THE OWOSSO WEEKLY PRESS.

VOLUME XXV. OWOSSO, MICHIGAN, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1886 NUMBER 8.

Grand Opening

AND

Special Cloak Sale

AT

GEO. R. BLACK'S.

Friday & Saturday, Oct. 29 & 30

Mr. Hirschheimer of Landesman Hirschheimer & Co., one of the largest factories in the East, will be here with a full line of Fine Garments.

Short Wraps, Novelties and Children's Cloaks a specialty

Measures Taken if Desired.

Largest Stock in the County to Select From.

Don't fail to attend this sale as it will be to your advantage as all garments will be sold during this sale at **Extremely Low Prices.** Ladies' Cloaks from **$4.50** up

GEO. R. BLACK,

106 Washington Street, Owosso.

REMEMBER

THAT

MACBAIN

Has a Nicely Assorted Stock of

NEW CLOTHING,

MEN'S, BOYS' and CHILDREN'S.

AN ENTIRELY NEW LOT OF

OVERCOATS, NO OLD ONES.

As finely assorted stock of **Underwear, Hosiery, Ties, Shirts of all kinds, Cardijan Jackets, &c.,** as was ever shown in Owosso.

Beautiful lots of **Newest Style Hats** direct from New York and Boston manufacturers.

DON'T FORGET

It is Headquarters for Everything nice in CUSTOM TAILORING.

NEW FIRM!

W. A. WOODARD. G. F. NORTH.

Having purchased the Furniture and Undertaking Business of Mrs. Henry Woodard, and also retaining our interest in the Furniture Factory of Woodard Bro's, we shall be better prepared than ever to offer you BARGAINS in anything in the line of Furniture and Undertaking, and will continue to carry the greatest variety and largest stock to be found in Central Michigan; in short, a stock that will do honor to the most enterprising city in the State. *You can't afford to buy one dollar's worth of goods until you have seen us.* Goods delivered in any part of the county free of charge.

UNDERTAKING.

Mr. North will still have charge of the Undertaking Department, and having attended some of the most scientific lectures on the art of embalming and caring for the dead, coupled with his 15 years practical experience, places him in the front ranks as an undertaker. Having a NEW AND ELEGANT WHITE & BLACK HEARSE, and all other appliances, we can and will please you. All calls promptly attended to night or day.

Respectfully,

WOODARD & NORTH

Washington Street, Owosso.

Local and Miscellaneous.

[illegible]

[illegible]

On the Republican county ticket the name of C. J. Gale for Circuit Court Commissioner is substituted for that of Rol. E. Kelsey. The Independent says Mr. Kelsey's withdrawal is caused by his intention to leave the county.

DR. NATHAN HALL AGAIN. Several months ago a sensational report was published of the death at Cascade, Wis., of Mrs. Murgitroyd Hall, casting suspicions of poison. That report was contradicted, but later the woman did die of cancer. Dr. Hall has recently visited his old home at Davisburg, as is seen by the following:

Pontiac Gazette: It is reported at Davisburg, that Dr. N. C. Hall has left Cascade, Wis., and will go to Germany, taking with him young Miss Murgitroyd for the purpose of educating her and pursuing his own researches in the intricacies of his profession.

Pontiac Bill Poster: Davisburg people who saw and conversed with Nathan Hall on his late visit among them, say that he is looking tip-top, and feels in his usual jovial spirits. He has in contemplation a trip to Germany for the purpose of entering some institution of learning in view of mastering the language of that country.

Glenview Sale.

The greatest sale of trotting stock ever held in America came off at Glenview, near Louisville, Ky., Oct. 12 and 15 inclusive. The number of horses sold during the two days, some being left over for the third day's sale, was 155 head, and they brought $334,330, or an average of $2,092.45 each.

At the head of the great establishment was Nutwood, sold to E. F. Stout, Dubuque, Iowa, for $22,600; Pancoast, sold to John H. Shultz, Brooklyn, N. Y., for $28,000,; brood mares selling as high as $7,025 and many at $3,000 and over; yearlings selling as high as $3,000 and a number of spring colts selling from $2,000 to $3,000. Michigan brings home some as follows:

Dan Heffron, Manistique, bought the filly Springtime 1886, by Nutwood, dam Anthem by Cuyler, at $500; Johnson Brothers, of Greenville, bought Marcella 1881, by Cuyler, dam by Mambrino Patchen, $2,100; Wm. Cottrell, Mt. Clemens, bought Teresa 1884, by Nutwood, dam Lizzie Wilks by Geo. Wilks, $2,145, also Sweet Sicely 1885, by Nutwood, dam Hyacinth by Volunteer, $1,725.

May Overton, a lady of Nashville, Tenn., asserted her woman's rights and stepped up and bought the colt Bonnie Wood 1885, by Nutwood, dam by Aberdeen, at $4,200, also Hermione 1881, by Cuyler, dam by Woodford Mambrino, including her suckling filly, at $2,200; Hilda 1880, by Cuyler, dam by Blackwood, $1,825; Philosopher 1886, by Pancoast, dam by Rysdyk's Hambletonian, $2,500. Success to you Madame, you are of the right pluck, and hope you will raise the coming 2 minute trotter which is in the near future. D.

The Bartholdi Goddess of Liberty on Bedloe's Island stands completed, from her torch tip to the trail of her drapery. Great preparations are in progress for the dedication, Oct. 28.

—Ladies call for our No. 318 Scarlet Underwear.

OSBURN & SONS.

CITY MARKETS

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 20, 1886.

BUTTER—14a15
EGGS—15c.
WHEAT—68a70
ONIONS—at 60a75 per bu.
CABBAGES—$2.00 to $2.50 per 100.
PEARS—$1.00 to $1.5 per bu.
PEACHES $2.5 to $3.0 per bu.
LARD—Dull at 6½a7c.
HONEY—Steady at 12c
FLOUR Patent Roller $5.50, Roller, $4.75, Standard, $4.
MEAL—Fine Bolted, 100 lbs., 1.5
CORN MEAL—$1.25
FEED—100 lbs, $1.25
POULTRY—Dressed chickens, at 8c.
TALLOW—Down to 3c
HAY—$8
HIDES—Green, 6c; Dry, 15a18
WOOD—Ranges from 1.25 to 2., according to quality.
CORN—Shelled 45; in ear, at 35c
BEANS, at 80a1.
POTATOES—25a28
DRIED APPLES—Plenty at 3c.
BARLEY $1.25 to 1.80 per 100 lbs.
OATS—26a27
DRESSED HOGS at $5.00a5.50

[illegible]

Mr. Hadden now took the witness stand. [illegible] was the only witness [illegible]

San. A is a cripple, [illegible] Byron, [illegible] Mrs. Hadden was the only witness examined and her examination was not concluded. According to her testimony, as far as given, she was standing by the stove and San was sitting on a lounge when the father came in and said to San to get out from there, catching a chair and striking him. San defended himself as well as he could with a crutch, and told him to go away and leave him alone, for the old man said, "damn you, I will kill you, right here," and struck him again with another chair, threw that down and caught up another chair and came at him, when San took out his revolver and fired three shots in quick succession, one striking in the right breast, another in the left shoulder and the other in the upper part of the left arm.

The examination will be resumed tomorrow (Thursday) and Mrs. Hadden's testimony will probably develop the causes of the quarrel. It appears that Hadden after he was shot, ran towards the barn where his son Henry was doing the chores. Henry, not knowing what had happened, called to the old man that he had forgotten the milk pail. Hadden cried out, "I'm shot" and fell to the ground. A neighbor, George F. Dunning, who was at the barn came out and raised Hadden's head from the ground, but the wounded man died in his arms. Mr. Dunning then went for officer Dibble who came and arrested San, as before stated. The Haddens are spoken of in accounts of the affair as a quarrelsome family, and the men as given to drink. The father was about 65 years of age, the son 41. San. is a cripple, getting around with two crutches, but he is a large strong man, more than a match for his father in a struggle. He claims that the deed was done in self-defense. The mother appears to favor the son in her feelings, but public sentiment is strongly against him.

Our Byron correspondent sends an account of the affair, which in its version throws some light upon the causes of the quarrel, although differing in details, from other accounts. He says:

Young Hadden and his father had been at enmity for a long time, Sanford staying part of the time at home and part of the time away; but having been at home the past few months, during which time they have had several quarrels, at which Sanford has repeatedly threatened to shoot his father. On the fatal day they both visited Byron (the father having previously ordered Sanford to leave) Sanford to engage board, and the deceased to see if he could collect his son's board bill out of his pension money, the latter having been crippled in the army and drawn a large pension. On returning, Mr. Holden put his team in the barn, entered the house and lit his lantern and finding Sanford sitting on the lounge asked him if he owed him anything. The son replied, "we can tell by looking over our books." Mr. H. replied, "I can pay you right here," and struck at him with the lantern and then with the chair, when Sanford drew a revolver and fired.

THE OLEOMARGARINE BILL.

Hon. T. E. Tarsney Explains His Vote on the Bill.

In a recent speech at Greenville, Congressman Tarsney, speaking of his action on the oleomargarine bill, said:

I learn, as I proceed through this campaign, that not only in this county, but in Gratiot, Shiawassee and Isabella, parties are going about among the farmers for the purpose of prejudicing them against us, who say: "Don't vote for Tarsney, he voted against the oleomargarine bill in Congress," giving no reason why, but seeking to create the impression that in some way I voted against the interests of the farmer. I did vote against the so called oleomargarine bill and have no apology to make for that vote, but for the purpose of informing those who purposely seek to mislead and those who do not fully understand why, I will most cheerfully make an explanation. During the past session a bill came into the House, the expressed object of which was to raise revenue. An examination of the bill disclosed the fact that the purpose was to levy a tax upon a product called "oleomargarine." Now I concede the power of Congress, to levy a tax upon any product, whether imported or domestic, for the purpose of raising revenue WHEN THEY NEED REVENUE. I did not concede its power to levy a tax to raise revenue when we did not need revenue. We have for years been collecting from the people more money than the government can legitimately use nearly $100,000,000 annually therefore it is evident that we do not need more and ought not to tax more. Again, it is a matter for the state legislature and not for Congress to deal with. If it be a [illegible] than here [illegible] ington, where [illegible] in the [illegible] are not responsible [illegible] private business [illegible] vading the sanctity [illegible] whether our people [illegible] law, and who upon [illegible] and belief, or even suspicion [illegible] plain of the citizen and [illegible] United States Courts [illegible] I have opposed, and [illegible] system that will build up such a [illegible] holding class to place the shackles [illegible] feet of the American freemen.

NEWS SUMMARY

The Strike at Chicago Still Unsettled—Packers Insist on the Ten Hour Schedule.

Over 250 Lives Lost in the Flooded District About Sabine Pass—Property Loss.

CHICAGO, Oct. 16.—A consultation between the packers and Representatives Barry and Butler of the Knights of Labor was held at Mr. Armour's office yesterday. No definite conclusion was reached and but little progress toward a settlement of present difficulties was made.

Mr. Armour, on behalf of the packers, made a statement to the committee, in which he explained the high scale of wages paid by Chicago packers and the utter impossibility of continuing the business here unless a return to the ten-hour basis was effected. Mr. Barry, on the part of the committee, said that since he had heard the statement of Mr. Armour he felt satisfied that matters had been misrepresented to the committee and that he regretted the ordering out of the beef men. However, they were out now and the strike was on, and he did not see that anything could be done to rectify matters at present. He spoke at some length on the injustice done the men and the people of the town of Lake by the quartering of Pinkerton's men at the stock yards, and asked that they be removed.

Mr. Armour replied that neither the governor nor the sheriff had funds on hand to spend in guarding private property, and that, in view of that fact, the packers had been compelled to place their own guards about their property.

Mr. Allerton, it is said, expressed the opinion that a settlement could not be reached and that the matter would probably end in the importation of men to fill the places vacated by the strikers.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—Contrary to general expectation, Delegate Barry did not return to Richmond on Saturday evening. The negotiations for a settlement of the troubles have not stopped, and it is among the possibilities that this week may witness the termination of the strike. The Knights of Labor are very reticent about the subject, but their actions indicate that they still hope for peace. Fully one thousand Knights of Labor met yesterday afternoon in Germania Turner hall in secret session. Mr. Barry made a report, giving an outline of the negotiations which have been made by the committee of which he is the chairman. The meeting passed a vote of confidence in the committee and pledged itself to obey all orders which might be made. The meeting lasted for two hours, but outside of the above information nothing was made public.

Yesterday was an exceedingly quiet day. Swift & Co. and Nelson Morris had the usual Sunday force at work. Armour is said to have killed 300 cattle. Mr. Cudahy said the new men were getting along nicely and would soon become as expert as was necessary. The Pinkerton men were distributed all over the yards, a detachment of six standing guard at the main entrance. The electric-light line men have nearly completed their work and to-night expect to have 125 arc lamps in running order.

The local boycott against Armour & Co. is assuming formidable proportions. Several of their delivery wagons returned with their contents on Saturday, and the strikers boast that this morning the regular customers, with a very few exceptions, will not put in an appearance. Throughout the town of Lake and that part of the city tributary to the stock yards the boycott is being most rigidly enforced. The strikers have a special animosity against Armour, and express a determination to extend the boycott in every possible direction.

The leaders of the strike are emphatic in their declaration that there will be no trouble at the yards this morning, no matter what action the packers may take. The men are determined to stand together, and, having promised obedience to their leaders, are confident that their interests are safe in the hands of the committee. Over one hundred new men were unloaded yesterday in full view of a large number of strikers.

DROWNED ON THE GULF.

BEAUMONT, Tex., Oct. 16.—Reports [illegible] makes the [illegible] over the female country for an area [illegible] It is known [illegible] Bayou, who lost every [illegible] while the sabine [illegible] of whom [illegible] Parties who [illegible] to day from the Johnson's Bayou district say that sixty persons are still missing there, and the searching parties have almost reached the conclusion that many of these missing were drowned and their bodies carried out to sea by the receding waves.

ORANGE, Tex., Oct. 18.—The steamer Lunar [illegible] o'clock this afternoon [illegible] for additional sufferers, most of them women and children, from Johnson's Bayou, who are entirely destitute of everything necessary to sustain life. They were received at the wharf by our relief committee, who are doing all in their power to make them comfortable. The Lunar will return to the bayou [illegible] more persons who are waiting there. We now have to take care of 400 from that section. One can only know the heartrending condition of these people by coming and conversing with them.

Over a dozen of these bodies were recovered on the 13th. There are two stations [illegible] and about twenty [illegible] boats [illegible] active work in gathering up the suffering and burying the dead from Sabine and the bayou. The steamer Lunar left today with a new crew and relief men for Sabine Pass. Orange has not yet received a single dollar to assist in [illegible] these people. The [illegible] press to give a [illegible] to this appeal on behalf of the destitute sufferers. Contributions can be sent to J. Sanders, mayor of Orange.

THE MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. PAUL STRIKE.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., Oct. 18.—The mayor met the officers of the railroads this morning. In reply to his proclamation advising arbitration, they say there is nothing to arbitrate. All they want is an opportunity to resume business, and they asked if they would be protected in doing so. The mayor's answer was evasive, but he said that in case of a riot it would be put down. The mayor afterward addressed a meeting of the strikers, advising arbitration. This afternoon he visited the Manitoba yards in East Minneapolis and saw an engine killed by the strikers. He afterward issued a proclamation declaring that the law against disorder will be enforced.

At the St. Paul yards the day has been uneventful. Every road moves some freight, and it is said that all the roads will resume operations to-morrow morning under the protection of their own special officers. So far the St. Paul strikers have confined their efforts to moral suasion. Neither side however, shows any disposition to arbitrate.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 15.—The Knights of Labor Executive Board have decided to send $5,000 to the cotton-workers at Augusta, Ga.; $5,000 to the curriers and tanners at Salem and Peabody, Mass., and $5,000 to the journeymen plumbers at New York. The following gentlemen were elected members of the General Executive Board in the order named: Thomas B. Barry, John W. Hayes, Wm. R. Bailey, A. A. Carleton, T. B. McGuire, and Ira H. Aylesworth. The election of McGuire caused a cry of fraud, it being claimed that more votes were cast than there were members present. The event is said to be a great victory for the Home Club, and many of the delegates have been so angered by the proceedings that they threaten to secure the dissolution on the local assemblies of which they are members.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 16.—The general assembly of the Knights of Labor yesterday elected L. C. T. Schleber of Massachusetts and J. M. Broughton of Raleigh, N. C., members of the general cooperative board. David R. Gibson of Hamilton, Canada, was elected Canadian supply agent. Mr. Powderly then installed the new officers. In addressing the assembly he expressed full confidence in all the men elected and pledged himself to the faithful performance of his duties. He urged upon the delegates to impress the importance of temperance upon the local assemblies. He called attention to the fact that not one of the general officers elected used intoxicating liquors. All of the general officers then formally pledged themselves to abstain from the use of intoxicants during their two years' term of office.

A resolution was adopted declaring that the Knights of Labor recognize in the field of labor no distinction on account of color, but have no intention to interfere with the social relations existing between races in any part of the country.

Election one week from next Tuesday.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Mrs. E. [illegible]

[illegible] was married to Edward H. [illegible] April 9, 1862, and lived near Salem until the spring of 1867, when they removed to Mr. Holland's present home, then a new farm, where she resided until her decease. She was the mother of six children, one of whom died in infancy, and five remain to mourn her loss. Her aged father and mother and her two sisters joined the bereaved husband and children in sympathetic sorrow over the loss of one who was a model in every walk in life she had been called to tread.

The community without regard to religious predilections attended the funeral services at the Cross St. M. E. Church, on Wednesday, 13th inst., thus showing the esteem in which she was held as a neighbor and friend. She was not a communicant of any church but was a firm believer in the Christian religion and died in the full confidence of a blessed immortality. A. C.

CARD OF THANKS.

We desire hereby to tender a token of appreciation to all those who have rendered us assistance during the time of sickness and bereavement. Words fail to convey the heart's deep gratitude and no earthly reward can repay the services of love which shall be repaid only when the King shall say, "Inasmuch as ye have done it to one of the least of these ye have done it unto me."

EDWARD HOLLAND AND FAMILY.

Chewing Gum by the Ton.

A day or two ago my wayward feet carried my body into the suburbs and to a chewing-gum factory. There I got some ideas of an industry that thrives on penny sales and the remorseless energy of American jaws. In the place I saw half a dozen blocks of marble gum or petroleum wax. Each weighed about 100 pounds, and was almost like pure pentelican stone, dear to the old sculptor's heart and hand. And it was absolutely clean and odorless. A few weeks ago the stuff laid in one of the huge tanks near the oil wells of Pennsylvania, a dirty, greenish-brown fluid, with the consistency of bad mud and the bad smells of a glue factory. Then it was crude oil, but since then it has been in a turmoil, and through "stirring times" and chemical processes. From it had been extracted a lot of kerosene, almost as much naptha, not a little benzine, plenty of tar and a lot of valuable but technically named affairs that are out of reach. Anyway, the gum-wax was left, and it was in that I saw, clean as an ideal farmer's bedchamber, and as odorless as a civil-service reformer's record. Before it became the chewing gum of our friends it had to be melted, flavored, sweetened and "put up" in fanciful array. Then the 100-pound block would appear in 5,000 penny cakes, and I am told that about 500 of these 100-pound blocks are used in each week of the history of Columbia, "the gem of the ocean," etc. It is tough—the fact, not the gum.—*Cleveland Plaindealer.*

The Hudson Post says: "Mr. Yaple is publicly charged with voting in congress to restore Fitz John Porter to the army."

Well, he pleads guilty to that charge, and it ought to be sufficient to elect him governor.

We believe he did do that very honorable act, and that he was influenced not only by the justice of the case, but by the urgent advice of Gen. Grant, who made a strong appeal to congress, the strongest of any in Porter's behalf to redress the great wrong done to the brave old soldier.

We believe too, he did not have to suppress from the congressional record, anything he said denouncing Grant as a paid hireling and imbecile as did Cutcheon, whom the republicans are striving to foist back into congress from the Ninth district.—[Adrian Press.

Open not your sail to every wind.

[illegible]

[illegible] Lakeshore Pa[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Republican party [illegible] interest bearing [illegible] tariff policy [illegible] complaints that we made. If your statements are true there will have been no surplus in the Treasury treasury for years to come.

TARIFF.

My views upon the tariff question were well known two years ago; they have not changed. Your committee sent a stenographer through this district taking the speeches I delivered during that campaign. I defy you to publish them. You know our line of thought upon this subject, that is, that we treat the tariff as a question of necessary taxation, with protection as an incident to such necessary taxation, but not the object of it. You deliberately misrepresent this position when you attempt to make the people believe that our policy is absolute free trade. You know that we are pledged to a revision of the existing tariff laws in the interest of fairness to all business. In this respect I think I have been quite as consistent as the record shows you to be.

I voted for the consideration of a measure looking to a revision of the tariff laws that we had promised to revise. We never can obtain a revision unless we consider a bill.

Have you been so consistent? You claim to be the especial champion of the lumber, salt, and wool-growing interest of this district, and in your speech, of the 30th ult., in Saginaw City, you say, referring to me: "Why, the other night, here, he rehashed that old falsehood, that I voted to put salt on the free list when I was in Congress. Mr. Tarsney knows that is not true just as well as every man here knows it is not true."

I did state from the same platform the facts connected with your vote upon the tariff bill, of 1883, and I pointed out to the audience what I believe to be the result upon the salt and wool interest of this district by reason of the passage of that bill. I said then, and say now, that your vote upon it was not consistent with your previous utterances and present pretentions.

There was no rebate on salt prior to 1883. The salt schedule read:

"Salt in bags, sacks, barrels or other packages 12 cents per hundred pounds; in bulk 8 cents per hundred pounds." See revised statutes of 1878, page 181.

You voted for a clause that read: "Provided that exporters of meats, whether packed or smoked, which had been cured in the United States with imported salt, shall, upon satisfactory proof, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe, that such have been cured with imported salt, have refunded to them from the treasury the duties paid on the salt so used in curing such exported meats to amounts not less than $100, and

Provided further, That imported salt in bond may be used in curing fish taken by vessels licensed to engage in the fisheries, and in curing fish on the shores of the navigable waters of the United States, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe; and upon proof that the salt has been used for either of the purposes stated in this proviso, the duties on the same shall be remitted."—I refer you to page 514 statutes of the United States of 1881-3.

An aye and nay vote was taken upon that bill, and you voted for it—see page 3,743 Congressional Record, Forty-seventh Congress.

Result—Out of 9,500,000 barrels of salt we annually consumed there was imported 3,100,000 of foreign salt, or nearly as much as we produced in the state of Michigan.

It does not require much business sagacity to discover that this overflood of foreign salt has broken our market.

Let me quote you upon this subject. On the evening of September 24, 1884, when you were charged with having voted for this measure you state to an audience in Saginaw City as follows: "When I found that the bill was in that shape, and that it was going over to the House with that clause in it, I came home here to the Saginaw Valley and consulted the salt men of my district. I stated to them the difficulty under which we were laboring. I stated to them that we might be utterly unable to strike that clause out of the bill. I asked them to tell me in their own judgment what we had better do. In seeking that information I called upon the President of the Salt Association, who is now making these charges, and asked him for his advice."

Mr. Horr, the records of Congress

FREE LIST.

[illegible] the free list when I was in Congress. Mr. Tarsney knows that is not true just as well as every man here knows it is not true."

I did state from the same platform the facts connected with your vote upon the tariff bill, of 1883, and I pointed out to the audience what I believe to be the result upon the salt and wool interest of this district by reason of the passage of that bill. I said then, and say now, that your vote upon it was not consistent with your previous utterances and present pretentions.

There was no rebate on salt prior to 1883. The salt schedule read:

"Salt in bags, sacks, barrels or other packages 12 cents per hundred pounds; in bulk 8 cents per hundred pounds." See revised statutes of 1878, page 181.

You voted for a clause that read: "Provided that exporters of meats, whether packed or smoked, which had been cured in the United States with imported salt, shall, upon satisfactory proof, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe, that such have been cured with imported salt, have refunded to them from the treasury the duties paid on the salt so used in curing such exported meats to amounts not less than $100, and

Provided further, That imported salt in bond may be used in curing fish taken by vessels licensed to engage in the fisheries, and in curing fish on the shores of the navigable waters of the United States, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe; and upon proof that the salt has been used for either of the purposes stated in this proviso, the duties on the same shall be remitted."—I refer you to page 514 statutes of the United States of 1881-3.

An aye and nay vote was taken upon that bill, and you voted for it—see page 3,743 Congressional Record, Forty-seventh Congress.

Result—Out of 9,500,000 barrels of salt we annually consumed there was imported 3,100,000 of foreign salt, or nearly as much as we produced in the state of Michigan.

It does not require much business sagacity to discover that this overflood of foreign salt has broken our market.

Let me quote you upon this subject. On the evening of September 24, 1884, when you were charged with having voted for this measure you state to an audience in Saginaw City as follows: "When I found that the bill was in that shape, and that it was going over to the House with that clause in it, I came home here to the Saginaw Valley and consulted the salt men of my district. I stated to them the difficulty under which we were laboring. I stated to them that we might be utterly unable to strike that clause out of the bill. I asked them to tell me in their own judgment what we had better do. In seeking that information I called upon the President of the Salt Association, who is now making these charges, and asked him for his advice."

Mr. Horr, the records of Congress

[illegible] Wednesday [illegible]

[illegible]

NOTICE.

[illegible]

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE [illegible] 40 acre farm [illegible]

For Sale.

[illegible] Farm [illegible] Shiawassee County, Michigan [illegible] 7,000 [illegible] LOSBURN [illegible]

G. R. LYON,

Real Estate and Loan Office,

Over M. L. Stewart & Co's Bank, OWOSSO, Mich

MONEY TO LOAN AT LIVING RATES

FARMS BOUGHT AND SOLD

CITY LOTS IN SIZES TO SUIT ON LONG TIME.

FARM AND CITY PROPERTY EXCHANGED

REMOVAL.

I have removed my Sewing Rooms into the Wickham Place, two doors south of the Episcopal Church, and will be glad to see all of my old customers and others.

MRS. L. A. STONE.

DRESSMAKING—NEW ROOMS.

MRS. S. E. TUCKER is established in her new rooms, the House residence Exchange Street east, where she will be pleased to receive all her former customers, also new ones.

Work done in latest styles, and on prompt time. New patterns constantly on hand. MRS. S. E. TUCKER.

LADIES.

By having received instruction at the best Art School for Dressmaking in Detroit, I am prepared to do the finest work in the latest styles. I will keep posted with all the leading styles of the day. Will sew by the day, or work at my home, and will try to please all who will give me a call.

Please call and examine work.

MISS NETTIE BOWMAN,
No. 121 Comstock Street east,
Owosso, Mich.

SECURITY CORSET

ELEGANCE
COMFORT
ECONOMY
DURABILITY

PERFECTION OF SHAPE.

Send for Illustrated Circular.

No "breaking in" process with accompanying discomfort. Conforms to the figure of the wearer in the most trying positions. GENUINE WHALEBONE used by our new process, each piece having a woven cover, and the ends secured by a new fastening, rendering it impossible for the whalebone to punch through. If not to be had of your dealer will be sent postpaid on receipt of $1.75

WEEDSPORT SKIRT AND DRESS CO.,
WEEDSPORT, N. Y.

For sale only by THE BIG BONANZA, third door south of Postoffice, Owosso. xxv6

FALL AND WINTER

MILLINERY.

EVERYTHING IN

Latest Styles of Millinery,

AND

NEW GOODS

Arriving weekly. Also a full line of

Ready-Made Underwear,
Corsets,
Bustles,
Hoop Skirts,
and Hosiery,

Just received at

EXCEEDINGLY LOW PRICES.

CALL AND SEE MY GOODS

SARAH BELFORD EWER,
EXCHANGE STREET,

Mr. & Mrs. W. F. Waugh

DEALERS IN

Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines, MILLINERY AND HAIR GOODS,

Invite all persons wishing anything in their line to call and examine Goods and Prices before purchasing elsewhere.

EXCHANGE STREET OWOSSO.

CLOAKS

FIFTH ANNUAL SALE OF

CLOAKS!

COMMENCING

Wednesday, Oct. 20

CLOAKS in all Styles!
Seal Plush CLOAKS!
Cloth CLOAKS!
SHORT WRAPS in Plush, Colored, Brocade, Velvet, Frise, Boucle, Cloth and Astrachan.
Children's CLOAKS,
Misses' CLOAKS,

In fact all kinds of **Cloaks** all about our store, and more coming.

We will sell you **Cloaks cheaper than the cheapest,** or cheaper than the cheapest price you have been, can, or will be offered. No rag tag cotton sewed garments, but stylish, well made, neat and nobby. The designs are owned in this market by us only.

See our Plush and Colored Brocade Wraps for Young Ladies. Instead of quoting prices we ask you to come and get them. It will pay you to walk a block and save from $1 to $5. If you buy of us your friends will say: "Thy garment fits thee well."—*Shakspeare.*

Respectfully yours,

J. J. DAVIS,

Opera House Block, Owosso.

GRANDEST -:- COMBINATION!
EVER MADE.

AYRAC TANNERY KID

Tanned by the well known Dongola process, is toughest, most pliant, of the best South American skins, and will outwear every other kind of kid

FLINT STONE SOLE LEATHER

Tanned from purest oak. This celebrated Shoe bright and dull finish, for sale by D. R. SALISBURY only. Price $3.00 per pair. Remember the place, corner Opera Block, Owosso, Mich.

JEWELRY!

I call the attention of the public to the large and elegant line of

Diamonds, Watches, Silver Ware and Jewelry

In prices, quality, and designs that stand second to none. My stock in all branches is complete, giving all a chance for a fine selection. I call particular attention to my fine line of DIAMONDS. Also LADIES' and GENT'S GOLD WATCHES that never has been equaled in the county. I am always pleased to show my fine stock, and I give a special invitation to all.

T. Q. CHRISTIAN, Jeweler, OWOSSO.

BIG DROP in

WALL PAPER,

Window Shades & Fixtures.

ALBUMS WAY DOWN.

A full line of **School Books and School Supplies.** Miscellaneous Books, Stationery, Notions, &c.

General News Agency. Agent Butterick's Patterns. Picture Frames made to order. Reward Cards, Scrap Books, and Scrap Pictures ALL WAY DOWN.

C. D. IRWIN, Main Street, Owosso.

Wall Paper, Window Shades, Window Poles, and Stationery,

AT

G. W. LORING & SON'S.

ATTENTION.

NEW LUMBER, COAL AND WOOD YARD.

We are now prepared to do business at our new yard on Comstock Street, just east of Washington. Have just unloaded **150 cars** of Flooring, Siding, Ceiling, Barn and Roof Boards, Shingles and Lath, and have on the D., G. H. & M. track **50 cars** of Scranton Coal from the best mine of the Pennsylvania Coal Co., [the city Gas Co., now use this coal] Will deliver coal in July at low price Egg, Stove and Chestnut; **25c** extra per ton for handling in baskets; we use the Standard Howe Scales, no guess work on weights.

We have come to stay and will endeavor to satisfy all who deal with us. We *handle none but lumber cut from green pine.* Prompt attention given all orders.

Will pay market price cash for **1000 cords** of wood, sawed ends; within thirty days we shall have the best stock of Doors, Sash and Blinds, put on the market. Remember the place, Comstock Street, near Aberle's Tannery. Telephone connection. xxiv45 OWOSSO LUMBER & COAL CO

SMOKERS—Duff invites a look into his cigar case, and then see if you can say there is no difference between —— tweedle dum and a rail fence, or whether or no, or not, one spell as the case may be, &c. C. C. DUFF.

Attention Farmers.

I hold myself in readiness to blast stones and blow up stumps. Orders may be left at the Owosso Tannery, or addressed to G. M. DEHN, box 16 Owosso P. O. 3tf

THE OWOSSO PRESS.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER [illegible]

ESTELLE'S SACRIFICE.

Her name was Estelle [illegible] was an actress [illegible] was far [illegible] well [illegible] very handsome.

Adolphe [illegible] ed her [illegible] such happiness [illegible] neverending.

Estelle lived [illegible] under the eaves [illegible] She took her meals with a hagg of an old woman who owned the place and charged less than [illegible] boarders fared better.

So the winter passed and the spring came, and then the hot days of summer. The theatre was to be closed for repairs and improvements and the company was to be disbanded; only twelve nights more of the "Golden Goose," and then those who could or would might rest for awhile. The leading lady, who was to be the queen of all the fairies in the next piece, had given the small fry a glimpse of her street attire at rehearsals, and had condescended to say that she would "give hundreds of dollars for that little creature's hair." Hers was the same color, but whose chignon she sported no one knew.

One night Adolphe had escorted Estelle home from the theater, and they parted at the door—if I said he did not kiss her I should tell a story—and an hour afterward some one was heard groaning near the house. Estelle knew who it was by instinct, and the landlady's half-grown sons went out with her and lifted the prostrate form from the pavement, the landlady protesting all the while.

"It is a friend of mine," cried Estelle; "a gentleman from the theater. He is not poor; he will pay you well. Do take him in!" So the woman yielded, and a doctor was sent for, and the poor, bleeding, senseless soul cared for as well as might be.

Robbers had set upon him and taken from him a large sum of money, his watch, and ring, and all else valuable that he had about him. They had broken his leg and cut his head open in the scuffle besides, and it was a long while before he could tell much about it. Then he confided to Estelle this fact: He had not been remarkably prudent or remarkably economical. His funds for summer expenditure were in the purloined pocket-book. He had just $50 in the world.

Poor Estelle had $20, and just then the theater closed. The manager flitted to some seaside resting-place. There was no one to call upon, nothing to do but wait and hope. Instead of passing a pleasant month in the country she helped to nurse Adolphe, who was in terrible danger, and as hopeless as a helpless man always is. The $50 went. Estelle's $20 followed it. She had paid her own board in advance. Now both their pockets were empty. She had said nothing of her own money to Adolphe, and the landlady never asked whence it came. But the day arrived when the woman stood with her arms akimbo before the anxious girl and asked her how she dared assure her that her bill was safe.

"He hasn't a penny!" she shrieked; "not a penny! The thieves took all he had, besides what has been spent. So he tells me. And to the hospital he shall go to-morrow. I've told the doctor that."

Estelle went up to her own room and knelt down by her bed and wept.

"I'll do it," she said—"I'll do it! Anything sooner than that he should suffer so."

And twisting the hair in a great coil, she put on her hat and cloak and hurried out into the street and straight to the St, —— hotel, where she knew the leading lady of the coming season had her headquarters.

"Madame," she said, "you have often said to me that you wished you had my hair. You may have it if you will. If you give me $50 I will crop it close to my head."

"Have you gone crazy?" asked madame.

"No," said Estelle. "I want money and I will sell my hair."

"It's a horrible temptation," said madame. "Fifty! Why, I'll give you a hundred for it. Such hair can't be had. But you'll repent it, child."

"No," said Estelle, white as death.

"Cut it, then," said madame, and emptied her purse into her lap.

In five minutes more madame had Estelle's hair and Estelle $100.

She sent the package of money to Adolphe by the landlady's boy. "Tell him it is from a friend," she said.

Estelle, meanwhile, had bidden him good-by in the dusk of a still evening and taken her cropped head to the country.

She also returned on the day of the first rehearsal. She walked toward the entrance of the theater and met Adolphe. He started, looked at her, and held out his hand.

"Estelle," he cried, "have you been ill?"

She shook her head.

"What has happened to your hair?" he asked in a lower voice, though the leading lady heard it.

"I cut it off," said Estelle again.

"You've made a fright of yourself," said Adolphe, more candidly than politely. "The devil must have tempted you to get rid of your own beauty. Such hair as yours! Great heaven!"

Estelle threw his hand from her and ran away. Adolphe stood staring after her and then and there the leading lady caught him by the arm.

"She sold it to me," said the lady. "I found out, why afterward. My doctor told me he attended you. They were going to turn you out of house and home at the risk of your life, and she cut her hair off to pay the landlady. You'd been making love to her, ofcourse, and she was silly about you; and now you snub her for it. And she has not told you a word. What brutes men are! A plain little chit like that is worth twenty of them. You never guessed it; you hadn't soul enough. Don't open the door [illegible] I get [illegible]

And [illegible] avenue. [illegible] He died [illegible] Brooklyn [illegible] land. [illegible] was one of his two [illegible] was killed while robbing [illegible] Levy [illegible] He was [illegible] and was [illegible] wealthy. He had a farm out at Jerusalem, Long Island, and I supposed, money in the bank [illegible] when he died in a hospital [illegible] it turned out that he had nothing. Dick Moore [illegible] we used to call him Tom Tit-One-Dick, on account of the quantities he liked to take at faro, gambled away more than $1,000,000 of stolen money and died of slow consumption in the utmost destitution. So did Ike Weber, the counterfeiter, whose Pennsylvania confederates spent more money in a day in backing the tiger than most men make in a year. Take the case of Charley Becker, who beat the government experts at engraving. Becker came to grief in Italy for forging American letters of credit and 'shoving' them on the continent, and afterward in Brooklyn, where he was forging French bank notes. As a 'straight' mechanic he could have earned a competence. Preferring to be a thief, he died a pauper."—*N. Y. Mail and Express.*

A New York correspondent in a column article of small type details interestingly an operation performed upon one Jerry Larkin who had been the victim of a gas explosion. His body was so badly burned that his life was despaired of, but with infinite care every burn was healed and a thin film of skin was induced to coat it, except the upper part of the right arm, which was ulcerated. All other treatment failing, the physicians resorted to the experiment of supplying the flesh which had sloughed off with flesh from a Newfoundland dog. The experiment has proved successful, and the arm is gradually regaining the strength which it seemed at one time had forever left it with the sloughing away of the biceps muscles. Before the operation was performed Jerry could only raise his hand to his face with the greatest difficulty, but can now raise weights and continues to improve.

Do not take off your shoes before you see the river.

THEY DIE POOR.

Singular Ill-Luck Follows All Bank Sure-Thing Forgers, and Thieves of Low Degree. Big Fortunes Wasted.

"Hello! Promised to tell you what?" said the police detective, roused from a nap, and rubbing his eyes. "About thieves who stole fortunes and died poor, eh? Come to think, so I did. But say! wouldn't the other kind do; them that stole and kept the money? No? Take more stock in the other gang? Queer! Well, sit down and let me think." And the old detective pushed a chair over to the reporter and filled his pipe, with a sigh that sounded a good deal like a growl.

"Seems to me," he resumed, as little ungraciously, "you ought to be satisfied with what you've had in that line here lately. It isn't but a week or two ago you were writing the obituary of the king pin of that gang, who died somewhere up in Massachusetts. 'Flin' White was the boss thief for cheek as well as for luck, as one might know, for he was a newspaper man from the start, and it was when he was drummed out of the business that he caught on to the Boston suckers and showed his metal. Flin was the boss swindler and no mistake. He was the only man I ever knew who robbed a man twice of all he had; ruined him the first time and cleaned him out the next, all under the guise of friendship. When he stole he jumped it—there never was a mean hair in Flin's head—and went for a stake of $100,000, or $40,000 or $50,000 if funds were low. I'm blamed if I don't believe he stole a couple of millions in his time, and yet he died poor. Where did it all go to? You ask me too much. One thing I can tell you, very little went back to its rightful owners. Some of it was lost in the flood that swallowed up his fowl farm on that island, where he had a fortune invested; doubtless much of it was "blown in" at faro. That's the way nine-tenths of all stolen money goes, and that's how gamblers live. To my mind that is the principal objection to gambling. You bet your money against a thief's, put up by his backers, and the chances are not even.

"The real thief isn't the man that steals, but the one who puts up for the tools and takes the profit, but none of the risk. He is the fellow who gets rich at the business. The others die poorer than rats, in jail, or in their boots, according to their luck or to the whim of their master, whose slaves they are, even the best of them. George Howard was one of them. He was a reg'lar mechanical genius, and used to buy bank-locks and such and study their mechanism and the way to overcome it for months and months in his room before he would tackle the job. When he was shot down and killed in a row with the rest of the gang up in Winchester county he didn't leave a cent, so far as anybody ever heard, though he had stolen thousands. I don't suppose a smarter thief ever lived than Jesse Allen, one of the Allen family New Yorkers know so well. He stole more money than would have made any man comfortably rich before he was found dead at a railroad depot, with a kit of burglar's tools beside him, stricken down by apoplexy or heart disease just as he was going at a job. He had just got out of the Ohio penitentiary after serving out a seven years sentence. No money was ever found after him, and for good reasons—he didn't have any. There was a bank burglar shot dead over in Jersey when he was blowing up a safe. John Hughes was his name, and he had gambled away more'n one fortune in New York, but for all that enough money to bury him decently couldn't be got together.

Big John Garoty, the second-story thief, who fell through a stair-hole in a house on the hill over in Brooklyn and was killed, with his arms full of rich silver wedding presents, was as poor as Job's turkey. He was clever at the trade, and had ruined a score of men. When he escaped from Sing Sing once he did it so neatly that his keeper never could find out how till fate sent him back to show them and have a laugh at their expense. There's a lot of other thieves that died in their boots, but these will do. Just let me count in Jim Casey, who comes to my mind in that connection. Jim was a bank burglar, and a good one. Ellen, his wife, was a trump, too. In the July riot in 1871, when she was pickpocket on Eighth avenue, she was shot in the leg, and at the hospital they found twelve pocket-books and purses in her clothes. Jim and her worked the racket together for all they were worth till Jim was shot dead by Tom McCormick, his pal, in a Twenty-seventh street saloon in an argument about sharing the boodle from a Philadelphia bank they had cracked. That busted the firm, and no assets were found to administrate on. Jim had blowed it in at faro. The old woman is stealing in England now, if she isn't in jail.

"Tommy Stacks, who stole $12,000 in government bonds good as gold from an editor in this town, was par-

NEURALGIA CURED.

JACKSON, Mich.

Gentlemen: I have suffered beyond measure with Neuralgia, and I am only too glad to say that Hubbard's Rheumatic Syrup has afforded me a great remedy. Yours truly, F. A. MILLS. [illegible] Feed and Grain Mills.

JACKSON, Mich., October, 1885.

This is to certify that I have used your medicine for the cure of Sciatic Rheumatism with beneficial results, and can recommend the same to all persons similarly afflicted. Unlike an external application, it seems to reach the disease by purifying the blood. Respectfully, GEORGE W. KENNEDY, Secretary of Jackson Electric Light Co.

John says the grain of his dog [illegible] sheep may be called a [illegible] Christian name John.

Save the Children. They are especially liable to sudden Colds, Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, etc. We guarantee Acker's English Remedy a positive cure. It saves hours of anxious watching. [illegible] by [illegible] Bigelow & Bigelow.

The Boston Post modestly hopes that in its eight page form it will make [illegible] as good a bustle as ever.

The Verdict Unanimous.

W. D. Suit, Druggist, Rippon, Ind., testifies: "I can recommend Electric Bitters as the very best remedy. Every bottle sold has given relief in every case. One man took six bottles, and was cured of Rheumatism of 10 years' standing." Abraham Hare, druggist, Bellville, Ohio, affirms: "the best selling medicine I have ever handled in my 20 years' experience, is Electric Bitters." Thousands of others have added their testimony, so that the verdict is unanimous that Electric Bitters do cure all diseases of the Liver, Kidneys or Blood. Only a half dollar a bottle at Osborne's Drug Store. 28 oct.

MILLINERY

Splendid stock! Latest styles.
Prices to suit Everybody.
-:-MRS. C. L. HARRINGTON.-:-

COAL! -:- -:- COAL!

—CALL ON—

E. M. BROOKS

And get prices on COAL before purchasing. All coal is weighed; no measuring or guess work; will screen coal if wanted. **Prices Guaranteed.**

For **Lime, Cement, Cacine Paster** and **Hair**, go to E. M. BROOKS, West Owosso.

For **Feed, Bran, Meal, Corn, Oats, Roller Process Flour**, go to E. M. BROOKS, West Owosso.

Highest Market Price paid for all kinds of Farm Produce.

General Dealer in **Groceries, Provisions, &c.**

Store, Elevator and Warehouse, West Owosso, Mich. 30aug82tf

☞ New Goods are coming and I must make room for them. BEST STANDARD Rubber Boots from $1.25 to $2.75.

Will close out WOOL BOOTS, SOCKS, MITTS, &c., AT COST. PRICES REDUCED FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS. ☞ REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

E. L. BREWER, No. 2 Bank Block, Owosso, Mich.

HOLIDAY GOODS

[illegible]

2d. Vi[illegible] its [illegible]

3d. Royal Baking Powder [illegible]

4th. Genuine East Saginaw Dripe

5th. Havermeyer's Sugars (none other kept)

6th. Tea Siftings at 25c, this is same flavor Violet

7th. Real Genuine Carolina Head Rice.

8th. Blake, Shaw & Co's XXX Crackers.

9th. Akron Rolled Oats and Graham Flour.

10th. Sanders & Epicure Catsups, (no other brands as good.)

11th. Adrian and Victor Tomatoes, (extra fine.)

12th. All Canned Goods *new and full weight* as in this line of goods the best is surely the cheapest.

13th. Boshemelm Spices, *absolutely clean and pure.*

These goods mentioned are mostly *well known to be the very best*, and can always be had at wholesale or retail **at Duff's.**

MY BOOMING SPECIALTIES.

BONANZA TEA,

35c a pound, 3 pounds for $1.

Since first announcing it **25 chests** have been retailed and the demand increasing and **tea growing better.**

(Special drive on a **Tea at 30c a pound, 4 pounds for $1**, all new leaf.)

MY GREAT CIGAR SALE

IS

BOOMING,

And will continue until my immense stock is exhausted.

My Stock is Large, Complete,

And comprises the goods of Full Weight and Honest Quality

Yours truly,

C. C. DUFF,

Main Street, Owosso.

Wednesday, October 22, 1890

DEMOCRATIC STATE

CONGRESSIONAL

LEGISLATIVE

Democrats and Greenbackers, stand together and fight. Fusion is a snare and a delusion. Work for it.

The New York Congressman, Hon. Frank Hiscock, of Syracuse, N. Y., spoke at the Opera House last evening in the interest of Horr and the protected monopolies his party stands for. He made most extravagant assertions, without offering any proof, and promised exceedingly dangerous and revolutionary action on the part of himself and Mr. Horr and the Republican congressmen in general, should any measure of revenue reform be likely to pass in Congress. Such promises should be sufficient warning to elect that class of politicians to stay at home. More extended report of the speech will be given next week.

Lyman Sickles, Union Labor candidate for governor, is a very estimable citizen of Vernon, and votes for him will be bestowed upon a worthy man, well qualified for the office.

The report that Mr. Tarsney cut T. B. Barry in the Representative convention at Saginaw is declared to be untrue. Mr. Barry says he did not seek the nomination, owing to the fact that he had been appointed one of the Executive Committee of the Grand Assembly of the Knights of Labor, which would fully occupy his time.

"How many soldiers of Michigan would have voted as Mr. Yaple voted, for the restoration of Fitz John Porter?" is a question going the rounds of the Republican press. Many of them would. But we will name a soldier of the Union Army who would have voted for it—Gen. Ulysses Grant. One of the things dearest to his heart during his last days was reparation to Gen. Fitz John Porter for the great injustice done to him.

H. B. Wixom, of Bancroft, makes a capable Circuit Court Commissioner, has hosts of friends, runs well on a ticket, and may be considered almost sure of the election.

Ben Colvin is reported to have gone over bodily to the Republicans; next, he gets up a straight, anti-fusion convention and tickets at Saginaw. It matters little what Ben calls himself, it is understood that he is in Republican pay to make all the inroads he can in the fusion forces. His game is well-known and he can do but little, if any, harm.

Andrew Huggins is a pioneer surveyor of Shiawassee county and probably is more familiar with its lines and old surveys than any other man in this county. The people realized this, two years ago and elected him County Surveyor. They will doubtless repeat the wise act this year.

Read on the second page of this paper, Mr. Tarsney's masterly expose of R. G. Horr's falsification of the record. Mr. Horr accepted Mr. Tarsney's challenge simply to the extent of dividing time with him at the Lake View Fair, Oct. 11.

"What good thing will the Democratic party do if it is successful in this state?" asked Prof. Dickie in his Wednesday evening speech. "Turn the Republicans out," yelled some one in the audience. "Go up to the head of the class," was the Professor's prompt response.—Lansing Journal.

The Yaple enthusiasm is raging considerably at a fever heat.

Democrats and Greenbackers, stand together and fight. Fusion is a snare and a delusion. Work for it.

The New York Congressman, Hon. Frank Hiscock, of Syracuse, N. Y., spoke at the Opera House last evening in the interest of Horr and the protected monopolies his party stands for. He made most extravagant assertions, without offering any proof, and promised exceedingly dangerous and revolutionary action on the part of himself and Mr. Horr and the Republican congressmen in general, should any measure of revenue reform be likely to pass in Congress. Such promises should be sufficient warning to elect that class of politicians to stay at home. More extended report of the speech will be given next week.

Lyman Sickles, Union Labor candidate for governor, is a very estimable citizen of Vernon, and votes for him will be bestowed upon a worthy man, well qualified for the office.

The report that Mr. Tarsney cut T. B. Barry in the Representative convention at Saginaw is declared to be untrue. Mr. Barry says he did not seek the nomination, owing to the fact that he had been appointed one of the Executive Committee of the Grand Assembly of the Knights of Labor, which would fully occupy his time.

"How many soldiers of Michigan would have voted as Mr. Yaple voted, for the restoration of Fitz John Porter?" is a question going the rounds of the Republican press. Many of them would. But we will name a soldier of the Union Army who would have voted for it—Gen. Ulysses Grant. One of the things dearest to his heart during his last days was reparation to Gen. Fitz John Porter for the great injustice done to him.

H. B. Wixom, of Bancroft, makes a capable Circuit Court Commissioner, has hosts of friends, runs well on a ticket, and may be considered almost sure of the election.

Ben Colvin is reported to have gone over bodily to the Republicans; next, he gets up a straight, anti-fusion convention and tickets at Saginaw. It matters little what Ben calls himself, it is understood that he is in Republican pay to make all the inroads he can in the fusion forces. His game is well-known and he can do but little, if any, harm.

Andrew Huggins is a pioneer surveyor of Shiawassee county and probably is more familiar with its lines and old surveys than any other man in this county. The people realized this, two years ago and elected him County Surveyor. They will doubtless repeat the wise act this year.

Read on the second page of this paper, Mr. Tarsney's masterly expose of R. G. Horr's falsification of the record. Mr. Horr accepted Mr. Tarsney's challenge simply to the extent of dividing time with him at the Lake View Fair, Oct. 11.

"What good thing will the Democratic party do if it is successful in this state?" asked Prof. Dickie in his Wednesday evening speech. "Turn the Republicans out," yelled some one in the audience. "Go up to the head of the class," was the Professor's prompt response.—Lansing Journal.

The Yaple enthusiasm is raging considerably at a fever heat.

No honest Knight of Labor can consistently support a Republican candidate for the Legislature. Every Republican who is selected to represent the people at Lansing will be pledged to go into the party caucus to nominate a U. S. Senator and abide by the action of the majority. There is no question whatever that a majority of the Republican members of the Legislature will select one of three men: Russell A. Alger, James McMillan or Frank B. Stockbridge, all of whom are millionaires two or three times over. No matter which one of the trio is nominated, he will be welcomed into the American house of Lords as a valuable and trusty acquisition to the Republican majority which controls its actions in the interest of monopoly and taxation. There is nothing surer than this. Is such a result one which the Knights of Labor can afford to have themselves on record as having helped to bring about?—Lansing Journal.

Lansing Sentinel: The rate at which prominent farmers throughout the state are deserting Luce for Yaple, will soon become a stampede unless speedily stopped. Another harbinger of an overwhelming fusion victory is the revolution on the tariff question among the toiling thousands in the Saginaw Valley and throughout the Upper Peninsula. These things are carrying consternation into the Republican camp, while the Fusion managers are growing jubilant.

This from the Grand Rapids Leader tells the whole story: It was very funny. "Tell me," exclaimed Gen. Cutcheon last night most vociferously, and it was expected to annihilate somebody, "Tell me of a single instance where the Democratic Congress has reduced taxation," and then he waited for an answer to his conundrum. "Tell me," he was about to repeat, when a still, small voice, down in one corner of the theatre spoke up, "the Republican Senate won't let 'em." And then the audience roared.

Dirty Business.

Republicans in different parts of the state have been engaged for the purpose and are carrying on a decidedly dirty business, by writing letters to every old soldier in the state, who is a Democrat or a Greenbacker, and repeating the malicious lie that Hon. Geo. L. Yaple says the soldiers are all d—d bummers. This is, to say the least, despicable business, and we believe will counteract. Several old soldiers in this vicinity have already received these letters.—[Mason Democrat.

Col. Farrar, the Fusion candidate for Auditor General, is sure to secure the support of thousands of Republican soldiers who remember his patriotic services to his country. The Lansing Journal but speaks the truth for which thousands of his fellow soldiers are ready to vouch, when it says: No braver man went out from Michigan to take up arms against the hosts of disunion. He was no holiday soldier, but a daring and conspicuous fighter.

And still they come! Rev. A. M. Smith, of Waldron, a prominent minister in the eastern part of Hillsdale county, and a strong Republican has come out for Yaple, Salsbury and revenue reform. He addressed the Yaple and Salsbury club a few evenings ago, giving as the chief cause of his renunciation of the Republican party its allegiance to the iniquitous protective tariff, which he stigmatizes as wholesale and indiscriminate robbery.

Mr. Yaple, who believes in reducing the duty on wool, is the owner of six thousand sheep, and says that if some one else is to be taxed in order that he may raise wool at profit, he is ready to go out of the business. That is the true, unselfish principle of reform.

John W. Holbrook, the Republican candidate for State Senator, ran over 3[illegible] votes behind his ticket two years ago. He was also party's candidate for Register of Deeds. His friends are not very confident that he will make a h[illegible]

EVERYTHING GOING TO PIECES!

Tremendous Downfall in Prices! -:- Competition Demoralized!

Come Look and you will be Surprised

Our purchases of Fall and Winter Goods has been wonderfully successful, and we are now prepared to show you the benefit of our extremely favorably purchases in

Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods

OF LATEST STYLES AND BEST QUALITIES.

ODD PANTS A SPECIALTY.

Advertise Bargains. We give Bargains. We want you to investigate our goods & prices.

MURRAY & TERBUSH,

THE ONE PRICE CLOTHIERS,

DOUBLE STORE, Corner Washington and Main Sts., Owosso.

TEA! TEA! TEA!

I still keep to the front on **Choice Teas.** Call and examine.

35c, 3 lbs. for $1.00.

CAN'T BE BEAT.

Coffee. Coffee.

I wish to call special attention to one of the finest lines of **Coffees** ever introduced into this city. Every pound guaranteed to give satisfaction.

A Rio, roasted, -	20c
No. 2 Combination. -	22c
No. 1 " -	25c
Old Gov. Mandeling Java	30c

Albion Patent Flour always on Hand.

NEW CANNED GOODS.

Everything fresh and new, and prices to MATCH THE LOWEST.

Another fine lot of Cigars & Tobaccos just received

F. H. Banister,

Wholesale and Retail

GROCER,

WESENER BLOCK,

OWOSSO, - - - - - MICH.

FOR

Wedding Presents

AND

Birthday Gifts

GO TO

THE FAMOUS.

FOR

Hanging Lamps,

CALL AT

THE FAMOUS,

WILLIAMS BLOCK, SIGN OF THE BLUE FRONT.

OWOSSO, - - - MICH.

GRAND PURCHASE!

D. M. CHRISTIAN

Has just completed the purchase of

200---CLOAKS AND WRAPS.---200

Consisting of those Elegant Styles and Superb Fitting Garments that he has been defying competition on, at

$10---Ten and Twelve Dollars.---$12

WHICH HE PROPOSES TO GIVE THE PUBLIC A

GRAND BENEFIT SALE

The Whole Lot to be Placed on Sale at

$8.99 Eight Dol's Ninety-nine CTS. $8.99

Special Prices on SEAL PLUSH SACQUES & CHILDREN'S CLOAKS during the sale.

COMMENCING SATURDAY, OCTOBER 16th, AT

D. M. CHRISTIAN'S, Main Street, Owosso.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

DETROIT, GRAND HAVEN & MILWAUKEE RAILROAD

TRAINS LEAVE OWOSSO AS FOLLOWS:

GOING EAST.

Steamboat Express [illegible] A. M. [illegible]
Evening Express [illegible] p. m.

GOING WEST.

Mixed, 6 [illegible]
Mail, 1 35 p. m. Steamboat Express [illegible]
Night Express, 1 55 a. m. Mixed [illegible]
Wagner Sleepers on night trains. Parlor Car on Mail east and west.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD

TRAINS LEAVE OWOSSO AS FOLLOWS:

GOING NORTH.

Mackinaw Express [illegible] A. M.
7 15 p. m.

GOING SOUTH.

Chicago Express [illegible]
7 41 p. m. Way Freight [illegible]

OWOSSO POSTOFFICE.

Daily Mails arrive and close as follows:

EAST VIA D., G. H. & M. R. R.

Close—1 45 P. M. Arrive [illegible]
Close—6 30 P. M. Arrive [illegible]

WEST VIA D., G. H. & M. R. R.

Close—1 45 P. M. Arrive [illegible]
Close—9 50 A. M. Arrive [illegible]

NORTH VIA J., L. & S. R. R.

Close—9 30 A. M. Arrive [illegible]
Close—6 30 P. M. Arrive [illegible]

SOUTH.

Close—8 20 A. M. Arrive [illegible]
Close—6 30 P. M. Arrive [illegible]

N. BALL, P. M.

M. L. STEWART & Co.

BANKERS,

Owosso, Michigan.

Collections made and remitted for promptly on day of payment.

Draw drafts on all the principal cities of Europe.

Also draw Bank Money Orders payable in foreign countries, and the money is delivered at the residence of the person to whom sent.

CORRESPONDENTS:

AMERICAN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK, N. Y.
COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK, Detroit
FIRST NATIONAL BANK, CHICAGO.

Money to Loan on Real Estate Securities.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK,

OF OWOSSO.

OFFICERS.

A. T. NICHOLS.....President
J. SELIGMAN.....Vice President
E. M. MILLER.....Cashier
M. MINER.....Ass't Cashier

DIRECTORS.

A. T. NICHOLS, J. D. NORTON,
J. SELIGMAN, BRUCE BUCKMINSTER,
WM. McKELLOPS, JAMES OSBURN,
W. D. GARRISON.

CORRESPONDENTS.

The National Bank of the Republic, New York.
Merchants' and Manufacturers' National Bank, Detroit.
Maverick National Bank, Boston. xx,v42

LODGE DIRECTORY.

OWOSSO CHAPTER No. 45, R. A. M. Regular Convocation first Friday of each month.

OWOSSO LODGE No. 31, F. & A. M. Regular Communications on Wednesday evenings next before the full moon of each month.

OWOSSO LODGE No. 88, I. O. O. F. Once a week on Friday evenings.
HIRAM L. LEWIS, N. G.
A. M. YOUNG, Secretary.

ORIENTAL ENCAMPMENT, No. 59, I. O. of O. F., meet the first and third Wednesday evenings of each month, in their hall, north-east corner of Main and Washington streets, 3d story.
DR. C. McCORMICK, C. P.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY CARDS of not more than three lines, inserted in THE PRESS for $2.00 per year.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

L. STRUBER, Manufacturer of Boots and Shoes, and dealer in Leather, Hides, &c. Particular attention given to custom work. Main Street west, Owosso.

ATTORNEYS.

LYON & HACKLEMAN, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law. Office over M. L. Stewart & Co's Bank, Washington Street, Owosso, Mich.

JEROME W. TURNER. JEROME E. TURNER.
TURNER & TURNER, Attorneys at Law. Special attention paid to collections. Office over the Postoffice, Washington Street, Owosso.

S. J. SMITH, Attorney and Counsellor at Law. Office over McHardy's Store, corner Washington and Main streets, Owosso, Mich.

B. F. TAYLOR, Justice of the Peace and Notary at Law. Office over the express office corner of Washington and Main streets. Collections made; conveyancing and other legal papers executed. All business entrusted to him will ensure prompt attention.

ALBERT CHANDLER, Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery. Office two doors north of Central Hotel, Corunna, Mich. xx145tf

DENTISTRY.

H. B. Peterson,
DENTIST,
Washington Street, Owosso.

H. B. HADLEY,
DENTIST.
Vitalized Air used in extracting Teeth when desired. Office over Stewart & Co's Bank,
OWOSSO, xxl40tf MICH.

GEORGE H. BEDFORD,
Carriage and Sign Painter.
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES and WAGONS painted and repaired in FINEST STYLE.
Exchange St., Owosso, Mich.

CHARLES R. HOLMAN,
Carraige, Buggy and Wagon Painter.
Work done in FINEST STYLE.
Main Street, Matthews' Brick Shop, up stairs.
vol xxlv36

Wm. JOPLING,
VETERINARY SURGEON.
Treats all diseases of Horses and Cattle. Office and Infirmary Main Street west. xxlv27y1

THE OWOSSO PRESS.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER [illegible] 1886

WEATHER RECORD

[illegible]
SATURDAY
SUNDAY
MONDAY
TUESDAY
WEDNESDAY [illegible]

CITY AND COUNTY

[illegible]

Water works at [illegible]

[illegible] Monday, the 25th, read [illegible]

At F. M. Highway's Gib. [illegible] last Wednesday morning. Mother [illegible] twin girls.

The Detroit Graphic News is growing in popularity [illegible] at the news stands.

[illegible] P. A. Parmum and E. Gould, who removed to Detroit, have returned to Owosso to live.

—Mr. J. Lewis Gould and wife, of Bay City, have been guests of Rev. and Mrs. D. W. Sharts, for a few days past.

—Mrs. H. L. Sprague, dress maker, has removed from West Owosso to the Keyte place, corner of Ball and Williams street.

—We are indebted to Holman, of the postoffice news stand for a fine card sheet of the Democratic State candidates.

—J. J. Davis's special cloak sale commences to-day. See his advertisement, second page, where he tells all about it.

—Now Banister booms his tea and coffee in big, black letters. See for yourselves the bargains he offers to customers.

—The Estey factory last week shipped three car loads of furniture to New York City; two more car loads will be shipped this week.

—Mrs. E. G. Willoughby, of the medical department of the University, took a run on the new road yesterday and came home for a few days.

—Mr. G. S. Beardsley has now sold his photograph gallery at Corunna, to Mr. C. H. Ford, and is again in Owosso "for the time being," he says.

—Stanley S. Parkill is re-elected Secretary of the State Pharmaceutical Association, a compliment he well earned by faithful work the past year.

—Mr. Joseph Manning is growing weaker daily physically, and his mental malady sometimes makes him almost uncontrollable by his friends.

—Mr. R. Converse, who favors THE PRESS with a treat of snow apples, says his apples have been almost a failure this year; worms are the trouble.

—Black announces his grand opening and special cloak sales in new advertisement, to which readers are referred for particulars as to time and attractions.

—Mr. Joseph Spross, the well-known cornet player, has permanently located in Owosso. He wishes to state that he will give lessons to a few scholars on the cornet.

—Brown & Mahaney announce another benefit sale of cloaks for the ladies of Shiawassee county. Their new advertisement explains what they propose to do. Read it.

—Note McBain's advertisement. He has an elegant stock of merchant tailoring goods. It will do your eyes good to look at them, if you do not buy—they are, as he says, so nice.

—For a week past, Ray, the bright little son of Edwin A. Gould, has been dangerously ill of typhoid fever. We are pleased to learn he is considerably better, with prospects of recovery.

—The round house of the new T. & A. road at South Lyon is being removed to Owosso, which throws 70 men out of employment at that place; the company are also putting in a turn table at this station.

Corunna correspondence of the Byron Herald:

Frank H. Watson, present circuit court commissioner, has been nominated candidate for representative to the legislature for the 2d District. Owing to the fact that he comes to Corunna regularly every Sunday night, and sometimes week days, there are many who think he is trying to represent the first district too. The young man is a hustler.

Advertised Letters.

Letters advertised at the Owosso P. O. for the week ending Oct. 16, 1886:

Frank Baldwin, Mary Cox, Frank Carrall, Wm. DerPree, Richard Smith, J. P. Roberts, M. J. Olds, Miss M. A. Baker, Burt Baron.

Foreign—Mrs. John Reid, Wm. Alexander.

Persons calling for the above letters will please say they are advertised.

N. BALL, P. M.

May Lose Rev. Mr. Walton

Rev. W. M. Walton, Rector of [illegible] Church, [illegible] Sunday morning. Mother [illegible] twin girls.

[illegible]

TO NIGHT.

Wellington R. Burr, of Saginaw, will speak at the Union meeting this evening instead of Mr. Barry, who could not come. All come out and hear some plain Christian doctrine.

All Aboard for Ann Arbor!

Last Monday the first train from the south on the Toledo, Ann Arbor & Northern Mich. R. R. arrived in Owosso from Ann Arbor—a free ride. There were twenty one passengers from Howell, several of whom paid THE PRESS office a visit, among them, A. Riley Crittenden, a former teacher in the Corunna school, now collection attorney and real estate agent in Howell. There is one train daily this week, next week another will be added. The train arrives at Owosso at 2:25 p. m., and leaves on return at 3 o'clock.

The Chautauqua Circle met on Monday evening at the Methodist Chapel and completed the organization with twenty-one regular members. Officers were elected as follows:

President—Mrs. T. Stalker.
Vice Pres.—Mrs. H. B. Tillotson
Secretary—Chas. D. Stewart.
Treasurer—Miss Gertrude White.

Meetings will be held every two weeks at private houses.

—Mr. Duff wishes us to say that the new hymn books for the Congregational Church and society are now on sale at Shattuck's store, and that he prays in behalf of all concerned that they may be speedily and liberally taken—for ourselves and the strangers that visit us.

THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS adjourned on Saturday, making a session of one week. Among the petitions presented was one asking that a proposition be submitted to the electors of the county for an appropriation to pay the debt of the County Agricultural Society, $2,700 for the purchase of the Fair grounds. The petition was tabled until the January session. We shall give a summary of the proceedings of the Board later.

—Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Harding have returned from a three months' trip to their old home among the rocks and hills of New England after an absence of twenty years. They visited at Southbridge, Mass., Manton and Woonsocket, R. I., and Boston, Mass. They have had a glorious time.

—The Episcopal picnic, Saturday, at the Indian clearing, up the river, was a delightful time for the children. A huge bonfire, assisted by a kettle of steaming lemonade, kept them warm, and sundry games furnished a jolly time.

BIRTHDAY PARTY.—Last Saturday evening a birthday party was given to Mr. George Davis, superintendent of construction of the T., A. A. & N. M. R. R., at the residence of Mr. Dan Flarity, on Michigan Avenue, and a large number of Mr. Davis's friends were present to congratulate him on his 26th birthday. The evening's entertainment consisted chiefly of music furnished by Joseph Spross, August Wesener, and Miss Bertha Wesener. It was pronounced grand and was warmly applauded, and each and every one went home feeling that they had passed a very pleasant evening and had been royally entertained by Mr and Mrs. Flarity.

—The high winds of last Thursday did great damage in the state. In several places plate glass windows were blown in, and buildings taken from their foundations. The terrible storm in Texas is described in our news columns. There is great suffering there.

The trial of Jud Crouch for the Crouch family murder will take place at the November term of the Jackson circuit court. Gov. Blair, for the prosecution, says the trial will surely take place, as the evidence recently obtained will insure a trial.

The salt works at East Tawas have shut down on account of a surplus of the product, throwing many out of employment. Oblged to sell in the home market, it is found to be over stocked, and so laborers are protected (?) against employment for the winter.

A Library [illegible]

[illegible]

W. C. T. U. [illegible]

[illegible]

Grand California Excursion.

In response to the urgent demand of numerous patrons for an opportunity to visit the Pacific coast during the coming winter, the Great Rock Island Route announces that the first of a series of grand first-class excursions to San Francisco and Los Angeles will leave Chicago, October 26th, inst., the rate per round trip having been made extremely low. Tickets with stop over privileges, good for going passage 30 days west of Missouri river, and good for return 60 months after date of issue, with choice of routes either via Council Bluffs or Kansas City. For Pullman sleeping car accommodations, or detailed information relating to this or subsequent excursions, address E. A. Holbrook, General Ticket and Passenger agent C. R. I. & P. Ry.

The wool tariff question, which seems to perplex the politicians, is not so very complex, after all. The wool-raiser gets the benefit of a tariff varying from 3 to 12 cents per pound and 11 per cent ad valorem, and as a set off to this advantage (if advantage it can be called) has the privilege of paying 40 to 50 cents per square yard and 35 per cent. ad valorem for his carpets, 6 cents per square yard to 50 cents per pound and 35 per cent. for dress goods, 50 cents per pound and 40 per cent for wool cloths, clothing, and so on. Now let the farmer take a rainy day and cipher out the advantage and great blessing of a tariff on wool.—[Barry County Democrat.

Real Estate Transfers.

Reported Expressly for THE PRESS.

BYRON.

F. E. Welch and R. E. Kelsey to Alex'r Orr, part lot 2, block 15, $200.

BANCROFT.

Carrie E. Hemenway to Amos Foster, pt lot 2, block 8, $2500.

CORUNNA.

Elizabeth Thompson to Eliza Lindsley, lot 4, block 16, $1.

LAINGSBURG.

Chas. H. Baker to Louisa Dowler, lots 1 and 2, block 11, $200.

OWOSSO CITY.

Louis Flickinger to Nettie A. Gardner, lots 17 and 18, block 3, A. L. Williams's add., $1635.

John Snyder to James H. Laverock, 1-5 acre sec 18, $100.

James H. Laverock to Daniel Burhans, 1-5 acre sec 18, $100.

RUSH.

David L. Henderson to George W. Drown, 3 acres sec 23, $400.

SCIOTA.

Thos. Laveck to Edward McKowne, 20 acres sec 12, $800.

LOCAL NOTICES.

The best place in the city to buy HATS, is at Mrs. Ewer's.

TO RENT—My house, corner of Ball and Williams Streets.
MRS. G. BUTTERFIELD.

SATURDAY, we shall offer a nice line of fine **Colored Dress Silks** worth $1.25, for **only $1 per yard.** See our south window.
OSBURN & SONS.

WANTED, a situation by a woman to work in a private family, or as house keeper. Apply at THE PRESS office for information. rt*

—Everything New and Stylish in Millinery at MRS. EWER'S.

Our Bargains in nice suits and **Over Coats** beat them all. We thought we had enough but have had to order more made.
OSBURN & SONS.
7-8 Owosso.

MRS. EWER has just received an elegant line of Winter Millinery in addition to the immense stock she always keeps.

LOST—Tuesday evening, Oct. 12, 1886, a Ladies' Swiss Gold Watch, between D., G. H. & M. R. R. depot, Owosso, and residence in Corunna, via 7 o'clock train east. No. 13264, Hunting Case, engine turned, key winder. The ring in handle missing. A reward given for watch. Watch been used 25 years. JAMES CUMMINS.

ORDINANCE.

[illegible]

ORDINANCE.

[illegible]

MARRIED.

TURBS—CURTIS.—In this city, 13th inst., by Justice B. F. Taylor, Robert E. Turbs and Sarah E. Curtis all of this city.

FARM FOR SALE.

A desirable, small Farm located 8 rods west of the T., A. A. & N. M. R. R. Depot, in the Village of Byron, Shiawassee Co., Mich., known as the S. K. Tubbs Farm, containing 65 acres, good buildings. For particulars inquire on the premises, or of E. B. or T. J. Tubbs, Owosso, Mich.
Oct. 20, 1886. 4-20*

SLAUGHTER SALE

OF

Family Bibles and Photograph Albums

For the Next 20 Days,

AT

G. W. LORING & SON'S.

There can be no doubt that we have the best stock of Underwear for Ladies, Men, Boys and Children in this county. Also Shawls, Cloaks and Dress Goods. Look at our **50c** Merino and **$1.00** Scarlet Wool Knit Underwear.
OSBURN & SONS.
7-8 Owosso.

If you want to see a fine line of Window Shades or Wall Paper, go to G. W. LORING & SON'S. 6-8*

—To everybody wanting Flannels, Blankets and Yarns, we still sell our celebrated Pennsylvania Flannels and Yarns. *Remember* these goods cannot be found in any other store in the county.
OSBURN & SONS.
7-8 Owosso.

THE OWOSSO PRESS

WEDNESDAY

DR. BRECKINRIDGE

[illegible]

Young [illegible] Presbyterian [illegible] Kentucky [illegible] Presbyterian [illegible] Dr. Breckinridge [illegible] Stuart Robinson [illegible] learning, were no less distinguished by ardent and unyielding convictions and aggressive, positive tempers, which inclined them to show no quarter in controversy, and to regard with very little favor either an opponent's opinions or character. Dr. Breckinridge was an uncompromising union man and fierce contemner of everything connected with secession and the south.

Once during the war he was indulging before an auditory of mixed politics in a bitter diatribe against Morgan's command. A lady hearer of fervent southern sympathies, having listened for some time in silence, but with much impatience, at length exclaimed:

"I am astonished to hear you speak in that way, Dr. Breckinridge, of Morgan's command, when you have two sons who are officers in it."

"Well, really, madam," said the doctor, blandly, "I hadn't forgotten that fact. But I can't say that I have heard that they bring up the average of that crowd to any considerable extent."

"Then what have you to say about Tom Bullitt?" queried his fair enemy, triumphantly. "You have always declared him to be the very best young man, you know. He has been your favorite and model, yet he has been with Morgan all the time."

"That," said the doctor, after a moment of apparently profound reflection, "was long a matter of sore distress to me, as well as of great wonder and perplexity. I could not understand how the Lord could permit it. But finally the thought came to me like a revelation, that if Tom Bullitt hadn't run off and joined Morgan, his mother would have made him study theology with Stuart Robinson, and I humbly recognized that the ways of Providence are best."—*Southern Biconac.*

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr C. A. Osborn, Owosso.

THE DETROIT EVENING NEWS

Will be delivered to subscribers in this city at the rate of 10 cents a week. Subscriptions should be made to HARRY GOULD Agent, Owosso.

—Detroit Weekly Free Press and the OWOSSO PRESS for one year for $2.25.

New York Weekly Star and the OWOSSO PRESS for one year for **$2.25.**

$2.75 will pay for the Michigan Farmer clubbed with the OWOSSO PRESS for one year, postage paid.

$3.60 for the Country Gentleman and THE WEEKLY PRESS.

$4.80 will pay for THE PRESS and Harper's Magazine, or Harper's Bazar, or Harper's Weekly.

$5.00 for The Century Magazine and THE PRESS.

$4.00 for St. Nicholas and THE PRESS.

OWOSSO PRESS $1.50 a year

Local and Otherwise.

[illegible]

ALUMINUM.

[illegible] When Iron's Great [illegible] Metle Available.

We have no authentic history of the gradual introduction of iron into the uses of civilized man. But given the rough brown or gray stone that we have in our eyes, it is evident that the whole was not transformed in an hour or a day into the [illegible] temper of the Damascus blade. It is also probable that while it was still a rare and expensive metal, available only to those who were high in wealth and rank, that the possibilities of its varied structure were well known. But to bring all of these varied uses to which it has attained within the grasp of the ordinary man has taken untold centuries of pains and labor, and discovery upon discovery has been required to develop it.

Now a new metal is coming upon the field, which some claim will soon be all its own, and iron, the metal heretofore without a peer, and greatest factor of human progress must step down and out. Aluminum, they say, can be hardened till the diamond is its only rival; it can be drawn into a wire so fine or hammered into sheets so thin that the goldbeater alone can do the work; the tensile strength of its wire rises to 100,000 pounds to the square inch of section; water and the atmosphere cannot corrode it; it will burnish like polished silver; blows cannot crystallize it, and its conductivity of heat surpasses that of copper. Then its alloys make an anti-friction metal that goes beyond the power of brass or babbitt to produce.

Before such qualities as these iron pales into the merest insignificance. But before we throw away our hammer and chisel or break our locomotive up let us look at what has made iron the metal of the world. It is easily summed up in the two words, "its cheapness." With crude iron at one cent a pound all things seem possible for it to accomplish, but multiply it by ten and all our commonest conveniences will vanish like breath.

Sixty years ago a drop of aluminum was produced in a German laboratory after a search for fifty years with the best appliance of the time, and twenty years more were necessary to produce a larger bead. Then in ten years more the metal was on the market at $32 per pound.

Since then chemistry has been struggling with the task, and by its constant efforts the price has dropped to $15 for a pound, and now a new discoverer tells that it can be put upon the market at $4 to the pound. We know the metal well and the chemist has tried it in his laboratory; he has hammered and drawn, and melted and hardened, until every quality is known, but still the price must make it rare. It costs one-eighth the price of thirty years ago, and still it is 400 times the cost of iron. So it matters little that it stands third in quantity of all the substances of which the earth is formed, that it lies about us in every bed of clay, or shale, and that nearly every rock is but an ore bed with wondrous possibilities; so long as Nature holds the key by which it can be unlocked and freed from the combinations in which we find it, it cannot take the place of iron. That this may come in time is not beyond the range of what can be regarded as a possibility, but it must come by slow and labored steps; meanwhile our iron will hold its own and be used as heretofore, while aluminum must be a laboratory metal for a while, and get occasional application in the more expensive implements of science.—*Power.*

The Mayor's Message.—May we be pardoned for requesting the Mayor to incorporate in his next message the fact that many of our most prominent citizens have been cured of rheumatism, neuralgia and kindred complaints by Salvation Oil, and to recommend this valuable medicine.

It must be good, for everybody recommends it. We mean Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Price 25 cents.

The People

Are now to understand that in connection with our MATTRESS and SPRING BED BUSINESS,

We are making

A SPECIALTY OF

Upholstered Patent Rockers,

—IN—

Covering of Ramies, Terries, Hair Cloth, Silks, Plushes, &c.

—ALL KINDS OF—

Upholstery Work

MADE AND REPAIRED.

UNION MATTRESS CO.,

Exchange Street, Owosso

[illegible] Bridge [illegible] Men

[illegible] Roebling was one of the most considerate men that I ever knew. Once when I had one of my fingers crushed in the laying of a stone he told me to take care of my finger and let the work go to the dogs. When he would see me around the work he would come up and ask me how I felt, and tell me to go home that I wasn't losing any money, but I might lose a finger, and he didn't want it that way. My salary went on all the same, and the surgeon's bill was paid by Mr. Roebling, and I was given extra compensation for having been hurt."

"I didn't work on the great Brooklyn bridge which was built by Roebling's son, but I would like to have been there. If I had been working there I would have objected to young Roebling spending so much time in the pits. He knew as well as anyone that it was dangerous to his life, but he was actuated by professional pride, and would not trust the personal supervision of the work to anyone. He and his father were the greatest bridge-builders in America. Both of them lost their lives in their devotion to their art, and it is not probable that there will again be found in the United States two men who will be so solely given up to a purpose."—*Pittsburg Post.*

Even the chickens, after drinking, look up to heaven.

ITCH, PRAIRIE MANGE and SCRATCHES of every kind cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Use no other.—This never fails. Sold by J. F. Laubengayer, Druggist, Owosso, Michigan. 39

Yorkshire, Eng., miners demand a 10 per cent. advance. If a strike takes place 40,000 persons will be affected.

Can't Sleep Nights is the complaint of thousands suffering from Asthma, Consumption, Coughs, etc. Did you ever try Acker's English Remedy? It is the best preparation known for all Lung Troubles, sold on a positive guarantee at 10c., 50c.

For sale by Bigelow & Bigelow.

Henry Ward Beecher, during his recent visit to Wales, discovered that Mary Roberts, who left Llanddewi Brefi for America in 1726, was his great-grandmother.

Excitement in Texas.

Great excitement has been caused in the vicinity of Paris, Tex., by the remarkable recovery of Mr. J. E. Corley, who was so hepless he could not turn in bed, or raise his head; everybody said he was dying of Consumption. A trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery was sent him. Finding relief, he bought a large bottle and a box of Dr. King's New Life Pills; by the time he had taken two boxes of Pills and two bottles of the Discovery, he was well and had gained in flesh thirty-six pounds.

Trial bottles of this Great Discovery for Consumption free at C. A. OSBORN'S Drug Store.

Paganini is said to have played on three strings of the violin simultaneously without cutting the bridge, as Ole Bull did.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

The BUYERS' GUIDE is issued Sept. and March, each year. 312 pages, 8½x11½ inches, with over 3,500 illustrations—a whole Picture Gallery. GIVES Wholesale Prices *direct to consumers* on all goods for personal or family use. Tells how to order, and gives exact cost of everything you use, eat, drink, wear, or have fun with. These INVALUABLE BOOKS contain information gleaned from the markets of the world. We will mail a copy FREE to any address upon receipt of 10 cts. to defray expense of mailing. Let us hear from you. Respectfully,

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.
227 & 229 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

JOB WORK executed with neatness and dispatch at THE OWOSSO PRESS office.

Rheumatism Can be Cured

Notwithstanding there are many thousands suffering from this painful and dangerous disease, who have expended fortunes in doctoring in the hope that they might be cured. But Rheumatism, like Scrofula and Salt Rheum, is a disease of the blood, caused by excess of *uric* or *lithic* acid in the blood. It has baffled the skill of our best physicians all over the land, and there are to-day more men, women and children suffering from this terrible disease than ever before, and the opinion seems almost universal that it is incurable, but this is a mistaken idea for it *can* be *cured*. But not in a day or week, as many seem to expect. Nothing short of a thorough treatment with a remedy that will cleanse the blood of the *acrid* poison and that will build up the debilitated system, enrich the blood, increase the circulation and restore the liver and kidneys to healthy action can effect a permanent cure.

A remedy compounded from roots, herbs, barks and fruits, whose curative properties are particularly adapted to all diseases of the blood, and when used as directed will cure any case of Rheumatism, either chronic, acute, inflammatory or sciatic, is Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup. This remedy stands far ahead of all others for the cure of the diseases above mentioned, and the proprietors have that confidence in its curative powers that they will give $100 for any case of Rheumatism, Salt Rheum, Scrofula or Erysipelas it will not *help* or *cure*.

Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup is put up in large bottles, and is sold by druggists generally at $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00, or we will send it to any address on receipt of price.

If you are a sufferer from any of the above diseases, or any disease of the blood or skin, do not delay but go at once and get one-half dozen bottles of Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup and you will bless the day you heard of it.

Send for our pamphlet and read of those who have been cured by its use. Address

RHEUMATIC SYRUP CO.,
Jackson, Mich

A buzz-saw is most dangerous when you don't see its teeth; a bull-dog when you do.

Many Of the good things of this life are sorrowfully let alone on account of Dyspepsia. Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Constipation; sold on a positive guarantee at 25 and 50 cents, by

For sale by Bigelow & Bigelow.

The world owes every man living, but some of us are finding collections very slow.

Acker's Blood Elixir is the only Blood Remedy guaranteed. It is a positive cure for Ulcers, Eruptions or Syphilitic Poisoning. It purifies the whole system, and banishes all Rheumatic and Neuralgic pains. We guarantee it.

For sale by Bigelow & Bigelow.

What a dangerous world this is, when you think of it. How very few get out of it alive!

HALE'S HONEY is the best Cough Cure, 25, 50c., $1.
GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP heals and beautifies, 25c.
GERMAN CORN REMOVER kills Corns & Bunions, 25c.
HILL'S HAIR & WHISKER DYE—Black or Brown, 50c.
PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS [illegible]
DEAN'S RHEUMATIC PILLS [illegible]

C. W. Matthews

MAKE TO ORDER ALL KINDS OF

Carriages, Wagons, Platform Spring Wagons, Sleighs, Cutters, Etc., Etc.

HORSESHOEING A SPECIALTY.

Also GENERAL JOBBING. Corner of Main and Ball Streets, Owosso. 50tf

LUMBER! LUMBER!

I. L. PECK,

—DEALER IN—

LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES, PINE MOULDINGS, AND BUILDING MATERIAL.

Has on hand some dry Oak and Ash.

People building will do well to call before purchasing. Will not be undersold; bound to sell more than ever.

Yard on Washington street, south of Milwaukee R. R., and east of White Bro's Planing Mill, where planing and matching will be done in good order and on short notice.

Owosso, Mich. v2x1y1tf

GOLD fields are scarce, but those who write to Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine, will receive free, full information about work which they can do, and live at home, that will pay them from $5 to $25 per day. Some have earned over $50 in a day. Either sex, young or old. Capital not required. You are started free. Those who start at once are absolutely sure of snug little fortunes. All is new.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 192 Fulton Street, N. Y.

T. Nelan,

CARRIAGE MAKER.

Shop north-east corner of Water and Exchange Streets, Owosso.

Orders solicited for all kinds of vehicles, from a Wheelbarrow to an Omnibus.

Work Guaranteed as good as the best.

A good supply of finished work constantly on hand.

BLACKSMITHING

In connection with the Carriage Shop for all sorts of jobbing in that line, including

Horseshoeing.

—THE LARGEST STOCK OF—

DOUBLE HARNESS

Single Harness,

TRUNKS, VALISES, WHIPS, COMBS, BRUSHES, &c.,

In the county of Shiawassee will be found at the

NEW STORE

—OF—

Moses Keyte,

ON WASHINGTON ST.,

Brick Store south of National Hotel, a

Rock Bottom Prices.

COME AND SEE ME.

Owosso, March 26, 1885.

INSURANCE.

GEORGE COLT will insure against Fire, Tornadoes and Wind Storms, on City and Farm Property, for the counties of Shiawassee and Livingston. Office at E. R. Hutchins' Law Office, Washington Street. 30

Railroads.

Detroit Grand Haven & Milwaukee R. R.

GOING EAST.

Trains leave Owosso as follows: Steamboat Express, 5.00 a. m. Mail, 1.45 p. m. Evening Express, at 6.55 p. m. Limited Express, 8.58 p. m.

GOING WEST.

Mixed, 6.00 a. m. Morning Express, 10.00 a. m. Mail, 1.55 p. m. Steamboat Express, 7.35 p. m. Night Express, 1.50 a. m. Mixed arrives at 7.10 p. m.

Refreshments at Detroit, Owosso and Grand Haven. The Telegraph Line for the Public.

Sleeping Cars between Grand Haven and Suspension Bridge and between Detroit and Grand Rapids.

CONNECTIONS.

AT DETROIT—Great Western Railway to points east. Michigan Central, Michigan Southern and Grand Trunk Railroads.

AT MILWAUKEE—With the Milwaukee and St. Paul, Western Union, Milwaukee and Northern and Chicago and Northwestern Railways to all points north and west.

The Railway Company's Ferry Steamer leaves D. G. H. & M. Dock, Detroit, on arrival of trains. Tickets are sold at the Detroit, Grand Haven and Milwaukee Railroad Ticket Office, to all principal places in the United States.

W. J. SPICER, General Manager.

In effect May 16th, 1886.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

The Niagara Falls Route.

SAGINAW DIVISION

Time Table.—Sept. 6, 1885

Trains Leave Owosso.

NORTH.		SOUTH.	
Mackinac Exp	9.22 a. m	Chicago Exp	8.58 a. m
Bay City Exp	7.13 p. m	Chicago Exp	7.42 p. m
		Thro Freight,	8.58 a. m

Mail and Express connect at Jackson for Chicago and the West.

Mail has Sleeping Car through, to and from Bay City and Chicago.

Information as to Tickets to all points East and West can be obtained of A. E. WORCESTER, Agt.

GW. RUGGLES, Gen'l Pass. & Ticket Agt.

Toledo, Ann Arbor & North Mich. Ry

[NORTHERN DIVISION.]

TRAINS SOUTH. A. M.	STATIONS.	TRAINS NORTH. P. M.
*6.20	ST. LOUIS	D†10.00
6.25	S. V. & ST. L. CROSSING	9.45
6.36	CHURCH'S	9.35
6.50	ITHICA	9.24
*7.00	DOUGLASS	*9.06
7.26	ASHLEY	8.40
7.42	BANISTER	8.24
8.07	ELSIE	D8.14
*8.16	CARLAND	*8.00
*8.45	OWOSSO	D†7.40

*Trains do not stop for Passengers. D. Daily. Telegraph Stations. †Daily except Sunday. *Flag Stations.

J. C. CARLAND, Train Master. H. W. ASHLEY, Gen'l Supt.

A MAN

WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY, WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP, THAT THE

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RY

By reason of its central position, close relation to principal lines East of Chicago and continuous lines at terminal points West, Northwest and Southwest—is the only true middle-link in that transcontinental system which invites and facilitates travel and traffic in either direction between the Atlantic and Pacific.

The Rock Island main line and branches include Chicago, Joliet, Ottawa, La Salle, Peoria, Geneseo, Moline and Rock Island, in Illinois; Davenport, Muscatine, Washington, Fairfield, Ottumwa, Oskaloosa, West Liberty, Iowa City, Des Moines, Indianola, Winterset, Atlantic, Knoxville, Audubon, Harlan, Guthrie Centre and Council Bluffs, in Iowa; Gallatin, Trenton, St. Joseph, Cameron, and Kansas City, in Missouri; Leavenworth and Atchison, in Kansas; Albert Lea, Minneapolis and St. Paul, in Minnesota; Watertown in Dakota, and hundreds of intermediate cities, towns and villages.

THE GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE

Guarantees Speed, Comfort and Safety to those who travel over it. Its roadbed is thoroughly ballasted. Its track is of heavy steel. Its bridges are solid structures of stone and iron. Its rolling stock is perfect as human skill can make it. It has all the safety appliances that mechanical genius has invented and experience proved valuable. Its practical operation is conservative and methodical—its discipline strict and exacting. The luxury of its passenger accommodations is unequaled in the West—unsurpassed in the world.

ALL EXPRESS TRAINS between Chicago and the Missouri River consist of comfortable DAY COACHES, magnificent PULLMAN PALACE PARLOR and SLEEPING CARS, elegant DINING CARS providing excellent meals, and—between Chicago, St. Joseph, Atchison and Kansas City—restful RECLINING CHAIR CARS.

THE FAMOUS ALBERT LEA ROUTE

Is the direct, favorite line between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul. Over this route solid Fast Express Trains run daily to the summer resorts, picturesque localities and hunting and fishing grounds of Iowa and Minnesota. The rich wheat fields and grazing lands of interior Dakota are reached via Watertown.

A short, desirable route, via Seneca and Kankakee, offers superior inducements to travelers between Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Lafayette and Council Bluffs, St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth, Kansas City, Minneapolis, St. Paul and intermediate points.

All classes of patrons, especially families, ladies and children, receive from officials and employes of Rock Island trains protection, respectful courtesy and kindly attention.

For Tickets, Maps, Folders—obtainable at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada—or any desired information, address,

R. R. CABLE, Pres't & Gen'l M'g'r, Chicago. E. ST. JOHN, Ass't Gen'l M'g'r, Chicago. E. A. HOLBROOK, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Agt., Chicago.

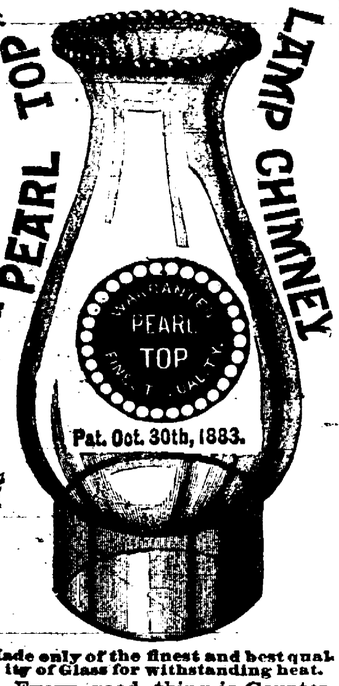
ZOA-PHORA

Is the best remedy for all complaints peculiar to women.

Sold by every ...

IMMUNITY from ANNOYANCE

"PEARL TOP" LAMP CHIMNEY



Made only of the finest and best quality of Glass for withstanding heat.

Every good thing is Counterfeited, and consumers are CAUTIONED against IMITATIONS of these Chimneys made of VERY POOR GLASS. See that the exact label is on each chimney as above. The Pearl Top is always clear and bright Glass.

Manufactured ONLY by

GEO. A. MACBETH & CO.

Pittsburgh Lead Glass Works.

FOR SALE BY DEALERS.

CATARRH

HAY-FEVER

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Is not a liquid, snuff or powder. Applied into nostrils is quickly absorbed. It cleanses the head. Allays inflammation. Heals the sores. Restores the senses of taste and smell.

50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents.

ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N.Y.

MR. JAMES HAGLEY, section foreman C. & N. W. R. R., Wilkie, Ottio, had neuralgia

A Whole Night

Suffering a year, his suffering from Neuralgia was so great. Three doses of ATHLOPHOROS cured him.

The wonderful cure of one of the most common and painful forms of neuralgia, has baffled all medical skill and science. The discovery of ATHLOPHOROS is deemed almost, if not quite, incurable. Athlophoros promptly and permanently cures it. This statement, though strange, is vouched by the facts. Thousands have tested its value and recommend it as the great remedy that brings relief. For ladies subject to neuralgia or nervous headaches it is invaluable. Athlophoros contains no opium, morphine, or other dangerous ingredient. It is absolutely harmless and universally successful in the prompt cure of this painful disease.

Ask your druggist for Athlophoros. If you cannot get it of him, send to address and inclose price—$1.00 per bottle. We prefer that you buy it from your druggist, but if he hasn't it in stock we will forward on receipt of price, in order as much from us as directed.

ATHLOPHOROS CO., 52 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

Lessons in Phonography

—o—

WILLIS E. MANNING, Owosso, Mich., PRACTICAL PHONOGRAPHER, will receive a few pupils in SHORT HAND WRITING, either by mail or in person.

THE OWOSSO PRESS. WASHINGTON NEWS ... ADDITIONAL

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER ...

Horr Falsifies the Record.

Mr. H ... of the ... grants ... RESOLVED, That ... public lands ... and administered ... secure freeh ... laws facilitating ... the public lands or authorizing or permitting the entry or purchase ... bodies ought to be repealed ... the public lands ... subject to county grants and those in aid of education ... for the benefit of actual and bona fide settlers, and disposed of under the provisions of the homestead laws only.

RESOLVED, That the committee on the public lands is hereby instructed to report to the House Bills to carry into effect the views expressed in the foregoing resolutions; that said committee shall be authorized to report such bills at any time, subject only to revenue and appropriation bills, and the same shall in like order be entitled to consideration.

And in a speech on page 548 of Congressional Record of the Forty-ninth Congress you say: "I know there is a clamor about having given public lands to these corporations; but I stand here to-day and I say I believe that it can be proven to the satisfaction of every man that that policy has done as much to develope this country as any policy that was ever adopted in the United States."

An aye and nay vote was taken on that resolution, and you are one of the 17 members of Congress that voted against its adoption. Therefore you are opposed to forfeiture.

Again you say: "And the law to-day, which enables people to get homes by going in the forest and settling on them, by pre-emption or by the forestry right, those laws were every one of them passed by a Republican Congress and signed by a Republican President." [Great applause.]

Poor, deluded people, to applaud such a statement. Why, Mr. Horr, you were talking to people that pre-empted lands in the state of Michigan before the Republican party was born.

Don't you know that the pre-emption law was passed as early as September 4, 1841? And the bounty land laws were passed as early as 1847.

Again you say: "Why, the Republican party passed the laws which prevented the sale of lands at all to anyone except to men who are actual settlers on these lands."

No, you are equally wrong here; for a provision requiring actual residence upon the public pre-empted lands was incorporated in the act of 1841.

Sir; there are many other statements made by you in that speech that space will not permit me to review; but, inasmuch as you have seen fit, both by direction and indirection, to raise the issue of veracity between you and me, I feel it incumbent upon myself, and a duty to the people of this district, to place the record fairly before them.

I presume you are making the same statements elsewhere throughout this district, and now, that your position and mine may be fairly understood by the people of this district, I respectfully invite you to meet me in joint discussion at the County Seat of each county in the district and elsewhere, if you so choose, at such time as you may designate.

If you choose to accept this proposition, you, or any person representing you, may confer with Hon. Geo. H. House, Chairman of the Democratic Congressional Committee of the Eighth district of Michigan.

Yours respectfully,
T. E. TARSNEY.

East Saginaw, Oct. 4.

Forced to Leave the Republican Party.

Albert Dodge, of Fowlerville, G. W. C. T. of Michigan, Good Templars, delegate to the late Republican State Convention and to the recent Republican Anti-Saloon Convention at Chicago, has left the Republican party to join the Prohibitionists. He gives his reasons at length, summing up as follows:

(1) The conclusions above given that the Republican party is hopelessly divided upon the liquor question; (2) that the Anti-saloon Convention was not at all representative of the party; that the call for the convention asked for a convention of 1,700 delegates, from 46 states and territories, and was composed of less than 200 delegates from 20 states and territories, while 4 of the 20 were represented by only one delegate each and 5 others by only two each; (3) the party managers and the party press are nearly unanimous in either being silent about the convention, or opposing it and its objects; (4) the temperance men in the party are daily growing less, and the opposition thereto are thereby being left more in the control of party affairs. These facts force upon us the conclusion that the National Republican party not only will not endorse Prohibition, but is incapable of successfully grappling with the liquor traffic problem; that to do so would work its certain and continued defeat. I am therefore, forced to choose between two things: a hope that the ... power will be put down and the traffic outlawed on the one hand, and the Republican party and a ...

RESOLVED, That the committee on the public lands is hereby instructed to report to the House Bills to carry into effect the views expressed in the foregoing resolutions; that said committee shall be authorized to report such bills at any time, subject only to revenue and appropriation bills, and the same shall in like order be entitled to consideration.

And in a speech on page 548 of Congressional Record of the Forty-ninth Congress you say: "I know there is a clamor about having given public lands to these corporations; but I stand here to-day and I say I believe that it can be proven to the satisfaction of every man that that policy has done as much to develope this country as any policy that was ever adopted in the United States."

An aye and nay vote was taken on that resolution, and you are one of the 17 members of Congress that voted against its adoption. Therefore you are opposed to forfeiture.

Again you say: "And the law to-day, which enables people to get homes by going in the forest and settling on them, by pre-emption or by the forestry right, those laws were every one of them passed by a Republican Congress and signed by a Republican President." [Great applause.]

Poor, deluded people, to applaud such a statement. Why, Mr. Horr, you were talking to people that pre-empted lands in the state of Michigan before the Republican party was born.

Don't you know that the pre-emption law was passed as early as September 4, 1841? And the bounty land laws were passed as early as 1847.

Again you say: "Why, the Republican party passed the laws which prevented the sale of lands at all to anyone except to men who are actual settlers on these lands."

No, you are equally wrong here; for a provision requiring actual residence upon the public pre-empted lands was incorporated in the act of 1841.

Sir; there are many other statements made by you in that speech that space will not permit me to review; but, inasmuch as you have seen fit, both by direction and indirection, to raise the issue of veracity between you and me, I feel it incumbent upon myself, and a duty to the people of this district, to place the record fairly before them.

I presume you are making the same statements elsewhere throughout this district, and now, that your position and mine may be fairly understood by the people of this district, I respectfully invite you to meet me in joint discussion at the County Seat of each county in the district and elsewhere, if you so choose, at such time as you may designate.

If you choose to accept this proposition, you, or any person representing you, may confer with Hon. Geo. H. House, Chairman of the Democratic Congressional Committee of the Eighth district of Michigan.

Yours respectfully,
T. E. TARSNEY.

East Saginaw, Oct. 4.

Forced to Leave the Republican Party.

Albert Dodge, of Fowlerville, G. W. C. T. of Michigan, Good Templars, delegate to the late Republican State Convention and to the recent Republican Anti-Saloon Convention at Chicago, has left the Republican party to join the Prohibitionists. He gives his reasons at length, summing up as follows:

(1) The conclusions above given that the Republican party is hopelessly divided upon the liquor question; (2) that the Anti-saloon Convention was not at all representative of the party; that the call for the convention asked for a convention of 1,700 delegates, from 46 states and territories, and was composed of less than 200 delegates from 20 states and territories, while 4 of the 20 were represented by only one delegate each and 5 others by only two each; (3) the party managers and the party press are nearly unanimous in either being silent about the convention, or opposing it and its objects; (4) the temperance men in the party are daily growing less, and the opposition thereto are thereby being left more in the control of party affairs. These facts force upon us the conclusion that the National Republican party not only will not endorse Prohibition, but is incapable of successfully grappling with the liquor traffic problem; that to do so would work its certain and continued defeat. I am therefore, forced to choose between two things: a hope that the ... power will be put down and the traffic outlawed on the one hand, and the Republican party and a ...

... Canada when this ... many line becomes known. But we have lost so many prominent citizens to the unfortunate dominion that we are grief-hardened. I ... that the boy-baby sign doesn't mean a civil war; we have had enough of that. But, when the girl babies outnumber the boys it will be plainly understood that no other sort of war is surely forefoot the domestic war. This ... one ...

Cleveland Sun.

GENERAL NEWS.

The republicans of New Jersey have nominated B. Frank Howay for governor.

The Chicago ball club has won the championship, defeating Detroit by three games.

De Lesseps will attend the dedication of Bartholdi's statue at New York, three weeks hence.

Austin F. Pike, senator from New Hampshire, died Friday at Franklin Falls, at the age of 77.

A party of boys, hunting on a farm near Ozark, Arkansas, accidentally killed John Walker, a prominent attorney.

The Detroit brewers have locked out five hundred employes, and have resolved to submit to no dictation from trades unions.

John Arensdorf, of Sioux City, charged with the murder of Rev. George C. Haddock, secured a continuance by giving bond in $25,000.

Minister Jackson, on leaving the City of Mexico, was presented by the American colony with a handsome oil painting of the valley of Mexico.

T. J. Cluverius, who murdered Miss Fannie L. Morrison near the reservoir in Richmond, Virginia, has been sentenced to be hanged December 10.

At Belleville, Illinois, a great sensation was created by an attempt by Justice Shallenar to kill Dr. Washington West, on account of domestic trouble.

About one hundred masked men at Steelville, Missouri, lynched R. P. Wallace, the alleged murderer of the Logan family at Cuba. The prisoner refused to confess.

It is stated that one of the Chicago roads is hauling flour from St. Paul at $15 per car-load, and paying $16 50 thereon for transfers, bridge tolls, and divisions with connecting roads.

The grand jury at Columbus, Ohio, found a bill for bribery against B. H. Marriott, formerly deputy warden of the penitentiary, and one for embezzlement against Samuel Perry, formerly superintendent of the state shops.

Jesse L. Williams, who died Saturday at Fort Wayne, was the father of the canal system in Ohio and Indiana, the surveyor of the Fort Wayne road, and a government director of the Union Pacific. His estate is valued at $1,000,000.

Justice Gordon of the Pennsylvania Supreme Court has decided that the store-order system, under the act of June 29, 1881, was unconstitutional and void, inasmuch as by it "persons are prevented from making their own contracts."

An amended charter has been filed in Kansas by the Chicago, Kansas and Western and the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe roads, to build and operate fifty-two lines of railway, 7,274 miles in length, with a capital stock of $154,000,000.

The corpse of Patrick Wallace, lynched at Steelville, Missouri, lay all day on a plank in the court-house, with the noose still about the neck. His parents refused to receive the body, and it was buried on a desolate hill by the authorities.

A boat which Sunday afternoon put into St. John's, Newfoundland, left the steamer Anchoria on Friday, seventy miles off shore, with a broken shaft. The steamer Miranda was immediately dispatched to render assistance to the Anchoria.

Frank S. Bond, president of the Queen and Crescent railway system, who is about to accept the vice presidency of the St. Paul road, will doubtless succeed Alexander Mitchell in the presidency, next June, as the latter desires to retire.

Captain T. E. Halleck, of New York, has purchased the log house at City Point, Virginia, in which General Grant wrote the order announcing the terms of General Lee's surrender, and will sell or give it to the Grant Monument association, to be re-erected in Riverside park.

The republicans of the Twenty-first district of Pennsylvania have nominated Welty McCullough for congress.

It is said of John L. Sullivan, ... who is now 27 months old, that when but six months old he would seize ... of a kitchen chair with one ha... hold it at arm's length. O... when he was about nine mont... was put upon his feet near a ... two-thirds full, when he seize... ed it from the floor. Now, ... ing in the open air, ... stones that it would ... or 12 years to manage.

Never allow a pipe ... your barns and stable...

Money acquire... makes not a ...

He that ... to ...

THE GENERAL LAND OFFICE.

Commissioner Sparks's annual report shows that the sales, entries, and selections of public lands under the various acts of congress amount to 20,206,967 acres: Indian lands, 1,182,595 acres; total, 22,124,562 acres, an increase over last year of 1,129,050 acres. The public surveys during the year embrace 2,302,676 acres. 41,605 cases of entries investigated, 1,168, embracing 175,000 acres, were canceled as fraudulent, and 1,485, containing 225,000 acres, have been held for cancellation. There have been reported 375,000 unlawful inclosures, embracing 6,410,000 acres, and proceedings to compel removal of fences have been recommended in eighty-eight cases, and final decrees ordering removals obtained in thirteen cases. Agents report sixty-five inclosures removed from 1,374,882 acres, and forty-seven inclosures, covering 370,000 acres, removed without resort to the courts. In one case the amount of fencing was 130 miles. The total area from which fences have been or are being removed is 2,712,995 acres, mostly in Colorado. There have been 1,249 cases of timber depredations reported, involving a value of $9,330,679, of which about $140,000 has been recovered.

GOV. WARREN MISTAKEN.

The complaint of Gov. Warren, of Wyoming, that the policy of the general land office had greatly retarded the emigration into and the development of his territory is not substantiated by the records, although it may appear so at first sight. The disposal of public lands in Wyoming were very small until 1883, when they became considerable, and in 1884 they were very large. There was a boom in 1884, which was not maintained so far as acreage went. The amount of land disposed of in 1885 was less than in 1884, and it was less in 1886 than in 1885. But this is not the whole story. The acreage disposed of in 1884 was 397,834, and the total entries were 2,923. The acreage disposed of in 1886 was 453,572, and the total entries were 3,512. In the latter year there were 589, or about one-fifth more entries than in 1884, which does not look as if the policy of the general land office was discouraging immigration. In 1884 each entry on an average represented a fraction less than 204 acres, in 1886 each entry represented on an average a fraction more than 129 acres. The figures show that while the policy of the general land office may have been discouraging to speculators and corporations taking land in large tracts, it was not discouraging to settlers.

NATIONAL FINANCES.

The amount of United States currency outstanding is as follows:

Old demand notes	$ 57,375
United States notes, all issues (greenbacks)	...
Old gold ...	...

The president has appointed Wm. John M. Corse postmaster at Boston. The general was one of the most ... officers of the federal army, and is a popular and most effective campaign orator. He was the hero of Allatoona pass, and is the officer to whom, when he was pressed by a confederate force vastly greater than his own, Gen. Sherman signaled "Hold the fort, for I am coming." Gen. Corse did not respond, as the hymn has it, "by Thy grace I will," but something to the effect that he would hold it until hades became a skating rink. He held a federal office in Chicago under President Johnson.

Commissioner Colman writes to A. W. Cheever, secretary of the Massachusetts cattle commission, that there is no doubt that the disease among the cattle in certain Chicago distillery stables is contagious pleuro-pneumonia. The disease also prevails in and around New York city, in several localities in New Jersey, among a limited number of herds in Pennsylvania and Delaware, quite extensively in Baltimore city and county, and in a few of the eastern border counties of Virginia. The department, he continues, is doing all it can to stamp out the disease, but is handicapped by the defective laws and small appropriation.

Governor Warren has submitted his annual report, showing the material development of Wyoming territory during the past fiscal year. The tide of immigration, he says, has been sensibly checked by the severe requirements of the general land office. As an evidence of the effect of department rulings in the matter of entries, he cites the fact that only two patents of 120 acres were received last year through the Wyoming land office, though the territory has 60,000,000 acres of government land. Attention is called to the poor mail facilities, it being stated that in 1870, when the population was 60 per cent less than it now is, mail facilities were as good as at present. The governor renews the recommendation of his former report that another judge be provided for the territory, and that the number of members of the legislature be increased.

ANOTHER BENEFIT

For the Ladies of Owosso & Shiawassee Co.

Last year we held a cloak sale and [illegible] that sale can testify that it was a genuine bargain sale; and now we propose to have another. So Mr. [illegible] of the large manufacturing house of Alex. Black & Co., will be at our store

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,

Oct. 29 and 30,

With over Five Thousand Dollars worth of

C-L-O-A-K-S.

Come and get a Cloak at your own price, as we guarantee to save you from **25 to 30 per cent.** Don't forget the date, but COME ONE, COME ALL. Yours,

BROWN & MAHANEY, No. 1, Wesener Block.

GRAND IMPROVEMENT

FOR OWOSSO.

New Plate Glass Front,

New Railway, New Deep Shelves,

Giving us DOUBLE the capacity for goods.

Just returned from New York and Boston, and will have the

Newest and Largest Collection

OF

Dress Goods,
Silks, Velvets,
Suitings, Shawls,
Cloaks, Blankets,
Yarns,
Ladies' Underwear,
Fancy Goods,
Hosiery, Gloves.

An Elegant Stock of CARPETS.

Men's, Youth's & Boys' CLOTHING.

And goods for Gents' wear. Our stocks grow larger, and assortments greater; we are bound to do the trade. No one should visit Owosso without examining our stock.

OSBURN & SONS'

DOUBLE STORE, Owosso.

Owosso Green House.

Having purchased the Green House and Floral Business of Chas. F. Goodhue, and moved the same to our residence on West Main Street, it is our intention to continue the business in all its branches.

We have secured competent help to prepare Floral Designs for Funerals, Weddings, Parties, &c. Call and see us. W. WHITE, West Main St., Owosso.

7-10

REMOVAL.

I wish to announce to the Ladies of Owosso and vicinity that I have removed my

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS BUSINESS

To Parlors over Osburn & Sons' Dry Goods Store, where I am displaying the handsomest stock ever brought to Owosso.

MRS. G. S. BEARDSLEY.

AN ESTRAY.—Taken up at my place in the highway in Owosso township, a two year old heifer with a calf by her side about one week old. The heifer has black sides, white stripe on her back, white brisket and white fore legs. One mile south of the Brooks school house.

Owosso, Sept. 28, 1886.

JACOB HALLER

NOTICE.

New Goods! New Goods!

Hats and Millinery Trimmings in great variety.

Don't fail to see the goods and learn the prices. The

ENTIRE STOCK

is being closed out at prices that will save you money by buying.

All persons having unsettled accounts will oblige me by calling and settling at once.

MRS. G. L. HARE

REGISTRATION NO

Notice is hereby given that the [illegible] tration for the City of Owosso, will [illegible] eral Wards of said city, on Saturd[illegible] of Oct. 1886, from 8 o'clock in the [illegible] o'clock in the afternoon of that da[illegible]

In the First Ward at C. J. Stua[illegible] ington Street.

In the Second Ward at Time[illegible] Street.

In the Third Ward at E[illegible] Street.

In the Fourth Ward at Dr. [illegible] Main Street.

For the purpose of completi[illegible] fied electors in said city, at [illegible] right of each and every person [illegible] ing in the Ward, and who at [illegible] be held the Tuesday followi[illegible] elector, and whose name is [illegible] to have his name entered [illegible] to an act entitled "An act [illegible] purity of elections and to [illegible] of the elective franchise [illegible] and all amendments the[illegible]

Dated, City of Owosso [illegible]

JOSEPH H. ROBB[illegible] Secretary.

B. -:- B. -:- B.

The first Buyers to Beebe who sold out to Bailey. The [illegible] Bailey who sold out to Benedict. The third [illegible] Benedict who is selling out the stock

FOR CASH

AT

LOWER PRICES

Than ever before known in Owosso

Beebe sold to Bailey at a large discount from first cost. Bailey sold to Benedict at a still larger discount on the price paid Beebe. Benedict now offers the stock in lots to suit purchasers at about

One-Half the Original Cost.

GROCERIES CHEAP in Proportion.

GIVE HIM A CALL. 7tf

Fine Millinery!

LADIES,

I have one of the FINEST STOCKS of

Fall and Winter Millinery

Ever brought to Owosso. I have all the *Leading Shapes and Styles of HATS AND BONNETS*, and a fine selection of PLUSH, ASTRACHAN AND SILK VELVETS, in all the New Shades.

Ribbons, in PLUSH, MOSS, SATIN and WATERED, in all colors. TIPS, BIRDS, WINGS and BEADS, in endless variety, and all NOVELTIES, both in Foreign and Domestic, which will be sold at prices to suit the times. Give me a call, and I am sure I will please you. Respectfully,

MRS. GEO. SPRINKLE, New Millinery Parlors,

WESENER BLOCK, OWOSSO.

THE BEST

IS THE

CHEAPEST!

The Gariand Stoves are far in advance of all competitors.

The **Art Garland** with its **Revolving Grate has no equal**, and it can be bought at same price as an inferior stove. The **Electric Garland** is *something new* in **Surface Burning Stoves**, and the finest stove of its kind ever in the market.

The **Garland Cooks** are too well known to need any advertising, in fact, the entire line, the **Art, Electric, Peerless, Yale, Home Grand**, have no superiors, and few if any, equals. Examine before you buy. Sold only by

HOPKINS & GOULD,

Main Street, Owosso.

Ho! Everybody!

ESPECIALLY

FARMERS!

You often see the announcement *Closing Out Sale*, but if you will call on us during the **next 30 days** we will guarantee to surprise you. Our pump business, both wholesale and retail, is increasing to such an extent that we *must make more room*, therefore we will *sell off our present stock* of **Grain Drills, Wheel Harrows, Cultivators, Plows, Land Rollers, Wagons, Buggies, &c.**, at prices that will astonish you. And when you come to see us we will show you the finest line of **pump goods ever seen in Michigan.**

☞ **OUR NEW STANDARD FORCE PUMP** with *hose attachment*, is the neatest thing out. Come and see it and be convinced. 49tf

[illegible]YSEWANDER & Co.

MICH.

[illegible]HEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR

[illegible], Pelts, and Fur

[illegible]THE

[illegible]RY.

[illegible] & CO.

THE -:- FRIGID -:- ZONE

Pays its tribute to the new

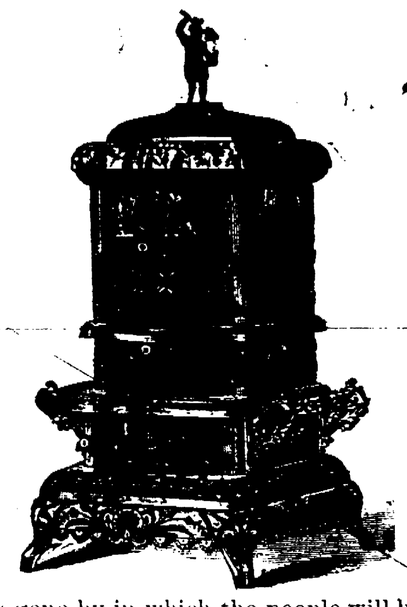
JEWETT'S

Fancy Base Burner

Explorers perspire, and Eskimo Dogs loll and pant amid Polar Icebergs, when this

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL HEATER

Invades the domain of the Frost King.



The day has gone by in which the people will be satisfied with a flat surface, simply because it has some crooked but unmeaning lines traced upon it, or with a bad chromo in a handsome frame. In the designing of stoves this change for the better is distinctly visible, and

THE JEWETT BASE BURNER

Gives a more correct idea of this beautiful and extremely new stove, than words can convey. The bronze statue, the nickle plated tile panels, rails, fancy base, the exquisite tile medallions, elegant carved work overlaying the mica, and in short all the ornamentation, is in the highest style of art, while as a Wonderful Heater it is unequaled. Though many dealers claim "the best" it is only so in name. ☞ The Jewett Fancy Base Burner leads all the rest. For we've got there just the same. Sold only by

GEO. E. THOMPSON & CO.

Washington Street, Owosso

A FULL LINE OF

HARDWARE

FOR SALE AT

LOW PRICES

AT

P. FAUTH'S

Washington Street, Owosso. YAP[illegible]

Jackson Wagons

Third Car Load this Year

GOING! GOING! GONE!

Like hot cakes. Come and get one [illegible]

Buggies and Harrows, a fine [illegible] going cheap, bound to sell.

Superior Drills, Whipple Harrows.

Agency for **Oliver Plows,** equals none. Points only 25 cents.

Also agent for Birdsell and Victor [illegible] Hullers.

C. S. WILLIAMS, Owosso