THE OWOSSO WEEKLY PRESS.

VOLUME XX — OWOSSO, MICHIGAN, W[illegible] — [illegible]MBER 31

Jesse Hoyt, one of the best known New York merchants, died in that city on Monday [illegible] where he was born in 1816. Mr. Hoyt began his commercial career as a clerk in a grocery house and succeeded to a partnership, withdrawing in 1858 to enter the grain commission business with his father. The grain business at that time was restricted to transactions in flour, the subsequent development of what is now known as the grain trade being greatly due to Mr. Hoyt's energy and ability. Mr. Hoyt was especially active in the erection of elevators and in improving the facilities for storing and handling grain, and was prominently identified with the elevator system of Chicago and Milwaukee, having built the first railroad elevator in the latter city. Having great confidence in the resources of the west, he purchased a vast tract of land in the Saginaw valley of Michigan; in preparing for the clearing of the land, while sinking wells, he discovered the salt deposits which have grown to so great importance. Mr. Hoyt was at the time of his death president of the Flint and Pere Marquette Railroad company, and an officer in many business corporations and associations. He leaves an estate valued at $10,000,000.

Shrewd and far-seeing Methodists were the brethren who established Ocean Grove. Ten years ago the assessed value of the property was $[illegible]000. Now it is over $3,000,000.

Real Estate Transfers

(Reported Expressly for The Press.)

BANCROFT.

N. G. Phillips to Mary E. Howard, lot [illegible] Phillips' sub-division out lot 1, $100.

BENNINGTON.

W. H. Bentley to W. F. Horton, w½ of [illegible] of sw¼ sec. 35, $1200.

CORUNNA.

John Hicks to Martha J. Reynolds' lot 1 and 2 bk 32, $4000.

Duane Babcock to Harriet Burnett, lot 2 bk 48, $100.

HAZELTON.

O. F. Tock to John A. Confer, n pt of n w frl ¼ sec. 2 106.96-100 a. $2800.

MORRICE.

Isaac Gale to Edward Goodburn, e½ of lot 22 bk 1, Wells' add, $100.

Richard O. Wheeler to Edward Goodburn, lot 21 and w½ of lot 22 bk 1, Wells' add, $300.

OWOSSO CITY.

Julia M. Cowan to Abram D. Sutton, lots 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 and 8, bk 5, Barnes' add, $575.

PERRY VILLAGE.

Rosalia V. Harrington to Wilson McConnell, lots 1, 2 and 3 bk 9, $1100.

RUSH.

Margaret Morse to Charles Drumm, nw¼ of sw¼ (ex 1a) sec. 16, $1170.

Charles Drumm to Byron C. Pierce, w½ of se¼ of se¼ sec. 14, $1000.

VERNON.

Sarah A. Smith to Frank A. Smith, w pt of sw¼ sec. 21 (100a), $5000.

Frank A. Smith to Sarah H. Smith, 26 a from sw¼ sec. 21 and 14 a from e½ of sw¼ sec. 21, $2000.

VERNON VILLAGE.

J. L. Smith to Bert F. Sickles, lot 10 bk 4, $500.

WOODHULL.

Samuel Wright to Alfred L. Wright, w½ of e½ of se¼ sec. 15, $1200.

Materials for Bedding

Materials for bedding are used and are kept in the [illegible] in this country, as they have been for a long time in most European countries. The value of straw is better appreciated than it formerly was, and more is used in the manufacture of paper. In some parts of Europe the straw employed for bedding horses is wasted after it has been used for that purpose and is sold to paper manufacturers. Recently saw dust, sand, peat, and dried clay have been employed as substitutes for straw for bedding horses and dairy cows. Attention has also been called to the different kinds of mosses that grow in many parts of the country. That growing on trees in many parts of the south is found to be a very superior article, and seems to answer all the requirements. It is cheap, easily obtained, clean, and an excellent absorber of urine. When saturated with this substance and placed in heaps it rots readily and makes a good fertilizer. The moss found in bogs in all the northern states and which is used by nurserymen for packing trees and bushes is also found to make very good bedding after it is dried. All kinds of moss can be compressed into very small bulk by the baling process, and put in a form to be readily and cheaply transported. A Frenchman draws attention to the use of calcined earth as a litter. He covers some branches with clay, sets them on fire, and the earth is baked. It must then be kept under a shed to prevent absorption by humidity. In the calcined form, the absorbent power of clay is naturally augmented. In that state it is better fitted also to make gases. It is more suitable for a sheep than a cattle shed, and when employed in the latter case a slight sprinkling of straw will be an improvement. The best litter is that which will absorb most urine. According to Boussingault, bean, buckwheat, and pulse straws are first, as they absorb three times their weight of liquid; wheat straw, but twice its weight, and dried earth, but one half.

Done into English.

Ambulavit in litore—"He went out on a litter." Ergo Iris devolat et supra caput astitit—"Therefore Iris flew down and stood upon her head." Sectam Epicuri flagitiorum magistram esse—"The mistress of Epicuries was cut through with faults." Qui dedit ergo tribus patruis aconita—"Who gave poison to his three fathers." Rari in tumi facundia Pano—"Eloquence is rare in their hands." Tiburno in gurgite mergis mara caput histerque—"Soak your head in the Tiber two or three times." Instruxit triplicem aciem—"He drew three aces." Contraria tellus nubibus assidnis pluviisque madeset et austro—"The spunky earth got mad at the nibbling asses and the austere plover."—*New York World.*

One of the best of English dramatic critics says that Edwin Booth has proved to how much greater advantage he is seen in the company of capable players than when he is a star among the sticks.

Now We Have It!

—ANYTHING YOU WANT—

In the Hardware Line

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

☞Our Specialties are too numerous to mention here; however, we will mention a few of them. First, the Golden Star Oil and Gasoline Stoves, which give decidedly the best satisfaction of any Stoves in the market. We have a full line of Ice Cream Freezers and REFRIGERATORS, Ice Tongs and Ice Picks, the Celebrated Bentwood Churn, the best display of Granite Ware that can be found in the city.

☞PUMPS, PIPE and GAS FITTINGS of all kinds. PAINTS, OILS, COLORS and CARRIAGE VARNISHES.

We would especially call your attention to Boydell Bro's Olive Tints as they are giving better satisfaction and cover more surface than the best white lead made. We also have a full line of Locks and Knobs, the Parker & Whipple Knob, which is the only knob that can be adapted to any thickness of doors. Rope, Leather Belting and Hose Pipe.

FAUTH & EDDY, Owosso.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

—AT—

LORING'S

For the next 40 Days, in

WALL PAPER.

☞**From 15 to 35 Per Cent. Off.** This Closing Out Sale will not last a day longer than Sept. 1, 1882.

Large line of Window Shades, Stationery, &c., constantly in stock at **LOWEST PRICES.** G. W. LORING.

Owosso, July 20, 1882.

Local and Miscellaneous

[illegible]

Farrington Cor[illegible]

[illegible]

PROGRAMME.

1. Where is Heaven? [illegible]
2. Eckert's Styrian Song [illegible]
3. The Huntsman's Horn [illegible]
4. If I Could Store, Instrumental, [illegible]
5. The King and Me [illegible]
6. Sing, Smile and Slumber [illegible]
7. I Know That My Redeemer Liveth, [illegible]
8. Echoes from Ireland [illegible]
9. When thy Bosom Heaves a Sigh, [illegible] Believe Me" (a selection from [illegible] Opera.)
10. Quartette. [illegible]
11. Admission 20 cents. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock. [illegible]

Go to the Fairs.

As the season for agricultural fairs is at hand, we commend to readers of THE PRESS the following excellent suggestions from the American Agriculturist:

The term "Fair" may not always be the most appropriate one for the autumn Shows. *Exhibition* is a better word, but far less frequently used. Not only should the farmer go to the Fair, but he ought to take his family with him. The going, simply, is not enough. All members of the household should make it a point to take something to exhibit. One of the boys may take a fine colt, and if it is his own, there will be all the more pride in obtaining a prize. Another son may have a yoke of steers that he has trained for the exhibition. As for the girls, there are a thousand different things that can be made with the needle that will grace the walls of the "Woman's Pavillion," or the rooms of the Household Department. Even so common a thing as bread may be baked with special care, and will attract much attention. Then there are the garden vegetables, potatoes—a new kind, perhaps—pumpkins, squashes, etc., and the products of the farm and orchard. It is not wise to leave all these things at home, and then criticise the Exhibition because you can say, "We have better things at home." To go and take things to the Fair is not enough. The Exhibition should become a school at which all exhibitors and visitors make a study of the implements, cattle, poultry, fruit, grain, etc., that are there. A farmer may owe his success in growing some crop to the knowledge gained at a town Fair. The farmer that has a real pride in the farm will take great interest in the local Fair, and will exhibit the best products of farm life in the boys and girls who are interested exhibitors at the Fairs. The day at the Fair should be a social one, everyone making it a point to meet many neighbors and others with a pleasant word. It is a place for asking and answering questions, and the person who goes through the Exhibition without opening his mouth, is certainly not getting all the good that is within his reach. It is our advice that all go to the Fair—all take something to show, and all find out as much as possible about all the various exhibits that are made by others. In this way the day at the Fair will be a most profitable one. It may be that a premium will not be taken by every one, but the prize money is only a small part of the value that an exhibitor may receive from a Fair, that has been used as a means for a better understanding of the products of the farm, garden, and household.

In Memoriam—Miss Emma Rowell.

Farewell, dear one, pure and lovely.
How dear thou art no tongue can tell
How we shall miss thee! Oh how lonely
Is the home where thou didst dwell.

Sad and weeping now we leave thee
In thy narrow, lowly bed;
But no sorrow now can grieve thee,
For thou sleepest with the dead.

But the hope that thou didst cherish
When with sorrow thou didst meet,
Now sustains us in our anguish
While we part with one so sweet.

But a bright and radiant morning
Soon shall burst the dreary tomb,
Then immortal thine adorning,
Thou shalt wake to faileless bloom.

A glad reunion then forever
May amend our broken band,
If we all but strive together
To obtain that better land.

BENNINGTON, Aug. 19th, 1882. L. S.

Jesse Hoyt's will contains bequests to East Saginaw of 40 acres for a public park and of four lots and $100,000 for a public library.

[illegible]

Harvest [illegible]
Harvest [illegible]
Harvest [illegible]

[illegible] day last May [illegible] well-known [illegible] about" and [illegible] Dakota [illegible] luminous [illegible] Buckeye [illegible] write [illegible] rhyme [illegible]

NEW MERIDIAN

[illegible]

THE FOLLOWING [illegible] BY A. BENNETT FROM A FRIEND IN MICHIGAN AND REFERRED TO THE ARGUS [illegible]

THE VALLEY

Owosso, Michigan, May [illegible]

Your letter from distant Dakota
By me has been duly received,
And the wonders portrayed of that country
I scarcely could have believed;
From the fact that a number of persons
Who journeyed from here to that land
Have either returned, or have written,
That the prospect is not quite so grand
As in their wild fancy (which led them)
Like the treasure seekers of old,
To go rushing after "Dame Fortune"
Who is hard both to catch and to hold:
They imagined a perfect Bonanza,
And the one only thing to be met,
Would be pockets sufficiently spacious
To hold all the money they'd get.
And when they got out on the prairie,
Away from their mother or wife,
And were obliged to face a "Nor'wester,"
Or turn tail and run for their life,
They discovered 'twas not quite so pleasant,
As the place to which fancy would roam
When they talked of the great western country
While stowed away snugly at home.
But you know there is truth in the saying
That people are not all alike,
And while some are easy discouraged,
For "Liberty" others will strike:
And as by the brave in the battle
The victory only is won,
So fortune oft favors the daring
Who persistently after her run;
And there's no doubt that out in Dakota,
Away from the bustle and din
Of the many who are striving for fortune,
The old dame might be best taken in.
But they say the old lady is fickle
And like a coquette she will flirt,
And the harder you try to induce her
To fall on the front of your shirt,
The more she will smile and evade you,
And lead you along in the chase
Which grows more and more interesting
As you draw near the end of the race,
And when at last you have got her,
And rejoice with the greatest of glee,
The chances are one in a hundred
She will prove like the Irishman's flea.
Which he followed with great perseverance,
And caught at last in a snare,
And when safely under his finger
"Be jabers the thing was not there."
Now please write me again at your leisure,
And tell me all that you can
About the climate, and water,
The uniform lay of the land,
And whether level or rolling,
Prairie, timber, or plain,
And whether subject to excesses
Either of drouth or of rain;
And how about labor and wages?
The season to plow and to sow?
And what is the prospect for selling
Machinery to reap or to mow?
The land, of whom do you purchase?
Of government, railroad, or state?
And what terms can be had in the payments?
How long and what interest rate?
How far must one go from the city
To get a farm to his taste?
And in order to get good locations,
Is there any great need of haste?
Please write me the fullest particulars
Which you conveniently can;
And you will confer a great favor
And I will forever remain.

Yours sincerely,
P. J. BRYAN.

THE REPLY.

Your esteemed and inquiring favor,
From the lively peninsular state,
Has been duly received. And the writer
Now hastens the facts to relate
Regarding this beautiful region
On which God has especially smiled.
Where everything grows in profusion,
And the zephyrs waft gently and mild.
Of course there are tenderfeet plenty,
Who came to this Eden of ours
To grow suddenly rich without labor,
And in idleness spend all their hours.
Who thought that their infinite genius,
And unparalelled smartness would be
Enough to cause every Dakotan
In worship to bend them the knee.
Who expected to capture the country,
And return as proud millionaires home
With tales of their prowess and fortune,
In the land where the buffaloes roam.
These tenderfeet children should never
Escape from their "Mother or wife,"
But securely to apron strings tethered
Should pass the calm years of their life.
Dakota the land of fair promise,
And glorious number one wheat,
Is not an asylum for idiots,
Nor for milksops a pleasant retreat;
But for men of nerve and discretion,
Who to better their fortune come west,

[illegible]

Southern Girls on a Tramp—Hundreds of Miles on Foot Over the Mountains.

[illegible] A party of [illegible] pretty girls arrived [illegible] a trip across [illegible] on foot. The [illegible] skirts, heavy [illegible] and broad brimmed [illegible] seven hundred [illegible] wild and dreary [illegible] prepared [illegible] when necessary [illegible] fears [illegible]

[illegible] are Mary [illegible] are [illegible] girls [illegible] purpose [illegible] scenery [illegible] are quite young [illegible] over 20 and the youngest [illegible] They are stout and hearty [illegible] somewhat sunburned [illegible] their way [illegible] The party [illegible]

[illegible]

Old Maids.

[illegible] Library [illegible]

[illegible] term old maid is rapidly disappearing from society. People who are broad enough to see that opprobrious epithet can at once be classed among the ignorant and vulgar. The fields of labor are now so much larger for women, that they are more self respecting, and are learning to analyze the realities of life, rather than to judge of things on the surface, which was the result of the old, narrow way of educating women. They are also learning the truth, that unless people marry for love, and for no other reason, marriage results in unhappiness and misery for both; and unless true congeniality can be secured as a basis of married life, the better way is to remain single. The day is going by when women accept an offer of marriage for fear of being called an "old maid." That kind of vulgar ridicule from the lips of commonplace and ignorant people, has given rise to more unhappy marriages than almost any other cause. Now that women are becoming enlightened, the tendency of the times is teaching them that they need not be necessarily passé or laid away on the shelf, if they remain unmarried after reaching the age of twenty five years. Two or three years ago, the most sought after and fascinating women in Newport society were some ladies between thirty and fifty years of age. The experience of women of education and travel, charmingly dressed, has taught them how to sip life's pleasures with a tact that puts their pinfeathery sisters, with all the advantages of youth and beauty, in the shade.

A Good Newspaper.

Henry Watterson, editor Courier Journal (Louisville Ky.), never has written anything more truthful or sensible than the following article about conducting a newspaper.

"Some people estimate the ability of a periodical and the talent of its editor by the quantity of its original matter. It is comparatively an easy task for a frothy writer to string out a column of words upon any and all subjects. His ideas may flow in one weak, washy, everlasting flood, and the command of his language may enable him to string them together like a bunch of onions, and yet his paper may be but a meager and poor concern. Indeed, the mere writing part of editing a paper is but a small portion of the work. The care, the time employed in selecting, is far more important, and the fact of a good editor is better shown by his selections than anything else; and that, we know, is half the battle. But, we have said, an editor ought to be estimated, his labor understood and appreciated, by the general conduct of his paper—its tone, its uniform, consistent course, aims, manliness, its dignity, and its propriety. To preserve these as they should be preserved, is enough to occupy fully the time and attention of any man. If to this be added the general supervision of the details of publication which most editors have to encounter, the wonder is how they find time to write at all."

A Michigan Romance—Recovery of a Girl Stolen from Her Parents 15 Years Ago.

The final, happy restoration of a girl to her father and mother, after a sad separation of fifteen long years, is a sensation and a romance which Hudson, Lenawee county, furnishes us, and its recital is very interesting. Miss Lillie Bowers is now a young lady about 18 years of age, quite large in stature, intelligent and attractive in appearance, and certainly has a romantic history connected with her life.

Nearly fifteen years ago, when she was but little over 2 years of age, she was stolen from her parents, who were then living at Sandusky, and from that time until a month ago she has never been seen by any of her relatives. Immediately after her disappearance, a thorough search was instituted for her recovery by her parents. It was learned that about the time the little girl was stolen there was a body of people camping out in that vicinity who lived like gypsies, yet differed from them in that they were darker complexioned and used the German language in conversation. From all that could be found out, it was believed they had abducted the child. Years rolled on without bringing any news of the lost one. The fond parents were nearly crazed with grief, but never gave up all hopes of some time finding their child. On the 9th of last July a lady living near Genoa, a small town a few miles east of Toledo, who had formerly lived at Sandusky and knew the circumstances connected with the abduction, wrote Mrs. Bowers, who had also moved from Sandusky to Hudson, that she believed she had a clew to their missing daughter, and that she was living with a well-to-do-family in that neighborhood. A brisk correspondence followed for several days. Finally being convinced that there was more in the clew than any that had ever been found heretofore, Mrs. Bowers went to Genoa a few weeks ago to make personal inquiries regarding the matter. She learned that about fourteen years ago the local authorities at Genoa had discovered a child in the possession of a band of roving people, and feeling satisfied it was not their own took it from them. It was then bound out to James Gaskins, a farmer living in Genoa, who bears the reputation of being a most honest and upright man. In his family she has remained ever since, always receiving the best of care and attention. The mother was [illegible] that her long lost child [illegible] Mr. Gaskins family were one and the same person. A meeting settled a doubt that might have been in her mind and the joy of the mother can better be imagined than expressed. The daughter was overjoyed at meeting her mother for she had known that she was not Mr. Gaskins child and had fondly imagined her parents. Upon the girl expressing a desire to return home with her mother Mr. Gaskins promptly gave the girl up and [illegible]

Jesse Hoyt, the East Saginaw

New York August 14.—Jesse Hoyt who died yesterday was born in this city March [illegible] 1815. He began his commercial career at the age of 17 as a clerk in the house of C. & L. Denison, wholesale grocers, doing business in Dey street. He showed such aptitude for business that on reaching his majority he was admitted into the firm. Here he continued until 1838 when he entered into the grain and commission business with his father, James M. Hoyt, who until then had been a member of the firm of Eli Hart & Co., which was the most extensive grain house in the city. The grain business at this time, however, was almost restricted, to transactions in flour, and the receipt and export of wheat, corn and other cereals as carried on at present, was not dreamed of. The firm has been ever since its organization one of the largest in the grain trade. Mr. Hoyt took a deep and active interest in the development of this trade both here and in the west, and to his energy and foresight is due in a great measure its remarkable growth.

HIS START IN THE SAGINAW VALLEY.

The most interesting feature of Mr. Hoyt's business career was his early appreciation of the resources and ultimate development of the northwest. His foresight and great business ability, as exhibited in his early investments in the western states, not only created the larger part of his wealth, but contributed in a large degree to the development of that section of the country. His first investment was made in 1851, when he bought tracts of land in the Saginaw valley of Michigan, amounting in the aggregate to hundreds of thousands of acres. This was all timber land, but he foresaw that the immense oak and pine forests would become very valuable. He entered into the work of developing this region with his usual earnestness. In order to clear the land and dispose of the timber he first erected saw mills. This required the building of homes for the operatives, and this again the digging of wells. The wells gave salt water, and, after conferences with the state geological men, Hoyt became convinced that the state contained valuable salt deposits. He opened this industry, which has grown to-day so large that it supplies western consumption, and has to that extent become a most formidable competitor with the salt industry in New York state. He founded the city of East Saginaw, which to-day has a population of 25,000, and which is the business center of a district rich in timber, minerals and agricultural products. To dispose of his land Mr. Hoyt's policy was to erect a building on a lot. He would then sell the house at cost price in order to secure a purchaser. His profit was made on the land. The purchaser would be sure to induce a friend to settle near him, and thus Mr. Hoyt would sell another lot. Though disposing of quantities of land in this manner, he still retained a large amount, ann he continued his investments to a very late date. Of recent years he has been a heavy purchaser of pine lands. One year ago he sold 15,000 acres at $40 an acre, aggregating $600,000, which is said to have been one of the largest sales of pine lands ever made.

OTHER BUSINESS INTERESTS.

The development of the state necessitated the construction of railroads, and Mr. Hoyt interested himself in the building of the Flint and Père Marquette railroad, which was completed to Ludington and Lake Michigan, opposite Milwaukee, making a direct line from Toledo to Lake Michigan. Of this road he continued president up to the time of his death. He was identified with the construction of the Winona and St. Peter railroad, afterward sold to the Chicago and Northwestern, and he was connected with the building of the Milwaukee and Northern, and Wisconsin, Michigan, Ontonagon and Rum River railroads, extending from Milwaukee up Lake Superior. He was concerned in the organization of the Chesapeake and Ohio, of which he was director. At one time he was a director in the New York elevated railroad, and at the time of his death was a director of the Merchants' Exchange national bank, and of the Home insurance company and of the Commercial insurance company, but he generally shrank from positions of this kind principally because of his life long determination to accept no trust or responsibility to which he could not give the same attention that he gave to his private business. His aversion to publicity of any kind was remarkable, and only those who knew him well understood how large was his nature and what a deep interest he took not only in those who came in contact with him but in public matters. His kindness to his employes was noteworthy. He conducted his business on the principle of taking a personal interest in each of his subordinates. Though not associated with any public charity he distributed large sums in his own quiet way.

Mr. Hoyt had been failing for a year and a half, though he retained all his mental faculties. For five months he had been confined to his house and for six weeks to his bed. He leaves a wife and one daughter. His estate is estimated to be worth at least $10,000,000.

There's this to be said in favor of Adam and Eve: There's no evidence that they lied about the size of the snake.—[Boston Post.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for September opens with a beautiful frontispiece, "A Sunday Morning in Virginia," from a picture by Alfred Fredericks. The [illegible] with exquisite charm, [illegible] Mary [illegible] papers. In Southern [illegible] appears [illegible] beautifully illustrated by W. L. Hassam, [illegible] Harrison Mc Intyre [illegible] will be remembered [illegible] Wednesday." Rutherford W. Vose is the [illegible] of a very interesting account of Wendell Phillips, in Sabina, by Elise Allen [illegible] Colonel Higginson's American History is devoted to the discoveries made by the Northmen, illustrated with eight engravings. Edwin P. Whipple contributes an entertaining paper, entitled "Some Recollections of Ralph Waldo Emerson." The problem of the Mississippi River, and the theories proposed for its solution, form the subject of a timely paper by David A. Curtis. Excellent short stories are given "A Doctor Spoiled," by Barnet Phillips, and "Love will find out the Way," by Elizabeth B. B. Stoddard. Poems are contributed by Hjalmar H. Boyesen and Philip Bourke Marston. William Black's new novel, "Shandon Bells," becomes more interesting with every new part, and is finely illustrated by William Small.

The Editor's Easy Chair, Literary and Historical Records, and Drawer are full of timely and entertaining matter.

It is the fashion this summer to be sunburnt, among girls as well as among young men. And the dainty belle of the Fifth avenue ball room sits calmly on some rock by the sea, a volume of Goethe in her lap, her hat and parasol beside her, gloveless, suffering the intense rays of the sun to scorch and burn her delicate skin a deep-red, and then a brown, just for the sake of being in the fashion.

The original "Hazel Kirke" Company is now in Oregon, after a long and prosperous season in California. This play has been given every night except Sundays and Good Fridays ever since the 4th of February, 1880. Miss Effie Ellsler has played the part of Hazel all this time except one vacation of three weeks. She has lost only one performance through illness. Mr. Couldock, although more than seventy years of age, has not missed one performance in the two years and a half that the play has been running.

THE IRISH CONSTABULARY.—This organization which has just been in semi-mutiny, and on which the preservation of law in Ireland depends, was created in 1814, and was borne equally by the counties and the consolidated fund. In 1845 the whole expense was undertaken by government, and the force made semi-military. It consists of an inspector-general, a deputy-inspector-general, three assistant inspector-generals, 35 county inspectors, 190 sub-inspectors, 232 head constables, and 10,787 constables, acting constables, and sub-constables, making a total of 11,255.

EMPLOYMENT FOR LADIES.—The Queen City Suspender Company, of Cincinnati, are now manufacturing and introducing their new Stocking Supporters for Ladies and children, and their unequaled Skirt Suspenders for Ladies. None should be without them; our leading physicians recommend them, and are loud in their praise. These goods are manufactured by ladies who have made the wants of ladies and children a study, and they ask us to refer them to some reliable and energetic lady to introduce them in this county, and we certainly think that an earnest solicitation in every household would meet with a ready response, and that a determined woman could make a handsome salary and have the exclusive agency for this county. We advise some lady who is in need of employment to send to the company her name and address, and mention this paper. Address Queen City Suspender Company, No. 179 Main Street, Cincinnati, Ohio. 46-3

Drain Commissioners' Blanks.

The following blanks, printed in conformity to the latest laws, are kept for sale at THE PRESS office:

Drain Contracts; Application for Appointment of Special Commissioners; Appraisal of Damages; Certificate of Drain Commissioner in case of special commission; Commissioners' Certificates; Notice of Letting Contract; Commissioners' Determination of Necessity for Drain; Conveyance and Release of Damages; Consent to Location; Application for Construction of Drain; Citation on Application for Appointment of Special Commissioners; Order Establishing Drain on return made by Special Commissioners; Order of Special Commissioners establishing drains; Return of Drain Commissioner to Township Clerk; Computation and Apportionment of Cost of Drain; Blank Orders on Town Treasurer for Drain Commissioners.

Also Highway Tax Receipts for the use of Overseers of the Highway.

FURNITURE
AND
UPHOLSTERY.

If you want a GOOD BARGAIN in FURNITURE, go to BARNUM & GOULD'S.

If you want—

Parlor Work, Couches, Mattresses, &c.,

MADE TO ORDER, go to BARNUM & GOULD'S.

REPAIR WORK of all kinds

Will receive prompt attention. Old Mattresses renovated and made over good as new.

We also carry a full line of MOULDINGS of every size and kind. Call and see us before purchasing elsewhere.

We Have Also

A LARGE STOCK OF

Undertaking Goods.

BARNUM & GOULD,

Struber's Old Stand, Exchange Street, Owosso.

1882.

I have the exclusive sale of
JULIUS KING'S
Celebrated Combination

Spectacles and Eye Glasses.

Combination means Silver and Steel combined wherever the frames touch the nose it is solid silver and cannot rust. Every pair is supplied with Rock Crystal Lenses or Glasses which will not scratch or deface, highly polished white, and perfectly clear crystal Glasses, and are fully equal to pebbles in every way. They are patented, and only one person in a place can get the sale of them, and peddlers never. I shall make the prices on the above goods within the reach of all.

King's Common, all Steel Spectacles you can purchase any where. I have them at 25, 50, 75 cents and $1.00.

As I carry fully five times more stock than any other dealer in the county, I can consequently fit all eyes that come, with Gold, Silver, Steel or Rubber Goods. Far Sighted, Near Sighted, Bi-focal and Cataract Spectacles, an endless stock.

REMEMBER a perfect fit guaranteed or money refunded.

Also a full and complete stock of

GROCERIES,

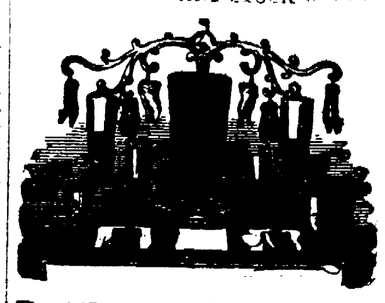
Crockery, Glass and Silver Ware, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Razors, Shears, Revolvers, Portmonnaies, Wallets, Bill Books

A full line of NOTIONS, in fact almost everything you may call for. Opp. National Hotel

Owosso. JAS. A. BEEBE.

JUST RECEIVED,

A NEW & ELEGANT STOCK of



Boots and Shoes!

For MEN'S, BOYS', WOMEN'S, MISSES', and CHILDREN'S wear,

At Prices to Suit the Times.

Do not fail to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Burt's fine shoes a specialty.

B. H. Strahle,

Sign of the Golden Boot, opposite National Hotel,
OWOSSO, MICH.

JEWELRY of ALL KINDS.

T. O. CHRISTIAN.

Meeting with better success than I expected, I have enlarged my stock of CLOCKS, WATCHES, and JEWELRY—have a nice line embracing the best makes, to be sold at

Prices as Low as the Lowest.

JEWELRY,

Comprising Ladies' and Gents Chains, Rings, Bracelets, Charms, Necklaces, &c.,

In Great Variety.

SILVER PLATED WARE.

KING'S SPECTACLES in all grades and prices.

REPAIRING in my line done to order.

Please call and examine goods before buying

T. O. CHRISTIAN,

July 13, 1881. y1 OWOSSO, MICH

GRAINING,

Papering, Kalsomining, Etc.

—tof—

I am now prepared to do

GRAINING IN GOOD STYLE.

I have just purchased eight new plates, all different patterns, making 15 plates in all that I use—giving a fine variety

—:o:—

PAPERING, KALSOMINING, etc done promptly.

All work done *Cheap*, as I have the Tools to do it with.

FRANK L. COMSTOCK.

A NEW STORE,

A NEW STOCK,

A NEW MAN,

IN THE THOMAS BLOCK.

Call in and see him, and oblige

Yours truly,

J. M. BROKAW.

[illegible] Day [illegible] Rapids [illegible] Sprouted Wheat—Practical Suggestions by a Farmer.

MR. J. L. B. Kerr, of Vergennes, Kent Co., writes to the Michigan Farmer:

An incident occurred in 1835 which may be of some benefit to the disappointed farmers of 1882. In 1835 the wheat sprouted both in the shock and standing uncut in fields, which is the present condition of wheat in Kent County this season. That wheat, only fit for malt, sold in Galt, Canada West, at 18c. in the autumn, advancing in price as the wheat hardened in the straw; and a young farmer, D. McPherson, then a resident of Western Dumfries, Canada West, did not thresh his wheat, but let it remain in his large barn until it matured and hardened in the straw. He then threshed said sprouted wheat after he had harvested another good crop of wheat in 1836, for which, if my memory serves me correctly, he received eleven shillings per bushel, and nine shillings per bushel for the sprouted wheat. Hence we see that it may be a benefit this year to our wheat, to mow it in as large bulk as circumstances will permit in each individual case, and let it mature in the straw until (at least) frosty weather, in order that the kernel may harden, and the sprouts and lightest grain may be blown with the chaff. It will require more than usual care in threshing wheat this year.

The Husbandman says: "Dusting cabbage with Paris green mixed with plaster, the same as when used for potatoes, will destroy the cabbage worm beyond a peradventure, precisely as it destroys the larva of potato beetles, and Paris green is actually used for killing cabbage worms but it can never be safe. No matter how small the proportion mixed with plaster or other harmless stuff, there is great risk that this arsenical poison may be taken into the human stomach and its effect be fatal. Any gardener who uses Paris green on cabbage should reflect that he is incurring great risk of destroying some human life. If the practice of using the poison on cabbage should become general, dealers in cities who depend upon local markets for their supplies should refuse to buy cabbage, refuse to use it at all."

State Poultry and Pet Stock Society.

The fanciers of fine poultry and the breeders of pet stock held a meeting at Grand Rapids recently, and completed the organization of a State Poultry Association, electing the following officers:

President—W. S. Jones, of Owosso.

Secretary—R. C. Freiner, of Grand Rapids.

Treasurer—H. R. Naysmith, of Grand Rapids.

Directors—A. E. Covert, of Cadillac, James Loop, of Lowell, E. D. Richmond, of Hart, P. M. Crawford, of Saranac, W. J. Westlake, of Owosso, A. C. Underwood, of Kalamazoo, F. H. Gray, of Battle Creek, H. P. Blanchard, of Blanchard, A. Bernstine, of Manistee, and J. H. Haynes, of Decatur.

Fear of hypocrites and fools is the great plague of thinking and writing.

The Prophecy

BY MRS. E. V. W.

King of Tom[illegible]
Thus in the [illegible]
[illegible] angry [illegible]
Have wh[illegible]
[illegible]

The king [illegible]
From [illegible]
That grows and ripens [illegible]
use?
Red as the slave stood [illegible]
He mocked him with his [illegible]

When as he ceased, there [illegible]
And spoke [illegible]
[illegible]
grew
The [illegible]

The king laughed loud, and [illegible]
Repeated [illegible]
The prophecy [illegible]
knew
And proffered the wine where as he lay.

One passed, the red wine sparkled in the cup
The slave was summoned to the palace [illegible]
As he knelt bowing the vase [illegible]
A voice rang out, that struck [illegible]

"No, the king's [illegible]
said,
A fierce [illegible]
bounds
[illegible]
[illegible] checked [illegible]
grounds."

To sprang the angry king [illegible]
spear,
Thrusting the goblet and the slave aside
Let those," he cried, "carry behind who fear
To slay the beast [illegible]

The vineyard reached with well poised [illegible]
he ran,
And twice the brute's broad shoulder felt
his thrust.
When rose a cry of horror from each man—
The king had slipped and fell on in the dust.

Fiercely the wounded boar upon him pressed,
Though twenty spearsmen strove his course
to stay,
The sharp tusks entered the ungarded breast,
And slid by side the [illegible] and [illegible]

As from the ground they raised the dying
king,
His eyes fell on the slave's dark, sullen face.
"The wine," he gasped, "the wine, make haste
and bring."
Death sealed his lips, the slave still [illegible]
place.

UNCLE NAHUM'S WEDDING.

Uncle Nahum Nixon was reading the paper in his back parlor. Nobody would think, to look at the simple surroundings of the unpretentious apartment, that Mr. Nahum Nixon was one of the wealthiest men in town. The carpet, it was true, was Axminster, but it had seen twenty good years of service, and was worn down to the very warp; the faded red curtains were of moreen instead of satin damask; the old clock on the mantel was no Parisian affair of alabaster and gilt, but a substantial Connecticut time-piece that struck with a whirr, like a partridge springing out of her nest; the chairs of old-fashioned mahogany and haircloth stood bolt upright against the wall; the portraits of Gen. Washington on horseback and the surrender of Cornwallis ornamented the gray papered walls in frames of sombre gilt, and the one elegance of the apartment was a casket of preposterous wax flowers under a cracked glass shade.

But Uncle Nixon had remembered that furniture ever since he was a child, and he wouldn't have exchanged it for the fittings of a Parisian boudoir, or the choicest specimens of the modern Eastlake pattern. He was a rich man—that was quite enough for him.

"If you please, Mr. Nixon," said the trim little maid-servant, "Mr. Marmaduke Bourne wants to see you—if you please, sir, if you are quite at leisure."

"Mr. Marmaduke Bourne, eh!" The old gentleman took off his spectacles and laid them upon the folded newspaper. "Ask him in, Polly."

And Mr Marmaduke Bourne came in—a tall, fresh-colored young fellow with sparkling gray eyes, brown hair, all in a mat of curls, and a straight Greek nose that seemed as if it might have been borrowed from some ancient statute of Apollo.

"Well, sir?" said Mr. Nixon.

"Well sir," counter-interrogated Mr Bourne, "did you get my letter?"

"I got your letter," said Uncle Nahum. "So you want to marry my niece Faith?"

"Yes, sir," valiantly acknowledged Mr. Marmaduke Bourne.

"Ah!" nodded Uncle Nahum. "But perhaps you don't understand all the facts of the case."

"The facts, sir?"

"I want my niece to marry Col. Ashland's son," slowly enunciated Uncle Nahum.

"But, sir, she don't love him."

"Pshaw!" snarled Uncle Nahum. "And if she don't marry him she'll be a beggar—I'll give her no money of mine. Now you understand matters. Marry her or not, as you please."

He took up the newspaper once more—a tacit intimation that the interview was at an end.

"Sir"—began Mr. Bourne.

"That'll do," said Mr. Nixon.

"I only wish to—"

"That'll do!" thundered Mr. Nixon; and so Marmaduke Bourne went away.

Little Faith Nixon came down stairs presently—a blue-eyed blossom of a girl, with yellow hair growing low on her forehead, and a very little mouth, exactly the shape to suggest the idea of kissing.

Uncle Nahum looked keenly up at her as she fluttered about the room, straightening a table cover there or patting down a curtain fold here.

"Yes," said he, with a curious twitch of the muscles around his eyes, "she has been here."

"I—I didn't ask any question, Uncle Nahum."

"No, but your eyes did," chuckled the old man. "He wants to marry you—the improvident young donkey!"

Faith came to her uncle's chair and laid her hand lightly on his shoulder.

"That isn't the worst of it Uncle Nahum—I want to marry him."

"Humph!" snarled Mr. Nixon, in high contempt. "And what do you expect to live on, I should like to know?"

"We can both work," said Faith, bravely.

"You're more likely to starve," said Mr. Nixon. "Mind—don't count on help from me. If you will get married, you do it at your own risk."

"No, I won't," said Uncle Nahum, so [illegible] that poor Faith fled up stairs in dismay and had a quiet little cry [illegible]

For Uncle Nahum, queer and crabbed though he was, was still the father she had ever known. But she packed her trunk and went to Violet Smith's in New York, which was all the pleasanter, in that Marmaduke Bourne had also betaken himself to this modern Gotham and gone to work studying law as if he meant to take Coke and Blackstone by storm. And Miss Violet Smith, who was a sentimental young lady, sympathized intensely, and the young couple were as unreasonably happy as many another couple and [illegible] will again.

But one day Duke Bourne came in with a face full of tidings.

"Faith," said he, "do you [illegible] the news?"

"What news?" asked Faith.

"Your uncle will [illegible] the start of me after all."

"Why do you mean, Duke?"

"Why, he's going to be married."

"Uncle Nahum!" cried Faith, incredulously.

"Yes, Uncle Nahum. That accounts for his being so [illegible] rid of us, eh, Pet?"

"And [illegible] she questioned Faith.

"Why, that's the unsettled point yet. Nobody seems to know. Some say one, and some say another; but the general impression seems to be that it is the rich widow who owns the brown stone block on the corner."

"I'm sure I hope he will be happy," said Faith, with tremulous lips and eyes suffused with tears. "But—but I think he might have said something to us about it."

"People are not generally in a hurry to proclaim the fact that they are about to make fools of themselves," said Duke Bourne bitterly.

"Why," cried Faith, laughing through her tears, "that is precisely what he said of us."

But the next day a letter from Uncle Nahum himself settled the matter. He wrote:

"There is to be a wedding at my house on the seventeenth, and I want you and Duke to be there without fail."

"A wedding! At his house!" cried Faith. "I supposed weddings were celebrated at the bride's residence."

"So they are, dear," said Miss Smith; "but your uncle was always so eccentric."

"What shall we do?" asked Faith.

"Why, go, of course," said Marmaduke Bourne. "To show that we bear no malice at being disinherited, if for no other reason."

The seventeenth of March arrived, a cold, blustering night, and the old red brick house was all in a glimmer of lights as the young betrothed pair drew up to the door. Uncle Nahum met them on the threshold, in his old-fashioned swallow-tailed coat, with a huge white camelia in his button-hole and a pair of surprisingly white kid gloves.

"Have you brought your white frock?" was his first question to his niece.

"No, uncle, I—"

"That won't do," said Uncle Nahum. "No one must come to my wedding without a marriage garment. It's lucky I provided one for you. Come up-stairs, quick, and put it on, for the parson is waiting and the company are here."

"But, uncle, the bride?"

"You shall see her by-and-by," said Uncle Nahum, despotically. "Come up-stairs now and change your dress."

"But, uncle, a white silk!" cried Faith, looking in dismay at the glistening dress laid out for her use.

"What then? Isn't white silk the thing for a wedding? Put it on quick, and I'll send some one up to bring you down in five minutes."

And so, with a doubting heart, Faith Nixon robed herself in the white dress, with its trimmings of vapory blonde and long trail.

"Where's your veil?" said Uncle Nahum, when he came himself, a few minutes later, to the door.

"Uncle, I can't wear a veil," pleaded Faith.

"But you must!" said Uncle Nahum. "Nobody comes to my wedding without a veil." And he placed the wreath lightly on her head.

"But, Uncle Nahum, they will take me for the bride."

"Let 'em," said the old gentleman. "Take my arm. Now come down stairs, and I'll show you the bride. Here she is."

Lifting her bewildered eyes, Faith Nixon beheld her own figure reflected in a full length mirror at the stairway."

"Here's the bride," chuckled Uncle Nahum, leading her up to Duke Bourne, "and here's the groom," touching Bourne's shoulder. "And here's the parson, all ready and waiting. Now, reverend sir," to the clergyman, "marry 'em as fast as ever you can." And, before either of the astonished young people could remonstrate, they were made man and wife.

"Duke," cried the bride, as soon as the ceremony was over, "did you know of this?"

"No, I didn't," said Mr. Bourne, with [illegible]

The President's Flag

The Detroit Evening News pertinently remarks on the displacement of the stars and stripes by the [illegible] flag:

The navigation laws of the last century and the tariff laws of the last two decades have driven the American flag from the ocean, and Secretary Chandler seems afraid to keep it flying even from the masheads of the few rotten old hulks which Robeson has left in the navy. So he has invented a new one called the President's flag, which was first flung to the breeze from the Despatch when she carried Arthur from Washington to New York the other day. It will hereafter be displayed on every ship upon which a president of the United States sets foot, but will be kept in the locker at other times. That is, it will be displayed if Arthur's successor shall be as great a snob as Arthur, and do not indignantly order the rag down to make way for the stars and stripes, which is the flag of the Republic for the citizen who happens to live in the White House, as well as for other citizens who live in their own houses. The scheme is a contemptible and sycophantic aping of monarchial navies, who have such emblems with which to honor floating royalty. It has no significance in our system, and no place in the legitimate functions of our navy. It is but another step among many that mark the gradual drifting of the entourage of our presidents towards the forms and ceremonies of royalty. It is but a straw, but it shows the direction of the wind.

Death of Senator Ben Hill

Senator Benjamin Harvey Hill died at Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 16. He was born in Jasper county, Ga., Sept. 14, 1823; graduated from the state university in 1844, and entered the legal profession the following year. As a lawyer he attained great eminence. In 1851 he was elected to the legislature from Troup county, Ga.; in 1851 was defeated for congress; in 1856 was elector at large on the Fillmore or American party ticket; in 1857 was run for governor by the same party and defeated; in 1859 was returned to the state senate as a union man, and in 1860 was run as an elector for the state at large on the Bell-Everett ticket. In January, 1861, he was a member of the secession convention, and was an earnest advocate of the union until the convention passed a resolution of secession, when he voted for the ordinance. He was elected to the provisional confederate congress that met at Montgomery Feb. 4, 1861, and that fall became a member of the confederate senate where he remained until the close of the war. He was arrested for treason at his home, La Grange, Ga., in May, 1865, and confined in Fort Lafayette, New York, until the following July, when he was released on parole. He supported the Greeley presidential movement in 1872, and was defeated in an election of United States senator, in January, 1873, but was successful in 1877. He has been in rapidly declining health, owing mainly to cancer in the tongue, for some time.

DEATH OF GEN. DUCROT.—Paris, Aug. 17: Gen. Auguste Alexander Ducrot, the eminent soldier and politician, died this morning, aged 85. Gen. Ducrot was a native of Nevers and served with distinction in the Italian campaign of 1859. He commanded a division at Sedan, and refused to sign the capitulation treaty. Escaping from prison he took an active part in the defense of Paris. He was a member of the national assembly in 1871, and was placed in command of the eighth army corps in 1872. He was the author of several military histories.

One of Gough's Stories.

At a political meeting the speaker and audience were very much disturbed by a man who constantly called for Mr. Henry. Whenever a new speaker come on, this man bawled out, "Mr. Henry! Henry! Henry! I call for Mr. Henry!"

After several interruptions of this kind at each speech, a young man ascended the platform, and was soon airing his eloquence in a magniloquent style, striking out powerfully in his gestures, when the old cry was heard for Mr. Henry.

Putting his hand to his mouth like a speaking trumpet, this man bawled out at the top of his voice, "Mr. Henry! Henry! Henry! I call for Mr. Henry to make a speech!"

The chairman now rose and remarked that it would oblige the audience if the gentleman would refrain from any further calling for Mr. Henry, as that gentleman was now speaking.

"Is that Mr. Henry?" said the disturber of the meeting. "Thunder! that can't be Mr. Henry! Why, that's the little cuss that told me to holler!"

Mr. Gough adds, that in telling this story to a man who could never be made to see the "point" of the joke, after studying for some minutes the man asked him: "Well, Mr. Gough, what did he tell him to 'holler' for?"

"That's a fact."

[illegible] sick simply by carrying them in their wives' money [illegible] le of mind has brought [illegible] body. There is indeed a vast [illegible] and all that. A very [illegible] way, go and invest One Dollar [illegible] Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy and it will make a new man [illegible] bile out of the blood, and [illegible] Rondout, N. Y. [illegible]

Those young doctors [illegible] toss around the [illegible] after discussion, are [illegible] the m[illegible]

Beware of Imitations

The delicate flavor of Hires' Root Beer is entirely novel. Look for signature of Hires & Co. N. Y. [illegible]

Waltz up to a deacon and ask him which wins, three of a kind or two pairs, and the chances are he'll tell you without thinking and then he learnedly embarrassed and declare he didn't [illegible]

A Good Foundation

In American households the prevailing complaints are, weakness of the stomach and its consequences, Indigestion, Nervousness and Rheumatism. Such sufferers can lay a good foundation for health by using Parker's Ginger Tonic as it tones up the stomach and nerves, and keeps the kidneys active to carry off foul matter.—N. O. Picayune.

Mrs. Lansing, for twenty years a missionary in Egypt, was compelled to fly during the bombardment of Alexandria, and Rev. J. B. Dales of Philadelphia, her brother, has gone to Europe to meet her.

SWAYNES

SWAYNES OINTMENT.

AN UNFAILING REMEDY. FOR ALL SKIN DISEASES SUCH AS TETTER, ITCH, SORES, PIMPLES, ERYSIPELAS, BLOTCHES, RING WORM, &c.

OINTMENT

THE GREAT CURE FOR ITCHING PILES

Symptoms are moisture, stinging, itching, worse at night; seems as if pin-worms were crawling about the rectum; the private parts are often affected. As a pleasant, economical and positive cure, SWAYNE'S OINTMENT is superior to any article in the market. Sold by druggists, or send 50 cts. in 3-ct. Stamps. 3 Boxes, $1.25. Address, DR. SWAYNE & SON, Phila., Pa.

☞ Key Wind Watches changed to Stem Winding, at Guile's. Call and learn the low rates. W. F. GUILE.

W[illegible] P[illegible]

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Main Street, Owosso

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COST!

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DRESSMAKING.

Mrs. L. A. Stone, having taken rooms opposite the Baptist Church, is now ready to do Cutting, Fitting and Dressmaking in all styles.

Owosso, May. 4, 1881.

PATENTS

We continue to act as Solicitors for Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, etc., for the United States, Canada, Cuba, England, France, Germany, etc. We have had thirty-five years' experience.

Patents obtained through us are noticed in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN. This large and splendid illustrated weekly paper, $3.20 a year, shows the Progress of Science, is very interesting, and has an enormous circulation. Address MUNN & CO., Patent Solicitors, Pub's. of SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, 37 Park Row, New York. Hand book about Patents free.

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THE OWOSSO PRESS.

OWOSSO,

Wednesday, [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

Delegates from this county—H. H. Fuller, Austin Richards, F. C. Bailey, T. M. Fulver, J. F. Figg, C. H. Crain, E. A. Smith, Willard Turner, J. H. De Hart, F. Fetter, J. Sanders, M. M. Brimmer, [illegible] Van Dusen, M. Garland.

At the Greenback county convention held at Corunna, last Thursday, in addition to the delegates to the state convention, delegates were appointed as follows, for the Congressional and District conventions, not yet called:

Congressional—C. B. Chalker, H. H. Fulver, Seth Pettibone, Jabez Close.

Senatorial—A. J. Andrews, J. S. Harper, P. Rogers, D. Cramer, S. K. Tubbs, Gaylord Colby, W. H. Putnam, W. Davis.

The Genesee county Democratic delegates to the State convention were requested to present the name of Hon. Jerome Eddy, of Flint, as a candidate for Governor.

The Greenback delegates from that county are instructed to cast their vote for Hon. J. W. Begole for Governor, and the convention adopted a prohibition resolution.

"Keep it before the people that it is a Republican Administration that is crowding the Star route thieves nearer and nearer the penitentiary."—[Cleveland Leader.

"Keep it before the people" that the Star route thieves all belong to the Republican party; that the thieving was all done under a Republican Administration, and that although their stealing was discovered nearly two years ago not one has yet been convicted.—[Toledo Democrat.

And keep it before the people, that the republican Administration has kept the Star Route farce before the people so long that everybody is disgusted. They are shoving the Star Route thieves toward the penitentiary in the same manner that a little boy shoves a horse along, by "pushing on the lines." Their style of crowding won't fill the penitentiary right away.—[Adrian Press.

GUITEAU'S SKELETON.—There is no lack of information concerning Guiteau's remains, but how much is authentic and how much fabrication, or whether his bones are now above or under ground, is what the public cannot know to a certainty, so contradictory are reports. Here is a statement by a Washington letter writer:

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—The work of preparing the skeleton of the assassin Guiteau will probably be completed and the object placed on exhibition in the army medical museum by the first of next month.

This delay has been caused by the fact that but one person could be trusted to perform the duty, as the demand for ghastly souvenirs tempted the other workmen to make way with every portion that they could lay their hands on.

One of the ears and numerous muscles were placed in oil and taken off during the first two or three days that the cadaver was exposed in the museum, and the coffin in which the body was brought up from the jail has been completely demolished and carried off.

It turns out that Dr. Hicks, the assassin's spiritual adviser, was present when the grave in the jail was opened the night of the 3d of July, and that he assisted to a certain extent in the work. The box in which the coffin was encased was replaced in the grave and earth piled and pounded down upon it to ward off suspicion that its contents had been tampered with.

The anatomist of the medical museum, Dr. E. F. Schafhirt, superintended the removal by two trusty white laborers, while Warden Brocke and his Deputy, Captain Russ, stood by with lanterns to expedite the job.

The stories about the remains having been exposed upon the roof of the museum are denied by the officials in charge, and your correspondent was to-day shown the receptacle of what remains of Charles Julius Guiteau.

On a small platform, erected outside one of the second-story back windows, the bones lie in a promiscuous pile, bleaching in the sun, and here it is stated they have been for the past five weeks. They are as white as ivory, and not a joint is missing, so that when the process of articulation is finished the skeleton will be one of the most perfect in the collection.

Republican County Convention [illegible]

[illegible] Horace Homan [illegible]

[illegible]

Rogers, N. K. Potter, Judson [illegible], Alex Orr, F. A. Sheldon, W. [illegible], D. M. Lillman.

Delegates—Caleb Mead, [illegible] Metcalf, [illegible] Aiken, H. W. [illegible]

Congress—Charles Holmes, W. F. Frazer, [illegible]

Legislature—R. G. Van Dusen, C. B. Coynes, Wm. [illegible], H. Dunham, [illegible]

Halloton—Jeremiah Austin, W. F. Jacobs, O. W. Ford, Charles D. Moore, Amos Austin, C. M. Donald, [illegible] P. Barrett.

Middlebury—I. J. Kinne.

New Haven—C. S. Dickinson, J. H. Parkhurst, T. D. Sanderson, P. P. Beswick, M. Hotchkin, John Henne, T. W. Hinnion.

Owosso city—W. M. Kilpatrick, S. F. Smith, C. P. Parkill, Geo. M. Dewey, Henry Woodard, M. C. Dawes, B. I. Taylor, G. E. Lyon, G. W. Loring, James A. [illegible], I. A. Hamilton, [illegible] Lewis, Jr.

Owosso township—F. B. Krapp, L. W. Dewey, F. M. Shepard, Ezra Mason, [illegible] Carson, F. S. Hall, L. L. Bogue.

Perry—John A. Morrice, A. M. Wimple, B. F. Grout, B. C. Spalding, Charles Calkins, L. D. Goss, F. A. Wimple, R. S. Olcott, M. L. Stevens, J. J. Walker.

Shiawassee—Wm. E. Watson, F. C. Greenman, C. A. Whalon, J. H. Hartwell, N. G. Phillips, L. C. Shelley, J. L. Simonson, S. S. Mathewson, G. A. Parker.

Vernon—A. M. Smith, H. B. McLaughlin, S. G. Morton, Chauncey Button, Mathew Bush, J. J. Patchill, W. D. Garrison, Ira Kellogg, W. H. Billby, H. Delano.

Delegates were chosen as follows:

State Convention—E. S. Burtnett, A. R. McBride, N. M. Smith, O. W. Tock, J. H. Hartwell, Charles Knight, John A. Morrice, G. W. Loring, G. M. Dewey, C. H. Calkins, G. R. Lyon, L. J. Kinney, and W. M. Kilpatrick delegate at large.

Congressional Convention—A. Parsons, W. Bigelow, W. F. Watson, R. G. Van Dusen, C. P. Parkill, S. F. Smith, M. L. Stevens, G. W. Owen.

Senatorial Convention—C. Whelan, O. W. Tock, Matthew Bush, F. F. Sheldon, Henry Woodard, E. W. Washburn, L. D. Goss, C. W. Sager.

The following resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS—We regard with unalloyed satisfaction the able, efficient and impartial action of Hon. David H. Jerome as governor of this state, and believe the best interest of the state will be subserved by his re-election, therefore,

Resolved, That the delegates from this county be and are hereby requested to use all honorable means for his renomination by the convention at Kalamazoo.

Resolved, That in Hon. Roswell G. Horr the people of the 8th congressional district have a Representative who has fully earned the gratitude of the nation by his bold and manly support of those measures affecting the interest of the people generally, and especially of his immediate constituents, and that we favor his renomination by the forthcoming congressional convention.

Resolved, That we are proud of the record made by Hon. O. L. Spaulding, as Representative from the 6th district and deeply regret that by the reorganization of the Congressional districts by the State Legislature, we are deprived of being able to express at the polls our high estimate of his services.

Resolved, That we believe any assaults on private character by rival candidates for official position, are detrimental to the best interest of the public, and destructive of that unity of action essential to success, both on the part of individuals and the party; and that with it or the policy that prompts it, we have no possible sympathy.

Resolved, That the Republicans of Shiawassee county are in favor of the submission to the people of any amendment to the constitution of our State, for which a respectable proportion of the people of the State may petition.

For an illiterate country Egypt is pretty well supplied with newspapers. There are in Alexandria three dailies in French, two in Arabic, two in Italian, and one each in Greek and English, with circulations running to 5,000.

There are also six weeklies—two in French; two in Arabic, one in Italian and one in English. Cairo, with its population of 350,000, has but two dailies, both in French, and four weeklies. Of the latter, Egyptian Events, in Arabic, is the Government organ, and has a circulation of 10,000. At Port Said there are two French weeklies, and Suez, Ismailia and some other place have feeble apologies for newspapers.—[Springfield Republican.

A woman in Rome, Ga., the Courier of that city says, has made from the juice of one watermelon, a pint of thick, golden syrup. Georgia papers are agreed that there is a fortune for the man or woman who succeeds in making sugar from melons.

Old Crusty, who has two pretty daughters, says he has kept a bulldog for years, for the purpose of distributing the Sunday mail.

NEWS DIGEST.

Derry Mayville, and their party arrived at Petersburg Friday.

The first bale of this year's cotton was sold at Mobile Tuesday. [illegible] from yellow fever [illegible] Tuesday.

A Chicago company is building a store in Washington market, New York, for the whole wing of western beef.

A Cleveland saw and hoe factory has given notice [illegible] three months.

There were twenty-eight new cases of yellow fever and [illegible] Tuesday.

The mills at Cohoes, N. Y., are running with increased force, and the fear of the strike is suspended.

The Wamsutta mills at New Bedford, Mass., have shut down, on account of the strike of the spinners.

Six smugglers, with forty pack mules, encamped at Bowie, Ariz., were captured by a cloud burst.

An alarming cattle plague has broken out near Syracuse, N. Y. Some animal attacked supposed to be a Texas or is a new one.

Melville and Nindemann, of the Jeannette, were expected at Moscow Wednesday, where a reception had been prepared for them.

The New York anti-monopolists have decided to nominate a full state ticket, and called a state convention to be held at Saratoga Sept. 13.

Forty-four imported Clydesdale horses, of an average cost of $2,000, have been landed at Montreal. They are for an Illinois stock farm.

Severe storms of rain, heat, lightning, and wind are reported from points in the upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys.

The Philadelphia branch of the Irish National Land league of America has abandoned its project of having an excursion for the benefit of Arabi Pasha.

Senator Hoar has addressed a letter to the people of Massachusetts, explaining his vote for the river and harbor bill.

Seventy to one hundred Apaches are now raiding the Sonora valley, and over one hundred people have been killed in the vicinity of Ures within the last month.

John F. McCurtain is thought to have been elected chief of the Choctaw nation at the recent election. His opponent was B. F. Smallwood, who opposes railroads.

The Massachusetts greenbackers, in state convention Friday, nominated General B. F. Butler for governor, and a full state ticket, and adopted a lengthy platform.

The Indian agent at Pine Ridge has assembled his police to arrest Red Cloud and Woman's Dress, and renews his request that they be sent to the military prison at Leavenworth.

Two young men and two young ladies in a carriage were run down by a train at Anoka, Minn., together with their horse, and all were killed. The party was returning from a dance.

The Utah commission was formally received at Salt Lake Saturday night. The Mormon church has employed four leading law firms of Salt Lake, and raised $10,000 to fight the law.

The Mount Hickory rolling-mill, at Erie, Pa., started up Monday with non-union men. Harmony mills, at Cohoes, N. Y., are running with non-union men. The strikers are receiving assistance from all directions.

The extended drought in western Massachusetts has seriously damaged crops, and if rains do not speedily come the loss will be extensive. The grass in pastures is dry as straw.

Dick Little, who gave information against the James gang, to which he at one time belonged, has been arrested for complicity in the robbery of a United States paymaster at Mussel Shoals, Ala., in March, 1881.

Two sections of a circus train crashed together near New Burnside, Ill., Sunday. Four men were killed in a car containing eighty sleeping showmen, and at least twelve others were seriously injured.

Jack Wright, the electrician of the Mutual Union company in New York, has been discharged for connection with a conspiracy to furnish sporting men with information in regard to the Saratoga races.

The funeral of the late Senator Hill took place at Atlanta Saturday and was the largest ever known in Georgia. Many of his friends in the Senate and prominent politicians from other States were present.

The plan of the restoration of Cetewayo to the rulership of Zululand was communicated to him Tuesday. The conditions are a partition of the kingdom between him and his enemies, and the non-restoration of the former military system.

Five masked robbers raided the farmhouse of Louis Cox, near Ashland, Ill., Saturday night. The old man gave them $40, all he had in the house, but was brutally beaten, shot in the head, and strung up three times, his injuries being mortal.

The country along the Texas and Pacific road, from Abilene west for nearly three hundred miles, was for three days and night drenched by rain, the fall being estimated at six feet. Thousands of prairie dogs were drowned in sight of the railway track.

The Mississippi river committee intend to charter a vessel and proceed down the river from Cairo to New Orleans, thence to the jetties at the South pass, stopping at such places as will aid the members in prosecuting the work to which they are specially assigned.

Special advices from Sonora say that in the fight with the Apaches in the Sarharupi district the Mexican troops lost forty-five men, and the Indians left thirty-eight. Eighteen women and twelve children were killed on the road between Sarharupi and the Trinidad mine. One thousand national troops are expected shortly.

It is said to be probable that the Chicago and Northwestern will soon purchase the Chicago and Omaha line. Officers of the two companies are now meeting at Saratoga. The addition of the Omaha line would give the Northwestern the longest system in the world.

Sixty striking coal-miners at Pittsburg left the ranks of the strikers in a body and resumed work at the old rate Friday. At Cumberland, Md., seventy-five miners applied for work on the operators' terms. This action is regarded as the first of a general break in the lines of the strikers.

C. A. Wetton, author of the Fort Dodge and Des Moines railroad, while the officers were reading to him a warrant at Princeton, Iowa, charging him with bigamy, slipped from the boat. He [illegible] near Princeton. [illegible] five years at hard labor.

The Philadelphia dealers in oleomargarine have formed a league to support the law against it. The subscription was [illegible] dollars. Some of the leaders [illegible] the promise of the [illegible] the entire year.

It is probable that Parnell, Sexton, and John Redmond, M. P.'s, will visit America at work up public opinion in favor of Ireland. It is probable that instead of going to Australia, will remain in America for the same purpose. Parnell [illegible] information as [illegible].

The [illegible] mansion at Canonchet was [illegible] at auction Tuesday for $[illegible] to Frank D. Moulton, of New York. William Sprague had torn down the bridge leading to the place, and patrolled the grounds armed with a rifle. The auctioneer stood on the wreck of the bridge to complete the sale.

The First National bank of Kewanee, Ill., was robbed of $20,000 Monday by two men who locked the cashier and bookkeeper in the vault, where they left them while they carried off their booty, $[illegible] of which was in gold. No clew to the identity of the robbers or the route taken by them in their flight has been discovered.

Detective Page, employed on the Bond case at Taylorville, Illinois, positively asserts the possession of knowledge of the guilt of the prisoners now in jail, and of Dr. Vermillion and others. He says the writing on the black board was done by William J. Montgomery. Miss Bond improves very slowly.

The troubles in Corea between the foreign and anti-foreign parties culminated in an insurrection and the assassination of the king and queen by the anti-foreign party. Japanese men-of-war have been dispatched to the scene of the insurrection. It is thought the revolt will not affect the treaty between Corea and the United States negotiated by Commodore Shufeldt, which is not yet ratified.

Senator Ben Hill, of Georgia, died at Atlanta Wednesday morning. About 2 o'clock he was discovered to be sinking, and by 6:15 he was dead. Four hours before his death he made a sign for a hypodermic injection of morphine. He appeared to be awake and conscious several times, but could not speak. At 6:15 he closed his eyes gently, and died without a tremor.

Four enlisted men of the 9th infantry, stationed at Fort Omaha, indulged in a wild spree, and amused themselves by robbing a citizen of $6. This proved such an easy task that the team of Mr. Woolsey was stopped on the highway with a demand for money. The reply was a bullet which killed one of the party named Emanuel K. Shrader. His companions, Dawson, Flintwell, and McDonald, are in jail.

A man has been apprehended at Richmond, Ind., for participation in the Taylorville, Ill., outrage. Detective Page says he will clear up the mystery in a few days. At Columbus, O., C. W. Page, detective, Wednesday arrested Elliott R. Hobbs as one of the participants in the outrage, having been employed at Mr. Bond's and enlisting in the regular army at Springfield July 21.

The Indiana supreme court has overruled a petition for a rehearing in the Purdue college fraternity case. The opinion of Judge Niblack, that the college authorities have no right to exact a pledge from a student that he will not be a member of a secret fraternity during his connection with the college, is sustained. Judge Woods dissents. The case will probably be taken to the United States supreme court.

A section hand named Henry Smith near St. Joseph, Mo., hired a horse and buggy and induced a girl of 12 years to take a ride with him. After riding about three miles from her home, the girl was taken from the buggy and outraged by the man, who finally left her in the darkness. Finding her way home, the neighborhood was aroused and search at once begun by the enraged people. At last accounts Smith was lost track of at St. Joseph.

The recent purchase at Halifax of the schooner Conquest, a vessel about twenty years old, by General Butler, which, as her clearances state, is bound for Madagascar, is exciting a great deal of conjecture at Halifax. Large quantities of stores, sufficient for thirty or forty men for nine months, were embarked, while but four persons sailed in her. It is believed that the Conquest will take on a crew elsewhere, and arms and ammunition have been received from Boston.

The western distillers ended their meeting at Chicago, Thursday, by making arrangements for the revival of the export pool and the passage of a set of resolutions touching the temperance agitation. The resolutions recognize the "American Sabbath," and resolve in favor of all existing laws, a well-digested license law, a license fee that will yield a large revenue, reduce the revenue of saloons and elevate their character, and oppose their arraying as a body against either political party.

The freedom of the city of Dublin was on Wednesday presented to Parnell and Dillon, amidst great enthusiasm. Parnell referred to the conviction of Grey, and said it was clear that liberty of speech no longer existed in Ireland. He advised the higher classes, while they yet had time, to join in endeavoring to bring about a better state of affairs. The people could no longer tolerate their present degradation. Dillon quoted statistics showing that Ireland had been economically injured by the union.

The iron manufacturers of the west met at Pittsburg Tuesday. Prominent men present express the opinion that the prevailing strike will end by the strikers going to work without an advance, and that the selection of Mr. Jarrett as president of the Amalgamated Association indicates as much. The strikers at Pittsburg say they will not resume work without the advance. Their office there received $20,000 Tuesday to maintain the strikers.

The Litta concert company has been reorganized for next season as follows: Mlle. Marie Litta, soprano; Miss Beere, alto; Signor Ernesto Baldanze, tenor; Herr Julius Bereghy, bass; and Mr. Louis Blumenburg, violoncellist.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

The gigantic oak tree at Mount Vernon, known as Washington's oak, has been destroyed by lightning.

The state department received information from Mexico [illegible] of the death of Manuel [illegible] minister of Mexico at this place.

Of the [illegible] millions of the recent bonds have already been surrendered by various banks alone, and there is every reason to believe that the amount received from these banks will aggregate nearly $50,000,000.

Solicitor Raynor of the treasury decides that the freight on imported goods consigned to an inland city can only be collected at the point of destination. He holds that the collector at the port of arrival has no right to demand the payment of freight charges.

The secretary of war has issued an order for the guidance of quartermasters in the adjustment of railroad transportation accounts, in accordance with the recent supreme court decisions and provisions of the army appropriation act, for the current year.

Out of the appropriation of $400,000 for surveying public lands, Acting Commissioner Harrison has apportioned $330,000 among the surveying districts. The act provides that $50,000 of the aggregate shall be reserved for the examination of the surveys made, and the department has reserved the remaining $20,000 for emergencies.

Something of a scene occurred in front of the Treasury Department Tuesday—Solicitor Kenneth Raynor severely reprimanding a well dressed lady, who came in a carriage, for her persistence in attempting to influence him in a case he has under consideration as Solicitor of the Treasury Department. The lady made no reply except to deny that she was attempting blackmail.

The Northern Pacific Railway company has completed two additional sections of its road. One is in Idaho and the other in Montana. The two sections cover about 140 miles. Ex-Senator Conkling, counsel for the Northern Pacific company, called at the department of the interior Monday on business in relation to the examination of the completed sections.

The hop crop of the United States indicates a small rate of yield, about 365 pounds per acre on over 30,000 acres reported in New York. The total acreage of the state now slightly exceeds 40,000 acres. The indications point to a product of not more than 93,000 bales of 280 pounds in that state. The area of the Wisconsin plantations has decreased. The breadth of Pacific coast crop has increased, with present conditions favorable.

The minister of foreign relations of the republic of Venezuela has presented to Hon. William M. Springer, of Illinois, a communication from the president of that republic, informing him that with the consent of the federal council, he has conferred upon him the decoration of the third class of the Order of the Bust of the Liberator, the highest honor that the republic can confer on foreigners not kings or presidents.—Mr. Springer has filed the communication, with enclosures, with Hon. Frederick T. Frelinghuysen, secretary of state, until congress shall consent to its acceptance. He is the only American upon whom has been conferred this decoration.

ROBESON'S MANSION.

Robeson's new house will be one of the largest and most costly in Washington. He seems to have depended on being returned indefinitely to congress. The senate is the spot he has fixed his eyes on.

SILVER IN THE TREASURY VAULTS.

There are now in the treasury vaults 90,000,000 of brandnew silver dollars which are lying idle, and $28,000,000 in fractional currency, making a total of $118,000,000 in silver coin on hand. Silver dollars increase at the rate of $3,000,000 each month, $2,000,000 of which goes into the vaults.

THE WASHINGTON MONUMENT.

The shift of iron columns on the interior of the Washington monument is about completed, and the shaft can now be raised 20 feet higher before another shift is necessary. The work of stone-setting, however, will not begin till Sept 1, as it is desired to accumulate a stock of cut stone sufficient to insure continuous work when setting is resumed.

A MAN OF HIS WORD.

Mr. Folger, the secretary of the treasury, is careful to keep his promises. Recently he promised to make a certain appointment for a senator. As the senator was departing the secretary was told that he had promised to give the same place to a poor woman. He informed the senator at once of the prior promise, and, in reply to every argument, said: "I could not break my word for all the influence in the country."

DON CAMERON'S BAD LUCK.

Senator Don Cameron is called upon to pay $10,000 as indorser for that amount for the late Senator Burnside on a note the latter substituted in bank for stock which he had deposited as security for a loan, but which he withdrew a few days before his death for the purpose of getting a new issue. No trace of either the old or new stock can be found among Burnside's papers and it is suspected it was stolen. Cameron has paid the amount.

IMPROVEMENT OF SAGINAW RIVER.

A board of officers of the corps of engineers, to consist of Maj. Henry M. Robert, Maj. Francis U. Farquhar, and Major David P. Heap, will assemble at Saginaw, Mich., on the call of the senior member, and as soon as the other duties of the members will permit, to consider and report upon the project for the improvement of the Saginaw river, Mich. On completion of this duty the members of the board will return to their stations.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

Prof. J. W. Powell has organized his geological surveying parties for different sections of the country. Most of them have already been dispatched to their respective fields of duty. The major will, when the parties are fully organized, take the field himself a part of the season in the southwest. The parties for ethnological and archæological research have also been equipped and started to the field. Reports will, from time to time, be sent to the directors' office here announcing the progress of the work.

DR. MARY WALKER GIVEN A CLERKSHIP.

Commissioner of Pensions Dudley has given Dr. Mary Walker a clerkship in his bureau without the conditions imposed by a former secretary of the treasury, that she should don the regulation attire of women. Mary now adjusts her suspenders in the dressing-room of the pension office without hindrance amid other fair women clothed in all the bewildering drapery and ornaments dictated by fashion. The protestors, in their zeal for rights, have failed to be just.

THE HENNEPIN CANAL.

Secretary Lincoln has ordered the engineers to begin at once a survey for the Hennepin canal. It is hoped by its friends that the engineers' report will be here when congress meets again. An attempt will be made to secure an appropriation of $300,000 for the first year, and of a like sum annually for years to come. There will be a bitter fight in congress over the appropriation, which will be demanded if the Hennepin canal people succeed in getting a favorable report from the engineers. It is quite probable that the scheme may be killed then.

THE STAR ROUTE TRIAL.

The star route trials have now lasted so long that very elaborate arguments from any of the counsel yet to speak will tend to injure the cause of the respective sides. The lawyers, both for the prosecution and the defense, doubtless feel that the less said now the better for them. A good part of this week will be consumed in the [illegible] the next week. The most [illegible] be finished [illegible] of [illegible] and at times [illegible] Ashwell [illegible] some time in the West. [illegible] $[illegible].

[illegible]

[illegible] the matter of the impeachment of Secretary [illegible] of the treasury, [illegible] has been [illegible] others [illegible] of the opinion [illegible] the latter has taken measures for the future [illegible] banks as [illegible] warrant. A case [illegible] importation of [illegible] Tobacco [illegible] and many [illegible]

THE ARMY.

[illegible] but those possessing [illegible] and regimental esprit be attached to so favorite and distinguished an arm of the service as the light batteries, an officer who has not served with his regiment continuously, including cumulative leaves, for at least the previous two years will not be considered eligible for detail to the light batteries. An exception can only be made by special order of the secretary of war and where circumstances attending the absence of the officer do not indicate a desire to avoid the performance of ordinary regimental and company duty.

THE BILL PAY OF JOHN STANLEY BROWN AND OTHERS.

When the House committee on the expenses of the late President Garfield's illness made their report, in which was a list of White House employes entitled to a couple of months extra pay, the name of Private Secretary Brown, at his own request, was omitted, but in the new list, filed by Representative Davis, of Illinois, with the Board of Audit, Mr. Brown's name appears with those of the other employes as entitled to three months' extra pay. Steward Crump, who was taken dangerously ill while serving as one of the nurses, and paid out, as he claims, $800 in doctors' bills and medicine, is put down simply for three months' extra pay, though the Congressional Committee allowed him $7,000 in consideration of the injury sustained by his health. It is probable that his friends, and Crump himself, on the advice of his physician, being now in Europe, will present claims for the payment of at least a sum sufficient to pay his doctors' bills.

TRANSIT OF VENUS.

Active preparations for the departure of the parties for observations of the transit of Venus are going on at the naval observatory. In order that the arrangements for observing the transit may go on without a hitch, the members of the parties have been devoting some time at the observatory to practice. An apparatus similar to that which will be employed at the stations has been erected at the observatory, and the practice in photographing the sun has been made familiar to all those who are members of the parties. The apparatus consists of a long shed, having at one end a photographic lens and a heliostat, which turns the rays of the sun and throws them horizontally into a small frame house at the other end of the shed, where the photograph is made. With the exception of the apparatus, which is very simple, and is to be erected by the parties on their arrival at their destinations, no equipment of instruments is needed. A small equatorial telescope will be taken along to observe the contacts, the beginning, and the end of the transit.

AN IMPORTANT WORK.

Congress authorized an important work at the last session—a classified, analytical and descriptive catalogue of all government publications from the foundation of the government to the present time. The index is to cover publications made by all the departments, bureaus and offices of the government, and is expected to be an exhaustive and complete statement of all public documents. The work will involve laborious and intelligent study, for no complete library of public documents exists. The congressional library has perhaps as good a set of public documents as can be found, and fairly complete sets are possessed by the state and public libraries of the country, and by two or three of the best private collections. No one who has not had occasion to examine the subject knows how extended is the list of publications. The transactions of congress and the routine publications of departments occupy only a comparatively small part, though these constitute the most important part, perhaps, of collections. The act provides for its completion under the direction of the joint committee on printing, who have entrusted it to Maj. Ben. Berley Poore, who is, from his experience as clerk to the senate printing committee and otherwise eminently qualified for the task. He will devote most of his leisure in his country seat in Massachusetts to the work, which, as a book of reference, will be of great utility to politicians, students, and others.

DEMAND FOR AMERICAN PRODUCTS.

The State department has received from Mr. John Davis, commercial agent at Gloucester, England, the following interesting report:

"American provisions are now sold in every city, town, village, and hamlet in this district, and in view of the fact that swine fever is now prevalent, and hogs are being slaughtered in large numbers to prevent its spreading, American bacon and hams will be in increased demand, and the price considerably advanced. The swine fever has been in this district in some localities for the past two years, and during that time every means has been tried and used to prevent its spreading. It has now increased to such an alarming extent that a royal commission has been issued to inquire into the cause and devise means to prevent its spread, and if possible stamp it out. This and the adjoining county of Berkshire are both noted for the number and breed of hogs, and this disastrous fever will have a distressing effect on the bacon market. The London market is supplied largely from this district with its fresh pork and bacon. It is generally supposed that the public market for swine in this and other cities will be closed in a short time. A number of hog-breeders have been served with notice to keep their hogs confined to their own premises, and to use every means to cleanse and fumigate the same. We can not hope for a supply of bacon from anywhere but the United States, and the demand in the near future must be very large.

BALM FOR ANGRY GIRLS.

In the pension office the work since the increase of force was made has begun as if anew, and at the rate of progress now being made a decided gain upon the scores of accumulated cases will soon be apparent.—Among the new clerks are a number of colored men, the proportion being greater than usual in the list of new appointments.—There are about 400 clerks yet to be appointed under the law authorizing the increase, and they will be selected from the large number of applicants now on file in the office of the Secretary of the Interior.

The impression has been created from the fact that but a few of the late appointees were females that the heads of departments were discriminating against women. This is a mistake. The larger number of those appointed were assigned to work as examiners. This is work requiring frequent consultations with different officials, and because of the nature of the work, calling for discussion of diseases and ailments contracted by soldiers, cannot be considered in a family circle. That explains why the appointees were mostly males. The remainder of the additional force of clerks are appointed to work to which they will be assigned, being purely of a clerical character. It has been the intention all along to allow a fair share of the appointments to female applicants.

Epidemic small-pox at Cape Town.

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OWOSSO LODGE No 81, F. & A. M. Regular Communications on Wednesday evenings next before the full moon of each month.

OWOSSO LODGE No 68, I. O. O. F. Once a week on Friday evenings.
J. H. GOETZEN, N. G.
A. ROBERTSON, Secretary.

ORIENTAL ENCAMPMENT, No. 59, I. O. of O. F., meet the first and third Wednesday evenings of each month, in their hall, north-east corner of Main and Washington streets, 3d story.
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Exchange St., Owosso, Mich.

MRS. W. F. WAUGH, Hair Dressing and Stamping. Waves a Specialty. Ball Street, near the Baptist Church, Owosso, Mich. nov19y1*

FRED OSBURN'S
Fire Insurance Agency.
COMPANIES REPRESENTED:

Royal England,	$12,412,595.40
Continental, N. Y.,	3,888,719.41
Franklin, Phila,	3,219,557.89
Ger. American N. Y.	3,094,030.00
Phenix, New York,	2,538,259.00
Traders', Chicago,	1,000,000.00

Policies written for one, three and five year on City and Farm Property.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.
Office with OSBURN & SONS, Owosso. xx15tf

YOUNG MEN

THE GOLDSMITH Bryant & Stratton BUSINESS UNIVERSITY, Detroit, is the oldest, largest, most thorough and practical, has the most able and experienced teachers, finest rooms, and better facilities every way, than any other business college in Michigan. Ask our graduates and the business men of Detroit, about our School. Call or send for Circulars. Shorthand by a Practical Reporter.

THE OWOSSO PRESS.

Thursday, August 23, 1882

[illegible]

[illegible] Mail leaves Owosso as follows:
[illegible] Through Freight 5:00 p. m.

JOSEPH AMOS'S HACK LINE conveys passengers and baggage to and from trains and private houses. Orders must be left at the Post Office Order Box, where blanks are left to be filled, and will not be looked for elsewhere. [illegible] ordinary baggage.

DRAKE'S OMNIBUS LINE meets all J. L. & S. passenger trains, carrying passengers to and from Corunna.

OWOSSO POST OFFICE.

Daily Mail closes promptly at the following hours:

EAST VIA O. H. & M. R. R.
Close 1:45 P. M. — Arrive 2:4 P. M.
Close 7:00 P. M. — Arrive 10:15 A. M.

WEST VIA O. H. & M. R. R.
Close 1:45 P. M. — Arrive 2:45 P. M.
Close 9:30 A. M. — Arrive 8:00 P. M.

NORTH VIA F. & P. M. R. R.
Close 9:30 A. M. — Arrive 9:30 A. M.
Close 7:00 P. M. — Arrive 9:00 P. M.

SOUTH
Close 8:50 A. M. — Arrive 10:45 A. M.
Close 7:00 P. M. — Arrive 8:00 P. M.

L. A. HAMBLIN, Postmaster.

WEATHER RECORD.

For the week ending [illegible]

THURSDAY	75°
FRIDAY	80
SATURDAY	86
SUNDAY	93
MONDAY	90
TUESDAY	85
WEDNESDAY MORNING	70°

CITY AND COUNTY

—See Mrs. Harris' new notice of new style Fall goods.

Great Lacrosse tournament at Ionia next week. Our boys commencing Tuesday.

Hartman, of the Star Clothing House is packing up and will sailing to customers.

—We hear a rumor that Mr. H. Leffingwell, of Bennington, was seriously injured yesterday, at a raising.

—Ladies, call at C. E. Shattuck's and see the new style stamping patterns for embroidery and braiding.

At the stallion race at Rochester, last Thursday, neither of the Michigan horses was the winner. Santa Claus won the race.

—A Teachers' Institute for Shiawassee county will be held in this city, commencing Monday Oct. 16th, and continuing through the week.

—Mr. and Mrs. Geo. B. Martin, formerly of Bancroft, now of Alabama, are visiting friends in this county. They are now guests of Mr. Albert Todd, in this city.

—Notice the Assignees Sale of the Westlake stock of goods, advertised in this paper. A portion of the stock has been sold on a chattel mortgage, held by Mrs. Westlake.

—Mr. H. Wesener has received a $3,000 endowment from the Mutual Life Insurance Company, of New York, the time for which he was insured, fifteen years, having just expired.

—Will Houck, a former typo in THE PRESS office, for the past three years employed in the Evangelical Publishing House, Cleveland, is in town, taking a rest from typographical labors.

—The Ready Helpers will hold a Soap Bubble Social, Friday evening, at the residence of C. E. Shattuck. All come and try for the prize, to be awarded to the one who can blow the largest bubble.

—Mrs. W. C. Stoddard, of Detroit, has been spending a few days with relatives and old friends in Owosso. She returns to Detroit, to-day, her hosts of friends feeling that her visit has been altogether too brief.

—New sidewalks have been laid in front of Osburn & Sons' store, and Shattuck's place extending to Stewart's bank. Ald. Lewis's place and the vacant lot adjoining should have been included in last week's mention of new sidewalks.

—A remarkable yield of plums is shown at THE PRESS office in a cluster from the place of Mr. I. W. Burke, of Bennington. It is about seven inches in length and is so crowded with plums that it would be impossible to crowd in another upon the branch.

—We ask the attention of readers throughout the county to the excellent appeal of Prof. Seelye in the interest of our schools. Now that a new school year is opening it behooves parents and students to consider the best educational facilities, and our school can justly claim superior facilities. We commend Prof. Seelye's paper, throughout, to the careful consideration of all interested in educational matters.

Advertised Letters.

Letters advertised at the Owosso P. O. for the week ending Aug. 19, 1882:

Miss Abbie Never, Daniel Mason, Miss W. J. Godfrey, Drop, Clara Cramble.

Persons calling for the above letters will please say they are advertised.

L. A. HAMBLIN, P. M.

[illegible] meeting of the Congregational society, Friday evening [illegible] not to accept the resignation [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Mr. Clatt will act [illegible]

[illegible] arrangements for [illegible] social and [illegible] by the ladies [illegible] Mr. Giles [illegible] will take an active part. The [illegible]

[illegible] Denver, Col. He walks a mile before breakfast, and is gaining strength daily. He meets many old acquaintances there, and is enjoying himself greatly, his daughter Anna writes. They expect to go to Idaho Springs before they return. Mr. J. H. Calkins has just returned from Colorado, and he gives a very flattering account of Mr. Good's [illegible] improvement.

The old coal mine building burned to the ground last Wednesday evening—presumably an incendiary fire. It made a big blaze and called the fire department out. The building was of no account and was doubtless used for many an unhallowed purpose, but that is no justification for the lawless act of setting it on fire.

WARNING TO SOLDIERS. Circulars are being sent to soldiers in different sections of the country, by western parties, stating that for the sum of $10 a hundred and sixty acres of good land will be secured without the formality of occupying it for four years—less the time of service in the army, as provided by law. The land commissioner at Washington states that the law remains unchanged, and that the circulars are for the purpose of deception. Soldiers will, therefore, take warning.

EXCURSION TO DETROIT. On Thursday, Aug. 31, there will be an excursion to Detroit, on the D., G. H. & M. road, under the auspices of the M. E. Church of Ovid. Fare for the round trip, $1.60 from Ovid; $1.50 from Owosso and Corunna; $1.40 from Vernon and Durand. Train leaves Ovid, 6:15 a. m.; Owosso 6:40; Corunna 6:50; Vernon 7:00; Durand 7:10. Returning, train leaves Detroit 7:10.

CHEESE FACTORY BURNED. We understand that the cheese factory at Judd's Corners, in Hazelton, was destroyed by fire Monday night, and the three months' make of cheese was lost with it. We have no further particulars.

—Last week Mrs. Eliza Slitor received the mournful intelligence of the sudden death of her son George in Chicago. The afflicted mother started at once for Chicago and brought the remains to Owosso, and on Saturday they were deposited in Oakhill cemetery.

—Mr. Wm. Loomis, of Bennington, desires us to say he has no more pigs for sale. The advertisement in THE PRESS brought him so many customers he has sold all he wants to, and still people keep coming, wanting to buy some of those pigs.

—Dr. Seymour, a well-known physician who has resided at Byron for many years, has left that place and gone to Manistee to practice his profession. The Doctor's high standing as a physician has already enabled him to establish a lucrative business, for which his Shiawassee county friends are thankful.

—The scribe who does the "Oakley Observations" for the Chesaning Argus evidently appreciates well-behaved people when he meets them, and this is the greeting he gives Owosso excursionists:

Our good neighbors at Owosso have chosen a new and very sensible method of recreation, and picnicking. Armed with their provision baskets, they take boats and gently float down the Shiawassee river, enjoying some of the most beautiful scenery to be found in the State, and stopping here and there to fish, or to partake of their pic-nic-dinners in some beautiful groves found all along on the banks of the river. After a day of real recreation and enjoyment, they land at Oakley, and take the evening train to Owosso. We have had the pleasure of welcoming a few such happy companies, and hope to have the pleasure of welcoming many more. Come on ye Owossoites! We like your ways, we like your looks. Your men are stalwart, your women sensible, modest and pretty. If we could float up stream as easily as you can down, we would be glad to return your calls.

The St. Charles Reporter is informed that Rev. S. P. Gurnee has rented his farm and will remove to Owosso.

From the Montcalm Herald, published at Stanton

Mrs. C. G. Sanders has gone to Owosso for a two weeks visit and also for the purpose of painting a Swiss picture.

Public [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] the pressing [illegible] work, [illegible] and [illegible] home [illegible] ments of their teachers [illegible] that such [illegible] their good [illegible] have the hearty [illegible] confidence [illegible]

[illegible]

This department, we are [illegible] has now been brought up to the standard of excellence for which we have all been desirous. After an examination and report by a committee of the University, our school has been [illegible] by the University. Equally [illegible] equal footing with the [illegible] the State in the [illegible] done.

We are, therefore, prepared to invite to our school any young persons who wish to prepare for the University of Michigan, or for any other college claiming that such will here find better facilities for the desired preparation than at any other school in this county, and that those who desire it can enter the University by [illegible] this school.

Any persons desiring an examining our courses of study will receive our "High School Announcement" by sending their address to E. R. Hutchins, Secretary of School Board, or to O. C. Seelye, Superintendent of schools.

We most cordially invite our friends to examine our work, both from printed circulars, and by personal inspection in the school room. Come at any time and "make yourselves at home."

We offer to our citizens sincere thanks for their constant support and approbation, and promise them in return for a continuance of their favor, our most earnest efforts for the progress of education in this city. Respectfully,

O. C. SEELYE,
Superintendent of Schools.

Dr. B. S. Knapp, of Byron, will remove to Ithaca, Gratiot county.

Mrs. S. R. Tubbs, of Burns, died very suddenly last Thursday evening.

The planing mill of S. Wright & Co., of Perry, was burned the 4th inst., loss $1,500. The fire originated in the engine room.

Miss Rubie White, a teacher in the Ovid school, was married last Wednesday to Mr Charles Hurd, of West Springfield, Pa.

The annual Reunion of the 5th Michigan Veteran Volunteer Association will take place at Capac, Wednesday, the 30th inst.

A State Teacher's Institute for Clinton county will be held at St. Johns, commencing Monday afternoon, Aug. 28, and closing the following Friday.

The main building of the Ovid cooperage was burned about two weeks ago.

Irrigation on a Small Scale.

On farms where there is an artesian well, a pump operated by wind power, or a spring whose outlet is tolerably elevated it will be found quite easy to irrigate a piece of land of the extent of an acre or more. During seasons of severe and protracted drought this irrigated land will be found of great value. It can be made to produce large crops of garden vegetables, which will be fresh and delicious when those that are not supplied with water will be stringy and shriveled. Celery plants are generally placed in rows at about the time the dry, hot weather commences, and very many of them fail to grow. By having means to irrigate the land celery may be made a sure crop and a very superior article produced. Land that is irrigated will also produce excellent cabbage and cauliflower. For producing late cucumbers for pickling there is nothing like irrigated land. Radishes as crisp and delicious as those produced early in the season can be raised on irrigated land during August and September.

To grow strawberries in perfection it is necessary to have the soil where the vine are planted well supplied with water whether there is rain or not. If strawberry vines are supplied with water every two or three days, they will grow very fast and be very productive. By allowing them to rest a few days after they have produced the first crop and then supplying them with moisture at stated intervals, they will generally blossom again and produce a second crop of fruit. An acre of irrigated land will keep a family well supplied with fine fruits and vegetables during the usual season of drought and afford many articles that can be sold in the market to excellent advantage. On many farms an amount of water runs to waste that could be made to irrigate an acre or more of land.

Little Susie was named for her grandma. Being asked her name one day, she replied, "My name is Susie Grandma T[illegible]

[illegible]

W[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Dawsey	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hayes	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
M[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Neff	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mann	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Shaw	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Camp	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kearns	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mumby	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Murphy	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hart	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Yates	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hotchin	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
House	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Jones p	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible]

	N	N	S
	1	2	3 4 5 6 7
Muskegon	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Owosso	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Runs earned—Owosso 5, Muskegon [illegible]
Struck out—Owosso 1, Muskegon [illegible]
Left on bases—Owosso 7, Muskegon [illegible]
Two base hits—Owosso 1
Three base hits—Muskegon 1
Double play—Mumby and Platt
Passed balls—Kearns [illegible]
Umpire—McLaughlin

After the game was concluded the clubs were invited to the residence of Mrs. Henry Gould, opposite the ground, where they were treated to a royal banquet by the young ladies of Owosso, and after doing full justice to the bountiful repast set before them by the ladies, toasts were indulged in, also singing by a fine quartette composed of members of the Muskegon club. The thanks of the clubs were tendered to the ladies for the pains they had taken to make the visit pleasant for the boys, and after enjoying themselves for some time the company dispersed, each one to always remember the hospitality of the ladies of Owosso, as one of the Muskegon club said: "The ladies of Owosso know how to make things pleasant if any one does."

Another game will probably be played with the Muskegon boys in a couple of weeks when it is expected a large delegation will accompany our club on their visit.

The third of the series of games with the Corunna nine will be played at Fastime Park this afternoon, admission 25 cts., ladies 15 cts.

Our friend of the Journal is a little off in his calculations in respect to the Owosso base ball club, in saying we had as much of an imported nine as his "dearly loved city;" we have got but *one* man in our club who has not played in the club for two years while the Corunna nine has but *one* man who was in the city last spring, and that man's name is Jenkins, and his position was left field. If Corunna could pick up a nine, even by importing a pitcher and catcher, with the rest of the nine Corunna men, that could beat our boys, or would even play the same nine they did in their first game, and win the championship of the County, they could brag as much as they pleased and no one would say anything about it, but even if they do win all the games in the series, (which we doubt their being capable of doing,) we do not see how the championship of the county would be lost to Owosso. Will the Journal please explain its meaning or does it not know what *it* is talking about?

B. B. C.

WEALTHIEST MEN OF WALL STEET.—Mr. Rufus Hatch in answer to a question by a reporter as to the wealthiest men in Wall Street said: "Well, there are just four of them in the first class. First, Vanderbilt and his sons; second, Russell Sage; third, Jay Gould and fourth, James Keene. I suppose you refer to men who have been directly connected with stock operations. Vanderbilt and his sons, who are all together, have got $300,000,000. I am sure that this is not overstated, for the $60,000,000 or $70,000,000 they have in the government loans represents their interest as it has accumulated. The next man is Russell Sage, who is richer than Gould. He is worth $60,000,000 to $75,000,000. Gould is worth from 40,000,000 to $50,000,000, and Keene about $25,000,000. Those are prodigious figures. See what they represent of other men's losses, when you look at the present state of the stock market and what it is tumbling to. There is about $450,000,000 or $500,000,000 in the hands of four men, who have made it all around this Stock Exchange out of gambling propensities and the credulity of the people."

Mrs. Caroline V. Copes, of Wilmington, recently deceased, was one of the girls chosen to throw flowers for Lafayette in Savannah in 1824. She was then about thirteen years old and she never forgot the kiss which the General gave her on that occasion.

The Ba[illegible] Fair of Montana

The August number of the [illegible] magazine contains an account supposedly from an eye-witness of the [illegible] markets of heaven. The [illegible] Mr. [illegible] Fremont [illegible] of the great market of [illegible] traffic [illegible] order to buy [illegible] pleasant girls [illegible] narrow [illegible] weather [illegible] the young girl [illegible] the young ladies [illegible] from [illegible] of the union. [illegible] and [illegible] money [illegible] long [illegible] the floor. [illegible] trees [illegible] and [illegible] the [illegible] pouring [illegible] water says that it is very rarely that a mad man can contemplate her fair tresses disappear into the [illegible] without a gush of tears [illegible] herself by [illegible]

[illegible]

Pain Style.

The farmer stands at the honeysuckled portal looking at the sky while the expression [illegible] his features shows he is longing for rain. His boy wants it to rain also, but for a different reason. The farmer wants rain to develop his vegetables; the boy wants it to enable him to stay at home from school. But it won't rain; it will only threaten and look just as though it is going to burst forth at any moment. The clouds are purple, so is the farmer, and his face looks like an egg plant frosted with fog. The clouds suddenly come up like a great army, and just as the agriculturist imagines they are going to burst, they retire, like a convention of delegates taking a recess previous to a fresh ballot, and the sun comes out, and makes everything bright, except the face of the farmer as he contemplates watering the farm with the pump, and the features of the small boy as he starts schoolward, his mind lined with unhappy thoughts and his trousers with shingles.

IN THE CITY

The bookkeeper swings nervously about on his stool. You can easily tell he is a bookkeeper, because he wears a long drab duster, has his hair faultlessly arranged, wipes his pen on his sleeve, and displays a poetic wanness that betrays an unrighteous affection for and relationship with ready-made apple dumplings.

Is the young bookkeeper unhappy?

O, yes, the young bookkeeper is unhappy.

Why is the young bookkeeper unhappy?

Why, because it looks like rain.

That is the reason the young bookkeeper is unhappy. That is the reason he gets off his throne and looks out of the window, and stops adding in the middle of a column to ask some one if it is going to clear up, and borrows all the morning papers to consult, and puts his hand out of the door, and feels all over the atmosphere for drops, and watches to see if pedestrians have their umbrellas up, down, with them, or at home.

It is plain that he doesn't care any thing about the welfare of the crops. He doesn't care if carrots are worth $20 a barrel next winter. He doesn't care if the country is prostrated by a paucity of parsnips in the autumn. He doesn't care if the sun burns the grass as yellow as a sunflower or the chaste envelope of a ham. What he wants is clear weather—at least for a few hours.

Why does he want clear weather for only a few hours?

Why, because his salary is 8 weeks overdrawn.

What has that to do with the weather?

A great deal; and his anxiety is as follows: he can't draw any more; he is down to his final dollar; he is engaged to take his lady to the theatre, and if it doesn't rain he sees just how he can manage the horse-car; but if it pours, he marvels much as to the manner in which he is to overcome a carriage, or rather a hackman.

And that is why the bookkeeper doesn't want rain much more keenly than the agriculturalist does.

Umbrellas.

Benjamin Franklin used to say that it took a wise man to carry an umbrella when it didn't rain; any fool could carry one when it rained. He said nothing, however, about the penalty paid by the sages, when they started out with umbrellas and found afterward that these articles were only incumbrances which would either inconvenience the persons carrying them or put a premium upon piccadilloes by being lost and tempting others than the owners to take possession of them.

It is calculated that every railway traveler in the United States, in every dollar paid for fare, contributes, on an average, fifteen cents to stockholders, twenty cents to bondholders, and sixty-five cents towards working expenses.

NOTICE

Having been appointed exclusive agent for Philip Best's Celebrated Milwaukee Lager Beer, I offer the same for sale, on draught or by the bottle. The bottle beer is put up expressly for family use.

4[illegible] A. J. PATTERSON.

THE OWOSSO PR

Wednesday, August

[illegible]

A Little Dog

Have we had [illegible]

Yes

Well, it's been a little later out there, he softly answered. The day before leaving I had to hang up the [illegible] of my bucks. They had [illegible] water-soaked that they could [illegible] During the month of [illegible] different days.

"What else have you [illegible]

"O, that was the [illegible] twenty-five strong."

"How is corn?"

"Well, I planted mine [illegible] water. Between you and me I don't think [illegible] thirty bushels to the [illegible]

"Wheat looking well?"

"Tolerably well, but the sturgeon and [illegible] are doing considerable damage."

"Didn't you get any dry weather in May?"

"There was about fifteen minutes one day when it tried to clear up, but I hadn't commenced to bring out my [illegible] before the rain came down again."

"Grass must be good?"

"Shouldn't wonder, but can't say. When I get back I'm going down to [illegible] see."

"Got your potatoes in?"

"Not yet; I've got them loaded on a scow, and the scow anchored in the field in about [illegible] of water."

"Then the prospect looks gloomy."

"Not any, sir—not any. I've got an ark almost ready to sail, and if it will only rain for another week I'll be the best fixed man in Indiana." [West Street Daily News.

THE O'CONNELL STATUE. It is estimated that 100,000 spectators witnessed the unveiling of the O'Connell statue at Dublin, the 16th inst. Two Irish catholic archbishops and 14 Irish members of parliament were present. O'Connell's triumphal car, in which he was conveyed from the Richmond bridewell in 1846, was refurnished and regilded, and was a conspicuous object in the procession. The land league was not directly represented, but there were numerous references to Irish nationality in the speeches, banners and decorations. The British national anthem was not sung at the opening of the exhibition. There was no disturbance.

THE DANGERS OF THE STOCK MARKET.

A man may be incredulous enough to risk his money in the fickle mysteries of a mercurial stock market but when he gets the Itching Piles, he goes straight for Dr. Swayne's Ointment. Unlike the bulls and bears of the Stock Exchange, who clean you out of hard earned cash, it returns your money with interest, in the way of allaying the intense itching and insuring sweet repose. 48-51

The Queen of Roumania said: Often the virtue of a woman must be very great, since it has to suffice for two.

If you do not believe that Hill's Compound Extract of Buchu and Cubebs will do all that is claimed for it, try it and you will believe

THE DETROIT EVENING NEWS

Will be delivered to subscribers in this city at the rate of 10 cents a week. Subscriptions should be made to WILL GOULD, Agent, Owosso.

NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS.—Will Gould desires that all who wish to subscribe for any newspaper or periodical, to call on him, and that he will make it to their advantage to do so. He has the agency for all the leading newspapers, magazines, and periodicals printed in the United States. 6tf

☞ *Subscribers are expected to understand from the figures following their address as printed on their paper, the time to which the paper is paid for.*

With this record before them every week it does not seem necessary for us to incur any expense of sending out a collector to present bills and gather in the small sums due on subscriptions.

When payments are made, the date to which the paper is paid for, is set forward, and if at any time this should be omitted after a payment, we will take it as a favor to be informed at once, of the omission.

$2.80 will pay for the Detroit Weekly Free Press and the Owosso WEEKLY PRESS for one year, postage paid, delivered in this county.

$4.80 will pay for THE PRESS and either Harper's Magazine, Harper's Bazar

$3.00 will pay for the Michigan Farmer clubbed with the Owosso PRESS for one year, postage paid.

$2.60 for the American Agriculturist and THE WEEKLY PRESS.

$3.60 for the Country Gentleman and THE WEEKLY PRESS.

SUBSCRIBE

—FOR—

THE PRESS.

Only $1.50 per year, cash in advance.

$1.65 outside of Shiawassee County on account of Postage.

Local and Otherwise

[illegible]

The Mecca of the World for August

[illegible]

will enjoy the August number. [illegible] and other popular [illegible] for August. [illegible] Mary Mapes Dodge [illegible] Sarah Orne Jewett, Mary Hallock Foote, Frances Hodgson Burnett, Susan Coolidge, Lucy Larcom, Frances Courtenay Baylor, Susan Archibald Soule, Lucy Randall Comfort, Jennie E. Trowbridge, Mrs. Lew Wallace, Mrs. Lew Dayton, Mrs. Sarah Pratt McLean Greene, Mrs. Mary Mapes Dodge, Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett

OVER 20

Different kinds and grade

MATTRESSES

[illegible] one of the

BEST SPRING BEDS

In the market. We sell at

Wholesale and Retail.

We also do all kinds of Upholstering work. Hair Mattresses made as good as new.

FEATHERS STEAMED.

Old and New Geese Feathers Bought or Sold by

UNION MATTRESS CO.,

[illegible]

LUMBER! LUMBER!

I. L. PECK

DEALER IN

LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES, PINE MOULDINGS, AND BUILDING MATERIAL

Has on hand some dry Oak and Ash

People building will do well to call before purchasing. Will not be undersold. Bound to sell more than ever.

☞ Yard on Washington street, south of Milwaukee R. R., and east of White Bro's Planing Mill, where planing and matching will be done in good order and at short notice.

[illegible]

C. W. Matthews

MAKES TO ORDER ALL KINDS OF

Carriages, Wagons, Platform Spring Wagons, Sleighs, Cutters, Etc., Etc.

HORSESHOEING

A SPECIALTY.

☞ Also GENERAL JOBBING, Corner of Main and Ball Streets, Owosso. 50tf

Clearing Out Sale.

TO MAKE ROOM FOR NEW STOCK

Warm Goods

WILL BE SOLD

Regardless of COST.

And Many Other Goods at

Prices Way Down

Wishing to reduce our stock before the arrival of our Spring purchases, we will sell for the

Next 60 Days

Many of our goods at greatly reduced prices.

Thanking our patrons for past favors, we ask a continuance of the same, and yet there will be room for their neighbors. BREWER & HOWE.

Corner Opera Hall Block.

Owosso, Feb. 9, 1882. tf

TUTT'S PILLS

A DISORDERED LIVER IS THE BANE

of the present generation. It is for the Cure of this disease and its attendants, SICK-HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, PILES, etc., that TUTT'S PILLS have gained a world-wide reputation. No Remedy has ever been discovered that acts so gently on the digestive organs, giving them vigor to assimilate food. As a natural result, the Nervous System is Braced, the Muscles are Developed, and the Body Robust.

Chills and Fever.

E. RIVAL, a Planter at Bayou Sara, La., says: My plantation is in a malarial district. For several years I could not make half a crop on account of bilious diseases and chills. I was nearly discouraged when I began the use of TUTT'S PILLS. The result was marvelous: my laborers soon became hearty and robust, and I have had no further trouble.

They relieve the engorged Liver, cleanse the Blood from poisonous humors, and cause the bowels to act regularly, without which no one can feel well.

Try this remedy fairly, and you will gain a healthy Digestion, Vigorous Body, Pure Blood, Strong Nerves, and a Sound Liver. Price, 25 Cents. Office, 39 Murray Ste. N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, and acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of One Dollar.

Office, 39 Murray Street, New York.

(Dr. TUTT'S Sandapilla, Vegetable Purgative, Dandelion Mandrake will be mailed FREE on application.)

THE OWOSSO PRESS.

The Sultan's Views on the Situation

[illegible] granted to [illegible] correspondent at Yildiz palace this afternoon, the Sultan expressed himself freely upon the Egyptian question. His majesty stated yesterday his wish for an interview and appointed [illegible] Turkish time (half past 4 p. m.) as the hour. The Yildiz Kiosk, or Palace of the Star, is situated upon a hill overlooking the Bosphorus and commands a view upon every side. In appearance it is unpretentious. The tourist, whom it is pointed out from the deck of a Bosphorus steamer, sees a modest white mansion, with green blinds, resembling rather the country seat of an American merchant than the palace of an Oriental monarch.

Beneath it ranging along the water side are the larger palaces, white stately structures, unoccupied now except by servants. In a corner room of one the sultan, Abdul Azir, met his death. In the wing of another Murad, the insane brother of the present sovereign, is kept in luxurious confinement. The sultan passes all his time at Yildiz. Except for his weekly visit to the mosque he never leaves its grounds day or night.

After the usual delays preliminary to being admitted to the royal presence and the formalities customary upon presentation, the sultan, in reply to a question about the situation in Egypt, spoke as follows. The conversation was carried on entirely through an intepreter, as his majesty speaks no language but Turkish.

The situation in Egypt, said the sultan, was not serious until the presence of the fleets precipitated affairs and exasperated the people. Arabi's party then took advantage of the situation to inflame the populace.

"What does your majesty consider the original cause of the trouble?"

"I will explain. There have been in all the Egyptian public departments a great number of English and French employes appointed and kept in place by the influence of the English and French controllers and consuls. These employes profited enormously by the abuse of their places, which they held to the exclusion of the Arabs. They constantly extended their own privileges and increased their profits until Arabi, who was then a colonel in the service, complained to the khedive. In this way a breach occurred between Arabi and the khedive and difficulties arose, which might easily have been arranged had not the appearance of the fleets aroused native feeling and destroyed my plans for the reconciliation of the opposing factions and peaceable settlement of the troubles. I had already sent to Alexandria a commission, including Dervisch Pacha, Achmet Essad Effendi, Lebib Effendi and Cedri Effendi, to act as arbitrators, but the action of the English rendered their errand useless. Lebib Effendi, who has just returned, will give you a written statement of the case more at length."

"What does your majesty think of the bombardment?"

"It was cruel and unjust. The English forbade the Egyptians to fortify their works and then while defenseless opened fire upon them. This was an unjust, inhuman act and contrary to the law of nations. The English claim that they were dealing with rebels. In that case it was Englands duty to inform the sovereign power and to leave the settlement to that authority instead of taking the law into her own hands, which she had no right to do. The English say there is no justice among us. Yet let us look at Ireland. England's Irish subjects are simply demanding a right which here in Turkey is universally granted to the people. Such troubles as the Irish agrarian riots would be impossible in Turkey. England boasts of her superior justice, yet we have what she does not grant to her subjects—an equitable land law under which farmers and even farm laborers are protected in their rights. When the Roumanians obtained the Dobrudscha they continued the use of the Turkish law in regard to real property."

"What is your majesty's opinion about the result of the present trouble?"

"I am sure that when all the facts are known in America and other impartial countries the action of England will be condemned as arbitrary and unjust. If England's object is to protect her own interest in India she has taken the wrong course. She will never be allowed by the other powers to occupy Egypt alone. France would insist upon the maintenance of a free neutral province or a joint occupation. In either case there would be more danger to the canal than under the Turkish rule. Every Englishman who has any brains in his head understands that the interest of England is in the maintenance of the Turkish power. It has been the intention and desire of the Turkish government to maintain the status quo in Egypt. It was endeavoring to bring about a peaceful settlement of local differences when the fleets appeared and precipitated a crisis."

THE WAR IN EGYPT.

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 16.—Five Bedouins were killed in a skirmish outside Ramleh last week.

Gen. Wolseley has issued a proclamation to the Egyptians in which he states that the English troops in Egypt have been sent there solely for the purpose of restoring the authority of the khedive, and to fight against rebels, and that the peaceful subjects of the khedive will be protected.

THE TWO CONVENTIONS PROPOSED.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 16.—The draft of the military convention proposed by the porte to England was as follows: The Turkish army undertakes the pacification of Egypt without foreign assistance, the British to remain in their present positions and not to participate in the operations. The Turks shall be allowed to use Alexandria as a base of operations, and Turks and British both are to withdraw after the pacification of the country. Lord Dufferin rejected this draft and submitted another stipulating that Turkey should not undertake operations without previous consent of the British commander; that British officers should be attached to Turkish headquarters, and that the question of evacuation should be subject of a special convention. It is believed that there is no [illegible] of the porte accepting the English conditions.

A few officers and soldiers returned here from Suez [illegible] were unobliged.

[illegible]

IN THE SERVICE OF THE SULTAN.

MARSEILLES, Aug. 17.—Riaz Pacha arrived here for Alexandria this morning, in response to a telegraphic summons from the khedive. It is believed this is preliminary to the formation of a new Egyptian ministry.

[illegible]

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 17.—It is now rumored in military circles that [illegible] have been selected as the [illegible] operations in the canal [illegible] at Lake Timsah.

Sentence of Parliament

DUBLIN, August 16.—E. Dwyer Grey, member of parliament, and proprietor of the Freeman's Journal, was to-day sentenced to three months imprisonment £500 fine for contempt of court in publishing a letter of O'Brien, the editor of United Ireland, accusing the jury which convicted Francis Hines of the murder of John Doloughty of being drunk on the night previous to the day the verdict was given, and an article commenting thereon. O'Brien and Davitt were put out of Court. Grey, after being sentenced, was handed over to the custody of the city coroner. The latter evinced some reluctance to take charge of him, but the judge called upon him to do his duty. The coroner, whose intervention was necessary because Mr. Grey is high sheriff of the city of Dublin, then conveyed the prisoner to Richmond prison. Mr. Grey at the expiration of his term must find sureties for himself for £5,000 and two others for £2,000 each. The decision of the court caused great sensation. Mr. Grey was lord Mayor of Dublin for 1880, and was renominated a a second time for 1881, but declined the nomination. Lord Mayor Dawson has arranged to call a special meeting of the corporation Monday, with a view of considering measures to secure the release of Mr. Grey. Crowds are assembling around the statue of O'Connell and speeches expressing indignation at this sentence are being made.

IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

LONDON, Aug. 17.—In the house of commons to-day an exciting discussion took place on the arrest of Hon. E. Dwyer Gray, at Dublin yesterday. Gladstone advised against any interference, chiefly on the ground that the commons was in a semi animate condition because of the absence of members. Sexton insisted on the consideration of the case, alleging that all Dublin juries were packed. He argued that the comments of the Freeman's Journal were within the law, and that Judge Lawson's attitude was so unjudicial as to call for his removal from the bench.

Bold Bank Burglary.

KEWANNEE, Ill., Aug. 15.—Yesterday afternoon two men called at the First National Bank of this city and asked permission to leave a satchel a short time. About 5 o'clock, while Cashier Pratt and a lady assistant, Miss Palmer, were cashing up, the men knocked on the door and asked for the satchel. Miss Palmer opened the door, when one of the men grabbed her by the neck and kicked her nearly insensible. The other man rushed by her towards the vault near which Pratt was standing and struck him on the head with a revolver, knocking him senseless. Pratt and Miss Palmer were then forced into the vault. The men then secured $20,000, of which $6,000 was in gold, and walked out of town. Pratt and Miss Palmer, after working over an hour, succeeded in breaking the lock and released themselves. Both are badly injured. Parties are scouring the country in every direction.

MINERAL, Ill., Aug. 15.—The bank robbers were seen this morning near Mineral. Parties are in hot pursuit and the prospects of arresting both men before night are very good. Over three hundred men are scouting in every direction. Mr. Pratt and Miss Palmer are in a bad shape to-day. Miss Palmer is badly bruised and feverish and is prostrated by excitement. Business houses and shops are closed, and the owners are joining in the chase.

Small Pox in Birds.

In the British Medical Journal, Dr. William Gayton, Medical Superintendent of the small-pox hospital at Homerton, says: "Apropos of small-pox in birds, I may perhaps mention the fact that some years ago a former steward of this hospital was in the habit of breeding a large number of canaries. As these arrived at maturity it was a common occurrence to find many of them dead and presenting evidence of having suffered from some eruptive disease. It was further observed that when the hospital contained a somewhat large number of patients the mortality among the birds increased, and vice versa.

The Northern Pacific Land Grants.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The Northern Pacific railroad company, after endeavoring for a month to secure the appointment of commissioners to inspect the recently completed section of the road in order to prevent the forfeiture of the land grants, which they feared the next congress might enact, have secured the service of ex-Senator Conkling as counsel. He went yesterday to the office of the interior department and secured the sending of the six commissioners.

A PLEASANT LETTER.

[illegible] Kennedy's [illegible] Favorite Remedy [illegible] Kidneys [illegible] Dr. David Kennedy [illegible] Druggists.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM.

The Best, Cleanest and most Economical Hair Dressing.

Never Fails to Restore the youthful color to grey hair. 50c and $1 at druggists.

Florestan Cologne.

A new and exceedingly fine perfume. Price 75 and 75c.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

A Pure Family Medicine that Never Intoxicates.

If you are a mechanic or farmer, worn out with overwork, or a mother run down by family or household duties try PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

If you are a lawyer, minister or business man exhausted by mental strain or anxiety cases do not take intoxicating stimulants, but use PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

If you have Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Kidney or Urinary Complaints, or if you are troubled with any disorder of the lungs, stomach, bowels, blood or nerves you can be cured by PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

If you are wasting away from age, dissipation or any disease or weakness and require a stimulant take GINGER TONIC at once; it will invigorate and build you up from the first dose but will never intoxicate. It has saved hundreds of lives it may save yours.

HISCOX & CO., 143 William St., New York. 50c. and one dollar sizes, at all dealers in medicine.

GREAT SAVING BUYING DOLLAR SIZE.

T. Nelan.

CARRIAGE MAKER.

Shop north-east corner of Water and Exchange Streets, Owosso.

☞ Orders solicited for all kinds of vehicles, from a Wheelbarrow to an Omnibus

Work Guaranteed as good as the best.

A good supply of finished work constantly on hand.

BLACKSMITHING

In connection with the Carriage Shop for all sorts of jobbing in that line, including

Horseshoeing.

Over 5000 Druggists AND Physicians

Have Signed or Endorsed the Following Remarkable Document:

Messrs. Seabury & Johnson, Manufacturing Chemists, 21 Platt St., New York:

Gentlemen:—For the past few years we have sold various brands of Porous Plasters. Physicians and the Public prefer Benson's Capcine Porous Plaster to all others. We consider them one of the very few reliable household remedies worthy of confidence. They are superior to all other Porous Plasters or Liniments for external use.

Benson's Capcine Plaster is a genuine Parmaceutical product, of the highest order of merit, and so recognised by physicians and druggists.

When other remedies fail get a Benson's Capcine Plaster.

You will be disappointed if you use Allcock's Plasters, Liniments, Pads or Electrical Magnetic toys.

A SURE REMEDY AT LAST. Price 25c. HEAD'S Medicated CORN and BUNION PLASTER.

Received this V[illegible]

Lawrence and Banister's

Lobster, Superior White Meat Tuna

Canned Salmon,

Canned Lobster,

Canned Mackerel,

Potted Ham,

Potted Turkey,

Potted Duck,

Potted Game,

Sardines, Olives, Pickles,

Spiced Lobster,

Pickled Oysters, &c.

Wholesale and Retail.

Use Lawrence & Martin's

TOLU ROCK & RYE.

For COUGHS, COLDS SORE THROAT BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, PNEUMONIA CONSUMPTION, Diseases of THROAT, CHEST AND LUNGS.

BALSAM OF TOLU Has always been one of the most important weapons wielded by the MEDICAL FACULTY against the encroachments of COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, SORE THROAT, CONSUMPTION in its incipient and advanced stages, and all diseases of the THROAT, CHEST and LUNGS, but it has never been so advantageously compounded as in the TOLU, ROCK and RYE. Its soothing Balsamic properties afford a diffusive stimulant and tonic to build up the system after the cough has been relieved. Quart size bottles, Price $1.00.

CAUTION! Do not be deceived by dealers who try to palm off Rock and Rye MEDICATED article—the genuine has a Private Die Proprietary Stamp on each bottle, which permits it to be Sold by Druggists, Grocers and Dealers Everywhere,

☞ WITHOUT SPECIAL TAX OR LICENSE.

The TOLU, ROCK AND RYE CO., Proprietors, 41 River St., Chicago, Ill.

Bills, Posters, Hand Bills, Letter Heads,

Done in the Best Style, and at LOWEST RATES. at

THE PRESS STEAM PRINTING OFFICE.

LOCAL [illegible]

ROOMS [illegible]
THE PRESS [illegible]

☞ Mr. [illegible] Harr[illegible] [illegible] New [illegible] [illegible]

LOST.—Last night between the city and the five corners, was a striped Shawl. The finder will [illegible] this office. [illegible]

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

All the goods now in the store lately occupied by W. J. Westlake, on Main street, in the city of Owosso, will, for the next ten days, be sold at cost and less than cost, to close the stock. The stock consists of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, in great variety. Call early and secure bargains. All the stock must be sold without reserve.

All persons indebted to W. J. Westlake on note or account, must make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Owosso, Aug. 22, 1882.

B. P. TAYLOR,
Assignee.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Default having been made in the condition of a certain mortgage made by Peter N. Hugent of the township of Sciota, county of Shiawassee and State of Michigan, to Isaac Gale of the same town, county and state, as last aforesaid, dated March 24th, 1880, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the county of Shiawassee, Michigan, on the 30th day of March, A. D., 1880, in liber No. 16 of mortgages on page 419, which mortgage was afterwards on the 29th day of October, A. D., 1881, duly assigned to Laurence Murphy, and the assignment recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the county aforesaid on the 24th day of February, A. D., 1882, in liber 20 of mortgages on page 258, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the sum of four hundred and forty-nine dollars and sixty cents, ($449.60) and no proceeding at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the moneys secured by said mortgage or any part thereof. Now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and in the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given that on *Thursday, the 16th day of November,* A. D. 1882, at one o'clock in the afternoon, we shall sell at public auction to the highest bidder at the front door of the court house in the city of Corunna in the county of Shiawassee and State of Michigan, (the place where the circuit court for said county is held) the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount due on said mortgage, with ten per cent. interest and all legal costs and expenses, together with an attorney fee of twenty-five dollars in said mortgage contained; the premises being described in said mortgage, as all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Sciota, in the county of Shiawassee and State of Michigan, and described as follows: The east half (½) of the east half (½) of the west half (½) of the south-east quarter (¼) of section thirteen (13) in town six (6) north of range one (1) east.

Dated Aug. 21st, 1882. LAURENCE MURPHY,
TURNER & TURNER, Assignee.
Att'ys for Assignee. vlx51-11

Notice of Letting Drain Contract.

Public notice is hereby given that on the 2d day of September, A. D. 1882, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the house of John Beam in the township of Owosso, in the county of Shiawassee, I will be present for the purpose of letting contracts for the construction of a drain in said township, described as follows: Commencing at a point north 40° west 9.82 chains from the south-east corner of section No. 16, in township No. 7 north, of range 2 east, from thence running north 12½° east, 41 links thence north 56° east 56 links, thence north 21½° west 49 links, thence north 15 degrees east 2.26 chains, thence north 46½ degrees east 28 links, thence south 83¾ degrees east 5.21 chains, thence north 1 degree east 5.80 chains, thence north 85¾ degrees east 1.43 chains, thence north 56½ degrees east 4.85 chains, north 86¾ degrees east 1.98 chains thence south 73¼ degrees east 5.23 chains, thence south 66½ degrees east 3.66 chains, thence north 89¾ degrees east 3.70 chains, thence south 70¾ degrees east 2.64 chains, thence south 60 degrees east 2 chains, thence south 23½ degrees east 2.22 chains, thence north 77¼ degrees east 3.78 chains to a point witnessed by a 10-inch hickory, north 48¾ degrees west 1.40 chains, and that at that time I will let contracts for the construction of said drain by sections, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders. Also take notice that I will then and there, at the time of the letting of such contracts, be present to review all assessment of benefits, upon the lands upon which said drain is to be constructed, and assessed for the construction thereof.

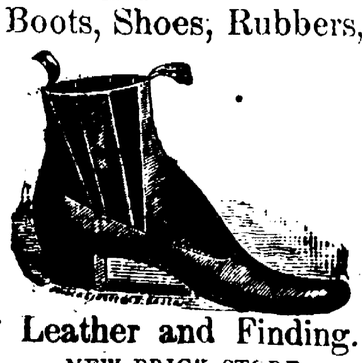
Dated at Owosso, this 22d day of August, A. D., 1882.

H. H. CARSON, Township Drain Commissioner for the township of Owosso, in the county of Shiawassee. 51-52

L. STRUBER

Dealer in and Manufacturer of

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers,



Leather and Finding.

NEW BRICK STORE,
Main Street, Owosso,

I am always prepared to serve customers with the finest assortment of BOOTS and SHOES.

All New Goods and New Styles, at BOTTOM PRICES. Every variety for MEN'S, WOMEN'S and CHILDREN'S WEAR, of all kinds. Leather and Findings always on hand.

As I have been established in business in Owosso since 1867, I invite all my old customers, also new ones, to call and examine my superb stock of goods.

L. STRUBER.

CHEAPEST AND BEST. Lowest prices in low rates at the Owosso Steam Printing Office.

WANTED.

A partner with a carpenter. Have [illegible] and am handy with [illegible] tools, steady [illegible]

[illegible]

A Card.

[illegible] warranty a house nicely [illegible] or Kalsomined, call on Fowler & Wellington, on Washington street, opposite the Owosso [illegible] Works. Latest styles [illegible] promptly filled.

BARGAIN EXTRAORDINARY! At [illegible] in New Crop Teas [illegible] Call and get Samples [illegible]

ARREARS of PAY & BOUNTY to Union Soldiers. Regardless of ROLLS or DESERTERS. ACT OF AUGUST 7th, 1882. Apply to Milo B. Stevens & Co. OFFICES: Le Droit Building, Washington, D. C.; Case Building, Detroit; [illegible] Building, Detroit; [illegible] Block, Chicago, Ill.

OWOSSO CITY [illegible]

Patent Flour ⅝ bbl	8 00
Flour ⅝ Bbl	7 75
Meal, fine bo[illegible]	2 25
Meal, coarse	2 00
Bran ⅝ 100 ℔	1 00
Feed ⅝ 100 ℔	1 00
Wheat No. [illegible]	[illegible] 00
Corn,	65
Corn in ear	40
Oats,	45@50
Potatoes,	[illegible]@30
White Beans,	3 00
Apples, Green ⅝	1 50
Onions	1 30
Butter,	17
Butter, creamery	20
Cheese, dairy	[illegible]@18
Lard,	12
Honey,	14
Eggs, fresh	12½
Bees wax	15
Tallow,	6½
Wool,	35@38
Hay ⅝ ton	8@10
Dressed Hogs	[illegible]@8 25
Hides, green	6½
Hides, dry	13@15

GENERAL MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

WHEAT.—Higher; August, $1.07@1.07½; Sept. 99⅛@99¼c; Oct., 98@98⅛c. CORN.—Higher; Aug., 75⅛@75⅜c; Sept., 76⅛@76¼c; Oct., 73¾@74c. OATS.—Lower; Aug., 41@41⅛c; Sept., 36⅛@36⅜c; Oct., 35@35⅛c. RYE.—Firm; August, 67@67½c; Sept., 68¼@69c. BARLEY.—Higher; No. 2 August, 93c; Sept., 92c.

PROVISIONS.—Mess Pork higher; August $21.20@21.22½; Sept., $21.22½@21.25; Oct., $21.37½@21.40. Lard—Steady; Aug., sold at $12.22½@12.25; Sept., $12.22½@12.25; October, $12.35@12.37½.

CATTLE.—Market firm. We quote:

Fancy heavy export steers	$7.80@8.00
Choice fat steers	7.35@7.60
Good do.	6.75@7.25
Medium grade steers	5.50@6.50
Fair to medium steers	4.50@5.50

Hogs.—Market firm. Sales ranged from $7.70@8.15 for light packing and shipping; $7.75@8.90 for heavy packing, and from $7.65@8.65 for fair to choice smooth heavy shipping lots.

BUTTER.—Steady and firm. We quote: Choice to Fancy Creamery at 23a25c ⅝ ℔; ordinary to good do. 18a21c; good to fancy Dairy at 16a20c; common to fair do. 12a15c; Ladle-packed, 14½a15c; packing stock at 12 13c; Grease, 8a10c.

NEW YORK.

WHEAT.—Higher; No. 2 August, $1.13¼ 1.13⅜; September, $1.13⅜@1.14; October, $1.14½@1.15. CORN.—Quiet; Mixed Western Spot, 85@87½c.

CINCINNATI.

FLOUR.—Market quiet; Family, $4.50@4.50. WHEAT—Firm; No. 2 Red Winter, $1.01@1.01½. CORN.—Lower; No. 2 Mixed, 78½c. OATS.—Lower; No. 2 Mixed, 48c.—RYE.—Quiet; No. 2 Fall, 72c. PROVISIONS—Pork dull at $22.00. Lard quiet at $12.25. Bulk Meats firm: Clear sides $9.50@13.25.—Bacon dull: Clear sides $14.62½.

MILWAUKEE.

WHEAT.—Lower; August, $1.02½; September, 99½c; October, 98½c; No. 3, 88c. CORN.—Tame at 76½c for No. 2. OATS.—Firm; No. 2 White, 65c. RYE.—Lower; 68½c No. 1. BARLEY.—Lower at 75½c for No. 2.

ST. LOUIS.

WHEAT.—Lower; No. 2 Red Aug., 96½@96⅝c; September, 97@97½c; October, 98½c. CORN.—Higher; August, 77⅜@77½c; Sept., 75@75½c; October, 70½@70⅝c. OATS—Lower; Aug., 39½@39⅝c; Sept., 34⅝@35⅛c; October, 34½@34⅝c. RYE—Higher at 66c.—BARLEY.—Steady at 80c@$1.05. PROVISIONS.—Pork quiet at $21.50. Dry Salt Meats quiet at $9.50, 13.10, 13.60. Bacon steady at $10.50, 14.25, 14.87½. Lard higher; $12.15. HOGS—Higher; Yorkers, $7.80@8.10; butchers' to best heavy, $8.25@8.75.

BALTIMORE.

FLOUR.—Quiet; Western Superfine, $3.00@3.25; do. extra, $4.00@5.00; Family, $5.25@6.50. WHEAT—Western higher; No. 2 Winter Red Spot and Aug., $1.12½@1.12⅝; September, $1.12½@1.12¾; Oct., $1.12⅞@1.13. CORN.—Western lower; Mixed Spot and August, 79½@80c; September, 85@86c. OATS.—Lower; Western White, 60@62c; Mixed do. 58@59. RYE—Quiet at 70@72c.

BOSTON.

WOOL.—Steady, with a good demand; Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces, 40@43c; Michigan fleeces 39a40c; Michigan and Ohio No. 1 fleeces 43a47c; unwashed fleeces in fair demand; Western Missouri fleeces 33a35c; for choice medium selections 26a32c; fine medium 16a22c; low coarse combing selections are active; fine delaine, including Michigan and Ohio, 43a46c; fine and No. 1 combing 47a49c; pulled wools 25a46c.

J. H. Gœtzen,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
DEALER IN
Hats and Caps,
Ready Made Clothing,
AND
GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.
Exchange St., OWOSSO

—FOR—

PRINTING

Of all kinds call at the
Press Steam Printing Office.

For Sale,

At a bargain. House and lot in West Owosso. Everything in first-class order; house well painted, and plenty of fruit. For further particulars enquire on premises.

G. F. NORTH

FOR SALE.

240 acres of good timbered land in Midland County this State, within five miles of Midland city, with a population of about 2,000. Price $1500 and a rare bargain. Apply to F. J. D[illegible] [illegible] Owosso, Mich.

Farm for Sale.

Ninety-five acres, on section 36 in Owosso township, 50 acres improved, good new dwelling house, besides a small one, extensive barn, orchard of apple, peach and other fruit, some grapes and other small fruits. The farm is rated as an excellent wheat farm. The remainder of the place is well timbered with oak, beech, maple &c. Terms reasonable. For particulars enquire on the place, three miles south of Owosso.

GEORGE [illegible]

ICE DAILY.

Axford's Ice Wagon will deliver ice to Business Places and Residences every morning henceforth, during the season.

W. H. AXFORD
35tf-60c

DRESSMAKING.

Mrs. L. A. Stone, having taken rooms opposite the Baptist Church, is now ready to do Cutting, Fitting and Dressmaking in all styles.

Owosso, May. 4, 1881.

GREAT REDUCTION

—IN—

CLOTHING

—AND—

HATS

For the Next 30 Days!

To make room for our Immense Stock of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS, at

GREENE and RULISON'S.

ONE-PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE,
OWOSSO, MICH.

EVERYTHING ON WHEELS.

From a Wheelbarrow to an Omnibus.

We have a large stock of fine CARRIAGES and WAGONS, and are selling more than all the rest of the dealers in Shiawassee county combined.

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