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NUMBER, 24.

Southern Loyalists

[illegible]

The Orono Press.

ORONO, SATURDAY, FEB. 20, 1863.

Republican Nominations.

For Justice of the Supreme Court,
JAS. V. CAMPBELL.
For Circuit Judge—7th District,
JOSIAH TURNER.

For Regents of the State University.

At Large **HENRY C. KNIGHT.**
At Large **THOMAS C. GILBERT.**
1st District **EDWARD C. WALKER.**
2nd District **S. EASTMAN JOHNSON.**
3rd District **GEORGE WILSON.**
4th District **JAMES A. SWEET.**
5th District **ALVAN SWEET.**
6th District **THOMAS J. JOHNS.**

HOPEFUL SIGNS.

On the 16th inst. John Van Buren spoke to the Democracy of N. Y., and repudiated the position taken by himself in his notorious campaign speech, in which he counselled abandonment of the war, and peaceful separation. He now says separation is ruin, conference with the rebels is out of the question, and that the work must be prosecuted by a united North, and with all the power of the Government. On the 20th inst. Vallandigham had an appointment to speak in Baltimore, but dared not fulfill it, for the loyal citizens would not permit of his vicious presence. The resolutions of the Illinois Legislature, calling for a convention of the States to end the war, and to compromise with the rebels, after being agitated and favored by the Press of the party which passed them, are now by the same Press denounced as premature and ill advised.

The New York World, which had become the most violent enemy of the Government, seeking by any and all means to paralyze its efforts to prosecute the war, to seduce its soldiery from loyalty, and to overthrow the Administration, in its issue of the 18th inst., repudiates the resolutions of the Illinois Legislature, and says "it is not the mission of the opposition to break down or enfeeble the Federal Government." It opposes the adoption by the "opposition" (its name for the Democratic party) of any policy whatever, and asserts that its only duties are to be "vigilant, prompt in exposure of abuses, and vehement opposition to bad masters, and the practice of a large tolerance which invites the co-operation of all virtuous and patriotic men." The editorial tone of the *Free Press* for the last few days has changed, and instead of the insolent, offensive, and traitorous assaults which it has daily made upon the government, it is now on the defensive, seeking to clear up the charges against it of being engaged in a "conspiracy against the government." When a journal has gone so far in its opposition as to find it necessary to explain that it did not mean treason, it proves that its course is not approved by the people, and that it has itself learned that very important fact. It is to that alone that we attribute the changed tone of the *Free Press*, and not to any newness of life to which it has awakened.

These are hopeful signs that the dangerous opposition of the Democratic leaders to the government has diminished. If our armies, now ready for battle, under Rosecrans and before Vicksburg and Quarles, shall meet with success, as we have good reason to hope they will, the brightest day in our national calamities will have succeeded its darkest hour.

Missouri Legislature.

JAMESON ORR, Feb. 24.
Governor Gamble sent to the House to-day a communication accompanying certain resolutions recently adopted by the Legislature of Delaware, asking Missouri to send delegates to a national convention for the purpose of effecting an armistice, &c. The Governor's message denounced the resolutions, and recommended they be passed over in silence. A spirited discussion ensued, and the resolutions received a most unmerciful handling from the members. Resolutions were offered that we neither consent nor submit to peace without the entire submission of the traitors, nor to any interference by foreign Powers, also thanking Gov. Gamble for the loyal and patriotic views expressed in his message, approving of the act of Colonel Gillett in dispersing the recent rebel-convention in Kentucky. The resolutions were finally passed over informally.

ORONON, Feb. 24.
An immense Union meeting was held last night at the Opera House and Madison Hall, both houses being filled to overflowing. Resolutions were adopted declaring that we give no pledge to perpetuate the Union; that we want the proceedings to the administration of the Ohio soldiers; that we support a vigorous prosecution of the

war; that the Mississippi must roll, unbroken, to the Gulf, that submission to the constituted law and authority must be the basis of our government, and that we sustain those in power, whether they please us or not, until others are put in their places.

In contrast with the foregoing expression of earnest, active, loyalty, and support of the government, by the Legislature of a State where the blight of slavery and the curse of the slaveholder's rebellion has been felt in all its bitterness of woe, and also by the people of Cincinnati who have felt the war in a form that is never presented to our "city of the straits," stands the following editorial of the *Free Press* of the 25th inst.

We read it and are ashamed of the community that tolerates a paper that commends from week to week such a malignant hate of those who stand for justice and the government:

"Holding, as we justly do, the republican party responsible for the war, and having, to the extent of our ability, proved to the people that that party can never attain peace, we have still a sympathy, even for the majority in this State who voted the republican ticket last fall, and who aided to send Chandler, one of the advocates of the suspension bill back to the Senate. We might say to them, they have made their bed and must lie in it. We might count them now with having prolonged the war by their votes last fall—by their endorsement of the negro policy, which drove McMillan from the head of the army, and caused the entire waste of this entire winter by the soldiers whose time expires in May. We might sternly bid them fly for comfort to their abolition god. We might ask them why they are preparing in the approaching campaign, to give the administration which caused all our woe, a renewed endorsement. We might hold their own folly and fatuity to their eyes, and bid them there behold the origin of the national difficulties. But the draft is to be an inexorable fact."

REPUBLICANS.

That Union fellow, John N. Ingersoll, commonly called in the columns of his own Patent Medicine advertising newspaper, *Hon. J. N. &c.*, who moved to adjourn the County Republican Convention last fall sine die, and withdrew from all connection with it, has just discovered an immense rage to disorganize the Republican party. He undertook in his last issue to discourse thereon, but having mentioned his friend of the *Saginaw Republican*, he called his friend a black-head in the same connection his mother tongue failed to express his feelings, and he resorted to French. He closed his article however in his usual classic style. He says somebody plotted actions for a district convention to appoint delegates to go somewhere—B-hold the rise—Orrie, Orrie ruse. The fact was however that no such notions were "posed," and that John who don't see clear of an afternoon, read an old Union handbill of last fall, which had survived the elements on the shattered side of some shaft. Some relic of the fall campaign, on which John's name appears just under "H. McCurdy Esq., and Hon. Wm. Clarke."

John says however that the Republicans "did not see it," so that makes two things the Republicans did not discover the precise locality of "all since last summer. How long, Oh how long John, before you will see that a large style agrees not with such leanness of circumstances.

From the Twenty-fourth Regt.
Near Best Plains, Va.,
Feb. 14, 1863.

Editors Press:—In a military sense we are camping "in the mud and winter quarters." The second advance of Gen. Burnside "slumped through" the soil into deep, sticky, detestable mud, in which, to the knees, the 4th Brigade, 1st Div., 1st A. C., had to wade back 15 miles to the old camp near Pratt's Landing, Potomac Creek and River. Since then storm has succeeded rain and rain changed to storm, and in most rapid and disagreeable succession. The mud has been out occasionally, however, and this summer has been a side not dark; and the same grant such sweet assurance as to the condition of our political and military affairs and all will be well.

We are doing our best to keep up the standards and rod of military discipline, and to this end Regimental and General Courts Martial are hearing and disposing of cases of "straggling," "desertion," "misbehavior before the enemy," &c., &c., some of which will bring to the bitter experience of our men the fact that there are indeed military laws and discipline which will make themselves felt. Several trials were held in the 24th for straggling on the march to Falmouth, and from two to five dollars have been indicated. Cases of desertion, &c., are tried by Division General Courts Martial, about 30 or 40 of which have thus far been disposed of. No exceptions of sentence have as yet taken place, as the work is not yet done. I will give your readers a specimen of the "charge," "specification," "pleading," "finding," and "sentence," of these military tribunals, for those curious in such matters:

Private (Bovars Landers, Co. "H," 24th Regt. Illinois Vols.)
Charge 1st. Conduct prejudicial to good order and military discipline.
Specification. In this, that the said private (B. Landers, of Co. "H," 24th Regt. Ill. Vols.) temporarily on duty during the line of extra Caisses of Light Co. "B," 4th Regt. U. S. Artillery, did without permission absent himself from about 11 o'clock, A. M., on the 13th of December 1862, until about 6 o'clock P. M., of the 14th day of December, 1862. All this during the engagement of the 13th and 14th December, 1862, near Fredericksburg, Va.

Charge 2d. Disobedience of Orders.
Specification. In this, that the private (B. Landers, of Co. "H," 24th Regt. Ill. Vols.) being ordered by Sergeant Henry Moore, of Light Co. "B," 4th U. S. Artillery to drive a team, did positively refuse to do so, and did not drive said team, although repeatedly ordered to do so by the said Sergeant Henry Moore, Chief of Caisses. This at Camp near Fredericksburg, Va., on or about the 16th day of December, 1862.

To which Charges and Specifications the accused pleaded as follows:

To the specification 1st charge, not guilty.

To the specification 1st charge, not guilty.

To the specification 2d charge, not guilty.

To the specification 2d charge, not guilty.

The Court having listened to the oral statement of the prisoner, naturally weighed and considered the evidence adduced, and him as follows:
Of the specification 1st charge, Guilty.
Of the specification 2d charge, Guilty.
Of the specification 3d charge, Guilty.
Of the specification 4th charge, Guilty.
Of the specification 5th charge, Guilty.
Of the specification 6th charge, Guilty.
Of the specification 7th charge, Guilty.
Of the specification 8th charge, Guilty.
Of the specification 9th charge, Guilty.
Of the specification 10th charge, Guilty.
Of the specification 11th charge, Guilty.
Of the specification 12th charge, Guilty.
Of the specification 13th charge, Guilty.
Of the specification 14th charge, Guilty.
Of the specification 15th charge, Guilty.
Of the specification 16th charge, Guilty.
Of the specification 17th charge, Guilty.
Of the specification 18th charge, Guilty.
Of the specification 19th charge, Guilty.
Of the specification 20th charge, Guilty.

This is an exact copy, except the names and number of the Regt., of a case which has been approved by Gen. Wadsworth, and the sentence is to be duly executed. There are several others, also, and the boys are anticipating "fun enough," but I fancy there is little fun for the most prominent actor. I learn, too, that there are now before the court several cases of desertion in which the offenders will suffer the highest punishment of the law and be shot. They tell us in this way alone, and by resorting to these extreme measures, can the morale of the army of the Potomac be restored and sustained.

It may be so, but I judge that, give this army a pure, patriotic and national object to fight for, a General in whom they have confidence and love to fight, under whom will give them a fair opportunity to see the *facts* of the enemy and not be obliged to turn tail, and sink away from impregnable fortifications, or plash through mud and plantations of bottomless "mud," in a "give us something to do with a half-reasonable chance of success, and you will hear but little of the "demoralization of the Army of the Potomac." Notwithstanding we think of, and feel, deeply, the terrible misdirection which the nation has endured for the last year of civil strife, while our leaders were doing everything for men and nothing for arms, misunderstanding and misapprehending the strength of our enemies, and failing to make good use of the means at hand to crush the rebellion; while they by delay have exhausted the patience and divided the power of the North.

Let these things be remedied, and let such a stand be taken as will leave no room for "specious yampolisms," in the North, stand fairly and squarely upon the Constitution and fight for the once glorious Union, now "dissevered, discolored, belittled," and the end shall be all that the most loyal and patriotic heart can desire. Tell our rulers this, "and tell them too," if they wish for peace, prosperity and success, honorable and lasting, to stand up where stand the great exponents for the army in front of the loyal, entire North, and true men and patriots everywhere, and they do not believe in, and are willing to fight for, "The Confederation and the Union, now and forever, one and inseparable."

Your friend in Army, S. D. Granger.

CONFEDERATE PRISONERS.—Yesterday there was brought from this front, as prisoners, eighty-eight non-commissioned officers and privates, belonging to the Confederate army, besides the following commissioned officers: 1st. W. J. Waller, Lt. J. A. Waller, Capt. J. E. Waller, Capt. B. J. Moore, Capt. John Thompson, and Lt. W. S. Horrell, all of the 8th Confederate Regiment. On the

Douglas, Capt. B. F. Knight, and Lt. W. W. Bradley, both of Wheeler's cavalry brigade.

The above prisoners are, for the present, confined in the rooms at the lower end of the market house. Col. Douglas is an old resident of the adjoining county of Sumner and is known by many of our citizens. He was elected Col. of his regiment just one hour before his capture, and had not yet received his commission. *Nashville Union*, Feb. 4.

The above list of prisoners was made by Col. Minty of the Fourth Michigan Cavalry. It will be gratifying to the friends of the gallant boys who enlisted in Col. Minty's regiment, from Shiloh and Clinton counties, to know they kept the flag of their country full high advanced, and add to the still increasing honor of the Michigan Soldiers.

By mistake the credit of the exploit was given by the Nashville papers to Col. Kanawha, of a Kentucky regiment of cavalry, we believe, but it places us due to give "honor to whom honor is due."

How THEY FELL IN CHARLESTON.—From the Charleston Mercury Feb. 18.—We have serious work before us. The enemy's assault so long deferred, will, for that reason, be the more formidable. Every agency which human power and ingenuity, armed on the one side, can command, will be used to capture or destroy the "booth of the rebellion."

The blow that is about to fall may be the last we shall receive in the struggle for our independence, but it will be dealt with the strength of despair. The foe comes with the avowed purpose to sack our houses and plough our streets with his iron shot, and should his power prove equal to his malice, that will be no empty threat.

We are ready for the ordeal. The brave soldiers who man the fortifications which belt the city on every side, are eager to meet their expected assailants and test the value of the defenses which have cost so many months of patient toil. Our untrained little squadrons will have the long-suffering opportunity to encounter the Yankee invader. And, come what may, we have the cheering assurance from our general that the city shall be held. Let each man do his duty in the approaching hour of our trial, and Charleston, which owned this bloody struggle, will finish it in a second triumph.

WAR NEWS.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 23.—Several attacks from Vicksburg to the 18th state that active hostilities commenced that day. The mortar boats were towed into position above the city and opened briskly.

The gunboat *Intrepid* ran the blockade a little before 11 p. m., night in the fog and rain. Over fifty shells were fired at her in the passing down, with what effect is not known, but she got through.

The rebel fire from their forts and batteries is daily obtaining range and scattering shells on the shore. No casualties have happened thus far.

Work is going ahead on the canal which is being cut from the river to Lake Providence, at the village, a distance of half a mile. The river which is fourteen feet above the level of the lake, will not be in till Bayou Texe and Macou, extending from the lake to Black River, have been explored and put in condition for the passage of boats if practicable. This looks reasonable if the present stage of water continues.

The rebels attempted to cut the old river levee above Lake Providence, and down us out, but we drove them off.

On the 18th, about noon, 1000 wagons out on a foraging expedition from Memphis were attacked and captured in Nonconform Bottoms by 150 rebel cavalry.

On Thursday last twelve of Longstreet's guerrillas were taken near Jackson, Tennessee, by the Federal cavalry.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 22.—Reports from Rosecrans' army are that the enemy have fallen back to Chattanooga, across the Tennessee River, where they are strongly fortified, and reinforced by troops from near Fredericksburg.

Rosecrans is advancing to meet them. The Federal troops are completely organized, and all paid to December 31st; well supplied with provisions, ammunition, &c., and everything in readiness for another battle.

New York, Feb. 24.—The Times special from Washington states that "Gen. Hooker has been in the city and was to-day in consultation with the President and Secretary of War."

Latest accounts from the army indicate greatly improved discipline, and gives promise of a more efficient force before known them. Experiments are making successful forays against the enemy, capturing supplies and gaining valuable information. Smuggling goods into the rebel lines has nearly terminated. Desertion is becoming a serious enterprise and is rapidly diminishing.

The frequent captures of ambulances going to Richmond, have led to the discovery that heretofore furnishing horses of treason. "Our country system is a thoroughly organized, and at last we are able to know something of the position and force of the rebels."

The Richmond *Weekly Engineer* of the 18th says the Confederacy was thus led by the recent account of the breaking of the blockade of Charleston, and says the account was untrue in every particular, and, moreover, the *Providence Journal*, with the most reliable authority that ever entered Charleston, was captured the night before, and carried away a rifle and a half from shore, during the conflict, and yet our victorious position did not resume here. An official inquiry is to be made into the management. Information has been received through rebel sources that the Federal gun boat, *Queen of the West*, which has been in the blockade at Vicksburg, was captured by the rebels at Fort Totten on Red River, and that the gun boat *Indianola* has been recaptured here.

Cairo, Feb. 24.—On the 18th inst. Capt. C. Newell of the Third Michigan Cavalry, with six men and officers, reached the river a few miles above Clinton, and secured in his hiding place one old hickory boat. They ploughed up the holes, bailed out the water and awaited the approach of night. At midnight the men were assembled for preparing for crossing the river. The river was rising and the current swift and full of heavy drift-wood. The boat was old, frail and leaky, the night dark, cold and heavy rain falling, but with their pocket-knives, out of rain and sagging they made progress, and the crossing was safely effected. The current and drift carried the boat some miles down the river, and the landing was first made in an unexplored swampy place, and again, and finally down some distance, an open country was struck. The march on Clinton, through mud, rain and cold, was made by the almost exhausted soldiers at day break. They crept cautiously into town. A solitary guard espied them and fell, crying out treason, but he was quickly secured. The house occupied by the rebels as barracks were surrounded by the doors and windows dashed in, and with pikes and bayonets, and revolvers, the astonished half awake traitors, were ordered to surrender. Considerable booty was made, but our men left down everything before them, and the fighting was soon over. Capt. C. Newell received three very painful wounds in the leg, being the only one wounded on our side. C. I. Newcomb, the rebel commander, has his right arm fearfully shattered. Shelby one of the Lieutenants, was struck in the shoulder. The object of the attack being accomplished, the next step was to retreat safely with the prisoners and property captured, as an Alabama regiment of cavalry was known to be in camp nearby.

The prisoners, 68 in number, right of whom were commissioned officers, 40 cavalry horses, many saddles, rifles, shot guns, carbines, revolvers, and other articles were all safely landed after most exhausting labor, on the west bank of the river. The town and a large quantity of commissary and other stores, together with the ferry boats were devoted to the torch. The march back to Lexington was about to be commenced, when the worn out hungry troops, were greatly surprised by the appearance of a fleet of five gun boats advancing, the office of which had taken our men and prisoners for guerrillas, ran out their guns and were about shelling the party, but a rousing cheer, with the raising of a white flag, checked hostilities and opened up a most agreeable meeting of army and navy.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 20.—The invading force in Kentucky under Wheeler, was leaving the State via Mt. Sterling and Hazelgreen pursued by Col. Kent with 1800 Cavalry and Infantry. Very little damage was done by the raid. The excitement which prevailed throughout Central Kentucky, has subsided. The trains on the Kentucky Central Railroad are running, and refugees are returning.

There are various rumors respecting the rebels in Kentucky, one that Breckinridge is advancing on Lexington with 20,000 men. This needs confirmation. The Commercial's Frankfort correspondent says a gentleman from Richmond reports that our troops are retreating towards Lexington pressed by doubting their numbers. About 100 of Morgan's band have captured the steamer *Hattie Gilman* with forage and provisions on Harrow River, about five miles above Woodbury.

"Unquestionably the best state and work of the kind in the West."
Harpers New Monthly Magazine.

Critical Notices of the Press.
The volumes found, consisting of three series a library of miscellaneous reading such as can not be found in the same compass in any other publication that has come under our notice. *Boston Courier.*
The most popular Monthly in the world. *New York Herald.*

We must refer in terms of eulogy to the high tone and varied excellencies of *Harpers Magazine*, a periodical with a monthly circulation of 100,000 copies, in whose pages are to be found some of the choicest light and general reading of the day. We speak of the work as an evidence of the American People, and the popularity it has acquired is merited. Each number contains 144 pages of reading matter, amply illustrated with good wood cuts, as a continuous and the racy quality and the more philosophical quality, stamped with the best features of the best journal. It has great power in the dissemination of a true and noble literature. *Parsons's Guide to American Literature.*

For circulation in Europe, America is so well known, and has so many readers, and we may safely say, none has received so large a tribute of admiration from the civilized nations that delight in a healthy, intellectual and a periodical literature. It is the finest Magazine of the day. The *Academy* has a most delightful comment on the *Harper's Magazine*, saying "that it is the best of its kind." *Edinburgh Scotsman.*

THE HARPER'S MAGAZINE, which has been published for twenty years, has been a constant source of pleasure to the public. It is a most valuable and interesting publication, and one which every family should possess. It contains a large amount of original and selected reading matter, and is published at a very low price. It is the best of its kind, and one which every family should possess. It contains a large amount of original and selected reading matter, and is published at a very low price. It is the best of its kind, and one which every family should possess.

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UNITED STATES ASSISTANT TENSORS NOTICE.

THE Assistant for the Second Division of the Sixth Collection District, Shawansee County, will be at the place mentioned below for the purpose of Assessing the AD VALOREM duties, and the transaction of other business, once in each month, as follows: In the month of March 1863, at Danvers, Vt. R. Lyon's law office Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday the 2nd, 3rd and 4th.

At Cornish, Conn. & Wheeler's office, Thursday and Friday the 5th and 6th.

At Newburg, J. H. Simmons's Store, Saturday the 7th.

At Byron, Dancom's Hotel, Monday and Tuesday the 9th and 10th.

At Vermont, W. D. Garrison Hotel, Store Wednesday the 11th.

N. B. Persons desiring to the payment of duties or other assessments, must present themselves at the assessors office, at the above times, with their lists or applications, or fifty per cent will be added according to law.

JAMES GARRISON,
Asst. Assessor, 2nd Div. 6th dist.
Canton, Feb. 17, 1863.

Nursery.

GEORGE W. CHAPMAN, has now ready for sale at his Nursery, in the 100 one of the best lots of

APPLE AND PEACH TREES, ever offered in this country. His trees are all healthy, and warranted to be of the varieties represented. A rare chance is now offered Tree Agents and Fruit Growers to buy in their stock at unusually low prices. Office near Geo. Meigs Store, Canton, Oct. 4, 1862.

NOTICE.
R. VAN HOUTEN Electric Physician, will attend to calls in the line of his Profession. Particular attention is given to his treatment of diseases of chronic nature—Office in Williams frame block, City of Orono.

LOCAL MATTERS.

THE OWOSSO PRESS,

OWOSSO, MILWAUKEE COUNTY, MICHIGAN.

BY HANCOCK & LYON.

To mail and office subscribers, \$1 per year, if paid in advance. If not paid in advance, \$1.25 per year.

To city subscribers who have the paper left at their doors, \$1.25 per annum in advance.

Advertisements by the week, 10 cents per line. By the month, 30 cents per line. By the quarter, 80 cents per line. By the year, \$2.50 per line.

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THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

Celebrated Female Pills.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M.D., Physician to the Queen, and the late King of France.

It is a valuable medicine in regulating the course of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all passions and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES. It is peculiarly suited to them, in a short time, bringing on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price One Dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

CAUTION. The Pills should not be taken by females during the first three months of pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nerves and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, opium, calomel, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Sole Agent for the United States and Canada.

JOB MOSES, Rochester, N. Y.

N. B. \$1.00 and 50¢ postage stamps enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a bottle containing 50 Pills by return mail. For sale by J. F. Laubengayer, and druggists generally.

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES!

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

The Original Medicine Established in 1837 and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of PULMONIC WAFERS, in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name, BRYAN, being stamped on each WAFFER.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS. Relieve Cough, Cold, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, etc.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS. Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficulty Breathing, etc.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS. Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pain in the Chest, etc.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS. Relieve Inflammation of the Uvula and Tonsils, etc.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS. Relieve the above Complaints in Ten Minutes.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS. Are a blessing to all who are afflicted with Cough, Cold, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, etc.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS. Are adapted for Youth and the Public generally.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS. Are in a simple form and pleasant to the taste.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS. Not only relieve, but effect rapid and lasting cures.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS. Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.

No family should be without a box of BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS in the house.

Not a traveler should be without a supply of BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS in his pocket.

No person will ever be able to give for BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS Twenty-Five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, Rochester, N. Y.

For sale by J. F. Laubengayer, and druggists generally.

OWOSSO MARKET.

Corrected weekly by H. B. Gregory.

Flour per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Wheat per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Barley per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Oats per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Hay per ton, (spring) \$1.00

Grain per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Stock per head, (spring) \$1.00

Butter per pound, (spring) \$1.00

Eggs per dozen, (spring) \$1.00

Beans per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Peas per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Apples per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Pears per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Oranges per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Lemons per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Strawberries per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Raspberries per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Blackberries per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Cherries per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Peaches per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Plums per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Apricots per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Almonds per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Pistachios per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Chestnuts per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Walnuts per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Pecans per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Macadamia per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Coconuts per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Pineapples per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Melons per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Cucumbers per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Peppers per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

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Raspberries per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Blackberries per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Cherries per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

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Plums per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Apricots per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Almonds per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Pistachios per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Chestnuts per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Walnuts per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Pecans per bushel, (spring) \$1.00

Macadamia per bushel,

MAUWEE

Washington Street, Owosso, Mich.

Wholesale & Retail Dealer in American, English, German, and French

Hardware

My Stock consists of Foreign and Domestic

Cutlery, SHELF HARDWARE

Call kinds necessary for a complete outfit. Iron, Steel, Brass, Copper, Lead, Zinc, Tin, and Pewter. Axes, Saws, and other tools. Also, a large stock of hardware for the house and the workshop.

Stoves! Stoves! Stoves!

The latest and most approved Albany Patterns of Cooking, Heating, and Box Stoves, also MANUFACTURER and JOBBER. In Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron, and Ware, Pine Lumber, Stables, and Lath always on hand.

I have enumerated a few of the leading articles of my Stock, which I offer for sale to the

CITIZENS OF SHIAWASSEE

ADJOINING COUNTIES

at the lowest possible rates for

CASH.

TAKE NOTICE!

That the CASH—IT CREDIT—L. GREGORY will not be to be credited

Ninety Days.

Interest will be charged on all NOTES and ACCOUNTS not paid at MATURITY.

L. D. GREGORY, 1000000, Nov. 22, 1862, 1000000

GO TO

STRUBER'S

For the best quality of goods

For the best quality of goods

For the best quality of goods

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Grand Opening,

At the EMPORIUM of the most extensive

FAIR AND WINTER STOCK, WEST OF DETROIT

has at last taken place, and the Goods are now

READY FOR INSPECTION.

Every body knows that

J. OSBURN'S

is the best place to buy

of every description, in the O

\$25,000 WORTH OF GOODS

now in store, and more on the way.

Don't fail to see this

Splendid Stock

before making purchase elsewhere,

CASH WAS PAID,

CASH MUST BE RECEIVED

for these Goods, in consequence of which

they will be sold lower than

ASTONISHING LOW PRICES.

J. OSBURN.

William's Block, City of Owosso, Owosso, Oct. 24, 1862. daily

Watch Maker

AND Jeweller!!

Fine Watches repaired with care.

GOLD PENS made and repaired.

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES

All prices

A large assortment of

Silver Ware,

Clocks and Rings,

Fancy Notions,

&c., &c., &c.

And articles of vertu.

SIGN OF THE BIG WATCH.

Washington Street, Owosso. 11ly

City Meat Market

Are prepared to furnish at all times, and at the lowest prices the

Best Meat of the Season,

at their

New Market,

Every pains will be taken to

supply the

Best Quality of MEATS

For the best quality of goods

DETROIT AND MILWAUKEE RAILROAD.

In connection with the New and Powerful Upper Ohio Steamships "Detroit" & "Milwaukee."

DURHAM THIS MONTH, Train will leave OWOSSO.

GOING EAST

Mixed— at 11:45 A. M. for Detroit.

Mixed— at 1:20 P. M. for Detroit.

GOING WEST

Mixed— at 8:30 P. M. for Milwaukee.

Mixed— at 8:45 P. M. for St. John.

Refreshments at Detroit, Owosso, and Grand Haven; and upon Co's ferry steamer Windsor of Detroit River.

Comfortable Hotel above Depot at Grand Haven.

Trains leave terminal daily, Sundays excepted.

The Telegraph Line is now open to Pullman business.

Sleeping Cars on Night Express Trains, close service.

At Detroit—Grand Western Railway for all points West—Michigan Central & Michigan Southern and Grand Trunk Railways.

At Milwaukee—With the Mississippi, LaCrosse, Chicago, Watertown, and Burlington Railroads, for all important points West and Northwest.

Passengers for the Grand Western Railway go on the Railway Ferry Steamer, at D. & M. R. Dock, leaving Dock at 7:00 a.m. and 3:30 p.m.

The Company's Time Tables can be had at any of the Stations.

W. K. MUIR, Genl. Supt.

AMBOS LANSING AND TRAVELER'S BAY RAIL ROAD.

Passenger train will run as follows:

TRAINS SOUTHWARD.

Leave Owosso, Mich. at 7:30 A. M.

Arrive at Lansing, Mich. at 10:30 A. M.

Leave Lansing, Mich. at 11:30 A. M.

Arrive at Detroit, Mich. at 1:30 P. M.

Leave Detroit, Mich. at 3:30 P. M.

Arrive at Lansing, Mich. at 6:30 P. M.

Leave Lansing, Mich. at 7:30 P. M.

Arrive at Owosso, Mich. at 9:30 P. M.

Leave Owosso, Mich. at 10:30 P. M.

Arrive at Detroit, Mich. at 12:30 A. M.

Leave Detroit, Mich. at 1:30 A. M.

Arrive at Lansing, Mich. at 4:30 A. M.

Leave Lansing, Mich. at 5:30 A. M.

Arrive at Owosso, Mich. at 7:30 A. M.

Leave Owosso, Mich. at 8:30 A. M.

Arrive at Detroit, Mich. at 10:30 A. M.

Leave Detroit, Mich. at 11:30 A. M.

Arrive at Lansing, Mich. at 1:30 P. M.

Leave Lansing, Mich. at 2:30 P. M.

Arrive at Owosso, Mich. at 4:30 P. M.

Leave Owosso, Mich. at 5:30 P. M.

Arrive at Detroit, Mich. at 7:30 P. M.

EXCELSIOR!

W. W. McILLYRA & CO., WILL OPEN THIS DAY

One of the best selected Stocks of

Dry Goods, Clothing,

Boots & Shoes,

Hats, Caps,

Every offered in this County. The

Goods were selected from the very

best HOUSES IN BOSTON by

one of the partners, and bought for

CASH!!

The Stock comprises in part

5000 yds. Brown

Sheetings of all grades.

4000 yds. of Merri-

mack Cocheco and other

styles of Prints.

New style, Delaines

and other dress Goods.

Bay State Shawls

and other fashion-

able styles.

Denims Stripes, Far-

mers casimer, Sattinets

Canada Grey Cloths

&c., &c., &c.

Our Stock of Clothing cannot

fail to please any man of taste

and will be found to be compara-

tively cheaper than the Goods

we can sell.

COATS, PANTS, SUITS

Cheaper than the outside heard from

things can be bought at any

Other Establishment.

We mean to sell our goods CHEAP!

for CASH, and we invite our

friends to call on us for

future buying, else

where, as we

know we

can please them in

GOODS AND PRICES.

We would ask attention of all our

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