco, the past week, a Chinese washhouse was burned, from the ruins of which eleven charred bodies have been taken. It is supposed they had been making up for lost sleep.

Suit for Slander.

A suit has been commenced in Albany making it a misdemeanor for newspapers to publish the truth in regard to a public speaker who has displeased the audience.

Lye Moyne's Cremation.

Miss Molly Harlman, aged eighteen, who died at Lye Moyne in Stephenson Co., Pa., the 23d inst., according to her expressed desire, was cremated in the furnace of Le Moyne at Washington, Pa.

South America.

A rupture is expected between Chili and the Argentine Confederation. Chili was to call for 5,000 men and heavy bounties were offering the Argentines. It was said that Chili had purchased the Italian ironclads Roma and Venezia.

Colonel Slade's Murderer.

The Colorado Supreme Court has refused a new trial to Cox, sentenced to imprisonment for life, for the murder of Colonel Alston. The case is to be carried to the Supreme Court of the United States.

Davis's Commission.

The Irish National Land League of Dublin have deputed Michael Davitt to wait upon French and other continental newspapers to enlist their support in the effort for relief of the distress in Ireland.

A Clean Job.

Charles Decker, a prominent merchant of Newark, N. J., committed suicide by blowing his head off with a shotgun. Two notorious Donnelly family and murdered the father, mother, one son and a girl, a niece. A boy named Conroy, the only other member of the household at the time, escaped. The band then set fire to the house, which, together with the murdered bodies, was totally consumed. Another murder was committed five miles from the homestead, was called to his door about the same hour and shot dead. The township is will with excitement.

Will It Always be Thus.

The miners and coke-drawers in the Connellsville region, near Pittsburg have served notice that they will strike if their wages are not advanced forthwith. They claim that they have been the victims of a long-continued system of robbery, and that they are compelled to take their wages out in company tradestores, at which price in provisions have advanced twenty to twenty-five per cent. They make the demand they ask. Should the strike be ordered it will throw 12,000 men out of work.

A Fabulous Find of Gold Near Denver.

There is great excitement in Denver over a newly discovered gold mine. The discovery of the ranch at Platte is only from the South Park Railroad, and only twenty miles west of Denver. The vein of mineral was struck in the hill side at a depth of twenty feet. A specimen was taken in Denver and an assay obtained, the assay giving a value of about $21,000 per ton. $20,000 of the gold is said to be in a nugget. The facts are made in one of the papers of Denver, and to be quite half indisputable.

Two Insurrections.

Execution in Cuba and for What.

Gen. Roberts sends the following from Cienfuegos, Cuba, under date of Jan. 31st:

The Spanish Government has ordered the execution of Francisco Ortiz, a native of Cienfuegos, for attempting to induce the negroes to rise against the Spanish Government.

The Pleasant Surprise.

A grand party impanelled at Ogden, Ill., with a view to indicting Mormons guilty of bigamy have turned out themselves guilty of bigamy. Mormons, however, Hesinger, a wealthy Mormon, and three others have been arrested in Denver for bigamy and taken to Ogden for trial.

Mormon Bigamy.

He was married in Nauvoo, Illinois, but had gone out of the city and married another woman in Brighton, Illinois. Some of the Mormon leaders are thought to be at the bottom of the prosecution, which is proposed to test the question whether the Mormons can be convicted of bigamy.

The Millionaire Liberality.

Following the cable news from London comes the intelligence of a gift of $50,000 to the destitute of Ireland. Jim Keene, a millionaire, has stepped forward and is now preparing a ship-load of provisions for the famine which is proposed to send over to the hungry land tenants.

The Merciless Element.

A recent tornado on the Atlantic Coast was a destructive one. Property at Long Branch and Coney Island was greatly damaged. The New York Herald's cable dispatch did good service. One vessel, the Augustina from Havana to New York was loaded and all sacred but the Captain, who, when he saw the ship must go ashore, went into his cabin and blew out his brains.

Building the Fence.

In the House of the Maine Legislature it has been ordered that the Committee on the Alleged Bribery of Members proceed at once with their investigation. The Judiciary Committee has been ordered to inquire into the amending of the Constitution of the State that the right of suffrage shall be bestowed on those who can read and write the English language.

Profoundly Jealous.

Peter Nagle, of Reading, Pa., aged fifty years, loved Mrs. Shoad. She failed to reciprocate the love, and he attempted to avenge his unrequited love by chopping her head off with a butcher knife. Her cries for help brought assistance to her. He was able to complete the bloody work, but determined to do something desperate, he procured a convenient butcher knife and cut his throat most successfully.

Avenging Greed.

Samuel J. Holmes, a farmer living near Lawrence, Ind., attempted the murder of his step-daughter and her husband with a club as they slept, and so well did he succeed that it is believed that the girl will recover. He had married Mrs. Holliday for her property, who, on the event of her own daughter's marriage, gave her sixty acres of land. Hence the brutal and doubtless fatal assault.

What Magnetism Will Do.

The wife of a prominent physician of Philadelphia, a Charles Brown, who is quite ill by rubbing the affected parts with the hands has made a marvellous cure of a long-standing rheumatic pain by his practice he took liberties with many of his patients that will probably, more than the rest, expose Charles Brown to the Penitentiary for a term of two years and will pay a fine of $1,000.

One Fighting Force.

From the report submitted to Congress by the Secretary of War it appears that the organized strength of the militia force of the different States consists of 146 general officers, 1,005 regimental, field, staff and staff officers, 6,156 commissioned officers, 111,000 company officers, and 117,027 non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates. The unorganized force of militia consists of 1,000,000 men available for military duty or put down as 5,016,758.

The Blood-Letting War Whoopers.

A dispatch from Fort Buford, D. T., says: "On the 29th of January some Unkapapa Indians raided a Grosventre camp, and carried off a herd of ponies. The next day a war-party of Grosventres, after riding forty miles, attacked the marauders, and joined in a battle which was fierce and bloody, fifteen men being killed and the stock recaptured. The Grosventre braves are much excited, and a general uprising along the Yellowstone is feared early in the spring."

Horrible Murder and Cremation.

At Lucan, Ont., at midnight, masked men entered the house of Thomas Carroll, the notorious Donnelly family and murdered the father, mother, one son and a girl, a niece. A boy named Conroy, the only other member of the household at the time, escaped. The band then set fire to the house, which, together with the murdered bodies, was totally consumed. Another murder was committed five miles from the homestead, was called to his door about the same hour and shot dead. The township is will with excitement.

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Manchester Enterprise.

BY MAT D. BLOSSER.

Entered at the Postoffice, in Manchester as Second-class Matter.

We solicit communications and give time from all the surrounding towns.

Every communication must contain the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We must not be held responsible for sentiments expressed by others.

Any one wishing to become a regular or occasional correspondent, or news gatherer, will please write us for instructions.

If you have any business at the probate office write the expense that your notice be published in the Enterprise. Such a request will always be granted.

All articles for publication should be addressed to THE ENTERPRISE.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1880.

Tomorrow afternoon the proposals for the location of this year's state fair will be opened by the business committee of the state agricultural society. Detroit has not made a bid,

At the meeting of the Michigan Wool Growers, at Lansing, last week, the question of washing sheep was discussed at length, eliciting a very general expression against washing wool on the sheep's back.

The balance of cash in the state treasury Feb. 7 was $1,149,983.53. Receipts for the week ending Feb. 14 were $100,311.84; payments for same time, $4,684.89; leaving a balance Feb. 14, 1880, of $1,245,610.48; increase for the week $95,626.95.

The Michigan Merino Sheep Breeders' Association met at Lansing last week as per call. 37 persons joined the Association and elected the following officers:—President, C. M. Fellows, of Manchester. Vice President, R. F. Johnstone, Detroit. Sec'y, W. J. G. Dean, Hanover; Treas., A. A. Wood, Saline. The next meeting will be on the second Tuesday in December next.

Hedge Fences.

A Paper written by J. D. Carey, read and read at the Farmers' Institute.

The universal practice of the agricultural patriots for ages past, is sufficient proof that some kind of fence is a necessity to the farmer. It has long since been found necessary for those engaged in tilling the soil to have some barrier to protect their crops from marauding animals, and also to restrain their own within reasonable limits, and upon their own premises. Hence, we conclude that fences of some kind must be erected and maintained in our country, in order to raise sufficient food for its inhabitants. The question then naturally arises, what kind of fences shall we build? This I apprehend, is a very difficult question to answer. Where timber of good quality is abundant, or where stone is an incumbrance to the soil, these materials might be used to good advantage. But a large portion of our vast domain is almost entirely destitute of these valuable products. Even in our own state, many localities are already nearly destitute of timber, and the ruthless ax is producing and havoc among the primeval pine forests of the northern counties. Some farmers are making ditch, and others, wire fence, but as yet, no substitute has been found to take the place of the rail and board. Very few persons have any adequate idea of the immense cost of fencing the tillable lands of this country. It has been said upon good authority that the fences in the U. S. have cost more than all the buildings. At a moderate estimate they cost annually over $150,000,000. In the state of New York alone, more than $10,000,000 is required for their support. The amount expended in the state of Michigan every year, is probably greater than the original amount paid for all the enclosed land in the state. In order to more readily appreciate this vast outlay, we will promise that every farm of 160 acres, ought to be fenced into 20 acre fields for convenience and profit. This would require 960 rods, or three miles of fence, which would be twelve miles, or 3,840 rods of fence for every section of land enclosed; multiply this by 36, and you have 432 miles, or 138,240 rods of fence in every improved township. Again multiply this by 20 and you have 8,640 miles or 2,764,800 rods of fencing in the county of Washtenaw.

A few days since, an intelligent farmer belonging to the Manchester club, informed me that he owned twelve miles of fence which was worth one dollar per rod; that sum probably being about the average value, would give $138,240 as the present worth of fences in this town, and $2,764,800 as the amount now invested in Washtenaw county. In this estimate no account has been taken of road fences, (which are almost wholly unnecessary,) or of those around gardens, yards and orchards, and in villages and cities, so that the actual value is much greater than we have computed. Now it is very evident that the present fences around and upon our farms, cannot be rebuilt with the same material, without a greatly increased expenditure; in consequence of the enhanced value, caused by the increasing consumption of timber.

We now have nearly 100,000 miles of rail roads, the annual consumption for ties alone is probably 50,000,000, or 20 years growth of 30,000 acres of timber. To each foot of rail there should be two ties, or 200,000 miles of ties. We have, perhaps, about the same number of miles of telegraph, which would require 1,000,000 trees, while the annual repairs must take 400,000 or 500,000 trees. The little battle for match consumes, annually, in its manufacture, over 300,000 cubic feet of the best pine. The brick that are annually burned, require more than 2,000,000 cords of wood, which would take the entire timber from 50,000 acres. Shoe pegs are important articles, and to make the requisite annual supply, consumes 100,000 cords of fire timber, while the manufacture of lasts and boot trees takes 500,000 cords of maple, beach and birch, and about the same amount is required for plane sticks and tool handles. The packing boxes manufactured in the United States six years ago, amounted to $12,000,000, while the timber manufactured into agricultural implements, wagons, etc., was more than $100,000,000. Our consumption of timber is not only constantly on the increase, but our exportations of it is also rapidly increasing. Our staves go by the million to France, annually; walnut, oak, maple and pine, in large quantities to England, and docking timber to China and Japan.

From the foregoing facts and figures, we come to the conclusion that before another generation has passed away, the state of Michigan will be entirely denuded of its beautiful and valuable forests. What, then, shall we do to replace and rebuild our present fences? I am of the opinion that we should commence immediately, to grow live fence. Its cheapness, its durability, and its perfection and beauty, demands its almost universal adoption, where fence lines are to be permanent. The expense of enclosing a farm with a hedge is less than one-half what it is with timber, while they rot in a few years, the hedge will grow better for many years, and all the time, in winter and summer, in storm and calm, remain a protection and ornament to the farm, and will probably endure for generations. Experience and observation has shown us that there is no better plant for this latitude, where a fence is wanted for protection, shelter and ornament, than the Maclura, or Osage Orange. The maclura is a free grower, with formidable and numerous strong and sharp thorns; it will not spread, and will bear repeated and severe trimming, all of which qualities are necessary in a hedge plant. As it is much cheaper to purchase the plants for setting in the hedge row, than to raise them from the seed, most farmers do not attempt to grow them. After preparing the ground by plowing a back furrow about ten feet wide, and cultivating it fine, as for a garden, or other crop, in addition for planting corn, you are ready to plant the hedge. Stretch a line along the center of the plowing exactly where you want the fence, then select those plants which are of uniform size, cut off the tops close, or within two inches of the yellow or root bark, leaving the root eight or ten inches long, then with a clean, sharp spade, or mattock, make an opening in the ground, and insert the plants therein, close to the line, about an inch deeper than they stood in the nursery, and not less than twelve inches apart in the row, packing the earth firmly around every plant. To facilitate this operation, you may take a board five inches wide and one inch thick, around which wind your line smoothly, until you have used five or six rods, paint the cord along the center of one edge of the board, and the line is ready for use. In setting the hedge, place a plant against every paint mark, and you have 10 plants in every rod, which will cost you about four cents, and it is said an able active man will set a half a mile in a day, or 2,560 plants. After planting as above directed, the hedge should be carefully cultivated and kept clear of grass and weeds, until it is at least three feet wide at the base, and four and one-half or five feet high. In the spring of the second year, all vacancies should be filled with plants of greater age and better size than those in the hedge row, and at the same time the entire hedge cut off, within at least two inches of the ground. This can be well done with a sharp mower. After this cut off the strongest plants so as to keep the growth of all equal, and of the same height, and continue to do this two or three times every year, until you have the most perfect fence that ever adorned a landscape. If a row or two of potatoes or turnips are planted on each side of the hedge they will generally pay for cultivating without injuring its growth.

Our agricultural societies ought to give a premium for the best hedge. Hedges on lines between farmers, would prevent much litigation, encourage morality, and in some instances, perhaps, lessen profanity. Every farmer ought to try the experiment with a few rods, and when all have permanent fences, the leak is stopped that prevents the farmers' cup of bliss from running over.

EDITOR ENTERPRISE:—If I can trust my informant, some weeks ago the Ladies Christian Temperance Society extended a civil invitation to a certain Mrs. Watson, soliciting her to give a lecture at Manchester. Mrs. Watson gladly complied with their wishes. But the chairwoman of the esteemed Society were not realized by the effects of the celebrated speaker, upon whom they had so graciously lavished the most generous patronage. The lecture of the eloquent lady was expected to be a complete victory, and success and it turned out a thorough failure on account of the reports circulating in regard to Mrs. Watson's doubtful character.

I shall not criticise her conduct, but leave this task to the devoted parties. I will know what respect such "certain actions" deserve. But I deply resent the such treatment towards catholics from the part of my fellow citizens. The Society, no doubt, felt disappointed, even grieved, perhaps a little ashamed of the ill success of the ex-venturer.

From the justice of the people of Manchester I had expected a redress of the injury offered under the auspices of the Ladies Christian Aid-Temperance Society to the catholic citizens of Manchester who were proclaimed a mean set of drunkards by that MODEL OF CHRISTIAN SOBRIETY.

I need not refer to the injustice done to the catholic church, who plays temperance among the CARDINAL VIRTUES, and denounces intemperance in eating and drinking, and any excess in the gratification of the senses as a CARDINAL VICE.

The catholic church has at all ages, advocated the cause of temperance, as the thousands of Catholic Temperance Societies spread out all over the United States already evidence. There may be individuals within the fold of the catholic church, as there are, no doubt, many to be found among the non catholics, who yield to the temptations of the "smile in the glass." Who will blame a COMMUNITY for the faults of INDIVIDUALS?

Mrs. Watson has ridiculed catholic doctrines and insulted catholic citizens two weeks ago, and has been applauded by her auditors. Was she to lecture on TEMPERANCE? Why was she permitted to INSULT in lie phrases as the following: Catholics carry in one pocket their rosary and prayer-book, in the other the whiskey bottle? Why was she allowed to mock at the Pope, etc.?

If she had been invited to speak on temperance, such degressions were absolutly uncalled for

What surprises me most is this, that while there is great indignation manifested against Mrs. Watson's scandelous conduct, no VOICE IS HEARD pleading in favor of a redress of the wrong offered to catholic citizens. This fact must necessarily lead to the suspicion that in all probability, had Mrs. Watson's audience not sustained such a frightful humiliation in patronizing an imposter, her calumnies against catholics had found the credit of a near good.

REV JOS BRUCK

Rev. Bishop Gilmour, of Cleveland, Ohio, has used the Great German Remedy, St. Jacobs Oil, and endorses it highly. He writes about it as follows: I am pleased to say that the use of St. Jacobs Oil has benefited me greatly, and I have no hesitation to recommend it to all as an excellent curative.

Miscellaneous.

A. B. CONKLIN, Physician and Surgeon. Office with Dr. A. Conklin. Prompt attention given to calls by day or night.

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My House and Lot

In the Village of Manchester on Ann Arbor Street.

Terms:—One-fourth down; cash or desirable paper on time.

For further particulars inquire of the undersigned.

MRS. S. M. HUNTER.

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" " daily	10 00
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" " daily	10 00
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" Times, semi-weekly	2 00
" " weekly	1 50
" Tribune, semi-weekly	3 00
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" Witness, weekly	1 50
Cincinnati Weekly Gazette	1 50
Toledo Blade, weekly	1 50
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MAT D. BLOSSER,
Enterprise Office.

Miscellaneous.

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PROMENADE (Pearl Size, 10x13, 11x14, AND WHOLE.

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And if you want a good one go to

MAHRLE THE TAILOR.

He has the new Fall styles of Cloths, and

GIVE YOU A PERFECT FIT.

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On Clinton Street, south of the Goodyear House, is

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Horse-Shoeing a Specialty.

Remember my prices are as low as the lowest. Give me a trial.

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EVERY FARMER

SHOULD HAVE

A GOOD HEAVY HARNESS,

For Farm work, and a

NICE LIGHT HARNESS,

For his carriage team. I am now making up some of this class of Harnesses, which will be sold at BOTTOM PRICES, FOR CASH.

I have a large stock of Horse Furnishing Goods which I am selling very cheap.

Special attention given to repairing.

A good line of Trunks, Valises and Shawl Straps, on hand

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THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OUTSIDE OF DETROIT,

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REMEMBER!

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G. A. FAUSELL

Has a large assortment of

Watches, Clocks, JEWELRY & TOYS!

Which he will sell

CHEAPER THAN ANY HOUSE IN TOWN.

And Don't You Forget It.

New Hardware.

CHARLES M. NORTON.

CHARLES M. NORTON

Charles M. Norton

NAILS, LOCKS, GLASS, PUTTY,

Tuttle's Cross-cut Saws

Buck Saws, Hand Saws,

HAUSSLER & KINGSLEY

Have their usual stock of

BOOKS,

FANCY STATIONERY,
ALBUMS, BIBLES,
TOY BOOKS,
SCRAP BOOKS,
POCKET BOOKS,
TOILET SETS,
COMBS & BRUSHES,
PERFUMERY,
LAMPS,
CANDLES,
ETC., ETC.

People's Drug Store.

—AND—

New Year's Gifts,

—ON HAND—

DOTH'S VARIETY STORE.

When may be found

IN ADDITION TO THEIR GENERAL STOCK

—OF—

BOOTS, SHOES, GROCERIES,

Wall Papers, &c.,

A Fine Line of

CHOICE GLASS-WARE, Beautiful Vases.

And many other suitable Goods

FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

C. W. DOTY & SON.

WHAT EVERYBODY SAYS

MUST BE SO.

THE PEOPLE SAY

—THAT—

You can buy more goods

For a Dollar at

LOCKWOOD'S Furniture Rooms!

EAST SIDE OF THE RIVER.

Step in and examine the ELEGANT PARLOR SUITES, TASTY BEDROOM SETS.

Couches, Tables, Arm Chairs, Rockers, Bureaus, Secretaries, Wash Stands, Book Cases,

(Of new designs and finish.)

Matresses, Springs, &c.

Pictures framed in first-class style. A full line of

Coffins and Caskets, of all sizes.

Remember the place, Jefferson street, east of Exchange Place, Manchester, Mich.

Miscellaneous.

DON'T NEGLECT TO

—Go to—

KENSLER BROTHERS,

And see their stock of

DRY GOODS

—AND—

NOTIONS,

Glass-Ware and China-Ware,

ETC., ETC.

Is fresh and complete.

KENSLER BROS.

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY

HEATING STOVES

Then you ever could before.

ALL OF WHICH WILL BE SOLD TO SUIT.

Call and see for yourself.

J. H. MILLER.

J. H. MILLER'S

Legal Notices.

COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss.

The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands against the estate of Michael Kurfess, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that we will at our office in said City, on the last four days of each month from date to the first day of August next, and on Monday, the 21st day of August, next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each and all days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated February 21st, 1880.

LAMMERT OTTERBEIN,
GEORGE ROEHRIG,
Commissioners.

CHANCERY NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss.

Suit pending in the Circuit Court, for the county of Washtenaw, in Chancery, at Ann Arbor, on the 16th day of February, A. D. 1880, whereof Alice J. Smith is complainant, and Henry Smith is defendant.

Upon due proof, by affidavit, that Henry Smith, the defendant in the cause, is a resident of this state, and that process for his appearance has been duly issued, and that the same could not be served by reason of his absence from or concealment within this state, and proof of his unclaimed absence from and concealment within this state, and on motion of Edward P. Allen, solicitor for complainant, it is ordered that the said defendant appear and answer the bill of complaint filed in this cause within six weeks from the date of this order, or the bill and bill may be taken as confessed. And it is further ordered that this order be published in the MANCHESTER ENTERPRISE, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN,
(A true copy.) Judge of Probate.
WILLIAM G. DOTY, Probate Register.

ORDER OF HEARING.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on Monday, the second day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Mary Dowdigan, deceased.

Lambert Dennelbouse, the administrator de bonis non, of said estate, comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account of his administration of said estate.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Tuesday, the second day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed: And it is further ordered that said administrator give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the MANCHESTER ENTERPRISE, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN,
(A true copy.) Judge of Probate.
WILLIAM G. DOTY, Probate Register.

PROBATE ORDER.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on Thursday, the fifth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Michael Kurfess, deceased. Ney Robert W. Haire, executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, having filed in said court and represented that he has duly paid the legacy to the legatee in said will mentioned, then Tuesday, the second day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the legatee in said will and all other persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, in said county, and show cause if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed: And it is further ordered that said executor give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the MANCHESTER ENTERPRISE, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN,
(A true copy.) Judge of Probate.
WILLIAM G. DOTY, Probate Register.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(NAMES unknown, A. D. 1874, Liber Boy) and Elizabeth Boyl, his wife, by a mortgage of that date recorded in Liber U, M. Office, all that land and parcel of land situate in the township of Ann Arbor, in the County of Washtenaw, and state of Michigan, known, bounded and described as follows, viz:

The east half quarter of the north-west quarter and the north-east quarter of the south-west quarter of section number Twenty (20) in township number three (3) south of range number three (3) east, containing forty acres of land, be the same more or less.

Said mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the county of Washtenaw on the 16th day of Oct. A. D. 1872, in Liber of mortgages, on page 534. On October 5th, A. D. 1872, said mortgage, Liber U, of Mortgages, was assigned by mortgagee and the said assignment recorded in said Liber U, of Mortgages, on page 534. Default is made in the payment of said mortgage, which said deed of assignment was on October 8th, 1872, recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, in Liber U, of assignments of mortgages, on page 535.

There is now claimed to be past due and unpaid on said mortgage, certain instalments thereof amounting in dollars and cents to the sum of Ninety-thirty-eight dollars and ninety seven cents ($938 97), and no proceeding have been instituted to collect the same or any portion thereof, either at law or in equity. Default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage whereby the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative. Therefore notice is hereby given that we will offer for sale and of the plaintiff in such case provided, the said mortgage premises, with the appurtenances, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court house in the city of Ann Arbor in said county, be sold at public auction to the highest bidder (subject, however to the lien of said mortgage for certain instalments not yet due, amounting to six hundred dollars, an interest thereon, at ten per cent, from August 8th, 1879, to satisfy the sum due as aforesaid with interest thereon then accrued, with all legal costs and charges of foreclosure including an attorney fee of thirty dollars, as stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated Ann Arbor, Nov. 8th, 1879.

EDWARD P. ALLEN, Solicitor for Plaintiff.
GEDDES & MILLER, Attorneys for Assignee.

Miscellaneous.

JAPANESE CARDS,

OF VARIOUS DESIGNS.

At the ENTERPRISE OFFICE.

VISITING CARDS,

GILT EDGE,

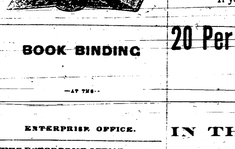
BEVELED EDGE,

SQUARE CORNERED,

ROUND CORNERED,

PLAIN and tinted, any shape at the

ENTERPRISE OFFICE.



THE OLD RELIABLE

PERKINS WINDMILL

The best, safest, and most economical power in the world. We are sole manufacturers of the CHEAPEST WINDMILL IN THE MARKET.

Examine the Patent Self-Regulating Device for PERFECT SAFETY.

We have some 100 in use, and every one is perfectly satisfied. Yes, more than satisfied. They say they would not part with them for four times their cost. The King of Windmills has stood the test for years, and is universally acknowledged to be

THE MOST POWERFUL MILL IN USE.

And on account of its SIMPLICITY THE MOST DURABLE; and connected with its power, is great and durability, we add BEAUTY.

THIS MILL IS SEVER OUT OF ORDER.

You are never at liberty to do without one or thaw it out of the ice. Its best time is April or the week.

Patronize if you want a Windmill that will do work without any attendance, and last as long as it ought.

GET A PERKINS!

We also make a complete line of Pumps. Keep them on hand, and will pump THE BEST PUMP IN USE.

We keep some last PIRTY GLASS. We are in the business, and must live, and we know we will sell you a BETTER MILL, and BETTER PUMP, and do you better work than any other party in the business.

Please call on us before buying, and have convinced to put your mill good down to the BOTTOM.

MANCHESTER MICH. **E. P. CRAFTS, Agt.**

COMMENCED

Spring Campaign 1880.

W. H. POTTLE

STILL ON DECK,

And will present to the Public a Large and Better Stock of

BOOTS and SHOES

than ever before

First-Class Work and No Shoddy or Paper Soles.

Prices to Tow as low as can be given by any one.

NEW STOCK JUST RECEIV'D

ALSO

A New Departure. A Large Stock of

CARPETS!

All Grades at Low Prices, and

An Elegant Carpet Room!

in which to display them.

Stock Complete in Dry Goods and All Other Lines.

W. H. POTTLE.

NOW IS THE TIME

NOW is the Time

To Buy Your

OVERCOATS.

If you don't need them this winter, you will save at least

20 Per Cent. by Buying Them Now.

Manchester Enterprise,

BY MAT D. BLOSSER.

Travelers' Guide.

DETROIT, HILLSDALE & SOUTHWESTERN RAIL ROAD.

GOING WEST. Freight.	Mail.	STATIONS.	GOING EAST. Mail.	Freight.
7.00 a.m.	3.50 p.m.	Ypsilanti	10.30 a.m.	6.30 p.m.
7.40 "	4.10 "	Tonkin Spring	10.00 "	6.00 "
8.00 "	4.35 "	Clark's	9.37 "	5.15 "
8.25 "	4.55 "	Bridgewater	9.21 "	5.00 "
8.35 "	5.05 "	Manchester	9.05 "	4.50 "
9.45 "	7.07 "	Watkins	8.08 "	4.25 "
10.25 "	7.50 "	Brooklyn	8.00 "	4.00 "
12.45 p.m.	8.45 "	Hillsdale	7.20 "	1.30 "
1.00 "	9.00 "	Jerome	7.10 a.m.	1.20 "

Trains run by Chicago time.

WM. F. PARKER, Sup't, Ypsilanti, Mich.
A. D. PARKER, Station Agent, Manchester.

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

FROM JACKSON. STATIONS.	Accom.	Express.	Accom.
Jackson	9.30 a.m.	2.50 p.m.	7.30 p.m.
Napoleon	7.10 "	2.55 "	7.25 "
Norvell	7.18 "	3.04 "	7.33 "
Manchester	7.25 "	3.20 "	7.35 "
River Raisin	7.31 "	3.26 "	7.41 "
Clinton	7.35 "	3.30 "	7.45 "
Tecumseh	7.45 "	3.40 "	7.55 "
Adrian	8.05 "	4.00 "	8.20 "
Hudson	9.00 "	5.22 "	9.45 "
Buffalo	7.00 p.m.	1.00 a.m.	7.00 a.m.
Detroit	10.50 a.m.	8.15 p.m.	10.00 "
Chicago	8.00 "	6.00 "	6.00 "

TO JACKSON. STATIONS.	Accom.	Mail.	Express.
Chicago	7.00 a.m.	12.00 p.m.	7.55 a.m.
Detroit	7.00 "	2.40 "	6.40 p.m.
Buffalo	7.00 "	10.00 "	6.00 "
Toledo	3.00 a.m.	11.10 "	8.25 p.m.
Adrian	6.15 "	12.40 "	9.35 "
Tecumseh	6.35 "	12.51 "	9.51 "
Hudson	6.45 "	12.59 "	10.00 "
Clinton	6.55 "	1.04 "	10.10 "
Manchester	7.05 "	1.09 p.m.	10.20 "
Norvell	7.12 "	1.17 "	10.28 "
Napoleon	7.25 "	1.25 "	10.43 "
Jackson	7.35 "	1.35 "	11.20 p.m.

Trains run by Columbustime. Coupon Tickets to Detroit for sale at Jackson.

P. S. BLODGET, Sup't Detroit Division.
ALBERT SEARLES, Station Agent, Manchester.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1880.

LOCAL NEWS BREVETIES.

February 23d will be a legal holiday this year.

There is some talk of an old folks' leap year party.

Those violets and pretty posies had better cover up now.

An editors question.—Where's the next item coming from?

Our said February has turned the cold shoulder. Put on your mittens.

The weather has been very fine the past week, and the boys' boots are getting pretty heavy.

Girls, now is the golden opportunity to "pop" that fellow who has hung around your house for four or five years.

Rehfuss had a gang of men at work getting ice, on Monday, but before night they were obliged to abandon the work.

Charles Fellows has sold another sheep. This time it is ten-months old buck. It goes to Iowa City, Iowa. The price paid was $100.

Kirchgessner gathered a supply of ice sufficient to carry him through the year. We believe he is the only one who has laid in a full supply.

A young lady of this village invited a young Bridgewater farmer to attend the leap year reception, hitched up a horse and drove out after him.

We learn that Mrs. Crafts has given up the millinery business, at least she has vacated the store which she has so long occupied, and taken the goods to her home. Her health will not permit her to continue in the business.

The methodists chose a bad night for their donation. The weather changed so suddenly and it was so cold that people preferred to remain at home. Something over $50 was given to Rev. McIlwain last night, but of course a much larger sum will be donated.

The Alvin Joslin Comedy Company appeared to a fair house at Goodyear Hall, on Monday evening last. Mr. Davis' rendition of the New England farmer is immense and kept the audience in a roar of laughter from beginning to end. The company throughout was, no doubt, the best that has appeared on our stage this year, and if they had not "cent" the piece, the play would have been much better appreciated.

W. H. Pottle proves himself the leading merchant in town, by his promptness in placing before the readers of the ENTERPRISE, the great bargains of the season. His attractive advertisement should be read by every one, and they will find by going to his store that he is able to verify his statements made therein.

The leap year party at Goodyear hall on Friday evening was a grand success, a large and select company being present. The music was first-class, and the supper all that could be hoped for. There was a good many spectators present and all enjoyed the occasion much. We understand that the gentlemen talk of giving a complimentary hop to the ladies of Manchester, soon.

The Manchester Cornet Band go to Tecumseh, to-morrow afternoon. They will have a street parade and exhibition drill, at the same time rendering some of their finest pieces of music. In the evening they will attend an entertainment at the opera house, for the benefit of C. C. Spafford, as mentioned in the ENTERPRISE last week. We presume some of our citizens will go down.

Charles Fellows went to Adrian, on Monday, with the records of the Baptist church of this village, in which are recorded the proceedings of the trial and deposition of Rev. Wilson, which took place last year. He was subpoenied to attend Wilson's examination before justice Wellman, at Adrian. It appears that Abbott, who was arrested for disturbing a meeting, has had Wilson arrested for performing a marriage ceremony, without proper authority. The examination was adjourned until the 26th day of March.

PERSONAL.

Mr. F. M. Baker and family, of Sharon are quite sick.

Rev. Robt. W. Haire, of Flint, was in town on Tuesday.

Mrs. Church, mother of Will Church, the violinist, is dead.

Dr. J. M. Carter and family have gone back to Ohio to reside.

We understand that Chris. Saley and his divorced wife were remarried, Tuesday.

Arthur Webb, of Detroit, came here last night to spend a few days visiting his parents.

Mr. B. Guiwitz, of Clinton is in town canvassing for the Scarlet Book of Free Masonry.

Rev. J. B. Gillman went to Lansing, this week, to attend the Grand Lodge I. O. O. F.

Frank Weir, of Laport, Ind., arrived in town on Monday, and will spend a week, visiting friends.

We learn that C. J. Peck talks of going to Detroit about the first of April, to attend a business college.

C. H. Millen returned to Chicago on Tuesday night. He visited the insane asylum at Pontiac, a few days ago and was informed, by Dr. Hurd, that there was fair hopes that Will. Millen would again live with his friends.

Ambrose Tompkins, son of Rev. L. P. Tompkins, formerly pastor of this place, died lately in Jackson, where he has been learning the jewelers trade, is in town this week. He is selling a carpet sweeper.

Washtenaw County Items.

After Feb'y 28th this county will feed and lodge no more tramps.

Jessup S. Wood, of Saline, was elected president of the Michigan wool-growers association, last week.

Sheriff Case gobbled six tramps who were carrying out and burning fence rails in the road, on Saturday night, but not without a hard tussle.

James Coleman, of Sharon, struck a son of James Ford, on Sunday last, giving him a black eye. He paid Esquire Goodyear $5 for the act.

A Chelsea case which involved $10, consumed the time of the circuit court for two days and a half, and cost the county about $200. Expensive litigation—to the tax-payers.

George Egeler has sold his farm situated in "Jerusalem," in Lima, and will offer his personal property at public auction, on the 3d day of March next, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

Henry Bergraff, of Ann Arbor, charged with committing a rape on his daughter, was bound over to the circuit court on Saturday, after an examination before justice Granger.—[Register.

Jacob Knapp, of Bridgewater, returned from Ohio, last Saturday, with a splendid span of draught horses, but he says he would not advise any one to go there to buy horses, as they cost more than they do here.

Henry Wolf, who lives on A. Service's farm, in Sharon, six miles north and one mile west of Manchester, will sell a quantity of personal property at auction, on the premises, on Saturday, Feb. 21st, at one o'clock p. m.

The Ypsilanti Sentinel man has to pay five cents a quire more for paper, this week, than he did last week. He announces that he will proceed, at once, to "reduce expenses, by cutting off all delinquents, of whom there is little prospect of getting pay," and hopes to "weather the present pressure." Every newspaper will have to do the same.

County Treasurer Fairchild reports the following amounts of uncollected taxes in the different towns as far as yet reported to him: Ann Arbor town, $3041; Bridgewater, $6,85; Dexter, $1,52; Freedom, $8.70; Lima, $46.48; Lyndon, $116.69; Lodi, $111.16; Manchester, $280.07; Sylvan, $126.12; Pittsfield, $25.15; Scio, $190.21; Saline, $46.69; Ypsilanti township, $46.43; Webster and Superior paid in full.—[Register.

Real Estate Transfers.

WASHTENAW COUNTY.

Elizabeth Gaylord to M. E. Keeler, 80 acres of land, section 18, township of Sharon, $650.

John H. Feldcamp to Gottlob Schaible, 100 acres of land, section one, township of Sharon, $6,400.

Anson K. Gage to John H. Feldcamp, 202 acres of land, section 24, township of S

News of the Week.

A Dublin Blaze.

The Theatre Royal, Dublin, and adjacent buildings, burned a few days since.

The Feeling in Canada.

It is now decided if Parnell goes to Montreal that the Mayor will take no part in the reception.

A Russian Liberality.

Baroness Burdette-Coutts, it is reported, will donate £500,000 to the amelioration of distress in Ireland.

The Salubrity of Hard Coals.

The J. H. Haverly Golden Group Mining Company has been organized in Chicago, Capital stock $6,000,000. J. H. Haverly is President.

English Labor Troubles.

Burnley, England, operatives give notice of a strike on the 25th, unless there is a compromise. Twenty-five mills are idle.

This is Good Smoking.

James C. Flood, the well-known San Francisco banker and millionaire, has contributed to the Irish Relief Fund the sum of $25,000.

Another Insane Murderer.

John Kemmler, who killed his three children at Holyoke, Mass., in June last, has been declared insane, and will be committed to the asylum.

Disgusted.

A Constantinople dispatch reports that during *a fete*, a barrack three stories high, near that city, suddenly collapsed. Two hundred soldiers were killed and 500 wounded.

Two Workmen Arrested.

Mss. Nevins and her two brothers have been arrested for wrecking a train near Battle Creek, Mich., by which the woman's husband and two other men were killed.

Thanks for the Compliment.

That London *Times* says that an American man-of-war, carrying food for the starving population of Ireland, will be received as being also a message of good will from America to England.

A Quarter of a Million Fire.

The State Normal School at San Diego, California, burned to the ground. The fire was first discovered in the cupola, and there is a suspicion of incendiarism. The loss is over a quarter of a million.

Fire Her.

The Vienna *Tagblatt* says several hundred Bohemian families have left for a home in Brazil, from Russia, Germany and Austria must watch her and compel her to abide by the Treaty of Berlin."

An Item for Farmers.

Wagon-makers from all over the country have just held a meeting at Chicago and have decided to advance prices on wagons the next year. The firms represented made last year 150,000 wagons.

This Light Not Under a Bushel.

The Trinity Episcopal Church at the corner of Fourth avenue and 125th street, New York, has been lighted with gas. The building was valued at $125,000 and the organ at $10,000.

Colonel Alison's Concern as a Tenor.

The Georgia Supreme Court has refused a new trial to Colonel Alison, sentenced to imprisonment for life, for the murder of Colonel Mitson. The case to be carried to the Supreme Court of the United States.

Making It Easy for Grant.

Ex-Secretary Adolph E. Borie, who died a few days ago, amongst other things and after looking to the welfare of his wife—bequeaths in his will $10,000 to General Grant.

Thieving Sioux.

A dispatch from Fort Custer, dated the 7th, says the Sioux stole one hundred head of horses from the Crows near Lame Tongue landing, till the young men of the Crows have gone in pursuit.

Threats Against the Celestials.

Mayor Kalloch, of San Francisco, in an address advises the formation of a committee to suppress a nuisance, but counseled his hearers to do nothing illegal until they heard from him again. Lo! the poor Chinaman.

Cautious Hy Guilt.

The Town Treasurer of North Andover, Mass., Andrew Smith, charged with embezzlement, acknowledges that such is the case; that he began a system of systematic stealing when Grant was elected in 1869, since which time he has appropriated to his own use funds to the amount of $29,828.

Sad, Passing Strange.

Startlingly strange is the latest intelligence from Peoria, Ill. For now it goth apparent that one editor, Gershom Martin, has caught on against W. P. Dowling, of the *Transcript*, for printing services performed and *money loaned*! Think of it! Yes, money loaned, we said, and by an editor, too.

Completed to Santa Fe.

A Denver dispatch says that the last rails necessary to complete the branch of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad to Santa Fe were laid by Gov. Wallace, Gen. Hatch, and staff, the Legislature, and other notables, and there is much rejoicing at Santa Fe.

The Painful Disadvantage.

Near Bradford, Penn., Howard Parkins and James Freeman, sleighing in Colville, with 100 pounds of nitroglycerine, upset the sleigh, no suspect, an explosion followed, and the two men and horses were killed. The sleigh was demolished, and two houses and barn, and

Not Quite Up to Date.

The Iowa House, after voting down the amendment providing for local option for license law, and for the exception of ale, beer, and wine, edged, adopted by a vote of seventy-eight to twenty-one the special order submitting to a popular vote the constitutional amendment prohibiting the sale or manufacture in Iowa of alcoholic liquors.

Gone Wrong.

Dayton, Ohio, has had an "irregular" sensation. Ashley Brown, who has for many years been acting as cashier in the United States Internal Revenue office at that place under Collector Williams, has recently been disapproved. His accounts are short $10,000 or more. He leaves a wife and grown-up sons and daughters behind. Those familiar with the facts say he has been living a fast life of late.

A Terrible Vindication.

At Syracuse, N.Y., Julius Matz and his cousin, Amelia Matz, were found dead in a room they had engaged and occupied, as the City Hotel. Each had a pistol shot wound in their heads. It is said that Julius seduced Amelia two years ago, under a promise of marriage, and it is supposed that she murdered her seducer and then suicided.

The Anarchist Experimenting.

One hundred thousand dollars has been subscribed in Chicago by an organization of private citizens with a view to experimenting with the electric light. A license has been issued to the company to place the privilege to increase the capital stock to $1,000,000 when they will do if the thing proves a success. The company will be known as the Electric Light Company.

Government Bonds.

Twenty-seven millions in sell bonds to the Government were received at the New York sub-treasury, aggregating $71,000,000, in answer to Secretary Sher man's circular offering to buy $11,000,000. The prices at which the bonds were offered ranged from 103.70 to 104.50 for sixes of 1881, 105.49 to 106 for sixes of '81, and 103.10 to 103.871 for fives of '81.

Fatal Railway Accident.

An extra freight train on the Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad, which left Memphis at midnight, collided with a freight train moving over the Central land. Miss, sixty miles south of Memphis. Conductor Sullivan, of the freight train, was killed, the engineers of both trains, and several freight cars being badly damaged.

By Order of Vigilance Committee.

The engineers employed by M. Ferdinand De Lesseps in the task of surveying the site of the proposed Interoceanic Canal, and of estimating the probable cost of it, have issued their reports. They unanimously favor a level canal. They estimate the cost at 843,000,000 francs. M. De Lesseps will now publish a circular inviting the issue of subscriptions to the value of half that amount. The work is to occupy eight years in the accomplishment. The total cost of the undertaking is estimated at

A Terrible Fate.

Says a dispatch from Las Vegas, New Mexico: "The cow boys, Jim West, John Dorsey and Tom Henry, who were implicated in the murder of Chas. Ross, a week ago, were dragged from their cells by a mob of seventy-five armed men who broke into the jailer's room and forced him to give up the keys. They were dragged to the corral, ropes were thrown over the beams of the windmill pump, and West was hauled up and strangled. The impatient mob then began firing out in a line at Dorsey and Henry were riddled with balls. There was no resistance to the mob.

Texas Runaway.

A special from Hutchins, Texas, says: Allen Wright shot and instantly killed Jesse Wicks here last night, about a contract for chopping wood. Wright surrendered and gave himself up to Justice by knocking his brains out with an axe, and he concluded to get the drop on him." Another special from Palestine, Texas, says: Wicks's people here are shocked by another fearful murder. Two men, John Kerr and Kirk Hage, were in the mison of W. H. Cronin, when Hage, without any provocation, deliberately pistol shot and instantly killed Kerr. Deceased was a quiet, inoffensive citizen."

Destructive Fire.

The City Hall, of Albany, N. Y., burned the past week; loss, $100,000. One fireman was instantly killed and six others hurt, three of them perhaps fatally, by the falling of the dome. A special telegram from Albany says: "Rumors are afloat this afternoon as to the origin of the City Hall fire. It is boldly stated that it was burned for an object that N. D. Wendell, before the Legislative Committee, in opposition to offered to sell Martin Hall, on Pearl street, which adjoins the new City Building to the county for the purpose of taking a secure place for the records. Wendell's price asked was $125,000 in four per cent. bonds.

A Terrible Rain and Wind Storm.

A terrible rain storm, starting from Northwestern Texas, in Little Rock, where it fell to the extent of one and seventy one-hundredths, on Monday, forty-eight hours, and Nashville, Tenn., forty-eight hours, Memphis, Meridian, Miss., and almost Mexicanable damage to property in its track.

About a mile west of Nashville, the wind began a sort of gyrous movement, wrenching trees from the earth and dashing property to kindling wood. In Nashville alone, the destruction of property is estimated at $100,000. Telegrams from all points in Middle Tennessee report the wind to have been a fury of the wind, was perhaps, not over a quarter of a mile in width, and within its path scarcely a house entirely escaped.

A Texas Desperado Killed.

A special from Lake Charles, Calasieu Parish, Louisiana, says that Mark Woodward, the Texas desperado, gambler and murderer, the direct of Houston and South Texas, was killed there at 11 o'clock Friday. Many years ago Woodward killed a man in Columbus, Texas, and afterward became a desperate character. In 1876 he attacked and fought a street duel with Alexander Erickson, Chief of Police of Houston, Texas. Twenty shots in all were fired with revolvers. Both men were shot down on Main street, and lay within a few yards of each other. Woodford was shot in the hip, and his hip bone was broken by a ball, and Erickson was shot through the thigh and the bone broken. Both recovered, but were crippled.

The Indian Question.

A lady of the Cherokee Nation who has had the advantages of an education—educated at the female seminary at Tallequa and has never been outside of the Indian Territory—writes as follows to an acquaintance of her's in Washington: "I presume you hear the Indian question agitated in Washington. Now and then we hear of a bill being presented to Congress to authorize the Indians to make them citizens of the United States. It will be a disastrous move whenever the Government makes one in that direction. As a Cherokee, understanding the language, customs and wants of my people, I can say there is not one Cherokee of my acquaintance who will not fight against an entire change from our present form of government. We were driven from our old homes (in Georgia) at the point of the bayonet, and we will take no chances among palefaces. We, the Choctaws, Creeks, Chickasaws and Seminoles are unanimous in opposing a Territorial form of government.

The Monroe Doctrine.

The matter regarding the Inter-Oceanic Canal is assuming definite shape, and to all appearance, the Monroe doctrine is rending their influence on this Continent—is about to be asserted by the Defense of Panama. Fortunately, Ambrose W. Thompson, who is a relative of the Secretary of the Navy, with certain associates, owns a tract of two million acres of land in New Granada, which is known as the Chiriqui grant. It extends across the Isthmus, and was obtained for colonizing purposes upon it we have back at least some of our money