THE Owosso Press.
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY,
J. H. CHAMPION & CO.
Owosso, Shiawassee County, Mich.
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NATIONAL BANK OF OWOSSO.
D. GOULD & CO.
Capital Stock $50,000.
OFFICERS.
A. GOULD, President.
T. D. DEWEY, Vice President.
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CHURCH DIRECTORY.
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PHYSICIANS.
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ATTORNEYS.
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BOOTS & SHOES.
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SADDLERY & HARNESSMAKING.
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WAGONMAKING.
[illegible]
JEWELRY.
[illegible]

Tailoring.
G. W. CHAPEL,
Under Gould's New Hall,
[illegible]
TAILOR MAKES THE MAN.
G. W. CHAPEL.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.
[illegible] of the Exchange Hotel, would respectfully announce to the citizens of Shiawassee county, that [illegible]
Free Carriage to and from the Cars.
Owosso, July 18, 1866.

NOTICE.
DR. A. B. KNAPP,
[illegible]
GOOD DENTIST.
[illegible]
FILLING TEETH DONE IN THE VERY BEST MANNER.
[illegible]
A. B. KNAPP.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF
OWOSSO, Michigan.
[illegible]

THE OWOSSO WEEKLY PRESS.

Volume VII.] WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 11, 1869. [Number 47.

RAILROADS.

JACKSON, LANSING & SAGINAW RAIL ROAD, April 26th, 1869.
New Route to the
SALT AND LUMBER REGIONS
of the
SAGINAW VALLEY.
TRAINS NORTH.
[illegible]
TRAINS SOUTH.
[illegible]
A. WATSON, Supt.
Jackson, April 26, 1869.

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE EAST
ONLY ONE CHANGE OF CARS,
[illegible]
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY
[illegible]
Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Passengers
[illegible]
Fare always as low as by other Lines.
This is the only route via Niagara Falls and the Niagara Suspension Bridge.
[illegible]
H. B. GREGORY,
Agent, Owosso.

MAY, 1869.
DETROIT AND MILWAUKEE RAILROAD,
In connection with the
New and Powerful Upper Cabin Steamships
"Detroit" & "Milwaukee."
UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE
Trains will leave OWOSSO as under:
GOING EAST:
Local Freight at 9:30 A. M., for Detroit.
Mail at 1:50 P. M., for Detroit.
Through Mixed, Sleeping Car attached at 1:37 A. M., for Detroit.
GOING WEST:
Mixed at 7 A. M., for Grand Rapids.
Mail at 2:15 P. M., for Grand Haven.
Through Mixed, Sleeping Car attached at 3:00 A. M., for Grand Haven.
[illegible]
THOS. BELL, Gen'l Supt.

Great Central Through Route
WEST!
Michigan Central Rail Road!
Summer Schedule, Apr. 26, 1869.
[illegible]
SLEEPING CARS
[illegible]
H. E. SARGENT, Gen. Supt., Chicago.

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN AND NORTHERN INDIANA RAILROAD.
1867. February 25th. 1867.
[illegible]
TRAINS ARRIVE AT DETROIT
[illegible]
P. D. COOPER, Sup't, Detroit.
C. F. HATCH, Gen'l Sup't, Toledo, O.

MEAT MARKET.
GEORGE B. HUGHES.
Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Owosso, and vicinity, that he is prepared to furnish at all times, and at the lowest prices, the
Choicest Meats of the Season,
At his
NEW MEAT MARKET
Corner of Washington & Exchange Sts.
[illegible]
BEST QUALITY OF MEATS
[illegible]
CASH PAID
For Fat Stock and Hides!
GEORGE B. HUGHES.
Owosso, May 12, 1869.

Early Rising.

"God bless the man that first invented sleep!"
So Sancho Panza said, and so say I;
And bless him also that he didn't keep
His great discovery to himself, or try
To make it—as the lucky fellow might—
A close monopoly by "patent right!"

Yes—bless the man that first invented sleep,
(I really can't avoid the iteration;)
But blast the man with curses loud and deep,
Whate'er the rascal's name, or age, or station,
Who first invented, and went round advertising
That artificial cut-off early rising!

"Rise with the lark, and with the lark to bed,"
Observes some solemn sentimental owl—
Maxims like these are very cheaply said;
But, ere you make yourself a fool or fowl,
Pray just inquire about their rise—and fall,
And whether larks have any beds at all.

The "time for honest folks to be abed"
Is in the morning, if I reckon right;
And he who cannot keep his precious head
Upon the pillow till it's fairly light,
And so enjoy his forty morning winks,
Is up to knavery; or else he drinks!

Thomson, who sung about the "Seasons," said
It was a glorious thing to rise in season;
But then he said it—lying—in his bed
At ten o'clock A. M.—the very reason
He wrote so charmingly. The simple fact is,
His preaching wasn't sanctioned by his practice.

'Tis doubtless well to be sometimes awake—
Awake to duty, and awake to truth—
But when, alas! a nice review we take
Of our best deeds and days, we find, in sooth,
The hours that leave the slightest cause to weep
Are those we passed in childhood or asleep!

'Tis beautiful to leave the world awhile
For the soft visions of the gentle night;
And free, at last, from mortal care or guile,
To live, as only in the angels' sight,
In sleep's sweet realm so cosily shut in,
Where, at the worst, we only dream of sin!

So let us sleep, and give the Maker praise:
I like the lad, who, when his father thought
To clip his morning nap by hackneyed phrase
Of vagrant worm by early songster caught,
Cried, "Served him right!—it's not at all surprising;
The worm was punished, sir, for early rising!"

Sojourner Truth.

Mrs. F. D. Gage in the Chicagoan.

Mrs. Stowe's remarks on Sojourner's opinions of woman's rights, bring vividly to my mind a scene in Ohio, never to be forgotten by those who witnessed it. In the spring of 1851, a Woman's Rights Convention was called in Akron, Ohio, by the friends of that then wondrously unpopular cause. I attended that Convention. No one of this day can conceive of the state of feeling of the multitude that came together on that occasion.

The leaders of the movement, staggering under the weight of disapprobation already laid upon them, and tremblingly alive to every appearance of evil that might spring up in their midst, were many of them almost thrown into a panic on the first day of the meeting, by seeing a tall, gaunt, black woman, in a gray dress and white turban, surmounted by an uncouth sun-bonnet, march deliberately into the church, walk with the air of a queen up the aisle, and take her seat upon the pulpit steps. A buzz of disapprobation was heard all over the house, and such words as these fell upon listening ears:

"An abolition affair!" "Woman's rights and niggers!" "We told you so!" "Go it, old darkey!"

I chanced upon that occasion to wear my first laurels in public life as President of the meeting. At my request order was restored, and the business of the hour went on. The morning session closed; the afternoon session was held; the evening exercises came and went; old Sojourner, quiet and reticent as the "Lybian Statue," sat crouched against the wall on a corner of the pulpit stairs, her sun-bonnet shading her eyes, her elbow on her knee, and her chin resting on her hard, broad palm.

At intermission, she was busy selling the "Life of Sojourner Truth," a narrative of her own strange and adventurous life.

Again and again, timorous and trembling ones came to me and said with earnestness, "Don't let her speak, Mrs. G. It would ruin us. Every newspaper in the land will have our cause mixed up with abolition and niggers, and we shall be utterly denounced." My only answer was, "We shall see when the time comes."

The second day the work waxed warm. Methodist, Baptist, Episcopal, Presbyterian and Universalist ministers came in to hear and discuss the resolutions brought forth. One claiming superior rights and privileges for man because of superior intellect; another, because of the manhood of Christist. If God had desired the equality of woman, [illegible]

[illegible]

man could head me—and ar'n't I a woman? I have borne thirteen children, and seen 'em sold into slavery, and when I cried out with a mother's grief, none but Jesus heard—and ar'n't I a woman? Den dey talks 'bout dis ting in de head. What dis dey call it?" "Intellect," whispered some one near. "Dat's it honey. What's dat got to do wid woman's rights or niggers' rights. If my cup won't hold but a pint and yourn holds a quart, would'nt ye be mean not to let me have my little half measure full?" and she pointed her significant finger and sent a keen glance at the minister who had made the argument. The cheering was long and loud. "Den dat little man in black dar, he says woman can't hab as much right as man 'cause Christ wasn't a woman. *What did your Christ come from?*"

Rolling thunder could not have stilled that crowd as did those deep, wonderful tones, as she stood there with outstretched arms and eye of fire. Raising her voice still louder she repeated;

"What did your Christ come from? *From God and a woman. Man had nothing to do with Him.*" Turning again to another objector, she took up the defense of Mother Eve. I cannot follow her through it all. It was pointed, and witty, and solemn, eliciting at almost every sentence deafening applause; and she ended by asserting "dat if de fust woman God ebber made was strong enough to turn de world upside down all her own lone self, all dese togedder," and she glanced her eye over us, "ought to be able to turn it back, and get it right side up again; and now dey is asking to do it, de men better let 'em." (Long continued cheering.) "Bleeged to you for hearin' on me, and now old Sojourner ha'nt got nothin' more to say."

"Eternal Dish Washing."

Occasionally we find a man that realizes the combination of patience and "executive ability" required to perform successfully the round of a housekeeper's duties, but such usually reach their wisdom through actual practice. Such is the case with Rev. T. K. Beecher, who thus narrates his experience:

The quiet fidelity with which "she" will dish wash her life away for "him," is a marvel of endurance and grace. Just here is the servitude of woman heaviest;—no sooner is her work done than it requires to be done again. Man works by jobs, and ends them and takes his pay. This pay can be translated into anything else desirable. A man works all day, and draws pay for his day's work. This pay allures him, as oats a horse homeward bound. Thus men work by terms and jobs,—and although work is endless as to quantity, yet when cut up thus into terms and jobs, we men go heartily on our journey, and count our mile-stones.

Not so with our mates. "She" mends our socks, and we put our irrepressible toe upon the darned spot, and she darns it again. "She" washes for the family, and the family makes haste to send back the same garments to be washed again. "She" puts the room in order, and we get it ready to be "rid up" again. The same socks, the same washing, the same room every time. She has no successive jobs, no terms, no pay day, no tally-sticks of life. She washes the same dish three hundred and sixty-five times every year. No wonder she breaks it and is glad of it! What a relief to say, "I've broke that dish!"

Not only have we washed dishes, but so we cooked and served and helped eat a meal, (with hated appetite because of cooking) and now we are astounded at the number of thoughts, and steps, and acts, and processes involved in a very plain supper. Only two of us, jolly cronies, caring nothing for style and nicety, only a very plain supper. And we had it, and with it came wisdom.

Gentlemen, all! We go into a room and see a table ready set. It seems to us one thing—a supper. It is, in fact, from fifty to two hundred separate things, taken down one by one for us to use, and for "her" to wash and put back whence they came. There is a plate of biscuit. In that plate of simplicity we with our own hands and feet brought together a new quick fire for baking, viz. kindling wood, raking out stove, and bed of coal, flour from the bin, shortening from the gravy drip down cellar, salt from one box, sugar from another, soda from the [illegible], and (muriatic) from a bottle, [illegible]

[illegible]

were to be put. Among the stones was a very curious one; it seemed of no describable shape, it appeared built for any portion of the building. They tried it at this wall, but it would not fit; they tried it at another, but it could not accommodate; so, vexed and angry, they threw it away. The temple was so many years building that this stone became covered with moss, and grass grew around it. Everybody passing by laughed at the stone; they said Solomon was wise, and doubtless all the other stones were right, but as for that block, they might as well send it back to the quarry, for they were quite sure that it was meant for nothing. Year after year rolled on, and the poor stone was still despised, the builders constantly refused it. The eventful day came when the temple was to be finished and opened, and the multitude was assembled to see the grand sight. The builders said "where is the top stone? Where is the pinnacle?" They little thought where the crowning marble was, until some one said, "Perhaps that stone which the builders refused is meant to be the topstone. They hoisted it to the top of the house, and as it reached the summit they found it well adapted to the place. Loud hosannas made the welkin ring, as the stone which the builders refused thus became the head-stone of the corner. So it was with Christ Jesus. The builders cast him away. He was a plebian; he was a man of a poor extraction; he was a man acquainted with sinners; who walked in poverty and meanness, hence the worldly-wise despised him. But when God shall gather together in one all things that are in Heaven and on earth, then, Christ shall be the glorious consummation of all things.

"Christ reighs in Heaven the top most stone,
And well deserves the praise."

He shall be exalted; He shall be honored; His name shall endure as long as the sun, and all nations shall be blessed in Him; yea, all generations shall call Him blessed.

A Mystery Cleared up.

Ex-Secretary Stanton had an interview with Secretary Fish yesterday.—*Sensation Telegram of Associated Press.*

I was present at that interview. The subject of it was Warts.

Ex-Secretary Stanton said that when he was a boy he had sixteen on his left hand, one or two on his right thumb, and one on his elbow. He said he used to always hunt for old hollow stumps with rain-water standing in them to soak his warts in.

Secretary Fish said he had millions of warts when he was a boy, and sometimes he split a bean and tied it over a wart, and then took that bean and buried it in the cross-roads at midnight in the dark of the moon.

Ex-Secretary Stanton said he had tried that, but it never worked.

Secretary Fish said he could not remember that it worked—he only remembered trying it a good many times, and in the most unquestioning good faith.

Ex-Secretary Stanton said his usual plan was to run a needle through the wart and then hold the end of the needle in the candle till it warmed that wart to that degree that it would never take an interest in this world's follies and vanities any more forever.

Secretary Fish said he thought likely he was the wartlest boy that ever——

At this important moment ex-Secretary Stanton's carriage was announced, and he arose and took his leave. The next Associated Press dispatch that distressed the people through the columns of every single newspaper in America read as follows:

The subject of the interview between ex-Secretary Stanton and Secretary Fish has not transpired. There are various flying rumors. It is generally believed that it referred to the Alabama question, and was very important.

And yet they were only talking about Warts.

Hereafter, when I see vague, dreadful Associated Press dispatches stating that Jones called on the Secretary of the Interior last night, or Smith had an interview with the Attorney General, or Brown was closeted with the President until a late hour yesterday evening, I shall not be so terrified as I used to be. I shall feel certain that they were only talking about Warts, or something like [illegible]

[illegible]

MARK TWAIN.

Michigan.—An Outsider's View.

Not a State in all the Union is more alive than Michigan to-day. There is scarce a Railway station at a junction of two country roads that does not show the march of improvement. [illegible]

[illegible]

The Adirondacks—Disappointed Tourists.

The Burlington (Vt.) Press gives a melancholy picture of the great crowd of tourists and invalids who have sought the Adirondack regions this season in response to Mr. Murray's glowing description and advice: "The age for Adirondack," it says, will soon be over. The three thousand now there spend most of their time cursing Mr. Murray for writing such a high-flown book, and their own stupidity for taking it all as gospel truth. They cannot get guides, they cannot get deer, they cannot get fish. They get nothing but their journey for their pains. The few hotels there are in that region are overcrowded; three weeks ago one of them, we heard, had refused more than a hundred applications for accommodation, and another party last week spent four days in their wagon, driving from one house to another, unable to get a lodging anywhere. The most frequented lakes are "black with people," as one who has just returned from there remarked, and there is no shooting at deer, if deer were to be found, for fear of hitting men. But the most painful sights, as described by those who have returned from the woods, are the invalids; numbers just dying of consumption and other diseases, by the delightful picture held out by Mr. Murray's only too well-written work, have gone in search of recovery into the woods to find, some of them, only death. We have already heard of two deaths in the woods; one young woman was there last week, so helpless as to be carried around in a sort of box with handles; while miserable faces and sickness-eaten forms appear everywhere. The Adirondack woods are no place for the sick; it is emphatically a rough country, and only those who can "go it rough" can take pleasure there. Mr. Murray is now in the woods with a party of thirty or forty friends, and gets only left handed compliments from the disappointed health and pleasure seekers, some of whom have actually insulted him in the expression of their indignation.

The British Colonists looking towards Independence and Annexation.

A London letter says a meeting was lately held in London, consisting of all the most eminent representatives of the British Pacific Colonies, and presided over by one of the most eminent, if not the most eminent of Colonial Governors. At this gathering deep and general dissatisfaction was expressed with the political and moral relations of their important and growing countries with the parent state, and all the influential Colonists present, representing in fact all the important interests of their respective settlements, joined in the expression of a determination to require of Great Britain some reconstruction of her colonial empire which should afford them a guaranty that the interests of the various colonies should receive prompt attention. In the event of this being found impracticable, and the sense of the meeting was decidedly that it would be so found, it was decided by all present that they should use all their influence with their respective settlements to leave the British allegiance and seek in some form the protection of the United States, or at all events to become, in such a manner as may be decided, members of the system of the great Republic. The meeting was not public, but its results are likely to be known at an early day.

—There is great excitement in Southern Michigan over the death of a young man named McKee, who got on board the night train at Hillsdale for Jonesville, and was found the next morning on the track, dead, one leg and arm cut off by the cars and his body otherwise horribly mutilated. His home was in Archibald, O., and he had been living for the past three months with an uncle in Hillsdale. He was of unsteady habits, and when he got on the cars was intoxicated. A stranger was with him who has not since been heard from. The two refused to pay their fare, and the train was stopped for the purpose of putting them off. A man presumed to be McKee was found on the platform of the rear sleeping car by the brakeman, who ordered him to go forward, the man refused to go; he was told to go forward or he would have to leave the train; he refused; the brakeman pulled the bell rope and the engineer whistled down the brakes; the brakeman set his brakes between the two sleeping cars and went to the rear with his lantern and the man was gone. McKee's uncle states that McKee was an important witness in a law suit to be tried in Cleveland, Sept. 1st, and that he was under bonds for his appearance. Whether there was a plot to decoy him away and he was murdered by the stranger and placed upon the track, or whether the brakeman got into a scuffle with him and inadvertantly knocked him off the platform of the car, is a mystery. The brakeman is under arrest for manslaughter. The verdict of the jury was that the man came to his death in consequence of being ejected from the cars, and being run over by one or more trains of cars.

SHE STOOPS, BUT DOESN'T CONQUER.—Mrs. Dr. Walker has not yet subsided. She made another raid on Secretary Boutwell to-day, and was peremptorily informed that there was no office for her in his department. The fair bloomer evidently made up her mind that the Secretary was in earnest for she immediately burst into tears, but even they failed to melt his hard heart. Anger succeeded to tears, and she departed, vowing vengeance upon the Republican party in general, and this Administration in particular, because it failed to recognize her claims. The Doctor says she is in possession of some secrets known only to herself, and that failing to obtain office as a supplicant, she will now expose some things that certain officials would prefer to have hid. What these terrible expositions are the Doctor at this time refuses to say.—*Washington Correspondence Boston Journal.*

THE NEUTRAL LAND LEAGUE DENOUNCE U. S. SENATORS.—Kansas dispatches state that at a meeting recently held by the Land League on the neutral lands, speeches were made by Hon. Sidney Clarke and others. Resolutions were unanimously passed denouncing James F. Joy and the United States Senate, and asking Ross and Pomeroy to resign their seats. The resolutions also favor cutting loose from the Republican party and forming a new and independent State Central Committee. Pomeroy was [illegible]

MICHIGAN AS A WOOL STATE.—Statistics recently published show that Michigan ranks third in the Union in the number of sheep kept by her farmers. The return is for 1869 and shows for the seven leading wool-producing States as follows:

Ohio	6,730,125	Sheep
New York	4,996,824	"
Michigan	3,348,191	"
Pennsylvania	3,422,862	"
Indiana	2,822,476	"
Illinois	2,736,434	"
Iowa	2,501,379	"

Wisconsin, Missouri, and Vermont follow in the order named, and the entire number of sheep in the country is about 39,000,000. Michigan has nearly as many as the twelve Southern States together.

—The Hornellsville N. Y. Tribune draws the following doleful parallel: "Fairman of the Elmira Advertiser, has got a new suit of clothes, and every newspaper between sunrise and sundown has made an item of it. More than a year ago we got a new suit of clothes of E. T. Young, and no one ever mentioned it, until a day or two since, Mr. Young himself introduced the subject by inquiring if it wasn't about time those clothes were paid for! Sadly we contemplated the difference between Fairman's case and our own, and reluctantly we arrived at the conclusion that 'such is life!'"

Literary and Personal.

Laura C. Redden, known as Howard Glyndon, is preparing a volume of her poems for publication.

Frank Abtz, the German composer is under invitation to come over and conduct the national sangerfest at Cincinnati next summer.

The report of Eugenie's visit to Saratoga begins to look as if there was something in it. Two cottages have been engaged for her and hers at the springs.

The London Times denounces the statue of George III., at Liverpool, as being "unlike anything in the heavens above, in the earth beneath, or in the waters under the earth."

Mrs. Ann S. Stephens proposes to write a series of novels founded on American history, a la Muhlbach.

"Tell the fellow I hate him; but he has written the finest poem of the last fifty years." That was the message which a certain clever man of former days sent to Campbell, when he published "Gertrude of Wyoming." "Tell the fellow I detest him; but I know well the value of his favorable opinion," was Campbell's reply to the message.

The subject of Tennyson's new poem is the old German Legend of the "Quest of the Holy Grail." (The cup used by the Saviour at the last supper.)

The Middleborough Gazette says that the announcement of the marriage of Miss Minnie Warren to Commodore Nutt has proved to be premature, at least. Miss Warren has not been, is not, and it is not known that she will be, married to Commodore Nutt. She is with her parents in Middleborough.

State News.

Ten divorces have been granted during the present term of the Saginaw Circuit.

By means of a drain fifteen miles in length, 8,000 acres of land in Mussey, St. Clair county, are to be made fit for cultivation.

Some 70 tons of rock were thrown out at a single blast a few days since in the work of clearing out the channel at Eagle Harbor.

At the Cincinnati Exposition the Flint Woolen Factory is represented by eight different styles of Cassimeres, it being the only Michigan mill represented.

Mr. Ira W. Watson, of Bay City, committed suicide by cutting his throat with a carving knife, last week, during temporary insanity. He was married only a year and a half ago to Miss Mollie Ward, a superior young lady, for many years a teacher in the public schools of Detroit.

Major General Custer has been assigned to the command of the cavalry operating in the vicinity of Fort Harker, on the plains, relieving Col. Lewis Merrill. Major General Wilcox is at Camp McDermott, Nevada, in attendance upon a court martial.

Gov. Baldwin has pardoned Wm. Brown, sentenced to State Prison for life a few months ago from Ionia county, for the murder of Morse, the man who was found dead, hanging in his barn early in the morning. Brown's health was failing so rapidly in the Prison that his life was despaired of. He has all the time declared his innocence of the deed, and still asserts it.

Steps are being taken by the capitalists of Manistee and other villages southward along the lake shore, to organize a Railroad Company to build a railroad from Manistee to Muskegon, there to connect with the Ferrysburg and Muskegon road. This movement will doubtless finally result in the construction of a Lake Shore line from Traverse Bay to New Buffalo.

The centennial anniversary of the birth of Napoleon Bonaparte will be celebrated by French citizens in Detroit, Aug. 15. John Leock, one of Napoleon's veterans, will be President of the day, and several others who served with him, will be honorary Vice Presidents. Mr. Leock is 83 years of age. He entered the service of Napoleon I. in 1807, and was discharged in 1814, having during that time participated in many memorable engagements, and received seven wounds. The proceeds of the occasion will be divided equally for the benefit of the French poor of the city and the veterans who are at present inmates of the *Hotel des Invalides*, in Paris, France.

A funny joke was perpetrated on a constable in Manchester recently. He had a fellow in charge under arrest on suspicion of being one of the burglars perambulating the country. Pending examination the prisoner was locked up in a room in the hotel for the night, but for further security the officer took his clothes into his own room. Somehow the prisoner managed to escape, minus his clothes. The next morning in the midst of the consternation, the constable received word from a Mr. Rose that a stranger had made his appearance at his house the night before, naked, acting very strangely, and refusing to give any account of himself, and that he had detained the fellow for further developments. The delighted officer started, hand cuffs in hand, for the residence of Mr. Rose, and on arriving there was met by a nurse, who presented him a fine baby which had made its advent only a few hours previously. The constable [illegible]

Our Advertising Rates

[illegible]

The Jackson Citizen gives the following case of premonition and sudden death:

It will be recollected that in the early part of June we published an account of the sudden death of Mrs. Rhea, in the township of Tompkins. This old lady died on the 26th of May, after an illness of a few minutes. About a week after Mrs. George W. Barnes, a daughter of the deceased, visited her mother's house, and while there the clock, which had not been wound up for several days struck one. In a few days she made another visit to the house, when the clock again struck one, though it had not been running for three weeks. The repeated striking of the clock the lady interpreted to be the premonition of death, and upon her return home, which was a few rods from her mother's late residence, she related the circumstance to her husband, and stated that she thought another death in the family would soon occur. On the 24th of July, just two months from the date of her mother's demise, and at the same hour in the day, Mrs. Barnes was taken suddenly ill, and in a few moments expired.

News Items.

Vinnie Ream has arrived at Rome with her bust of Lincoln.

It is stated positively that Spain has refused to sell Cuba on any terms to the United States.

A trans-continental railroad convention is to be held at Oswego, New York, October 6th.

A flying toad, now in Washington, was captured by a Senator at Cape Henry, a few days since.

Andrew Jenkins is announced to cross Niagara, by riding a velocipede on a rope over the raging waters, August 17.

Fifteen cent notes are now being issued for general circulation, and a new style of ten cent note is being put in circulation.

La France newspaper reports that Queen Isabella is disposed to abdicate the throne of Spain in favor of Prince of Asturias.

Private advices from Berlin and Frankfort say the German Atlantic Cable is being actively discussed, and will probably be pushed forward immediately.

The cholera which broke out in the beginning of July at Teheran, in Persia, where the deaths rose rapidly to forty a day, is making its way westward.

There will be four negro members in the Virginia Senate and fourteen in the House. Two of them are conservatives and the rest are radicals.

A terribly destructive fire occurred in Philadelphia last week, Wednesday, the most destructive one that has occurred in that city since the great fire of 1850.

The Whitehouse-Cheney struggle is likely to end at present. Judge Jameson of the Superior Court sustains the injunction, and the case is to be carried to the Supreme Court.

The Empress Eugenie is expected to visit Constantinople in September. Preparations on a most extensive scale have already commenced there for her reception.

A beautiful specimen of marble, much superior to the Italian, has been received at the Land Office from a new quarry discovered recently on the Fort Leavenworth, Ks., Reservation.

It is found that the loss of currency by wear and tear is more than sufficient to pay the expense of printing and issuing it. The average life of a bank note is three years, and that of currency a much shorter time.

The Cuban Junta have forwarded a protest to the President and Secretary Fish against the proposed purchase of Cuba from the Spanish government, alleging that two thirds of the Island is owned by native Cubans, and is now held by the authorities.

A celebrated German surgeon has just performed the operation of separating two female children, five years of age, who were joined together in the same manner as the Siamese twins. One of the patients died the same day. The survivor is in good health.

Prince Henri De Bourbon, brother-in-law to Isabella, is preparing to return to Spain by permission of the government. The Prince has been seven times banished by the ex Queen on account of his radical opinions. Admiral Topete is striving hard to obtain the Spanish crown for the Duke of Montpensier.

Secretary Boutwell has concluded to have a new issue of all denominations of greenbacks, from one to the thousand dollar notes. The plates are now being engraved from entirely new designs at the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. No likeness of any living man will be placed on any note.

Sing Man and Choy Chew, the Chinese merchants from San Francisco, who accompanied the Chicago commercial party, visited the Chicago Board of Trade, and made speeches expressive of their delight at their trip over the Pacific railway, their cordial treatment by the excursionists and reception in Chicago.

News from the City of Mexico is that prominent citizens and Europeans had been arrested on suspicion of being connected with a plot to assassinate President Juarez and his ministers, and to pillage the city. Minister Nelson had been appealed to, but he refused to intercede in behalf of the alleged conspirators.

The exposition of Textile Fabrics of Western and Southern manufacture, opened at Cincinnati on Tuesday, of last week, with a fine display of goods and large attendance. Two stores of three stories each were filled with goods, all of very fine quality. Among the articles was a box of cassimeres and jeans from Brigham Young, Salt Lake City, from the Desert Mills. Three thousand articles were on exhibition the first day.

In Boston, last week, Mrs. Dr. Hobbs was shot dead in her parlor, in the presence of her husband and child, by Major Thomas L. White, of Mississippi, a patient in their house. He came to Boston about two weeks ago, from Mississippi, suffering from a pulmonary complaint, and having been an intimate friend of Dr. Hobbs and wife, was taken into their family for medical treatment. It is asserted that he was in love with Mrs. Hobbs, and in fact a monomaniac in his devotion.

A Yankee doctor has tried to extract from sausages a powerful tonic, which he says, contains the 'full strength of the [illegible]

The Owosso Press.

J. H. CHAMPION, & Co. Proprietors

OWOSSO. MICH.

Wednesday, AUGST 11, 1869.

Subscribers to THE OWOSSO PRESS, whose papers are delivered at the Corunna postoffice, can pay their subscriptions at the Book and Periodical Store of L. D. Phelps next door to the National Bank, and receive receipts for the same.

Conservative Victory in Tennessee.

The election in Tennessee, on the 5th inst., resulted in the success of Senter, the Conservative candidate, by 30,000 majority. For several days previous to the election, the Stokes party saw their case a hopeless one, and a report was circulated that, in the event of defeat, it was the intention of Gen. Stokes to assemble a legislature of his own at Nashville, to organize a separate State Government, and to call upon Gen. Cooper of the Militia, for his assistance. Gen. Cooper and the Federal office-holders, and the Republican municipal authorities of Nashville were committed to the conspiracy, and although the scheme was attributed to Hurace Maynard, it is said to be sanctioned by Boutwell and the other Radical leaders at Washington. In lieu of the militia, which is disbanded, Gen. Cooper was to be backed up by the Grand Army of the Republic. The design of the plot was to create a conflict which would call for the intervention of Congress, then, of course, "'Spruss will make it all right." Meanwhile, it is expected that the administration will protect Stokes and his party until Congress meets. A nice plan, and so well concocted that a Conservative victory could do no possible damage to the dominant party. Whether the plot hatches, the future will determine. The State Journal, the Stokes organ in Nashville, suspended the day after the election.

The Tennessee Legislature will have a decided Conservative majority, and in West Tennessee the entire Democratic legislative ticket is elected.

"Assailing the Administration."

The Republican press has relieved Democratic journals of the necessity of assailing the present administration for many weaknesses, by taking the job into its own hands. The Cincinnati Commercial, a Republican paper that labored hard for Grant's election now says:

"Some of the extreme party organs have taken to scolding the Sun because of its bold, blunt, manner of talking to General Grant. It would be much better for Gen. Grant and the Republican party if some of these cringing, time-serving, spoils-seeking, office expecting champions of the President would follow the example of the Sun, and tell him to his face that *he has done nothing but blunder* since he entered the White House. These termagant organs know it, but lack the courage to speak their mind, for fear of losing the chance of being made postmaster or tide waiter. General Grant has been acting like a spoiled child, and a gentle application of birch would be likely to have a powerful effect upon him. We advise the special friends of the General, who are acting very much as superannuated grandmas and grandpapas do with a pet grandchild, to remember the ancient adage, "spare the rod and spoil the child." We speak thus plainly because we think the occasion demands it—even at the risk of being assailed as a Conservative, playing into the hands of the Democracy. A little wholesome truth telling applied to President Grant, we repeat, will be advantageous to him and his party."

Owosso and Port Huron Railroad.

The Flint Citizen of last week gives the following cheering prospects of this road:

Hon. A. L. Williams, of Owosso, accompanied by a party of Engineers, arrived in this City on Thursday morning, over the projected line of Rail Road from Owosso to this City. The party have made a careful survey of the line, and find the route via Flushing a very desirable one. They have made two surveys for entrance into this City, one to terminate near the old Depot of the F. & P. M. Road, the other coming in between Eddy's planing mill and Smith & Carpenter's mill. For the purpose of pushing this road through to completion a Board of Directors has been chosen, and Mr. Williams elected President of the Road, who expresses the most confident hope that the road will be built at once. The Michigan Central Road has made a proposition to track and equip this line whenever the road bed shall be completed. This proposition will undoubtedly be accepted and ensure us the road, as there is probably no doubt but that private enterprise will accomplish the preliminary conditions.

Owosso and Big Rapids Railroad.

The Big Rapids Pioneer, of Aug. 5, says:

A meeting of the Directors of the above named company was held at Owosso on Friday of last week, to make arrangements for future operations, and the speedy construction of the road.—Engineers will commence the survey in a few days, and if the towns and people along the proposed route will render aid to the amount they have already pledged themselves to do, the road can be built and in operation to this city within the next two years.

The Owosso people are in earnest in the matter, and if our citizens will take hold of the enterprise with like earnestness, the speedy construction of the road is sure. The Detroit & Milwaukee, Jackson Lansing & Saginaw, and the Michigan Central Railroads are all favorably disposed towards this road, and will render it material aid.

— The radicals in Virginia, through the Wells committee, made overtures to the Conservatives for a union of the two parties, but the Walker party, claiming that the Conservatives are the National Republican party of Virginia, representing the policy of the President and Congress, declined to fuse. They, however, [illegible] the "[illegible]" the Wells party, home to their ruins.

— Gen. Rosecrans declines the nomination for Governor of Ohio. He sent the following telegram to Judge Thurman:

SAN FRANCISCO, August 7.—After the war I resigned a very desirable position in the army and left my State to secure at least the possibility of fulfilling duties deemed sacred to my creditors and family. These duties forbid the honor of leading the Democracy in Ohio in the pending canvass for Governor.

This will compel the assembling of another State convention as the State Central Committee will hardly take the responsibility of making a new nomination. The State Central Committee meet at Columbus, to-day, to take action in the premises.

Why not Advertise in Dull Times?

This question is asked by Rowell's Advertising Gazette, and answered in a very pertinent and reasonable manner by the same journal. It is a well-known fact that there is a large class of advertisers who, when dull times approach, instead of using the usual sagacity exhibited at other seasons, proceed to "curtail expenses" by cutting off their advertising. As well might they take down their signs when trade is dull, and carefully shield them from the inclement weather. The Gazette says: "It may be laid down as an indisputable fact, that if in good times it is necessary to advertise to secure business, in dull times it is more so. And why? Simply because the fact of advertising at all is proof conclusive; hence, the more one patronizes the press the greater will be the revenue, and the more certain his success. Many men are dependent entirely upon advertising for success. Suppose they were to refuse to advertise at all? "Dull times" would be the inevitable result, and no one would wonder at their failure. Of course some seasons of the year are better adapted to particular classes of advertising than others, yet the general advertiser can never afford to withdraw himself from the public, even for a single day, and the judicious one never will. Persistency and energy are always requisites, and their fruits can be gathered by no other incentives, much less by inaction and lamentation."

A Lesson for Mothers.

It is a shameful fact that many of our American mothers, in their eagerness to fit their daughters for high positions in society, overlook the importance of also rendering them self-sustaining in case of those reverses to which every family, in this country, is liable. We once heard a mother, vain of her daughter's accomplishments, tell the newly-inaugurated son-in-law, and boastfully too, that "she didn't know how her daughter would succeed as a house-keeper, for she was totally ignorant of all household duties." "The more shame to you to bring her up so," thought we, as we looked, almost contemptuously at the able-bodied bride, then pityingly at the poor wemm of a husband. We have been led to these reflections by reading the following account of the commendable ideas of Commodore Vanderbilt's daughter, as related by a lady who has been spending some time at a Saratoga hotel, where a son-in-law of the Commodore was stopping with his family:

"Calling in the room of the Commodore's daughter one day she found her giving her little daughters some lessons in the homely work of darning stockings. The visitor expressed surprise that she should bother herself or daughters with such work, when the Commodore's daughter replied there was no telling what a woman might be called upon to do in this country, or what fate awaited her, and she believed in instructing them in useful pursuits as a preparation for any reverse that might overtake them."

— "Origin Unknown" is often the verdict in cases of fires, but if the truth could be ascertained it would, nine times out of ten, be found in some simple act of carelessness, as in a recent occurrence at Pontiac, related by the Gazette, which we transcribe as a caution to housekeepers:

"The dwelling of Mr. Norvell Norton had a narrow escape from being destroyed by fire about 2 o'clock, on Wednesday. The fire caught from the stove, in some clothes hung before it on the clothes-bars to dry, after being ironed, and when discovered, had burned up through the roof, and was fast getting under way. It was discovered by some lads at play in the street, who promptly gave the alarm, and through active exertions was extinguished in time to save the building. Five minutes more, and it would probably have been too late.—The damage to the building and the clothing, &c., will amount to over $100.

Henry Ward Beecher has lately been pitching into the practice of working railroad conductors and drivers on Sunday. The other day, Mr. Beecher, in his peculiar way, was making inquiries of a Brooklyn conductor, to whom he was unknown, as to whether the Sunday riding could not be broken up. "I think it might be," said the conductor, "but for that confounded fellow, Beecher.—So many fancy people, from all parts, visit his establishment, that it makes the road profitable. If he would only shut up, the thing might be done."

The Newspaper Cash System.

The Wisconsin editors have been holding a convention, at which the proposition was broached for establishing a general newspaper system out there on the basis of cash payments. The New York Bookmaker:

Why not everywhere? It is the only proper way. Most of our country newspapers live half-starved on the credit system, when they might get fat and saucy on the cash system. Our war correspondence, for instance, during the late rebellion, cost us over half a million cash. We could afford it with our cash system; but where would we have been under the old, stupid credit system?—Nowhere. Of all things in the world, newspapers call for the cash system, and it is always the best for buyer and seller. "Mr. Speaker," once said John Randolph, "I have found the philosopher's stone. It is pay as you go, sir, and be paid as you go."

— Recent acts of Gen. Canby indicate that he intends to enforce the requirements of the test oath on the recently elected members of the Virginia Legislature.

News Items.

Prince Arthur is expected to arrive at Halifax on the 22d inst, in the steamer City of Paris.

The small band of rebels in Nicaragua have been defeated and it was expected that the rebellion would soon be quelled.

Last Friday night there was a frost in Maine. On Mount Washington there was a slight fall of snow, and ice formed during the night.

In Virginia the corn is suffering terribly from drought along the Virginia & Tennessee Railroad. No rain has fallen for eight weeks.

After the execution of some Carlist insurrectionists recently, the band to which they belonged petitioned the government for amnesty. The bands everywhere are dispersing.

The election which took place in Kentucky on Monday of last week, resulted in the election of the entire Democratic ticket by a majority of about 40,000. The Democrats have elected a large majority of members of the State Legislature.

The Panama Star says: "Instructions have been received from the Navy Department at Washington, by Commander Truxton, to prepare the sloop-of-war Jamestown for a trip to Fiji Islands, to investigate the case of the late missionary murder there."

The National Freedmen's Association of the District of Columbia, in an appeal to the charitable, states that the aged, disabled and destitute people of that city are now in great want of food.—Among the sufferers are both white and colored. Some are already perishing from want of the necessities of life.

A landslide occured near Hudson N. Y., last week. Five acres of land, situated on an elevation above a dry ravine, from which the quicksand has been gradually washed away, caved in to a distance of over 30 feet, and the surface moved forwards over 600 feet, carrying with it trees and everything in its way. As the motion was gradual no damage to persons occurred.

It is understood that in the event of Empress Eugenie making a tour of this country, the Navy Department will be advised by the commanding officer of the United States squadron in Europe, in time to make preparations for her reception. The French fleet to convey the Empress across the Atlantic, will, in that event, probably be escorted by Rear Admiral Radford in his flagship, the Franklin.

Late advices from Cuba state that the Spanish troops in the insurrectionary districts have been reinforced by all the disposable forces on the island preparatory to active operations. In the Cinco Villas District there have been several contests in which small parties were engaged, but in every instance, the Spaniards were defeated. On account of the setting in of the rainy season, both parties are compelled to suspend operations.

At Shakopee, Minnesota, two girls of the ages of fifteen and sixteen, daughters of a Swede named Anderson, each gave birth to an illegitimate child within a day or two of each other. Both retired a short distance from their house when the births took place, and each one at the time took her babe and threw it into the Minnesota River. The body of one child was found. One of the girls is said to have confessed that before throwing her child into the river she strangled it to death. Both girls are under arrest.

In the British House of Commons, the 7th inst., in reply to an enquiry respecting the boundaries between the British possessions and the United States, Mr. Otway stated that the land question was already settled. In respect to the water boundaries, Earl Russell, in 1866, had proposed that the matter be referred to arbitration. The United States Government agreed to this proposal, but the negotiations were interrupted by the breaking out of the war. In October last the American Government renewed the proposition for arbitration, and a convention was signed, which now awaits the ratification of the Senate.

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY for September is on hand, full of seasonable patterns and directions. The enterprising publisher of this popular Magazine is first in the field in announcing, among the inducements to subscribers for the coming year, the finest premium ever yet offered for a single subscription to any magazine in this or, any other country. It consists of a copy, retailed at ten dollars, of Mrs. Lily M. Spencer's great picture of "PIC-NIC ON THE FOURTH OF JULY," the engraving of which artists were sent for, specially from Europe, to complete. Published at 838 Broadway, N. Y., for $3 a year.

PETERS' MUSICAL MONTHLY for August contains, besides a good quantity of musical reading matter, "No Name" and "Widow McGee" songs by Will S. Hays; "God Bless my Boy at Sea;" "Beside the Sea" by W. C. Peters; "Golden Chimes;" "The Coming Step;" "Honey Suckle Waltz;" "Mother Watch the Little Feet;" "Near the Banks of that Lone River;" and two pieces of sacred music, in all thirty pages of music. Price $3 a year, and a cheap investment it is for musicians. J. L. Peters, Publisher, 198 Broadway, N. Y.

GOOD HEALTH is the the title of a new magazine, devoted to subjects of a Hygienic and Sanatory nature. It will also contain papers on topics of popular and scientific interest; Sketches of Travels and adventures; Lives of Eminent Men; Fiction, in the form of short and entertaining stories; Information bearing on the Pursuits, Education, and Recreation of the People; and a variety of instructive and humorous reading. The August number, which is Number three of Volume one, is very interesting. It contains articles on Practical Physiology; Help in Accidents; Management of the Skin; and others of intense interest. Terms $2 a year. Published by Alex. Moore, Boston.

Merry's Museum for August, Miss Alcott, the editor, relates, with her singular power of brief and vivid description, a pathetic experience of her hospital life during the late war. Her story of "An Old-Fashioned girl" is continued. It contains also "Madam Cluck and her Family;" "Writing Composition;" "Marie Antoinette;" a charming poem by Miss Prescott, the usual Monthly Chat, Puzzle Drawer, &c.; the whole handsomely illustrated and well printed. $1.50 a year. Single numbers 15 cts. HORACE B. FULLER, Publisher, 14 Bromfield street, Boston.

— From a supplement to the Muskegon Enterprise we learn that Geo. R. Roberts' mill at that place, one of the oldest and best on the lake, was totally consumed by fire on the night of the 8th inst. Origin of the fire unknown. Loss $60,000.

Last Sunday the fare over the Pacific Railroad from Chicago to San Francisco was reduced to $130, a reduction of $23. The emigrant fare is reduced to $60.

The noted Five Points' buildings of New York are being demolished.

GREAT

Closing Out Sale!

To Commence

Monday, July 26, '69.

A. & F. CUMMIN,

CORUNNA, MICH.

Will, on and after the above date sell from their stock at

New York

Wholesale Prices

AND CONTINUE UNTIL SOLD OUT.

In offering our goods at cost, the public have an opportunity of procuring

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHS,

GROCERIES,

CROCKERY,

HATS,

CAPS,

NOTIONS,

&c., &c.,

at GREATER BARGAINS than have heretofore been afforded for years.

A. & F. CUMMIN.

Corunna, July 23, 1869. 44tf.

NEW MEAT MARKET.

I have opened a

MEAT MARKET

in my New Building on Exchange street, north side, first door west of Washington avenue, and am now prepared to furnish

FAMILIES, HOTELS, AND VICTUALING ROOMS

with every kind of Meats, fresh or salt;

ALSO GAME, FISH, CHICKENS &c. &c. in their season.

Terms as moderate as any other market, I will pay the highest price in cash for all kinds of hides and pelts.

Owosso, June 12, 1867. H. C. MARTIN. 38:tf

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

J. H. GOETZEN,

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Owosso and vicinity, that I just got ready general Stock of

SPRING and SUMMER

CLOTHING!!

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings,

AND

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

Which I will sell CHEAPER than any other House in the city.

JOHN H. GOETZEN.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF

Fenton, Michigan.

NEW GOODS!

New Goods!

OSBURN & SONS

AT THEIR

NEW

DoubleStore,

Are opening a

Large and Fine

NEW STOCK

OF

NEW GOODS,

CARPETS,

Furnishing Goods

Hosiery, Gloves,

HATS, CAPS,

CROCKERY,

GLASS WARE,

TABLE CUTLERY.

Silver Plated Ware,

Groceries,

In Great Variety.

THE

Largest Stock

AND

LOWEST PRICES!

In The County.

May 5, 1869.

D. DIMMICK & SON,

AT THE

OWOSSO CITY BAKERY

GROCERY AND CONFECTIONERY

EXCHANGE STREET.

Keep constantly on hand a choice selection of

Family Groceries,

ALSO

Fresh Bread, Rusks, Buns, Cakes

Pies, Crackers, &c.,

always ready for customers.

May 13, 1868.

HENDERSONVILLE

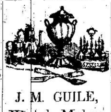
VILLAGE LOTS

FOR SALE!

Hendersonville is situated in the town of Rush, Shiawassee Co., on the Jackson, Lansing & Saginaw Railroad, 6 miles north of Owosso, 32 miles from Saginaw City. It is surrounded by fine improved farms, and the Shiawassee River half a mile from the railroad, furnishes extensive water power already in use. The village is laid out with streets at right angles, and lanes in rear of all the lots. I am now offering lots to actual settlers who will erect houses, on the most favorable terms, affording a rare chance to all to have homes of their own in a delightfully situated village.

A. HENDERSON.

April 20, 1869.—1y.



J. M. GUILE,

Watch Maker

AND

JEWELER,

J. M. GUILE has just received one of the largest and best assortment of

Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Pens Silver Ware, Clocks, Rings, Yankee Notions, &c., &c.,

Every brought into Shiawassee County.

Particular attention given to repairing of

Watches and Clocks.

His Store is on Washington street

SIGN OF THE BIG WATCH.

Owosso, April 25, 1866. 30

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVER.

MESSRS. LAZERUS & MORRIS,

Opticians & Occulists,

HARTFORD, CONN.

CELEBRATED

PERFECTED SPECTACLES,

APPOINTED

J. M. GUILE, Jeweler,

OWOSSO, MICH.

Spectacles Unequalled by any for their Strengthening and Preserving Qualities.

Producing a Clear & Distinct Vision

AS IN THE

NATURAL HEALTHY SIGHT.

That Preserve as well as Assist the Sight!

Caution!

Mr. J. M. Guile,

DEALER IN

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry &c.,

OWOSSO, MICH.

We Employ no Peddlers.

Owosso, June 23, 1869.—33-1y.

READ THIS!

NEW

SPRING & SUMMER

MILLINERY!

AT

MISS MARY J. HILL

I am now receiving my

Spring and Summer

STOCK

OF

MILLINERY GOODS!

Also, a complete line of

HOOP SKIRTS,

CORSETS, HOSE,

HANDKERCHIEFS &c.,

MY MILLINERY STOCK

is ample, and I am sure that an examination will convince you that

Here is the Place to Purchase.

All kinds of Felt and Straw work done to order.

Don't fail to give me a call before purchasing.

Rooms up Stairs, first door at the left, over M. L. Stewart's Store, Washington Street, Owosso, Mich.

May 26, 1869.

MRS. C. H. DECKER,

Has just received direct from New York the largest and best assorted stock of

Spring & Summer

MILLINERY GOODS,

Ever before offered for sale in Owosso.

A large Stock of

FANCY GOODS

Of every kind, in fact everything to be found in a first-class Millinery establishment.

Rooms on Exchange Street.

Owosso, Apr. 1, 1868.

TRY IT

AND BE CONVINCED THAT

J. HENDERSON'S

HAIR TONIC

IS THE BEST IN THE WORLD FOR CURING HEADACHE, REMOVING DANDRUFF, ETC., ETC.

Warranted free from all injurious ingredients.

Manufactured and for sale by J. Henderson, at his Shop, over Hoyt & Davis' Store.

LADIES' HAIR DRESSING,

Done in the latest and most fashionable style.

CASH PAID FOR HUMAN HAIR.

J. HENDERSON.

Owosso, April 14, 1869.—50-tf.

JOB PRINTING.

YERLY & MOSES

Keep constantly on hand the

Largest Stocks

OF

STAPLE and FANCY

DRY GOODS

Ever brought to

OWOSSO CITY!

CLOTHS:

BROAD CLOTHES,

CASSIMERES,

DOE SKINS,

VESTINGS OF

VERY FINE QUALITY.

Also a choice lot of

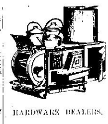
GROCERIES.

Give us a call before purchasing

ELSEWHERE!

KNAPP & PECK,

(Successors to S. Knapp & Co.)



HARDWARE DEALERS,

COOK AND HEATING STOVES

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST

P. P. STEWART COOK STOVE

GO TO

L. STRUBER'S

Where you will find a full assortment

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

FOR

LADIES MEN AND CHILDRENS

Wear.

Leather and Findings, always on hand

Particular attention given to custom work

L. STRUBER.

Exchange Street, Owosso.

LORING'S

Variety Store,

Opposite M. L. Stewart's,

Owosso, Mich.,

Is the place to find all kinds of goods.

Just received from the manufactory,

4,500

ROLLS WALL PAPER,

NEW SPRING STYLES.

Call at Loring's and be convinced that he sells goods

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST

Owosso, March 8th, 1869—1y.

OWOSSO CITY FOUNDRY

AND

MACHINE SHOP

C. W. CLAPP & CO.,

Announce to the public that they are now prepared to execute all kinds of work in their line. Particular attention given to

ENGINE AND MILL WORK,

of every description. They also manufacture and keep constantly on hand

WOOD SAWING MACHINES,

and a large variety of

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

Such as

Plows, Cultivators, Road Scrapers &c.

They also invite the attention of farmers to Babcock & Jenks celebrated

Land Roller & Plaster Sower

Combined, something new and warranted to give satisfaction.

A good supply of Iron and Steel always on hand, of different sizes for Shafting &c. Castings made to order and uniform price to all.

Determined not to be outdone in the promptness and dispatch with which all orders will be attended to, nor in the excellence of their work when completed, they solicit a generous share of patronage from the citizens of Shiawassee county and vicinity.

C. W. CLAPP,

L. A. HAMBLIN,

E. G. HAMBLIN.

Owosso, Jan. 20, 1869.

W. H. ROBINSON'S

Cabinet Ware Room,

Sign of the

BLACK HEAD BOARD,

WASHINGTON STREET, OWOSSO,

Is filled to overflowing with the

BEST STOCK

OF

FURNITURE

Ever offered in the county, all of which will be sold at

Wholesale or Retail

At Prices below any other place for the same quality of goods

Call and see.

CHAMBER SETS,

Of the most elegant material and finish

Superb Toilet Bureaus,

Centre Tables, Divans, Couches,

What-Nots, Hall Stands,

Wash Stands, Chairs,

Of every description,

Extension Tables

On a new principle, the best ever made.

Ready made Coffins, and an experienced Undertaker in readiness to attend funerals.

Owosso, May 20, 1869.

MRS. THOMAS,

Still continues her Business of

DRESS MAKING

At her old stand, and

TISSUE PATTERNS

Plain Sewing of all descriptions, done by hand and on the machine, to order and in the neatest manner.

Rooms one door East of Dimmick & Son, Exchange Street.

Owosso, May 12, 1869.

NATIONAL HOTEL.

Corner of Washington and Main Street.

OWOSSO, MICH.

Having been thoroughly renovated, and being well provided with rooms, affords the most comfortable accommodations for guests and boarders. The table is always supplied with the best of the season and the long experience of the proprietor, he trusts, will be accepted as a guaranty that no pains will be spared to make the stay of guests in his house pleasant and agreeable. Free carriage to and from the cars. Good Stabling, feed and care for horses.

JACOB AMBLEY, Proprietor.

THE OWOSSO WEEKLY PRESS.

The only newspaper entirely printed in Shiawassee County, and possessing an individuality exclusively its own, has attained a circulation exceeding any other in the County, and as an advertising medium is, therefore, superior to any other.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Travelers' Guide.

DETROIT AND MILWAUKEE R. R.

Trains leave Owosso as follows:

GOING EAST.

Local Freight at 9:30 A. M., for Detroit
Mail at 1:06 P. M., for Detroit.
Through Mixed, Sleeping Car attached at 1:37 A. M. for Detroit.

GOING WEST.

Mixed at 7 A. M., for Grand Rapids
Mail at 2:15 P. M., for Grand Haven.
Through Mixed, Sleeping Car attached at 2:05 A. M., for Grand Haven.

JACKSON, LANSING & SAGINAW.

Trains leave Owosso as follows:

GOING NORTH,		GOING SOUTH,	
Exp.	9:30 a m from New Depot.	Mail,	8:55 a m from New Depot.
Mail,	6:15 p m from New Depot.	Exp.	6:00 p m from New Depot.

Club

☞ *We can furnish the Owosso Press and the Western Rural for $3,50, per year, paid strictly in advance. At the regular rates the two papers, taken separately, cost $4,50. By taking advantage of our offer, persons desiring both papers can save one dollar.*

NOTICE.—All those interested in forming a Lecture Association and securing a course of popular lectures for the coming winter are requested to meet in the room of the Young Men's Christian Association on Friday evening of this week, at eight o'clock.

☞ A gentleman having three tickets from Owosso to Milwaukee by the D. & M. R. R. and Steamship line, which he has no occasion to use, would be happy to dispose of them at a reduced price. Inquire of J. H. Gulls.

BIG VEGETABLES.—Mr. Thos. Ellis, has laid upon our table two radishes raised upon his father's farm, one 16 inches in length and 5½ inches in circumference; the other 13½ inches in length and 5 inches in circumference.

Mr. Alanson Crawford brought into our office on Monday, a parsnip measuring 5 feet and 5 inches from the top of the plant to the end of the root.

We call these "some" vegetables. Who can beat them?

TEMPERANCE PIC-NIC.—We are informed that it has been determined by the friends of Temperance throughout the county to hold a Basket Pic-Nic in the grove near Bennington School House No. 1, one mile east of Bennington Station, on Saturday, August 28th. Rev. John Russell will be present, and perhaps others from abroad. The occasion cannot fail to be both pleasant and profitable. A general invitation is extended to all persons interested in the subject of Temperance.

A PROBABLE CASE OF CONSCIENCE.—Messrs. Osburn & Sons received by last Monday's mail an envelope, post marked Chicago, containing a fifty dollar greenback folded in a blank half sheet of paper—"only this and nothing more." The penniless waif is probably the offspring of some conscience-pricked debtor, who takes this way of "laying the ghost" of remorse. If said ghost would stalk around more importunately than it does, more honest men would get their dues.

PERSONAL.—Judge Turner and family have returned from their Lake Superior trip.

Dr. A. R. Knapp is back from his Eastern tour, and is prepared to resume business at his Dental Rooms.

Hon. Hugh McCurdy and family, of Corunna, started Monday for a trip into Wisconsin, designing to spend some time at Appleton in that State.

— A teamster named Wicks, while hauling a load of lumber, on Saturday, from the J. L. & S. depot, for N. H. Robinson, having driven through the brook near E. E. White's, fell from his load when ascending the slope of the grade to the road, and was quite seriously hurt. He struck the ground heavily upon his side, and it was at first supposed that some of the bones of his hip or thigh were broken, but no displacement was discovered. Nevertheless, he is disabled and confined to his house by the injury.

NEW WHEAT, the first of the season, was bought by Gregory & McHardy on Thursday, last week. The price paid was $1.45.

An unusual amount of old wheat has been bought by the same firm within a week, for which they paid, until Monday, $1.50 for Treadwell, and $1.60 for Diehl. They have greatly increased their facilities for handling grain, and added to the capacity of their elevators and the conveniences of their wheat house at the depot.

—THE ECLIPSE on Saturday is represented as "more than filling the bill" in localities within the total obscuration. The darkness exceeded that of night at full moon. Mercury, Venus, and several fixed stars were plainly visible. Birds flew to their nests, fowls to their roosts, and cows ran hither and thither in terror. Over [illegible] hundred photographs of the eclipse were taken in Springfield, Ill., by Mr. [illegible] of Boston. When the eclipse was at its height, the rays of the sun presented to the naked eye a wavy appearance, like those of the Aurora Borealis, and the clouds in that portion of the heavens were of a rich rose color. During the [illegible] the temperature [illegible]. At Mattoon, Ill., [illegible]

Terrible Disaster—Two Persons Killed—Others Injured.

A shocking calamity occurred at the Derr farm, just south of Corunna, on Friday, the 6th inst., the occasion of the death of two persons and serious injury of two or three others. Mr. Hart Castle was employed with his thrashing machine at that farm, and to operate the machine had engaged to purchase a portable steam engine of Mr. George W. Collier, of Owosso, provided the engine proved capable of doing the work. Mr. Castle accordingly had the engine placed upon trucks and brought to the place, and after noon the trial of the machine was commenced, under the supervision of Mr. Collier. The engine had been run about an hour, when the boiler burst and was thrown in fragments with terrific violence in all directions, tearing up the ground beneath it, and hurling dirt and mud with splinters of the truck wheels all around. Mr. Castle was feeding the thrasher, with his back towards the engine, about thirty feet distant, and was struck near his thigh, by a triangular fragment of the boiler, measuring about twelve inches on each side, which severed his leg from his body at the hip. He died two hours after. A boy fifteen or sixteen years old, who is supposed to have been engaged in steadying the weight upon the safety valve, was found after the explosion about ten rods distant, with not a particle of his clothing except his boots, left upon him, having apparently been instantly killed. Mr. Collier, who at the moment of the explosion, with a wrench in his hand was fixing something connected with the eccentric, when he came to consciousness after it, found himself upon the ground thirty feet distant, completely covered with mud. On attempting to rise he was unable to do so, one leg being paralyzed and he thought broken, but it proved to be only violently bruised. His left forearm was also very badly bruised, and he had a very ugly cut on the back of his head. A spectator named Andrew Phillips, had a leg broken so that the bones protruded. Another was struck upon his head by a fragment, and got a pretty serious wound. Several others suffered slight injuries. As there were a considerable number of spectators present, witnessing the trial, it is surprising that more were not killed, considering the terrific character of the explosion, and utter ruin of everything connected with the engine. Even the wheels of the trucks which supported the engine, were splintered and scattered over the ground in fragments. The scene altogether, is described as one of the utmost horror increased by the shrieks and piteous groans of Mr. Castle, pleading for means to end his terrible suffering.

Since the foregoing was set up in type, our Corunna correspondent's version of the occurrences, most generally circulating and believed, came to hand, and it also will be found in this paper. The statement, in substance, that the boy Hatch who was instantly killed, was employed by Mr. Collier to hold down the safety valve, is what undoubtedly created the profound indignation against Mr. Collier, and under the impulse of the moment led Prosecuting Attorney Goodell to issue a warrant for his arrest, charging him with the enormous crime of murder. We have in this proceeding a very appropriate illustration of the remark of a popular author, that the public are always most ready to believe the worst, and most damaging reports, that "it is in the nature of some men to have minds wide open to injurious falsehood," and he refers to the elder Adams, second President, as a specimen. Of course, being so constituted, these men are perfectly honest in their belief as shown in their readiness to act upon it. Mr. Collier was accordingly arrested on Saturday morning, by the Sheriff. He was, however, suffered to remain on his simple parole at his own house, though the offence for which he was arrested is not a bailable one. A little time for reflection meanwhile, restored so much calmness that this proceeding was abandoned and after the verdict of the jury at the inquest, on Monday, which verdict, we understand, bears heavily on him, a new warrant was issued and Mr. Collier arrested for simple manslaughter, without malice. This undoubtedly is the only proceeding that could properly be commenced, as bad against Collier as the testimony could have been at the inquest, which is always of course an ex-parte proceeding. We must, however, express our incredulity as to the culpableness of Mr. Collier; first, because he has a first-rate reputation as a machinest and steam engineer, has had extensive experience and always been successful. His judgment was sought for by the most careful men in regard to the worthiness of machinery, steam engines and boilers, and he has universally been regarded as a prudent, careful engineer. We would therefore be slow to believe, that Mr. Collier ordered the boy to hold the lever of the safety valve to enable him to get more power. Witnesses may have believed that such was the boy's employment, but our opinion is that their belief was simply an inference. We have Mr. Collier's statement that the machine, supported on common wagon wheels, vibrated so badly when in motion, that the ball hanging to the lever swung out and back so much as to relieve the weight upon the valve almost entirely. At first he undertook to obviate this, by attaching the monkey wrench to the weight but this did not serve the purpose, and the boy was then directed simply to steady the ball and prevent its swinging. To us, this is a reasonable explanation corroborated by all the circumstances. We therefore believe it, spite of contrary opinions at the inquest, which we are disposed to account for in accordance with the philosophy of the popular author quoted above. The truth, if it shall be ever known, we think will show that the explosion was one of those unaccountable circumstances the cause of which the most eminent engineers have for years vainly endeavored to ascertain. There were circumstances connected with this calamity making it very similar to many other as yet unaccountable steam boiler explosions. There was no lack of water in the boiler, as all agree. Just previous to the explosion the fire in the furnace was suffered to subside, and the furnace door was thrown wide open with the view of lessening the amount of steam and stopping the engine. There was very little fire in the furnace at the time of the explosion. The gauge indicated 100lbs less steam. The explosion might therefore be accounted for on the theory of a distinguished engineer, that those unaccountable explosions always occur at the moment of some change, as from stopping to starting and *vice versa*, producing an unwonted agitation of the water in the boiler which might detach a bubble that had adhered at the bottom and rising in a condition to be resolved into gasses the moment it reaches the surface of the water, [illegible] at once increased in bulk seventeen thousand times. It is fairer for us to give credit to an explanation of this sort, than to believe that Mr. Collier, known to be an engineer of large experience and great prudence, was so foolhardy as to attempt what is popularly alleged against him. He certainly exposed himself, as all must admit, to as great hazards as any one, and all must by the force of this fact, believe that he had the most implicit faith in the machine.

Teachers' State Institute.

A Teachers' State Institute will be held in the city of Owosso, by the Superintendent of Public Instruction, Hon. O. Hosford, aided by an able corps of lecturers from the State Normal School.

The Institute will open October 11th, 1869, and will continue five days.

It is hoped and expected that all teachers of this and adjoining counties will be present, as the instruction to be given will be of incalculable value to all who intend to become instructors in our schools.

The citizens of Owosso have kindly, offered the hospitality of their homes, to teachers on this occasion *free of charge*, this giving to them a rare opportunity of gaining much valuable knowledge in the art of teaching, "without money and without price."

Will not every true teacher make an effort to be present. Let them answer by being at the room of the High School, in the Union School House.

At the close of the Institute a County Teachers' Association will be formed for the promotion of the welfare and interests of the Common Schools in our County.

J. W. MANNING,
Co. Sup't of Schools.

SEPTEMBER STYLES.—Demorest for September gives explicit directions for all styles. A'pieca' suits will be much worn, and are made with either two skirts and basque, or jacket or one skirt and a polanaise or casaque. Ladies who do not like to use colors in their alpaca suits, should bind the ruffles with cloth, or use platings put on with a cord to match the dress. The sailor jacket still rages. The shape of the sailor collar is straight across the front and back and deeply pointed upon the shoulders. A very pretty and sensible walking skirt is described, made of foulard silk, trimmed with pinked ruffles of the same. The under skirt has two ruffles headed with *passementerie* or folds simply. The tunic, which is open at the front as well as the back, is edged with one ruffle and the heading the same as those on the skirt. A double ruffle on the shoulders and cuffs is the only trimming on the plain waist.—Large bow and long sash at the back complete the suite. Scotch trimmings upon plain colors promise to be a rage this season, for bonnets as well as dresses. The Roman colors in stripes are also used in conjunction with white, or black. Jet ornaments for black velvets and head-dresses will be much in vogue. Black grenadine suits are very popular this season. Pipings and ruchings of gros grain, of various bright colors are used to trim them; but the prettiest suits are all black, trimmed with quillings of the same, or ruches of lace.

Bodices are made of medium length and round at the waist. Shoulder seams are short and high, defining the slope of the shoulders. The darts are short but taken very deep, to make an easy, tapering shape. Side seams are directly under the arm. Forms in the back are stitched on the outside, and are an inch apart at the belt. The low, round neck, for those whose style will admit of it, and the high neck for the less favored, are equally fashionable. Bias flounces are very scant, some are made with only one-fourth additional fullness. Narrow silk flounces are either raveled half an inch at the edges, or notched, or pinked. Plaits of flounces are arranged in all sorts of fanciful ways, in groups of two or three box plaits, with an interval between on which is a rosette or bow, or in clusters of plaits turned one way.—Box plaited ruffles of inch wide satin ribbon are much used on alpaca, and summer poplins.

Bonnets are worn still higher; the veil is fastened in the centre of the chignon, where the ends meet.

Very pretty dresses for school girls are made full gored under skirt, and plain high necked and long sleeved over-dress. Light drab kid boots are the most fashionable for small children's summer wear. A little boy's pique suite is cut with the skirt plainly gored, the jacket with tabs around the waist, and belt fastened with rosette at the side.

— By our exchanges we learn that burglars keep up their plundering all over the State. Their latest dodge is to pick out articles of wearing apparel, through a window, by means of a long pole with a hook on the end of it, and rifle the pockets at their leisure, with none to molest or make afraid. Cases are frequent of persons waking in the night to see their clothing disappearing through an open window, on the end of a long pole. The only way to circumvent the villains in this game, is to put garments, when taken off at night, beyond the reach of these new-fangled [illegible]

Corunna Items.

CORUNNA, Aug. 9.

At a regular meeting of Corunna Lodge No. 363, I. O. of G. T., held on Friday Evening Aug. 6th, the following officers were installed for the ensuing term:

W. C. T., Mr. Albert Friesike,
W. V. T., Mrs. H. Garabrant,
W. S., Miss Nellie Gillet,
W. F. S., Miss Nettie Wilcox,
W. T., Mr. Stephen Benjamin,
W. M., Mr. Orton Williams,
W. I. G., Miss A. Kemp,
W. O. G., Mr. E. Hall,
W. A. S., Mr. Julius Piper,
W. R. S., Miss Marion Hall,
W. L. S., Miss Mary Thayer,
W. D. M., Miss Mary Wilcox,
W. C., Rev. F. W. May,
P. W. C. T., Mr. S. W. Baker.

This order is in a flourishing condition and receiving constant additions.

A shocking casualty occurred about a mile south-west of town, on Friday afternoon, the particulars of which, as near as can be gathered from the many reports in circulation, are as follows:—Messrs. L. & H. Castle wishing to run their thrashing machine by steam power, entered into negotiations with Mr. Geo. Collier to furnish them an engine for use the coming season. On Friday the engine was taken from Owosso to the place where the casualty occurred, and set up. Reports have it that when the full power of the engine was applied, it would not run the separator. A wrench was then attached to increase the power; this did not have the desired effect, and a young man, a relative of Mr. Cole, was directed to hold the safety valve, and for that purpose he stood upon the wheel of the wagon on which the engine was placed. But a few minutes elapsed with this extra work put upon the engine when it burst, blowing the young man who was holding the valve, nearly ten rods away, taking everything off his body and causing instant death. A portion of the engine struck Mr. H. Castle, just below the hip, completely severing his left leg, and from the appearance of the separator where he was standing feeding the machine, he must have received other injuries. He lived but a short time. Mr. Andrew Philips, who was looking on, was struck by a piece of the engine, breaking his left leg, near the ankle. Collier, I understand, received some injuries. There were others slightly injured. From the appearance of the ground about the scene of the disaster it seems wonderful that many more who were standing about the machine received no injuries. A Coroner's jury were impanelled Saturday morning, but up to this date, have not completed the investigation. This is as nearly a true account as I can gather from different sources. The evidence before the jury will probably throw much light upon the horrible affair, as to what extent there was a lack of judgment or willful negligence on the part of the person having charge of the engine. The disaster has thrown a gloom over our community. Mr. Philips is a worthy young man, and by his industry and gentlemanly bearing has gained the respect of all who know him. Mr. Castle leaves a loving family who have lost a kind and dear parent, and the order of Odd Fellows have lost a true and consistent member.

SPECIAL.

Commercial.

OWOSSO CITY MARKET.

Corrected weekly.

Flour ℔ bbl,	$6 00 a 8 00	
Meal ℔ 100 ℔		2 25
Bran ℔ 100 ℔		80
Feed ℔ 100 ℔	80 @ 1 87	
Wheat No. 1 white ℔ bush	1 35 a 1 45	
" 1 amber	1 10 a 1 2[illegible]	
Corn,		1 00
" in ear,		45
Oats		55
Rye		1 25
Barley ℔ 100 ℔		2 75
Potatoes,		40
White Beans		2 25
Apples green	1 50 a 1	15
dried per ℔,		12
Onions	1 00 a 1,25	
Butter		22
Cheese, country		15 @20
Lard		19
Honey		19
Eggs		16
Bees-wax		27
Tallow		9
Hay ℔ ton	10 00 a 12 00	
Wool	30 @ 43	
Clover seed,		8 50

New York, Aug. 7.

There is no change in financial affairs worthy of note. The cotton and dry goods trade are without change. There is a slight decline on flour during the week, but the market has reacted to-day under an improved export demand, and the decline is partially recovered, the difference being not above 5 a 10c per bbl. Wheat advanced to-day 3 a 5c, and may be quoted as fully that much higher than it was a week ago. Late advices from Europe are not favorable for their crops. The crop in France is much below that of last year, and on the continent generally they are not up to the average for some years past, and in Great Britain, the result, it is believed, will be far less satisfactory than for three years past. Hence a good export demand is looked for the coming season at fair prices, and the character of the trade promises to be totally different from last year. The yield of wheat in the province of Ontario is reported as unequalled. Corn shows an advance on the week of 7 a 8c. The receipt of good State butter have been light, and there is an improved demand, with somewhat better prices, in consequence, for Western. Cheese has advanced about 1c. It is not likely, however, that this advance can be long maintained. The demand for wool is good, and the market steady and firm. A Boston circular gives a very good idea of the market. It says that in the choice six fleeces, very little has as yet been done, but holders are indifferent about selling at current rates, and there is a very confident feeling that prices of all grades are as low now as they are likely to be for some months to come, and that if the demand for goods comes up to expectation a general improvement in prices must take place. After quoting current prices in the west, the same authority says: "There is no disposition at present to concede in the least from these figures, and the clip is turning out so much smaller than last year, that holders feel very confident about the future of the market, and believe that higher prices must prevail as the season advances." Medium and extra Michigan fleece is quoted in Boston at 47 a 48, and in some cases 50c. In New York, 45 a 48.

Detroit, Aug. 9.

DETROIT MARKETS.—The wheat and our market is dull and inactive, and will probably remain so until the new crop begins to move more freely. Some new wheat has already been offered on the market, but it has as a general thing too much dampness to make it safe to handle. Nothing can be gained by rushing wheat on the market until it is properly cured. No quotation for new wheat can yet be given. Reports [illegible] some

thrashings in the State, show the yield to be less than was expected. The circular of Oliver & Hart, commission merchants in Milwaukee, has full reports of the wheat crop from Wisconsin, Minnesota, Northern Iowa, and Northern Illinois. From twenty stations in Northern Ill., injury is reported by wet, rust, blight and scab, promising only about two-thirds of a crop. In eight counties it is said many farmers will not harvest at all; in others, an average crop is reported. There seems to be but little room for doubt that the crop of Illinois is very seriously damaged. Wisconsin is much injured by blight. One half the points in Iowa report damage. Minnesota stands better than any other of the above named States. Reports from the corn crop in Michigan are very unsatisfactory. Other crops promise well. Butter and eggs in this market are improved about 1c each, as will be seen by quotations. New potatoes from store, $1.75 a 2,00 per bbl. On street, 40 a 60c. per bu.

DETROIT PRODUCE MARKET.—The following quotations represent the current net prices realized by commission dealers, and are carefully revised every week, by our Detroit correspondent:

Apples—Green, per bbl., nominal.
" Dried, per lb, 15@15 1 2c.
Barley—per cwt., $3.25@3 60
Beans—White, per bu., 2.00@2.25
Beeswax per lb., 35a38.
Butter—Cook, per lb, 26.
" Best firkin, p r lb., 25@26
Cheese—Michigan Factory, 15@16.
Chickens—Dressed, per lb, 15@16c
Corn—per bu. new, $1.02
Eggs—per doz, 18@19c.
Hides—dry, 18@20c green, 8½@9½
Calf Skins—Green, 17c, dry, 25@30
Sheep Skins—40@75.
Hops—per lb, 4a5c.
Lard—per lb, 19@20.
Maple sugar, per lb 10@13c.
Oats—per bu 65.
Pickels—per bbl., in vinegar, $12.00.
" " in salt, $3.00@4.50
Potatoes—new, per bu., 40@50.
Seed—Clover, per bu., 8,00
Smoked Hams, 16c. Shoulders, 12a13
Tallow—10 3 4 a 11c.
Turkeys—Dressed, per lb., 18@20c.
Wheat—White, bu., No. 1, 1.63.
" Red, per bu., $1.45.
Wheat from wagons, nominal.

Detroit Live Stock Market.

[illegible]

BEEVES.

[illegible]

SHEEP.

[illegible]

BUSINESS NOTICES.

"WHITTLESEY'S DYSPEPSIA CURE" is a necessity to every household. It invariably cures Dyspepsia, creates an appetite, builds up the system, and strengthens the body.

VOX POPULI.—The voice of the People is unanimous in praise of one thing at least, that is Morse's Indian Root Pills, and it is well deserved. The best remedy in the world for almost all diseases that afflict the human race. They act directly on the blood, stomach and bowels. Keep your blood pure by an occasional dose of these Pills and you will not be sick. The blood is the life. keep it pure by using the only medicine that will completely cleanse it, Morse's Indian Root Pills. Use the Morse's Pills in all cases of Biliousness, Liver Complaints, Female Irregularities, Headache, Indigestion &c. Sold by all dealers.

WHEN ADAM delved an Eve spun, disease was unknown but since that time the race has degenerated and at the present time mankind is afflicted with many diseases, yet if people would take a medicine upon the first symptoms of disease which would pass direct to the affected parts and restore healthy action thereto, they would greatly prolong their lives. We believe Dr. Judsons Mountain Herb Pills to be the best and most Universal of Medicines, they should be used in Liver Complaint. Female irregularities, Bilious Disorders, Dyspepsia, &c. Use the Mountain Herb Pills, and by a fair trial convince yourself of their efficacy. Sold by all dealers.

DYSPEPSIA AND RHEUMATISM.
CHESANING, Saginaw Co., Mich., July 3, 1868.

DR. C. W. ROBACK—Dear Sir: My father, now about sixty-four years of age, has been, for the last five years, severely afflicted with Dyspepsia and Rheumatism attended with general nervous derangement; indeed, to such an extent, as to defy the Medical skill of our best Physicians. And I can truly say, that I believe it was reserved for your Scandinavian Remedies to perform what all other remedies had failed to do—to work a radical cure. For, after taking a box of your Blood Pills and a bottle of Purifier, he began to recover rapidly; his appetite returned, the Rheumatic pains left him, and he is now in the enjoyment of better health than he has enjoyed in the last fifteen years, and is heavier in flesh than he ever was before. And I can not close this, without saying, that, I believe your Remedies are all and more than they are represented.

Yours respectfully
JAMES B. TERRY. 46-49

Dr Aikin can be consulted at the Exchange Hotel Owosso, Mich., on Thursday and Friday, August 26th and 27th, 1869. Read his card in another column. 41-ly

MANHOOD,
HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED,

Just published a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the radical cure without medicine of Spermatorrhoea, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

Price in a sealed envelope only 6 cents.

The celebrated author in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice that the alarming consequence of self abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

This lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address [illegible] on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.
127 Bowery, N. Y., P. O. Box 4,586.
41-ly

A CARD.

MICHIGAN EXCHANGE.—This Hotel, so long and favorably known to the Traveling Public, is being thoroughly repaired and put in perfect order for business, and will continue to be kept in all its appointments as a First Class House. But to meet the wishes of our friends and patrons, our charges will be reduced to $2.50 per day, and the proprietors solicit the patronage of all who wish to find a quiet and pleasant home while in the city.

E. & F. LYON, Proprietors.
Detroit, February 15, 1869. 22-ly.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

School Circular

OF THE

OWOSSO UNION SCHOOL

FOR THE YEAR 1869—70.

FALL TERM COMMENCES AUGUST 30, 1869.

Superior inducements are offered to non-resident Pupils wishing either to pursue an academic course of study or to prepare for the University or College.

Non-resident pupils will be charged tuition:

FALL TERM.—Sixteen weeks in High School	$5.00
16 weeks in other Dep't's	4.00

Teacher's Class.

On Tuesday, August 31st, a Teacher's Class will be formed under the charge of Mr. J. W. Manning, County Superintendent of Schools, and Prof. Albert Hardy, Principal Union School.

Tuition for eight weeks...... $3.50

Teachers' Institute.

Mr. HOSFORD, Superintendent of Public Instruction, will hold an Institute during the week commencing October 11, 1869.

Teachers who attend the Institute will be boarded by the citizens free of charge.

At the close of the Institute a County Teachers' Association will be organized for the purpose of advancing the interests of education in the county.

Board.

Board in private families can be obtained at prices ranging from $3.00 to $4.50 per week, or students can rent rooms and board themselves when desired. The old school building—a two story brick—is being fitted up into rooms by the School Board, for the accommodation of such non-resident pupils as desire to board themselves.

A. GOULD, Moderator.
41tf S. J. HARDING, Director.

✚

READ THIS NOTICE.

Health! Time and Money Saved!

Persons suffering from any disease have the best chance of cure from scientific, rational treatment—skilful diagnosis and improved remedies. If you want to avail yourself of these, or discouraged by disappointment elsewhere, are anxious to know if you can be cured, whatever your disease or circumstances, you are advised by the prestige of his skill, experience and extraordinary success, to lose no time, but at once consult

DR. AIKIN,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Who will be at

EXCHANGE HOTEL, OWOSSO,

On Thursday and Friday,

AUGUST 26 & 27 '69,

and on the fourth Thursday and Friday of each month thereafter.

Remember the time, and call early in the day.

Consultation free. Examination $1. Charges reasonable. Call or send postage.

[illegible]

Dr. Aikin [illegible] Chronic and Special Diseases [illegible]

[illegible]

To YOUTHS AND MEN.—The only perfect [illegible] for Seminal Weakness, Nervous Debility, Impotency, etc. Worth $1000 to the unfortunate. No quackery or deception.

Those who cannot call in person should enclose a fee of $1 for advice.

Address, N. J. AIKIN, M. D., Box 241, Office: 116 Main St., up stairs. Kalamazoo, Mich.

WANTED.—Immediately, at the PRESS OFFICE,

Stove Wood,

2 feet in length, also 20 inches long, CORN, OATS, POTATOES, APPLES green or dried, and other farm produce

AGENTS WANTED FOR PROF. PARSONS'

LAWS OF BUSINESS

With full Directions and Forms for all Transactions, in every State of the Union. By Theophilus Parsons, L. L. D., Professor of Law in Harvard University, and author of many Law Books.

A New Book for Everybody. Explaining the rights, duties, and obligations of all the relations of life as well as every kind of contract and legal obligation.

A correct, economical, and safe counsellor and adviser.

Indispensable to all who would know their rights and duties, and possess the means of transacting unaided their own business.

So plain, full, accurate and complete that no person can afford to be without it. Embodying in popular form the results of the labor and study of the most popular and successful writer of law books in the country. Exclusive territory and no competition.

Send for our descriptive circular and testimonials.

JONES, JUNKIN & Co.,
Publishers, 167 South Clark Street,
Chicago, Ills. 43-48

DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY.

This is NO PATENT MEDICINE HUMBUG, got up to dupe the ignorant and credulous, [illegible] "composed of rare and precious substances brought from the four corners of the earth, carried seven times across the Great Desert of Sahara on the backs of fourteen camels and brought across the Atlantic Ocean on two ships." It is a simple, mild, soothing Remedy, a perfect Specific for CATARRH and "COLD IN THE HEAD," also for offensive Breath, Loss or Impairment of the Sense of Smell, Taste or Hearing, Watering or Weak Eyes, Pain or Pressure in the Head, when caused, as they all not unfrequently are by the violence of Catarrh. We offer, in good faith, a standing Reward of $500 for a case of Catarrh that we cannot cure.

FOR SALE BY MOST DRUGGISTS EVERY WHERE.

Price 50 Cents.

Sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of SIXTY CENTS, Four packages for $2.00, or one Dozen for $5.00. Send a two cent stamp for Dr. Sage's pamphlet on Catarrh. Address the Proprietor,

R. V. PIERCE, M. D.
BUFFALO, N. Y.

2311

C. L. GOODHUE,

DEALER IN—

DRY GOODS,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Hats, Caps,

GENTS'

Furnishing Goods

&c., &c., &c.

Wishes to inform the public that he has just returned from New York with a complete assortment of the above mentioned goods, and is now well established in his

New Brick Store,

Three doors North of the Old Brown Store, where he will be happy to meet his friends and wait upon all who may favor him with a call.

TAILORING!

This branch of business will be carried on by a First Class Foreman in connection with the Clothing Trade, and all garments made to order will be

WARRANTED TO FIT.

invite the public generally to all and examine my Goods, believing by low prices and honorable dealing, I shall merit and receive my share of patronage.

WOOL!

Any quantity wanted, of *good clean wool*, for which the highest market price will be paid *in cash.*
Owosso, May 15, 1869.

W. A. WOODARD, Jr.,

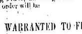
[illegible]

Dealer in all Kinds of

FURNITURE,
MIRRORS,
MATTRESSES,
PICTURE FRAMES, &c., &c.

A GOOD SUPPLY OF

READY-MADE COFFINS



CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

A HEARSE AND ATTENDANT
Provided for Funerals.

ALL DESCRIPTIONS of LUMBER
Wanted in Exchange for Goods.

W. A. WOODARD, Jr.
WASHINGTON STREET,
Owosso, June 30, 1869.

CARPENTER AND JOINER.

PHILIP MICHAEL,

—PRACTICAL—

Carpenter and Joiner,

Having established his residence in Owosso, with the view of making it his permanent home, solicits orders for work in his line. Work warranted satisfactory in all cases. Inquire at residence Water street, 24 door north of Mason. Owosso, May 19, 1869. 35—tf.

OWOSSO

Woolen Mills

Are now prepared to

Custom Carding,

Manufacture Wool into

CLOTH,

Stocking Yarn,

Flannels, Blankets &c.

A Good Stock

OF

ALL GRADES OF CLOTH

Always on hand to exchange for

WOOL OR CASH.

Particular attention given to

CUSTOM WORK.

☞ CASH PAID FOR ☜

WOOL!

Dated Owosso, May 27, 1869.
tf. FRENCH, OSBURN & KNILL.

We, the Druggists of Owosso, call the attention of our customers to the letters published below of the wonderful effects of Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters, Dr. Roback's Scandinavian Blood Purifier and Dr. Roback's Scandinavian Blood Pills. We have been selling these medicines long enough to know that they are all they are recommended to be, and that the certificates published are true. 2611

HOME TESTIMONY.

DYSPEPSIA AND RHEUMATISM.

CHESANING, SAGINAW Co., MICH., July 3d, 1858.

Dr. C. W. Roback, Dear Sir
My father, now about sixty-four years of age, has been, for the last five years, severely afflicted with Dyspepsia and Rheumatism, attended with general nervous derangement; indeed, to such an extent, as to defy the Medical skill of our best Physicians. And I can truly say, that I believe it was reserved for your Scandinavian Remedies to perform what all other remedies had failed to do,—to work a radical cure. For, after taking a Box of your Blood Pills and a bottle of Purifier, he began to recover rapidly; his appetite returned, the Rheumatic pains left him, and he is now in the enjoyment of better health than he has enjoyed in the last fifteen years, and is heavier in flesh than he ever was before. And I can not close this without saying, that I believe your Remedies are all and more than they are represented.

Yours respectfully,
JAMES R. TERRY

NORTH SHADE, GRATIOT Co., MICH., August, 1859.

Dr. C. W. Roback, Dear Sir.
I am now about 58 years old, and have been afflicted with rheumatism in my limbs, so that I was unable to leave my room at times for 25 years. I suffered general nervous derangement and excessive debility, and have used almost every kind of patent medicines to no benefit. I have tried a great many physicians to no purpose. I now feel very thankful that I have at last found a medicine that has given relief. I have bought some of your Scandinavian Blood Pills of your agent at Mathorton, Mr Marcus Smith, and they have given me almost entire relief My limbs and veins were greatly swollen, but your medicines have reduced them to their proper size, and I have been able to walk three and four miles at a time.

Very respectfully, yours,
DEBORAH ROBERTS

WANTED,

EVERY KIND OF
FARM PRODUCE
ON SUBSCRIPTIONS
to
THE OWOSSO PRESS.

THE

Owosso Press,

A Moment of Horror.

We are indebted to the Mobile Register for the following:

For twenty-three years old Jake Willard has cultivated the soil of Baldwin county and drawn therefrom support for self and wife. He is childless. Not long ago Jake left the house in search of a missing cow. His route led him through an old worn out patch of clay land, of about six acres in extent, in the centre of which was a well, twenty-five or thirty feet, deep that at some time probably furnished the inmates of a dilapidated house near by with water. In passing by the spot an ill wind lifted Jake's "tile" from his head, and maliciously wafted it to the edge of the well, and it tumbled in.

Now Jake had always practised the virtue of economy, and he immediately set about recovering the lost hat. He ran to the well and finding it was dry at the bottom, he uncoiled the rope which he had brought for the purpose of capturing the truant cow, and after several attempts to catch the hat with a noose, he concluded to save time by going down into the well himself. To accomplish this, he made fast one end of the rope to a sapling hard by, and was quickly on his way down into the well.

It is a fact, of which Jake was no less oblivious than the reader hereof, that Ned Wells was in the the dilapidated building [illegible], and that an old blind horse with a bell on his neck, who had been turned out to die, was lazily grazing within a short distance of the well.

The devil himself, or some other wicked spirit, put it into Ned's cranium to have a little fun; so he quietly slipped up to the horse and, unbuckling the bell strap, approached with slow measured "ting-a-ling" the edge of the well.

"——dang that old blind horse!" said Jake, "he's comin' this way, sure, and hain't got no more sense than to fall in here. Whoa, Ball!"

But the continued approach of the "ting-a-ling" said just as plainly as words, that Ball wouldn't whoa. Besides, Jake was at the bottom resting before trying to "shin" it up the rope.

"Great Jerusalem!" said he, "the old cuss will be a-top of me before I can say Jack Robinson. Whoa,——dang you, *whoa!*"

Just then Ned drew up to the edge of the well, and with his foot kicked a little dirt into it.

"Oh! Lord!" exclaimed Jake, falling upon his knees at the bottom. "I'm gone now, whoa! Now I lay me down to sleep——whoa, now. Oh, Lord have mercy on me!"

Ned could hold in no longer, and fearful Jake might suffer from his fright, he revealed himself.

Probably Ned didn't make tracks with his heels from that well. Maybe Jack wasn't up to the top of it in short order; and you might think he didn't try every night for two weeks to get a shot at Ned with his rifle. Maybe not. I dont know. But I do know that if Jake finds out who sent you this, it'll be the last squib you'll get.

Hands and Feet.

I went into a shop the other day to buy what the drapers call "gents' hose." A smiling young lady was behind the counter, and when I had made an appeal to her to show me some socks, I was somewhat doubtful what course of action I ought to pursue in order to demonstrate to her the length of my foot. As I am not a burlesque writer, it was clear that I could not lay my boot on the counter and say 'with all my sole,' nor could I paraphrase Dibdin's Jack Tar, when he spoke of the dancer who "so daintily handled her feet." The little woman however, speedily removed my first perplexity; though only to plunge me into another.

"Will you," said she, "please to double up your fist and lay it on the counter?"

I replied that I did not want gloves, but socks.

"And I want to take your measure," she said.

"But," I urged, "it is the measure of my foot that you require."

"Yes," she replied, "and I can get it equally as well from your hand. Once round your clenched fist, at the knuckles, is the length of your foot."

And she took the measure of my fist, and I took the socks on the faith of the damsel's representation; one, in due course, I found that she was quite right, and fitted me to a nicety.[Curiosities of Shopping.

Every young couple who desires to make a good start in life must keep two bears in the house, and feed them well—namely bear and forbear.

—Sentimental bathing—Eyes swimming in tears.

A man of parts—A man part knave and part fool.

—Effectual destruction of weeds—marrying a widow.

[illegible] ladies to church!—The hims.

"She stoops to conquer"—The [illegible] with a Grecian bend.

"Father" said a roguish boy "I hope you won't buy any more gunpowder tea for mother.'

"Why not?"

"Because every time she drinks it she blows us up.'

"Go to bed immediately.'

It has been discovered that fish can be made dead drunk with brandy, packed in straw and sent on a ten day's journey without any other damage than that their morals suffer. When restored to water they sober in a few hours and are all right again.

'Near Cleveland lives a hale and hearty man, whose wife says he is possessed of the most sensitive feelings, and in proof of which, she states that when she goes to the yard and saws wood for half a day, he sits by the fire with tears in his eyes.

Little four-year-old Messie had long been vainly endeavoring to pucker his mouth into shape for whistling a national tune he had heard upon the street. At last he went to his mother in despair, exclaiming, "Ma, I's so little I can't make a hole big enough for Yankee Doodle to git out!"

A Useful Dog.—A Breton peasant, on his way to Paris, stopped at a barber's shop in Rambouillet. While the barber was strapping his razor the peasant noticed a dog sitting near his chair and staring at him fixedly. "What is the matter with that dog," said the peasant, "that he stares so at me?" The barber answered with an unconcerned air: "That dog is always there. You see him when I cut off a piece of a car—" "Well?" "Well, he eats it."

What Makes a Bushel.—Wheat, sixty pounds; corn, shelled, fifty six pounds; rye, fifty-six pounds; oats, thirty-two pounds; barley, forty six pounds; buckwheat, fifty-six pounds; Irish potatoes, sixty pounds; sweet potatoes, sixty pounds; onions, fifty-seven pounds; beans, sixty pounds; bran, twenty pounds; clover seed, sixty pounds; Timothy seed, forty five pounds; hemp seed, forty five pounds; blue grass seed, fourteen pounds; dried peaches, thirty-three pounds.

The Clothes of an Image.—The image of the Virgin in the Church of Atocha, near Madrid, has a richer wardrobe than that possessed by any queen, and jewels of immense value. It has a crown of diamonds presented by Isabel II., necklaces, bracelets, and other ornaments in great variety. Its gorgeous mantles, so covered with embroidery in gold and pearls that the velvet is scarcely visible, fill the safes along the sides of the sacristy, and as the wedding costume worn by any member of the royal family is the perquisite of the statue, its wealth has always been increasing.

Singular Origin of Fires.

The Salem Register says that a lady in that city lost about a dozen yards of velvet, which took fire from the rays of the sun passing through a globe in which an ornament was floating in the water. But for the timely discovery of the fire the house might have been burned.

We remember a case of that kind which occurred years ago. A globe containing a pair of gold fish was left on a table in the parlor near a front window, and while the family were at breakfast smoke was smelt, and all hands started to see what the matter was. On going into the parlor, where there had been no fire, they found it densely filled with smoke, and a large hole burnt through the carpet and floor, the fire bursting into a flame when the door was opened. The cause was apparent—the unclouded sun had cast his rays through the globe of water, giving it the effect of a burning lens, or sun-glass. In a few minutes more the house would have been all ablaze. The unconscious little fishes, however, were as cool as a cucumber all the time.[Lawrence Eagle.

—Old Ross was the most conceited, crabbed, opinionated fellow to be met with anywhere. What he didn't know wasn't worth knowing, and he took it as an insult if any one essayed to give him any information.

At last he fell seriously ill, and was more crabbed and opinionated than ever! It soon became evident that he was near his end; but no one liked to tell him of his condition. A pious old neighbor finally took upon himself the solemn task.

"Neighbor Ross," said he, "there is something that I feel it my duty to tell you."

"*You* tell *me* anything!" snapped Ross in great scorn.

"But I must tell you, that you are dying."

"Mind your own business; I guess I know what *I'm* about," growled the old man with his dying breath.

—The tea planted by the Japanese colony in California is doing well. The seed nuts are coming up, and the valley lands are found admirable for the tea culture. The opinion is expressed that the time is not far distant when we will grow our own tea, and much better than we now get.

OWOSSO WEEKLY PRESS,

THE ONLY NEWSPAPER

ENTIRELY GOT UP AND PRINTED

IN THE

COUNTY OF SHIAWASSEE.

Superior in every respect as a

LOCAL NEWSPAPER

Medium of General Intelligence,

IS AFFORDED AT $2.00 PER YEAR.

THE PRESS

Job Printing Facilities

ARE UNEQUALED

BY ANY OFFICE IN THE COUNTY

—AND—

Every description of Printing required

BOOKS, PAMPHLETS,

BILLS, POSTER

CARDS, LETTER HEADS,

BILL HEADS

BLANK NOTES,

ORDERS, CHECKS, &c

WILL BE PRINTED PROMPTLY

AND AS NEATLY

As similar work can be done in Detroit

J. H. CHAMPION & Co.,
Proprietor.

DETROIT ADVERTISEMENTS

CLYDESDALE SOAP WORKS

Are prepared to furnish their

Celebrated Washing Compound,

DIAMOND & EBASIVE SOAPS,

Being the BEST ARTICLE in the market.
HIGHEST PRICE PAID for TALLOW & GREASE
J. & T. McGREGOR, Proprietors.
Franklin Street, Detroit.

FINDLATER & BRUNTON,
Successors to A. D. Denny,
Contractors and Dealers in Sawed and Wrought Ohio Blue Free Stone and Amherst Sand Stone, Window Caps, Sills, Steps and Landings, Water Table, Ashler, Tiling, Coping, Hearths, Flagging, Monument Bases, etc. All kinds Ornamental Work executed with dispatch.
Office and Stone Yard on Dock, between Brush and Randolph Sts. (next door below D. & M. R. R. Passenger Depot.)
P. O. Drawer 93. DETROIT, MICH.

MARBLE AND MARBLEIZED
Slate Mantles,
Marble and Brown Free Stone Monuments,
ON HAND AND MADE TO ORDER.
29 & 31 Michigan Ave, Cor. Bates st., and 52 & 53 Elmwood Ave., cor. Croghan St.
WM. SCHULTHIES.

WITHEY'S PATENT CARRIAGES,
PATENTED JAN. 24, 1866.
THE BEST IN THE WORLD.
Noiseless. Oil without removing the wheels. No noise. No grease bands or clothes. Run Easier, are very Stylish, are Durable. DEFY COMPETITION.
WITHEY & LITTLEFIELD,
Manufacturers, 42 Larned Street East,
Detroit Mich.

DETROIT SAFE COMPANY,
Manufacturers of Fire and Burglar Proof Safes, Vaults and Vault Doors, Shutters, and all Wrought Iron Work for Buildings.
Agents for Yale's and Sargent's Bank, Store Door and Drawer Locks.
Second hand Safes constantly on hand.
DETROIT, MICH.

WHEATON & POPLETON,
Wholesale dealers in,
TEA, COFFEE, SYRUP & CIGARS,
112 & 114 Jefferson Avenue,
(Michigan Exchange Cor.)
WM. W. WHEATON. / HENRY POPLETON. Detroit, Michigan.
Samples sent (free of charge) if desired.

HAMBLEN BAKER & CO.,
Wholesale
Fruit & Oyster House,
Ten per cent discount on Bottom Prices offered for all orders sent to us.
168 Woodward Ave., — Detroit, Mich.

FULTON IRON & ENGINE WORKS,
DETROIT, MICHIGAN.
Steam Engines,
Gang and Circular Saw Mills,
Hooton's Lime Heater.
Send for Circulars if you want first class machinery at low rates.
Jas. B. Wayne, Treasurer.

MICHIGAN MACHINERY DEPOT.
G. S. WORMER & SON,
Nos. 99, 101 and 103, Jefferson Avenue,
Detroit, Mich.
Dealers in Engines, Boilers and Saw Mills, Planers, Planers and Matchers, Sash Door and Blind Machinery, Shingle, Stave and Heading Machinery, Engine Lathes, Planers, Drills and Wood and Iron Working Machines of all descriptions. Snow's Improved Governor and Valve combined. Leather and Rubber Belting, Saw and Steam Gauges etc.

POLLARD & PHILLIPS,
Manufacturers of
SHOWCASES
METAL SASH BAR FOR STORE FRONTS etc.
Importers and dealers in French and English Window and Picture Glass. Detroit Mich. 78 Monroe Avenue. Cleveland, O. Office 74 Michigan Street. Manufactory cor. Vineyard and Champlain streets.

HUGH JOHNSON,
Manufacturer of
CARRIAGES,
LIGHT WAGONS & SLEIGHS,
15, 17 & 19 Monroe Avenue, Detroit Mich.
Repairing promptly attended to. Orders solicited.

DETROIT MACHINERY DEPOT,
Established 1851,
JAMES JENKS,
Dealer in all kinds of Machinery,
29 ATWATER STREET, EAST,
DETROIT, - - - - MICHIGAN.

Established 1830.
WELCH & GRIFFITHS,
Saw Manufacturers,
Branch house. Agents for William Jessop & Sons' English Cast Steel, and dealers in American Steel, Files, Emery, Leather and Rubber Belting, Axes, Arbors, Sawyers' Implements, Shingle Machines and Saw Mill Machinery generally. Saws repaired promptly and skillfully.
42 Woodbridge street, East, Detroit, Mich.

WILLIAM WRIGHT & CO.,
Dealers and Importers in
French and American Window Glass,
Plate Glass, Crystal Plate, Stained and Cut Glass, &c. Also,
PAINTERS AND DECORATORS. DEALERS IN Wall paper, Window Shades, Pictures, Picture Frames and Mirrors.
118 Woodward Ave. & 14 Congress St., Detroit, Mich.

WESTERN BREWERY,
Fine Stock Ale, Porter,
Excelsior, Cream and Pageant Ale, for Draught.
BOTTLED ALES AND PORTER,
Of superior quality, equal to the best imported at about one-half the price.
DAVIS & NEWBERRY,
Cor. Seventh and Abbott Streets

STONE YARD.
BATCHELDER & COOK,
Dealers in
SAWED & WROUGHT OHIO BLUE FREE STONE,
AND MEDINA SAND STONE.
Flagging, Door Sills, Steps and Landings, Window Caps, Sills, Water Tables, Ashler, Curb and Cross Walk, Tiling, Coping Hearths, Monument Bases, Rendering Basins, Platforms, etc. Office at Stone Yard, on Woodbridge street, near Board of Trade Building, Detroit, Mich.

SEWING MACHINES,
The BARTRAM & FANTON is the only First Class Sewing Machine having attachments for making Trimmings, Embroidery, and Button Holes. It received a first Prize Medal at Paris Exposition, and American Institute in 1867. Price $55. Agents wanted in every town. Liberal commissions given. State Agency and salesroom at
63 Randolph Street, 2d Floor,
Detroit, - - - Michigan
30. 1869.

CARRIAGES BUGGIES, SLEIGHS,
Etc., Etc.
John Patton & Son
Established in 1812.
Our facilities are such that we are making the best top and no top Wagons in the country! A large assortment always on hand at our factory and warerooms.
Corner Woodbridge and Brush Streets, Detroit, Mich.

AGENTS WANTED.
Good Agents wanted to sell
KENT'S DOMESTIC SOLDER
In this and adjoining counties. Apply at 119½ Woodward Avenue, Detroit.
W. J. KENT & CO.

N. B. ROWLEY & SON,
No. 17 Woodbridge St. East Detroit
Agents for the
U. S. Standard Scales.
Manufactured by the Buffalo Scale Works Company. Hay, Cattle and Coal Scales, Grain, Hopper, Dormant, Portable, Platform, [illegible] Scales, as complete and Reliable as any manufactured. Also, Warehouse Trucks. [illegible] furnished to order.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

McCormick & Bro's

REAPER

&

MOWER.

A Large Stock

On Hand.

Please Call and Examine.

We also sell the GLEN & HALL

THRASHING MACHINE

And will keep *Horse Rakes*
Cultivators and other Farm Implements.

MARKEY & TURNER.
Owosso May 26, 1869. tf

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

J. A. BEBBE,

At this Store opposite the National Hotel, having determined to limit his business exclusively to Groceries, Provisions & Crockery, is purchasing goods selected with great care directly from New York Jobbers, enabling him to supply customers with the best, without any go between profits, at the
Lowest Possible Prices.
HIS TEAS, COFFEE, SUGARS, SPICES &c., cannot be beat in quality or prices.
A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF
CONFECTIONERY, NUTS &c.
Highest market price paid for
BUTTER, EGGS, LARD, APPLES, &c.
Owosso, Jan. 20, 1869.

THE LANGSTROTH HIVE.
The undersigned having authority to convey rights in [illegible] Shiawassee county the
LANGSTROTH MOVABLE COMB BEE HIVE.
Is prepared to furnish the hives ready made [illegible] style of [illegible] Sash, Blind and Door Factory.
Owosso, May 18 [illegible]

H. D. NEFF,
HOUSE, CARRIAGE, SIGN
—AND—
Ornamental Painting!
Graining and Porcelain Work.
Striping
—AND—
Ornamenting
DONE FOR COUNTRY SHOPS.
Shop on Exchange Street, West of Exchange Hotel.
Owosso, Jan. 1st, 1869.—17. 6m

Wagon Making!
L. B. DAVIS,
Respectfully informs the public that he continues the Wagon Making and Repairing business, at his old shop, and is prepared to do all kinds of work, both light and heavy in his line, with
Neatness and Despatch.
New Wagons made in the best and most durable style always on hand for sale cheap.
Wagons, carriages, buggies, sleighs &c made to order.
Charges Reasonable
and work warranted.
L. B. DAVIS.
Owosso, Sept. 16, 1867. 2

INSURANCE AGENCY.
LYON & SEXTON,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS,
OWOSSO, MICH.
Losses Liberally Adjusted & Promptly Paid
AT THIS OFFICE.
Policies issued in the following First Class Companies:
SECURITY Insurance Co., New York,
Cash Capital and Surplus $1,706,618.81
HOME Insurance Co., New York,
Cash Capital and Surplus $3,966,235.30
NORTH AMERICAN Fire Insurance Co., Hartford,
Cash Capital and Surplus $447,838.65
HOME Insurance Co., New Haven
Cash Capital and Surplus [illegible]
DETROIT Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Detroit,
Cash Capital and Surplus, $230,112.94
PUTNAM Fire In. Co., Hartford,
Cash Capital and Surplus, $685,961.63
HARTFORD Fire Ins. Co., Hartford
Cash Capital and Surplus, $3,342,232.72
LUMBERMEN'S Ins. Co., Chicago
Cash Capital and Surplus, $394,502.73
REPUBLIC Insurance Co., Chicago
Cash Capital and Surplus, $1,222,664.51
AMERICAN TONTINE L. & S. Ins. Co., N. Y.:
Cash Capital, $125,000.
June 9th, 1869.—18-1y

COOK, COBURN & CO.
Advertising Agents, Chicago,
Are authorized to receive Advertisements for this paper, at our lowest rates, and are Agents for all Newspapers in the U. S. and Territories.

ADVERTISE

CORUNNA.

Grocery and Provision

EMPORIUM!

M. CARLAND takes pleasure in informing the public that he has opened

New Stock of Goods

In the Store four doors South of Wheeler's Bank, directly opposite the Court House, in Corunna, where he is prepared to supply customers with the

Choicest Groceries and Provisions

At prices suited to the time

Call and examine

Quality and Prices of

SUGARS,
TEAS,
COFFEE, &c.

Unexcelled in the county.

Also a good assortment of

Baskets, Wooden Ware

And other articles in this line.

Remember the place, opposite the Court House.
Corunna, Jan. 25, 1869.—tf.

To Our Readers!

THE MOST EFFECTIVE REMEDY
EVER USED.

DR. S. GRIGGS'

AROMATIC BITTERS

PURELY VEGETABLE

Used many years by Dr. Griggs in active practice with unparalleled success.

ARE A SURE AND POSITIVE CURE
—FOR—
CHILLS AND FEVER,
Chronic Diarrhea,
CHOLERA MORBUS, DYSENTERY, NEURALGIC PAINS, DYSPEPSIA, HEADACHE, CATARRH, LIVER COMPLAINT,
Asthmatic Affections, Bleeding Piles,
And in all cases of
GENERAL DEBILITY
THE MOST EFFECTIVE REMEDY EVER USED
OBSTINATE CONSTIPATION OF THE BOWELS YIELDS TO ITS USE.
Griggs' Aromatic Bitters.
[illegible]
MOST EFFICIENT OF ALL REMEDIES.
[illegible]
Griggs' Aromatic Bitters
You Will Find Yourself Possessed of New Life,
Renewed Strength, a Ruddy Complexion, and all [illegible]
THE LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE LABORATORY IN THE UNITED STATES
has just been completed at
No. 15, JEFFERSON AVE., DETROIT, MICH.
exclusively for the manufacture of
Griggs' Aromatic Bitters,
And it is now used by the proprietor [illegible]
THE CHEAPEST AND PUREST TONIC EVER ENJOYED BY SUFFERING HUMANITY.
TRY THEM!
For Sale by M. L. Stewart.
November 1st, 1868.—1y

WANTED.—Immediately, at the PRESS OFFICE,
Stove Wood,
2 feet in length, also 20 inches long,
CORN, OATS, POTATOES, APPLES
green or dried, and other farm produce

MORTGAGE SALE.
Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by George R. Millard and Charles A. Millard [illegible] dated the [illegible] day of October A. D. [illegible] recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds [illegible] county and State of Michigan October [illegible] [illegible]
JOHN F. [illegible], Mortgagee.
[illegible] & [illegible], Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Dated May [illegible]

GUARDIAN'S SALE.—State of Michigan, County of [illegible] [illegible]
ANN E. EDWARDS,
Guardian of said Minors.

AGENTS WANTED
— FOR —
Night Scenes
IN THE BIBLE,
BY REV. DANIEL MARCH, D. D.
[illegible]
Commissions $100 to $200 a Month.
[illegible]

A CARD TO THE LADIES
D. DUPONCO'S
GOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS!
FOR FEMALES.
Infallible in Correcting Irregularities, Removing Obstructions of the Monthly Turns, [illegible]
ONE PILL IS A DOSE!
[illegible]
MOST INVALUABLE REMEDY
[illegible]

J. F. LAURENGAYER,
Washington Street, Owosso,
Opposite Williams Brick Block.
— DEALER IN —
Drugs and Medicines
Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs,
Perfumeries and Toilet Articles,
HAIR DYES,
Tooth and Clothes Brushes,
FANCY ARTICLES,
TOBACCO AND CIGARS,
Pure Wines & Liquors
[illegible] MEDICAL [illegible]
Agents for many of the most Popular Patent Medicines of the day.
PHYSICIANS PRESCRIPTIONS [illegible] Carefully prepared of the
PUREST MEDICINES ONLY,
AT ANY HOUR OF THE DAY AND NIGHT
Residence—First Door South of the store.
Owosso, April 29 1868. 32tf.

GO TO

L. STRUBER'S

Where you will find a full assortment

—OF—

BOOTS AND SHOES

FOR

LADIES MEN AND CHILDRENS

Wear.

AND AT AS LOW PRICES AS EVER OFFERED

Leather and Findings, always on hand

Particular attention given to custom work

L. STRUBER,
Exchange Street, Owosso, 1y.

WANTED,
EVERY KIND OF
FARM PRODUCE
ON SUBSCRIPTIONS
to
THE OWOSSO PRESS.

CORUNNA ADVERTISEMENTS.
NEW STOCK OF

BOOTS & SHOES

FOR THE MILLION.

Good news for the Ladies & Gentlemen

of Shiawassee County

Money and Time saved

The largest and best Boot and Shoe House in this section of the country now carried on by

E. F. WADE,

MAIN STREET, - - Corunna, Mic

Where all kinds of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Can be found cheaper than at any other place

and a far superior article.

All his Goods are Manufactured expressly for him, and

Warranted

AS REPRESENTED!

LEATHER!

Of any Kind or Description, in any Quantity.

Shoemaker's Findings or Tools!

You can Always find them at WADE'S

As Cheap as the Cheapest.

Do not visit Corunna without giving him a call.
Corunna, April 15, 1868

HARDWARE.
A. S. GRIGGS & CO.
— DEALERS IN —
STOVES, IRON AND NAILS,
[illegible] CARRIAGE TRIMMING
Table Cutlery, Pocket Cutlery, Glass,
BUGGY SPRINGS & AXLES,
CARPENTERS', BLACKSMITHS'
AND
FARM TOOLS, FARM IMPLEMENTS,
Shovels, Hoes, Forks, Rakes,
In great variety, and every kind of goods, that can be found in a well filled Hardware Store.
Also, manufacturers of
TIN WARE, COPPER,
AND
SHEET IRON WARE,
of every description.
Also, sole agents for the manufacture of sale of M. R. Kelsey's
PATENT CHIMNEY FLANGE,
For Shiawassee county, the most perfect arrangement ever invented to prevent leakage of the roof around the chimney.
AT THE
CORNER STORE,
IN THE
PHŒNIX BLOCK
CORUNNA, - - MICH.
May 13, 1868. 34tf.

JAS. ANDERSON,
MERCHANT TAILOR!
Would respectfully inform the citizens of Corunna and the inhabitants of the county generally, that he has just opened a
NEW SHOP
Over the store of L. W. Gofney, where he intends to inform especially to
CUSTOM WORK.
He will always keep on hand the best and most select
CLOTHS, VESTING & TRIMMINGS
To be found in the county.
All kinds of garments cut in the latest style
FREE OF COST!
Where I sell from my own Cloths, and WARRANTED TO FIT
If properly made up.
JAMES ANDERSON.
Corunna, Sept. 16 1868.—42tf.