

NUMBER 25

Those contemplating papering the coming Spring can save money by doing so at once. Gold Papers from 25 cents to 50 cents per roll. Some of these patterns are very desirable, and as pretty as the new Spring Goods. Sale to continue till the 15th of February. This will be strictly a CASH SALE.
G. W. LORING.
January 7, 1885.

The Great Slaughter in Go Wall Paper is still going on at LOBING'S, and will continue for two weeks longer; thirty to forty per cent saved at these prices.

bitter partisan fight between republican and democratic newspapers at Boise City, Idaho, resulted in the sack of the establishment of republican paper. The building was burned. An attempt was made to burn the democratic newspaper building which resulted in considerable damage. The editors of the rival journals are denouncing

Preparations for the Inauguration
March 4, are on a grand scale.

Anna Dickinson is again lecturing

THE OWOSSO PRESS.

Wednesday, February 18, 1886.

—Mr. Wm. Loomis, of Bennington, informs us that last Friday in his locality, two districts united to dig out of the snow: thirty men were at work and they obtained an outlet.

The Hutchins Car Inventions.

In last week's Press mention was made of the "Arctic Refrigerator Car" and "Improved Freight Car Roof" inventions by the father of E. R. Hutchins, Esq., of this city, which are on exhibition at the New Orleans Exposition. The New Orleans correspondent of the New York Scientific Times gives the following description of these inventions:

The great variety and changeableness of the American climate have rendered the protection of meats, fruit and other perishable property an imperative necessity. The unavoidable and frequent delays of shipments has been a source of great loss to merchants and until the invention of the Arctic refrigerator car by C. B. Hutchins & Son, Detroit, Mich., it has been thought that such loss was irremediable. These cars are constructed without mortar or tennoning. Above the sills the walls are curved with two inches of space between the outside and interior jacket and the same space is obtained at the roof and the bottom of the car, all of which are filled with a non-conducting packing, thus enabling the packing to completely envelop the interior. The bottom and sides are slate lined and the ice rests on corrugated iron with the cooling room beneath. The cold air and water are discharged at the ends. This brief description will be sufficient to give the reader a general idea of Mr. Hutchins' invention and we may add that it is the only car so constructed in the world. It will protect its contents from either heat or cold and will run ten days without re-loading. For southern climates it is unsurpassed.

Mr. Hutchins has also invented and brought into use a patent car roof which is unquestionably the best manufactured. It is strong, durable and cheap and will outlast any car roof made. It costs \$5 less than the ordinary grooved roof and in repairing old cars if the boards are sound enough to remain the roof costs less than \$8 per roof. This roof is designed for freight cars and in its construction the boards are placed lengthwise, which adds greatly to the strength of the car. It has the great advantage of remaining tight until it wears out completely. Both of these inventions are displayed at the New Orleans Exposition, where they attract a great deal of attention and especially among car builders and shippers.

Pardoned a Little, Too Soon.

A special dispatch to the San Francisco Chronicle of Sunday, Feb. 1, reads as follows:

"Tucson, Arizona, Jan. 31.—About two weeks since there arrived in this city, in the company of a party of eastern capitalists, a man who registered at our leading hotel as H. B. Farrington, Saginaw, Mich. A correspondent immediately recognized the name as being the same as that of a notorious gambler, counterfeiter and murderer, commonly known as Hank Farrington, who, in October, 1873, brutally murdered and robbed William Stewart, a prominent citizen of Zeeland, Mich. He was convicted of murder in the first degree and sentenced to solitary imprisonment with hard labor for life. Farrington had previously served a term in the state prison for counterfeiting. Before the late fusion governor of Michigan, granted a pardon to Farrington just before turning over his office to his successor. Once cleared, a wealthy brother, seeking to make a man of this notorious profligate, sent him to this coast in the charge of a worthy gentleman, to whom was imparted only enough of the circumstances of Farrington's imprisonment to excite his pity. A few days after his arrival here word reached the ears of the United States marshal that Farrington had approached different parties, offering to furnish them with spurious trade dollars in amounts not less than \$20,000 at 20 cents on the dollar, and proposing to establish an agency here to 'work' Sonora and one at San Francisco to 'work' the China trade. His watchful companion, learning that Farrington was at his old tricks again, caused his arrest, and appearance before the United States commissioner, but the parties being reluctant to appear against him and no spurious money being found in his possession, he was discharged. He then implored his guardian to send him to California. This was refused, but the latter cheerfully agreed to ticket him back to Michigan and started him off Thursday."

Marriage of an American "Bonanza" Girl to a Prince.

Paris, Feb. 12.—Miss Eva Mackay was married to-day to Don Ferdinand Julio Colonna, Prince of Galatari. The ceremony was private, and was performed with pontifical high mass by Monsignor De Reude, the Papal Nuncio, in the Nuncio's chapel in this city. But 40 persons were present. The nuptial benediction was administered by Monsignor De Reude, who also delivered the marriage address. The civil ceremony marriage was performed yesterday. The witnesses to this were the Prince Colonna Doria, Prince Colonna, United States Minister Morton and the Duke De Cases. After the celebration of the religious rite to-day Mrs. Mackay, mother of the bride, gave a grand bridal reception which in every respect must rank with the most magnificent festivals of French history. The reception was especially distinguished by the quality of the guests, among whom were included about every person of distinction and worth in French society.

Conspicuous among these were Gen. Camille Monnier, Italian Ambassador in France, Count Camondo and Madame de Camondo.

Owosso Academy of Medicine.

The regular meeting of the Owosso Academy of Medicine was held on Thursday, the 5th inst. The meeting was called to order by the President, Dr. J. N. Eldred.

After roll call the minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved. The President made some appropriate opening remarks thanking the Academy for the honor conferred and mapping out plans for its future prosperity and usefulness.

After the remarks of the President, Dr. Ward read a paper on Diabetes. He gave an account of early researches and observations relative to this disease, bringing those investigations in a rapid, running survey down to the present day. He then gave a history of the disease, its insidious approach, its slow or sometimes rapid progress and its too often fatal termination. He described the pathology of the disease, as taught by the best investigators of the present day.

The symptoms enumerated were a coated, parched tongue, insatiable thirst, a dry, harsh skin, constipated bowels, urine of high specific gravity, ranging from 1050 to 1060 and very excessive in quantity, sometimes averaging 70 pints daily, the amount of sugar contained in it often averaging one half pound per day. Frequently there is intense hunger, notwithstanding which, there is wasting, listlessness, depression and a suspicious, fretful irritability of temper. The predisposing causes mentioned were, long continued intemperance, hard work, poor diet, excessive anxiety, and exposure to cold.

So far as the treatment of the disease was concerned, good hygienic management coupled with rigorous dieting did much to alleviate and control. All starchy foods must be excluded, all fruits, and all those vegetable matters containing a notable proportion of sugar. Animal food, gluten bread, bran bread, and green vegetable matters are the most serviceable articles of diet. There are but few drugs that seem to influence the course of this disease. He related the history of three cases from his own practice, their peculiarities, duration and general management.

Dr. McCormick said that as a rule diabetes mellitus might be set down as an incurable disease, whether of the gastric, enterogenic, hepatic, or neurogenic variety. Much, however, could be done to prolong life and make it more endurable. Cleanliness, proper protection of the surface, and a strictly nitrogenized diet aid the remedial agents very materially in retarding the sugar forming process. The difficulty of breathing and "diabetic coma" which so often precede death in these cases is explained by the presence in the blood of acetone, produced by the fermentation of grape sugar in the stomach, and secondly, by fat embolism. Codia seemed to be a remedy of much service in diabetes.

Dr. Green of Chicago, being present, said that this discussion was of peculiar interest to him as he belonged to a diabetic family, several members of which died of this disease and its complications. He then gave a brief account of some of those cases, and what in his judgment was the best treatment.

Dr. Parkill said that he could now recall just three cases of this disease, which had come under his care while in active practice. Among other things he regarded lime-water singularly efficacious.

Dr. Eldred briefly referred to cases which he had treated. He relied more upon dieting and good hygienic management than upon drugs.

Dr. Hume said that his experience with this affection was very limited, and could add nothing to what had already been said. After some further discussion the subject was dropped.

On motion Dr. Green was elected an honorary member of the Academy. The chair then appointed Dr. McCormick to prepare a paper for the next meeting.

The Threatened Extra Session.

There may be some Republican members of Congress who will be amazed if they can embarrass the incoming administration by an extra session of Congress. We believe, however, that their number is few, and those who entertain such desire should abandon it. The people have chosen the party which shall be at the head of the government during the next four years, and members of Congress of all other parties should bow to the people's will and remove as far as they can all impediments to a successful administration, and at least they should throw nothing in its way. The good of the country should be first considered, and certainly that good will not be advanced by an extra session of Congress. Such a session is not a necessity; the important business now before Congress can well be disposed of previous to inauguration day. If it is not it will only be because there is a purpose to make the Democratic journey as rough as possible. But in doing that the business of the country will be impeded, it will place obstacles in the way of returning to normal conditions, hard times and then severe pressure on labor; and business will be prolonged and every interest in the country will suffer. No party measure of party gain will justify inflicting such evil on the country. The path of duty for Republican members is to smooth the way for the Democracy, to help rather than to impede them.

St. Louis Herald.

The timorous souls who have of late been prophesying that St. Louis is yet likely to be left at the tail end of a stub road, while Alna gets the main line, will doubtless leave a sigh of relief when they learn that J. M. Ashley has purchased the salt block and connections. He is not likely to make investments of thousands of dollars in St. Louis and then deliberately run the road around us and leave his own property and manufacturing interests.

Story of the Egyptian Campaign.

Chicago Herald.—If the Gladstone Ministry should be wrecked by the disaster which has befallen the English army in Egypt the venerable prime minister would have only himself to blame for it. Putting an apostrophe of peace and an enemy of spread-evilism and foreign adventure, he defeated Beaconsfield and organized a government. Then abandoning his former attitude and yielding to the clamor of the "Jingoes" he engaged in a most hazardous enterprise in Egypt, the great cost and practical failure of which now threatens to result in his political ruin at the hands of the very Jingoes whom he unfortunately sought to placate.

England is in Egypt primarily as a collector of a debt. During the profligate rule of Ismail that dependency borrowed large sums of money from English and French capitalists and as no provision was made for meeting interest or principal the two European powers devised the Khedive set up a few in his place and established a ministry made up of Englishmen, Frenchmen and natives. France eventually withdrew from the scene, and with the Egyptian government practically in the hands of the English, all the affairs of that country were so managed as to put money in the British purse. Thousands of Englishmen were employed in the government offices at good salaries, new bonds bearing exorbitant rates of interest were issued, the taxes were farmed out, and the entire country put upon the rack. When the peasants were well-nigh ruined by the burdens imposed on them by their most rapacious creditor, and the army had been left without pay for months that the English might satisfy the last owner of a land, a revolution broke out, and the Egyptian government ministry was driven from power, and Arabi, an energetic and patriotic native, made a new one, composed wholly of natives, and virtually took the effeminate Khedive a prisoner. Thousands of Egyptians flocked to his standard, and it appeared as though the latest manhood of the country was about to assert itself.

At this juncture the English sent a fleet to the harbor of Alexandria, and failing to secure the submission of the natives, bombarded that city with disastrous consequences. Arabi, with his followers, withdrew toward the Suez canal, but the English pursued them with an army, and destroyed them at El-Kafr in September, 1882. With the rebels crushed, Lord Dufferin was sent to Egypt to re-organize the government in the interest of the British bondholders which task he accomplished without difficulty, Arabi being tried for treason, found guilty and banished.

While Arabi's revolt against British interference in Egypt was in progress information came from the Sudan, a southern dependency, that a false prophet, a Mahdi, had appeared just at a time when the savage tribes infesting the desert, and that he was marching to Arabi's relief with an army of prodigious strength. Centuries ago it became a tradition of the Moslems that some day a new prophet would arise and that under his leadership the followers of Mahomet would conquer the earth. He was to be known by certain peculiarities of dress, and in all these respects the Mahdi answered the description ages before made of him. He had no difficulty in securing the adhesion of thousands of fanatics, and the stories that were sent out of his amazing victories were calculated to carry terror not only to the weak prince at Cairo, but to Constantinople and London.

The Sultan of Turkey, as the Caliph of the Ottoman branch of the Mohammedan religion, had proclaimed the Mahdi a false prophet, but that fanatic preached a holy war and continued his progress northward, meeting and overcoming several detachments of Turkish and Egyptian troops that had been sent against him. Before he could penetrate Northern Egypt, however, Arabi's revolt had been disposed of and the false prophet contented himself with recruiting his army from the fanatical tribes of the desert, occasionally taking tribute held by the Egyptians and massacring its garrison.

In 1883 Hicks Pasha, in the service of the Sultan, was sent to Khartoum, the capital of the Sudan, to take command of the troops there and subdue the Prophet. He defeated the rebels on one occasion, but later on was himself overthrown and his whole command slain. When news of this disaster reached England it was at once seen that the False Prophet had in effect conquered the entire Sudan, and that unless something was done it would not be long before his horde of fanatics would carry the holy war into Egypt proper. The Sultan of Turkey was powerless, as his troops on several occasions demonstrated their unfitness to contend with the Mahdi's followers. The English, therefore, sent Lord Cromer, the British consul, and bondholders of England for action on the part of Mr. Gladstone became uproarious, and after many cabinet councils it was determined to send Gen. Gordon to Khartoum for the purpose of pacifying the rebels and re-establishing the Khedive's authority in the Sudan. Gordon left Cairo for his destination in January, 1884, accompanied by only two or three men, but bearing more than \$500,000 in money.

Gordon was selected for this difficult and perilous task partly through a sentiment and partly because it was hoped by the yielding Gladstone that his mission as a diplomatist might obviate the necessity of using the British army against the Prophet. Gordon had led an adventurous career and was occasionally a hero and a resourceful. He had been the commander of the English forces in China put down a serious rebellion there, and later on as governor of the Sudan he had, almost single handed, by arraying the better class of the inhabitants of the desert on his side, broken up the slave trade at Khartoum and reduced the whole province to peace. His remarkable success on his previous mission to the Sudan warranted the hope indulged by Gladstone that on this occasion he would be equally fortunate. The situation seems to have been different, however. He had no difficulty on reaching Khartoum, in calling about him a considerable force, but the fanaticism inculcated by the False Prophet filled the whole province with terror and made even his most loyal followers timid and

irresolute. Fighting continued in various parts of the province, the Mahdi taking cities with great slaughter, and Gordon and other commanders defeating detached bands of the rebels at diverse places. On the 1st of April last the public apprehension for the safety of Gordon culminated in a demand that a relief expedition be sent to Khartoum, and the British government finally, in August, asked and received from parliament a vote of \$2,000,000 to defray the expenses of the undertaking. The months intervening since that time have been consumed in getting an English column to the city where Gordon made his headquarters.

When the difficulties of the enterprise are considered it must be admitted that the movement has been accomplished with great expedition, and the knowledge that relief came only a few days too late, owing to the indecision of the government, has naturally enough roused British ire to a fury. Khartoum is nearly 2,000 miles from the mouth of the Nile and, as the greater part of the distance must be compassed over the burning sands of the desert, the formidable nature of General Stewart's achievement can be appreciated. General Wolseley, the commander-in-chief, has in Egypt and the Sudan several thousand troops, but Stewart, who led the column that fought its way to Khartoum only to find that city and Gordon in the hands of the enemy, has not more than 1,500 effective men. It is extremely probable that this force will be annihilated on its retreat, in which event England will be confronted by a most momentous problem.

TREACHERY AT KHARTOUM.

Gen. Gordon Stabbed in the Back—Horrible Massacre and Fiendish Atrocities.

Khartoum, Feb. 11.—Cols. Wilson and Wortley, rescued from the island on their return from Khartoum, reached here yesterday. They bring news of Gen. Gordon's death. Their accounts are the reports of the capture of Khartoum by treachery and make the date Jan. 26 or 27. One of the pashas of Gordon's forces marched the garrison to the side of the town nearest Omdurman, saying a rebel attack was expected at that point. Meantime, another traitorous pasha opened the gates at the other end and allowed El Mahdi's troops to enter, and they easily captured the town. The pasha, leaving a tumult, left his headquarters in the city, and the building and on reaching the street was stabbed in the back and fell dead. Then followed a

MASSACRE OF THE GARRISON, the scenes of which are described as surpassing the Bulgarian atrocities and rivalling the worst horrors of the Sepoy mutiny. The panic-stricken Egyptians were put to death with the most fiendish tortures. Some were trampled with spears and left to bleed to death. Most of the victims were mutilated in the most horrible manner. Eyes were gouged out, noses slit and tongues torn out by the roots. In many cases the mutilated parts of victims were thrust into their mouths while they were still living. The massacre included many non-combatants, and Egyptian women were subjected to the most shameful indignities. More than 100 women and young girls were given over to El Mahdi's followers for slaves. After the slaughter many Arabs were seen rushing about the streets with the heads of Egyptians impaled on spears. The next night was spent in a saturnalia of debauchery.

KHARTOUM IMMEDIATELY STRENGTHENED.

The efforts at once set about repairing the damage done at Khartoum and have made the place well nigh impregnable. El Mahdi has made it his permanent headquarters, and is said to have abundance of guns, small arms and ammunition.

LONDON PAPERS IN MOURNING.

London, Feb. 11.—All the morning papers appear in mourning for Gordon's death, in some cases displaying black lines in every column. They all eulogize Gordon. The Standard alone refuses to believe that Gordon is dead, and clings to the story of his escape. He may be a prisoner or may have escaped south.

FANATICISM AND TREACHERY.

The letter sent by El Mahdi to the English officers in Col. Wilson's steamers said it was El Mahdi's first and last letter to the English; that unless they submitted he would kill all the Gaiour dogs. The bearer of the letter, a dervish, urged the Egyptians on the steamers to join El Mahdi's army, saying that he had sent El Mahdi to convert the world and he intended to march straight to Stamboul. On the day after the steamer stranded (Sunday) El Mahdi's army landed on the island and urged the British to surrender. Sunday evening Hamid Bey, two skippers and 17 natives deserted the steamer. It was ascertained that both of Col. Wilson's steamers were wrecked owing to the treachery of the pilots, who will both be court-martialed.

WOLSELEY OPPOSED TO WAITING.

Gen. Wolseley asks that an advance from Suakin be made within a month. He sees no necessity for waiting until autumn. If he declares an early advance to Berber necessary for the safety of the Nile expedition, the Cairo authorities will withdraw their opposition. Wolseley has left two regiments at Korti and is crossing to Gubat.

PREPARING AT SUAKIM.

Gen. Newdegate will command the expedition to Suakin, with Col. Creaves, chief of staff. The Suakin campaign will open, it is calculated, on March 8. Orders have been sent throughout the country bordering on the west and south coast of the Red Sea for the purchase of camels for the new expedition. At Suakin five piers have been erected for the landing of troops and supplies for the Berber expedition. Three piers will admit large steamers alongside. A railway has been built from the piers to the British camp, two miles inland.

GUBAT FORTIFIED.

Gubat is strongly fortified to resist possible sieges. A fort has been constructed triangular in shape, with deep ditches in front, and brushwood and wire work outside. A regular postal service has been established to Korti.

The war office has ordered uniforms and accoutrements for 10,000 reserves. The Indian brigade ordered for the Sudan, it is reported, will comprise 500 cavalry and 2,000 infantry.

Col. Wilson Rescued from the Arabs.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—A dispatch from Korti, dated February 9, says: "Lord Beresford returned in safety to Gubat, bringing with him Col. Wilson and party, who were stranded on an island some distance up the Nile while returning from Khartoum. Some difficulty was experienced in getting the stranded party, as the rebels on the river banks kept up a constant firing. Shortly after the party had embarked, a bullet from a rebel's rifle pierced the boiler of the steamer. After the vessel had gone down the river about three miles, a battery on the left bank then opened fire. The steamer returned the fire which was kept up while the steamer anchored for repairs. Meanwhile Col. Wilson, with a small party, took four guns and landed on the right bank. The party marched down the river till directly opposite the battery, put the guns in position and opened fire. Much assistance was thus rendered Lord Charles in keeping the fire of the enemy down.

At sunset Col. Wilson and his party marched three miles further down the river and halted for the night. They were there joined by Lord Charles the following morning. The steamer meanwhile had another engagement with the rebel battery but succeeded in passing it without serious harm. Col. Wilson and party were again taken on board and the steamer proceeded to Gubat without further difficulty.

During the passage from the island to Gubat one man was killed and seven injured. Of the injured, four were natives scalded in the engine room.

Lord Wolseley concludes his dispatch with these words: "I cannot speak too highly of the pluck of Lord Charles Beresford and his party. Col. Wilson's men likewise behaved admirably, and with the usual determination of Englishmen."

Gen. Earle Killed While Leading a British Charge.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—Gen. Wolseley has telegraphed that Gen. Brackenbury reports the death of Gen. Earle while leading an attack a few miles above Duka Island on the Nile, about 70 miles from Merawe, on Tuesday morning. The Arabs held a strong position on the hills, which was charged by the British troops. Earle was killed in the charge and Brackenbury assumed command. The enemy were surrounded and driven from their position, the Black Watch regiment carrying the works at the point of the bayonet. The number of the slain was large, very few fugitives escaping. Ten standards were among the spoils. The English loss was Gen. Earle, Col. Eyre, Lieut. Col. Coventry and nine private soldiers killed, and four officers and 21 men wounded. Gen. Earle fell at the moment of victory. The fight lasted five hours. Those of the Arabs who escaped swam the river.

Wolseley says Earle's attack was well planned and gallantly executed. It is expected the effect will be to open the way to Berber without further fighting. The rebels hold the higher ridge on the razor-backed hills.

Some fishermen who were in the city yesterday report that during the past week they visited the Charity Island and when the keeper of the station on the island saw them he ran down to greet them and his first question was "Who's elected President?" He had had no mail or communication with the rest of the world for three months, and yet there will be a scramble for his position after the 4th of March.—[Bay City Press.]

Bigelow & Bigelow distinctly state the

Acker's English Remedy has and does cure contracted consumption. Ask for circular. An entirely new medicine, guaranteed. xx1839yl

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is a roller skate with an air break attachment.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Improved and unimproved Farming Lands, adjacent to railroad, title good. In townships of Grand, Brady, Chapin, Marion, Fremont and Albee, Saginaw County, Elba and Hamilton, Grand County, Michigan, Gladwin and Shiawassee Counties. Choice of 7,000 acres. Terms of sale to suit purchasers. Inquire of xx1839yl M. O'BRIEN, Owosso, Mich.

FOR SALE—New House and two

lots, plenty of small fruit started, will be sold at a rare bargain if sold soon. 49trdct. CHARLES T. ROGERS.

Farm for Sale.

In Owosso township, known as the J. H. McCall farm, 24 miles south west of Owosso city, 122 acres, about 125 acres improved, two good dwelling houses, two grain and hay barns, horse and carriage barn, wagon shed, hog house, apple orchard, peaches, pears and all kinds of small fruits, 3 good wells, running brook and other conveniences. For terms inquire on the farm, or address McCALL BROTHERS, Owosso, Mich. 22-88tr.

Farm for Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale his farm one mile south and 3/4 mile east of Bennington Station, on section 16, in the township of Bennington, comprising 270 acres, on which there are 20 acres of improvements—a house and barn, windmill on pump, two orchards, one young peach and apple, and 12 acres of wheat on the ground. For terms, etc., call on or address J. F. RATHBUN, Bennington Station, Bennington, May 28, 1884. 381tr

A GREAT BARGAIN.

A farm of about 90 acres, 70 acres improved, on the river, good house, near to school, churches, store and saw mill. Will be sold very cheap on a small payment down and the residue on long time at a low rate of interest. G. R. LYON.

G. R. LYON,

Real Estate and Loan Office, One N. L. Street, A. O. B. Bank, OWOSSO, MICH. MONEY TO LOAN AT LIBERAL RATES. AS-PRICE BOUGHT AND SOLD. AS-GET LOTS IN TIME TO SUIT ON LONG TIME. NAME AND CITY PROPERTY EXCHANGED.

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more money than at anything else by using an agency for the best selling books out. Beginners succeed rapidly. Terms Free. HALL'S BOOK CO., Portland, Me., Maine. xx1839yl

An Ache to Bone Scrapings.

Edward Shepherd, of Harrisburg, Ill., says: "Having received so much benefit from Electric Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. I have had a running sore on my leg for eight years; my doctors told me I would have to have it amputated. I used, instead, three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and my leg is now sound and well."

A man never realizes how little his word is worth till he receives a black eye and attempts to explain how he came by it.

THE BURDOCK PLANT is one of the best diuretic or kidney regulators. Burdock Blood Purifier is unsurpassed in all diseases of the kidneys, liver and blood.

MRS. A. D. GILBERT,

DRESSMAKER.

Is first-class in every respect. Her fitting is perfect; her draping fresh and novel; her fashion plates are the latest, and she gets her work up with a grace and style equaled by few.

Place of business, Adams street, first door north of Oliver.

To the Ladies.

If you wish your DRESSMAKING done with Neatness and Dispatch, call at Mrs. Tucker's Dressmaking Rooms, over Dawes, Hamblin & Miller's. Special attention given to CUTTING, FITTING and DRAPING.

Patterns cut, latest style, on short notice. MRS. S. E. TUCKER.

Dressmaking.

I have moved my Sewing Rooms to the rooms formerly occupied by Mrs. Broad, over Osburn & Sons' store and am now ready to Cut, Fit and make Garments in the Latest Styles for everybody.

Patterns cut on short notice. Mrs. L. A. STONE.

Millinery and Fancy Goods.

A good line of Fancy Goods, including LADIES' and CHILDREN'S HOSE and UNDERWEAR.

All New and Stylish. Prices that will astonish you; come and see: Owosso, Sept. 3, 1884. SARAH M. BELFORD.

Ladies' Attention

I have on hand a fine stock of Hair Goods, Waves, Coquettes, and Bangs, and in fact everything in the hair goods line.

Also I also do POWDER, FRENCH INDELIBLE AND KENSINGTON STAMPING, and teach KENSINGTON PAINTING. Terms within reach of all. Call and see.

MRS. WM. F. WAUGH.

EXCHANGE STREET OWOSSO.

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LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES,

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BUILDING MATERIAL.

Has on hand some dry Oak and Ash.

People building will do well to call before purchasing. Will not be undersold bound to sell more than ever.

Yard on Washington street, south of Milwaukee R. R., and east of White Bro's Planing Mill, where planing and matching will be done in good order, and on short notice.

Owosso, Mich. vclvtrtr

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Owosso, Mich.

Wednesday, February 18, 1885.

Democratic County Convention.

A Democratic County Convention is hereby appointed to be held in the Court House at Owosso, on Saturday, Feb. 21, inst., at 10 o'clock a. m., to appoint 12 delegates to represent this county in the Democratic State Convention to be held in Bay City, Wednesday, Feb. 25, inst. The several townships and cities of this county are requested to appoint their usual number of delegates to attend the County Convention.

All voters of this state, irrespective of past party affiliations, who can unite with us in an effort for a reform of abuses, and a pure and economical administration of government, and all who favor a reform in the civil service, and a reduction and adjustment of our tariff laws and a tariff taxation, are cordially invited to participate in sending delegates to this convention.

O. H. OBERT,
Chairman County Committee.

The Legislature is getting down to work again. Large numbers of bills are introduced in both houses.

Representative Cossitt spent Sunday at home in Owosso. He is one of the committee on the Reform School for girls, at Adrian, and during the Legislative recess the committee visited that institution. Mr. Cossitt was very much pleased with its management—every thing in fine order.

The Democratic State Convention to be held Feb. 25th at Bay City, is to nominate candidates for a Justice of the Supreme Court and two Regents of the University.

The Greenback Convention is to be held at Lansing the same day, and it is hoped both parties will unite on candidates and give themselves the advantage of a union of forces.

In Union There Is Strength.

We heartily endorse and commend to the practical application of both Democrats and Greenbackers, the following from the Flint Democrat:

The Democratic and Greenback parties have learned by experience that in union there is strength. Let them profit this spring by their knowledge. Let them unite on a good ticket and sweep all before them. They came within two thousand of doing so last fall. This spring the Upper Peninsula will not come to the rescue of the g. o. p., for they have not the money to bring out the vote. The Lower Peninsula is safe for five thousand majority for the union ticket, if all pull together in harmony. Let us hope that such will be the case.

A delegation of prominent Michigan Democrats, consisting of Hon. I. M. Weston, Representatives Black, Blacker, and Ford, and Hon. S. L. Kilbourn, and L. E. Rowley, of Lansing, visited the President-elect at Albany last week and presented the claims of Michigan to a representation in the Cabinet, naming Hon. I. M. Barnes of Lansing, as the choice of the Democracy for the honor. Mr. Cleveland received them cordially, and said he would give Mr. Barnes's name due consideration.

Report has it that President-elect Cleveland's Cabinet will be announced in a few days—but no one knows. It seems to be settled that Senator Bayard can be Secretary of State if he will take the position.

Miss Emily, who shot O'Donovan Rossa, was taken to the supreme court room on a writ of habeas corpus. Her counsel stated that Rossa had publicly proclaimed his intent not to plead guilty to his crime. Physicians who had examined the wounded man said he was able to appear and testify. Judge Dwyer refused to grant a writ, with the action of the police court.

A tramp, Sakal Nelson, who was given shelter and food by Andrew Sheffer, living near Kankakee, Ill., attempted a felonious assault on Mrs. Sheffer, beating her in a shocking manner, so that her recovery is doubtful. After a lively struggle, Mr. Sheffer rescued the fellow, who was taken to Kankakee and held without bail. He was subsequently taken to Chicago for safety.

During the worst of the storm Monday night the angry waters of Lake Michigan swept across the bleak patch of land at the mouth of the Milwaukee River known as Jones' Island, threatening the lives of its 250 inhabitants. No fires could be kept up, and many were almost crazed with fear and suffering. The people took to the upper stories of the highest buildings for safety. Some tried to cross over to the mainland upon the ice, but were driven back. Toward morning the wind and waves subsided.

John Boyle O'Reilly was convicted in England of high treason in 1880 and sentenced to twenty years' penal servitude. He escaped in 1886 and fled to America. Being anxious to know whether the sentence was still hanging over him he recently proposed to lecture in Canada, and sent a note to friends inquiring whether he might do so with safety. The result of his inquiries was that he has decided not to lecture. The prospect of seventeen years more of penal servitude is not alluring.

It is estimated at the lowest calculation that there are at this time, over 50,000 men and women unemployed in New York. These are classified as follows: Women, 80,000; longshoremen, 8,000; Italian, 8,000; cloakmakers, 10,000; tailors, 6,000; artificial flower, 1,000; bricklayers, 4,000; carpenters, 1,000; framers, 1,000; plasterers, 2,000; plumbers, 1,200; stonecutters, 2,000; furniture-workers, 8,000; iron-workers, 1,000; printers, 1,000; bookbinders, etc., 1,000; shoemakers, 500; cigar-makers, 1,000; tanners, 800; waiters, 1,000; other trades, 2,000.

GENERAL NEWS.

C. F. Adams, president of the Union Pacific road, tendered Secretary Teller a draft for any amount found due the government on the annual settlement.

A cablegram announces the death in Paris of H. B. Hotchkiss, of Connecticut, the famous gun inventor, and of Jules Verne, the noted French journalist.

In Cleveland, Sunday evening, two men who attempted to cross a railroad bridge were cut to pieces by a switch engine, and a lad in their company lost an arm.

Hon. Julius J. Wood, whose demise at Columbus, Ohio, is reported, was an intimate associate of Greeley, Weed, and Seward in political campaigns in New York.

A cotton-mill, established sixty years ago at Fall River, Massachusetts, is to transfer all its machinery to Mexico, and manufacture printed goods with native labor.

Dr. Leopold Damrosch, the musical director and composer, died suddenly in New York Sunday afternoon. He was ill only a few days and his death was unexpected.

Russell Sage, the noted dealer in puts and calls, was arraigned in a police court in New York by a customer, who charged larceny in connection with a stock transaction.

Civil-service examinations for the Washington departments will be held at Chicago February 24, at Springfield, Ill., February 25, and at Indianapolis, Ind., February 26.

Jeremiah J. Sullivan, one of the witnesses in the Mackin election conspiracy in Chicago, was arrested by a detective for perjury, and has been lodged in the county jail.

The Canadian officers who volunteered to raise regiments for service in Egypt have been informed that there is a chance to do garrison duty in England, if they so desire.

The wagon-works of Fish Brothers & Co., located in the lumber districts of Racine, Wis., had at midnight been well nigh consumed by fire. The property recently inventoried \$450,000.

Esther Thomas, an aged and intemperate woman, who keeps a variety store at No. 500 Michigan avenue, Detroit, set the place on fire by smoking in bed, and was burned to death.

The town marshal of Humeswell, Kansas, having resigned, a gang of roughs rode through the streets and fired at everything they saw until the citizens fled and drove them away.

The striking miners in all parts of the Hocking valley of Ohio have been notified that aid is no longer coming in, and it is rumored that they are advised by their leaders to secure work.

Bishop Dwenger, of Fort Wayne, has been selected to advocate before the College of Cardinals at Rome the adoption of the acts and decrees of the plenary council recently held at Baltimore.

James W. Peters, of Shreve, Ohio, shot Miss Laura Chester in the head and back for rejecting his addresses, and then lodged a bullet at the base of his own brain. Neither is likely to survive.

A dispatch from San Francisco states that the Chinese government intends to make an international matter of the recent expulsion of its citizens from Eureka, and to claim indemnity from the United States.

Becky Jones, the famous housekeeper of the Hammons family in New York, having spent several months in Ludlow street jail for contempt, has decided to tell a jury all she knows in regard to the will.

The Sheriff is in possession of the Exchange bank of Bellville, Ohio, and rumors prevail that the cashier has been carried off with \$75,000. The concern was managed by David and John Kent and Harrison Alexander.

At Hammondsville, Kentu ky, O. M. Dugan killed himself with a razor because of the death of his infant child and the fatal illness of his wife. The remains of the family were buried in one coffin.

In the Illinois House Saturday, the Senatorial joint convention assembled, the roll-call showing twenty-two Republicans and nine Democrats absent. Nobody answered save Haines, who voted for Morrison.

In a factory at Owatonna, Minnesota, a young man named Labaree was whirled about a sundial one hundred times a minute until his feet were pointed to a jelly. He survived the accident only an hour.

The stranger who killed G. M. D. Smart at Pittsburg, Texas, proves to be J. W. Howard, a second lieutenant in the army, whose command is stationed in Arizona. He was discharged on the ground of insanity.

The snow-storms of the past week caused a reduction of nearly one-half in the shipments of grain and provisions from Chicago, the total being 46,000 tons, of which the Lake Shore road carried 28 per cent.

Two federal judges at Richmond recently issued an order that the counties of Virginia should be received for taxes. Governor Cameron issued a proclamation giving instructions of a contrary character.

Ernest A. Thomen, who some years ago embezzled \$4,000 from the internal revenue office at Chicago, which amount was returned by his bondsmen, has received from President Arthur an unconditional pardon.

Four men were killed outright and twenty wounded at Brazil, Ind., by the explosion of a boiler in the Central Iron & Steel Works. Two of the wounded men died soon after, and several others are not expected to live.

The Dakota house, by a vote of 29 to 19, passed a woman-suffrage bill, which is likely to be approved by the council. Speaker Rice, in opposing the measure at the present time, expressed fear that it would retard the division of the territory.

The missing steamer Michigan is supposed to be in an ice-field in the northern part of Lake Michigan, but there are grave apprehensions as to the vessel's safety. Captain Prindiville and a crew of eighteen men are on board.

The bank clearings of the principal cities of the United States last week amounted to \$716,006,111, a decrease of \$27,595,648 as compared with the corresponding week of 1884. The decrease is attributed in large part to the snow blockade.

A party of thirteen laborers, while engaged in cleaning a sewer at the corner of Kinzie and Union streets, Chicago, were surprised by a current of gas. Five of the men were taken

out dead, and two are in a dangerous condition.

Ernest Ward, perhaps the only man who ever bent General Grant, is still confined in Ludlow street jail. But the United States grand jury found another indictment against him Thursday, and a bench warrant issued for his arrest.

The president-elect on Saturday gave audience to Senator Voorhees and Representative Cobb, who presented a petition for a cabinet position for Joseph E. McDonald, signed by twenty-two democratic members of the United States senate.

The United States marshal has attached the fast steamer Alaska, valued with her cargo at \$1,250,000, on a suit for salvage brought by the owners of the steamship Lake Winnipeg, for steering the Alaska into port during the recent gale.

Butler Mahone, a son of the Virginia senator, while on a spree in a Washington hotel, shot at a colored porter, the bullet passing through the hair of John Welker. He has been held in \$1,000 to answer the charge of assault with intent to kill.

Religious revivals are taking a deep hold in the Ohio Valley. In some towns the population has been converted, and business is almost suspended. Within seven weeks 10,000 persons have been converted in West Virginia and Eastern Ohio.

The sheriff at Youngstown, Ohio, is seized upon the extensive nut and bolt works of J. C. Bell & Co., at the instance of a lady, who for her part, the execution of mortgages to creditors for \$25,000. It seems probable that a settlement will be effected.

The marquis of Lorne has written to the London Times urging the acceptance of the proposed Canadian regiment for the Sudan. The marquis of Collingwood, Ontario, has volunteered to raise a colored regiment. No reply has been received from London.

A secret agent of the revenue department of Mexico bought some unimproved cigarettes of a poor tradesman at J. J. Jago. When the official attempted to seize the store, the people drove him in the public fountain, and then gave him a coat of tar and feathers.

About two hundred sheep and eighty hogs were killed on the Pennsylvania road, near Birmingham, by the breaking of a flange. Six trainmen were telegraphed at Earlville, Illinois, because an overworked engineer fell asleep, and twenty-seven cars were smashed.

A. A. Kiser, connected with one of the largest firms in Cleveland, recently sued for divorce. Last week his wife was arrested for adultery. On the trial of the case, it was clearly proven that King had conspired to ruin her reputation, and she was honorably acquitted.

On Saturday morning, at Bensenville, Indiana, a broken rail on the Louisville road threw a fast passenger train from the track. Ten persons were injured, among them being Colonel L. M. Clayton and wife, of Cincinnati, and Edwin C. Fuller and wife, of Chicago.

Friday comes from Grand View, Ohio, that at a revival meeting in that vicinity a German infidel went forward for prayer, when the congregation nearly wrecked the church for joy. The next day the convert became insane, and drove the minister from the pulpit with a club.

An appropriation has been made by the legislature of Connecticut to send the Governor's foot-guards, of Hartford, to Washington on the occasion of the monument dedication. The company was chartered in 1771, and its original members escorted Washington and Lafayette.

On Saturday Saturday Captain Phelan testified as to the stabbing by Short, making denials that he was in the pay of the British Government. A petition for adjournment for a week by Short's counsel was granted, which Phelan denounced, asserting that it cost him time and money.

Twenty per cent of the suspended coke-ovens connected with the Pittsburgh iron interests are to be fired up at once, giving employment to thousands of men who have been in idleness. It is said that all of the 10,000 coke-ovens of that district will be in full blast by the 1st of March.

The Leyden residence at Atlanta, which was as the headquarters of the confederates when General Sherman besieged the city, was destroyed by fire Wednesday evening. Of late years it has served as a fashionable boarding-house. One lady lost a diamond necklace.

Two trains removed a rail on the Missouri Pacific track, near Martha, wrecking a train of twelve freight cars and killing the engineer and fireman. The scoundrels were tracked through the snow, and are threatened with lynching by the citizens of Marshall, Texas.

It is alleged by a Boston newspaper that during the past six years the widow of a Methodist preacher named Hudson has defrauded fifty firms or individuals in that city out of large amounts of goods, besides swindling hotels, jewelers, and milliners in Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York.

Col. Thomas Buford, who killed Judge Elliott seven years ago for ordering a legal decision against his sister, died Friday in the lunatic asylum at Anchorage, Ky. Buford on his trial for murder was adjudged insane and sent to the asylum. He subsided and wanted to go back to the asylum, where he died.

The bank burglars recently captured near Elmira, New York, prove to be expert criminals. The leader is Jack Lowe, who is said to have committed a murder in Chicago; another is Tommy Featherstone, a famous thief. One of the gang had \$45 sewed up in his undershirt, and \$100 between the soles of his shoes.

A fresh complication in the Storey will case has arisen in the country from Europe in the shape of the first Mrs. Storey, who was divorced from the deceased journalist in 1887. She is on her way to Chicago to file a bill to set aside the decree of a divorce awarded her a quarter of a century ago, with a view to obtaining instead her "dower" out of the estate.

The secretary of the Irish National league, in a letter to the president of the American organization, states that two speakers can not be spared for a tour of the United States, that the expense of sustaining evicted tenants is very great, and that friends on this side of the Atlantic should make renewed efforts in support of the parliamentary fund.

WASHINGTON.

Speaker Carlisle has been seriously ill but his health is much improved.

A prominent Treasury official at Washington says that 20 per cent of the customs-house undervaluation in this country was made at the Port of New York. Undervaluations of ribbons and drugs have been so great as to virtually prevent importations by dealers in Chicago and elsewhere inland.

Pierpont Edwards, British Consul at New York, is here to urge action by the House of Representatives similar to that of the Senate in regard to the manufacture and exportation of dynamite. He is currently believed that he will shortly return to New York with a large-sized flea in his ear.

It has been decided by the House Committee on Foreign Affairs, to which were referred resolutions in regard to the recent dynamite explosions in London, that it was beneath the dignity of the House of Representatives to assume that American citizens had had anything to do with the crimes in question.

The value of the exports of domestic cattle, hogs, and sheep, and dairy products for January, 1885, was \$11,983,648; 1884, \$9,061,877; beef and pork products for three months ended Jan. 31, 1885, \$28,310,433; 1884, \$28,748,881. Dairy products for the nine months ended Jan. 31, 1885, \$13,199,392; 1884, \$14,310,457.

President-elect Cleveland authorizes a positive contradiction of the statement that he has sent a letter to Senator Bayard tendering that gentleman a Cabinet position. He further authorizes the statement that he has not issued letters to anybody, else on that subject, and that American citizens had no right to do so for some time to come.

A tract of 8,014 acres is covered by the bill which passed the House providing for the sale of the See and Fox Indian Reservation in Nebraska and Kansas. Only seventy-five Indians are living upon the reservation at present. It is provided that the lands shall be sold to the highest bidder at a minimum price of \$8 per acre. Provision is also made that actual settlers are to have these lands in quantities not exceeding 160 acres.

It is stated that the findings of the court-martial which tried Judge-Advocate-General Swain will recommend his reduction from Brigadier-General to Major, the lowest position in the Judge-Advocate's bureau, and a forfeiture of all pay and allowances for two years. The subject was discussed at the Cabinet meeting Friday, and it was thought that such a sentence would result in the accomplishment of the purpose of the court-martial—the dismissal of Swain from the army. It was held that reducing him to the lowest rank would be a mild way of suggesting his resignation.

A bill has passed the House which amends the Union Pacific act so as to allow the construction of a line from Sioux City westwardly via the Niobrara Valley to a point on the Union Pacific west of the 100th meridian. The object of this is to cut off the freight and made in the eastern portion of the Union Pacific, and will, it is said, shorten the distance from Chicago to San Francisco 200 miles. It does not grant any lands to the company to build the road, but does make the route, when built, a section of the Union Pacific, so far as relates to profiting, exchange of freight-cars, etc. It is understood a company stands ready to build the road, and the road would be a mild way of suggesting his resignation.

The postage on newspapers and periodicals as finally agreed upon makes the rate 1 cent per pound upon copies sent by publishers to news agents and subscribers, and other agents, but takes away the right given to publishers and news agents by the present law of March 3, 1879, of sending copies at the rate of one cent per pound. Sample copies are made subject to the rate of transit second-class matter—viz., 1 cent for each four ounces, to be prepaid by ordinary stamps. Publishers will be permitted under the new law, however, to mark articles in papers sent to subscribers without subjecting them to extra postage. The old restriction which requires papers, etc., for delivery by carriers at the office of publication to pay 1 cent each is still retained.

THE NEXT SENATE.

Some idea of the permanency of the membership of the Senate may be formed from the fact that while twenty-six Senators' elections were held to fill terms beginning the 4th of March, only eight new members were chosen, so that of the seventy-six members of the next Senate sixty-six at least will be old members. The election in Illinois and Oregon not having taken place.

The new members will be Speaker of Wisconsin, Senator of California, Wilson, of Maryland, Estes of Louisiana, Evans, of New York, Payne, of Ohio, Jones, of Arkansas, and Blackburn, of Kentucky. Mr. Chase, of Rhode Island, is already a member of the Senate, and Mr. Teller, of Colorado, Mr. Hitt's successor, returns to the seat vacated three years ago to become a member of President Arthur's Cabinet. At present there are forty-four committees in the Senate. The chairmanship of seven of them is filled by Democratic Senators and thirty-seven by Republicans. As there are only three Republicans in the majority, nearly every one now has a committee of his own. In the distribution of chairmanships in the next Senate it is understood the Democrats will be given three or four committees to provide for the increased Republican membership.

OWOSSO CITY MARKETS.
CORRECTED WEEKLY.

Patent Roller Flour Golden Eagle No. 1	\$6.00
Roller Straight No. 1	5.00
Wheat No. 1	1.25
Feed No. 1	1.00
Wheat No. 2	1.00
Feed No. 2	.75
Wheat No. 3	.75
Feed No. 3	.50
Wheat No. 4	.50
Feed No. 4	.25
Wheat No. 5	.25
Feed No. 5	.10
Wheat No. 6	.10
Feed No. 6	.05
Wheat No. 7	.05
Feed No. 7	.02
Wheat No. 8	.02
Feed No. 8	.01
Wheat No. 9	.01
Feed No. 9	.00

Patent Roller Flour Golden Eagle No. 1	\$6.00
Roller Straight No. 1	5.00
Wheat No. 1	1.25
Feed No. 1	1.00
Wheat No. 2	1.00
Feed No. 2	.75
Wheat No. 3	.75
Feed No. 3	.50
Wheat No. 4	.50
Feed No. 4	.25
Wheat No. 5	.25
Feed No. 5	.10
Wheat No. 6	.10
Feed No. 6	.05
Wheat No. 7	.05
Feed No. 7	.02
Wheat No. 8	.02
Feed No. 8	.01
Wheat No. 9	.01
Feed No. 9	.00

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Wheat No. 3	.75
Feed No. 3	.50
Wheat No. 4	.50
Feed No. 4	.25
Wheat No. 5	.25
Feed No. 5	.10
Wheat No. 6	.10
Feed No. 6	.05
Wheat No. 7	.05
Feed No. 7	.02
Wheat No. 8	.02
Feed No. 8	.01
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Feed No. 4	.25
Wheat No. 5	.25
Feed No. 5	.10
Wheat No. 6	.10
Feed No. 6	.05
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Wheat No. 7	.05
Feed No. 7	.02
Wheat No. 8	.02

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40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100-102-104-106-108-110-112-114-116-118-120-122-124-126-128-130-132-134-136-138-140-142-144-146-148-150-152-154-156-158-160-162-164-166-168-170-172-174-176-178-180-182-184-186-188-190-192-194-196-198-200-202-204-206-208-210-212-214-216-218-220-222-224-226-228-230-232-234-236-238-240-242-244-246-248-250-252-254-256-258-260-262-264-266-268-270-272-274-276-278-280-282-284-286-288-290-292-294-296-298-300-302-304-306-308-310-312-314-316-318-320-322-324-326-328-330-332-334-336-338-340-342-344-346-348-350-352-354-356-358-360-362-364-366-368-370-372-374-376-378-380-382-384-386-388-390-392-394-396-398-400-402-404-406-408-410-412-414-416-418-420-422-424-426-428-430-432-434-436-438-440-442-444-446-448-450-452-454-456-458-460-462-464-466-468-470-472-474-476-478-480-482-484-486-488-490-492-494-496-498-500-502-504-506-508-510-512-514-516-518-520-522-524-526-528-530-532-534-536-538-540-542-544-546-548-550-552-554-556-558-560-562-564-566-568-570-572-574-576-578-580-582-584-586-588-590-592-594-596-598-600-602-604-606-608-610-612-614-616-618-620-622-624-626-628-630-632-634-636-638-640-642-644-646-648-650-652-654-656-658-660-662-664-666-668-670-672-674-676-678-680-682-684-686-688-690-692-694-696-698-700-702-704-706-708-710-712-714-716-718-720-722-724-726-728-730-732-734-736-738-740-742-744-746-748-750-752-754-756-758-760-762-764-766-768-770-772-774-776-778-780-782-784-786-788-790-792-794-796-798-800-802-804-806-808-810-812-814-816-818-820-822-824-826-828-830-832-834-836-838-840-842-844-846-848-850-852-854-856-858-860-862-864-866-868-870-872-874-876-878-880-882-884-886-888-890-892-894-896-898-900-902-904-906-908-910-912-914-916-918-920-922-924-926-928-930-932-934-936-938-940-942-944-946-948-950-952-954-956-958-960-962-964-966-968-970-972-974-976-978-980-982-984-986-988-990-992-994-996-998-1000-1002-1004-1006-1008-1010-1012-1014-1016-1018-1020-1022-1024-1026-1028-1030-1032-1034-1036-1038-1040-1042-1044-1046-1048-1050-1052-1054-1056-1058-1060-1062-1064-1066-1068-1070-1072-1074-1076-1078-1080-1082-1084-1086-1088-1090-1092-1094-1096-1098-1100-1102-1104-1106-1108-1110-1112-1114-1116-1118-1120-1122-1124-1126-1128-1130-1132-1134-1136-1138-1140-1142-1144-1146-1148-1150-1152-1154-1156-1158-1160-1162-1164-1166-1168-1170-1172-1174-1176-1178-1180-1182-1184-1186-1188-1190-1192-1194-1196-1198-1200-1202-1204-1206-1208-1210-1212-1214-1216-1218-1220-1222-1224-1226-1228-1230-1232-1234-1236-1238-1240-1242-1244-1246-1248-1250-1252-1254-1256-1258-1260-1262-1264-1266-1268-1270-1272-1274-1276-1278-1280-1282-1284-1286-1288-1290-1292-1294-1296-1298-1300-1302-1304-1306-1308-1310-1312-1314-1316-1318-1320-1322-1324-1326-1328-1330-1332-1334-1336-1338-1340-1342-1344-1346-1348-1350-1352-1354-1356-1358-1360-1362-1364-1366-1368-1370-1372-1374-1376-1378-1380-1382-1384-1386-1388-1390-1392-1394-1396-1398-1400-1402-1404-1406-1408-1410-1412-1414-1416-1418-1420-1422-1424-1426-1428-1430-1432-1434-1436-1438-1440-1442-1444-1446-1448-1450-1452-1454-1456-1458-1460-1462-1464-1466-1468-1470-1472-1474-1476-1478-1480-1482-1484-1486-1488-1490-1492-1494-1496-1498-1500-1502-1504-1506-1508-1510-1512-1514-1516-1518-1520-1522-1524-1526-1528-1530-1532-1534-1536-1538-1540-1542-1544-1546-1548-1550-1552-1554-1556-1558-1560-1562-1564-1566-1568-1570-1572-1574-1576-1578-1580-1582-1584-1586-1588-1590-1592-1594-1596-1598-1600-1602-1604-1606-1608-1610-1612-1614-1616-1618-1620-1622-1624-1626-1628-1630-1632-1634-1636-1638-1640-1642-1644-1646-1648-1650-1652-1654-1656-1658-1660-1662-1664-1666-1668-1670-1672-1674-1676-1678-1680-1682-1684-1686-1688-1690-1692-1694-1696-1698-1700-1702-1704-1706-1708-1710-1712-1714-1716-1718-1720-1722-1724-1726-1728-1730-1732-1734-1736-1738-1740-1742-1744-1746-1748-1750-1752-1754-1756-1758-1760-1762-1764-1766-1768-1770-1772-1774-1776-1778-1780-1782-1784-1786-1788-1790-1792-1794-1796-1798-1800-1802-1804-1806-1808-1810-1812-1814-1816-1818-1820-1822-1824-1826-1828-1830-1832-1834-1836-1838-1840-1842-1844-1846-1848-1850-1852-1854-1856-1858-1860-1862-1864-1866-1868-1870-1872-1874-1876-1878-1880-1882-1884-1886-1888-1890-1892-1894-1896-1898-1900-1902-1904-1906-1908-1910-1912-1914-1916-1918-1920-1922-1924-1926-1928-1930-1932-1934-1936-1938-1940-1942-1944-1946-1948-1950-1952-1954-1956-1958-1960-1962-1964-1966-1968-1970-1972-1974-1976-1978-1980-1982-1984-1986-1988-1990-1992-1994-1996-1998-2000-2002-2004-2006-2008-2010-2012-2014-2016-2018-2020-2022-2024-2026-2028-2030-2032-2034-2036-2038-2040-2042-2044-2046-2048-2050-2052-2054-2056-2058-2060-2062-2064-2066-2068-2070-2072-2074-2076-2078-2080-2082-2084-2086-2088-2090-2092-2094-2096-2098-2100-2102-2104-2106-2108-2110-2112-2114-2116-2118-2120-2122-2124-2126-2128-2130-2132-2134-2136-2138-2140-2142-2144-2146-2148-2150-2152-2154-2156-2158-2160-2162-2164-2166-2168-2170-2172-2174-2176-2178-2180-2182-2184-2186-2188-2190-2192-2194-2196-2198-2200-2202-2204-2206-2208-2210-2212-2214-2216-2218-2220-2222-2224-2226-2228-2230-2232-2234-2236-2238-2240-2242-2244-2246-2248-2250-2252-2254-2256-2258-2260-2262-2264-2266-2268-2270-2272-2274-2276-2278-2280-2282-2284-2286-2288-2290-2292-2294-2296-2298-2300-2302-2304-2306-2308-2310-2312-2314-2316-2318-2320-2322-2324-2326-2328-2330-2332-2334-2336-2338-2340-2342-2344-2346-2348-2350-2352-2354-2356-2358-2360-2362-2364-2366-2368-2370-2372-2374-2376-2378-2380-2382-2384-2386-2388-2390-2392-2394-2396-2398-2400-2402-2404-2406-2408-2410-2412-2414-2416-2418-2420-2422-2424-2426-2428-2430-2432-2434-2436-2438-2440-2442-2444-2446-2448-2450-2452-2454-2456-2458-2460-2462-2464-2466-2468-2470-2472-2474-2476-2478-2480-2482-2484-2486-2488-2490-2492-2494-2496-2498-2500-2502-2504-2506-2508-2510-2512-2514-2516-2518-2520-2522-2524-2526-2528-2530-2532-2534-2536-2538-2540-2542-2544-2546-2548-2550-2552-2554-2556-2558-2560-2562-2564-2566-2568-2570-2572-2574-2576-2578-2580-2582-2584-2586-2588-2590-2592-2594-2596-2598-2600-2602-2604-2606-2608-2610-2612-2614-2616-2618-2620-2622-2624-2626-2628-2630-2632-2634-2636-2638-2640-2642-2644-2646-2648-2650-2652-2654-2656-2658-2660-2662-2664-2666-2668-2670-2672-2674-2676-2678-2680-2682-2684-2686-2688-2690-2692-2694-2696-2698-2700-2702-2704-2706-2708-2710-2712-2714-2716-2718-2720-2722-2724-2726-2728-2730-2732-2734-2736-2738-2740-2742-2744-2746-2748-2750-2752-2754-2756-2758-2760-2762-2764-2766-2768-2770-2772-2774-2776-2778-2780-2782-2784-2786-2788-2790-2792-2794-2796-2798-2800-2802-2804-2806-2808-2810-2812-2814-2816-2818-2820-2822-2824-2826-2828-2830-2832-2834-2836-2838-2840-2842-2844-2846-2848-2850-2852-2854-2856-2858-2860-2862-2864-2866-2868-2870-2872-2874-2876-2878-2880-2882-2884-2886-2888-2890-2892-2894-2896-2898-2900-2902-2904-2906-2908-2910-2912-2914-2916-2918-2920-2922-2924-2926-2928-2930-2932-2934-2936-2938-2940-2942-2944-2946-2948-2950-2952-2954-2956-2958-2960-2962-2964-2966-2968-2970-2972-2974-2976-2978-2980-2982-2984-2986-2988-2990-2992-2994-2996-2998-3000-3002-3004-3006-3008-3010-3012-3014-3016-3018-3020-3022-3024-3026-3028-3030-3032-3034-3036-3038-3040-3042-3044-3046-3048-3050-3052-3054-3056-3058-3060-3062-3064-3066-3068-3070-3072-3074-3076-3078-3080-3082-3084-3086-3088-3090-3092-3094-3096-3098-3100-3102-3104-3106-3108-3110-3112-3114-3116-3118-3120-3122-3124-3126-3128-3130-3132-3134-3136-3138-3140-3142-3144-3146-3148-3150-3152-3154-3156-3158-3160-3162-3164-3166-3168-3170-3172-3174-3176-3178-3180-3182-3184-3186-3188-3190-3192-3194-3196-3198-3200-3202-3204-3206-3208-3210-3212-3214-3216-3218-3220-3222-3224-3226-3228-3230-3232-3234-3236-3238-3240-3242-3244-3246-3248-3250-3252-3254-3256-3258-3260-3262-3264-3266-3268-3270-3272-3274-3276-3278-3280-3282-3284-3286-3288-3290-3292-3294-3296-3298-3300-3302-3304-3306-3308-3310-3312-3314-3316-3318-3320-3322-3324-3326-3328-3330-3332-3334-3336-3338-3340-3342-3344-3346-3348-3350-3352-3354-3356-3358-3360-3362-3364-3366-3368-3370-3372-3374-3376-3378-3380-3382-3384-3386-3388-3390-3392-3394-3396-3398-3400-3402-3404-3406-3408-3410-3412-3414-3416-3418-3420-3422-3424-3426-3428-3430-3432-3434-3436-3438-3440-3442-3444-3446-3448-3450-3452-3454-3456-3458-3460-3462-3464-3466-3468-3470-3472-3474-3476-3478-3480-3482-3484-3486-3488-3490-3492-3494-3496-3498-3500-3502-3504-3506-3508-3510-3512-3514-3516-3518-3520-3522-3524-3526-3528-3530-3532-3534-3536-3538-3540-3542-3544-3546-3548-3550-3552-3554-3556-3558-3560-3562-3564-3566-3568-3570-3572-3574-3576-3578-3580-3582-3584-3586-3588-3590-3592-3594-3596-3598-3600-3602-3604-3606-3608-3610-3612-3614-3616-3618-3620-3622-3624-3626-3628-3630-3632-3634-3636-3638-3640-3642-3644-3646-3648-3650-3652-3654-3656-3658-3660-3662-3664-3666-3668-3670-3672-3674-3676-3678-3680-3682-3684-3686-3688-3690-3692-3694-3696-3698-3700-3702-3704-3706-3708-3710-3712-3714-3716-3718-3720-3722-3724-3726-3728-3730-3732-3734-3736-3738-3740-3742-3744-3746-3748-3750-3752-3754-3756-3758-3760-3762-3764-3766-3768-3770-3772-3774-3776-3778-3780-3782-3784-3786-3788-3790-3792-3794-3796-3798-3800-3802-3804-3806-3808-3810-3812-3814-3816-3818-3820-3822-3824-3826-3828-3830-3832-3834-3836-3838-3840-3842-3844-3846-3848-3850-3852-3854-3856-3858-3860-3862-3864-3866-3868-3870-3872-3874-3876-3878-3880-3882-3884-3886-3888-3890-3892-3894-3896-3898-3900-3902-3904-3906-3908-3910-3912-3914-3916-3918-3920-3922-3924-3926-3928-3930-3932-3934-3936-3938-3940-3942-3944-3946-3948-3950-3952-3954-3956-3958-3960-3962-3964-3966-3968-3970-3972-3974-3976-3978-3980-3982-3984-3986-3988-3990-3992-3994-3996-3998-4000-4002-4004-4006-4008-4010-4012-4014-4016-4018-4020-4022-4024-4026-4028-4030-4032-4034-4036-4038-4040-4042-4044-4046-4048-4050-4052-4054-4056-4058-4060-4062-4064-4066-4068-4070-4072-4074-4076-4078-4080-4082-4084-4086-4088-4090-4092-4094-4096-4098-4100-4102-4104-4106-4108-4110-4112-4114-4116-4118-4120-4122-4124-4126-4128-4130-4132-4134-4136-4138-4140-4142-4144-4146-4148-4150-4152-4154-4156-4158-4160-4162-4164-4166-4168-4170-4172-4174-4176-4178-4180-4182-4184-4186-4188-4190-4192-4194-4196-4198-4200-4202-4204-4206-4208-4210-4212-4214-4216-4218-4220-4222-4224-4226-4228-4230-4232-4234-4236-4238-4240-4242-4244-4246-4248-4250-4252-4254-4256-4258-4260-4262-4264-4266-4268-4270-4272-4274-4276-4278-4280-4282-4284-4286-4288-4290-4292-4294-4296-4298-4300-4302-4304-4306-4308-4310-4312-4314-4316

TUTT'S
PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A

TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Headache, Constipation, Pain in

the back, Pain under the shoulder-

blades, Fullness after eating, with a dis-

turbance of the bowels, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with

a feeling of having neglected some duty.

Constipation, Distended bowels, Fluctuating at the

Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache

over the right eye, Headache with

stiffness, Headache, Headache, Headache

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted

to such cases, one does not suffer such

a change of feeling as to suffer the sufferer.

They increase the appetite and cause the

body to take on a new and healthy action.

TUTT'S PILLS are sold by Druggists, or

sent by express on receipt of \$1.

Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

DR. DAVID

KENNEDY'S

FAVORITE

REMEDY

For the Cure of Kidney and Liver Com-

plaints, Constipation, and all ailments

arising from an impure state of the blood.

To women who suffer from any of the ill-

effects of this is an unfailing friend.

Druggists, One Dollar bottle, or address Dr.

David Kennedy, Rondout, N. Y.

Complete Cure

Second Lieutenant Key and wife, of New

Jersey. The wife of Second Lieutenant Key,

Company G, Third New Jersey Regiment, says,

under date March 10, 1892, "My husband

and I have been taken down with ma-

larial fever. After consulting our family phy-

sician, and after he had tried all the

remedies, we were told to try Dr. David

Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, and it

has completely cured us of this disease."

SENSELESS WIFE.

Mr. Gifford is the Master Mechanic of the Low-

ell division of the Boston & Lowell Railroad.

He says: "For years I suffered from a sense-

less wife. She was the best medical

talent without obtaining any help. My wife

was taken down with ma-larial fever. After

consulting our family physician, and after

he had tried all the remedies, we were told

to try Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy,

and it has completely cured us of this disease."

AMPUTATION.

Mr. A. Elsworth, of Port Jervis, N. Y., suffered

from TWENTY-FIVE YEARS of a disease

of the blood, which was cured by Dr. David

Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. He finally

applied to Dr. Kennedy, of Rondout,

N. Y., who amputated the leg near the thigh

joint. To

Purify the Blood,

this prevents the return of the disease, FAV-

ORITE REMEDY was given, and Mr. Elsworth

is in the bloom of health to this day. FAV-

ORITE REMEDY is also a great protection

against attacks that originate from life,

seasons and climate. To

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THE OWOSSO PRESS.

Wednesday, February 18, 1892.

WASHINGTON.

The decrease in the public debt during

January was \$2,220,041, the silver certifi-

cates about \$141,197,701.

The Court of Claims has decided that up

to the end of 1891 the Union Pacific com-

pany owes the Government \$7,862,212, and

that the United States is bound to pay the

same rates as private parties for transpor-

tation.

The Secretary of the Navy has authorized

Lieut. George W. Slocum to make further

explorations in Alaska with a party of three

officers and ten men. A steam-launch will

be sent to the navy-yard at San

Francisco, and a schooner will convey the

expedition to Putnam river.

The committee sent to Washington by the

New Orleans Exposition seems to have but

little prospect of obtaining the \$300,000

which it is so anxious to get. The Presi-

dent is said to be favorably inclined, but

Congressmen are opposed to granting the

request.

It seems that Campbell, the stockman

who is at present herding 50,000 cattle on

the Oklahoma lands, is here without per-

mission. Secretary Teller says that Cam-

pbell's cattle being driven out of the Okla-

homa and Arapaho reservations, he was

given permission to drive them to the Okla-

homa reservation. It was not, however, al-

lowed to stay there.

Representatives of the Minneapolis news-

papers, after a year's unavailing effort to

induce the department to abandon the fast

mail trains, have succeeded in securing the

insertion of a clause in the Post-Office Ap-

propriation bill, which, if enacted, will re-

fracture it into two bills, one for the

Chicago and Minneapolis and in all the

territory beyond to receive the Chicago mor-

ning papers as they do now.

Frisco of the River and Harbor bill are

fearful as to its fate. The committee by re-

fusing to hear any member respecting im-

provements in his own district has excited

much feeling, and the bill is now in the

hands of the committee on the employ-

ment of civil engineers in the work of

improving the Mississippi. During the

debate in the House, Representative

McKee of Arkansas, admitted that the

plan of the Mississippi Commission will

cost not less than \$150,000,000.

An adverse report has been rendered by

the subcommittee of the House Foreign

Affairs Committee upon the resolutions

calling upon the Secretary of State for in-

formation relative to the possible con-

nection of American citizens with the re-

cent dynamite outrages in London. The

subcommittee held that the adoption of such

resolutions would amount to an acknowl-

edgment that citizens of the United States

were parties to a conspiracy against Eu-

rope.

President Arthur sent to the House a

message laying before Congress the offer

made by Mrs. Grant to give to the Govern-

ment the sword and other testimonials, mi-

litary and civil, which lately belonged to

her husband. These mementoes were given

in trust to Mrs. Grant by Mr. Vanderbilt

on condition that at the death of Gen. Grant,

or sooner, they should become the property

of the United States. In his message the

President pertinently suggests the obliga-

tion which rests upon Congress of placing

Gen. Grant on the army retired list.

Representative Ryan of Kansas, says that

the boomers will make another attempt to

buy the Oklahoma lands after the 4th of

March under the impression that Cleveland

will be elected. Mr. Ryan thinks that

Democrats in Congress are anxious to do

something to relieve the new Administration

of this embarrassing question. The

bill, prepared by Mr. Ryan, opens up

the Oklahoma tract to settlement immedi-

ately upon its passage, regardless of treat-

ies. In case the bill should pass with-

out amendments, the Cherokee strip would

be rendered valueless.

NATIONAL BANKS.

The Controller of the Currency has pre-

pared a statement showing that the Nation-

al banks whose charters have expired dur-

ing the last few months have generally ap-

plied for renewals. In eight cases expir-

ing charters have been taken by new banks

and have continued under new names. The

number of National banks in the Western

States which renewed their charters prior

to Feb. 1, are: Indiana, twenty-three; ca-

pital, \$2,927,000; Illinois, twenty-nine; ca-

pital, \$4,181,500; Iowa, thirteen; capital,

\$1,830,000; Nebraska, one; capital, \$2,000,000.

Wisconsin, fourteen; capital, \$2,920,000.

The totals are eighty banks, with an aggre-

gate capital of \$7,741,500.

CONGRESSIONAL

SENATE.

Feb. 2.—The Pacific Railway bill being

taken up in the Senate, amendments were

adopted. The bill is now in the hands of

the committee on the bill and subject to its

provisions and making it clear that the inter-

est on the whole debt must be paid each half-

year. A few short amendments on the bill

relating to the Pre-emption and Timber-Cul-

ture laws consideration of the Inter-State

Commerce bill was resumed. Mr. Beck's

motion to strike out the civil rights clause

was rejected by a party vote. Mr. Dolph

presented a memorial from the legislature

of Oregon, asking for an act to open to set-

W. H. Vanderbilt, to be temporarily as-

signed by the Secretary of War.

HOUSE.

Feb. 2.—In the House, resolutions were

introduced asking for information as to in-

vestments made by the Treasury Depart-

ment regarding the entry of Chinese; as to

the total expenditures for deputy marshals

and chief supervisors of election, and as to

whether the Government had made

representations at Washington in regard to

the use of dynamite in London. A bill was

passed to allow \$1,500,000 for the propo-

sition of a new building for the National

bank at Washington. A bill was intro-

duced to abolish the census bureau, and

to give to the state of Nevada, for irrigat-

ing purposes, all the public domain except

mineral lands.

Feb. 3.—In the House, a resolution was

passed calling upon the Secretary of the

Treasury for information as to whether the

New York Clearing-house and any National

bank has refused to accept silver dollars or

certificates. Consideration of the River

and Harbor Appropriation bill was resump-

ted, and the measure was severely criticized,

particularly in regard to the appropriation

of \$500,000 for the improvement of the

Mississippi River from its source to the

Gulf of Mexico. The engineer

corps at Galveston Harbor was pronounced

by Mr. Breckinridge a failure, and Mr.

Hepburn suggested that it might be more

economical to move Galveston to a harbor

than to try to move a harbor to Galveston.

Feb. 4.—In the House, a bill was reported

by the Committee on Post-Offices and

Public Buildings for the purpose of amend-

ing the act of March 3, 1879, relating to the

franchise of the National Bank of the

City of New York. The bill was passed

by a vote of 100 yeas to 90 nays. The

bill was amended to provide for the

franchise of the National Bank of the

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THE OWOSSO PRESS.

Wednesday, February 18, 1885.

And Still Another Most Wonderful Cure Performed by Dr. Hess.

[ADVERTISEMENT]

It would seem after learning of this case, that any and all who may be suffering from some loathsome or dreaded disease, and perhaps have been abandoned, would hesitate no longer, but see Dr. Hess at his next visit when in Owosso, which will be Thursday of next week, Feb. 25, at the National Hotel. The case which we wish to report is that of Miss Siskelsteel living a few miles north of here, and those who know her have long known of her suffering from that terrible disease, Cancer, the location of which being on the face, and near the eye, making it to be all the more dreaded. As her former physician had informed her it was impossible to save the eye; also, that it would be but a few short years before death would end her suffering. Such was the case when Dr. Hess began treatment some three months ago, and to day there is scarcely a trace of the once ugly sore. So we can only repeat and urge upon those who may be ailing from either cancer, lung or stomach trouble; delay no longer as his success in those ailments seem to be inevitable, and had we space could mention others apparently just as severe and difficult of cure, but shall only mention right here, in spite of the extreme cold and deep snow that prevailed during his last visit here, there were those who came for miles to see him. One woman in particular came 17 miles to report the amendment she was making; also stated for no other reason could she have been induced to come so far when so extremely cold and stormy. She considers that has been done already in her case no less than marvelous.

If Dr. Hess was not and could not do what he claims, why would so many people visit his rooms at each visit in Owosso. We know for a fact that people come to see him when here from the most remote parts of the State, all having the utmost confidence from what they learn or know for a fact.

Real Estate Transfers.

MORRIS.
Benise A. Tyler to A. B. Clark, lot 14, block 5, \$1,092.
A. B. Clark to Benise A. Tyler, part of block 9, \$1,675.
HAZELTON.
Iselta Hughes to James and Lila Moore, 40 acres sec 25, \$2,000.
OWOSSO CITY.
J. U. Miller to Manrice J. Roberts, out lot 5, and n1 of out lot 6, (ex 1/2 acre) Jeanette H. Kelly's add, \$3,000.
RYAN.
Julian Datcher to John H. Campbell, 55 acres sec 35, \$2,500.
RYAN.
J. M. Price to John Sinclair, 1 1/2 acres sec 4, \$250.
E. W. Wallace to Alex. Rothner, 50 acres sec 20, \$1,200.
NEW HAVEN.
John Dyer to J. B. Wheeler and Tol Kincaid, 80 acres sec 27, \$3,500.

JUST RECEIVED AT
D. R. Salisbury's
THE FINEST LINE OF
Men's, Boys' Ladies', Misses and Children's

FINE SHOES

That can be found west of Detroit.
Prices to Correspond with the Times.
Satisfaction guaranteed or no sale.
Please call and examine before purchasing. No trouble to show goods.
I have a full line of
La Gondola Shoes,
R. C. D. WIDTAS.
I also manufacture and repair done neatly and on short notice.
Store, Opera Block, corner Washington and Exchange Streets, Owosso, Mich. xxixgtt

GO TO
Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Beardsley's
FOR NEW FALL
MILLINERY

Notions, Fancy Goods, Gloves, Corsets, Hosiery, Hoop Skirts, Bustles, Neck Wear, Children and Infants' Dresses, Skirts, Sacks, Hoods, Leggings, &c.
Ladies' Muslin & Merino Underwear a Specialty
A full line of Zephyra, Germantown and Knitting Yarns.
The best and most complete stock of materials for Fancy Work ever brought to Owosso. Agency for Briggs Stamping Patterns.

For the HOLIDAYS

Stop and examine the ATTRACTIVE DISPLAY of
CHRISTMAS PRESENTS
AT
T. O. CHRISTIAN'S,
Consisting of Diamonds, Ladies' and Gent's Gold and Silver Watches, Bracelets of all kinds, Jewelry of every description, Gold Pens from No. 1 to 10, Gold Picks and Pens, Fine Clocks, Solid and Silver Plated Ware, Gold Spectacles, and Eye Glasses, all to be sold at LIVE AND LET LIVE PRICES.

Colonel Smith, of Winnipeg, is raising a regiment for service in Egypt. A cremation society with a capital of \$25,000 has been organized at Davenport, Iowa.

The shooting of a wolf at Delavan, Wisconsin, brought \$20 bounty to David Markari.

Snow fell all day Thursday at Montgomery, Alabama, where the ground is frozen beneath it.

The Illinois board of agriculture has decided to hold the state fair at Chicago for the next two years.

Major Clark, senior partner in a banking-house at Bryan, Texas, killed himself Sunday evening with a revolver.

Twenty of one hundred ships are overdue at the port of New York, and the recent terrible gales cause great anxiety.

The mining camp of Alta, Utah, was on Friday night nearly destroyed by a snow-slide, and sixteen citizens lost their lives.

The firm of Davis, Roper & Co., conducting the oldest grocery-house in Petersburg, Virginia, has made an assignment.

The Minnesota house has agreed to appropriate \$5,000 for an encampment of ex-union soldiers at Lake Minnetonka next September.

One hundred Democratic Congressmen petitioned Mr. Cleveland not to commit himself on the silver question in his inaugural address.

The owner of a steamer which arrived in New York Thursday expresses the fear that Long Island Sound will soon be completely sealed up by ice.

The mayor of Milwaukee has called for the resignation of Lemuel Ellsworth, chief of police, for accepting money for recovering stolen property.

Sportsmen in the vicinity of La Salie, Ill., find so many quail starved or frozen that they fear that the birds have been exterminated by the storms.

Ladies, Attention. Miss Belford has something new in the line of a Bustle.

\$4.50 Buys the best pure Gum Crack Proof Rubber Boot in the market, E. L. BREWER, Owosso. 21

If you want Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, or foot gear of any description, for the cold weather, call at B. H. STRAHLE'S store, Washington street, Owosso. 13

Monuments—A Card.

I have now on hand the largest stock of finished monuments and all kinds of Cemetery work ever brought to Owosso—all styles and all prices from \$25.00 up. I am offering them at lower prices than they have ever been sold for. Please give me a call and see for yourselves, as they are all finished, and you can see just what you are buying. I am bound to sell and will make it an object for you to buy of me. All work guaranteed to be first-class. T. J. HORSMAN.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made on the 18th of Nov. 1879, executed by David Myers to Alice Wright, who is now Alice Wright and recorded November 18th, 1879, in the office of the Register of Deeds of Shiawassee County, Michigan, in liber 16 of mortgages, page 157, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, four hundred dollars and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee stipulated to be paid should any proceedings be instituted to recover any part of said mortgage, and no suit or proceedings at law or in equity having been instituted to recover any part of the debt secured by said mortgage, now therefore, by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises, and notice is hereby given that, on the second day of March, A. D. 1885, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Cornua, in said county of Shiawassee, there will be sold by public vendue to the highest bidder the premises in said mortgage described, viz: South half (1/2) north-east quarter (1/4) of south-west quarter (1/4) and the south half (1/2) of the north-west quarter (1/4) of the south-east quarter (1/4) of section thirty, in town-eight north, range two east.
Filed Nov. 25, 1884.
JEROME W. TURNER, ALICE WRIGHT, Att'y for Mortgage. 13-36 Mortgage.

**GREAT
SLAUGHTER
SALE!**

—FOR THE NEXT—
30 DAYS 30

We will offer our entire stock of
**Winert Suits,
Overcoats, and
Gents' Furnishing Goods,**

AT PRICES
LOWER THAN THE LOWEST.

Those wishing to purchase

NEW and DESIRABLE GOODS

Should not fail to look us through before purchasing elsewhere,

Murray & Terbush

**THE LIVE CLOTHIERS,
32 & 34 West Main Street,
Owosso, Mich.**

Closing Out Sale

**OF
Sleigh Bells,
Hand Sleds,
and Skates,**

AT
FAUTH'S.

Washington St., Owosso.

**FOR
JEWELRY, SILVERWARE,**

—AND—
CLOCKS

LOOK AT
W. F. GUILLE'S,

212 Washington St., north, Owosso.

Coal!:-Coal!:-Coal!

WE WILL DELIVER FOR THE NEXT

60--Sixty Days--60

A SUPERIOR QUALITY OF

SCRANTON COAL

FOR **SPOT CASH**

Chestnut, - \$6.50 Per Ton

Stove, - - \$6.50 "

No. 4, - - \$6.50 "

Egg, - - \$6.00 "

A charge of 25 cents extra, when carried in baskets, and in quantities less than one ton.

W. H. ANDRUS,

Washington Street, Owosso.

Stever Brothers & Williams,

OWOSSO,

STILL LEAD.

Headquarters for the county for all the leading

tools sold to farmers. Also, carry the

largest line in the county of

WAGONS AND CARRIAGES,

CUTTERS AND SLEIGHS,

Of the best manufacturers, all well known, which we offer at

Prices to Suit Everybody.

Wind Mills,

Pumps, Feed Cutters,

At LOWER PRICES

Than ever offered before.

We pay **Highest Market Price** for

Grain, Clover Seed and Pork. We want all

you have to offer. Call and see us.

We are sole agents for the county for Bird-

sell and Victor Clover Hullers.

STEVER BRO'S & WILLIAMS.

HERE I AM

WITH AS FINE

FALL AND WINTER

MILLINERY

As can be found in any large city.

Get my Prices, and do not miss the **Bargains** you

can secure by an early examination of my Goods.

All are at **BOTTOM PRICES.**

Come and judge for yourselves:

MRS. C. L. HARRINGTON.

OWOSSO.

Owosso Lumber Yard!

SIX MILLION FEET

IN STOCK ON HAND, consisting of all

varieties of

HARD AND SOFT WOOD

As there is the LARGEST STOCK

ever kept in Shiawassee County.

And here just brought THREE MILLION FEET

OF DRY MILL SAW LUMBER at very low price,

and can now supply it at the rate of four cars per

day. Must be

Sold for Cash at Low Prices.

Call on J. H. GOSTZEN, 17-34

or W. F. GUILLE, 212 Washington St., north, Owosso.

For Low Wind Windows changed to

from Washington at Owosso. Call and

learn the low price. W. F. GUILLE

J. H. Gostzen,

1

RECENT TALK.

DEALING IN

Hats and Caps,

Ready Made Clothing,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

AND ALL THE LATEST FASHIONS.

FOR RENT.—The Agency with a

new building house on the premises,

now opening the Agency. Apply to

Charles G. Gostzen, Agent. 17-34