MANCHESTER ENTERPRISE.

AN INDEPENDENT, LIVE, LOCAL NEWSPAPER.

VOL. 31.—NO. 46. | (Entered at Manchester Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.) | MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, JULY 21, 1898. | WHOLE NUMBER 1606.

AT THE EXPOSITION.

COST OF A WEEK AT OMAHA'S BIG SHOW.

Room and Board for Exposition Visitors at Moderate Cost—Precautions Taken to Ensure Comfort and Fair Treatment for All Who Attend.

Perhaps the first consideration with those contemplating a visit to the Trans-Mississippi Exposition at Omaha is the amount that it will cost.

In the first place, the railroads have granted exceedingly low rates. Rooms can be obtained at moderate cost in any part of the city, in some cases including board. Visitors should communicate immediately on their arrival in the city with the Official Information Bureau, 1319 Farnam street. Baggage can be checked direct to this address at a charge of 25 cents. The bureau is under contract with the exposition management to furnish free reliable information in regard to rooms, board, transportation, baggage, etc. The bureau has on the books some 5,000 rooms, mostly in private residences, in all parts of the city. Comfortable rooms can be obtained for $1 a night or $5 a week for one person, and $1.50 a night or $8 a week for two. In some cases a light breakfast is included in these prices. There are also rooms at higher or lower figures and the hotels furnish the usual accommodations at the usual prices. Good board can be had for $5 a week for each person. The restaurants and lunch stands throughout the city, and near and inside the grounds, will treat all visitors liberally and fairly.

Admission to the Exposition grounds is 50 cents for each person above 12 years of age. Children between 5 and 12 years, 25 cents. These figures include everything within the fence, except the amusement features on the midway. One day spent in each of the main buildings, with two or three days for the state buildings and other attractions, will occupy several days of the week, but a general idea of the fair can be obtained in half that time. Paying $5 a week for room, $5 for board and 50 cents a day for general admission to the grounds, makes the cost of a week at the exposition about $15.

Why shouldn't the pink of propriety be an appropriate flower for our national emblem?

One of nature's remedies, cannot harm the weakest constitution; never fails to cure summer complaints of young or old. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

The moral training of the little child is the future hope of the nation.

Builds up the system: puts pure, rich blood in the veins: makes men and women strong and healthy. Burdock Blood Bitters. At any drug store.

Jugs and horse racks should be well handled.

I suffered for months from sore throat; doctor's treatment was in twenty-four hours. M. S. Gist, Hawesville, Ky.

Man never makes trade, he only discovers.

Dr. Bartsche's Sanitarium, Chicago, treats all other diseases free. Pamphlet, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels. Se package.

The poorest possible use for a man's brains is to employ them against himself.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Any man may deceive other men, but it takes a genius to fool a woman.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has been a family medicine with us for years.—Mrs. D. Mathews, 269 41st Ave., Chicago, Ills.

It is easy for a man to follow advice that coincides with his own views.

A TRAVELLER'S TESTIMONY.

What He Carried on the Cars To Take when Travelling.

Every traveller knows that continuous lounging on the railroad is very apt to result in a sluggish condition of the liver, a coating of the tongue and soft seats there is a continual source of annoyance to the tourist, and the necessity of taking a cathartic becomes somewhat, according to the strength of the traveller and his predisposition to some specific ailment. The most common complaint of travellers is constipation and this combined with the jolting of the cars, gives rise to biliousness, jaundice, dyspepsia, and a host of complaints, in which the evil effects of constipation, in addition to the discomfort when travelling, are carried with them to be with that will "cast a pall of shade all its sequent sufferings. This is what he says:

"Travelling on the cars tends to constipation with me, and I find that Dr. J. Ayer's Pills moderately, my bowels are kept healthy action. I also prevent headache."—J. Cowperson, St. Louis, Mo.

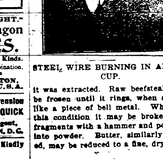
Dr. Ayer's Pills are sold by druggists under all circumstances and conditions. Some people think nothing a compliment, but every other medicine had failed. Rev. Francis B. Marlowe, of Atlanta, Ga., furnishes a case in point. He writes:

"I have been very much subject to constipation, from which I suffered intense and painful consequences, in spite of the use of medicines of various kinds, until some friends—for I did not wet your fresh as water does the slightest contact would be disastrous. If I throw a small quantity of powder on a moist sleeve, the cloth is not moistened, but it becomes so chilled that it is white with frost. An ounce dipped out of a quart bottle in a bowl of the liquid becomes as cold as if it had remained in the refrigerator for hours. This makes a very pretty dinner table experiment, but if you leave the toothsome morsel too long it becomes as hard as the shell from which

DRIPPING ALCOHOL PARTLY FROZEN.

all familiar temperatures, but solidifies at about forty degrees below zero. I place half a pint of it in a paper mold, and pour over the surface a quantity of liquefied air. The quicksilver, refusing all crying to its name is soon frozen into a rigid bar, resembling a block of tin, but so cold that it would almost blister your flesh, to touch it. In each end of the mold was inserted a large screw-eye, and both these are now firmly fixed in the hardened mass. To one of these eyes I attach a cord, and suspend the bar like a plumb-line to the other eye. I light a match, of, say, fifty pounds. Fifteen or twenty minutes will elapse before the mass is sufficiently thawed to allow the weight to pull out one of the screw eyes when it falls to the floor with a sudden crash; it will be fully half an hour before the metal is completely melted.

In the Arctic regions, however, mercury is occasionally frozen by natural cold, and split thermometers are used, but these instruments would be quite worthless at the temperatures now attained by artificial means. This I demonstrated by pouring a pint or so of proof spirits into a vessel containing liquefied air. The alcohol is soon frozen, though not to the same brittle hardness, by the ordinary cold of winter. Let us now try something more refractory. Mercury remains liquid at



IRON DIPPER CRUSHED WITH THE FINGERS AFTER BEING IMMERSED IN LIQUID AIR.

even, forming a snowy mass of crystals. By stirring this, I reduce it to the condition of viscid sugar, and easily lift it out with a stick, from which it is hung down in a beautiful icicle seven or eight inches long. By pouring over it a little more of the liquid air, this may be frozen absolutely rigid.

Meanwhile the liquid air has been simmering away in its dish, the outer surface of which has become heavily coated with frost.

People often say to me: "Why! I thought the stuff was cold, but it is really hot!" In a sense this is true. Nor is tents while everything around it is frozen solid. And here is the paradox, the harder it boils, the more intense becomes the cold. This fact is well illustrated by the following experiment:

I partly fill a teakettle with this enormous liquid. It promptly boils without fire, but as the metal becomes chilled it appears more quiet. When it ceases to boil, I place it over the intense heat of a Bunsen burner, it boils rather more vigorously, though without violence—while the steam issues from the spout in a fierce jet, it condenses in a cloud, and consists partly of water vapor and partly of carbon dioxide (carbonic acid gas) congealed by a cold vacuum which the heat of the flame is powerless.

I now drop into the kettle a bit of iron, and—action is greatly accelerated—far more so than by the action of the Bunsen burner—it is as if I had thrown in a red ember. But when I pour in a few ounces of water the tea kettle fairly gurgles and boils over, spending its force in the spout a long jet of steam, mingled with a spray of sparkling drops. The water, however, is almost instantly frozen. I invert the kettle and lumps of ice fall out, stinging cold and as dry as chalk. Power enough has been generated to life a ship.

BOILING TEA KETTLE FILLED WITH ICE.

liquefied oxygen. It is to the latter that the blue tint is due, nitrogen being absolutely limpid.

I will now give a brief description of a few of the most interesting of the experiments illustrating the qualities of this extraordinary fluid.

First, I pour a quantity into a basin. Thrust your hand into it. No, I am not joking. A little cold, but with perfect impunity, provided you withdraw your hand instantly; you will only experience a slight sensation of coldness. Precisely the same way you might plunge your finger for the fraction of a second into a pot of molten metal without harm, provided the fingers were moist. In both cases the reason is the same: a thin cushion of vapor is formed next the flesh, which for a moment encases and protects it like a glove—only here the vapor is air, not the heat that liberates it comes from your finger. But don't be too definite in your movements, for a pause would mean a frostbite at least. I have received some severe "burns" in consequence of treating liquefied air with undue familiarity, and such injuries heal very slowly.

You will observe that your hand remains perfectly dry; the liquid does not adhere to it. This is as fortunate as it is unexpected—for if it were your flesh as water does the slightest contact would be disastrous. If I throw a small quantity on a moist sleeve, the cloth is not moistened, but it becomes so chilled that it is white with frost. An ounce dipped out of a quart bottle in a bowl of the liquid becomes as cold as if it had remained in the refrigerator for hours. This makes a very pretty dinner table experiment, but if you leave the toothsome morsel too long it becomes as hard as the shell from which

Manchester Enterprise
By MAT D. BLOSSER.
THURSDAY, JULY 21, 1898.

When some men court trouble it results in marriage.

It's better to discover where an enemy is than where he was.

A man may be heart and soul in the war and yet bodily absent.

The more a man puts in a slot-machine the less he takes out of it.

This world would be a paradise if people were as good as their pictures look.

A woman's words are the milk and her meaning the cream which slowly comes to the surface.

If the Spaniards had another fleet they would have to hand it on dry land and build a fort around it.

The man who stays downtown late in order to get a balance usually manages to lose it on his way home.

The bitter end Spain has been saying she would fight to is coming along with the free and easy gait of a broncho.

It is reported on good authority that the annexation of Hawaii will not crowd the Hon. Thomas Brackett Reed out of the union.

An Ohio jury failed to reach an agreement after three day's deliberation. A jury of women could have disagreed in three minutes.

If anybody at Washington has an idea that Commodore Schley is going to be cheated out of the praise due him on account of the battle at Santiago that person would better think it over. The fighting on that occasion was not done in a corner and the credit will be given where it is due in good time.

According to a musical authority the mooing of a cow is set to a perfect fifth, octave or tenth; the bark of a dog to a fourth or fifth; the neighing of a horse is a descent on the chromatic scale; while the donkey brays in a perfect octave. Yet it is thought that the quality of the donkey's voice might be improved. Possibly the timbre of the violin might be represented by the squeal of the pig, but a fine ear detects a difference.

"It is believed here," says a Washington dispatch "that the war will last a year." How should Washington know more about this thing than New York or any other commercial and political center? The war may last a year, or two years. The work of getting ready for war takes a long time. But Spain cannot last a year under existing conditions; and one or two United States victories, such as are liable to occur any day, would settle the matter so far as actual fighting is concerned.

It is too much to expect that Joseph Leiter's reverses will bring him to poverty and want; but he ought to see by the time he has a penny additional on his side of broad means suffering for himself if for no other member of his family. His enterprise is cruel, and it ought to be illegal. Happily, there are a few good lessons in the experiences of men who corner grain and who have to sell it at a loss. A perfect torrent of shells from the enemy passed over the smokestacks and superstructure of the ship, but none struck her." The Cristobal Colon, being much faster than the rest of the Spanish ships, passed rapidly to the front in an effort to escape. In passing the Iowa the Colon placed two 6-inch shells fairly on our starboard bow. One passed through the cofferdam and dispensary, wrecking the latter and bursting on the berth deck, doing considerable damage. The other passed through the side at the water line within the cofferdam, where it still remains.

The Deal with the Oquendo.

"As it was now obviously impossible to run any of the Spanish ships on account of their superior speed, the Iowa's helm was put to the starboard and she ran on a course parallel with the enemy. Being then abreast of the Almirante Oquendo, we fired several 1,100 Yards, the Iowa's entire battery, including the rapid-fire guns, was opened on Oquendo. The punishment was terrific. Many 12 and 8 inch shells were seen to explode inside of her and, smoke came out through her broadside. Twelve-inch shells from the Iowa pierced the Almirante Oquendo at the same moment, both forward and the other aft. The Oquendo seemed to stop her engines for a moment and lost headway, but she immediately resumed her speed and gradually drew ahead of the Iowa and came under the terrific fire of the Oregon and Texas.

Torpedo Boats Sighted.

"At this moment the alarm of torpedo boats' was sounded, and two torpedo boat destroyers were discovered in the starboard quarter at a distance of 4,000 yards. Fire was at once opened on them with the after battery and a 12-inch shell cut the stern of one destroyer squarely off. As the shell struck a small torpedo boat fired back at the battleship, sending a shell within a few feet of my head. I said to Executive Officer Rogers: "That little Big Bob" Evans, the commander of the Iowa, was sitting in his cabin, talking to his son, a cadet on the Massachusetts, who, luckily, had been left behind in a picket launch when the Massachusetts went to Guantanamo to coal at dawn.

Capt. Evans' Story.

Capt. Evans' account of the battle as told in the cabin of the Iowa to a correspondent of the Associated Press, is intensely interesting. He said:

"At the time 'general quarters' was sounded the engine bell rang full speed ahead, and I put the helm to starboard and the Iowa crossed the bows of the Infanta Maria Teresa, the first ship out. As the Spanish admiral swung to the westward the 12-inch shells from the forward turret of the Iowa seemed to strike him fair in the bow, and the fight was a spectacle. As the squadron came out in column, the ships beautifully spaced as to distance and gradually increasing their speed to thirteen knots. It was superb. The Iowa from this moment kept up a steady fire from her heavy guns, heading all the time for the Infanta Maria Teresa on her starboard bow and hoping to ram one of the leading ships. In the meantime the Oregon, Indiana, Brooklyn and Texas were doing excellent work with their heavy guns. In a very short space of time the enemy's ships were all clear of the harbor mouth, and it became evidently impossible for the Iowa to ram either the first or the second ship on account of their speed.

Fighting at 2,000 Yards.

"The range at this time was 2,000 yards from the leading ship. The Iowa's helm was immediately put hard to the starboard and the entire starboard broadside was poured into the Infanta Maria Teresa. The helm was then quickly shifted to port and the ship went across the stern of the Teresa in an effort to head off the Oquendo. All the time the engines were driving at full speed ahead. A perfect torrent of shells from the enemy passed over the smokestacks and superstructure of the ship, but none struck her." The Cristobal Colon, being much faster than the rest of the Spanish ships, passed rapidly to the front in an effort to escape. In passing the Iowa the Colon placed two 6-inch shells fairly on our starboard bow. One passed through the cofferdam and dispensary, wrecking the latter and bursting on the berth deck, doing considerable damage. The other passed through the side at the water line within the cofferdam, where it still remains.

The Deal with the Oquendo.

"As it was now obviously impossible to ram

Manchester Enterprise

By MAT D. BLOSSER.

Notice to the Public.

Advertisers wishing to change their advertisements, must get the copy to us while work can be done as early as Tuesday, else it will be out, and the paper is out and be inserted the next week.

Advertisers wishing additional space should inform us of the desired space, on Monday before publication day as possible in order that we may arrange for it.

Notice of church socials and meetings free, but charge for any kind whatever or any information in advance of publication will be charged for the same as other business announcements.

Those having business at the probate court are requested to ask Judge Newkirk to send their printing to the Enterprise office.

Birth, Marriage and Death notices, free. Obituary notices, five cents a line.

Card of Thanks, five cents a line.

THURSDAY, JULY 21, 1898.

Why people should patronize traveling fakirs when they can do as well, and in a great many instances better, by patronizing home merchants, is beyond our comprehension. They certainly ought to know better.

What a howl would go up if the newspapers were to criticise the individual as freely as many people criticise the newspaper! Every issue of a live and valuable newspaper is made up of chaff and the wheat left out—truth, not gossip—would often more than equal in volume the matter published. If an editor could get out a cold fact edition some day and then get up a tall tree and watch the result—when! what a picnic it would be!

A Tribune dispatch from Fortress Monroe, speaking of the Michigan hero Vosbrink from Santiago says: "The wounded on the City of Washington were in charge of Maj. Nancrede, brigade surgeon and Dr. F. W. Palmer, hospital steward. The latter was just in condition to talk much about their experience, but Dr. Palmer of Brooklyn, Mich., who looks 10 years older than when he sailed on the Yale a month ago, gives a good account of the battle. Palmer had the good fortune to dress the wounds of one of the Spanish officers taken prisoner, who was afterwards exchanged for one of Hobson's party. Thereupon gratefully he express his thanks in English, the Spaniard showed his appreciation by tendering Palmer a Spanish gold coin, which has been sent as a souvenir to a young lady in Ann Arbor."

Many of our readers will remember Dennis Donahue, who lived in Brooklyn and came to Manchester often. He was good at making pictures and ready with the pen, and while attending the U. of M., corresponded for the Evening News. Since the war he has been Tribune correspondent from the 32nd Michigan and this is what Frank Rawson of that regiment has to say about him: "That boy Donahue is as nervy as they make 'em," said Rawson. "We tried to persuade him not to go into the firing line, where his duty as correspondent did not call him, but he calmly buckled on a cartridge belt, picked up a rifle, and walked into danger with the rest of us. I'll never forget the service he did for me when I fell down in the midst of a heavy Spanish fire, he came over to where I lay with my ankle crushed, and with the aid of Chaplain Sage, helped me to the rear, out of danger. Then he stayed with me while the surgeons dressed my wounds."

Following is the war revenue bill, boiled down so that it can be carried for ready reference:

Banks or bankers, with capital of $25,000 or under, $50.

For each additional $1,000 of capital and surplus, $2.

Brokers, per year, $50.

Bank checks, drafts or certificates of deposit, not drawing interest, payable at sight or demand, 02.

Bill of exchange, (inland), time drafts, notes, certificates of deposit bearing interest, money orders, for each $1.00 or fraction thereof, 02.

Bill of exchange (foreign), letters of credit, if drawn singly, each $100 or fraction thereof, 04. If drawn in sets of two or more, each $100 or fraction thereof, 02.

Bonds, debentures or certificates of indebtedness, issued after July 1, 1898, each $100 or fraction thereof, face value, 06.

Original issue of stock, issue after July 1, 1898, each $100 or fraction thereof, face value, 05.

Sales or transfers of stock, for each $100 or fraction thereof, issued after July 1, 1898, 02.

Mortgages, real or personal, $1,000 or $1,500, 25.

Real estate conveyances from $100 to $500, 50.

Bills of lading, manifest or receipt of railroad, express or other carrier, each 10.

Leases, one year, 25; three years 50; above three years, $1.00.

Indemnifying bonds all kinds, each 50.

Power of attorney, 25.

Proxy for voting, except for religious or charitable institutions, each, 10.

Protests, each, 25.

Telegraph message, each, 01.

Telephone messages costing 15c or over, each, 01.

Penalty for failure of maker to affix stamps, $100, at the discretion of the court.

Washtenaw County.

The Richard Webb will case, brought here from Lyndon township, has been appealed from the probate to the circuit court.—Times.

Somebody from Manchester sent an inquiry to the Free Press "Letter Box" asking what the salary of a United States senator is. Can this anxious person be "Am" Freeman?—Times.

Real estate transfers: Wm. Bortless and wife to Jacob Filber, Manchester, $15. Jacob L. Filber to Louisa Filber, Manchester, $15. Louisa Filber to Emma Wennor, Manchester, $40.

Thomas J. Keech, the manager of Tolbert's lumber yard, has set an example which many others in the city should follow. He has had all the weeds on the property which he controls in the city, cut down. A word to the wise is sufficient. Will others do their duty or must the street commissioner do it for them.—Argus. They will let the street commissioner do it, of course.

The supreme court yesterday reversed the verdict of the circuit court, which gave Hattie M. Bond a verdict of $1,200 against the Lake Shore railroad. A couple of years ago the plaintiff was driving across the track near Pittsfield junction when a train came along and ran into her buggy, throwing her out and injuring her somewhat. The jury awarded her $1,500, but this has been reversed and a new trial granted.—Times.

To the residents of Washtenaw county, greeting: July 4, 1899, will be the 75th anniversary of the first independence day celebrated in Washtenaw county. July 4, 1824. Major Benjamin Woodruff, with every white resident of the county, about 70 in number, formally celebrated. Fifty years later, in 1874, the semi-centennial celebration was had, and some 30,000 people joined us in the grandest demonstration the county ever witnessed. In 1899 the diamond jubilee should outshine its predecessor, and will if our people unite in it. Ann Arbor pledged us her support a year ago, and all of the villages will probably be glad to do so.—Sentinel. Yes, we'll send our diamond by freight, at 2 o'clock next week, and you can put it on exhibition. Count on Manchester and south-western Washtenaw, say time after German day, to help you out. We'll be there.

Jackson County.

Mrs. J. W. Burnham of Blackman, fell from a tree while picking cherries, Monday, and broke her left leg at the hip joint.

The L. O. T. M. of Napoleon celebrated its fifth anniversary Tuesday evening with a lawn party at Mrs. Derling's. Ice cream and cake were served. A short programme was rendered and a very pleasant time was had by all sir knights and ladies.

The victory at Santiago was celebrated at Brooklyn Tuesday afternoon by a ball game between Grass Lake and Manchester clubs. Rev. F. V. Hawley of Jackson and Rev. Smith of Brooklyn made speeches, the band played and in the evening there was a display of fireworks.

George H. Felt, an old resident of Jackson county, died Sunday at the residence of his son George in Grand Rapids, where the funeral occurred Monday, and the body was brought to Brooklyn for interment. Deceased had many relatives and acquaintances in Jackson. His age was 70 years, and he had resided in Jackson county for 40 years, in Brooklyn and this city.

Lenawee County.

Mrs. A. Gilbert of Adrian, took a dose of laudanum Tuesday night, with suicidal intent but changed her mind and went for a doctor, who saved her.

Morenci fishermen caught three large market baskets full of large bloodsalts at Wampler's lake, Saturday and Sunday, which they took home with them.

The Lenawee county teachers' institute began a four weeks session, Monday morning. Prof. Waldo of Albion, is conductor, with County Commissioner M. W. Hensel of Blissfield, Miss Myra True of Hudson and Prof. Welch of Adrian, assistants.

The North Shore Limited

Of the Michigan Central, "The Niagara Falls Route," now leaves Chicago at 4 p. m. and Detroit 11 p. m. It gives you two hours more in Chicago, makes the run from Chicago to New York in 24 hours, as before, and gets there in ample time for dinner and evening entertainments. Jos. S. Hall, Mich. Pass't Agt. Detroit, Mich.

Santiago de Cuba, which was surrendered to Gen. Shafter, was founded seven years after Columbus discovered the West Indies, and was for a long time the capital of Cuba. The Spanish flag was hauled down and the stars and stripes raised over the city on Sunday the 17th, and now we ought to call it Santiago de America, capital of eastern Cuba.

"Muster fright" is one of the peculiar features of the process of swearing in companies into the United States service. Many of the men are seized with a twitching of muscles and some drop to the ground. They soon recover, however, and cannot explain the reason. It is like "Buck fever."—Times.

Taxpayers Take Notice.

The village tax roll is now in my hands and I am ready to receive taxes. Please call early.

J. FRED SCHAIBLE,
Treasurer.

RESTLESS HUMANITY.

People who Travel for Pleasure and Others who Are on Business Bent.

Mrs. Wm. Kern went to Clinton this morning.

J. F. Hassler of Findley, Ohio, is visiting Geo. W. Amspoker.

Miss Ellenore Lehn went to Tecumseh Friday, to visit friends.

We learn that young Kelly of the 31st regiment, has typhoid fever.

Conie Stegmiller of Chelsea, spent Sunday with his parents here.

Henry Beckwith of Norvell was in town Tuesday morning, on business.

N. Schmid took his two boys to Sand lake, Tuesday, for a day's sport fishing.

Postmaster Bailey accompanied his wife and children to Jackson, yesterday.

Miss Mamie Hague of Jackson, has been visiting friends here the past week.

Miss Julia Kirchhofer went to Ann Arbor, Monday, to attend summer school.

T. Drislane of Chelsea, the produce buyer, was in town yesterday on business.

Will Holt returned Thursday from Island Lake, and resumed work for I. M. Robison.

Mrs. E. B. Norris and daughter Belle, of Ann Arbor, are visiting at Mrs. Cowan's.

Mr. & Mrs. Louis Bollinger are spending the week with relatives and friends in Brooklyn.

Peter Ryan, who attends school in Detroit, is spending the vacation with his parents here.

Mrs. D. H. Yokom and daughter Myrta of Ridgeway, were guests of Miss Henrietta Weir, over Sunday.

Mr. & Mrs. Chas. Fabrique and Mr. & Mrs. Chas. Embler, of Clinton, spent Sunday at Geo. Pixley's.

Fred Field and family, of Detroit, came here today to visit his mother, sister and many friends, a few days.

Misses Alma and Louise Schmid went to Toledo Tuesday, for a two weeks visit with their aunt, Mrs. C. P. Vogel.

Geo. Pardee returned on Tuesday from Marshall, where he has been spending a week receiving treatment for his eyes.

Misses Fannie and Edna Carey, of Adrian, and Miss Agnes McGovern of Monroe, are guests at Wm. Brighton's.

Miss Bertha Kirchhofer went to Columbus, Ohio, this morning, to attend the funeral of a cousin, Miss Florence Schmid.

A. F. Freeman and family will go up the St. Clair river Monday, for a two weeks' outing at D. R. Shier's summer home.

N. Schmid received a telegram yesterday announcing the death of his niece, at Columbus, Ohio. He left this afternoon to attend the funeral.

Mr. & Mrs. Wm. Kirchgessner went to Monroe last Friday to attend the funeral of Capt. John Goodman, whose wife is a niece of Mr. Kirchgessner.

Charles Knoepp has been limping about the past few days, but he finds that he was injured more than he at first supposed. His head pains him much.

The boys in the 31st are anxious to go to the front. Fred Burtless says that he is tired of being a national park cleaner. He has been appointed clerk of Co. C.

Mrs. W. C. Kirchgessner of Grand Rapids will finish her visit at Adrian tomorrow, and return home. Miss Helen Kirchgessner will go to Jackson with her.

O. H. Myers of Maumee, Ohio, was in town over Sunday. He has lots of friends here and he has great admiration for them and for our beautiful, bustling town.

Mrs. T. B. Bailey and children left here yesterday morning for Minneapolis, to visit friends a few weeks. They expect to return by way of Duluth and the lakes.

Frank Stark of Cincinnati, who is camping with a party of young men at Clark's lake, rode his wheel here Tuesday and will visit his mother and sisters until Monday.

John Gillen of Saline was in town Tuesday. John is a thorough politician and is probably interviewing delegates to the coming convention. He would like to be sheriff.

A. F. and F. M. Freeman, A. J. Watters, J. H. Kingsley, F. J. Farrell, are among our citizens who went to Ann Arbor to attend the republican congressional convention, yesterday.

We received a pleasant call Tuesday morning from Rev. W. B. Pope and son James, who had wheeled up from Concinsch and were going to Sharon to visit friends a few days.

Mrs. Wm. Merker and children, of Chelsea, came here Saturday, where they were met by a brother of Mrs. Merker and taken to Norvell township to visit her mother, Mrs. Henney.

Mr. & Mrs. J. H. Hollis and Mr. & Mrs. L. T. Freeman and children, of Chelsea, drove here Sunday afternoon. The gentlemen returned, leaving the ladies and children to visit a few days at Dr. Iddings'. We learn that Mr. Hollis has purchased a residence and having it enlarged and improved.

Fred Werner of the 35th Michigan, came over from Island Lake Saturday to visit his brother and sister over Sunday. He says that he likes military duty. He returned Monday afternoon, accompanied by Sylvanus Middlebrook, Frank Ryan, Mellencamp, and another young man whose name we could not learn.

Dan. Gage and E. S. Hagaman went to Toledo this morning on business.

F. D. Meritbew went to St. Paul, Minn., last Saturday to work for the McCormick Co., during the harvest there and Mrs. Meritbew and son have gone to Jackson to visit during his absence.

Mr. & Mrs. Jahiel Clark of Wooster, Ohio, were in town a few days ago renewing old acquaintance. They lived here 40 years ago and Mr. Clark kept a general store on the grounds where the union savings bank building now stands, called the park store from the fact that there were a few trees standing in front of the building. He was a half brother of the late Noah Clark, who lived in the south part of town and was known as "chief of the six nations."

We learn that Rev. D. R. Shier and A. F. Freeman have closed the deal for a fine place on the St. Clair river. There is a brick house on the place and a new electric line will be in operation right past the door, in a few weeks. That they have a choice piece of property is shown by the fact that they were offered $400 for the bargain the next day after the transfer was made. They intend to make some improvements about the house and grounds and will make it one of the finest places in that section.

James Hogan of Bridgewater, who went to the Pacific coast, intending to be gone several weeks visiting Oregon, California and Nevada, where he once resided, returned home in time to be back in harvesting a large crop of wheat. To his Manchester friends he stated that crops are poor in the west, that the country is suffering from drought. He tried to buy some land while there, but would not pay the price the owner asked; the lambs were shipped to Chicago where he bought a part of them for less than the price asked in California. He says that Michigan is good enough for him.

We are Carrying over

Too Many Shoes,

and as we bought heavily for fall, we must

Reduce Our Stock

at least $2,000 or $3,000 worth to make room for new goods. We will sell a lot of

ODDS AND ENDS

in Ladies' Shoes, old style, sizes 2½, to 4 (c) 50c—cost from $1.00 to $2.25 wholesale.

Odds and ends in Men's and Boys' Boots at $1.50—worth $1.00 to $2.50.

Children's Heavy Shoes, 25c to 50c reduction on a pair.

Slippers from $1.25 to 1.50 to $1 and 1.25.

Call and Convince Yourself.

J. ROLLER & CO.

This Week We Offer....

40 Pieces Desirable Summer Fabrics,

[Worth 8c, 10c, 12c and 15c]

At 5c Per Yard.

Also a Lot of....

Colored Duck, At 7c Per Yard.

White Bedsteads!

THEY ARE LATEST, MOST POPULAR, AND BEAUTIFUL.

The Freese-Whittelsey Co. Clinton, Mich.

50c....

Get all the news by subscribing for

The... ENTERPRISE

To-day. There is an immense satisfaction in having your own paper and not borrowing. Act NOW

Best Binder Twine llc

We have just purchased a lot of 600 ft. Manila Twine stored in St. Paul, Minn., from the Eastern manufacturer. We guarantee the quality of this twine.

Order by MAIL or TELEGRAPH

No money necessary unless you prefer to send it. We will ship from St. Paul 24 hours after your order reaches us.

Instruct us which bank to send our draft and bill of lading to. Upon arrival of twine examine it and pay draft if satisfied.

SEND ORDERS TO

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO. 111 to 120 Michigan Ave., CHICAGO.

Use Good Stationery....

Good Stationery is everything to your correspondents. Your friends appreciate your using good writing material.

SEE OURS.

Enterprise Printing and Stationery House

Manchester, - Michigan.

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. The undersigned, having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands against the estate of Mary Ann Clark, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased to us for examination and adjustment, and that we will meet at the house of said deceased, in the township of Sharon, in said County, on the 3rd day of October, 1898 and on the 3rd day of January 1899, next, and we hold ourselves ready on said days to receive at such place and hour as may be convenient.

Dated July 2nd 1898.

JOHN F. STAFFAN,
LYMAN S. KUHNERT,
Commissioners.

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. The undersigned, having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands against the estate of Thomas Wallace, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased to us for examination and adjustment, and that we will meet at the house of said deceased, in the township of Ypsilanti, in said County, on the 1st day of October 1898, and on the 1st day of January 1899, next, at ten o'clock A. M., of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims. Dated, July 1st, 1898.

EMMETT G. ALLEN,
WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Commissioners.

Fine.....

Japanese Napkins at

ENTERPRISE OFFICE

W. H. LEHR,

Dealer in.....

GROCERIES

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, NOTIONS,

TOBACCOS, &C.,

PURE WINES AND LIQUORS,

FRESH LAGER BEER

Always on Draught. South side of Exchange Place, Manchester.

We always carry in stock

White and Colored Cardboards.

Ask to see them.

AT HOUSE-CLEANING TIME YOU FIND YOU NEED

A FANCY CHAIR,

A DINING TABLE,

BED ROOM SUITE,

OR SOMETHING JUST AS USEFUL. COME AND SEE WHAT WE HAVE.

Jenter & Rauschenberger.

FLAG NAPKINS,

and Japanese Napkins are just the thing now for picnics and parties.

ENTERPRISE OFFICE.

Mortgage Sale.

BY A MORTGAGE DATED MARCH 8d, A. D. 1892, made by Thomas Wallace, the city of Ypsilanti, Washtenaw county, and state of Michigan, to the Ypsilanti Savings Bank, a corporation of the City of Ypsilanti, Michigan, National Bank, of the City of Ypsilanti, Mich., and recorded in the Register's office for said county and being in the City of Ypsilanti, in the county of Washtenaw and state of Michigan, on the premises as follows to wit: The north half of all that tract or parcel of land lying south of Michigan Avenue (11), and lying east of Ypsilanti, bounded on the south by the north line of Pinckney St., on the west by the west line of Elm St., on the west by south by the north line of Elm St., on the west by south by the south line of Elm St., and in addition, on the north by the south line of Nos 11, 12 and 13 in said addition.

Second piece described as beginning at the west line of Elm St., at the southeast corner of the north half of the lot of land in said Ypsilanti, bounded south on the south line of Hamilton St., twelve (12) feet to the south line of the north half of said lot; thence westerly along the south line of said lot twenty feet; thence due north to the south line of Pinckney Street; thence east to the place of beginning, being the south twelve feet of the north half of said lot, and the south twenty feet of said lot, and the south twenty feet of said lot, and the south twenty feet

INDIANS AT OMAHA.

ASSEMBLY OF ALL THE TRIBES AT THE EXPOSITION.

Congress Provided for This Rare Ethnological Exhibition—Aboriginal Habits, Games, Etc., to be Illustrated—The Last Gathering of the Kind.

Before the 55th congress adjourned an appropriation of $40,000 was made for the purpose of having an assembly of all the Indian tribes at the Trans-Mississippi Exposition at Omaha this summer. This will undoubtedly be the rarest ethnological exhibition ever attempted in this or any other country. Situated in the heart of the great American union, within easy reach of all the remaining great Indian nations, it has been possible, at comparatively slight expense, to gather upon the Exposition grounds a show which would be possible nowhere else in America.

Delegations from every tribe in the Union will be on the grounds at one time or another during the Exposition in their wickiups, tents, tepees, wigwams and cabins, pursuing their usual avocations and illustrating their dances, religious rites and savage ceremonies make up a show unlike anything ever before presented. Each type will be exhibited in appropriate costume with weapons, utensils, industrial appliances and handiwork. Their games, solemn festivals, peculiar customs and natural surroundings will be reproduced. In connection with these exhibitions of savage life, exhibits of their industrial advancement, their school work and exhibits of their sure but slow movement toward civilization and enlightenment will be prominent.

The Indian department at Washington has placed at the disposal of the Exposition its facilities for making up this notable exhibit. It is probably the last opportunity of seeing the American Indian as a factor. The government work now in progress will fit the savage Indian into American citizenship, will wipe out the Indian reservation and will make the savage Indian and the reservation Indian but a thing of history.

The man who boasts of being a cynic is usually more foolish than dangerous.

Blood-Cleansing.

Hoop's Sarsaparilla is a duty in every well-regulated household. People don't wait until the 6th month is plainly apparent, but it stands to reason that in every day use more or less dust or dirt accumulates. It is no with the human blood. From the numerous varieties of eatables taken into the stomach, a quantity of useless material is bound to accumulate in the blood and clog the free and wholesome flow in the veins. Hence people generally at some time in the year need a blood cleanser and blood purifier. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best. Cascarets Candy Cathartic. We recommend them to all our readers.

Intellectual women make better wives than they do sweethearts.

Within the past month the first iron bridge erected in the state of Ohio has been erected. This bridge was over Salt Creek on the central Ohio division of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, in Muskingum county, and was built in 1851. It was a single span, 71 feet in length, and was modeled after the Bollman deck truss bridge with plate girders." Bollman was at that time chief engineer of construction of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

When in doubt as to what to say express your thoughts.

STONE IN HER STOMACH.

From the Gazette, Blanchisville, Ill.

The wife of the Rev. A. B. Adams, pastor of the Sheffield Christian Church at Blanchisville, Ill., was for years compelled to live a life of torture from disease. Her case baffled the physicians, but today she is alive and well and tells the story of her recovery as follows:

"About six years ago," said Mrs. Adams, "my health began to fail and I first felt the food did not agree with me and felt like a stone in my stomach. I had a dull pain in my left side and I had a heavy feeling after I had eaten.

"I had pains and a weak feeling in my left side which would extend across my back and also into the region of my heart. During these spells a hard ridge would appear in the left side of my stomach and extend to the left side.

"These attacks left me sore and exhausted. All last summer I was so nervous that the children laughing and playing nearly drove me wild. I suffered also from female troubles and doctored with regular ferent physicians without receiving any help.

"My husband having read in the newspaper of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, induced me to try them. I began taking them in November and by the time I had taken six boxes, I felt as well as ever. Seeing the alleviating effect of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, I now have a good appetite and can sleep and do my own work. Have done more this summer than in the past two years together. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are a blessing and I think it my duty to let other sufferers know it.

"Hundreds of cases of remarkable cases have been cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

"*My Husband Now.*"

have been greatly benefited.

"I was also troubled with nervous prostration and numbness of my right arm and shoulder so that I could hardly endure the pain, but that has all passed away. I now have a good appetite and can sleep, do my own work. Have done more this summer than in the past two years together. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are a blessing and I think it my duty to let other sufferers know it.

"Hundreds of cases of remarkable cases have been cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

The man who wears a lined coat on a boat-ride should be thankful that he has lined the eternal fitness of things are seriously disturbed.

There isn't much patriotism in the girl who does not use a little powder and wear bangs in the glorious FOURTH.

Yes, we intend to make a decided hit by impersonating an individual scheduled to die on the Dog Star.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No amount of washing, scrubbing, Cuticura Soap or cleans your blood and keeps it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving the impurities from the body. Begin today to have a spotless skin, no blotches, no pimples and that sickly bilious complexion be taking Cuticura Resolvent for ten years. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed. 10c, 25c, 50c.

A man may mistake because he never fails, but because of his ability to see when he tumbles.

Ten thousand dangers gnawing away at one's vitals—dangers that multiply and grow into the tortures of itching piles. Yet there's a cure. Doan's Ointment never fails.

Never blame the man that has plenty of money because he isn't popular. A noiseless Fourth of July is one of them.

Wheat 40 Cents a Bushel.

How to grow wheat with big profit at 40 cents and samples of Salzer's Seed Wheat, Rye, Oats, Clovers, etc., with Farm Seed Catalog, worth $100 to any farmer, JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis. w.n.u.

Women sometimes take in order to attract attention from what they wear.

A wheelman's tool bag isn't complete without a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Heals cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Monarch over pain.

Opportunity does a great deal that ability gets the credit for.

Dr. Carter's K. & B. Tea. does what other medicines do not. It regulates the four important organs of the body—the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels—at a time.

A running minority often beats an over-confident majority.

Hall's Catarrh Cure
Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

No man is so perfect as he thinks his neighbor is.

No-To-Bac for Tobacco Habit.
Guaranteed, tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure, 50c, $1. All druggists.

A man with COSMO BUTTERMILK SOAP, exquisitely scented, is soothing and refreshing to his wife.

The thickening of the plot frequently thins the audience.

Brown's Teething Cordial secures rest for the parents and relief to the child.

The plodding parts the road to plenty—of sand work.

Officers of Our Navy Who Are Distinguished Inventors

The American navy has supplied hundreds of the inventions which have played important parts in the development of the modern navy. The first essential step, the introduction of the ironclad and the monitor, was American born. Another initial advance quite as important in its way was the construction of the modern high-power rifles, requiring in their design a high order of mathematical ability and an intimate knowledge of the characteristics of modern steel. All guns in the navy have been designed by Professor Philip R. Alger, a former graduate of Annapolis, who has since been transferred to the corps of the professors of mathematics in the navy, and who is the highest authority on ordnance matters in this country, if not in the world. Professor Alger received a diploma from the World's Fair Commission for his system of gun construction, now in use in the navy.

In order to make these guns efficient, methods had to be devised for handling them on board ship; opening and closing the breech for loading, mounting them on carriages for sighting and training, protecting them with armor, supplying them with powder and shell, developing smokeless powder for their use, designing primers, fuses, telescopic sights and a hundred little accessories used in connection with their services. It was also essential to provide the necessary appliances for aiming torpedoes automobile torpedoes to be fired from our ships and torpedo boats; apparatus for signaling orders from the conning tower to the guns and to every part of the ship, for measuring the distance of the enemy; for countermining harbors and clearing channels and many other devices more or less directly connected with the ships as a fighting machine.

To perfect these devices in foreign navies the government have had to pay millions of dollars for improvements and inventions that tended to make their guns and ships more powerful than their competitors for supremacy. In this country, the home of the inventor, our government had paid nothing. Nearly every improvement has been invented by its naval officers. One instance of a naval officer who received compensation for an invention was that of Chief Constructor Wilson, now retired, to whom the Navy Department paid $10,000 for an air port-hinge. But most of the work of naval officers' brains have been given to the government free.

How much the inventive faculty of its keen-minded officers has meant to the Navy Department is illustrated in the case of Lieutenant Frank F. Fletcher, now on duty in the ordnance bureau. It was said at a hearing before a committee of the Senate last winter, on a bill to give naval officers a reward for inventions, that a gun-mount of Mr. Fletcher's had saved the government more than [illegible]. All navy guns are now fitted on this gun-mount and the World's Fair commissioners awarded it a diploma. Briefly described and without technical terms, this gun-mount is the application of ball-bearings to the upper carriage of the gun, with a hydraulic check to take up the recoil after firing, and a spiral spring to return it to its place. There is also elevating and training gear of a complicated character.

Mr. Fletcher is the inventor of several other devices. One of these is a breech mechanism for heavy guns. This mechanism is used for handling all the heavy breech plugs, weighing from 500 pounds to half a ton, of our 8-inch, 10-inch, 12-inch and 13-inch guns. The army has also recently adopted it. These plugs were formerly handled by hydraulic machinery, but Fletcher's device enabled this to be done by hand power. One man, so successful was the device that one man, with his left hand operating the lever, can unlock from the breech of the gun its plug, weighing 1,150 pounds, withdraw it to the rear and swing it clear in seven seconds.

Finally Mr. Fletcher is the inventor of a rapid-fire gun which is now the standard of the navy. His device is being used on all the 3-inch, 4-inch, 5-inch and 6-inch guns in the service.

Just before the war with Spain Secretary Long recommended to Congress an appropriation to build a big powder factory for making smokeless powder. At the same time he announced that a satisfactory smokeless powder had been made after many years of experiment, and that this powder was superior to the smokeless powders made abroad. "Lieutenant J. B. Bernadou showed special aptitude for this work and capacity for the solution of the problems involved in the prosecution of the experimental work of this nature," said the report of the inspector in charge of the torpedo station at Newport. This Lieutenant Bernadou is now at Key West recovering from wounds received while in command of the Wilmore at Cardenas. It was in fact Lieutenant Bernadou and Commander C. C. Montgomery who invented the smokeless powder just adopted by the Navy Department. The navy is particularly proud of this achievement. Foreign governments possess a smokeless powder, but it contains nitro-glycerine, which makes it unreliable and dangerous, and besides develops a high heat which soon ruins a gun. All countries have been working for the ideal smokeless powder containing no nitro-glycerine, and we are the first to get it. As in many other matters, the Navy Department stayed behind Europe in the adoption of a smokeless powder until we had one that was perfect.

Lieutenant B. A. Fiske, prolific inventor in electrical devices, made some years ago a range finder for automatically finding distances at sea. It is one of the most useful contrivances on shipboard, and is worth an immense sum to the navy. Another of Lieut. Fiske's inventions was the stadimeter—very clever modification of the sextant, by which it is possible to measure the distance of a ship from the height of its masts at more stacks. Still another was a range indicator—an electrical device for signaling from the conning tower to the gun captain the direction and distance of the enemy. This is fitted on nearly all our ships.

Captain Sigsbee of the St. Paul, is an inventor. The navy now uses a deep-sea sounding apparatus and parallel rulers for navigation of his invention.

Lieutenant Dashiell invented a breech mechanism which was a great improvement over all that had preceded it. It was adopted by the navy department in 1892, and was introduced on many rapid-fire guns. This device enabled the man at the breech of the gun to do with one motion what had always taken two—to open the breech mechanism the plug had to be turned with one motion until it unlocked, and then withdrawn with another motion. But by an arrangement of cogs Lieutenant Dashiell made the pull of a lever turn the plug until it was unlocked and then withdraw it. The reverse motion of the lever drove the plug home and then turned it until it locked. The Dashiell mechanism has been supplanted by the Fletcher mechanism, but it is still to be found on some rapid-fire guns.

Lieutenant W. H. Driggs and Lieutenant Saxton Schroeder are the inventors of a rapid-fire mechanism, which is of the same class as the well-known Hotchkiss gun. This is applied to one-pounder and six-pounder guns. This invention is owned by a private corporation, unlike most of the navy inventions, which belong to the government.

Commodore John A. Howell is the inventor of the automobile torpedo, which bears his name. Its mechanism consists of a heavy cog wheel made to revolve at a high rate of speed before the torpedo is put in the water. Commodore Howell sold this invention to the Hotchkiss company, and for a time drew a royalty on it. Of late it has been supplanted by the Whitehead torpedo.

Lieutenant Joseph Strauss is the inventor of improvements in mounting turret guns. He conceived the idea of the double turret, having an eight-inch turret placed on top of a thirteen-inch turret, as used on the battleships Kearsarge and Kentucky, which were launched not long ago at Newport News.

Chief Constructor Philip Hichborn invented the Franklin life buoy, and sold it to a concern in Bath. He is a self-supporting man. Two small tin cases attached to it contain, phosphite of calcium. Stoppers to these cases are attached to the strip, so that when the buoy is thrown into the water the stoppers are withdrawn, and water releases the phosphite, whereupon the chemical with the water makes a bright flame.

Lieutenant Very, late of the navy, devised a set of signals which are now in use not only in our navies, but in all the navies of the world. Lieutenant Herbert O. Dunn invented a stockless anchor, which is now in use on some naval vessels. Lieutenants Van Duzer and Mason were the inventors of an ingenious electric steering gear. Lieutenant Fiske and Lieutenant Lucey Young are the joint inventors of a boat detaching apparatus. Chief Engineer Harry Webster invented a tilnometer, used to determine the angle roll of a ship. Chief Engineer Nathan Towne is the inventor of an improved boiler. Lieutenants Diehl and Gibson are inventors of a "compensating gun sack." designed to neutralize the magnetism of a steel ship's hull. Passed Assistant Engineer Tobin is the inventor of the Bureau of Tobin bronze, much used for hulls of racing yachts and for the shells of torpedoes, and Prof. E. C. Pierce, of the navy, is the inventor of the high explosive "lovite."

These are only samples of the many contributions to inventions which naval officers have made. There are hundreds of them that will be designing have made the ships of the United States navy superior in every convenience and efficiency to those we enjoyed before the war. In fact, many foreign governments pay tribute to the superiority of American ideas in naval matters by the inventions of American naval officers.

A Long Trolley Ride.

One may now travel by trolley car in eastern Massachusetts over very long distances in continuous directions. The longest continuous trip that can be made is that from Fall River, New Bedford, Mass., and Nashua, N. H. This route takes one from the boiler factory at Bunker Hill Day to Mount Hope Bay at Fall River, thence to Taunton, along the right-bank of the beautiful Taunton river, the greater part of the way and thence to Boston by way of Brockton and Quincy. From Boston to Lowell, on the Merrimac river, for some 30 miles, from Lowell to Nashua, there are no continuous trolley car connections between Boston and Newburyport, the latter city being reached by pleasant routes along the Merrimac through the "Whittier country" by way of Lowell, Lawrence and Haverhill.—Harper's Magazine.

Odd Delicacy in Rank.

To most people a yellow candle appears more in the way of a necessity than a luxury, but the Russian blue candle is an exception to the rule. Blue candles have to be seen to be good, along the Queen's road, and the avidity with which they pollard out the candles was a sight for the gods. Some of the men, who were evidently petty officers, elected to dine off candles as thick as one's arm—regular No. 1 joss pidgin arrangements—and streams of grease trickled from the corners of each man's mouth. British and American jacks like their beer and rum, but they draw the line at Chinese made yellow candles.—Hong Kong Telegraph.

An Awakened Nation.

What have we to fear? We have exhaustless resources. We are able to put millions of men in the field. Our alliance of France with Spain, armies coming from three-quarters of the globe need not alarm us. The nation has been awakened by honor.—Rev. Hugh Johnson.

OFFICERS WHO ARE FAMOUS INVENTORS.

THANKFUL TO MRS. PINKHAM.

Earnest Words From Women Who Have Been Relieved of Backache—Mrs. Pinkham Warns Against Neglect.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been thankful a thousand times, since I wrote you, for what your Vegetable Compound has done for me. I followed your advice carefully, and now I feel like a different person. My troubles were backache, headache, nervous tired feeling, painful menstruation and leucorrhœa.

I took four bottles of Vegetable Compound, one box of Liver Pills, and used one package of Sanative Wash, and am now well. I thank you again for the good you have done for me.—ELIZA E. BRENNER, East Rochester, Ohio.

Great numbers of such letters as the above are constantly being received by Mrs. Pinkham from women who owe their health and happiness to her advice and medicine.

Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass. Her advice is offered free to all suffering women who are puzzled about their troubles. If you have backache don't neglect it or try heroically to "work it down," you must reach the root of the trouble, and nothing will do this so safely and surely as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Backache is accompanied by a lot of other aches and wearying sensations, but they nearly always come from the same source. Remove the cause of these distressing things, and you have good health and strong. Mrs. S. J. Swanson, of Gibson City, Ill., tells her experience in the following letter:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Before using your medicine I was troubled with headache and my back ached so that I could not rest. Your medicine is the best I have ever used; it has relieved me of my troubles, and I feel like myself again. Thanks to Lydia E. Pinkham.

"I would advise any one troubled with female weakness to take your medicine. I shall also recommend it wherever I can as a great reliever of pain."

A Million Women Have Been Benefitted by Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Medicine

A Beautiful Present Free

For a few months to all users of the celebrated ELASTIC STARCH, (Flat Iron Brand). To induce you to try this brand of starch, so that you may find out for yourself that all claims for its superiority and economy are true, the makers have had prepared, at great expense, a series of

Game Plaques

exact reproductions of the $10,000 originals by Murillo, which will be given you ABSOLUTELY FREE by your grocer on conditions named below. These Plaques are 10 inches in circumference, are of the exact color of the originals, and are free of any suggestion of advertising whatever, and will ornament the most elegant apartment. No manufacturing concern ever before gave away such valuable presents to its customers. They are not for sale anywhere, but are distributed only in the manner specified. The subjects are

AMERICAN WHEAT.
ENGLISH QUAIL.
AMERICAN BUCKWHEAT.
ENGLISH SNIPE.

The birds are life-like, embossed and stand out natural as life. Each Plaque is bordered with a hand-of gold.

HOW TO GET THEM.

Get a set (packages of three 10-cent or 5-cent packages of Elastic Starch (Flat Iron Brand), are sufficient to receive from their grocer one of these beautiful Game Plaques. Your name will not be sent by mail. They can be obtained only from your grocer.

Every Grocer Keeps Elastic Starch.

Do not delay. This offer is for a short time only.

Elastic Starch

has been the standard for 25 years. TWENTY-TWO MILLION packages of this brand were sold last year. That's how good it is.

Ask Your Dealer

to show you the Plaques and tell you about Elastic Starch. Accept no substitute.

FAULTLESS WORKMANSHIP AND DESIGN.

The superiority of Columbia Bevel-Gears over chain machines under all conditions of riding makes

Columbia

BEVEL-GEAR

Chainless Bicycles

IN A CLASS ALONE.

Go to the Columbia Dealer in your town and examine our line before buying. We offer you the best chain wheels in the world.

Columbias and Hartfords

GOOD WHEELS AT LOW PRICES.

Vedettes, Jacks and Jills.

CATALOGUE FREE.

POPE MFG. CO. Hartford, Conn.

FROM FACTORY TO USER DIRECT.

We make Gas Turpentine, Bugpoison, Flaxseed and Road Machines, our goods have been favorably known to the trade for years. We place our goods in the hands of the trade, and ask them to call and talk with the factory. Its price or its goods will allow price than agents ask for low grade articles. We want to examine, test and criticise our goods. Write for Catalogue, Ted, as many suit purchasers. Send for catalogue with prices plainly stated, as we sell at wholesale to the trade. Agents wanted everywhere. Mention this paper. Address, THE GEO. ROSS CO., Cleveland, O. No matter where you live, you can save money by dealing with us. Mention this paper. EDWARD W. ROSS & CO., CLEARFIELD, PA. ROSS & CO., CHICAGO, ILL. ROSS & CO., CHICAGO, INDIANA.

"DIRT IN THE HOUSE BUILDS THE HIGH-WAY TO BEGGARY." BE WISE IN TIME AND USE

SAPOLIO

Please Mention this Paper When Answering Ads. W.N.U.—DETROIT—NO.30—1898

MANCHESTER ENTERPRISE.

AN INDEPENDENT, LIVE, LOCAL NEWSPAPER.

VOL. 31.—NO. 47. (Entered at Manchester Postoffice as Second Class Matter.) MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, JULY 28, 1898. WHOLE NUMBER 1607.

Manchester Enterprise

By MAT D. BLOSSER.

Societies.

ANCIENT ORDER OF UNITED WORKMEN meet in Uhrig hall, Manchester, every second and fourth Tuesday evening of each month. HOWARD CLARK, M. W. J. BLUM, Recorder.

MANCHESTER LODGE, NO. 165, F. & A. M. meets at Masonic Hall, Monday evening on or before each full moon. Visiting brothers fraternally welcome. MAT D. BLOSSER, Sec. F. M. CLARK, Secretary.

MERIDIAN CHAPTER, NO. 45, R. A. M. meets at Masonic Hall, Monday evening on or before each full moon. Companions cordially welcome. MAT D. BLOSSER, Sec. F. M. CLARK, Secretary.

DONIRAN COUNCIL, NO. 24, R. & S. M. meets at Masonic Hall, Tuesday evening on or after each full moon. Visiting Masters fraternally welcome. T. F. MINGLEY, T. I. M. MAT D. BLOSSER, Recorder.

MANCHESTER DIVISION, NO. 101, O. K. S. M. meets at Masonic Hall, Friday evening, on or after each full moon. Visiting knights invited. MISS EVA SHEPARD, W. M. MRS. CLARA BLOSSER, Secretary.

MANCHESTER HIVE, NO. 626, L. O. T. M. meet in Maccabee Hall, second and fourth Tuesday evenings of each month. Visiting Ladies invited. MRS. N. HENDERSHOTT, L. Com. MRS. JULIA E. TETZLAFF, Lady Record Keeper.

COMSTOCK POST, NO. 352, G. A. R., meet first and third Tuesday evening of each month in their hall, Manchester. All honorable comrades invited. T. F. RUSHTON, Com. M. H. FRENCH, Adjutant.

MANCHESTER TENT, NO. 141, K. O. T. M. M. meet in hall over J. Rolley & Co.'s store, 1st and 3rd Tuesday in each month. Visiting Sir Knights invited. T. J. LEWIS, Com. J. E. CLARK, Record Keeper.

COMSTOCK W. R. C., NO. 230, meet first and third Tuesday afternoon of each month at their hall, Manchester. All honorable women invited. MRS. MELISSA S. HALL, Pres. MRS. CHARLOTTE SCOTT, Secretary.

Business Cards.

A. F. & F. M. FREEMAN,
ATTORNEYS
And Counselors at Law. Offices over People's Savings Bank,
Manchester, Michigan.

A. J. WATERS,
ATTORNEY
And Counselor at Law. Office over Union Savings Bank,
Manchester, Michigan.

DR. THOMPSON L. IDDINGS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office at Residence, 2nd door north of Methodist church,
MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN.

E. M. CONKLIN, M. D.,
GENERAL PRACTITIONER,
Particular attention given to the treatment of Rupture.
MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN.

C. F. KAPP, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office at Residence, on Clinton street, 1 Block from Main street, Manchester, Mich.

E. C. KUHL, D. D. S.,
MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN.

G. E. KUHL, D. D. S.,
Will be in Manchester every Wednesday and Thursday, to practice
DENTISTRY.
In all its branches, at reasonable prices. Office over Union Savings Bank.

GEO. A. SERVIS, D. D. S.,
Is prepared to do all kinds of DENTAL WORK, Including General and Local Anæsthetics for Painless Extraction. Office over Fox's Store, in Clinton every Thursday.

KNORPP & MAYER,
THE CITY MARKET.
First-class Sausage Makers. Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats. Wholesale and Retail
EAST SIDE OF RIVER

GRANT R. SUTTON,
LICENSED AUCTIONEER.
Real Estate Sold at Auction. Usage Property sold on reasonable terms. Dates made at EXPRESS OFFICE, Manchester Mich.

J. J. BRIEGEL,
TONSORIAL ARTIST.
Shaving, Hair Cutting, Shampooing, Etc., in first-class manner. Next to the bridge, in Room formerly occupied by Post-Office.

KIEBLER & LANDWEHR,
CENTRAL MEAT MARKET.
Steam Sausage makers. Fresh, salt and smoked meats. Wholesale and Retail.
Ice for Private Families.

ENTERPRISE
POULTRY YARDS.
White and Barred Plymouth Rock Eggs and Stock for sale. Boyce strain, Manchester, Mich.
Correspondence Solicited.

D. P. MERITHEW,
LICENSED AUCTIONEER.
Manchester, Mich.
Sales in village or country will be promptly attended on reasonable terms.
Dates can be made at the ENTERPRISE OFFICE

THE UNION SAVINGS BANK,
CAPITAL, $25,000.
R. S. KNAPP, President. DELOS HEMERDINGER, Vice-President. EO. K. ROOT, Cashier.
Is money protected by a burglar proof vault by the best screw-door burglar-proof vault safe made. Always open Saturday evenings.

OUT OF THE VEST POCKET.

There are 10,000 camels at work in Australia.

German schoolboys study harder and play less than those of any other country.

Astronomers tell us that in our solar system there are at least 17,000,000 comets of all sizes.

A perfectly formed face is one-third forehead, one-third nose, and one-third upper and lower chin.

Pious Russians do not eat pigeons because of the sanctity conferred on the dove in the scriptures.

The entire collection of coins and medals in the British museum consists of nearly 250,000 specimens.

IN OUR GREAT STATE.

THE HAPPENINGS IN MICHIGAN BRIEFLY RELATED.

The State Press Association Meeting at Muskegon—A Court Decision Which Knocks Out a Great Many Tax Titles—Cooperville Badly Scorched.

Michigan Editors' Outing.

The Michigan Press association held the annual convention at Muskegon. There was more pleasure than business on the program and the fun was opened with an informal reception to H. R. Pattengill, of Lansing, president of the association. The convention was opened by a welcoming address by Mayor James Balbirnie. President Pattengill responded. A paper entitled "The Michigan Press Association and Its Benefits," written by F. R. Gibson, of Benton Harbor, was read by O. E. Dewey, of Owosso. The second day was taken up with a trip on the electric cars to Lake Michigan park, an excursion on the lake on the steamer Atlanta, witnessing an exhibition of the lifeline drill, a trip to Lake Harbor and a banquet at the Lake Harbor hotel. At the final session a number of interesting papers were read and resolutions adopted thanking the Muskegon committee which so royally and courteously entertained the association. A committee was appointed to determine the time and place of the next annual meeting. Many of the members of the association left for Detroit the purpose of terminating the war and arriving at terms of peace. The communication of the Spanish government did not suggest any specific terms of peace, nor was any reference made to Cuba, the Philippines, Porto Rico or other Spanish possessions. The evident purpose of the Madrid authorities was to first learn whether the United States would treat on the subject of peace and after that to take up such terms as the two parties might suggest. Neither was there any suggestion from the Spanish government that an armistice be established pending the peace negotiations.

The President informed the ambassadors that he would consult the members of his cabinet concerning the proposition, and after a decision had been arrived at the Spanish envoys would be invited to the White House for a further conference and for a final answer from the United States government.

Soon after the departure of M. Cambon the President and members of the cabinet held an informal conference, but there was no attempt to come to a conclusion as to the reply of this government to Spain's request. There was strong intimation, however, that there would be no acceptance which would imply the stopping of the war for the purpose of embarking on a vague diplomatic negotiation when the American arms were adding victory upon victory.

Spain's peace proposal excited the deepest interest throughout Washington, particularly in diplomatic circles. Where much surprise was expressed at it they had had no official intimation of such action.

Sagasta Denies It.

Madrid, via Paris: The government denies that the cabinet council occupied itself with the question of peace. Senor Sagasta denies the existence of official peace negotiations, but Duke Almodovar del Rio, minister of foreign affairs, says negotiations of a private character have been opened, due to private initiative.

Bombarded Manzanillo.

The following report of the bombardment of Manzanillo, Cuba, has been made by Commander Todd, of the gunboat Wilmington: The vessels on blockade duty in this vicinity, the Wilmington, Helena, Scorpion, Hist, Suwanee and Osceola, approached the harbor of Manzanillo from the westward. At 7:30 the Wilmington and Helena entered the western channel toward the city, the Scorpion and Osceola the middle channel, and the Hist, Hornet and Wampatuck the south channel, the movements of the vessels being so timed as to bring them within effective range of the shipping at about the same moment. Fire was opened on the shipping and after a deliberate fire lasting about two and a half hours, three Spanish transports, El Gloria, Jose Garcia and La Purisima Concepcion, were burned and destroyed. The Pontoon which was the harbor guard and storeship, probably for ammunition, was burned and blown up. Three gunboats were destroyed, one other was driven ashore and sunk and a fifth was driven ashore and is believed to have been disabled. No casualties occurred on board any of our vessels. Great care was taken that as little damage as possible should be done to the city itself. The Spanish loss is believed to have been nearly 100 killed.

Burglars and highwaymen are creating a reign of terror at Niles.

In acquiescence to the request of the Spanish government the Santiago prisoners will be landed at Vigo, Corunna, on the Atlantic coast of Spain and at Santander, on the Bay of Biscay.

The boys of the 32d Michigan are well pleased at their reception at Camp Alger, at Falls Church. The Detroit Free Press says the state was a conspicuous exception, and at Falls Church the ladies treated the boys so royally that a number of the officers and men missed their train.

U. S. surgeons at Santiago report that there are only about 300 mild cases of yellow fever among the American troops and deaths are few. Gen. Miles reported that he believes that the danger from the yellow fever and that the men do not seem to fear it owing to the mildness of the cases.

Henry H. Saunders, Co. L, 31st Michigan, died of typhoid fever at Chickamauga, from peritonitis. His body was taken to Cereso, Mich., for burial.

Judge S. N. Severens, of Columbus, ex-judge of the Ohio supreme court, fell on the beach at Bay View and sustained a compound fracture of his right leg.

The first trust which English capitalists were trying to form on the Great lakes has fallen through, and the American fish dealers have taken up the idea.

The auxiliary cruiser Yosemite, with the Michigan Naval Reserves as the crew, has arrived at Newport News after a lengthy period of blockade duty off Porto Rico.

Athens having 86 [illegible] one home of Gen. Shafter—he taught school there and married an Athens girl—a big celebration is to be held in his honor August 3.

Lieut. A. J. Babcock, of Flint, Co. K (Sons of Veterans), 32d Michigan, died from typhoid fever in the hospital at Siboney. He was an only son and a promising young man.

The peppermint field in southwestern Michigan will be an immense one. In Kalamazoo, Van Buren, Allegan and St. Joseph counties the value of the crop is estimated at $250,000.

While playing with an old revolver, Earl Fletcher, 10 years old, son of a Frankfort saloonist, shot himself in the mouth, the bullet passing through his head and causing instant death.

One of the rods on the side of an engine flew off at Pavilion, and Dick Waters, a Grand Trunk conductor of Battle Creek, was hurled into the air. Both his legs and hips were broken.

Garrett Leeuwenheek, aged 21, had only been home from Holland one year when, on May 19, he enlisted at Kalamazoo in the Second U. S. infantry. Disease just died from fever at Santiago.

Elsie Huntley, aged 13, was picking berries on Rifle river, in Mills township, Ogemaw county, when she was bitten by a rattlesnake and died before medical aid could be obtained.

Fred Hubbard, of Owosso, gave an exhibition of the blowing up of the Maine at Dansville, and accidentally dropped a match into a big charge of powder which exploded, blowing his head off and killing him instantly.

Owing to the death of her husband and resultant poverty Mrs. Charles Iron Mountain, attempted to drown herself and her four children. When discovered she had waded into the lake up to her waist and her little ones were clinging to her.

The new camp of the 32d Michigan at Fernandina, Fla., has been named Camp Carpenter, by Col. Charles H. Robt. Smith, the civilian commander. The heat became so oppressive that the morning drill was dispensed with—men being overcome in one day.

Lightning struck the house of Wm. King, in Pulaski township, Jackson county, which an ice cream social was being held. Of the 19 persons present only one escaped injury entirely, and several were marked with a brand stream from head to foot and severely shocked.

Lieut. Glen Lasteen, Co. I, 34th Michigan, left Camp Eaton eight weeks ago weighing 175 pounds and in sound health. He returned from Cuba contracted malaria and rheumatism and is now home on sick leave, weighing only 115 pounds and is broken down in health.

The Railway Baggage Agents of America held their annual convention at Detroit. W. K. Maxwell, of the M. C. R. R. railroad, was elected president; J. E. Quirk, of Toronto, who was Grand Trunk railroad system, secretary-treasurer. The next convention will be held at Charlevoix.

It required 393 ballots to nominate Henry C. Smith, of Adrian, as the Republican congressman from the Second district convention at Ann Arbor. Mr. Smith gained notoriety by recommending a law to compel railroad officials, several years ago, to force the road to sell family mileage tickets.

Maj. Chas. H. Nancrede, 33d Michigan, who is home for a short time, having been detailed to accompany the sick and wounded soldiers brought to Fortress Monroe from Santiago on the transport Seneca, says he will resign his position in the army in the fall and resume his duties in the University of Michigan.

The boiler of the C. K. & S. 33d Michigan, Geo. D. Baker, of Howard City; Geo. H. White, of Mendon, and Floyd Franklin, of Marcellus, have been discharged without pay and were left without means of reaching home. The authorities say they were not physically able to bear arms, their disability antedating their enrollment and they should have been mustered in. For these reasons they are not entitled to travel pay.

Secretary George Gundrum, of the state board of pharmacy, reports that there are now 3,197 registered pharmacists and 38 assistants in the state; of 240 applicants for pharmacists certificates issued 72 passed and 168 failed; would be assistants 25 passed. There were 63 cases of violations of the pharmacy laws and 23 convictions were secured. The receipts of the board were $1,325.50, receipts over expenditures $574.47.

The following Michigan soldiers who are sick or wounded have arrived at Camp Wikoff, Va.: Co. A, Private Sencen, Thirty-third regiment—Sergt. F. W. Pope, Co. E, Benj. Powell, Co. L, C. M. Cutwille, Co. A, J. W. Bodle, Co. L; Robt. Smith, Co. L; C. W. Walgawood, Co. K; Musician Burt E. Bryan, Co. A; J. L. Monahan, Co. D; Hugh McCarthy, Co. G; H. Eaton, Co. G; H. Simms, Co. B. Thirty-fourth regiment—Lieut. Glen Lawless, Co. I; R. Haight, Co. I; F. Passe, Co. E; Lewis Phillips, Detroit; H. Hunt, Ralph, Co. L.

Jack Lane, late Hero of Monroe, was struck blind by lightning.

Leslie Miller, aged 7, fell under a wagonload of sand and was crushed to death.

Muskegon county will build a $10,000 iron bridge between Muskegon and North Muskegon.

Geo. F. Crouch, a well-known lumber scaler, suicided by shooting himself, at Menominee.

Robt. W. Martin, aged 64, an old soldier, died suddenly at Arlington by a horse he was leading.

The barn of Wm. Simnok, near Newaygo, with the contents, was destroyed by lightning.

Mrs. Nettie Bell, of Coldwater, accidentally injured herself by receiving a fall from a hammock.

A donation of $500 has been made to the Iron Mountain Y. M. C. A. by Andrew Carnegie, the Pittsburg iron king.

Fred Brady, of Grant, Mich., was one of four men who died at Mishawaka, Ind., from drinking wood alcohol.

Lightning destroyed Nelson Rice's barn and contents, near Milan, but accompanying rain kept the fire from the house.

Arthur Brule, of Lake Linden, was killed at Calumet by a chain breaking and striking him while loading ore.

Frank Pryor, a Jackson expressman, was found in his home with his neck broken. How it happened is a mystery.

Pontiac is to have another carriage factory, the new concern, which will erect a modern four-story building.

An egg warehouse burned at Lake Odessa, causing a loss of $5,000; insurance $1,000. It was owned by A. J. Hagar.

Maj. Merritt B. Webb, 33d Michigan, is recovering from yellow fever at Siboney and will soon be able to start for home.

Eugene Bailey, a farmer near Lenox, lost his barn and the season's crops by lightning. Other damage was done in the same place.

Michigan has lost one of her sons at Santiago from yellow fever—Private Frederick Fernandina, of Fort Huron, Co. F, 33d Michigan.

One of the hospital tents of the 32d Michigan at Fernandina was blown down during a rainstorm and all of the patients were drenched.

Otis Marr, Co. K, 33d Michigan, died at Siboney from a shot through the lungs, received in the attack on Aguadores. His home was at Marquette.

Officers and prominent members of the Michigan grand lodge F. & A. M. attended the annual convocation of the grand lodge of Ontario, at Toronto.

Burglars blew open the safe of Hartman's saloon at Brighton, but keep blew out almost the entire front of the store. They secured a goodly sum.

Coal was found on the land of Benj. Parker, at Metamora, while digging a well and now the residents of the town are talking of wealthy coal barons.

The Northern Coal and Transportation Co., which leased 40,000 acres of land in Saginaw county, has been taken up the stakes of a short time ago.

SPAIN HAS ENOUGH.

SUES FOR PEACE THROUGH THE