

THE OWOSSO WEEKLY PRESS.

VOLUME XXV.

OWOSSO, MICHIGAN, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1886

NUMBER 9.

Grand Opening AND Special Cloak Sale

AT
GEO. R. BLACK'S,
Friday & Saturday, Oct. 29 & 30

Mr. Hirschheimer of Landesman, Hirschheimer & Co., one of the largest factories in the East, will be here with a full line of Fine Garments.

Short Wraps, Novelties and Children's Cloaks a specialty Measures Taken if Desired.

Largest Stock in the County to Select From.

Don't fail to attend this sale as it will be to your advantage as all garments will be sold during this sale at **Extremely Low Prices.** Ladies' Cloaks from \$4.50 up.

GEO. R. BLACK,
106 Washington Street, Owosso.

REMEMBER THAT MACBAIN

Has a Nicely Assorted Stock of

NEW CLOTHING,
MEN'S, BOYS' and CHILDREN'S.

AN ENTIRELY NEW LOT OF

OVERCOATS, NO OLD ONES.

As finely assorted stock of Underwear, Hosiery, Ties, Shirts of all kinds, Cardigan Jackets, &c., as was ever shown in Owosso.

Beautiful lots of **Newest Style Hats** direct from New York and Boston manufacturers.

DON'T FORGET
It is Headquarters for Everything nice in
CUSTOM TAILORING.

NEW FIRM!

W. A. WOODARD. G. F. NORTH.

Having purchased the Furniture and Undertaking Business of Mrs. Henry Woodard, and also retaining our interest in the Furniture Factory of Woodard Bros., we shall be better prepared than ever to offer you **BARGAINS** in anything in the line of Furniture and Undertaking, and will continue to carry the greatest variety and largest stock to be found in Central Michigan; in short, a stock that will do honor to the most enterprising city in the State. You can't afford to buy one dollar's worth of goods until you have seen us. Goods delivered in any part of the county free of charge.

UNDERTAKING.

Mr. North will still have charge of the Undertaking Department, and having attended some of the most scientific lectures in the art of embalming and caring for the dead, coupled with 15 years practical experience, places him in the front ranks as an undertaker. Having a **NEW AND ELEGANT WHITE & BLACK HEARSE**, and all other appliances, we can and will please you. All calls promptly attended to night or day.

Respectfully,
WOODARD & NORTH

Washington Street, Owosso.

Local and Miscellaneous.

Hon. R. C. ... Hall to-night.

The people with the American Opera Co. at Opera House, Nov. 1st, 3rd at popular prices.

Notice—Sunday School parlor entertainment at the residence of L. C. Cooper, Bennington, Friday evening, Nov. 5.

A young man, employed in Estey's Furniture Factory, was unfortunate in the loss of the middle finger and the mutilation of two others on his left hand by coming in contact with what is known as a shake. Mr. Perkins dressed the hand and the young man will probably be laid up but a few days.

Wooden Wedding.

The friends and neighbors of Cass Slocum and wife, of Middlebury, paid that young couple a visit on the evening of Oct. 13, to assist in celebrating their wooden wedding. A most joyous time was had, about seventy being present, including visitors from Bennington, Owosso, Shalaburg and Gaines. The tables were most bountifully furnished with substantial and luxuries which were heartily enjoyed by the company. In a neat speech Rev. J. B. Oliver, of Bennington, presented Mr. Slocum and wife with the following presents: Patent rocking chair, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Voorhees and Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Slocum; oil painting, Mr. and Mrs. George Swarthout; large bible and bible stand, Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Burk, Bennington; camp rocker, Mrs. G. W. Slocum; large rocking chair, Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Warren, Mr. and Mrs. A. Sherman, Mr. and Mrs. L. Ryan, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Warren; chromo, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Beeman; brackets, Nellie Lewis, Owosso; picture of residence in frame, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Warren; music rack, Mr. and Mrs. B. Hardy; side bracket, Mr. and Mrs. B. Brewer; bracket, Mrs. Tillie Burk; pair brackets, Miss Cora Beeman; marble top table, Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Bowles, Owosso; flower stand, Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Salisbury, Owosso; side bracket, Mr. and Mrs. E. Beeman; plush bangle board, Mr. and Mrs. F. Southworth; wooden work base, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Gerow, Ovid; bible stand, Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Putnam.

The Soldier and his Pension.

President Cleveland appointed General Black, a disabled Union soldier, Commissioner of Pensions. This Commissioner recommends an increased pension to ex-soldiers afflicted with total deafness, contracted in the service, and proportionate ratings for lesser degrees of this trouble.

He recommends that the benefits of the Act of March 3d, 1855, be extended to soldiers and sailors, who lost an arm above the elbow, or a leg above the knee, the same as if amputation had been performed at the shoulder or hip joint.

He recommends the removal of the limitation contained in the Arrears Act passed March 3d, 1879.

He has thirty-three more Union ex-soldiers on the Pension Department pay roll than his Republican predecessor had.

During the first full year of his administration Gen. Black issued 19,000 pension certificates more than was issued by his predecessor during his last year of administration.

—STARCHINE, STARCHINE, makes a lovely polish; try it. Samples free; for sale at DUFF'S. gtf

—Everything New and Stylish in Millinery at Mrs. EWER'S.

Real Estate Transfers.

Reported Respectfully for This Press.

BURNS. F. J. Rowley to Wm. Rowley, 200 acres sections 16 and 17, \$1500.

MORRICE. Peter Myres to Albert C. Fisher, lot 2, block 1, \$325.

OWOSSO CITY. Thomas Sayles to F. C. Greenman, lot on sec 24, \$135.

OWOSSO TOWNSHIP. Henry Dean to Pierce Dymon, part sec 24, \$1000.

Pierce Dymon to Martha D. Dean, 5 acres sec 35, \$1000.

VERNON. Emma C. Knight to Cordelia Herriman, lot on sec 21, \$350.

George Ensell to W. J. Parks, 30 acres sec 10, \$1100.

CITY MARKETS.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 27, 1886.

BUTTER—14c15

EGGS—11c

WHEAT—6c70

ONIONS—at 60c75 per bu.

CABBAGES—\$2.00 to \$2.50 per 100

PEAS—\$1.00 to \$1.25 per bu.

PEACHES—\$2.50 to \$3.00 per bu.

LARD—Dull at 9c.

HONEY—Steady at 12c

FLOUR—Patent Roller \$2.75, Standard, \$4.

MEAL—Fine Balled, 100 lbs., 15

CORNS MEAL—\$1.25

PERLS—100 lbs., \$1.25

POULTRY—Dressed chickens, at 6c.

TALLOW—Down to 3c

HAY—\$8

HIDES—Green, 6c; Dry, 15c18

WOOD—Ranges from 125 to 2, according to quality.

CORN—Shelled 44, in ear, at 25c.

BEANS—at 60c1.

POTATOES—25c28

DRIED APPLES—Plenty at 3c.

BARLEY—\$1.25 to 1.50 per 100 lbs.

OATS—25c27

DRESSED HOGS, at \$1.00.

NO PERPETUAL OFFICE HOLDERS.

The House of the Eighty—Michigan.

GENTLEMEN—You are well aware that the Eighth Congressional District of Michigan is one of the most important in the State. The total salt product of the State in 1885 was 3,267,493 barrels, of that quantity 1,244,735 barrels were manufactured in the Eighth District. It is also a large lumbering district, the cut of pine lumber in Saginaw county alone for 1885 being 35,517,445 feet. The manufacturing and agricultural interests of the district are very large and we need for our representative in Congress a man of first-class ability. There is no objection to his being a funny man, but he must also be a man of sufficient mental capacity to keep before him the whole interests, and skill enough as an executive to secure such legislation as we need.

In the next place we want a man who does not accept the position alone for the salary connected with it and the perquisites that may be gathered by sale of his influence in Congress. We want a man who understands that for the time being he is the servant of the people of the district, employed to look after their interests, receive his pay for that service and then step down and out. We want no man to represent us in Congress or elsewhere who shall come to consider that the office is his property and he can claim it indefinitely. The spirit of our government and the generous intelligence of our people are against all third termism, in all offices, county, state and national. Recognizing the importance of this our State has already wisely restricted the term of office in some instances, notably that of Treasurer, to but one re-election, or a total service of only four years.

If a man whom the people elect to serve them in a public capacity becomes by virtue of that election the perpetual owner of the office, then we should change our laws, and elect not for a Congressional or other term, but for life. But such a course would be the death of our system of representative government. We should create a House of Lords which could legislate for or against as they chose and we should be powerless to help ourselves. It is, indeed, a question whether it would not be a great improvement in all our legislation, both State and National, if we should make the term of office four years with no re-election. In the case of the President term it is a question which has been already widely agitated whether it would not be better to elect for six years with no re-election. Our Senators are now elected for that number of years and it is a question if it would not be wise to say "no second term" to all of them. But be that as it may, it has been a custom to give Congressmen two terms when their services are satisfactory, while in some cases men have been continued for a much longer time.

But look for a moment at the merits of the case. The average business life of a man is not over forty years. Say now that a man is elected to Congress at thirty years of age. In forty years there are twenty Congresses. If a man gets elected and then re-elected he will have occupied it every two years for five terms he will have occupied it ten years, one quarter of the average business or professional life of his own generation. That is, where the same man insists upon being kept in Congress for ten years only four men out of a generation can have an opportunity to fill that office. On a basis of two terms, and no more, ten different men of each generation would have the opportunity to serve the people of that district in Congress.

Now, if we had only one man who was competent to represent us there the question would settle itself at once. It would be our duty to keep him in the office for life. But the facts are, not only that in the present generation of men in active business or professional life in our own district there are many men who could serve our interests in Congress as well as they have been watched in the past, but even better, because every man who has experience at home adds to their ability to represent our interests intelligently and successfully in Washington, and that is the only question we, as citizens of the district, have to consider. That a man wants to go to Washington should have no weight with us whatever. We should be moved only by our knowledge of his fitness, and we owe it to each other to keep that office, not as a sinecure for one individual for a lifetime, but to keep it open as an honorable stimulant to the ambition of all honest men, whether they are toilers at the bench, in the field, the study or the bar.

If, now, we look at the present campaign in the Eighth district we find two contestants for the office of representative in Congress. Drop all party names in connection with each and we have, on one side, a man who has served one term, who has been asked to stand for office a second term, but who is pledged absolutely to no other re-election to the same office. He is a man who has grown up in our midst and who is familiar with the interests of the people of the district without any regard to party limitations and who has honorably endeavored to serve those interests. On the other hand is a man who now asks the voters of the Eighth district for the fifth successive time to send him to Washington as their representative. For six successive years the people sent him there. He asked them to send him two years more. Then he was generously elected to remain home. But, wholly unable to see that he had served the people of the district as long as it was proper that he should, and utterly oblivious of the fact that there were many men in his own party who could watch the interests of the Eighth district fully as well as he

had done, he has worked incessantly for two years of his term at a salary of \$7500, and has not only failed to secure his nomination for the fifth year, but as our representative in Washington. If there were no other man who had dogged persistence in his claim to our perpetual ownership of the office, and if he alone sufficient to convince the people that the gentleman whatever he is, and whatever he may be, is a man who should be given to understand that he does not own that office, and must force the people of this district to elect him as long as he insists to remain there.

In this country there is no place for the political boss and the office systems of monarchism, Europe, and heaven avert the day when any man shall become so powerful that he will be able to buy or steal, or coax, or compel his way into office and then defy us to remove him, living for the benefit of his life a parasite upon our body politic, a bane against the advancement of other men, a drag upon the efforts of honest American ambition, and a perpetual menace to our own interests as a people through the inevitable corruption that seems to get hold upon the head and heart of most men who allow themselves to descend to the level of the professional politician.

The Congressional issue in the Eighth district is thus narrowed down at once to a choice between two men, one of whom is pledged to no more than a second term if he shall be re-elected, and the other of whom poses before the voters of the district in the attitude of a man who owns the office and proposes to run it for the balance of his life, and under the circumstances it should not be difficult for the independent voters, the free men, the growing men, the intelligent men of Saginaw, of Shiawassee, of Montcalm, of Gratiot, of Midland and of Isabella counties, men who are the equals of the gentlemen now asking their suffrages, to determine that the only thing they can do consistent with their rights as free American citizens and upholders of the grand American idea of equal rights and equal chances for all is to re-elect the Hon. Timothy E. Tarsney to Congress on the second of November.

The National Legislative Committee of the Knights of Labor.

Heartily commend to their constituents as men having the welfare of the people at heart, the following named members of the Forty-ninth Congress, viz:

James B. Weaver,	J. W. Daniel,
John J. O'Neill,	R. P. Bland,
M. A. Cohan,	W. H. Seavey,
TIMOTHY E. TARSNEY.	M. A. Cohan,
John Anderson,	A. S. Willis,
Thos. R. Cobb,	J. H. Reagan,
Lewis E. Payson,	R. Q. Mills,
W. J. Stone, Ky.,	O. Welborn,
W. J. Stone, Mo.	H. B. Levering,
W. E. Fuller,	W. M. Springer,
B. Healy,	C. S. Jones,
C. S. Voorhees,	W. H. Crane,
N. E. Worthington,	Wm. McAdoo,
A. J. Warner, and Senator Van Wyck.	

Railroad Notes.

Regular trains commenced running on the T. A. A. & N. M. R. R. last Monday, the time card taking effect at 12 o'clock noon, last Sunday. There are three passenger and two freight trains daily each way from Owosso. Five thousand feet of side track will be laid at this station. The round house and turn table at this point are being pushed rapidly forward to completion. Three fine coaches arrived last week to be run between Owosso and Mt. Pleasant. The freight house at this point will soon be completed. The new depot will be lighted by gas.

The passenger house of D. G. H. & M. R. R. in this city is being renovated throughout.

Owosso now has nine passenger trains each way daily—four on the D. G. H. & M. R. R., two on the M. C. R. R., and three on the T. A. A. & N. M. R. R.

The M. C. R. R. Co. have been putting in new side tracks and otherwise making good improvements at their depot grounds in this city the past season.

Vision, Its Optical Defects.

To Everybody Wanting Spectacles. It will pay you to investigate, look around, continue to fit every case of eyes without a failure, using Optical Instruments mostly of my own construction and improvements. Without these instruments and a knowledge of their use, it is impossible to fit defective or any eyes, except as a matter of chance, and in many cases an impossibility. After trying everybody else, come to me and it costs no more than the usual uncertain cut and try method. At O. C. House every Sunday until further notice. Repairing done. Sign of the big model of the Human Eye. Persons fitted at their own home when so desired. J. T. Moxley, Practical Optician.

Notice of Dissolution.

Notice is hereby given that the firm of Kelley & Grimes in this day dissolved by mutual consent, and the business will be carried on by the undersigned. C. H. KEFSEY.

Farm for Sale.

One nice large farm of 114 acres, one mile north and one-half mile west of Bennington. Apply or write to C. W. Wadsworth, Bennington, Mich.

FOR SALE—A farm of 40 acres just outside of the city limits. Good buildings and plenty of fruit. Will be sold at a bargain if sold at once. For further information inquire at 125 Passaic office.

LOCAL NOTICES.

HOUSE TO RENT of Cedar St. Inquire of E. F. WIDDERBURN.

Don't forget to notice our Silk Sale reduced to 75 cents, from \$1.25. Black Silk \$1.00, \$1.40, and \$1.29.

JOSEPH N. & SONS.

LOST—Between Dan's store and N. McLean's store \$10 in money by a young man attending school. Please return to this office or address P. O. Box 156. Liberal reward will be paid.

Sale Plush Sale—Friday, Saturday, Monday and Tuesday at D. M. CHRISTIAN'S.

The largest stock of Seal Plush garment ever in Owosso. Friday, Saturday, Monday and Tuesday at D. M. CHRISTIAN'S.

Sale Plush Sale—Friday, Saturday, Monday and Tuesday at D. M. CHRISTIAN'S.

FOR SALE OR RENT—A House, and Lot, two acres. Enquire of J. B. PERRY, Owosso. gtf

I will give five dollars in cash to the person leaving the largest potato at my store before Jan. 1st, 1887.

O. L. SPRAGUE, Druggist, Wesner Block, Owosso.

TO RENT—Two Furnished Rooms. Inquire at House place, East Exchange Street. Mrs. J. W. TUCKER.

NOVELTIES in Millinery—Fresh Fashions—Popular Goods of the Season—received weekly by Mrs. W. F. WAUGH, Exchange Street. gtf

BE SURE to attend the Millinery Opening of Mrs. Geo. Sprinkle, at her Parlor, Saturday, Oct. 30, and get the Latest Styles for Fall and Winter wear for 1886-7.

All goods 20 per cent off—Crockery and Groceries for a few days at BENEDICT'S, Beebe's old stand.

Fine Stock for Sale.

Two Rams for Sale—one a thoroughbred Lincoln, and the other a grade. GEORGE THOMAS, Junction House. gtf

NOW is your time to buy Ladies' and Children's Merino Underwear, as we are closing out our entire stock at LESS THAN COST.

MRS. G. S. BEARDSLEY.

—STARCHINE, STARCHINE, makes a lovely polish; try it. Samples free; for sale at DUFF'S. gtf

FURNITURE!

Special Bargains for cash until Jan. 1st, 1887. Call early and get prices. My store is crowded with a superior stock of all kinds of Furniture, cheaper than ever. Do not buy a dollar's worth until you first get prices of me. Rockers cheaper than ever, Bed Springs of all kinds of superior quality and way down.

UNDERTAKING.

I am doing the best work for the least money of any firm in the county. Take no one's word, but get prices of me and save money. gtf

JOHN T. PETERS, Bank Block, Owosso.

Union Rally!

Hon. T. E. Tarsney



Opera House, Owosso

Friday Evening, Oct. 29

ALL COME OUT AND SEE IT!

THE OWOSSO PRESS.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1909.

THE VALUE OF GOLD DUST.

It Was Not Known to the Earliest Miners in California—Varied Devices for Adulteration.

The value of gold dust was not known to the earliest miners in California, says the San Francisco Post. Marshall and those who were with him at the saw-mill race had never seen gold in its virgin state before the discovery. The first gold sold at Coloma, it is said, only brought \$8 an ounce, but it afterward rose to \$16, at which figure it remained for some years. Sellers and buyers did not for a long time realize any difference in the value of different dust. "What are you paying for dust-to-day?" was the question asked by the miner of the dust-buyers. Thus in those times no more difference was recognized in the quality of different gold dust than is to-day recognized in the quality of different sand or sawdust. Buyers mixed their dust together as they sent it to the mint, and paid an average price for it all. This was a very good thing for the miners who had poor dust and very unfair for those who had dust of the best quality. Afterward it was found that the dust as it was taken from the earth varied greatly in value. Some of it, according to mint returns, was worth even as low as \$9 an ounce, and some was worth \$20 and more. This is on account of the fact that a greater or less amount of base metals, silver, copper, etc., is always found in alloy with gold in its native state. Gold dust differs as much in appearance as it does in quality. Some of it is yellow and bright, and some is dull in color, dark green, and black. The bright yellow dust is not the best in quality, as might ordinarily be supposed. Some of the purest gold ever mined has been almost black in color. There is also no uniformity in the form of the particles of gold dust. Some is fine and flour-like, some is coarse and smoothly worn, and some is rough and scraggy. Dust taken from any one locality in a mining district is always remarkably uniform in value, color, and form. This fact enables buyers, after some experience, to determine immediately from what locality dust is mined, and what is its value. The first question asked by a buyer is: "Where did you mine this dust?" Of course, if it came from a region that has a reputation for producing gold of a good quality the buyer will be inclined to pay a high price for it. There is little use in making misrepresentations when answering this question, for the buyer has almost as good means of knowing where the dust came from as the seller. This knowledge is of great value to the dust-buyer in the way of protecting himself against fraud in the way of counterfeit dust, etc.

Peculiarities in the form of gold taken from mining districts often gave a name to the locality. Chunk canyon, Slag gulch, and Speedmen ravine are examples. A canyon in El Dorado county is called String canyon. This is said to be on account of the very singular form of the gold dust found in that region. Much of it resembles pieces of wire one and two inches in length, and some of it as fine as thread. Observations of the form of their dust often led miners to make very valuable discoveries. All gold, as is well known, originally came from quartz. In its natural state in the quartz it is very irregular in form. Every rich ravine and canyon had a gold-bearing quartz vein, whose wearing away by the elements had loosened the precious metal, to be washed down by the water among the gravel and sand. When gold has been washed far from its source the attrition caused it to become fine and smooth. As the miner approaches the feeding quartz vein, the gold becomes coarser and more scraggy, till suddenly the pay gives out entirely. Then it is certain that a rich quartz ledge is in the vicinity, and in this manner events have been struck that have yielded many thousands of dollars in a few weeks.

Gold-dust buying in the mining towns was a very profitable business in the early days of California. What was called black sand, composed principally of iron, was always mingled to a greater or less degree with the dust when it was brought to the buyer. This had to be blown out, and often the finest particles of gold were blown out with it. Thus in an office where a large quantity of dust was bought much fine gold would be scattered around the room. The dusting of a buyer's counter and sweepings of his floor were often worth hundreds of dollars a month. Sometimes the buyers were suspected of cheating in a more legitimate manner by the gold while they were shaking it around and examining it in the blowpans.

Once a miner who believed a buyer had swindled him got even in a rather peculiar manner. He had a pair of brass stirrups weighing two pounds. Every time he sold dust to this buyer he filed a portion of the stirrups among it till he had palmed off the whole of them for gold dust.

The Chinese have always been the most successful manufacturers of counterfeit gold dust. Many a lot of brass or iron filings, plated with gold, has been sold by them to unsuspecting buyers. Of late years this has been less practiced, however, because of the fact that buyers almost invariably test the dust with acid, or burn it. By subjecting it to an immense heat the gold is consumed, but any other metal that is mingled with it is soon dissipated in vapor. A buyer was once purchasing some dust from a company of miners. His balance scales were in an open counter before them. He noticed that one of the balances had a fly touched the balance, which the dust was to be weighed. He was looking under the bottom of the counter, and found some object sticking out. It proved to be a small piece of substance, like beeswax. It was half an ounce. The wily miner had intended, of course, that it was weighed, to remove

the wax as deftly as they had put it on. Marks on the bottom of the balance revealed the fact that this trick had often been successful. Thus this company, and perhaps others, had gained half an ounce on the buyer every time they sold him a lot of dust. This trick and others of a similar character afterward led almost all buyers to put their balance scales in glass cases, instead of having them open on the counter.

In the early days of California life specie was not plentiful enough for the needs of trade, and gold dust was used almost entirely as a medium of exchange. The miners carried it in buckskin purses. This compelled all kinds of business houses and shops to have scales with which to weigh the dust. What little coined money there was in circulation was eagerly bought up by the gamblers, who, by putting it up in their banks, could make more of a display with it than they could with the gold dust.

S. S. Cox is nominated for congress in the Ninth New York district by the county Democracy, Tammany Democrats and the German Independents.

GENERAL NEWS.

Charleston and Summerville were again visited by an earthquake shock early Friday morning.

The National Educational Association will hold its next meeting in Chicago. Ten thousand teachers will probably be in attendance.

An estate valued at \$1,000,000, built up by John Davison, at Augusta, Georgia, is now being distributed among the relatives in Ireland.

The value of exports from Germany to America during the fiscal year ending September was \$20,000,000 more than for the preceding fiscal year.

Abram S. Hewitt has accepted the democratic nomination for mayor of New York, and Theodore Roosevelt will stand as the republican candidate.

Father Sherman, of New York, who some months ago shocked his parishioners by marrying, has sent his wife to her parents and entered a monastery.

The triennial council of the Congregational churches of the United States, now being held in Chicago, elected Loyd A. Cooke, of Cincinnati, as moderator.

The Neidringhaus cattle syndicate of St. Louis is said to have met with a loss of \$250,000 in its attempt to drive from northern Montana to British Columbia.

The St. Paul road has let a contract for the construction of an iron bridge over the Mississippi river at a point three miles south of Kansas City, to be completed by July next.

A wonderful activity in manufacturing industries is reported from the South. A number of great enterprises have been in operation in the last few months or are now under way.

Charles Thomas, a convict serving a life sentence in the West Virginia Penitentiary for killing the seducer of his wife ten years ago in Arkansas, has been pardoned by the President.

At West Stratford, Connecticut, Joseph Fruse fatally wounded his wife with a dagger, and then ended his life by throwing himself in front of an express train, which beheaded him.

Judge McCord, of the Seventh district of Texas, has been requested to resign his office for releasing influential murderers on bail of \$4,000 each.

A prisoner named McVicker, who was being taken by the town marshal to Fremont, Ohio, leaped through a window of a coach on an express train, and died soon after he was picked up.

Dr. W. G. Gardiner, of Toledo, has been held in \$1,000 for disinterring the body of one Stickney for the medical college. The doctor had indiscreetly made remarks which led to his arrest.

The east-bound pool formed by the managers of the Northwestern Freight Association leaves wheat and its products open to competition, and the west-bound pool excludes all heavy freight.

John R. Martin has been nominated for congress by the republicans of the Seventh district of Missouri. Spencer Fisher is the democratic and greenback nominee in the Tenth district of Michigan.

The elevated railway from Kansas City to North Wyandotte was opened Monday to the public. Senator Vest and George J. Gould and wife participated in the preliminary excursion Sunday.

A fire which swept away one-half of Stockton, Utah, is believed to have been set by Mrs. Provost, who had threatened to burn the town unless the saloons stopped selling liquor to her husband.

The operations of the Salvation army at Belleville, Illinois, led to a riot in which a revolver was fired. Captain Mills fled for his life to Freeport, and his wife was taken in a buggy to Forreston.

Rev. Dr. S. W. Eaton has just closed a pastorate of forty years in the Congregational church at Lancaster, Wisconsin. As chaplain of the 7th Wisconsin he was present at the surrender of General Lee.

The remains of Salmon P. Chase were on Wednesday escorted from the cemetery in Washington to the railroad depot by a large procession of distinguished persons. The special train arrived in Cincinnati Thursday morning.

A bronze statue of Joseph Brant, the Mohawk chief, was unveiled at Brantford, Ontario, Wednesday in presence of twelve chiefs and nearly twelve thousand whites. The statue was executed in England by Percy Wood.

The Western Union Telegraph company reports a material reduction in the cable and commercial news service and a surplus of \$4,350,833 at the end of June. Austin Corbin is one of the new directors. Frank Work and Hugh J. Jewett retire.

A woman at Toronto, Ont., who five months ago was delivered of a child, Wednesday gave birth to another babe. The attending physician believes that at the time of the first delivery the latest arrival was four months developed. Both infants are males, well developed, and healthy.

Two men entered Wilmarth's bank, at Ashland, Wis., Thursday forenoon, compelled Mr. Wilmarth, a the muz-

zie of revolvers, to enter the vault, and removed a small safe of \$4,000 and escaped to the city. A policeman who was on duty at the time, and who was armed with a revolver, did not follow them.

William N. Yaw, a well-known lawyer of Philadelphia, Pa., was arrested Wednesday by the police of that city on a charge of having stolen a diamond ring from a woman.

Washington, D. C., Wednesday—The United States army has received from the War Department a large quantity of new uniforms, and the army has been ordered to wear them.

Major E. A. Burke, of New York, has returned from a tour of duty in Honduras, where he was presented by the government with six thousand acres of mineral land in return for the construction and equipment of an agricultural college and the furnishing of machinery for two large flouring-mills.

Gov. Hull has committed to 90 days each the sentences of Michael Stroth and other boycotters who were sent to prison for compelling saloonkeepers to pay a large sum of money to secure the removal of the boycott upon his beer on the ground that the sum extorted had been expended in procuring the boycott.

Prof. John Collett, Indiana's distinguished geologist, says that a number of wells bored for gas or oil in different parts of northern Indiana and northwestern Ohio gave no indication of yielding anything before the earthquake, but since then many of them have begun giving out immense volumes of gas and considerable quantities of oil.

It is reported that Romero Rubio, the Minister of the Interior, has been kidnapped from the City of Mexico by insurgents. The rumor of the assassination of ex-President Gonzalez remains unconfirmed. At Fresnillo, in the State of Zacatecas, twenty persons were shot by order of the government, which is making strenuous endeavors to stamp out the insurrection.

The Louisiana board of health has decided to quarantine at once against Biloxi, Mississippi, where forty deaths from a suspicious fever have occurred within two weeks. Dr. Lauman, the leading physician of the afflicted town, is convinced that his wife died of yellow fever. The superintendent of the Louisville and Nashville road testified that there are now at Biloxi forty suspicious cases.

A fire broke out in Eastport, Me., Friday, and raged furiously for ten hours, defying all efforts to control or arrest it. It started in Capen & McClear's sardine factory and swept in a northerly direction along the water front and through Water street, burning the factory, two hotels, about thirty dwelling houses, the custom house and post-office, and every place of business where goods of any description were kept for sale except two small grocery stores which were out of the path of the fire.

Although the late Vice President Hendricks left a will giving to his widow his entire estate, and making her the administrator, it seems probable that it will have to go through litigation. The Judge of the Circuit Court at Indianapolis has received a telegram

from Ann Hendricks Pierce and others in New York stating the heirs of Mrs. Hendricks desire the return of the estate to the family, and that they are willing to pay the tax. The decision of Judge Wallace is made upon a motion of thirty-five of the heirs to have the estate returned to the family, and the tax paid by them.

It is said that bees can predict weather. They can certainly make it known where they are.

Stop that coughing! If you do not, it may kill you. A bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup only costs you 25 cents, and its timely use may save your life.

I had always been much annoyed by neuralgia and headaches. At length I determined to try Salvation Oil. I am glad to recommend it, as it made a perfect cure in my case. MARKS NEW, 92 Aiequith St., Baltimore, Md.

Thornless varieties of raspberry and blackberry are not profitable for market. For family use they are more valuable.

Old and reliable Medicines are the best to depend upon. Acker's Blood Purifier has been prescribed for years for all impurities of the Blood. In every form of Scrofulous, Syphilitic or Mercurial diseases, it is invaluable. For Rheumatism, has no equal. For sale by Bigelow & Bigelow.

"What power will the Prohibitionists exercise in the coming political campaign?" asks an exchange. "Well, if they are true to their principles, it will be a water-power."

Some things are more valuable when they are upside down. A figure 6, for instance.

MILLINERY

Splendid stock! Latest styles. Prices to suit Everybody.

--MRS. C. L. HARRINGTON.--

COAL! --:-- COAL!

—CALL ON—

E. M. BROOKS

And get prices on COAL before purchasing. All coal is weighed; no measuring or guess work; will screen coal if wanted. Prices Guaranteed.

For Lime, Cement, Cachine Paster and Hair, go to E. M. BROOKS, West Owosso.

For Feed, Bran, Meal, Corn, Oats, Roller Process Flour, go to E. M. BROOKS, West Owosso.

Highest Market Price paid for all kinds of Farm Produce.

General Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, &c.

Store, Elevator and Warehouse, West Owosso, Mich. 30aug82tl



New Goods are coming and I must make room for them. BEST STANDARD Rubber Boots from \$1.25 to \$2.75. Will close out WOOL BOOTS, SOCKS, MITTS, &c., AT COST. PRICES REDUCED FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS. REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

E. L. BREWER, No. 2 Bank Block, Owosso, Mich.

FROZEN FACTS
GOOD GOODS
C. C. DUFF.

1st. Chase & Sanborn's Coffees, Sole Agents.

2d. Violet Tea, purchased to testify to its excellence

3d. Royal Baking Powder at wholesale sale and retail

4th. Genuine Loaf Sugar Drips.

5th. Havermever's Sugars (none other kept)

6th. Tea Siftings at 25c, this is same flavor as Violet.

7th. Real Genuine Carolina Head Rice.

8th. Blake, Shaw & Co's XXX Crackers.

9th. Akron Rolled Oats and Graham Flour.

10th. Sanders & Epicure Catsups, (no other brands as good.)

11th. Adrian and Victor Tomatoes, (extra fine.)

12th. All Canned Goods new and full weight as in this line of goods the best is surely the cheapest.

13th. Boshemelm Spices, absolutely clean and pure.

These goods mentioned are mostly well known to be the very best, and can always be had at wholesale or retail at Duff's.

MY BOOMING SPECIALTIES.
BONANZA TEA,

35c a pound, 3 pounds for \$1.

Since first announcing it 25 chests have been retailed, and the demand increasing and tea growing better.

(Special drive on a Tea at 30c a pound, 4 pounds for \$1, all new leaf.)

MY GREAT CIGAR SALE

IS

BOOMING,

And will continue until my immense stock is exhausted.

My Stock is Large, Complete,

And comprises the goods of Full Weight and Honest Quality.

Yours truly,

C. C. DUFF,
Main Street, Owosso.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

GRAND HAVEN & MILWAUKEE
RAILROAD.
TRAVELERS TO OWOSSO FOLLOW:
GOING EAST.
Express 9:00 a. m. Mail 1:45 p. m.
Mail Express 3:15 p. m. Limited Express 5:55
p. m.
GOING WEST.
Express 6:00 a. m. Morning Express 10:00 a. m.
11:15 p. m. Steamboat Express 7:35 p. m.
Night Express 1:30 a. m. Milwaukee Express 11:00 p. m.
Vague Sleepers on night trains. Parlor Day
on Milwaukee and west.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.
TRAVELERS TO OWOSSO FOLLOW:
GOING SOUTH.
Express 9:25 a. m. Day City Express 1:00 p. m.
Chicago Express 3:55 a. m. Chicago Express 7:00 p. m.
Way Freight 11:30 a. m.

OWOSSO POSTOFFICE.
Daily Mail arrives from Detroit at 10:00 a. m.
EAST VIAD. G. H. & M. R. R.
1:45 p. m. Arrive 1:45 p. m.
4:20 p. m. Arrive 4:20 p. m.
WEST VIAD. G. H. & M. R. R.
1:45 p. m. Arrive 1:45 p. m.
4:20 p. m. Arrive 4:20 p. m.
NORTH VIAD. J. L. & S. R. R.
1:45 p. m. Arrive 1:45 p. m.
4:20 p. m. Arrive 4:20 p. m.
SOUTH.
1:45 p. m. Arrive 1:45 p. m.
4:20 p. m. Arrive 4:20 p. m.
N. BALL, Postmaster.

M. L. STEWART & CO.,
BANKERS.

OWOSSO, Michigan.
Collections made and remitted
for promptly on day
of payment.
Draw drafts on all the prin-
cipal cities of Europe.

Also draw Bank Money Orders payable
in foreign countries, and the money is
delivered at the residence of the per-
son to whom sent.

CORRESPONDENTS:
AMERICAN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK
COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK, Detroit.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK, CHICAGO.
Money to Loan on Real Estate Secu-
rities.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK,
OF OWOSSO.

OFFICERS.
President, J. D. NORTON.
Vice President, BRUCE BRUMMINSTER.
Cashier, W. D. GIBSON.
Treasurer, W. D. GIBSON.

DIRECTORS.
J. D. NORTON, BRUCE BRUMMINSTER,
W. D. GIBSON, JAMES OSBURN,
W. D. GIBSON.

CORRESPONDENTS.
The National Bank of the Republic, New
York.
Merchants' and Manufacturers' National
Bank, Detroit.
Maverick National Bank, Boston.

LODGE DIRECTORY.

OWOSSO CHAPTER No. 88, R. A. M.
Regular Convocation first Friday of each
month.

OWOSSO LODGE No. 1, F. & A. M.
Regular Communications on Wednesday evenings
next before the full moon of each month.

OWOSSO LODGE No. 1, S. L. O. F. Once
a week on Friday evening, 7:30 p. m.
M. M. YOUNG, Secretary.

ORIENTAL ENCAMPMENT, No. 1, I. O. O. F.
Meetings on the first and third Wednesday
evenings of each month, in their hall, north-east
corner of Main and Washington streets, 8:30 p. m.
DR. C. C. MCCORMICK, C. P.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY CARDS
of all kinds, at 10c each. Large size, 15c each.
Sent by mail, 25c each.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

STUBBS, Manufacturer of Boots and
Shoes, and dealer in Leather, Hides, etc.
Particular attention given to custom work. Main
street, Owosso, Mich.

ATTORNEYS.

LYON & HARKLEMAN, Attorneys and
Counselors at Law. Office over M. L. Ste-
wart & Co's Bank, Washington Street, Owosso,
Mich.

TURNER & TURNER, Attorneys at Law.
Specialization paid to collections. Office
over the Postoffice, Washington Street, Owosso,
Mich.

B. F. TAYLOR, Attorney and Counselor at
Law. Office over Wallace's Store, corner
Main and Washington streets, Owosso, Mich.

ALBERT CHANDLER, Attorney at Law
and Solicitor in Chancery. Office two doors
north of Central Hotel, Corunna, Mich. Tel. 14817.

H. B. Peterson,
DENTIST.

H. B. HADLEY,
DENTIST.

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DENTIST.

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THE OWOSSO PRESS.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1886.

WEATHER RECORD.
For the week ending Wednesday, Oct. 27, 1886.
THURSDAY
FRIDAY
SATURDAY
SUNDAY
MONDAY
TUESDAY
WEDNESDAY MORNING

CITY AND COUNTY.

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Amy Gordon Opera Company.

This Opera will appear in this city on
three nights next week, Monday, Tues-
day and Wednesday. Miss Amy Gordon
is described as attractive and vigorous,
with an excellent voice. The opera uses
the most popular songs of the day.

Miss Amy Gordon is a native of
Owosso, and her father, Mr. J. C. Gordon,
was Mayor of Owosso for the year 1886-87.

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Death of Judge Elias Comstock.

Last Saturday afternoon, about one
o'clock, the venerable Judge Comstock,
after a long illness, passed peacefully
away.

Judge Comstock was born in
Owosso, and was one of the most
distinguished men of the city.

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Justice of the Peace for the First District.

Justice of the Peace for the First District
of Owosso, Mich., in 1886, the first
Justice elected in that district after the
organization of the court.

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COMMON COUNCIL.

OFFICIAL.

COMMON COUNCIL OF OWOSSO, MICH.
Regular meeting of the Common Council
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Regular meeting of the Common Council
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evening, Oct. 27, 1886.

THE OWOSSO PRESS.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1886.

LOA-PHORA, THE LAND QUESTION!

WOMAN'S FRIEND.

cures to GIRLS a painless, perfect development and thus prevents life-long weakness. Sustains and soothes Over-worked Women, Exhausted Mothers, and prevents prolapsus.

Cures palpitation, sleeplessness, nervous breaking down (often preventing sanity), providing a safe change of air, and a hale and happy old age. Leader suffering from any complaint peculiar to the female sex, Loasophora is worth everything to you, for our circular of private testimony and be convinced.

Every woman sickly or healthy should read "Facts for Women." This book will be sent to any lady reader of this paper, and to ladies only, on receipt of 10c.

Address, LOA-PHORA MEDICINE CO., 1111 1/2 Street, Kalamazoo, Mich.

Loasophora—Letters marked "Private" are sent only by our Private Secretary and confidential Physician.

H. G. COLMAN, Private Secretary.

and by every Druggist and Apothecary.

IMMUNITY from ANNOYANCE

PEARL TOP LAMP CHIMNEY

Pat. Oct. 30th, 1883.

Manufactured ONLY by

GEORGE A. MACBETH & CO.

Pittsburgh, Pa. Sole Glass Works.

FOR SALE BY DEALERS.

of the finest and best quality

Glass for withstanding heat.

very good thing is Counter-

and consumers are CAUTIONED

against IMITATIONS of

Ohmneys made of VERY

GLASS. See that the exact

is on each chimney as above.

PEARL TOP is always clear and

light Glass.

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Millions of Acres of the Public Domain Given Away by the Republican Party.

But Are Being Restored by Democratic Administration.

LAND PIRATES BALKED

One of the greatest dangers that threaten the peace and tranquility of this country is the large accumulation of public lands in the hands of a few individuals, who are using them for the purpose of speculation.

For twenty years this concentration of landed wealth has been most rapid, and it has been accelerated by the profligate system of disposition of the public lands, and pursued by the Republican party.

The total area of the United States is given at 2,236,439 acres, of which the Government originally owned 1,834,400 acres, an acreage sufficient to give to each head of a family in a population of 115,000,000 a farm of five acres of land.

Of these lands there were ceded to the Government 239,171.787 acres, and the Government obtained by purchase 1,595,228.212 acres.

The original cost of the land purchased was \$1,595,228.212, and the cost of the land ceded was \$239,171.787, making a total cost of \$1,834,400.

From sales and leases prior to 1860, the Government received \$1,834,400, and from sales and leases since 1860, it has received \$1,834,400.

Cost of lands remaining unsold, \$1,834,400. Total cost to 1880, \$1,834,400. From sales and leases prior to 1860, \$1,834,400. From sales and leases since 1860, \$1,834,400.

Although 758,000,000 acres have been disposed of, the remaining lands have cost the Government nearly \$300,000,000 more than the original cost of the whole.

Of the 758,000,000 acres disposed of, less than 65,000,000 acres have been disposed of under the Homestead and Timber Culture acts, and the fees collected under these acts make up almost 50 per cent of the amounts received by the Government from 1860 to 1881.

Prior to 1860 less than 28,000,000 acres had been granted to railroads, canals, etc. From 1860 to 1880, under Republican rule, nearly 125,000,000 acres have been granted to railroads, canals, etc., and hundreds of millions of acres have been patented to private persons who claimed under Spanish and other foreign grants; for instance, 1,714,765 acres were in 1879 patented to one claimant, and 1,000,000 acres were in 1881 patented to another claimant.

In 1880 the private claims pending in the General Land Office covered nearly 367,000,000 acres.

When the Democratic party came into power in March, 1885, it found pending private claims for hundreds of millions of acres of the public domain.

It found that railroad companies had secured the homes of hundreds of thousands of fraudulent land entries.

That 6,500,000 acres of the public lands had been taken possession of and enclosed by land grabbing corporations without any color of right or title.

That large tracts of valuable lands had been fraudulently appropriated, as in the case of an English syndicate had appropriated 100,000 acres of the finest red-wood land in California worth at least \$10,000,000.

That millions of acres of land had been taken possession of by railroad companies under a fraudulent system of measurement of grants made by the public.

That the Indian reservations had been invaded by land grabbers.

That the Government surveying system was corrupt, indeed the Land Office seemed to be in league with "land grabbers."

That seven alien land owning syndicates were in possession of 15,500,000 acres of land and twenty-two others were in possession of 5,200,000 acres.

The Democratic administration determined to put a stop to this wholesale plunder of the public domain—the people's heritage—and a halt has been called.

WHAT HAS BEEN DONE.

The surveying system has been purged of 650,000 acres of land granted to the Texas and Pacific R. R. have been restored to the public domain.

2,000,000 acres granted to the Atlantic and Pacific R. R. have been recovered to the people.

Commissioner Sparks has given a decision by the terms of which 2,500,000 acres granted to the Northern Pacific will be returned to the public.

Suits have been commenced to recover 100,000 acres fraudulently appropriated by the Oregon Central Wagon Road Company.

The Portage Lake and Lake Superior Canal Company received a grant of 400,000 acres to aid in building a ship canal, which was never properly constructed, and the company selected 70,000 acres of mineral lands, although the act expressly excepted these lands.

Suits have been recommended to set aside these illegal patents.

The sequestration of the homes of settlers has been stopped.

Railroad grants have been readjusted, re-surveyed, and as a result the area taken by the Union Pacific has been reduced, in Nebraska alone, about 332,100 acres, and the reduction in Wyoming and Utah will be much greater. A reduction of over one million acres in the lands granted by one railroad company.

The area of the grant to the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad Company has been reduced 284,754 acres.

By a continuation of this process of reduction millions of acres will be restored to the public domain.

The "Peralta" claim, embracing an area of 4,000,000 acres has been declared wholly fraudulent.

The "Notan" claim, embracing 575,998 acres, has been declared fraudulent.

A claim presented by the Cameron of Pennsylvania, embracing thousands of acres, was also declared fraudulent, but Secretary Sparks has not yet decided on the merits of the claim.

These lands are now being restored to the public domain, and the Government is now in a position to dispose of them for the benefit of the people.

In the month of February, 1886, the Commissioner Sparks, in a report to the President, stated that the number of acres of public lands in the hands of individuals, who are using them for the purpose of speculation, was 1,834,400.

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WASHINGTON NEWS.

President Cleveland's Proclamation on the subject of the public lands, and the Secretary of the Interior's report on the same.

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ANOTHER BENEFIT

For the Ladies of Owosso & Shiawassee Co.

Last year we held a cloak sale, and all who bought at that sale can testify that it was a genuine bargain sale, and now we propose to have another. So Mr. Strassman, of the large manufacturing house of Alex. Black & Co., will be at our store on

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,

Oct. 29 and 30,

With over Five Thousand Dollars worth of
C-L-O-A-K-S.

Come and get a Cloak at your own price, as we guarantee to save you from 25 to 30 per cent. Don't forget the date, but COME ONE, COME ALL.

BROWN & MAHANEY, No. 1, Wesener Block.

**Special Sales of
Desirable Goods
at Low Prices.**

OSBURN & SONS'

DOUBLE STORE, Owosso.

Great offering in Ladies' and Children's

**CLOAKS.
SILKS.**

Special Bargains in Colored Gros Grain worth \$1.25,
marked down to 75c.

Black Silk, very wide, worth \$1.25, for \$1.00.
Fine Cashmere Finish at \$1.25 and \$1.29, worth \$1.50
and \$1.25, all warranted.

Lots of New Dress Goods, New Trimmings,
New Shawls, Hosiery, Gloves, Fine Kids at
69c, 75c, \$1 and \$1.25. Silk and Wool Mitts.

Don't fail to see our Underwear at 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.25
fine as down. Great stock of Flannels, Yarns and
Blankets. Lace and Turcoman Curtains.

CARPETS

At Lower Prices than in large cities of the State.

CLOTHING.

A Thousand Overcoats to select from. Thousands of Suits
for Men, Young Men and Boys. Don't miss seeing our stock.
Special sale of Underwear, all grades, at prices sure to
please you. It pays to visit our store.

OSBURN & SONS,

Owosso, Mich.

Owosso Green House.

Having purchased the Green House and Floral Business of Chas. F. Goodhue, and moved the same to the residence on West Main Street, I am now prepared to continue the business in all its branches.
We have secured competent help to prepare Floral Designs for Funerals, Weddings, Parties, &c. Call and see us.
W. WHITE, West Main St.
Owosso.

SLAUGHTER SALE

Family Bibles and
Photograph Albums

For the Next 20 Days.

OSBURN & SONS

at my
store
a year

NOTICE

New Goods! New Goods!
Hats and Millinery Trimmings in great variety.
Don't fail to see the goods and learn the prices. The

ENTIRE STOCK
is being closed out at prices that will save you money by buying.
All persons having unsettled accounts will oblige me by calling and settling at once.
MRS. O. L. HARRINGTON.

REMOVAL

I wish to announce to the Ladies of Owosso and vicinity that I have removed my
MILLINERY AND FANCY
GOODS BUSINESS

To Dearborn over Osburn & Sons Dry Goods Store, where I am displaying the handsomest stock ever brought to Owosso.
MRS. G. S. BEARDALEY.

The best place in the city to buy HATS, at Mrs. Ewers.

SEAL PLUSH SALE

AT

D. M. Christian's.

Having had unparalleled

SUCCESS

By the large sales of our Plush Garments, I have made an extraordinary large purchase of Seal Plush Visites, Mantles, Wraps, Sacques, in all the Latest Designs, Styles and Effects of the hour, and will place them on sale at

Special Low Prices

FRIDAY, Oct. 29,

SATURDAY, Oct. 30,

MONDAY, Nov. 1,

TUESDAY, Nov. 2.

Call early and behold the most elegant stock of garments that ever struck Owosso, at

D. M. CHRISTIAN'S

Low Priced Carpet House,

Main Street, Owosso.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST!

The Garland Stoves are far in advance of all competitors. The Art Garland with its Revolving Grate has no equal, and it can be bought at same price as an inferior stove. The Electric Garland is something new in Surface Burning Stoves, and the finest stove of its kind ever in the market.

The Garland Cooks are too well known to need any advertising, in fact, the entire line, the Art, Electric, Peerless, Yale, Home Grand, have no superiors, and few if any, equals. Examine before you buy. Sold only by

HOPKINS & GOULD,

Main Street, Owosso.

Ho! Everybody!

ESPECIALLY

FARMERS!

You often see the announcement *Growing Out Sale*, but if you will call on us during the next 30 days we will guarantee to surprise you. Our pump business, both wholesale and retail, is increasing to such an extent that we must make more room, therefore we will sell off our present stock of Grain Drills, Wheel Barrows, Cultivators, Plows, Land Rollers, Wagons, Buggies, &c., at prices that will astonish you. And when you come to see us we will show you the finest line of pump goods ever seen in Michigan.

OUR NEW STANDARD FORCE PUMP with hose attachment, is the neatest thing out. Come and see it and be convinced.

HARTSHORN, NYSEWANDER & Co.

OWOSSO, MICH.

THE -- FRIGID -- ZONE

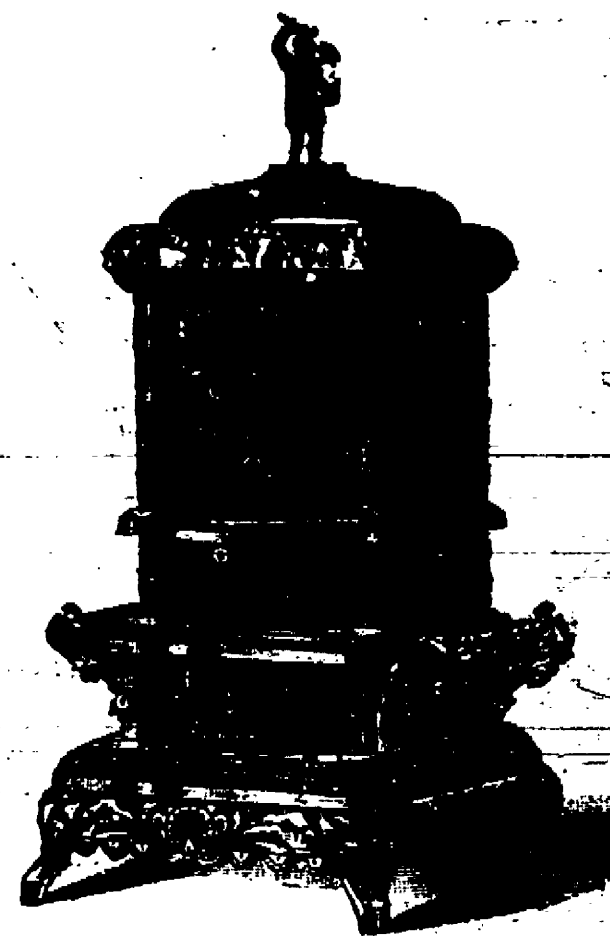
Pays its tribute to the new

**JEWETT'S
Fancy Base Burner**

Explorers perspire, and Eskimo Dogs roll and pant on Polar Icebergs, when this

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL HEATER

Invades the domain of the Frost King.



The day has gone by in which the people will be satisfied with a flat surface, simply because it has some crooked, but wavy lines traced upon it, or with a bad chromo in a bad frame. In the designing of stoves this change for the better is distinctly visible, and

THE JEWETT BASE BURNER
Gives a more correct idea of this beautiful and extremely new stove words can convey. The bronze statue, the nickel plated tile panels, the base, the exquisite tile medallions, elegant carved work overlaying the and in short all the ornamentation, is in the highest style of art, while Wonderful Heater it is unequalled. Though many dealers claim to be only so in name. The Jewett Fancy Base Burner leads all others. For we've got there just the same. Sold only by

GEO. E. THOMPSON & Co.

Washington Street, Owosso

A FULL LINE OF HARDWARE

FOR SALE AT

LOW PRICES

P. FAUTH

Washington Street, Owosso

Jackson Wagons

**Third Car Load this Week
GOING! GOING!**

Like hot cakes. Come and see our Buggies and Harrows going cheap, bound to sell.

Superior Drills, Whips

Agency for Oliver Plows none. Points only 25 cents.

Also agent for Bidwell Hullers.

C. S. WILLIAMS