

Manchester Enterprise
By MAT D. BLOSSER.

MANCHESTER
In the south-west corner of Washington County, 22 miles from the City of Detroit and 10 miles from the City of Detroit, is the town of Manchester, Mich. It is the only town in the State of Michigan which is situated on the shore of Lake Michigan. It is the only town in the State of Michigan which is situated on the shore of Lake Michigan. It is the only town in the State of Michigan which is situated on the shore of Lake Michigan.

Societies.

MANCHESTER LODGE NO. 148, F. & A. M.
Meeting at Masonic Hall, Monday evening, at 8 o'clock. Visiting brothers are invited. E. F. Root, Secretary.

MERIDIAN CHAPTER NO. 45, R. E. M.
Meeting at Masonic Hall, Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are invited. MAT D. BLOSSER, M. P. K. E. Root, Secretary.

ADONIRAM COUNCIL NO. 24, R. E. M.
Meeting at Masonic Hall, Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are invited. J. H. KINGSLEY, T. I. M. MAT D. BLOSSER, Recorder.

MANCHESTER CHAPTER NO. 101, O. E. S.
Meeting at Masonic Hall, Friday evening, at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are invited. MRS. SOPHIA GLOVER, W. M. ELIZABETH PARKER, Secretary.

MANCHESTER TENT NO. 11, K. O. T. M.
Meeting at Masonic Hall, first and third Tuesday evenings of month. Visiting Knights welcome. JOHN P. SCHAFFER, Record Keeper.

MANCHESTER HIVE NO. 585, O. T. M. M.
Meeting at Masonic Hall, second and fourth Tuesday evenings of month. Visiting members invited. MRS. SOPHIA GLOVER, W. M. ELIZABETH PARKER, Secretary.

ANCIENT ORDER OF UNITED WORKMEN
Meeting at their hall, Tuesday evenings of month. Visiting members are invited. GEORGE NISLE, M. W. E. H. WINT, Recorder.

MANCHESTER GRANGE NO. 1173. Meeting at Masonic Hall, first and third Wednesday evenings of month. Visiting members are invited. E. F. Root, Secretary.

MANCHESTER CAMP NO. 533, M. W. O. F.
Meeting at Woodman Hall, the second Friday evening of month. Visiting members are invited. E. F. Root, Secretary.

CONSTITUTION NO. 32, G. A. R. Meeting at their hall, Tuesday evening of month. Visiting members are invited. MRS. SOPHIA GLOVER, W. M. ELIZABETH PARKER, Secretary.

CONSTITUTION W. R. C. NO. 320. Meeting at their hall, Tuesday evening of month. Visiting members are invited. MRS. SOPHIA GLOVER, W. M. ELIZABETH PARKER, Secretary.

Business Cards.

A. J. WATERS, ATTORNEY.
And Counselor at Law. Office over Union Savings Bank. MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN.

A. F. & F. M. FREEMAN, ATTORNEYS.
And Counselors at Law. Office over People's Bank. MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN.

E. M. CONKLIN, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office Hours: 1 to 4, and 5 to 8 p. m. MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN.

W. R. KLOPFENSTEIN, HOMOEOPATHIC.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence over Youm, Marx & Co's store. Hours: 9 to 5 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m.

B. A. TRACY, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN.
Office and Residence on Ann Arbor street. Office hours from 10 to 12, from 12 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m.

C. F. KATZ, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office at Residence on Clinton street, Mon. 7 to 9 a. m., Tues. 10 to 12, from 12 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m. MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN.

G. E. KUHL, DENTIST.
Will be in Manchester every Wednesday and Thursday.
Office over Union Savings Bank.

GEO. F. SERVIS, D. D. S.
Is prepared to do all kinds of DENTAL WORK.
General and Local Anesthetics for Painless Extractions. Office on Main street in new brick building.

F. D. MERITHEW, LICENSED AUCTIONEER.
Resides in Village or Country and is presently attending on reasonable terms.
Dates can be made at the ENTERPRISE Office.

J. J. BRIEGEL, FREEMAN HOUSE BARBER.
Shampooing, Shaving, Haircutting, etc.
Done in strictest manner.
Hot and Cold Baths.

ALBERT KIESLER, CENTRAL MEAT MARKET.
Sausage Maker. Fresh Meat and Market Meats. Wholesale and Retail.
Ice for Private Families.

P. B. HARVEY, M. D., Gynecologist and General Surgeon.
Special attention given to diseases of the Female System. Office on Main street, opposite the City Hall.

Forget Unpleasant Hours.
If you would be young when old, adopt the modern's motto—"I record none but the pleasantest of my life." Forget the unpleasant, unhappy days. Remember only the days of rich experiences; let the others drop into oblivion.

STATE NEWS

THE MATTER OF PRIMARY ELECTIONS IS TO BE A STRUGGLE WELL FOUGHT.

THE SOLDIERS' HOME WANTS A VERY LARGE APPROPRIATION THIS YEAR.

SEVEN WOMEN LIFERS IN THE DETROIT HOUSE OF CORRECTION.

The senate is now preparing for the primary election bill struggle, which is coming from three directions.

Senators Brown of Lapeer, Baird of Saginaw, Glasgow of Barry and Eaton of Shiawassee are all taking shape, he says, under legal advice.

Senator Baird's bill will resemble the New York law, which, in brief, provides for the direct nomination of all delegates to all conventions, but it will differ from the New York bill in many respects.

Local option features and different regulations for large and small municipalities, he will probably not have in his bill. Senator Glasgow's bill is nearer completion.

In his bill, for there will be two bills in Mr. Glasgow's scheme. The first bill is the general caucus bill, applicable to the whole state.

It is planned to surround caucuses with every possible safeguard. He would introduce the Australian ballot system into all primaries, with a day for registration different from the day for caucus.

Party ballots will be of different colors. The general election laws will apply to caucuses. The second part of Mr. Glasgow's scheme is developed in his second bill.

This is, as announced, his bill for local option direct nominations, including, in the political districts to be granted their choice, congressional, senatorial, judicial, legislative districts, as well as counties, cities and all smaller districts.

Rep. Van Keuren, of Livingston, introduced his long-heralded primary election bill Monday night. The bill is loosely modeled on the Illinois law.

Mr. Joslyn in House of Correction.

Mrs. Carrie Joslyn, sentenced for life for the murder of her husband, is now in the Detroit house of correction, where she will be set to work with other female life prisoners.

She is the seventh of the number. Mrs. Mary Drass has been there the longest time, having served there for 12 years.

She was almost identical to the Joslyn murder. The husband was killed by the woman and her paramour, she being sent here and the man to Jackson. Nellie Pope, whose crime attracted Detroit 10 years ago, came in point of years served, Sarah Quinn, who murdered a number of children at Ithaca, has spent three years behind the bars.

Mrs. Mary McKnight, the Kalkaska murderess who poisoned a number of her relatives, is the fourth and Jennie Flood, who killed Jack London at Grand Rapids, makes the fifth. The last received her pardon before Mrs. Joslyn was sent there.

Mrs. Joslyn's crime, the Milwaukee county murderess who poisoned Leachman, a hired man employed about her place.

"Now that I am dead to the world, let the world forget me," says Mrs. Joslyn. "Let my life have no response for my past. If it can, only let me be forgotten."

Street Car Man Electrocuted.

In responding to a call over the private telephone at the Woodward avenue car barns in Detroit at 10 o'clock Saturday evening, Night Foreman Charles D. Holton received a shock of 15,000 volts and died within three minutes afterwards.

The trouble was caused by the telephone wire coming in contact with one of the public lighting commission's wires at Gratiot and Woodward avenues. There the double wire lights are attached to the Detroit United Railway Co. trolley poles and the heavy feed wires are supported by the poles.

The telephone wire is carried close to the lighting commission's cable and the contact was made where the wire leads to the light.

Wanted—Lots of Money.

The last meeting of the present Soldiers' Home board has been held to finish the year's work. The financial report shows that aside from the United States appropriation of \$100 per capita per annum the cost to the state per capita is \$68.75.

The estimated membership for the year 1904 was 30 women. For 1907, 1,000 men and 120 women, and a steady increase for the next five years. The biggest appropriation in the history of the home, \$257,350, is asked for this year. Of this, \$100,000 will be expended for a new hospital.

His Head Off.

Elmer Lindstrom, aged 22, of Tushtin, went out to the barn to shoot sparrows. As he did not return a search was made, and his dead body was found with his head nearly blown off. Apparently he had been decapitated by a ladder, holding his gun by the muzzle, when the hammer struck and the gun was discharged. The shot struck him under the right jaw, blowing out his left eye and tearing off the top of his head.

The Century Mark.

John Hietot, of Summit City, Grant Traverse county, who celebrated his 100th anniversary Thursday, is a man who would do President Roosevelt's heart good. His descendants number 50, including 15 children, 30 of whom are still living; 70 grandchildren, 40 boys and 30 girls; 65 great-grandchildren, 25 boys and 40 girls; and 100 great-great-grandchildren.

He was born in 1805, at the time the United States was 20 years old. He was a member of the first generation of the Hietot family in this country.

South Haven to have a new monument this summer in the form of a large clock tower.

BRIEF STATE NEWS

Adrian bugle corps, 24 strong, will go to Washington on the governor's special.

Joseph Jacobus, the Ann Arbor agent of the Pacific and Wells-Fargo Express Co., has been stricken with smallpox.

The Industrial School for Boys, of Lansing, asks an appropriation of \$108,700 for the ensuing, two years from the present legislature.

Charles H. Singer, a Grand Rapids mail carrier, who collected mail with a cutter, was caught between two cars and probably fatally crushed.

James H. Luther, treasurer of Ottawa county, is dead of intestinal cancer, which is the same disease that carried off his predecessor in office.

The Lansing Suburban Traction Co. asks the Mason council for a franchise through the city for an electric railroad which will run from Lansing to Jackson.

For the first time in several weeks farmers from the rural districts reached Bay City Saturday. They report the drifts are still almost impassable.

Since her husband, a banker of Montague, disappeared in 1902, with another woman, it is alleged, Mrs. H. Terwilliger has been in a decline. She died Sunday of a broken heart.

Fifty Alpena citizens have subscribed \$50 each toward a permanent scholarship fund to be used in putting through the university two or more of the graduates of the Alpena high school.

A fellow giving the name of Matthew McDonald has been arrested in Adrian, on suspicion of being the man who assaulted Patrolman Leach, of Grand Rapids, nearly biting his nose off.

Fire in the Bay City jail Thursday morning produced a panic among the 40 prisoners confined there. The fire was subdued, and aside from being nearly suffocated by smoke, the prisoners escaped injury.

The J. J. Flood mill on the west side, Bay City, has a contract for cutting 300,000 feet of mahogany logs from South America for the German planing factory. This is the first planing factory to work there.

A letter sent to Alpena county a few days ago bore the following address: "Obert Lak, Horseneck tp., Mich." It was construed to mean Hubbard Lake, Ossineke township, and was delivered to the man for whom it was intended.

The third ward school, in which the Johnson children, who died of diphtheria, were pupils, was closed Tuesday.

The "cadillac" health officer, it being feared that many attend this school, exposed. Nearly 50 attend this school.

Flord St. Harper was found guilty of the murder of Patrolman John Phelan of Detroit, by a jury in Judge Ouley's court Thursday, after being out four hours. He was committing a burglary when he killed the officer.

Mrs. John Homer, of Central Lake, fell from a haystack on to a hardwood stake, which pierced her thigh, carrying with it pieces of her clothing. It required a strong man to pull the stake from her thigh, where it had been driven.

About 300 couples danced at the Grand Rapids military ball and reception in honor of Gov. Warner, who with his staff in full uniform was present. The governor and Mrs. Sweet, wife of the Democratic mayor, led the grand march.

A baby girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Lannon, of Bay City, Thursday, and only one of the child, it lived but a short time. The physician believed that the other organs were all misplaced, but the parents would not permit a post mortem.

A 22-caliber revolver in the hands of Jay Adams of Kalamazoo, was accidentally discharged. The bullet passed through his hand and into Morley's leg, carrying a part of the cloth of Carley's trousers with it. Blood poisoning has resulted.

Believing it was unoccupied, settlers on the Rosebud Indian agency lands in South Dakota, put the log cabin of Hans Olson on bonfires in the night and hauled it several miles across the prairie. Olson and family looked out of the door in the morning. The house, which started early Sunday morning in the basement of the drug and grocery store of T. I. Millie in St. Clair, destroyed the building and contents, which besides the stores included the St. Clair Press office, Occo Fellows' hall and Dr. W. T. Hendricks' dental rooms.

The board of supervisors voted to submit to the people the question of moving the county seat of Montcalm, which has been carrying a part of the cost of the court house and jail.

Gov. Warner has written Sanford N. Dutcher, president of the Newberry asylum board, demanding his resignation.

The 8-months-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Lambert, of Garfield township, died very suddenly, and as no physician was present the neighbors notified the coroner, and Dr. C. T. Newkirk made an investigation.

The coroner's jury found that the child had choked to death during an attack of croup.

Harry Barnes, the 16-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Barnes, of Marshall, died Friday as the result of being caught by a snake while he was hunting for snakes. Young Barnes was blindfolded and pushed off a bank. He was naturally very sickly and the shock was too much for him. He was taken ill shortly afterward and never recovered.

Paul Dorf, of Grand Rapids, is pursued by hard luck. His wife was shot by an admirer a few weeks ago, and died Saturday, her body being found in the house. Saturday night he was destroyed by fire, together with a valuable team of horses. The fireman had hard work to save the house, but it was an invalid and has been confined to his bed for three years.

The state military board has received several communications from Lexington, asking that the state troops be sent to the aid of the Lexington military board.

Gov. McMillan will go to Lexington and look the ground over.

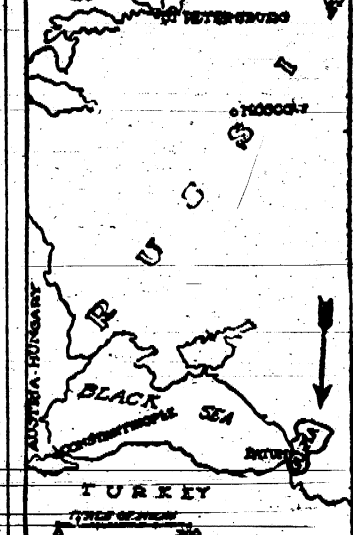
THE EAST

THE JAPS HAVE KUROPAT-KIN WHERE HE DEEMS RETREAT NECESSARY.

FEODOSIA THE SCENE OF HORRIBLE MASSACRE OF INACCENT JEWS.

CONGRESS HAS A VAST AMOUNT OF WORK CROWDED INTO FIVE DAYS.

SCENE OF REVOLT IN RUSSIA.



Guria, which is reported to have declared its independence of Russia and established an insurgent government, is a district on the Black sea inhabited by a race of Caucasian fighters who, from 1834 to 1859, fought the important port of Batum.

New the Russian Must Move.

Gen. Kuropatkin considers his position on the Shakh river to be menaced to such an extent by Gen. Kurroki's success on the left flank as to necessitate the immediate withdrawal of his army to the pass and have advised Emperor Nicholas. The Japanese attack was launched at dawn Monday along the whole eastern front, and Da pass was taken after fighting of the most stubborn character.

An engagement simultaneously was in progress on the front extending almost 20 miles from the extreme left, eastward of Kandolean, where the Japanese opened a heavy artillery fire to the district of Loollan, where the Japanese advanced in great force, meeting with stubborn resistance. The fragmentary official and press reports of the fresh reverses sustained by Gen. Kuropatkin received in St. Petersburg are inadequate to draw a conclusion of the magnitude of Gen. Kuropatkin's success against the Russian left, but the public as usual is ready to believe the worst and the city is already full of reports that a big disaster has again overtaken the Russian army, according to which Mukden has been outflanked and is untenable, and Kuropatkin is withdrawing from his strong position on the Shakh river.

Victims of Mob Fury.

Prominent Jews in Berlin have received confirmation of the report of anti-Jewish plots in Feodosia, Crimea. A political strike was in progress in Feodosia, and a mob of workmen assaulted the prefecture. The officials, to protect themselves, started the cry of "down with the Jews." The mob immediately abandoned their attack on the prefecture and rushed to the ghetto and began a massacre of Jews. They forced an entrance to the houses, shot their victims with revolvers, stabbed or beat them to death. The corpses were thrown through the windows into the streets. In one house six Jews were found literally battered to death. Their skulls and almost every bone in their bodies had been broken. In many cases the mob refrained from killing their victims and deliberately broke their limbs, leaving them in their misery. Forty-seven Jews, including 17 women, were killed and 183 wounded.

The Appropriation Bill.

This is the last week of the eighth congressional session, and only one of the regular appropriation bills, the legislative, executive and judicial, has received final action. Beginning Monday, but five days remained during which seven important bills in the hands of the senate must be acted on. These will compel prolonged daily sessions and doubtless by noon on Saturday the work will be done. The house is in better shape to complete its work than the senate. The week began with the sundry civil bill as the topic of legislation. The general deficiency, the last of the supply measures, is nearly ready for consideration. Conference reports to be handled include the stretched bill, the Panama canal legislation and the appropriation bills still unfinished, in all of which there are differences between the two houses.

Swaine Was Accented.

The senate, sitting as a court of impeachment for the trial of Charles Swaine, district judge for the northern district of Florida, today acquitted him on all of the 12 articles of impeachment brought by the house of representatives. On none of the articles was there even a majority for conviction, although it required two-thirds to convict.

If the man who thinks only of saving his own soul will get into heaven he will probably fall out through a knothole.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Representative Elchorn, of Port Huron, introduced on Monday a joint resolution for a constitutional amendment providing that legislators instead of \$3 per day shall be paid an annual salary of \$600, which, as sessions are biennial, would give to each \$1,200 for the term. Constitutional provision is also made to prevent a special session from considering other matters than those of this session's members, and cuts off all free books, newspapers and "other perquisites" mentioned. The vote is to be taken at the April election.

Senator Mackay introduced a bill Monday night making an amendment to the general election law to eliminate the initialing of ballots by election inspectors. During the election count in Wayne last fall, several districts were thrown out on account of the failure of the inspectors to put their initials on them. The change is recommended by Judge Durfee.

A joint resolution introduced by Senator Mills makes an appropriation of \$25,000 for the semi-centennial celebration of the completion of the Lake Superior ship canal.

Dr. Beverly D. Harrison of the Soo, secretary of the State Medical association, has asked that nothing be done toward enacting the Bland bill, which compels the State to take a course in a recognized medical school before posing as healers. It is pointed out that the bill is so broad as to legislate opticians out of business. Rep. Seidmore, who is a physician, says the measure is as good as dead. A hearing on it has been set for March 16.

To raise the bounty on wolves to \$25 is the provision of a bill presented by Senator Baird.

Gov. Warner sent to the senate for confirmation the appointment of W. H. Hoyt, as a state tax commissioner to succeed W. T. Bosley of Detroit.

Rep. Bosley of Calhoun, has written to Kansas for a copy of the Kansas oil law, regulating the price of oil all over the state. "I do not know that I will introduce a bill aimed at the Standard Oil Co.," said Mr. Bosley, "but I will see the law and consider the matter with other members of the legislature."

The house committee on elections held a session Thursday night behind closed doors and discussed the matter of a primary election bill. This is the first move towards shifting out a radical bill. On Wednesday the committee decided to report out the Stone bill, Thursday proceeded with the consideration of the Waters and other bills, having mysteriously decided before entering the committee room not to rush matters as had been planned. Gov. Warner wants to have early action on a "moderate" bill with no strife. Senator Brown is drafting one bill on the lines of the New York law, but has not yet introduced it. The committee on local option lines, nothing is to be done in the senate until after the president's inauguration, March 4. Gov. Warner attended the session of the house committee by request. He reiterated his position on the state platform, but assured the committee he would sign any constitutional measure that the legislature passed. The committee continued in secret session until midnight, without taking any definite action. Local option, if provided by the legislature, will not be submitted to the people until the fall of 1906, consequently not taking effect for the next important officers in any district until 1908.

Gov. Warner's dairy and food bill was passed unanimously on third reading in the house Thursday afternoon, when the \$35,000 appropriation and its provision for many inspectors and fees. The bill was amended so as to include the inspection of dressed products.

Representative Ming, of Cheboygan, said he was anxious to have the legislature appointed from the different congressional districts, so as to save expenses, but the "powers that be" informed him that the appointments would be made in such a way that there would be the least clashing around on railroads.

Senator Doherty introduced an amendment to the tax law, providing for the exemption from taxation of land contracts and mortgages. This bill passed the senate two years ago, but was amended in the house. The senate refused to reconsider the alterations and it was killed.

The elections committee decided on Tuesday to report to the house with the recommendation that it pass the Stone primary reform bill, which is said to be the measure of the state granage and farmers' clubs. The Stone bill provides for the direct nomination of all officers, including United States senators, except those to be elected by towns, cities and villages and school districts, and the act apply to special elections to fill vacancies; names to be placed on the primary ballot by petition, to be signed by 1 per cent of the party voters in six counties for candidates for state officers, by 2 per cent of the party in one-tenth of his election district for a representative in congress, by 3 per cent of the party in one-sixth of the precincts for an office less than a congressional district in area or a county office. Provision is also made for independent candidates.

The house and senate will likely send special committees to Newberry to investigate the alleged stumping deals of S. N. Dutcher, chairman of the board of control of the asylum there, it being charged that Dutcher sold to the board 15,000 cords of wood at 50 cents per cord, for which he was to pay the railroad, while he was in the matter, but reserves the right to change the program, if he finds it best to do so.

Japan for Peace.

If it can be said on very high authority that the state department, Washington, has received official information that Japan had indicated, in a certain way, that she desires peace in the far east, and while this country has not been approached through diplomatic agencies, it is believed that negotiations may begin soon. If they have not already commenced.

The Indiana house of representatives passed a bill prohibiting the inclosure of railroad passes to any citizen of Indiana. Heavy fines are provided.

LATE NEWS

NOW THE TOBACCO TRUST IS TO BE THOROUGHLY OVERHAULED.

IN THE BATTLE FOR LIFE THE GREAT TRUSTS HAVE BILLIONS INVOLVED.

THE WAR ON STANDARD OIL TAKEN UP BY EIGHT STATES.

Developments before the judiciary committee of the house in secret session, at which Speaker Cannon was present part of the time, indicate that the attorney-general has now information on which to base an indictment against the tobacco trust and that it is not necessary for the Department of Commerce and Labor to pursue the inquiry further. The resolution provides for a thorough overhauling of the tobacco trust, with special attention to its operations in Ohio, Tennessee and Kentucky.

Standard Oil.

The agitation about the Standard Oil trust, aside from furnishing the prospect of bringing that trust into court, is having a beneficial effect in congress. Eight states have now enlisted in the war on the oil monopoly.

Kansas: Law establishing a state refinery is enacted; bill making pipe three common carriers is adopted by both houses; anti-discrimination bill is pending; legislature decides upon a separate investigation, but will co-operate with federal authorities; case appeals to president to hold up Osage oil field leases.

Illinois: House bill offers to lend Kansas \$100,000 to aid in establishing state refinery. Another bill comprehends investigation of pipe line laying and provides for a committee to confer with Kansas legislators.

Wisconsin: A joint resolution providing for an investigation of the Standard Oil Co. is proposed.

Oklahoma: Lower house passes a joint resolution memorializing the president to investigate the Osage field leases.

Missouri: State officials visit Kansas with a view to drawing the bill making pipe lines common carriers.

Texas: Contemplates adopting the Kansas plan in establishing a state oil refinery and preventing discrimination.

Colorado: House receives a bill substantially duplicating the Kansas measures.

California: Legislature contemplates state refinery bill.

The Beef Trust.

The significance of federal indictment proceedings started in Chicago against the beef trust may be read in the history of the postoffice frauds. It is the beginning of a campaign of enforcement of the criminal clauses of the Sherman anti-trust act. President Roosevelt has given orders that no trust be spared. It cannot be stated too strongly that neither wealth nor position nor political pull will save the man who can be proved to have violated the law.

Battle of Willows.

Here are the Illinois now building for the Chicago & North Western Railroad, including both stocks and bonds, \$12,000,000.00. Beef trust, consisting of six great Chicago packing houses, \$30,000,000.00. Standard Oil Co., capitalized for \$110,000,000, but its securities today, quoting them at their market value, \$307,000,000.00. Total (approximately), \$12,000,000,000.00.

When President Roosevelt visits Texas the latter part of next month, he will personally take a hand in the Standard Oil investigation. He will visit some of the largest producers in the Beaumont fields, call on him and take care of the situation.

The president has been requested by telegram by the speaker of the Texas house of representatives to extend the scope of the inquiry to that state. The president does not believe any additional instructions are needed to have the investigation carried into Texas.

He said the instructions that Corporation Commissioner Garfield had received would not only apply to Kansas, but to every other section of the country where the Standard Oil Co. has an interest.

The president is not content to leave the investigation to the subordinate of the departments. He insists that the Standard Oil Co. is a violator of the law and he will see personally that it is punished.

Must Take Up Railroad Rates.

President Roosevelt has told several members of congress that his present intention is to call a special session of congress to deal with railroad rate legislation on October 1. He would prefer to call it earlier, realizing that so long an interval will give the opponents of the measure plenty of opportunity to set up their plan, but Speaker Cannon, who is in accord with the president's views regarding the necessity for railroad rate legislation, is strongly opposed to a special session in the spring. The president has decided to defer to his pleasure in the matter, but reserves the right to change the program, if he finds it best to do so.

Japan for Peace.

If it can be said on very high authority that the state department, Washington, has received official information that Japan had indicated, in a certain way, that she desires peace in the far east, and while this country has not been approached through diplomatic agencies, it is believed that negotiations may begin soon. If they have not already commenced.

The Indiana house of representatives passed a bill prohibiting the inclosure of railroad passes to any citizen of Indiana. Heavy fines are provided.

Three Days of Suffering.

After being lost for three days and two nights, without food and with the temperature below zero, Joseph Chevier, of Escanaba, almost totally blind, was found three miles north of the city by searchers. His feet and hands were badly frosted, and it was found necessary to amputate his right foot and the toes of his left foot. During all of the first day and throughout Tuesday night Chevier wandered through the snow, and by keeping constantly on the move was able to keep from freezing to death. He fought against the drowsy feeling that swept over him until yesterday afternoon, when he became completely exhausted, sank in the snow and slept for several hours. When he awoke his hands and feet were badly frosted and he was hardly able to stand, but kept awake until this morning, when he was found by the searching party.

Offers to Resign.

Sanford N. Dutcher, chairman of the Newberry asylum board of control, in an interview with Gov. Warner, admitted the substantial correctness of the facts alleged by Fred N. Case, a member of the board, in connection with the purchase of wood for the institution, whereby he (Dutcher) bought 15,000 cords of wood at 50 cents a cord, which he was agent, for 20 cents a cord and sold it to the asylum board for 50 cents a cord. Mr. Dutcher says he bought the stumpage from the Palms estate,

Manchester Enterprise

By MAT D. BLOSSER

Established in 1887. Eight pages, devoted to the business and social life of the city. Published every Thursday afternoon. Office: 100 North Main street, second floor. Telephone 100. Long Distance Mail Telephone No. 44.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
One Year in Advance (including Postage), \$1.00; Six Months, 60c; Three Months, 35c.
Wanted copy sent to any address. Send no money. All papers outside of Manchester, the above rates apply. The Enterprise is published in cash, full 15 months in advance.

These having business at the Post Office place to not receive it. The Editor has no duty to send the advertising for the same to the Enterprise office.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Birth, Marriage, and Death notices, free of charge. The Enterprise will accept of notices of marriages and deaths. The Enterprise will accept of notices of marriages and deaths.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Advertisements to change their advertising matter must be put in the office at least one week before the date of publication. The paper is not responsible for the return of advertising matter.

Visitors

Mr. J. K. Kish is on the job.

Andrew Blankley went to Moreland on Tuesday.

O. F. Sheldon of Adrian was in town last Saturday on business.

Howard Mallott of Moreland, visited at Andrew Blankley's, over Sunday.

John F. Spaford was in Ann Arbor, last Saturday, on business.

Oscar Kirchgassner, of Detroit, was here over Sunday with his parents.

We learn that Marvin Green is sick at the home of his parents; in Ypsilanti.

Louis Upham visited in Ann Arbor and Detroit, last Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. George Coleman went to Norvell yesterday to visit her sister a few days.

Mrs. Wm. Kater of Clinton, was a guest of Mrs. Jennie Stanley, Tuesday.

Mrs. Fred Kasper visited Mrs. Updegraff in Ann Arbor, last Friday and Saturday.

The Chas. Post Food Co., is selling stock to us to make the plant a great success.

Prisoners at the county jail were caught stealing the beer, in order to escape, yesterday morning.

The Ypsilanti business men had a banquet and a jolly good time, Feb. 22. Capt. Allen was toastmaster and the speech was impressive.

A bachelor brother of L. O. Goodrich, of Ann Arbor, was found dead in his bed at Pinckney, having died of heart disease. The funeral was on Monday.

Last year about 75 new residences were built in Ann Arbor and construction for the prospects for building this year are exceedingly good. People desire smaller houses than heretofore.

"Tommy Mac" of Chelsea, took a lot of stock food in exchange for a horse, and he says that he will make more profit out of the deal than he has by selling horses by the pound.

Best student: Joseph Beckinger to Wm. Beckinger at Ann Arbor, Monday.

Henry Boone came here from Lansing to attend the funeral of his uncle, Frederick Stahlkopf Sr.

Mrs. Douglas Baldwin went with her son, Mr. James K. Baldwin, to Detroit last Saturday to attend the funeral of his uncle, Mr. James K. Baldwin.

Mr. & Mrs. Byron Hall have come here from the north and will make Manchester their future home.

W. L. Watkins of Ann Arbor came here last Thursday to attend the funeral of his uncle, B. G. English.

Wm. Bartlett, one of the directors of the Toledo Portland Cement Co., went to Toledo yesterday on business.

Mr. & Mrs. Floyd Smith of Addison, have returned home after visiting Mr. & Mrs. Bert Smith, at Ypsilanti.

Joe Field was around town yesterday bidding his friends goodbye and said that he was going to Cleveland to work.

Edward Brann and family and Martin Traub and family visited at Joe Gaus' and Carl Schlegel's in Saline, Sunday.

Dr. & Mrs. Tracy, Ruth and Guy, and Miss Mabel Smith, all of Chicago, are attending the funeral of M. H. Cogger, standing the funeral of M. H. Cogger.

Harry Calhoun entertained the Fogarty brothers at his home, Wednesday evening, and they passed the time with music.

Olaf Smith recently captured a plover in Little Wolf lake that tipped the scales at 16 pounds—Grass Lake News.

Mrs. Wm. Jaqueson, of Detroit, came here last week to spend two weeks with her brother-in-law, Frank Jaqueson.

It is necessary to select Emmet Lowery and Miss Wiggins of Ann Arbor, spent Saturday and Sunday with his parents, Mr. & Mrs. J. A. Lowery.

Mr. & Mrs. Frank G. Leeson have returned here after visiting in Chicago and are moving on the way to the south of town.

Miss Emma H. Frey, of Grass Lake, visited her parents here over Sunday and her mother, Mrs. O. Frey, went to Jackson on her way to Monday.

A. F. Freeman came home sick, last week and has been confined to his bed ever since, though he is somewhat better. Later, he is now able to be about the house.

A company of neighbors and friends from town surprised Henry Elderfield, Monday evening, it being his birthday. The evening was pleasantly spent.

C. H. Kelly of Columbus, Ohio, has been in town on business regarding the Wabash Garden Co. The men are at work in the big marsh, clearing it for crops the coming season.

Frank Palmer is about as happy a man as we have here, since he was released from quarantine. He says that it was next to being in prison, though he of course knows nothing about that.

We learn that Mr. & Mrs. Bluff, of Grand Rapids, expect to move to Detroit where Mr. Bluff will enter the railway mail service. Mrs. Bluff was Miss Isabel Miller, daughter of C. H. Miller, of Wolf Lake.

Mr. & Mrs. B. F. Bartles of Lansing came here last Saturday. Fred Bramble came from the tax commissioner's office to be signed by A. F. Freeman, and returned to Lansing Sunday. Mr. B. F. Bartles for a visit with her parents.

Mr. & Mrs. C. W. Matthews are moving back to Clinton, where he has bought the shop he used to move here.

Mr. Mary Welch came here from Detroit, last Thursday, to remain with her sister, Mrs. Mattie Cook. Mrs. Elmer Cook of Chicago, who has been here the past two weeks or more taking care of her mother, returned home Saturday night.

New Furniture Firm

Having bought out FOSTER BROS. stock of Furniture and the Undertaking business, we respectfully

Solicit Your Patronage.

Having had much experience in the business, we assure you that we shall endeavor to keep an up-to-date stock of goods and conduct our business so as to merit your favor.

Please Give us an Early Call

And look over our stock of goods. Embalming and Undertaking a Specialty.

SCHRIBER & ARRAND.

For Confirmation

LACE AND BUTTON SHOES

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

Also a new line of White and Black Dress Goods. 25c, 30c, 35c, 50c, and upward, per yard.

Roller & Breitenwischer,

Manchester, Mich.

Back at The Old Stand

With a Full Line of Agricultural Implements

BUGGIES, HARNESS, WAGONS AND THE ANTI-TRUST.

Johnstone Harvester Co's Goods

CORN HARVESTERS, BINDERS, MOWERS, RAKES, TEDDERS, DISK HARROWS, &c.

THE ONTARIO GRAIN DRILL

THE BEST IN THE LAND AND NOT IN THE DRILL TRUST.

HEADQUARTERS FOR PAGE FENCE

W. J. HOLMES & SON

You Are Invited

Will You Be My Valentine?

Haussers

Entire New Line.

Snappy Items

But not Frosty ones

The bowling alley has been taken up. Gallup & Lewis have an advertisement suitable for spring.

John Tracy and family have moved into their new home on Jackson street.

March started in mild and pleasant and we hope the weather will be good all the month.

We learn that Byron Hall is going to start a laundry next to E. L. Root's jewelry store.

Village Clerk Heller has notices in another column, of recreation and annual village elections.

We are afraid that Manchester will not be represented at the inaugural ball at Washington, Saturday.

Robles and Bluffs have put in an appearance and are ready to welcome the company of an early spring.

We expect that business will be good the coming season. Every one seems to be preparing to turn the sleighs into the streets.

The young man's chance to negotiate candidates for village offices, will be held at the village hall, Saturday evening, March 4.

The cement plant will probably be completed the coming season. Work will be done there as soon as the weather is favorable.

Progressive people are making arrangements for help in housecleaning time. Paper hangers, painters and others will soon be in demand.

Mrs. Ed. Logan and Miss Alice Laell entertained the woman's home association of the M. E. church, at the M. E. hall, Tuesday afternoon.

The citizens have called a caucus of village electors at the village hall, for Friday evening, March 5, to nominate candidates for the various village offices.

We learn that Tommich messengers are willing to come here and confer the superior degree of good conduct, some time in the near future when the roads are good.

The east side merchants, Jaeger & Dietz, advertise a special sale by which their customers can make a great saving. Read it over and see if there is not something you need.

The new furniture firm of Scriber & Arrand has an advertisement this week which every reader in this vicinity should read. They wish to get acquainted with all our readers.

Roller & Breitenwischer, having the good confirmation in mind, are advertising suitable goods. Keep your eyes on their advertisement as they always have bargains to offer.

Monday morning Chris Frey found a cat in his yard under some corn. He was very much surprised, as he had never seen one before. It was probably placed there by some joker, who wanted the young man more to walk home.

Dr. M. F. Sides, the well known Dr. of tooth and oculist, has an advertisement on the eighth page, this week. He is announcing that he will be at Dr. Clinton's office, on Thursday, March 9.

People say that there is nothing doing, yet on Tuesday we interviewed five carpenters before we could find one that had time to do a few days' work. They all appeared to have something to do.

E. O. Jenter, who has purchased his part of the business, will have an advertisement in these columns next week, asking for a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore given the firm.

Their time having expired on the James Martin farm, one mile east of the village, the owners have decided to sell the place. The owner will dispose of their stock, farming tools, etc., at auction on Tuesday, March 7. Frank Mortimer, auctioneer.

Township Treasurer Hook had to have the time extended for collecting taxes, on account of the recent company not getting their money around on time. He will probably go to Ann Arbor, Monday, to settle with the county treasurer.

The country roads are bad. The snow in the fields has melted so there is much bare ground and the snow has been shoveled out of the roads in many places. The snow is a great nuisance in the roads making riding very unpleasant.

We confidently believe that the trouble from smallpox in this village, is over, unless those who want to Jackson to see the Tumbler, may have been exposed. He now has been developed and the people are happily passing their usual routines.

Our unmarried drayman had his leg out riding on Monday, and was apparently afraid the young lady might fall. He did not hold her tight. The same man that people on the streets could not tell whether he was a man or a woman.

George Smith, who lives three quarters of a mile west of Sharon town hall, has sold his farm to Ernest Smith, and will have an auction on Saturday the 10th, at 10 o'clock, of his stock, farming implements and tools, household furniture and goods and contents of various kind on a farm. F. D. Marshall is auctioneer.

Mrs. Mary Marshall, who resides four miles north of this village, on the Clinton road, will have an auction on Saturday, March 9, at 10 o'clock, of her stock, farming implements and tools, household furniture and goods and contents of various kind on a farm. F. D. Marshall is auctioneer.

Mrs. Mary Marshall, who resides four miles north of this village, on the Clinton road, will have an auction on Saturday, March 9, at 10 o'clock, of her stock, farming implements and tools, household furniture and goods and contents of various kind on a farm. F. D. Marshall is auctioneer.

Mrs. Mary Marshall, who resides four miles north of this village, on the Clinton road, will have an auction on Saturday, March 9, at 10 o'clock, of her stock, farming implements and tools, household furniture and goods and contents of various kind on a farm. F. D. Marshall is auctioneer.

Mrs. Mary Marshall, who resides four miles north of this village, on the Clinton road, will have an auction on Saturday, March 9, at 10 o'clock, of her stock, farming implements and tools, household furniture and goods and contents of various kind on a farm. F. D. Marshall is auctioneer.

Mrs. Mary Marshall, who resides four miles north of this village, on the Clinton road, will have an auction on Saturday, March 9, at 10 o'clock, of her stock, farming implements and tools, household furniture and goods and contents of various kind on a farm. F. D. Marshall is auctioneer.

Mrs. Mary Marshall, who resides four miles north of this village, on the Clinton road, will have an auction on Saturday, March 9, at 10 o'clock, of her stock, farming implements and tools, household furniture and goods and contents of various kind on a farm. F. D. Marshall is auctioneer.

Mrs. Mary Marshall, who resides four miles north of this village, on the Clinton road, will have an auction on Saturday, March 9, at 10 o'clock, of her stock, farming implements and tools, household furniture and goods and contents of various kind on a farm. F. D. Marshall is auctioneer.

Mrs. Mary Marshall, who resides four miles north of this village, on the Clinton road, will have an auction on Saturday, March 9, at 10 o'clock, of her stock, farming implements and tools, household furniture and goods and contents of various kind on a farm. F. D. Marshall is auctioneer.

Mrs. Mary Marshall, who resides four miles north of this village, on the Clinton road, will have an auction on Saturday, March 9, at 10 o'clock, of her stock, farming implements and tools, household furniture and goods and contents of various kind on a farm. F. D. Marshall is auctioneer.

Mrs. Mary Marshall, who resides four miles north of this village, on the Clinton road, will have an auction on Saturday, March 9, at 10 o'clock, of her stock, farming implements and tools, household furniture and goods and contents of various kind on a farm. F. D. Marshall is auctioneer.

Mrs. Mary Marshall, who resides four miles north of this village, on the Clinton road, will have an auction on Saturday, March 9, at 10 o'clock, of her stock, farming implements and tools, household furniture and goods and contents of various kind on a farm. F. D. Marshall is auctioneer.

Mrs. Mary Marshall, who resides four miles north of this village, on the Clinton road, will have an auction on Saturday, March 9, at 10 o'clock, of her stock, farming implements and tools, household furniture and goods and contents of various kind on a farm. F. D. Marshall is auctioneer.

Mrs. Mary Marshall, who resides four miles north of this village, on the Clinton road, will have an auction on Saturday, March 9, at 10 o'clock, of her stock, farming implements and tools, household furniture and goods and contents of various kind on a farm. F. D. Marshall is auctioneer.

SHARON.

Mrs. Lavi Kinnel is quite sick.

Merrick Barch has again started in a new wood.

Ben Baker, of Detroit, is visiting his brother Edward.

Merrick Barch made a business trip to Jackson, last Friday.

Fred Jones went to Battle Creek Thursday to visit his brother-in-law, Ann Arbor. Jack Kopp was in town a few days.

Mrs. Frank Smith left on the ice and gasoline her wrist quite badly, a few days ago.

Elmer Bower and Agnes Fry went to Detroit, last Thursday and bought three new dresses.

Mrs. John Jones is so she is able to sit up and hope are entertained for his speedy recovery.

People of Sharon hill district surprised Mark Henschel, Tuesday evening, and had a party at his home.

John Henschel, who, he lived on the Kottar place, is moving onto the Tate farm near Clinton.

Clayton and Clarence Gibbs went to Sharon, Tuesday, to attend the funeral of John Gump, a cousin.

George Smith has sold his place to Sharon Smith and wife of moving to Sharon, Wednesday. He will have an auction on the 11th.

A delightful party was given at Ben Marshall's, Tuesday, with cards. Ben Marshall is now in the city and will have a pleasant time.

Mrs. Gillist and daughter, Nellie, of Brooklyn, Charles Ballard and son, Chas. of Sharon, came here to attend the funeral of Mr. Ballard.

Mrs. & Mrs. M. E. Lawrence and son Robert visited Mr. & Mrs. Samuel Smith, in Manchester, the latter part of the week. Mr. Lawrence was in Adrian Saturday, on business.

Mrs. M. E. Lawrence and son Robert visited Mr. & Mrs. Samuel Smith, in Manchester, the latter part of the week. Mr. Lawrence was in Adrian Saturday, on business.

Mrs. M. E. Lawrence and son Robert visited Mr. & Mrs. Samuel Smith, in Manchester, the latter part of the week. Mr. Lawrence was in Adrian Saturday, on business.

Mrs. M. E. Lawrence and son Robert visited Mr. & Mrs. Samuel Smith, in Manchester, the latter part of the week. Mr. Lawrence was in Adrian Saturday, on business.

Mrs. M. E. Lawrence and son Robert visited Mr. & Mrs. Samuel Smith, in Manchester, the latter part of the week. Mr. Lawrence was in Adrian Saturday, on business.

Mrs. M. E. Lawrence and son Robert visited Mr. & Mrs. Samuel Smith, in Manchester, the latter part of the week. Mr. Lawrence was in Adrian Saturday, on business.

Mrs. M. E. Lawrence and son Robert visited Mr. & Mrs. Samuel Smith, in Manchester, the latter part of the week. Mr. Lawrence was in Adrian Saturday, on business.

Mrs. M. E. Lawrence and son Robert visited Mr. & Mrs. Samuel Smith, in Manchester, the latter part of the week. Mr. Lawrence was in Adrian Saturday, on business.

Mrs. M. E. Lawrence and son Robert visited Mr. & Mrs. Samuel Smith, in Manchester, the latter part of the week. Mr. Lawrence was in Adrian Saturday, on business.

Mrs. M. E. Lawrence and son Robert visited Mr. & Mrs. Samuel Smith, in Manchester, the latter part of the week. Mr. Lawrence was in Adrian Saturday, on business.

Mrs. M. E. Lawrence and son Robert visited Mr. & Mrs. Samuel Smith, in Manchester, the latter part of the week. Mr. Lawrence was in Adrian Saturday, on business.

Mrs. M. E. Lawrence and son Robert visited Mr. & Mrs. Samuel Smith, in Manchester, the latter part of the week. Mr. Lawrence was in Adrian Saturday, on business.

Mrs. M. E. Lawrence and son Robert visited Mr. & Mrs. Samuel Smith, in Manchester, the latter part of the week. Mr. Lawrence was in Adrian Saturday, on business.

Mrs. M. E. Lawrence and son Robert visited Mr. & Mrs. Samuel Smith, in Manchester, the latter part of the week. Mr. Lawrence was in Adrian Saturday, on business.

Mrs. M. E. Lawrence and son Robert visited Mr. & Mrs. Samuel Smith, in Manchester, the latter part of the week. Mr. Lawrence was in Adrian Saturday, on business.

Mrs. M. E. Lawrence and son Robert visited Mr. & Mrs. Samuel Smith, in Manchester, the latter part of the week. Mr. Lawrence was in Adrian Saturday, on business.

Mrs. M. E. Lawrence and son Robert visited Mr. & Mrs. Samuel Smith, in Manchester, the latter part of the week. Mr. Lawrence was in Adrian Saturday, on business.

Mrs

LAND OF THE BANANA

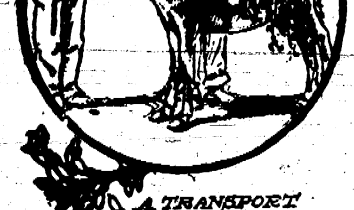
WEST INDIAN ISLANDS HOME OF SUCCULENT FRUIT.

Industry a Comparatively Recent One—Coolies and Negroes Employed in the Plantations—in the Cattle Yard in Early Morning.

(Special Correspondence.)

It was about fifty years ago that the British Parliament passed an act to equalize the sugar duties on British and foreign productions. The result of this act became known throughout the British Colonies as the "sugar crisis." The West Indian islands had cultivated every acre of their available land in sugar cane, and presently things came to such a pass that the planters abandoned their estates, and the islands that had once been gems in the British crown became barren reproaches to the government.

Into these island paradises, where only finance and men were vile, one Sunday morning there sailed in a small trading schooner the shrewd



A TRANSPORT

Yankee trader already referred to. While the natives were in church at one of the Greater Antillean islands, he surveyed the coast and saw the bananas, which at that time were used for fattening pigs.

Capt. Bush was the name of that man. He sent word to the people ashore that, as he hated to go back to America without a cargo, he would load up with bananas, which would "do for ballast, anyway." For the trouble of cutting the bunches and bringing them aboard he offered something like 5 cents a bunch. So poverty-stricken were the people just at that time that they rushed helter-skelter from church to cut bananas for Bush. It is even handed down in banana history that the clergyman folded up his sermon, and—well, the poor man had a small grove of bananas around his own rectory!

That was the beginning of the banana trade, which at the present time imports into the United States of America 10,000,000 bunches per annum. Bush's first experiment was a huge success.

Pioneer Unfortunate.

Unfortunately, the pioneer and his vessel were lost at sea. Then came a Boston skipper, named Baker. He, with his schooner, had more success. Presently the West Indians were toiling on the abandoned estates, planting bananas; later on one schooner became ten schooners, ten schooners became a dozen steamers. A great fruit company sprang up, with Baker at its head. The British islands still

new the Union Jack, but the circulation was of American capital, and the natives forgot pounds, shillings, and pence, and calculated in dollars, "bits," and cents. This is the queer situation to-day in the British West Indies. With American money the islands pay tribute to Britain.

The romance of the banana plantation is so variably picturesque that in order to give a correct impression one can only describe the scenes and incidents of an ordinary working day when the subjects of King Banana are toiling smoothly on the ceaseless stream of system; or, better still, attempt to draw the picture as I, then a stranger to the tropics, saw it with a mind keenly alert to all its novelty and color.

Beginning with the dawn, at which time all respectable planters do their work, I found myself in a vast cattle yard by the side of a Scotch overseer, surrounded by a moving, living mass. The silence of night had awakened to the clamor of day, the lowing of cattle, the braying of mules and the snorting of horses, mingled with the shrill babbling of banded East Indian coolie girls, the guttural tones of the indentured coolie men, and the broad Creole accents of the native Jamaican negroes.

Before the Day's Work.

My companion, the overseer, looked around the cattle yard with the eye of



THE FINDER

business, so indifferent to the beautiful. A negro boy made a cast with a lasso at a huge Mysore steer and raised. Cries of derision were presently drowned by a fearful yell from an East Indian. A specially imported ram had escaped from a sheep pen in a corner of the yard and howled over the ineffective Hindoo who had been leading apart, as is the custom of that silent race, lost in deep meditation over something, or probably nothing.

Another diversion occurred while the cattle were being mustered under the overseer's eye. An East Indian had appeared through a tiny window in one of the coolie huts on a nearby hill, and from his exalted position overlooking the cattle yard, the Orient-

tal caput burst forth in eloquence, which is the other extreme of Hindoo utterance. It appeared that some "son-of-a-pig" had entered the coolie one's hut in the night and had stolen thence his cummerbund; consequently, raved the Hindoo, until that article of raiment was found, it would be impossible for him—Cithal, son of Iboran—to appear in public. Cithal yelled and waved his brown arms through the window, but none paid attention to the voice of his complaint.

Presently the owner of the plantation appeared in the yard on horseback. He was attired in khaki riding breeches, a tennis shirt, open at the neck, boots that nearly reached his thighs, and wearing a sombrero that must have been bought by the yard. The sombrero and the boots were four-fifths of his entire get-up.

The "big massa," who indeed looked "so-so," returned our salutations with an indifferent nod. In the light of his presence everything became a bustle. The cowboys threw their lassos with never-failing accuracy; the coolies and negroes ceased quarreling among themselves, picked up their hoes and machetes and made a beeline for the banana grove. The plowmen yoked their "spells" of steers with creditable celerity. The overseer mounted his horse; his assistants followed his example, leaving an empty saddle, of which I promptly took advantage. Then the overseer roared "Drive out!" and immediately the cattlemen and cowboys took up the words in a wild melody:

"Drive out! Cow-ho—bedo—bedo—bedo—cow—ho!"

The living mass surged through the wide gates and presently silence reigned where a moment before Babel had been outdone.

At Nightfall.

In the evening from the cool upland pastures came the cries of the cattlemen, doing the last "round-up," and the contented lowing of the steers as they indolently wandered down to the river. Over the rough plantation road groups of Creole and East Indian laborers moved toward their bamboo huts on the hillside. The negroes swaggered along, their machetes resting edge upward on their arms, while the dignified Hindoos strode on in majestic silence. The Creoles were singing.

The overseer galloped past in the direction of the cattle yard, where the scene was similar to that of the dawn. The eloquent Hindoo had recovered his cummerbund and was now accusing another East Indian of theft.

The cattle were counted and driven out for the night. The "gang bosses" made their reports to the overseer, who sat on the veranda of his bungalow.



A BIT OF THE AMERICAN COLONY.

Low like King Solomon in judgment, out in the plantation silence reigned broken only by the croon of a little black girl who sat by the river side singing to the mountain echoes.

The stars came out one by one; the fireflies sailed in and out of the banana leaves, and a distant wailing chant arose from the huts of the Hindoo coolies. The day was done and over the banana plantation fell the curtain of night.

New Way to Restore a Silk Hat.

A Congressman, who is making desperate efforts to get out of the Joe Bailey-no-dress-suit class, surprised his colleagues by appearing in the House the other day with a silk hat. It was a beautiful, tall, glossy and with the latest bell curve. The Congressman found that the unaccustomed weight of the hat made his head ache and lost no time in taking it off. In a spirit of playfulness some of his colleagues rubbed the fur the wrong way, and soon the hat resembled a chewed kitten. The Congressman gazed at the ruffled and disfigured lid and said mournfully:

"I guess I'll have to send it back and get it repaired."—Brooklyn Eagle.

Funds for Chopin Monument.

Faderewski is taking advantage of the popular demand for his autograph by charging a fee, the proceeds going to a fund to erect a monument for Chopin. One dollar buys a plain signature and a few bars of music are added for another dollar. The Russian government permits the monument to be raised, but is not willing to have the funds for the Polish memorial raised by a popular subscription. Mme. Faderewski has entered into the plan with great enthusiasm and assists in the collection of the fee.

Ought to Come High.

First Lobbyist—They call him "Howest Jones." Second Lobbyist—They do, eh? I suppose a man with a reputation like that will charge extra.

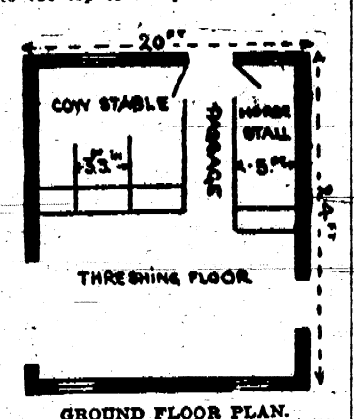
Needed a Quack.

"Mary, I wish you'd send for that quack doctor as quick as you can." "Well, what's the matter?" "I ate too much duck for dinner."

PLAN OF SMALL BARN.

Accommodation for Three Cows, With Horse Stall.

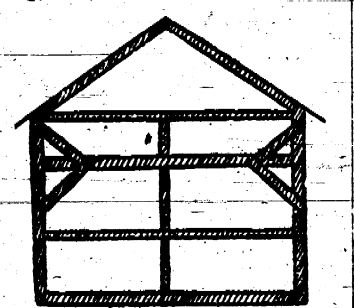
The accompanying plan provides for three cow stalls, one horse stall, and passage way along one end of the building, with threshing floor at opposite end. The framework need not be of very heavy material for a barn 20x24 feet. The walls can be made out of 6x8 inch and posts 6x6 inch timber. There should be three beats required. The center one will not require girths at the plate, as shown on the plans, but a 2x6 inch piece spiked to the top of the post, and down to



GROUND FLOOR PLAN.

the beam or joist. This will keep the plates from spreading and leave the hay loft clear from any obstruction. The plates should be made of 2x4 inch scantlings doubled; rafters, 2x4 inch by 18 feet long; girth, 2x4 inch; joists, 2x8 inch.

It will require six posts, 6x6 inch, 14 feet long; 26 rafters, 2x4 inch, 13 feet long; 40 joists, 2x8 inch, 12 feet long; 3 sills, 6x8 inch, 20 feet long.



End Bent Showing Arrangement of Frame.

2 sills, 6x8 inch, 24 feet long; 3 beams, 6x8 inch, 24 feet long; 400 feet of 2x4 inch scantling for plates, braces, girths, etc.

Lining a Poultry House.

For a poultry house a dead air space is about as warm as sawdust packing, provided it is made entirely draught proof. Packing of any material might prove a troublesome harbor for mites if they ever gain an entrance to the house. It would be well to line the roof with tarred building paper, then line inside the rafters with cheap lumber; line this again with two plies of tarred paper held firmly on by another lining of tarred paper—such as—laths. The side walls could be treated in the same way. It is important to bank the house well in the fall. Double windows which fit well should be used. They may be opened for a few hours on sunny days. The modern poultry house has a warm roosting and laying compartment and a cooler, brighter room for scratching for grain in straw.

Wind Power for Sawing Lumber.

Could I get wind power strong enough to work a circular saw in the cutting of logs into planks. 2. Is it practicable to cut down trees in the summer and saw them immediately into planks? Would the planks be more liable to warp or crack than if the trees were cut during the winter?

1. Power derived from a windmill is not sufficiently continuous to be depended upon for running a lumber cutting saw mill. A gasoline engine would answer much better and require very little attention when running.

2. Lumber cut in summer from newly fallen living trees would not be more liable to check or warp than if sawed equally green during the winter for the reason that the water content of the trees is almost the same in summer as in winter, and besides the warping and cracking is more dependent upon the structure and density of the wood, which characters do not vary with the season, than upon the water content, since that part of the water content which would vary is "free" in the cavities of the wood.

Scions for Grafting.

In cutting scions for grafting the coming spring, the growth of 1905 should be used, as it is difficult to get older wood to unite with the stock. The following is one of the best recipes for grafting wax:—Resin, 4 parts; by weight; beeswax, 2 parts; tallow, 1 part. Melt together, and pour into a pail of cold water. Then grease the hands and pull the wax until it is nearly white. This is one of the best waxes for either indoor or outdoor use. This should be heated before using if too hard.

Kitchen Cupboard Shelves.

Kitchen cupboard shelves painted top and bottom are far more desirable in point of care, if not in appearance, than shelves covered with paper. An improvement on papers is oilcloth, with plain edge brought down over the edge of the shelf and tacked here and there to prevent rolling up.

Grape Lands in Germany.

Germany has 263,000 acres of land devoted to grape culture.

Another Point of View.

Teacher (trying to teach the meaning of the long, hard word "plegmatism")—And when people take everything easily, we say they are what? Little Johnny Brittolet—Kleptomaniacs.

It Looks That Way.

"You don't believe, then, that 'pale office' is a certain title?" "Well, it's certainly like a trout. Some fellows seem to have a regular monopoly of it."

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

LESSON X, MARCH 5.

GOLDEN TEXT.—Never man spake like this man.—John 7:16.

Note how many things in John cluster around this feast (John 7:10, 21) and around the Passover six months later (John 12:20).

The whole chapter is the lesson for today, with special emphasis on 37-46. There are some specially interesting points under each of the seven parts.

I. Jesus, and His Brethren.—Vs. 1-9. In v. 1 we are told that for some time after the events of our last lesson "Jesus walked in Galilee," instead of going up to the Passover at Jerusalem, because of the hostility of the Jews there.

II. Jesus, and "the Jews of Jerusalem," the city Jews, ruled by the spirit pervading the priestly society of the Metropolis.—Vs. 10-24. In a quiet, unostentatious way Jesus went up later to the feast; for many things are good when done thus, which lose their value and power when done for one's own glory or to be seen of men; as, for instance, giving and praying (Matt. 6:1-5). About the middle of the feast Jesus began to teach in the Temple, for that was the work he had to do.

III. Jesus and Another Circle of Jewish Citizens.—Vs. 25-31. These were Jews who knew the plans of the leaders to kill Jesus when he healed the impotent man at Bethesda a year before, and they wonder why they do not do it now when he comes boldly into the temple and teaches publicly: are they becoming convinced that Jesus is the Messiah? They are perplexed. Then they put against their own doubts the thought that they knew whence Jesus came, the carpenter of Nazareth, but that is not true of the real Messiah.

Jesus replies that in an earthly sense they know his origin, but in reality he comes from God, and they are too earthly to perceive the fact. They wanted to kill Jesus, but no one laid hands on him.

The result was that many believed on Jesus, because they saw that he did all that could be expected of the Messiah.

IV. Jesus and the Pharisees.—Vs. 32-36. Hearing these murmurings, and seeing some of their people going over to the side of Jesus, the Pharisees send officers to arrest him. They were living on a powder magazine, and Jesus' teaching was the torch which might explode it.

Jesus' reply was a solemn, portentous warning: "In a little while you will succeed in destroying my life, and I shall go to my Father. But ere long you will seek me, but in vain. When destruction is coming upon you, and the terrible tribulations described in the 24th chapter of Matthew overwhelm you, then you will call for the Messiah, you will seek for the Deliverer, but will not find me for you have separated yourselves from me morally, and blinded your eyes so that you cannot see me." Compare "O Jerusalem, Jerusalem" (Matt. 23:37, 38).

The Great Proclamation.—Vs. 37-39. All the above had taken place at the Feast of Tabernacles, or booths: Date, Annually from the 15th to the 22d of Tishri (Sept. 29th to Oct. 6th), the first month of the new year. Object: It was a festival of Ingathering, like our Thanksgiving (Ex. 23:16). It was also a commemoration of their deliverance from the forty years in the wilderness, when they lived in booths, and their entrance into permanent homes in the Promised Land (Lev. 23:33-44).

37. "In the last day, that great day of the feast," The last great day of the feast was the climax of all, this symbolism. Early in the morning the people, with the Paradise apple (a species of citron) in their left hands, and branches in their right, march to the sound of music, in a procession headed by a priest, who bore a golden pitcher, to draw water from the fountain of Siloam, south of the temple. Here the priest filled, from this fountain, the golden pitcher, and brought it back into the court of the temple amid the shouts of the multitude, and the sound of cymbals and trumpets.

The water from the golden pitcher was then poured upon the altar. This ceremony, which was considered of such vital importance as to give the whole festival the name of "House of Outpouring," was symbolical of the outpouring of the Holy Spirit. Immediately the great "Hallel," consisting of Psa. 113-118, was chanted antiphonally, or, rather, with responses, to the accompaniment of the flute.

Just at this point, when the interest had been raised to its highest pitch, as the last words of Psa. 118 were chanted, and the echoes were dying away into hushed silence, a voice resounded through the temple, not interrupting the services, for they had for the moment ceased, but interpreting and fulfilling them—

"If any man thirst, let him come unto me, and drink."

38. "He that believeth on me," Having gone to him (v. 37) with open mind, to learn what he is, what he can do, from whom he is sent. Believeth corresponds with and interprets drink in v. 37. It expresses the willingness to receive the gift from Jesus, to accept his teaching, to obey his commands, to follow his guidance, to love him as the perfect Man, to receive him as King. "As the scripture hath said." The reference is not to any one isolated passage, but to the general teaching (1) of such passages as Prov. 18:4; Isa. 55:1; 44:2. And (2)

Waiting with God.

Would you know who is the greatest saint in the world? It is not he who prays most of his most; it is not he who gives most alms or is most eminent for temperance, chastity or justice; but it is he who is always thankful to God, who wills everything that God wills, who receives everything as an instance of God's goodness, and has a heart always ready to praise God for it.—William Law.

If you love sin's work you will have to learn to like its wages.

Man's Ingratitude.

How many times do we thank God during the day when they receive some signal blessing? You may be very fond of praying to him for favors, but how often do you thank him for favors received? And you know you cannot move a finger without His help, you cannot perform a single act which merits for eternity unless He gives you the grace necessary.

Every cloud has a silver lining to those who have eyes to see it.

COMING!

DR. STEIN
WILL BE IN
Manchester,
Thursday, Mar. 9



Wine of Cardui
Cured Her.

218 South Prior Street,
ATLANTA, GA., March 21, 1908.

I suffered for four months with extreme nervousness and lassitude. I had a sinking feeling in my stomach which no medicine seemed to relieve, and losing my appetite I became weak and lost my vitality. In three weeks I lost fourteen pounds of flesh and felt that I must find speedy relief to regain my health. Having heard Wine of Cardui praised by several of my friends, I sent for a bottle and was certainly very pleased with the results. Within three days my appetite returned and my stomach troubled me no more. I could digest my food without difficulty and the nervousness gradually diminished. Nature performed her functions without difficulty and I am once more a happy and well woman.

OLIVE JOSEPH,
From Atlanta Friday Night Club.

Secure a Dollar Bottle of
Wine of Cardui Today.

Apple Green Diamond.
Quite a unique jewel is an apple-green diamond owned by the Prince of Wales. It was discovered in South Africa, and is the largest stone of the shade in the world. Apple green is a very rare and precious species. It was found two and a half years ago, and weighs three and a half carats. The value placed upon it by connoisseurs is \$21,600.

GET THE HABIT

Of using the Telephone when you want something in the

PRINTING

Line. Our number is 44 and we would like to hear from you. Of course we would be better pleased if you would make personal call.

THE ENTERPRISE.

CARD BOARD	BRISTOL BOARD
White or Colored	White or Colored
WEDDING BRISTOL	White and Cream
DRAWING BOARD	White and Colored
TOUGH CHECKS	Colored
PHOTO BOARD	White and Colored
PICTURE MOUNTS	

At the ENTERPRISE OFFICE

Attention, Farmers!

No more waiting at the MANCHESTER ROLLER MILLS

The New Corn Sheller

Shells as fast as a man can shovel.

The New Feed Grinder

Grinds as fast as a man can handle the bags.

Feeds of All Kinds.

One car of Feed Barley, 75 tons of Bran and Midlings, 1 car of Cottonseed Meal

The Manchester Roller Mills

LONIER & HOFFER, Proprietors.

MAJESTIC

IS THE PROPER NAME FOR THAT BEST OF ALL RANGES

There are many Ranges but there is but one Majestic

It is the same with Stoves, there are many Oaks but only one

Round Oak Stove.

Come and examine the above and other Stoves and Ranges at my store.

A Full Line of Stove Furniture, Oil Cloths, etc

FRED WIDMAYER.