THE OWOSSO PRESS.

WEDNESDAY AUGUST 28, 1889

[illegible] Mrs. [illegible] wife of M[illegible] aged 50 years [illegible] had suffered [illegible] the past six years.

Mrs. [illegible] Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] Wednesday [illegible] some had been [illegible] years [illegible] years.

[illegible] paper, the Cit[illegible] with [illegible] and [illegible] We welcome it as an ev[illegible]

A pleasant surprise was perpetrated on [illegible] Egan last Monday [illegible] when Thos. Egan, Jr., walked into [illegible] Mr. Egan has been in business in the Hawaiian Islands for several years past and his return at present was [illegible]. Fortune has smiled [illegible] and the future is particularly [illegible] [Corunna Independent.

The State game warden admonishes all persons that woodchuck, partridge [illegible] wild water fowl [illegible] snipe cannot be lawfully killed at any season [illegible] from Sept. 1 to January [illegible] under a penalty of $50 or 30 days imprisonment is attached to the violation of the statute. He furthermore instructs deputy wardens to see that the law is enforced.

—We are in receipt of the twenty-seventh Annual Announcement of the New York Medical College and Hospital for Women, for 1889-90. The College is located at No. 213 West 54th street, between Broadway and 7th Avenue. It consists of a three years' graded course, is of the homœopathic school, possesses excellent clinical and other advantages [illegible] college.

[illegible]—Albert H. Van Etten and Miss Florence F. Green, daughter of Judge S. M. Green, were married in Bay City in 1876. A few years afterward they removed to Little Rock, Ark. In the meantime children had been born to them, and though apparently their domestic life was surrounded with happiness, this seemed not to be the case for in 1888 a decree of divorce was granted the wife in the Bay county Circuit Court. Judge Gaze severed the marital ties. Since then, until a few weeks ago they have continued to live separately. But now it is learned that the marriage vow has once again been pledged between them, and the marriage ceremony performed. They will live in Manitoba. —[Saginaw Courier.

K. O. T. M.—At the recent convention of the Knights of the Maccabees held at Muskegon the following officers were elected:

Commander, D. P. Markey of West Branch; great lieutenant commander, N. A. Linton of Detroit; great record keeper, N. S. Boynton, of Port Huron; great finance keeper, Robert J. Whaley of Flint; great medical examiner, E. P. Tibbals, of Port Huron; great prelate, Fred Cutter Jr. of Ionia; great sergeant, Samuel Martin of Calumet; great S. M. at A., W. A. Garner of Flushing; great first M. of G., C. W. Wernette of Mecosta; great sentinel, Edward Gillis of Kalamazoo; great picket, Mr. Glassford of Detroit.

An important amendment was adopted debarring from membership any person engaged either as principal, agent or servant in the sale of spirituous or malt liquors as a beverage.

A Barn, Two Horses and Grain Burned.

Chesaning Argus, Aug. 24: Sunday at the hour of 2 o'clock, Uncle John Pitts and wife were awakened by a crackling noise and upon getting up and looking out of the door discovered that their barn was completely enveloped in flames. The aged couple quickly dressed themselves and went out to save what surrounding property they could. They worked (old and gray as they are) as they never worked before and succeeded in saving an oat stack that stood within 20 feet of the barn, granary and fences. The barn contained all their crops except a part of the oats. All of the farming implements, harness and buggy were burned, together with their fine farm team. The fire burned furiously and charred shingles were carried away two and three miles. It is thought to be the work of an incendiary. There was no insurance and the loss is estimated at $800. One half of the wheat belonged to Geo. French who harvested it on shares.

A Child's Terrible Fall.

Hudson (Mich.) Gazette. While Fred Collett was engaged in breaking up a new well at the residence of Mrs. W. T. B. Schermerhorn, on Seward street, yesterday afternoon, nine years-old Violette accidentally stepped backward into the opening, and fell a distance of 30 feet to the bottom. Luckily the child struck on her feet, and there was sufficient water in the bottom to break the force of her fall. Mr. Collett heard the frightened scream as she fell over, and jumping into the dirt bucket was lowered to the bottom of the well. "I'm not hurt, but I'm cold," she exclaimed as she was lifted from the water which reached to her shoulders. She displayed remarkable presence of mind, clinging to the rope as she was pulled up in the bucket by Mr. Collett being obliged to remain in the water until it could be lowered again. Strange to say, there were no serious injuries. One side was bruised slightly about the hips, and her forehead was scratched probably by coming in contact with the brick wall on the way down. It was a narrow escape.

The gentlemen who intend to spend the warm days at the [illegible] reservoir at Johnstown, Pa., have purchased a big street of and near Pittsburg and will build a club [illegible]

FUNNY IN THE HIGHLANDS.

S. F. Parkill Roams Over Ellen's Isle.

[illegible] gave a charming letter from Stanley B. Parkill, written among the scenes of Highlandia, the home of Walter Scott's lady of the lake and other works. Below we give his ramblings over Ellen's Isle, a song [illegible] chapter of last week's letter will find him weary and foot sore from a tour of Ben Lomond. The letter [illegible] an away mother Mec[illegible]

THE TROSSACHS HOTEL,
LOCH KATRINE, N. B., [illegible]

My climb yesterday was rough, but I am fully convinced of it when I try to stretch out my limbs and ease my tender feet in a pair of Salisbury's square lasters shoes. I have slept like a log 11 hours, and live refreshed like a king.

The hotel is on the banks of Loch Achray, a noble stone structure, the best I have seen since leaving Queenstown. I expect the charges will be in proportion. If they are I am getting my money's worth for once.

Arise to get out for a trip to Ellen's Isle on Loch Katrine. A walk of a mile through the Trossachs brings me to the landing. I take a boat, and after a mile or so of hard rowing the Isle rises in front of me, literally.

'Twas all so close with copse-wood [bound,
Nor track, nor path, nor way, might declare
That human foot frequented there."

I moor my shallop on the beach, and clambering over rocks and trees, at last gain the crest of the island. 'Tis wild and broken now, old trees with gnarled and twisted branches intermingled, form a canopy, while underneath, the heather and ferns grow rank and wild. Now, where is the site of Ellen's cottage? Not here, certainly, for there is not a level space large enough for the bower, saying nothing of the green that should stretch to the west. So I move on, clamber down a steep ravine, up a rocky ascent, and at last stand on the highest point of the island—its northern end. Still no cottage, and no green sward. Then I start back on the east side, and strike a well-worn path that leads me by a winding way down to the water, and there below me, sure enough, is the landing place of Fitz James and Ellen. A few rocky steps lead from the water up to the twisting path. There is the great tree behind which "Duncraggan's widowed dame" stood, when she struck down Moray's follower, when he swam over for the boat. Good! I'll follow this scent. So back I go, winding upward till at last—behold! I stand on a level green—or what might have been a green—large enough for both bower, and lawn.

But where is the bower? gone, utterly gone. Four centuries have left no trace of it. There is nothing left on this romantic little isle save the memory of sweet Ellen Douglas, the music of old gray-haired Allen Bane, the sorrow of the noble Douglas, and the bloody deeds of Roderick Dhu. All about me lies the scenery of Scott's charming poem. In front I gaze on Ben Aau lifting high his forehead bare; there, over the water, is where Fitz James lost his steed; there, the promontory he climbed to view the lake; there, the silvery strand where Ellen was wont to land her shallop.

"High on the south, huge Ben Venue
Down on the lake in masses threw
Crags, knolls, and mounds, confusedly [hurled."

Here on the west are the "Meadows far away" where the cloisters should have been built, and over it all is "silence wide and still," unbroken, except by the lapsing of the waves on the rocks below. Oh, how beautiful it is—how peaceful—and withal how romantic—and yet all its romance comes from Sir Walter's fertile brain, and not from fact. Here I sit on this moss-covered rock and indulge in reverie over events that never happened, and take deep delight in gazing on the site of scenes that never occurred.

I hate to leave this quiet, peaceful spot and take myself back to the companionship of my fellow men. 'Tis like going back to soup after having partaken of the dainties of dessert. But then, I can't live on reverie alone and so, regretfully, I clamber down the pathway again to the beach, unfasten my shallop and slowly row back to the landing. Then I think I'll try the shores of the lake for a time, and have wandered along until I am on the "silver strand," opposite the island. Clouds and mists obscure the peaks of Ben Aan and Ben Venue; there is rain up the lake, and it is coming my way, but no true traveller cares for a wet skin, and I'll not be driven in by a Scotch mist. An empty stomach will force me back soon enough, without yielding to any milder necessity.

To-morrow I go to Edinburg via Sterling, from there to Abbotsford, then through the Westmoreland country, then over to York, then to Liverpool, Chester, Hawarden, Stratford, Kenilworth, Warwick, Windsor, Eaton, Oxford, and London. I am growing strong every day; have an appetite that is ever on the increase, and a digestion that knows no fear.

Later—Have just paid my bill at this resort hotel for a day and a half, 1 pound 2 shillings, $5.50 United States coin. High living, but I had no choice; no other hotel in nine miles, and besides I would not have missed the day for twice that sum. The dinner to-day cost $1.25—had ten courses served in elegant style, waiters in dress coats, silver service, etc. I am pretty stiff from my walks and climbing, but will keep it up till I limber up.

About how I live, and get my meals. We put up at a hotel, engage a room for a stated amount varying from 1 shilling, 6 pence, to 3 shillings, according to place. Attendance is generally one shilling extra, sometimes more. Then we get our meals where we can or want to. A steak including potatoes and bread is generally one shilling, that is 25 cents; coffee 3 pence, or 6 cents; butter 2 pence or 4 cents; that makes a very good meal. For dinner, roast beef, 1 shilling, 6 pence including bread and potatoes. These are restaurant prices. When we have to pay hotel rates they are nearly doubled. Hotel living here is also altogether too [illegible] and there is expected to be everybody and everything—waiters, porters, chambermaids, etc. [illegible] afternoon with an elevator man belonging to Matthews Engine and American. He is a [illegible] How I do spread it on when I get home among my own country. [illegible] a door [illegible] near me.

[illegible] the bells from Ben [illegible] and [illegible] heather from Ellen's [illegible]

THE PALACE OF ILLUSIONS.

Some of The Mysterious Appearances That Will be Shown at the Detroit Exposition.

Among the attractions at the Detroit Exposition will be the Palace of Illusions, a special building in which will be shown strange and mysterious appearances. A description of four of the dozen or more of these appearances will give a faint idea of the whole.

The illusions are shown upon raised platforms, which, all in three sides of the spacious hall. To the left of the main entrance as you enter will be seen a paraphrase of Bottom's Dream. The legs, body and arms of a man in evening dress are surmounted by the head of a live donkey. There will be no question that the man's arms, legs, feet and body are human and alive, and it will be equally apparent that the head is that of a living donkey. Those who have seen illusions by other so-called magicians, that are shown with a black or red background, cannot begin to conceive the extraordinary mysteriousness of Robair's illusions. This donkey-man sits in a vine-covered arbor, brilliantly illuminated, and you can see all around and on both sides of him.

In a booth beyond is a splendid white and gold stairway, with brilliant lamps burning upon pilasters on each side. Festooned from these lamps is an enormous cobweb, in the center of which is a gigantic spider, two feet across. The head of this spider is that of a living, breathing, beautiful woman. One will see all about the spider, and can look through the web at the gorgeous stairway beyond, but nothing can be seen of any other body to the woman than that of the spider.

Another illusion is that of the beautiful Rolla. In a room six feet high, six feet wide, and 4 feet deep brilliantly upholstered in pink satin, one will see the head, shoulders and bust of a lovely, living woman, but no body. This head and bust reposes upon a little moving carriage, which is lifted several inches above the floor on a miniature railway track; and the carriage runs back and forth through this enchanted boudoir, with this mysterious half woman. There are no dark recesses nor hidden places. You see under the carriage and all around it.

The mermaid is still more wonderful. In the center of a booth gorgeously hung with peacock blue draperies is an iron fountain with a bowl twenty-six inches wide and seven inches deep. Two jets of water rise from the fountain and splash in the overflowing bowl. In the center of this bowl, in full view, with every inch brilliantly lighted, floats Lurline, a living, breathing mermaid.

These are only a few of the strange and beautiful spectacles with which the palace of illusions will be filled during the exhibition.

—Detroit Free Press, Aug. 29, 1889.

America vs. Japan.

When he was only seven years old Prince Haru had an unexpected wrestling match with a small American boy of his own age. It was at a school entertainment in Tokio, and it began by Price Haru's noticing that the young American kept on his Tam o' Shanter cap in the princely presence.

"Go and tell that boy to take off his hat!" ordered the small prince to his aide-de camp.

Before the officer could reach the offender, the insulted princeling slipped from his chair, strode down, and knocked off the hat with his own hand. Young America never stopped to think who the aggressor was, but struck back, and in a few minutes the future emperor and one of our future presidents had clinched, and were slapping and pounding each other in the most democratic manner. The horrified nobles of the prince's suite and the frightened parents of the young American separated them, and led them apart, neither combatant feeling any regret for what he had done.

"That boy slapped me first, when I wasn't doing anything to him!" persisted the young American, whose parents were almost expecting to be arrested or beheaded for the unprecedented treatment of such a sacred being as the Imperial Crown Prince.

"I have punished that boy for his impoliteness in wearing his hat in my presence," said the pompous princeling, frowning at his suite, tightening his little sword-belt and strutting up and down like a young game-cock.

The tableaux and exercises went on quietly after that prelude, and when supper-time came, Prince Haru was seen eating pink and white ice-cream elbow to elbow with his late opponent, and gallantly feeding his own sponge-cake and *eclairs* to the opponent's pretty little yellow-haired sister.—*St. Nicholas.*

Paper Pulp Out of Sawdust.

A mill has been established at Ottawa, Ont., which makes paper pulp out of sawdust. The paper, made wholly from sawdust, is said to form an admirable sheathing that is fit for building after being tarred and dried. A better quality of paper is made by using one-forth waste paper. The mill has a capacity for converting about 13,000 tons of sawdust into pulp annually.

A Scarce Article.

Traveling Evangelist—Sir, I have a mission.

Solemn-Visage Traveler (coming north from Washington)—Well, you want to hang out to—missions are scarce nowadays.—*Manasses Herald.*

LOCKED OUT MINERS'

Voting for Protection, They are in an Unprotected Condition.

J. W. Miller and George H. Simmons, the latter having a wooden leg, are here properly accredited representatives of the starving locked-out miners of Clay county, Ind., are in the city to endeavor the charitable people of Detroit to give something for the relief of the poor toilers. They called at the mayor's office yesterday morning and were introduced to Acting Mayor Jacob by John Haire. They asked to be instructed as to the best method of reaching the people and Jacob told them he would consider the matter and let them know later what he thought about it. They state that there are 1,700 families, or 9,000 persons, in Clay county that are in a state of destitution through the miners being locked out.

Last year the miners' wages were 90 to 95 cents a ton for digging coal from ordinary veins, and up to $1.20 for thin veins. At these rates a miner could earn from $4.50 to $5 a week and about keep from starving.

"I was a little better off than the rest," said Mr. Miller, "for I had a little money when I went there, and by a lucky speculation increased it. I lived as economically as I could, but my expenses were $100 more than I earned last year."

On May 1 last, the miner owners told the men that their wages would be cut to 70 cents a ton in all the veins for the summer and 75 cents for the winter, a cut of 23½ per cent and that they could not work unless they signed an iron-clad contract to accept the reduction for a year. The men refused to sign and have been locked out since. The citizens of Terre Haute, Indianapolis, Evansville and other places have sent relief, but the amount received has only been 24 cents a week for each person. Messrs. Miller and Simmons have just come from Jackson, the first place visited in this state, where they secured $120 from the laboring people, but got nothing from the business men. They say that many of the miners have tried to get other work and failed, and that they cannot move their families because they have no money to move with, their meager earnings having been made less by being forced to pay high prices at the "plucking" stores of the mine owners.

Mr. Miller was asked the politics of the miners, and replied that he could not say definitely, but thought over half were republicans and, of course, voted for protection (?).—Evening News.

Pearl Hunt Craze.

Prarie Du Chien, Wis., Aug. 18.—The pearl hunters craze has struck here and the largest number of pearls yet reported in this state have been gathered during the past day or two. More than one thousand pearls were sent from here yesterday by two or three persons. Some of the pearls are quite large and very valuable. While hunting pearls to-day a man by the name of Laroque fished up a large bombshell that had probably laid in the river a great many years—probably from the time of the capture of the old fort by the British.

Timid youth—I have a poem and I want to see the editor. Office boy—The editor is busy. I'll do just as well. I'm on my way to the waste paper basket now.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

DESIRABLE RESIDENCE for SALE CHEAP. Enquire at THE PRESS office. 49 tf

FOR SALE CHEAP.—A House and Two Lots. Enquire of
July 3 3m J. W. JORDAN.

LOTS FOR SALE on East Mason Street on reasonable terms. Enquire of THEO. LAUBENGAYER. 31 tf

CITY LOTS—I have 2½ city lots on Dewey Street, fine location, which I want to sell for $625. Come and look at them.
23tf ROBERT BOWLES.

Desirable Lots

For sale or exchange, situated on King Water and Oliver Streets. Enquire of E. P. or MAGGIE BYERLY, Owosso. 3tf

I will sell all my vacant lots at a great bargain to cash buyers, situated in S. K. Barnes's addition to the city of Owosso. For further information inquire of MRS. JULIA M. COWAN, Ovid, Clinton county, Mich. 9tf

G. R. LYON,
Real Estate and Loan Office,
Over M. L. STEWART & Co's Bank, OWOSSO, MICH.
MONEY TO LOAN AT LIVING RATES.
FARMS BOUGHT AND SOLD.
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A farm of 10 acres one mile from Carland; good Orchard and Buildings.

A farm of 80 acres one mile west of city line; good improvements.

Also, the n e ¼ of sec 30, Township of Owosso, 160 acres unimproved, on easy terms.

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AH, THERE!

What Do I Say!

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1889

GARDEN TEA!

EARLIEST, FINEST,
BEST.

Oh, My, Whew!
LOVELY AND LUXURIOUS
E'EN TO INTOXICATION!

That is Soothing and Pangless. On sale at

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D. L. MURPHY,
Wall Paper and Paint Store, corner Main Street and Michigan Avenue, Owosso.

Estimates Given on all Job or Contract Work.

THE OWOSSO PRESS.

WEDNESDAY [illegible]

A SAW[illegible]

[illegible] Rule of a Yankee from M[illegible] Colony of Negro[illegible]

A [illegible]

A young fellow whose name [illegible] Atlanta, but who is now keeping books for a lumber king down in Dodge county, came to town the other day and [illegible] of the Atlanta [illegible] story.

This lumber king has one of the dark corners of Dodge all to himself. He employs a large number of hands—fifty whites and 200 blacks. These men with their families live on their employer's domain, in comfortable cabins and cottages, which they enjoy without paying any rent.

It struck the dromio that such a community would naturally present many significant phases of the race problem, and he asked the young bookkeeper about it.

"Oh, that's all right," he replied. "The blacks kill each other occasionally, but they let the whites alone. You see the cottages occupied by the white families are all bunched together, and an alarm from one would be heard in all the others. Every white man has a Winchester rifle and a revolver, while the blacks are entirely unarmed."

"How do you keep pistols out of the hands of the negroes?"

"The boss attends to that. When he finds a negro with a pistol he just knocks him down and takes the weapon away from him and throws it into the mill-race. I tell you, that man won't stand any nonsense. When his men do their work and behave themselves he is as mild as milk, but when anything goes wrong he's a d—d sight worse than your little eruption of Vesuvius out here at the Fall of Pompeii.

"And this policy works well?"

"You bet it does. And it is the only policy. If we tried any other plan those desperate negroes would butcher us in our beds some night. You ought to see the boss when a big nigger forgets himself and talks sassy. He doesn't say a word, but just takes up a scantling, a rock or a bar of iron and knocks the fellow down without caring whether it kills or only cripples him.

"The old hands know what to expect, and they walk a chalk line. It is only the new ones that get into trouble.

"The men have to obey the rules. When they don't they have to go. Once when there was an election in Eastman the boss notified the hands that they might go at 3 o'clock without having their wages docked, but that if a man left before that hour he would be discharged. Well, it turned out that twenty of the hands knocked off at 12 o'clock, and went to town. They had a good time, but when they returned at dark they found their household goods all thrown out in the road. Before they got over their surprise the boss came along and ordered them to take their things off the premises at once. Some of them were hustling until midnight hauling off their stuff.

"You think it was hard. Wait a bit. When the prohibition election was about to be held the boss called a mass-meeting of the hands. On a table in front of him he had a pile of blue ribbons. He looked at the crowd a moment in dead silence. Then he began to talk in his usual calm, cold way, as if he had no interest in the matter. He said that in every man's life the time came when he had to find out who were his friends and who were his enemies. He did not discuss prohibition. He merely said that he was determined to have no liquor in his camp, and was for any measure right or wrong that would keep it out. 'Now,' he concluded, in a clear, ringing voice, 'my friends will come up and take these blue ribbons. My enemies will take the red ones.'

"Well, sir, every man marched up and took a blue ribbon. The boss smiled and asked if that meant a unanimous vote for prohibition. The niggers all told him that it did, and they voted solidly that way."

"Your boss, as you call him, don't seem to belong to the old school of slaveholders—he probably owned a large number of slaves before the war?"

The bookkeeper laughed.

"No," he answered, "he is a Yankee from Maine. He is a small, slender man about 40, weighs 125 pounds and has quiet, steel-grey eyes that look right through you. I have seen a gang of the worst desperadoes in the camp scatter when they saw him coming. The most reckless outlaws in Dodge are as much afraid of him as they are of the devil."

"And you like him?"

"You bet I do!"

Here's a Pretty State of Things.

Penitentiary visitor: "My poor man, how did you come to be in here?" Prisoner: "For selling fraudulent goods and thereby getting money under false pretenses." Visitor: "I hope you'll become an honest man here, and be a good citizen when you are released. What are you employed at by the state?" Prisoner: "Making warranted solid leather soles for boots and shoes out of pasteboard." *Omaha World.*

A man at Hamilton, Ohio, had an old building torn down and all the nails saved, and when he got through and figured up he found that they had cost him 33 cents per pound.

The note of the prima donna is negotiable only when endorsed by the public.—Life.

[illegible]

[illegible] Loocindy, thus adjured, [illegible] seemed a little less [illegible] and a trifle more spiritual, while her heavy eyes brightened [illegible] when her husband said:

"Now, Loocindy, we're ready for yer. Just come along here an' put yer name out in full on this [illegible] line. That's all we want of you."

It was simply refreshing to see the color come to Loocindy's [illegible] cheeks and to note the pride [illegible] as she said:

"I shan't do it, Cy."

"You shan't do what?"

"I shan't sign my name to that there deed."

"Why, good lawd, woman, what's all I brung you along fer?"

"I know it, Cy, and I an't goin' to do it."

"What in thunder do you mean?" gasped out Cy, as he stared at Loocindy with his eyes like saucers and mouth wide open.

"I mean just what I say, Cy Jackson. Oh, you needn't stare so at me, Cy. It's my time to take a hand in this trade, Cy, an' I'm goin' to do it. It an't often I git a chance to show I'm of any consequence in this world, but now I'll learn you that I am!"

"Lookee here, Loocindy, I'm blamed if I goin' to stand this! What ails you to go to cuttin' up like this? Now you put your name to that deed an' have done with your foolin'."

"I an't foolin', Cy," she replied calmly, as she took the pen he handed her and put it back on the pen-rack and then pulled her faded old shawl up around her gaunt shoulders.

"Lookee here, Cy," she said at last, "the way I look at it that land's mine much as it's yours. I've dug an' niggered harder'n you have an' I'm blamed if I an't goin' to have some say-so 'bout sellin' it. Now I'll tell you what I'll do! Give me have the money Higgins is goin' to pay you for the land right here in my own fist an' I'll sign the paper!"

"You must be crazy, Loocindy; I want you to stop——"

"Forty million of men couldn't make me sign without," she said, calmly, as she dropped into a chair.

"Loocindy!"

"Well, Cy?"

"I—I—blamed if I—I—what you mean carryin' on like this?"

"I mean that I am goin' to have a dollar or two in the bank I kin call my own and some decent duds. Hand over the money, Cy, an' I'll sign, and I'll never sign without it."

Half an hour later Cy and Loocindy left the office, Cy with a dazed look on his livid face and Loocindy with a serenely triumphant expression on hers as she walked away with a roll of bills clutched tightly in her bony hand and visions of a new "alpacky" dress and a $5 bonnet and a bank account of her own before her glistening eyes. Her time had come without doubt.

How to Make Big Bubbles.

Next to white Castile, the mottled Castile gives the best results. The soap being obtained, a friendly druggist must carefully weigh out sixty grains (for exactness in proportions is needful) for each ounce of water. That is, one drachm (according to the Apothecary's Weight of the old arithmetic), and when the weighing is done and the obliging druggist thanked for kindness, the rest is plain sailing. A bottle with a sound cork is the next requirement. It must be large enough to hold three or four times the quantity of solution you wish to make. Do not prepare too much at one time; two ounces of soap solution will be a good quantity, and for this a six or eight ounce bottle will be about the right thing. The bottle must be well cleaned and then well rinsed out with soft water—which, by the way should be used for all the operations. All being ready, the soap is cut into fragments small enough to enter the bottle. Measure an ounce of water for each drachm of soap; this can be done with a teaspoon, eight spoonfuls making an ounce. Having poured the water and put the soap into the bottle, we have now to await perfect solution, which will happen in the course of two or three hours, if the bottle be put in a moderately warm place. Then add glycerine to the soap solution, the quantity varying with our ambition. I have found that one-half the volume of the solution gives excellent results; that is to say, to each ounce of water add one-half ounce of glycerine, measuring the quantities instead of weighing them, in both cases. The bottle is now to be tightly corked and well shaken; then set aside for two or three hours more, and well shaken again. These alternate periods of rest and agitation should continue for a whole day. Finally, let the bottle stand undisturbed and tightly corked for twenty-four hours. Bubbles of great size and beauty may be blown with this solution. *St. Nicholas.*

Easy Enough.

"How can you tell a poor cigar without smoking it, Smith?" "By looking at the picture on the box, my friend. If the picture is pretty the cigar is bad." *Boston Courier.*

[illegible]

[illegible] Harrison Beecher [illegible] greatly [illegible]

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All persons who resided in Johnstown [illegible]

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Great 1-4 Off Sale!

$1.00
1 25
9.00
7.50
4.50
3.75
3.00
2.25
1 50
1.13
.94
.75

And now as a [illegible] we are offering the same rates.

[illegible] The damp, cold weather we have had this season has a very depressing effect on the sale of this class of goods, and now at the commencement of the dull season we find we have an overstock which **MUST GO.** We therefore propose to make the usual dull period a lively one for us at least, and move these goods to *your profit* at a sacrifice to ourselves. Remember this and be sure before purchasing to call and examine the goods included in this **Great 1-4 Off Sale.**

MURRAY & TERBUSH

Washington and Main Streets, Owosso.

NEW TEAS.

1889 CROP.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED ANOTHER INVOICE OF THOSE

Choice New Teas!

And can furnish the trade with any kind wanted.

Choice Formosa, Oolongs, Black, Green, Japans, Mixed and Tea Siftings.

A Leader in Jap Tea at 25 cents per pound.

—:o:—

GIVE THEM A TRIAL!

And be convinced that we are headquarters for fine grades.
Every Pound Guaranteed. Reductions Made on Large Quantities.

ALSO A COMPLETE STOCK OF

Staple and Fancy Groceries.

—o—

F. H. Banister,

Wesener Block, Owosso.

NOTICE.

FRED BOGUN is now prepared to do all kinds of Blacksmithing in a first-class manner, on short notice, at his shop on Comstock Street, just east of Wildermuth House Barn. Give him a trial when in need of work in his line. Prices as low as possible. 45-48

The Mather Glove Cleaner is for Sale only at Bagg's Drug Store; is odorless and works like a charm. 50-1*

☞Our friends will do us a favor when having business at the Probate Office requiring publication, if they will request the Judge of Probate to have the publication in THE PRESS.

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Novelties and Styles of the Season
Also a full line of **Corsets, Bustles, Hosiery, Etc.**

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Exchange Street, Owosso.

GINGER ALE, a superb article for Family use, delivered at residences by the Owosso BOTTLING WORK 39-tf.

$1 $1 $1 $1

Per Year for the OWOSSO PRESS CASH IN ADVANCE.

That this is [illegible] purpose of [illegible] through which [illegible] ent to the East [illegible] is. The managers of the State Fair have opened their doors [illegible] cheerfully we [illegible] denizens of the north [illegible] open arms.

The Secretary of the State Fair, M. Sterling, has been [illegible] by the Northern and Lake Shore Railways to assign space for a car load of their exhibit which will be placed in their grounds at Lansing at the expense of [illegible] from $20,000 to $[illegible]

The Minneapolis and Sault Ste. Marie railway is a score the field with a fine display, and the Upper Peninsula will, for the first time, let the people know of what material they are composed by sending a delegation loaded down with the products of that portion of our state lying north of the Straits.

California has already secured space for a great display of fruit, wines grains and minerals of the Golden State. They will also bring as a specimen of their timber, the butt end of a redwood log 14 feet long and 22 feet in diameter; and it is intimated that they may bottle up a sample of their glorious climate and bring that along. Since the State Fair has located permanently, there is no end to applications from sections of the country outside of Michigan for a chance to show their products at this fair; and while the managers assert that home interest shall not be crowded out, they will make every effort to accommodate every applicant.

The grounds are being put in fine condition, many new buildings erected, track widened and improved, water mains laid to all parts of the grounds, and fountains placed at short intervals.

It is estimated that the improvements this year will cost nearly $30,000 but they are for all time, and the outlay hereafter will be a trifle as compared to the present year. The fair opens Monday, Sept. 9, continuing five days, and we predict for it the most successful season since its organization over 40 years ago.

IN THE EIFFEL TOWER.

American Workingmen are Banqueted There.

The following is an evening News special from its delegation of American workingmen sent to the Paris Exposition:

Paris, Aug. 23.—The Eiffel tower was in a blaze of light last night, in honor of the American workingmen and distinguished men gathered there to meet them. Dinner was to be served on the tower, 100 feet above the highest domes of Paris, and leading men of France and America were present at probably one of the most brilliant gatherings of Americans the French capital has seen.

Hon. Whitelaw Reid, the American minister, sat at the head of the table, acting as presiding officer, and at his left sat M. Bartholdi, the great sculptor who designed the statue of Liberty and gave it to the United States. To the left of Bartholdi sat the great American wit, Chauncey M. Depew, and opposite to him sat Napoleon Ney, grandson of Marshall Ney, now one of the municipal officers of Paris. Buffalo Bill, who is now one of the most conspicuous figures in Paris, was also present.

Minister Reid made the opening speech, in which he said it was America's workingmen who first showed that country's liberty, where it was an honor to be a worker. In eloquent terms he complimented James E. Scripps for doing what congress had failed to do, and said it was a glory to American enterprise. To respond to the toast, "The French Republic," he called on M. Bartholdi, the great sculptor, who spoke in broken English, and, with much feeling, expressed his love for America.

Hon. Chauncey M Depew responded to the toast, "The president of the United States," wittily and eloquently.

Napoleon Ney and the president of the Paris council also responded.

Minister Reid closed the exercises by inviting the entire American party to breakfast with him on Saturday. Later the entire exposition grounds were brilliantly illuminated in honor of the American guests.

A bold stage robbery and murder in the Gogebic region occurred Monday. A man with two pointed revolvers stopped the stage containing five passengers, demanding their money. One passenger drew his revolver, but the robber quickly fired, wounding one man, E. F. Fleischbein of Bessemer, MI, who will die, and slightly wounding two others. The robber got a watch and [illegible] officers are in pursuit [illegible]

There are 100,000 visitors at the great G. A. R. Encampment at Milwaukee.

[illegible] Friday morning [illegible] Petroleum and Silver Run tunnel, about twenty three miles east of Parkersburg [illegible] three men were instantly killed and many were wounded.

The Pennsylvania railroad company is about to adopt a policy towards its employes more important than any in its history. Arrangements are being made to establish a pension system, the first of the kind in the United States.

A special envoy of King Humbert of Italy has presented Thomas A. Edison, the famous American electrician, with the insignia of a grand officer of the crown of Italy. Mr. Edison thus becomes a count and his wife a countess.

A stockholder in the South Fork Fishing Club, which owned the lake above Johnstown, says that the dam will be reconstructed on a smaller scale. Property in the vicinity, the value of which depends on this, is worth $200,000.

The Chambers-McKee Glass Company, at Jeannette, Pa., the largest window-glass plant in the United States, signed the window-glass workers' scale, and will continue in operation. The other manufacturers declare they will not sign.

Gov. Fifer's committee which has been investigating the miners' strike in the first and second mining district of Illinois reported that it considered the men justified in demanding higher wages, but that its efforts to effect a compromise failed.

Bud Renaud was found guilty of participating in the Sullivan-Kilrain prize-fight and fined $500. He took an appeal and was released on $500 bail. He was also required to furnish $200 to secure his appearance as a witness before the grand jury.

The wives of Spring Valley Ill. miners have organized themselves into committees to visit the principal cities of the State to beg provisions for the support of their starving families. At Galesburg a committee of citizens was appointed to raise money for them.

The excitement over the Terry affair has nearly died out in San Francisco. Judge Terry and his wife made their wills and gave them into the keeping of a mutual friend, a lawyer of that city, the day before Terry was shot by Deputy United States Marshal Nagle.

It is announced that immediately after the encampment Commander-in-Chief Warner will assume the management of an illustrated magazine to be called the *Republic*. It will be the national organ of the Grand Army and will be published at New York.

The latest telegrams from the scene of the earthquake at Kumu-Moto and neighborhood state that earthquake shocks continue at frequent intervals. The number of killed is now stated to be twenty-eight, houses destroyed 100, and the ground is rent in thirty different places.

Prof. Edward D. Porter, for nine years past professor of agriculture in the University of Minnesota and director of the state agricultural experiment station at St. Anthony Park, Minnesota, has been elected dean of the College of Agriculture of Missouri and director of its experiment station.

A correspondent writes to Mrs. Maybrick's New York attorneys to explain that the expression "sick unto death" is in common use in the South to express a slight illness. A person in a more dangerous state would be spoken of as "very ill." The attorneys think the point is in Mrs. Maybrick's favor.

A committee appointed some months ago to investigate an alleged shortage in the accounts of ex-Collector Tandy H. Trice, of Buchanan County, Missouri, returned its report Friday. It shows Trice's account to be $36,000 short. He claims credits of $34,000, which the committee would not allow.

The bondholders of the St. Louis and Chicago Railroad have agreed to a reorganization of the company. There will be an issue of $600,000 first mortgage 5 per cent bonds, to take up the $500,000 old first mortgage. The capital stock will consist of $1,300,000 preferred and $1,500,000 common stock.

Miss Elizabeth Carter has brought suit against the Hon. George Hiles, President of the Wisconsin, Pittsfield and Superior Railway, for breach of promise of marriage. She alleges that she lived with him for several years after he promised to marry her and that he has recently tried to cast her off.

Mrs. "Mike" C. McDonald, wife of the Chicago gambler, has eloped to Europe with Father Joseph Moysant, her spiritual adviser. The guilty pair left about a week since, the woman having first pledged her servants to secrecy as to her movements. For two years she has been criminally intimate with the priest.

California capitalists have placed an order for seventy-five steel oil-tank cars with a well-known iron firm at Pittsburg, the contract price being $87,000. They intend to ship crude oil from Pittsburg to refineries at San Diego, where it will be refined and shipped in tanks and cases to the Sandwich Islands and the east.

A dispatch from Missoula states that the Indians are again menacing the lives of the whites at Demersville. They have broken into a house and one person has been killed. F. D. Duncan, a justice of the peace at Demersville, has telegraphed Gov. White, asking for protection, and says that the settlers are guarding their homes.

Mrs. Nathan Poyner died at her residence, near Waterloo, Iowa, Tuesday at the advanced age of 90 years. She was the widow of the Rev. Nathan Poyner, the pioneer Baptist clergyman of that section, who went there in 1852, and held services in the woods. Poyner Township, in Black Hawk county, Iowa, was named after him.

Judge Levi M. Vilas of St. Paul, aged 45, brother of Col. William F. Vilas, died Sunday morning at the home of his mother at Madison, Wis., after an illness of four or five weeks. He was graduated from the Wisconsin university in 1863, from the Albany (N. Y.) law school in 1864, and went to Eau Claire to practice law in 1868.

At Providence, R. I., the Wauregan and the Nottingham cotton mills and the Thornton Worsted Company, a woolen mill, have suspended, owing to injury caused by the failure of Lewis Brothers and Brown, Steese & Clark. Liabilities are estimated at $800,000 to $1,000,000; nominal assets about $2,000,000. The plant alone cost $1,300,000.

The Newfoundland government is enforcing the bait act with a good deal of vigor. One cruiser, the Lady Glover, has made eight seizures this season. The masters of two of the vessels were sentenced to pay a fine of $1,000 each or to undergo five months' imprisonment. The others were imprisoned for terms of from five months downward.

Probably the largest railway mortgage in the world will soon cover the Northern Pacific railroad. The actual figures are $160,000,000, which are $10,000,000 greater than those included in the blanket mortgage recently placed upon the St. Paul road. The scheme for placing the mortgage was unanimously adopted by the directors of the Northern Pacific railroad.

Republicans made nominations for governor in three states Thursday. In Virginia Gen. Mahone was nominated by acclamation. In North Dakota John Miller, the candidate of the Farmers' Alliance, received the nomination on the first ballot. In Montana T. C. Power, of Helena, was the nominee, and the present delegate T. H. Carter, was nominated for member of congress.

At a meeting of the potters at East Liverpool, O., the western white granite compact was formed, with George Morley of Chicago, as president. It is claimed that the organization is not in the nature of a trust in any sense, but is simply a compact agreement not to offer the jobbing trade better than a certain discount, nor give a jobber's discount to a small dealer who is not entitled to the same.

The captain of the French steamer La Gascogne, that arrived in New York Sunday, states that on Friday at 3 A. M., when in latitude 48.58 and longitude 58, his vessel ran into a shoal of icebergs, six in number. He could see them on his port by the light of the moon. The largest, 150 feet long, stood out of the water fifty feet directly in the vessel's course. The vessel was at once steered to starboard at quarter speed and escaped unhurt.

The Blue Grass palace at Creston, Iowa, was formally opened by Gov. Larrabee in the presence of an immense crowd. It is the outcome of the formation of the "Blue Grass League," formed of the seventeen counties of southwestern Iowa to bring this special product into prominence. It is 100 by 100 feet on the ground and 120 feet high. The roof is thatched with native grasses, and all the entrances and projections are constructed of baled hay.

The chairman of the Grand Army of the Republic encampment committee on accommodations and public comfort announces that quarters for 30,000 guests are now ready for assignment, thus giving assurance that intending visitors who have not secured their lodgings in advance will be able to get them upon their arrival. Sub-bureaus, with a full staff of clerks and messengers, are being established at all depots and steamboat landings, to serve visitors promptly and efficiently.

A horrible wreck occurred on the Knoxville, Cumberland Gap & Louisville railroad at Flat Gap creek, near Knoxville, Tenn., Thursday. The train was the first to go over the new road and carried a select excursion of the city council, the board of public works, representatives of the chamber of commerce, the very flower of other business and professional men of Knoxville. The train of two cars left the track at the crossing, and the rear car went down a trestle. Only one man was uninjured.

Another break occured in the embankment of the Yellow river, Chang Kin, in the province of Shan Tung, on July 22. The break extended for 2,400 feet, and the water which flowed through it submerged ten districts. In the lower portions of the flooded districts the water stood twelve feet high. A large number of buildings were destroyed, and a telegram from the scene of the disaster to the Chinese authorities states: "The number of people drowned is so large they can not be counted." An appeal for aid has been made for those rendered destitute by the disaster.

Gov. E. W. Wilson of West Va. and his aged father-in-law, Dr. J. P. Cotton met with a very serious accident Sunday while out driving. The horse, a firery animal, took fright at a point where the road runs along the edge of a thirty-five-foot bank, and finally fell over the edge, carrying Dr. Cotton with him. Gov. Wilson was thrown out, falling on the edge of the bank, where he made a desperate effort to save the horse from going over, but was unsuccessful. Dr. Cotton had his left shoulder broken and the governor was painfully hurt about the legs and is confined to his bed.

The outlook for the opening of the great Red Lake reservation is better. Up to Saturday night no signatures had been obtained and the Indians were plotting a massacre. The ringleader of the opposition was arrested and placed in jail, and his followers practically surrendered. Commissioner Rice explained at a council that the whites only wanted to treat by peaceful methods, and the Leech lake red men began signing late Monday afternoon. The commissioners expect to finish up their work at Leech lake this week. They now assert that they will have sufficient signatures in another week to secure the opening of the reservation of 3,000,000 acres.

The death sentence of Mrs. Maybrick has been commuted to penal servitude for life. The work of erecting the scaffold had already begun when it was announced officially that Home Secretary Matthews had commuted the sentence. The decision was based on the conflict of medical testimony as to whether the poison found in Mr. Maybrick's stomach was sufficient to produce death. After a prolonged consultation between eminent lawyers and Mr. Matthews the unanimous opinion was arrived at that Mrs. Maybrick had administered poison to her husband with intent to kill. No further appeal, either for release from prison or for mitigation of the sentence to life imprisonment, will be entertained.

Carlisle D. Graham went through the Niagara rapids and whirlpool Sunday. The barrel was let go at 4:44 o'clock, taking the worst possible course, that in which Capt. Webb lost his life. It was tossed about in every direction, going end over end, but passed out of the whirlpool in five minutes and arrived at Lewiston safely. Graham entered the barrel with an astonishing air of confidence. The barrel, which was about twenty-five inches in diameter and weighed 125 pounds, had a piece of iron behind as a drag. When taken out at Lewiston Graham was badly bruised. His friends were ready with all the aid necessary and medical attendance, which was quickly secured, soon restored him. Graham says he will go over the cataract or die in the attempt.

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The Owosso Press

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Local and Otherwise

[illegible]

Scribner for September.

Scribner's Magazine for September contains the opening chapters of a new serial on Canadian life and patriotic romance of colonial days by Harold Frederic, the London correspondent of the New York Times; the last regular article in the successful railway series of twelve papers, which, after thorough revision are now to be published in a handsome volume; another of the Fishing articles this time describing the picturesque Nepivon region of Canada; an out-of-door paper by W. Hamilton Gibson, with the author's own illustrations; an end paper by the famous Irish leader, historian and novelist, Justin McCarthy; and other striking papers on literary, educational, and military topics by eminent writers, with short stories and poems. The issue also contains "Out of New England Granite"—a short story by T. R. Sullivan, author of "The Lost Rembrandt;" and poems by Duncan Campbell Scott, A. Lampman, Edith M. Thomas, C. H. Luders, and Zoe Dana Underhill.

Yarns by Gen. Sherman.

There are few men living who possess Gen. Sherman's faculty for rarely repeating the same anecdote. It is not often that any man can be found, says a Washington letter, after reaching the age of sixty, who does not unconsciously tell the same story two or three times if at all given to reminiscence, but it is generally safe to assume that the commander of the army of the Tennessee tells something new every time he opens his mouth. While swapping stories with Gen. Lew Wallace and Senator Daniel the other day he said: "Down in Selma I wanted to get a good personal inspection of the ground and left my horse with an orderly while I took a trip on foot. The main body had advanced and the skirmishers had gone to the rear. I passed two fellows lying flat on their stomachs in the underbrush. They were playing poker. I heard one of them say: 'I see your five hundred and raise you a thousand.' This struck me as an extraordinary stake for soldiers who got $16 a month, and my curiosity was excited. I stepped up and saw that each one of them had a haversack packed with bank notes. As I got closer, however, I found it was confederate money that they were playing with. I suppose they had $30,000 between them. Why, the ante in that game was $100 and no limit."

Gen. Wallace made a good sally at Sherman's expense just after this relation. Sherman was telling about a very clever woman spy, who had passed through the confederate lines and had traveled nearly 1,000 miles to reach his headquarters and report. "She was one of the most extraordinary women I ever saw," he said, "and supplied me with very valuable information. She not only gave plans and drawing, but she was able to tell of intended momements that ought not to have been known to any person outside of the commander of the opposing forces and his most trusted advisers. I asked her if she needed money, and she said that to continue her work she must have $500 in greenbacks and $3,000 in confederate money. I got the $500, but I was doubtful about getting such a large sum as $3,000 even in rebel script. I called in Gen. Kilpatrick and asked him if he could get some contraband money. 'How much do you need?' he asked. 'A pretty good sum,' I replied; '$3,000.' 'Oh,' said Kilpatrick, 'that is a small matter. I always carry that sum in my clothes,' and he pulled $5,000 out of his pocket and counted it out. Strange to say," continued Gen. Sherman, musingly, "I have never seen that woman since the war closed."

"Well," said Wallace, with a twinkle in his eye, "then she must surely be dead. No living woman would ever let you go that easily."

What this country needs is less scrambling for office and more strawberries in the short-cake.

HAY FEVER.

I have been a hay fever sufferer for three years, have often heard Ely's Cream Balm spoken of in the highest terms, did not take much stock in it because of the many quack medicines. A friend persuaded me to try the Balm, and I did so with wonderful success.—F. S. Geer, Syracuse, N. Y.

I can recommend Ely's Cream Balm to all hay Fever sufferers, it is, in my opinion, a sure cure. I was afflicted for 25 years, and never before found a permanent relief.—W. H. Haskins, Marshfield, Vt. 52-1

THE SWEET GIRL GRADUATE.

[illegible]

Scribner's Magazine for September contains the opening chapters of a new serial on Canadian life and patriotic romance of colonial days by Harold Frederic, the London correspondent of the New York Times; the last regular article in the successful railway series of twelve papers, which, after thorough revision are now to be published in a handsome volume; another of the Fishing articles this time describing the picturesque Nepivon region of Canada; an out-of-door paper by W. Hamilton Gibson, with the author's own illustrations; an end paper by the famous Irish leader, historian and novelist, Justin McCarthy; and other striking papers on literary, educational, and military topics by eminent writers, with short stories and poems. The issue also contains "Out of New England Granite"—a short story by T. R. Sullivan, author of "The Lost Rembrandt;" and poems by Duncan Campbell Scott, A. Lampman, Edith M. Thomas, C. H. Luders, and Zoe Dana Underhill.

Wages in the Glass Industry.

The best wages in the glass industry are received by the window-glass blowers, sometimes reaching twelve dollars per day. The master-melters rank next, though they seldom get more than half that amount. From these earnings the prices slope down to the small tending boys who are paid thirty cents for ten hours' work. The blower's occupation is laborious, but not unhealthful. He works eight or ten hours at a stretch, finishing one melt of glass. There are four or five melts every week, each requiring sixteen hours to fuse, ten hours of blowing, and ten hours of flattening. The work is always by the piece, and in teams or in "shops," each composed of one masterworkman and several younger assistants. There are in operation about 165 furnaces, at which there are employed about 4,000 blowers, gathers, flatteners, and cutters. They are bound together by a union that dictates the quantity each workman may make, the number of apprentices that may be taken (generally not more than two to a furnace), that prohibits any foreign workman from getting a place in the factories, or any glass from being made in the months of July and August. The average time they have worked in the last four years has been less than eight months and a half. Much of the time lost has been spent in strikes or disputes with the manufacturers about wages.—*Harper's Magazine.*

A Reformation.

Deacon Polsnap: "Well, I threw Hoo-gan out of my building to-day." The Rev. Wingus: "I am glad to hear it brother. I can not think that the rent for such a disreputable dive—if I may use the expression—could be received conscientiously by a Christian." "I wasn't receiving any rent. He owes me for three months."—*Terre Haute Express.*

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WIT AND HUMOR.

[illegible]

When the grave-digger was asked where he found life, he replied that he didn't see much of it around where he worked.—*Rochester Express.*

What do you think, Chappie? Six of my creditors were at the house at one time this morning." "That was a regular owe-vation old fel'."—*Time.*

"The idea of Bilsby's aspiring to a United States Senatorship! Why, man, he is disqualified." "How's that?" "Why, he's only worth $[illegible]."—*Flock.*

Bucket-shops are so called, apparently because they carry in a pail the same goods which the bigger exchanges carry in hogsheads.—*Albany Times.*

Tubbs—I flatter myself that honesty is printed on my face. Grubbs—Well er—yes, perhaps—with some allowance for typographical errors.—*Burlington Free Press.*

The smart young man said he had not been in the drug store long, but he had been at the soda fountain long enough to be a fizzician.—*Washington Critic.*

Young Mr. Bibber, when asked by his musical lady companion why he went out between acts of "Meistersinger," frankly replied, "To get an opera glass."—*Lowell Mail.*

Customer—Waiter, bring me a half portion of cake with ices. Waiter—We don't have half portions, but I can arrange it so you won't have any too much.—*Boston Transcript.*

Clerk—Mr. Daybook, I would like leave of absence this afternoon to attend the funeral of a cousin? Mr. Daybook (next morning)—What was the score, John?—*New York Sun.*

"Did you divide your bonbons with your little brother, Mollie?" "Yes, mamma, I ate the candy and gave him the mottoes. You know he is awfully fond of reading."—*Time.*

"O'Sullivan was Alderman for four years?" "Yes; salary $2,000 a year." "And only saved $90,000 in that time? By the saints! How he must have wasted money!"—*New York Herald.*

Scripture shows us how and when the children of Israel learned so well the art of making both ends meet. It was when they were in the desert and the soup at the same time.—*Terre Haute Express.*

"Well, sir, what are your prospects? My daughter can't marry a beggar." "I expect to come into a large fortune, sir." "Inherited from whom?" "Inherited from my—er-r—that is to say, from my father-in-law.—*Time.*

Policeman (in the area surprised by a lady on the stoop)—Seen any burglars around, marm? Lady—No, officer; there'll be none about this evening. Bridget is spending the night with her sister.—*Hamilton Spectator.*

Freddie—Why, old chappie, I heard that the Sheriff sold you out yesterday; and yet here you are with your stick and eyeglass same as ever. Teddie—O, me boy, the law won't take away the tools of one's trade, don't cher know.—*Time.*

The man who is busy working doesn't have time to read on the subject of capital and labor and the man who puts in his time reading on that subject doesn't have time to work. That's why no one reaches a complete comprehension of the difficulty.—*Merchant Traveler.*

Book agent—I should like to show you our new cheap edition of the Encyclopedia Britannica. Vermont farmer—Mister, you needn't show me any 'cyclopedias. My boy graduated from college this week.—*Burlington Free Press.*

Ella—How do you like Mr. Mash? I hear he called the other night. Ethel—I think he's fearful horrid. He asked me if I could play on the piano, and I told him that I couldn't much. "And what then?" "That was all."—*New York Sun.*

"I suppose you find this to be a hard, hard world, do you not?" she said, as she gave the tramp a loaf of stale bread. "Yes'm," answered the tramp, trying to make a dent in the loaf with his knife; "but we frequently strike things that are harder."—*New York Sun.*

Dropped Dead.

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THE OWOSSO PRESS.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 28, 1889

PERFECT WOMEN

Physical Symmetry—A Figure Without an Angular Line.

Here is an extract from an interesting interview in the Philadelphia *Record*. The average weight of a boy at birth is seven and that of a girl a little more than six pounds. When they have attained the full development of man or womanhood they should weigh twenty times as much as they did at birth. This would make a man's average weight 140 and a woman's about one hundred and twenty-five. The height of a male at birth is 1 foot 8 inches and that of a female 1 foot 6 inches. Fully grown, a man's height should be about three and a half time greater than at birth, or 5 feet 9 inches, while a woman should be 5 feet 3 inches. The weight of individuals who are fully developed and formed, however, varies within extremes, which are nearly as 1 to 2, while their height varies within limits which at most are as 1 to 1.3. Taking 200 pounds as the maximum of man's weight and 85 as the minimum, we would have the average of 142½ pounds. Placing the maximum weight of woman at 185 pounds and the minimum at 70 pounds, and we get an average of 127½ pounds.

"You spoke of a physical standard; by this you mean ——"

"In woman, a height in proportion to weight; a form that will stand the test for symmetry; a carriage that is free, distinct and noticeable for that which is not rather than that which is. The greatest and first essential to physical perfection in a woman is a figure without an angular line. Nature avoids angular lines everywhere, but in the human figure especially."

"How tall should the perfect type of woman be?"

"As I have said, stature and weight are comparative; still, a mean height and weight has to be chosen. A perfectly formed woman will stand at the average height of 5 feet 3 inches to 5 feet 7 inches. She will weigh from 125 to 140 pounds. A plumb line dropped from a point marked by the tip of her nose will meet at a point one inch in front of her great toe. Her shoulders and her hips will stride a straight line drawn up and down. Her waist will taper gradually to a size on a line drawn from the outer third of the collar bones to the hips. Her bust will measure from 28 to 36 inches; her hips will measure from 6 to 10 inches more than this, and her waist will call for a belt from 22 to 28 inches.

"The arms of the perfectly formed woman will end at the waist line, so that she can rest her elbows on a table while standing erect, and her forearm shall extend to a point permitting the fingers to mark a point just below the middle of the thigh. Her neck and thigh should be of about the same circumference. The calf of her leg and arm should measure about the same. Her legs should be about as long as a line drawn from her chin to her finger tips, or about one-half her height, say from 2 feet 7½ inches to 2 feet 6½ inches. She should measure from her waist to her feet about a foot more than from her waist to the crown of her head. Her neck should be from 12 to 14 inches around, her head erect and on a line with the central plane of her body, and her feet should be of a size and shape to conform with her hands.

"Although sizes in footwear and gloves vary somewhat, I have noticed that a well proportioned woman wears a shoe one-half the size of the glove that her hand calls for: thus if a lady wears a six glove she should wear a three shoe."

Some Royal Beds.

Clarence house, the residence of the duchess of Edinburg, is one of the most comfortable houses in London, says *Modern Society*, and is famous for its good beds, for the only daughter of Alexander II. of Russia is, like many Muscovite ladies, very particular about her beds, and will tolerate in her house none but the very best. Even when a mere child, and long before her marriage, she was so particular about this very important item in domestic comfort that, to insure the sheets being tightly stretched over the mattress, she used to have them sewn down, for even the slightest crease or wrinkle would entirely destroy the repose of this imperial spoilt child for the night.

Her royal highness used to be greatly chaffed about this weakness by members of our royal family when first she came to this country, but the queen, who is also very particular about her beds, stuck up for her, and although now the sheets are no longer sewn down to the mattress they are composed of the most exquisitely fine linen that can be procured, and stretched like a tight rope over the most perfect mattresses that can be manufactured in Paris, in which capital the making of mattresses has been brought up to the level of a fine art.

A curious and amusing chapter might indeed be written about the beds of illustrious personages. The ex-Empress Eugenie is quite as particular about her beds as the duchess of Edinburgh or our gracious sovereign, and quite agrees with the first-named lady as to the fineness of the linen and the tightness of the drawing of the sheets, but her imperial majesty has an odd fancy to have her bed so low as to give a visitor to the imperial bedchamber the impression that the widow of Cesar is almost sleeping on the floor. It is indeed hardly elevated more than a foot from the floor, as all who have visited in old days the private apartments at St. Cloud, Compiegne, and the Tuileries will remember.

When a man affirms that other's lots of money in lo[illegible] don't dispute him—purses are made of leather.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Breadstuffs exports from the United States during July were valued at $[illegible] against $7,[illegible] during July [illegible]

The war department announces that so far no bids have been received for the construction of [illegible] wire wound gun.

Benjamin M. Fallon, the surgeon who attended Senator Manderson when he was wounded, has been appointed a member of the medical pension board at Newton, Iowa.

The board consisting of Col. Hogan and Capts. Skinner and Morrill have been ordered to meet at West Point on Aug. 30 to examine candidates for admission to the academy.

The Russian legation has received news of the death of Mme de Struve, wife of Russian minister to the United States, at their country residence at Krasnoe Selo near St. Petersburg.

The board of ordnance and fortification has ordered one eight-inch Haskell multi-charge dynamite gun. The gun is expected to throw long shells charged with dynamite from six to ten miles.

Indian Commissioner Morgan has asked all Indian agents for a full report as to the character and efficiency of Indian agency farmers, and for their opinion whether the good of the service would be promoted essentially by any removals.

The United States consul at Florence reports that Mr. Leroy de Koven of Chicago has established a dairy farm at San Donato, on the outskirts of Florence, which has proved successful despite direful predictions of failure.

The secretary of the treasury has appointed the following storekeepers and gaugers: James M. McGhee, in the Eleventh Ohio district; James W. Sneed and James E. Cooper, in the Fifth Tennessee, and John Clancey in Arkansas.

The British legation has informed the state department that the governor general of Canada, under the powers given him by the laws of the dominion, has reduced the export duty on pine logs from $3 to $2 a thousand feet, board measure.

Private advices from Europe indicate that the condition of ex-Minister Pendleton is very grave. The shock of the loss of his wife and daughter followed by prostration by his illness has proved very serious, and it is feared he can not recover.

The United States consul at Port Louis, Island of Mauritius, notifies the state department that small-pox has broken out there, twenty cases being under treatment on June 7. Vessels laden with sugar sailed from there for New York about the time of the outbreak.

A special passport, such as are issued to distinguished citizens intending to go abroad, was signed at the state department for Senator Evarts, of New York. The senator will visit Europe, it is said to consult specialists on the continent about his eyes whose condition is such as to give him much concern.

The report that the controversy over government telegraph rates has been settled on the basis of a 1-cent rate is denied by Acting-Postmaster General Clarkson and Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Batcheller. No agreement has been reached, and the matter is still before Postmaster General Wanamaker for his decision.

The state department has recived copies of the official announcement of the New Zealand and South seas exhibition to be held at the city of Dunedin, the center of the railway system of the southern and most populous island of the colony. The exhibition is intended to celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of the foundation of the colony of New Zealand. The exhibition will be opened Nov. 26 and close on the middle of April, 1890.

The chief of the bureau of statistics reports that the total values of the exports of domestic beef and hog products from the United States during the month of July, 1889, and during the nine months ended July 31, 1889, as compared with similar exports during the corresponding periods of the preceding year, were as follows: July, 1889, $9,756,521; 1888, $8,677,329; nine months ended July 31, 1889, $74,173,278; 1888, $58,693,000. The total values of the dairy products were: July, 1889, $2,531,672; 1888, $1,960,939; three months ended July 31, 1889, $4,910,039; 1888, $3,887,186.

Charles Young, the only colored cadet at West point, will be examined during the week by the academic board to see if he has made good the deficiency in military and civil engineering, the branches in which he failed last June when all the other members of his class were graduated. Ordinarily he would have been dropped, but on account of his color and because of his many qualifications in other branches he was allowed until Sept. 1 to make up deficiencies. Should he be successful the commissioned force of the army will have three colored representatives, the other two being army chaplains.

THE TROUBLESOME SURPLUS.

The light offering of bonds have resulted in a steady increase in the treasury surplus, which, according to the treasurer's statement now amounts to $70,800,000, being the highest point reached since October last. The pension payments for the present month are estimated at $18,000,000, and the surplus will be reduced accordingly. Further reductions are also expected in the fall, when the usual movement of crops takes place.

NONE OF THE FUNDS FOR NEW STATES.

In 1887 Congress passed a bill providing for agricultural experimental stations for the several states, but failed to make an appropriation. At the last session an appropriation of $600,000 was made. The question has been raised before Comptroller Matthews whether the new states or any of the territories (except Dakota) were entitled to any of the money. He decided that the estimates provided for only the thirty-eight states and Dakota, and none of the new states could claim any of the money.

CHARGES AGAINST POSTMASTER ANKENY.

A complaint has been filed with the civil-service commission against Postmaster Ankeny at Minneapolis, Minn., charging him with making illegal appointments. The complaint is a formal one and is accompanied by an affidavit in which the facts in the several cases are fully set out. The commission has, however, asked for information regarding some of the allegations made and will take no further action pending its receipt. An investigation will no doubt be instituted by the commission. Mr. Ankeny received his appointment in 1888.

A NEW RULE REGARDING PENSIONS.

The commissioner of pensions has issued instructions to the chiefs of divisions in the pension bureau directing them hereafter not to take up for consideration any claim for rerating of pension that is embodied in a declaration for an increase of pension. Such rerating claims, the commissioner says, must be made separately, and must state with particularity what rating the pensioner believes to be inadequate and unjust, the grounds which he bases such belief, and what he claims with regard to such ratings. This new rule of procedure he directs shall apply to all cases now on file.

TWO SALARIES FOR GENERAL BALLOY SMITH.

The case of General William F. ("Baldy") Smith has been decided by Secretary Proctor in General Smith's favor. The river and harbor improvement work at Wilmington, the [illegible] charge of General Smith, which he commanded at the retirement of the army. Some time ago the question was raised whether he could hold the position without injury to his status as a retired officer, and Secretary Endicott was of the opinion that he could not. Secretary Proctor decides that General Smith can not hold the position and receive mileage, drawing pay as major of engineers, engineer corps, and at the same time receive his pay as a retired officer.

THE ELIXIR'S SECRETS.

It was believed in official circles that when President Harrison returned from Bar Harbor he would take some action in the case of the Black Diamond, but at the Treasury Department it is said that procedure in the matter has not been decided on. Treasury officials state that the captain and crew of the Black Diamond were not placed on parole by the captain of the Rush—in fact they refused to be disposed of in that way—and for this reason they are not amenable to any civil law, national or international. In the cases of other seized sealers, the officers and crews were placed on parole and proceeded to ports designated by their captors, under their own crews without difficulty.

ONE WEEK WITH THE ELIXIR.

Ex-Surgeon General Hammond has made known the results of a number of experiments recently made with the elixir. His first patient was a man 62 years old with muscular rheumatism, his left arm being in such a condition that he could not lift it above his head. After using the injections for about a week he is now able to use his arm as well as ever. The next patient, a man of 63, was suffering from heart trouble. His pulse used to omit every third beat. He was treated with injections of the elixir for a week, and now his heart beats regularly. The last patient, a man of 33, was suffering from impotency and insomnia. He was subjected to the treatment for a week and announces himself a great deal better. Dr. Hammond declines to express an opinion on the experiments until he has made further tests.

NEW CIVIL SERVICE RULES.

Civil service Commissioners Lyman and Thompson had an interview with the President in regard to some changes shortly to be made in the civil-service rules. Mr. Lyman presented rough draft of the rules and amendments contemplated, and with Mr. Thompson discussed the effect of the changes and the reasons that induced the commission to recommend them. The President is understood to favor the changes contemplated. As soon as the amendments to the rules can be formulated they will be forwarded to the President at Deer Park. In the light of the information imparted to him, it is expected that the President can consider the changes in a few days, and that the new rules will be made public by the latter part of next week. It is intimated that one of the rules, as amended, will provide for putting all chiefs of division within the classified service, and further provide that when vacancies occur in the positions of chiefs of division, promotions shall be made from the classified service.

AN OMNIBUS PATENT EXTENSION SCHEME.

A movement of great importance to inventors will be made in the next congress. In the Forty-ninth Congress a bill was introduced by General Patrick A. Collins, of Massachusetts, providing for the extension of patents for seventeen years, to be renewed for eight years by special act of Congress. Like the Collins bill, the measure proposed to be introduced in the Fifty first Congress will provide that all extension of patents shall be in the jurisdiction of the commissioner of patents. This will obviate the delays attendant upon the passage of special bills through Congress and will leave the whole business of extensions in the hands of a public functionary. Of the 432,000 inventors 55,000 have extensions ready to be asked for. A feature of the proposed bill is the establishment in Washington, at government expense and under government control, of a large chemical and mechanical laboratory. It is estimated that such a laboratory will not exceed in cost $20,000. Similar private laboratories have been set up for $10,000 to $12,000. At present there are no laboratories at Washington accessible to inventors. Great stress is laid upon the necessity for a national laboratory for the special use of inventors, and it is claimed that the benefits accruing to the nation from the establishment of one will outweigh all considerations of cost or whatever other objections may be raised.

THE NEW POSTAL CARDS.

Acting Postmaster General Clarkson has awarded the contract for furnishing postal cards to the postoffice department for four years, beginning Oct. 1 next, to Albert Daggett of New York, the lowest bidder under the recent calls for proposals. There will be a material reduction in the cost by the change of contracts, although the cards in the new contract will be superior in quality to those in the old one, and, besides, the public will be afforded better facilities for correspondence and for advertising by the addition of two new sizes of cards. Size No. 1 is to measure 2 15-16x4 5-8 inches and weigh 5 pounds and 1-2 ounce a thousand. The cost of this card will be 37 cents a thousand. Size No. 2 is to be of the same dimensions (3x5 1-8 inches) as the present card, and weigh 5 pounds 5 ounces a thousand. The weight of the present card is 5 pounds 4 ounces a thousand. The cost in the new contract is 35 cents a thousand, and in the old contracts was 47 71-100 cents a thousand cards.

Size No. 3 is to measure 3 3-4x6 1-8 inches and weigh 9 pounds 1 ounce a thousand. The contract price is 50 cents a thousand.

The estimated number of cards to be required during the four years of the contract term is two billions, at a cost of about $800,000. The postage on the estimated quantity of cards to be called for during the four years will amount to $20,000,000. The contract will require nearly 7,000 tons of paper, or an average of about six tons for each working day.

STANLEY'S PROBABLE MOVEMENTS.

The Department of State has received from Emory H. Taut, the African traveler, an interesting report on the Congo Free State. About Stanley Taut knows little. He believes, however, that the famous explorer is alive. He says: "Mr. Stanley returned to his camp on the Aruwimi last year, and his rear guard started back to Lake Nyanzi. Up to June 11 last no further authentic news has been received at Boma. The general impression is that he will next be heard from on the east coast of Africa. June 1 official dispatches were received at Boma from the Upper Congo to the effect that Tippoo Tibb, the Arab chief and slave trader, had left Stanley Falls with a large force to join Stanley and was expected to act as mediator between him and the hostile Arabs of eastern Africa. At Banana I met Mr. Ward, now of Stanley's expedition. From Ward's account, the sufferings of Stanley and his people have not been exaggerated. Starvation, sickness, hostile natives, dense jungles, in fact every African obstacle was encountered, but luck and pluck carried the explorer through."

Lieutenant Taut says there is at present no promising opening for American enterprise in the Congo Valley. The consumption of cotton goods, he says, is very large, and when the Congo Valley is opened it will increase to an immense extent. The United States will then have an enormous trade in the Archipelago of Africa, in addition to the Congo one. The question will then arise, shall American manufacturers compete with Manchester?"

Queen Marguerite, of Italy, is one of the best violin [illegible] players of her day.

[illegible]

actions found [illegible] the great [illegible] Kraft: Hon[illegible] gave Austria [illegible] 1866 she recog[illegible] Austrian bat[illegible] to hers and immed[illegible] to improve their [illegible] result in 1870, as [illegible] Kraft: I could never [illegible] that the instruction g[illegible] peace would have [illegible] fruit in spite of the [illegible] action. Standing behind the [illegible] of a battery I heard him quietly [illegible] the order "Against infantry, [illegible] 1,300 paces, from the right [illegible] ready! Fire one gun!" Then he [illegible] ed holding his field glass to his eye until the enemy approached the point on which the guns were laid, and gave the order "Rapid firing from the right flank!" Then there was a hellish sight, for the advancing enemy disappeared from view in the clouds of smoke which the shells threw up as they burst and tore their way through the ranks.

After one or two minutes the attacking enemy came out on one side of the smoke. It had passed the point on which the guns were laid, and in spite of terrible loss approached with tremendous bravery. Upon the captain gave the command, "Cease firing! 1,600 paces, one gun, cease firing!" And when the guns were now laid he ordered: "At 1,500 paces, from the right flank, rapid firing!" The effect was brilliant, horrible, overwhelming. No attack could have resisted it."

Again, we have the effect of the German guns at St. Privat: "When the head of the French column became visible over the hill our trial shots reached it at a range of 1,900 paces and my thirty guns opened rapid fire. The enemy's infantry was enveloped in the thick smoke which the shells made as they burst. But after a very short time we saw the red trousers of the masses which were approaching us appear through the cloud. I stopped the fire. A trial shot was fired at 1,700 paces range; this was to show us the point up to which we should let the enemy advance before reopening the rapid fire. We did the same for the ranges of 1,500, 1,300, 1,100, and 900 paces.

In spite of the horrible devastation which the shells caused in their ranks, these brave troops continued to advance; but at 900 paces the effect of our fire was too deadly for them; they turned around and fled; we hurried shells after them as long as we could see them. Here was an infantry attack which was repulsed purely and simply by the fire of artillery." The proposition is also laid down that a line of artillery can be broken by a frontal attack by infantry. The effect of shrapnell reaches out to 3,800 yards, and from 1,100 to 1,200 yards the effect of artillery is absolutely annihilating.

An Episode of Travel.

He had on a high collar with lurid stripes and a vest whose fast colors would have dimmed the glories of Joseph's famous garment. He was eating at the same table with a middle-aged, bald-headed man, who appeared to be doing pretty much as he pleased. He helped himself to water out of the young man's decanter, and had remained apparently oblivious to the indignant glances that followed the proceeding. He had given orders to the young man's waiter and the latter had hastened to fill them in preference to all others. At length a dispute arose as to an open window.

"Put it down," said the young man.

"Leave it up," said the other.

"Who are you, anyhow?" spluttered the young man, who was thoroughly aroused. "Do you own this hotel?"

"Yes, sir," was the bland response: "I am the landlord."—*Merchant Traveler.*

A Fox's Den.

Enough bones to fill a cart were found in a fox's den in Birmingham, Chester county, Pa., recently.

The tedious complain most of tedium.

WHY! YOUR LIVER IS OUT OF ORDER

You will have SICK HEADACHES, PAINS IN THE SIDE, DYSPEPSIA, POOR APPETITE, feel listless and unable to get through your daily work or social enjoyments. Life will be a burden to you.

DR. C. McLANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS

Will cure you, drive the POISON out of your system, and make you strong and well. They cost only 25 cents a box and may save your life. Can be had at any Drug Store.

Beware of COUNTERFEITS made in St. Louis.

IVORY POLISH For the TEETH. PERFUMES THE BREATH. ASK FOR IT.
FLEMING BROS., - Pittsburgh, Pa.

5/A HORSE BLANKETS ARE THE STRONGEST.
NONE GENUINE WITHOUT THE 5/A LABEL
Manufd by Wm. Arms & Sons, Philada., who make the famous Horse Brand Baker Blankets

Only Her Sixth

[illegible] too busy to come him[illegible] gave me a marriage cer[illegible] upper dame of not [illegible] men guess ages [illegible] Marriage licenses [illegible] one day last week, [illegible] Record [illegible] the county clerk. [illegible] pile of papers and, [illegible] remarked: [illegible] on the fa[illegible] replied the [illegible] I've only had five [illegible] sixth, and the woman, [illegible] surprise [illegible] mean the day of the month," [illegible] of the clerk. [illegible] darling, and I'll try [illegible] woman. "He's [illegible] dry goods store and he [illegible] for few days will crease [illegible] and make them bag at [illegible] give him a lesson. [illegible] men [illegible] them. [illegible] He died [illegible] When he died he [illegible] was a [illegible] poet is plaster [illegible] very [illegible] Dr. [illegible] my luck. When [illegible] was not [illegible] enough of [illegible] ket. No. 8 was [illegible] He fol[illegible] followed the [illegible] rule swallowed [illegible] man, too. He was [illegible] he could talk so [illegible] by the hour and [illegible] He bought a divorce out [illegible] and sent it to me. No. 5 was a nice man. I worshipped that fellow. He got to be a politician, and stood [illegible] to the caucuses. He said he was trying to get a contract to clean the streets, and dear knows they need it, don't they? Well, he died of enlargement of the head. Now, hurry up with that paper. No. 6 is such a nice fellow, but he might change his mind."

She took the paper and hurried up to the store, and when No. 6 came out he married off to his doom.

A Home Institution.

Mrs. Highfeather—Has the Browning cult reached your town yet, Mr. Bascom?

Mr. Bascom—No, he han't yet; but we've got a young hoss by the name of Fosdick that'll beat him to shucks, I'll bet.—*Burlington Free Press.*

Itch, Mange, and Scratches of every kind on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by Theo. A. Laubengayer, Druggist, Owosso. 17

Why are sheep the most dissipated of animals? Give it up? They gambol in their youth, pass their life upon the turf, the rest of them are black legs, and they all get fleeced at last.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft, or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs splints, sweeney, ring bone, stifles sprains, all swollen throats, coughs, etc Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold by THEO. A. LAUBENGAYER, Druggist, Owosso, Mich. 39

Miss Bell (warmingly)—Sally, they used to tell me when I was a little girl that if I did not let coffee alone it would make me foolish. Sally (who owes her one)—Well, why didn't you.

Merit Wins.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Arnica Salve, Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits.

PARKILL AND SON, Druggists.

Frenchman (proudly)—You have not in the German Empire anything so tall as the great Eiffel tower. German (indignantly)—No; und you don't got nodding so shtood like Limburger cheese.

Blood vs. Nerves.

Great mistakes have been made in the world, by supposing many nervous troubles were due to bad blood. This headache, fits, dizziness, sleeplessness, etc., are always due to weakness or irritation of the nerves of the stomach, dyspepsia, pain, wind, etc., to weakness of the nerves of the stomach, weak lungs caused by weakness of the parts, sleeplessness, constipation, etc., to weakness of the nerves of the liver or bowels, pains, irregularity, sterility, to disease of the uterine nerves. For all weakness, Dr Miles' great nerve and brain food surpasses all other remedies. Trial bottles free at M. L. Bagg's Drug Store. 2 1y1

Mr. Wickwire—We, my dear, how is the new girl getting along? Does she seem to be any more economical than the other? Mrs. Wickwire—Indeed she does. She doesn't seem to [illegible] anything except [illegible]

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has thought it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this prescription, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. Noyes, 149 Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y. 25 1y

THE OWOSSO [illegible]

[illegible] 50

[illegible]

OAKSIDE SCHOOL, Owosso, Mich.

Seventh Annual Session commences Monday, Sept. 5, 1889. For boarding and day pupils. Thorough instruction in Teachers' Preparatory, Business and College Preparatory, and Music. Primary work and private instruction, all at reasonable rates. For [illegible] address MRS. L. [illegible]

Raspberry Plants

Of any of the following choice varieties WARRANTED, will be delivered at any point in the city at the low price of ONE DOLLAR PER HUNDRED.

Black Caps, Greggs, Souhegan and Mammoth Clusters, Red, Marlboro, the best red variety known, do not spread like other red varieties, and are good bearers. Apply at the John L. Decker place near the 2d ward school house, or by postal card to W. S. H. WELTON. 52 5

Go to A. W. PRINDLE & CO'S for Crockery, Hanging Lamps, Stoves, Stove Pipe, Iron and Tinware, House Furniture, Mattresses, Woven Wire Bed Springs, Notions, Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, Handkerchiefs, Flower Pots, Baby Cabs, Mirrors, and everything Cheap. SECOND HAND STORE, 50tf Owosso.

NOTICE.

All persons having an unsettled account will greatly oblige by calling and settling Immediately. And very greatly favor, 51tf

MRS M. J. HARRINGTON

BOOTS and SHOES

Boots and Shoes.

have just opened a large and complete stock of BOOTS AND SHOES on Exchange Street, opposite Exchange Hotel, and invite customers, OLD AND NEW, to call upon me at the new location. I will make it an object in DOLLARS AND CENTS for you to inspect my stock before buying BOOTS AND SHOES for Fall and Winter use.

New Goods Arriving Daily.

The largest stock of

Candee Rubber Goods

Ever brought to this market.

Call and get our prices before buying. We will guarantee to Save You Money on shoe purchases.

Remember the Place.

J. C. WILLIAMS,

OPP. EXCHANGE HOTEL,

OWOSSO, MICH. 1-5*

Probate O[illegible]

[illegible] Thursday, the 12th day of September [illegible] o'clock in the [illegible] said deceased, [illegible] persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Owosso, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Owosso PRESS, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County of Shiawassee, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

A true copy. MATTHEW BUSH

H. R. HARPER, Register. Judge of Probate. 52-3

CITY MARKETS.

WEDNESDAY Aug. 28, 1889.

WHEAT 72c75c
BUTTER—10a12c
DRESSED HOGS—$[illegible]
EGGS—15c
ONIONS—10a15c per lb
LARD—7c
HONEY—13c
FLOUR—Patent Roller $6.00; Roller $5.25 Standard $4.00
MEAL—Fine bolted, per 100 lbs. $1.50
CORN MEAL—$1.10
FEED—per 100 lbs. $1.10
TALLOW—3 cents
HAY—$8
~~HIDES—Green, 7a8c, dry, 5a8c~~
CORN—Shelled, 40c.
BEANS—$1.00 a 2.00
POTATOES—25c
DRIED APPLES—3c
BARLEY—$1.00a$1.25 per 100 lbs
OATS—Old 25c New 22c
Clover Seed $4.30a4.50
APPLES—$1 per bbl
WOOL—Washed 27c

GENERAL MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

WHEAT—Lower: Aug., 76¾@76¾c; Sept., 76@76c; Dec., 77@77c.

CORN—Lower: Aug., 33¾@33¾c; Sept, 33¾@33¾c; May, 35¼@35½c.

OATS—Lower: 20@20¼c Aug.; 19¾@19¾c Sept.; 22¾@22¾c May.

PROVISIONS—Mess Pork higher: Aug., $9.55@9.60; Sept., $9.50@9.60; Jan., $9.07½@9.10. Lard—Higher: Aug., $5.82@5.85; Sept., $5.90@5.92½; Jan., $5.72½@5.75.

CATTLE—Quotations range from $4.25@4.40 for good to choice cattle, 3.80@4.15 good shipping steers, 12.75@3.40 common to fair steers.

HOGS—Sales ranged from $4.00@4.60 for light, $3.85@4.00 for heavy packing.

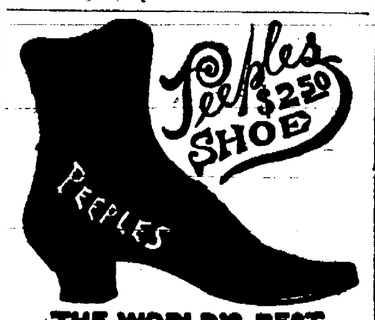
SHEEP—Quotations range at $3.25@4.00 for Western, $3.50@4.12½ for native, and $4.20@5.35 for lambs.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

WHEAT—Closing prices: No. 2 red 83¾@83¾c Aug.; 85¾@85¾c Sept.

CORN—Market closed for No. 2 Aug., 43@43c; Sept., 43¾@43¾c.

OATS—Market closed for Mixed western 25@29; White 25@38.



THE WORLD'S BEST

Kid Button $2.50 Shoe

Has no equal for Style, Fit and Wear. Positively the best shoe in America for the money. Do not be deceived. See stamp on bottom of each shoe. Take no other. Every pair warranted. Stylish and equal to any $5 shoe in the market.

J. M. PEEPLES & CO., Chicago.

SOLD BY

JOSEPH BERTRAND,

Three doors south of National Hotel,

OWOSSO, MICH. 50

Closing Out Sale!

OF ALL

Summer Goods.

Commencing SATURDAY, Aug. 3,

I will commence one of the Greatest Slaughter Sales of

Dress Goods, Sateens, Batiste, White Goods.

Embroidered Suits, Gloves and Mitts, Hosiery, Underwear, &c.

EVER KNOWN IN OWOSSO.

I have never carried any goods from one season to another, and don't mean to begin now and prices will do it.

FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY.

C. MAHANEY,

Wesener Blk, Owosso.

GRAND OPENING

SPECIAL SALE!

AT

D. M. CHRISTIAN'S.

IMMENSE STOCK.

New Fall Goods.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR TWO WEEKS,

Commencing Saturday, Aug. 31, continuing TWO WEEKS, till Sept. 14.

D. M. CHRISTIAN, Main Street, Owosso.

Ah, There!

New Firm! New Prices!

KNAPP & SMITH.

Come and see our prices. Down, DOWN, WAY DOWN. Bound to please everybody. Beautiful Easy Chairs for the Ladies, little Jumpers for the Babies.

Upholstering and Picture Framing a Specialty.

UNDERTAKING

Attended to Promptly. Don't forget the place. 47m3

KNAPP & SMITH, Washington St., Owosso.

THE

NEW CITY MUSIC STORE!

IN THE DIMMICK BLOCK, is the place to buy

Pianos and Organs

AT

WHOLESALE or RETAIL.

Our Goods are FIRST-CLASS. Our Prices LOW. And our Terms EASY.

Be sure to call and examine our Goods and Prices before purchasing. Visitors always welcome.

DANIELS & BENEDICT, Prop'rs.

EDW. SMITH, Manager.

J. H. Gœtzen,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

DEALER IN

Hats and Caps,

Ready Made Clothing,

AND

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

EXCHANGE STREET, OWOSSO

OWOSSO GREEN HOUSE.

Are you going to Beautify your Lawns and Yards? If so, get your Plants, Shrubs, Bulbs and Seeds at the Green House and save money by so doing.

Verbenas, Pansies, Coleus and other Plants anything you want we will furnish at reasonable prices.

W. WHITE, West Owosso

Subscribers receiving The Press after the time paid for has expired, are expected to notify us if they do not wish to continue.

The date to which the subscription is paid, is seen in the figures following the subscriber's name as printed on the wrapper or margin of the paper, thus: Joel Fay 1288

Owosso Press

$1 a Year

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Harvest Excursion Tickets

TO THE

WEST, SOUTHWEST & NORTHWEST,

WILL BE SOLD BY THE

Chicago and Grand Trunk R'y, Detroit, Grand Haven & Milwaukee Ry Toledo, Saginaw & Muskegon R'y,

During August, September and October.

HALF RATES.

For particulars apply to Station Agent.

All kinds of JOB WORK done on short notice at reasonable rates at THE PRESS office.

WAR! WAR!

On High Prices.

Great Bargains

AT

S. B. FULLER & CO'S.

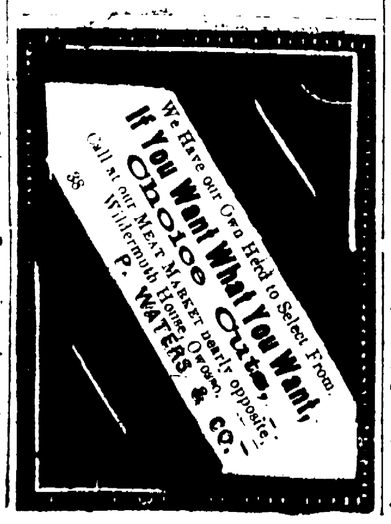
11 pounds Granulated Sugar	$1 00
Corn 8 cents, Tomatoes 8 cents per can.	
4 lbs Corn Starch	25c
6 lbs Gloss Starch	25c
Good Cooking Molasses	30c
Honey Dew Drips, Syrup	35c
Good Tea Dust 9c per pound	
Extra New Crop Tea Siftings	13 and 15c
Choice New Crop Japan Tea (worth 35c) now 25c	
The best 50c T in the city	
Ground Coffee, 2 pounds for	25c
Fresh Roasted Blend Coffee	25c

If you want the BEST IN TOWN TRY OUR

Fresh Roasted Mocha & Java Coffee.

S. B. Fuller & Co.,

NEXT TO OSBURN & SONS.



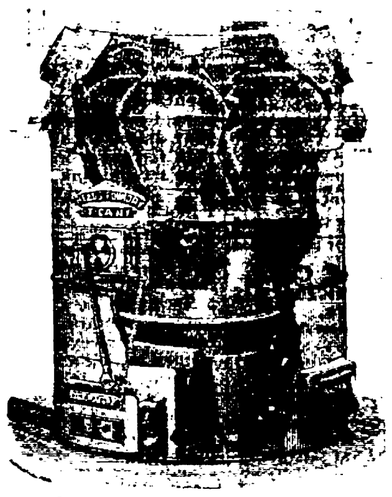
UTICA STANDARD

FOUR DOME FURNACE!

More [illegible] Actual Use.

No Experiment. **Reputation Established.**

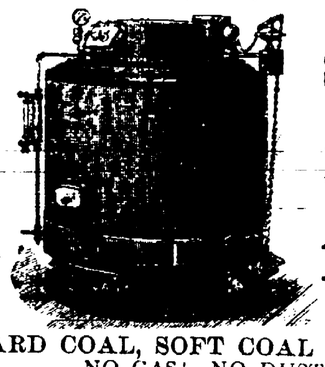
Tested Where Others Failed.



The great demand is caused by FOUR DOME RADIATOR, which has a larger amount of Radiating Surface than any other Furnace ever made. The construction is such that the heating surface is nearly double that of any other Furnace, and is SELF CLEANING.

In this particular alone the Standard Furnace is the most highly spoken of by those who have used it the longest, insuring a perfect draft, and as good results after ten years use as when first put up. See It, Be Convinced, and you will BUY NO OTHER.

THE FLORIDA



Steam and Hot Water Heater.

BURNS HARD COAL, SOFT COAL OR WOOD.

NO GAS! NO DUST! NO TROUBLE!

Simple in management, and never out of order, the greatest amount of heat from the fuel consumed is obtained by this system of low temperature warming, which is uniform, pleasant and healthful.

☞ Estimates of cost for heating all kinds of buildings made upon request.

C. A. BLACK,

Corner Washington and Main Sts., Owosso.

EVERYBODY

FINDS IN OUR STOCK OF

BOOTS & SHOES,

Just the things they are looking for. Attention is invited to our immense line of

People Pleasers.

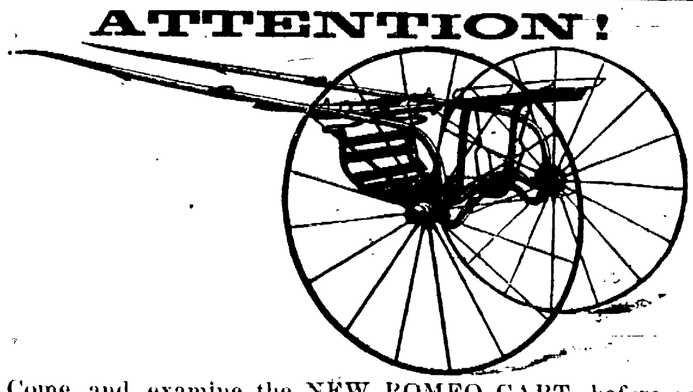
Fashionable, Durable, Seasonable, Reasonable Perfect Fitting, Wear Resisting Footwear.

For Ladies', Gentlemen, Misses, Youth, Boys', Girls and Babies, Children Old People, Farmers, Merchants, Workingmen, in fact Everybody.

SALISBURY BROS.,

Corner Opera House Block, Owosso, Mich

ATTENTION!



Come and examine the NEW ROMEO CART, before purchasing. SOMETHING NEW. CHEAPEST AND BEST CART in the market. Easy rider, no horse motion. For sale by D. J. NYSEWANDER, brick store building, first door west of the National Hotel, Owosso, Mich., Sole Agent for Shiawassee County.

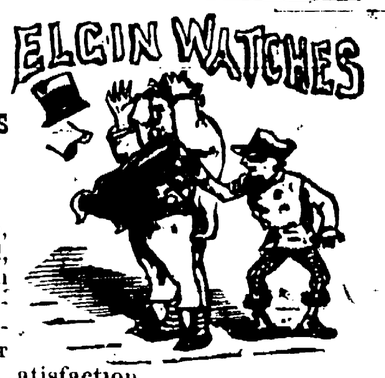
WATCHES!

FOR ALL THE

Leading American Watches

GO TO

T. O. CHRISTIAN'S.



We carry in stock the Elgin, Waltham, Hampden, Rockford, Illinois, Columbus, Aurora, Seth Thomas, Howard, Waltham Non-Magnetic, also the Geneva Non-Magnetic, and a number of other cheaper makes. We aim to give satisfaction.

We have in stock a fine line of goods suitable for Wedding Presents.

T. O. CHRISTIAN, Jeweler,

Washington Street, Owosso.