A HISTORY OF

JAMES DECKER MUNSON HOSPITAL

1915-1948

The community of Traverse City was without a general hospital until 1915 when the late Dr. James Becker Munson, Superintenden of traverse City State Hospital, was instrumental in creating a General Hospital Division of the State Hospital by Act. No. 33, Public Acts of 1915. An old building on the State Hospital grounds was set up with a bed capacity of 22. This served as the general hospital for this rection until 1925.

Gertain profits accrued from the operation and, with this money as a nucleus, a new structure was built at the present site on the morth and of the State property. Additional funds were advanced from the General Fund, with a total expenditure of approximately \$250,000. The building was complete in 1925 with a capacity of 155) beds. It was assumed the James Decker Munson Hospital, although legally it was still the General Hospital Division of the State Hospital. Funds advanced from the General Fund as a losn were later cancelled by the Governor and Adminstrative Board.

Soon after the opening of the hospital, the Hannah-Lay-Mergan interests built a convalescent parilion on the morth end of Munson Hospital In 1935, the Children's Fund of Michigan asked permission to erect a Clinic adjacent to the Munson Mospital. With the aid of a Legislative Act. No. 39 of 1935, ground was leased and the Clinic Legislative Act. No. 39 of 1935. This Clinic was built to care for pediatric problems and is affiliated with the rediatrics Department of the University of Michigan Medical School. If the under the control of the Children's Fund of Michigan until May 1, 1934, at which time the lease expires. There are 19 beds on the third floor of the Clinic building which are operated by the Munson Mospital.

With the satablishment of the Central Michigan Children's Clinic, it was a natural sequence that facilities be made available for the care of crippled children. In 1938, the Hannah-Lay-Morgan Pavilion was eenverted into wards, with the addition of about 30 beds, largely for the use of the Orthopedic Department of the Munson Hospital. At the same time it was necessary to establish a complete physiotherapy department. The Kiwanis Club of Traverse City sponsored a therapeutic pool, domating \$4,800.00 for that purpose. The Munson Hospital added some \$5,000.00 from earnings to complete the Physiotherapy Department including a brace sheep, equipment and materials. At about the same time, the X-Ray Department was enlarged and new diagnostic and therapeutic equipment purchased. With the establishment of these departments, unconditional approval of the hospital was obtained from the Michigan Crippled Children's Commission, the American College of Surgeons, as well as the Michigan

Utilities, such as steam, hot water, lsundry, etc., were provided by the Traverae City State Hospital and charged to the Munson Hospital Fund. Some utilities, such as electricity, were purchased directly from the city of Traverse City. Other supplies were requisitioned and purchased through the Central Furchasing Department at Lensing.

During all of this time, the Munson Hospital was administered by the administrative staff of the Spate Hospital. As the number of admissions of bed patients increased, it became evident that some change in the Munson Hospital's status should be accomplished. After careful consideration of the problem by local citizens and the Michigan State Hospital Commission, special legi-lation was intuoduced and passed by from the Traverse City State Legislature, separating the Munson Hospital on April 27, 1945, making Munson Hospital a separate State institution Superintendent appointed by the Commission, and a local advisory board of seven.

II.

With the tremendous increase in use of hospital beds, Munson Hospital became over-crowded and had a lung waiting list. It was evident to interested local citizens that an expansion was rapidly becoming necessary. Plens were made to raise funds for such an expansion and during the summer of 1946, pledges were made for \$540,000. to be paid over a period of five years. At the present writing, February 1949, approximately \$315,000.00 of this amount is held in cash or government bonds.

The local Advisory Board created more interest among the local people in the problems of the local hospital, and, for a number of reasons, it was felt that the unit should have more local control. Consequently, further legislation was deemed advisable. In 1947, authority was given by Act. 23 of the 1947 to the Department of Mental Health (formerly the State Hospital Commission) to lease the existing hospital, including all of its land, buildings, equipment, etc., for a term of firty years to an non-profit comporation. Such a corporation was formed and the lease but into effect on January 1, 1948. The James Decker Munson Hospital Corporation consists of a Board of eleven members and a Hospital Membership of 100. The lease calls for an annual rental of one dellar. Plans are now under way to expand the existing facilities by the creation of a new wing, and alteration, in part, of the existing building.

In 1948, the Congress passed the Hill-Burton Act under which Act federal money is made available to the various States as grants-in-aid for the construction of new, or the expansion of existing hospital beds. There are certain rules and regulations set down by the Act governing the use of such funds. The Munson Hospital Board hopes to share in these federal funds and has made spolication for a grant which would make available fifty percent more than the amount raised locally. In order to qualify, it is necessary for the Board to have title to the property. Gonsequently, a request is now being made in the form of legislation which would transfer the title of the James Decker Munson Hespital, Inc., from the State to the existing Corporation