

THE MIDDLEVILLE SUN.

VOLUME 28, NO. 17.

MIDDLEVILLE, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, APRIL 23, 1896.

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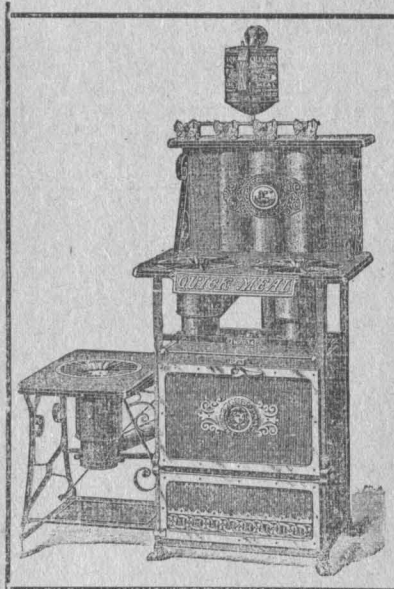
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NEIGHBORHOOD NOTES.

BOWNE BUDGET.

Elisha Blakeman of Three Rivers visited his nephew William Perkins and wife last week.

Lenna VanAtten and scholars contemplates having a fishpond social in the near future.

Ray Huntington of Coopersville is visiting his brother George and family. We advise the Vergennes cor. if he wished to see good wheat, for him to come to Bowne.

The young men of Bowne are very industrious, especially the one that worked so patiently Saturday evening until midnight trying to repair his buggy for the following evening, but had to give it up. It is very vexing to have a younger brother step in and get the start.

The L. A. S. will give an ice cream social at the home of Mrs. Albert Stauffer Friday evening, April 24. Everyone turn out and have a good time.

George Huntington is on the sick list. Dr. Wright of Freeport attending him. Fernor Coppins accompanied by Mr. White and Leroy McDairmid of Lowell are visiting the latter's parents, Chas. Coppins.

While Mr. Stall was drilling oats on Friday last his horse became frightened and ran away smashing the drill, but fortunately no other damage was done.

Frank Bunker and Raymond Johnson spent Sunday with Henry Johnson.

Robert Nash spent Sunday with Art Porritt.

CALEDONIA CULLINGS.

The funeral of Jabez Miller aged 86, was held in the evangelical church last Friday. A large concourse of friends and relatives followed the remains to their resting place in Lakeview cemetery.

Oliver Warner of near McCords was killed at that place last Friday. He with some companions were drawing gravel when the team became frightened at some freight cars which were encroaching on the highway. One of the wheels of the wagon passed over his body. The accident occurred about 7 a. m. and he lived till 4 p. m. A coronor's jury was empanelled and returned a verdict that the accident was caused by the neglect of the railroad company.

Mrs. John Strickler died Monday evening after a long and painful illness. Deceased leaves a husband and seven children to mourn her loss. Arrangements for the funeral have not been completed up to this writing.

The M. E. church society are moving the old church and will commence the erection of a new one at once.

J. O. Seibert and family who have been spending the winter in Mexico and California, have returned and are visiting friends in this village the past week. Mr. Seibert is much improved in health.

Patrick J. Troy who has been at Heidelberg, Germany, the past two years attending the university at that place, will return home next month.

A. B. Sherck of Cedar Springs was visiting friends in this vicinity last week.

D. W. near has formed a partnership with M. R. Shisler in the meat market and the name now reads Shisler & Near.

O. C. Whitney and wife will move into the upper rooms of the Meyers block, shortly.

H. P. Bateman of Grand Rapids, one of the jurors in the famous Holmes case, visited his wife's parents M. Whitney and wife, Sunday.

Several members of the local lodge of I. O. O. F. attended the rally at Freeport Tuesday night.

Miss Clara Ward, teacher in the Grand Rapids city schools, was the guest of her brother Eugene Ward and family over Sunday.

DUNCAN LAKE.

Farmers are busy sowing their oats though some have completed the job. Mrs. Emmos Freeman and children have moved to Caledonia.

Geo. Adgate was at Duncan Lake Sunday.

James Miller and wife called on E. P. Carpenter and wife Sunday. Come again.

Miss Mary Halsey called on friends in this vicinity Sunday and attended the Crusade meeting at Parmelee in the evening.

Now that the Crusaders have gone we will spend our evenings at home. But the Crusaders did much good and made many friends in Parmelee and vicinity around. We wish them success in their new field of labor wherever it may be.

Wish we had more news, but this is a quiet neighborhood anyhow.

EAST CALEDONIA.

Ina Strait is working for Mrs. J. R. Proctor.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Dutcher were in Ada last Sunday.

D. H. McWhinney and daughter Bertha were in Grand Rapids last week. Mrs. J. R. Proctor is very sick with typhoid fever.

The Ladies' Aid society will meet with Mrs. Edwin Tobey Wednesday, April 29. Everybody is invited to attend.

Mr. and Mrs. Moses Teeple have returned from Detroit where Mr. Teeple has been studying for a doctor.

Quite a number of this place attended the funeral of Mr. Warner Sunday at the West Bowne church.

Chas. Carpenter and wife have rented their farm to Will Hall and moved near Rockford.

There will be a literary entertainment at the church Friday evening given by the Epworth League. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

IRVING INKLINGS.

The Dorcas society meets at the church parlors this week Friday afternoon. Mrs. Walter Robertson entertains.

Remember the Epworth League meeting Sunday evening.

Mr. Gillott, brother of Fred Gillott, moved to the village this week.

The Grand River conference of the M. E. churches which was held at this place Monday and Tuesday was well attended and the general expression is that of a very successful meeting. The sermon Monday evening by Rev. Mr. Abraham of Whitehall, text "Do Good, Expecting Nothing in Return," was excellent, also Tuesday evening's sermon by a Grand Rapids pastor.

LEIGHTON LOCALS.

Spring has come and farmers are plowing for and sowing oats.

Earl and Lynn Marshall of Wayland spent Saturday with Emory Jones.

Mr. A. L. McDowell has returned from Big Rapids.

Quite a number in this vicinity are suffering with the measles.

Mr. and Mrs. Towne have returned from Potoskey. Mr. Towne is still very ill.

John Finkbeiner of West Thornapple has the wall commenced for a new house.

Mr. J. Lester, we are sorry to say, is not so well as we reported last week. He has been obliged to have his limb reset.

A seven-year-old rattlesnake was killed on the farm of A. C. Jones, Saturday.

Mrs. Winslow and daughter of Hickory Corners were guests of Mrs. Wm. Ham, Saturday and Sunday.

Sam Harvey is building a nice house on his farm in West Thornapple.

The shadow social at J. T. Smith's was well attended. Proceeds \$7.

Solomon and John Weber were in Grand Rapids, Friday.

NORTH IRVING.

Mr. and Miss Shelhouse returned to their Ohio home last week. They have made many friends during their stay among us.

Miss Flora Trego commenced her school in the Ryan district last Monday. Grandma Matthews is numbered among the sick again.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Grigsby of Hastings have been visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. M. Cunningham.

J. W. Sage and wife of Hastings were guests of B. Johnson and wife, Sunday.

Kittie Ingram has commenced her school at the Quigley.

The many friends of Bert Quigley are pleased to hear he is doing as well as could be expected and hope for his speedy recovery.

Anna Trego and Mrs. Southerland have returned from their visit to Union City.

This place was well represented at Irving at the ministerial association, Tuesday.

Two new buggies. Bert Aerhart rides in a new carriage while Charley Morris and family ride in a new double buggy. That's right.

Mr. S. Zerbe and family are now living on Mr. Henryon's farm. We welcome them in our midst.

Preaching service next Sunday at 2:30 p. m. Everybody welcome.

If I were only a poet I would tell you how happy the birds were and how the little lambs do skip and play and how the fields are being carpeted with green and the trees are putting forth their buds and leaves and flowers are lifting their heads in beauty and all these nice things that poets write about, but as it is I can only think of such and enjoy the beauties of nature; for, to me, springtime is far grander than any works of art.

Have you got your garden made? Some have here. Come and eat green pease.

The Saginaw democratic county convention Saturday passed resolutions favoring free silver and strongly opposing the "A. P. A." and other organizations of its character.

It is folly to adopt the plan of never taking medicine. You are untrue to nature's demands. If you feel bad take the Fountain of Youth blood and nerve vitalizer. One bottle to each free of charge. Inclose 10 cents to cover postage. Fountain of Youth Mfg Co., Hot Springs, Ark. 50

Mrs. Thomas Shaw, mother of the Rev. Anna Shaw, died at Big Rapids Saturday evening after a long illness, aged upwards of eighty years.

Kalamazoo republicans, in their county convention Saturday, passed resolutions complimentary to Senator Burrows and endorsing McKinley's boom.

TWO LIVES SAVED.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors that she had consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thomas Eggers, 139 Florida St. San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in coughs and colds. Free trial bottles at J. W. Armstrong's drug store. Regular size 50c. and \$1.00

PARMELEE PICKINGS.

The weather in Parmelee is remarkably warm and vegetation has advanced to such a degree that the bud and blossom of today is in danger of the future frost, which we hope will fail to visit us.

During the hard times there seems to be considerable business going on in Skiff's lumber yard. Twelve carloads were shipped out in one day recently. We understand a photograph of the train was taken at Middleville.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Headly who have been visiting Frank Richmond's family for the past week, have returned to their home in Grand Rapids.

Miss Minnie Jenkins of Middleville was among her friends in Parmelee Sunday afternoon.

Mr. Beeler the druggist of Caledonia accompanied by Jimmie Crossman the jeweler of the same place, were in Parmelee a few days ago advertising their wares and visiting with some of their patrons.

Attorney Jordan and wife and also Walter Hayward and wife were on our streets Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. E. K. Parmelee will soon leave the place to make an extended visit with her son at Harbor Springs.

A number from Parmelee attended quarterly meeting in Freeport last Saturday and Sunday.

Elder Halsey of Fowlerville will address the people of Parmelee at the U. B. church Wednesday afternoon.

George Richards of Hastings is looking after the machine business in this locality at the present time.

Supervisor Shork is spending the week in the southwest portion of the township.

We have the much talked of flag flapping in the breezes at our school-house, too.

A nice shower visited the "just and the unjust" Monday a. m.

Thomas Tungate is doing some fine work in the line of painting on the store of Wallie Watson.

Israel Reed of Alaska visited with Mr. Moxon's people on Grand Rapids street last Sunday.

Tom Bass is working for his brothers John and Leon in Middleville this week.

We notice in the Hastings Journal that J. D. Kenyon of West Thornapple and Wm. Freeman of Parmelee have been selected as jurors from this township to attend the next term of court at the county seat.

Oat sowing will be finished among us this week.

Some very fine monuments will be erected in the cemetery at Parmelee this spring.

The Crusaders who have been holding a long series of meetings at Parmelee, have finished their labors here for the present.

WAYLAND WORKINGS.

Quite a frost Tuesday evening to the discomfort of fruitgrowers.

Rev. Martin closed his meetings Sunday evening and Monday evening lectured to a good audience on "Life in England." Tuesday evening his theme was "Before and After Marriage."

Many are repainting their residences and otherwise beautifying their homes as the past few weeks have given them opportunity.

The Globe now has a news stand and is comfortably situated in its new home.

The Congregational society will commence work on the new church early in May. The edifice will be one of the finest to be found in villages of this size.

H. B. Nash who was seriously injured by a colt a week ago is out now and thinks he will soon be able to see some one else handle the colt.

The first ice cream social of the year Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Corkins is reported as somewhat improved, though dangerously ill as yet.

The experience social, whose aim will be to raise a sum sufficient to purchase a new organ for the M. E. church, will be held Friday evening.

A few attended the rally at Hopkins station last week and arranged to have the district secretary speak in Wayland upon C. E. work one week from Sunday evening.

W. H. Bechtel has secured a position in Grand Rapids and goes there this week.

YANKEE SPRINGS.

Zell Courtney lost a valuable horse last Saturday.

Mrs. Mamie Terphing of Holland is visiting her parents J. N. Stuart and wife.

Lizzie Ritchie began her first school in the Ritchie district Monday.

Geo. Williams has returned to Big Rapids to attend school this summer.

At this writing Ed. Courtney is quite sick.

W. J. Ritchie is in Grand Rapids this week.

Addie Norris is a little better at this writing.

Mrs. Lillie Ludlow is working in Hastings.

D. N. Stocking and family have moved in the Van Nordsall house vacated by Geo. Saddle, also Zell Courtney in the Eldredge house vacated by Tobe Rose.

Our school began Monday with Miss Cera Brooks at the head.

J. P. Springer and family visited Plainwell friends over Sunday.

Mrs. John Duffey and Mrs. J. C. Raymond visited the latter's parents in Carlton last week.

Mrs. Cordelia Watson of Plainwell is visiting friends here.

No household should be without the Fountain of Youth.

THE MIDDLEVILLE SUN

J. W. SAUNDERS, Publisher.

MIDDLEVILLE, - - MICHIGAN.

YELLED "WOW, WOW!"

THEN PAID \$25 FINE FOR HIS IMPUDENCE.

Brooklyn Justice Has to Deal with a Weighty Question—Jack Frost Makes Pomona's Kars and Fingers Tingle in California—Restrict Immigration.

Elastic Limit for Skirt Lifting.
The skirt question has been solved by Justice Tighe, of Brooklyn, N. Y. Mrs. Minnie Suthach had Charley Lindblatt, the bicyclist, before the Solomon. She had occasion to cross the street on a stormy day. She raised her skirt just to the level of her shoe top to save it from being bedraggled with mud and slush. "Oh, wow! wow!" yelled Lindblatt, who was passing. Then she alleged he added several other words of comment, which wounded Mrs. Suthach's feelings. Judge Tighe tried the case very thoroughly and also consulted several dignified South Brooklyn matrons and the female members of his family. Lindblatt and Mrs. Suthach were in court and the benches were crowded with women. His honor was pale and a trifle nervous. He said he had spent many troublesome hours and delved into ponderous law books for precedents in the case, but could find none. He therefore would have to be guided by common sense and current ideas. He concluded that on a muddy day a woman had a right to raise her skirt to any height not inconsistent with morality. He fined Lindblatt \$25.

CHARGED WITH BURNING HIS BABY.

Matthew Edgel Looked Up Awaiting an Inquiry in an Alleged Cremation.
Matthew Edgel, a farmer, residing in Smithfield, W. Va., stands charged with setting fire to his house in order to kill his only child, a babe of eight months old. Wednesday morning Edgel and his young wife quarreled. He is alleged to beat her cruelly, and that she threatened to leave him. Edgel swore that she should never have the child. It is alleged that he made a large fire in the house and left the baby to burn to death, its charred remains being found some time after by a party of passing oil drillers. While his son and house were burning, Edgel started out to hunt his wife. He found her and started with her toward their home. When near the house he again assaulted her. He tied her to a post and beat her with a club. While thus engaged, the oil drillers appeared on the scene. They took him in custody.

FROSTS KILL FRUIT.

California Fruit Crop Said to Have Been Greatly Damaged by Recent Freezes.
Severe frosts have caused much damage to fruit in the orchards in the center of California. A dispatch from Fresno says that serious damage was done in vineyards there and that the frosts will cause a short raisin crop. Two-thirds of the grape crop in the vicinity of Calistoga were destroyed and fruits of all kinds suffered to some extent. Cherries, apricots and prunes suffered from the frost in the vicinity of San Jose and ranchers are discouraged over the prospects of the season's crop. The frost had a killing effect on grape vines in the vicinity of Stockton and the vineyard men declare there will not be half a crop of grapes from the neighboring counties.

WANT IMMIGRATION RESTRICTED.

Representative of Junior O. U. A. M. Looking After Legislation.
The secretary of the national legislative committee of the Junior Order United American Mechanics has been in Washington for several days in the interest of the bills before Congress for the restriction of immigration. It is claimed that more petitions have been sent to Congress during the present session for the passage of some bill which will restrict immigration than for any measure ever before Congress. It is expected by the Secretary that if either of the bills which have been favorably reported by the Immigration Committee of the House comes to a vote it will be passed.

Regarded by Holmes as a Joke.

Murderer H. H. Holmes is apparently dividing his last days upon earth in finding a source of merriment in the annoyance he has caused the police of various cities by his startling confession of twenty odd murders and in seeking in religion atonement for his crimes. He looks upon his confession as a joke.

Pope for a Mediator.

The Papal nuncio at Madrid has been instructed to propose the mediation of the Pope in order to bring about a settlement of the troubles in Cuba or to urge upon Spain the acceptance of President Cleveland's reported offer of mediation.

Kentucky Republicans for Gold.

At the Kentucky Republican State convention resolutions were adopted expressing opposition to the free and unlimited coinage of silver, "believing that it would involve the country in financial ruin."

Banker Goetz Hangs Himself.

Paul F. Goetz, a Lexington, Ky., banker, was found hanging at his home. He was alive, but cannot recover. Goetz left a letter stating that his wife had asked him to kill himself, as she no longer cared for him.

Five Smother to Death.

At Turners Falls, Mass., five children were smothered to death by a fire in a four-story tenement block.

Porte Breaks the Agreement.

The foreign ambassadors in Turkey have protested against the appointment of a Mussulman as Governor of Zeitoun, this being contrary to the agreement between the Porte and the powers as a result of which the surrender of the insurgents of Zeitoun was brought about.

Big Landslide in Switzerland.

An immense landslide has occurred at Trubb, twenty miles east of Berne, Switzerland. Many farms have been devastated, whole woods have been carried off and the loss is said to be serious.

CLEVELAND CARRIES HIS POINT.

Despite Spain's Opposition, He Will Investigate Cuban Affairs.
The President has stolen a march on Spain in the appointment of Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, of Virginia, as Consul General at Havana, vice Ramon O. Williams, resigned. He has long wanted to send a special commissioner to Cuba to ascertain exact facts with regard to the scope and significance of the revolution, but from the outset he encountered the angry opposition of the Madrid Government, which resented the suggestion as insufferable impertinence and gratuitous interference in a strictly family affair. He could not move Spain from this view, but he never for a moment abandoned the idea. It occurred to him that he could accomplish his purpose by appointing a Consul General at Havana, who could serve in the double capacity of diplomatic representative of this Government and commissioner—the latter, of course, under private instructions. After a careful canvass of names he selected Gen. Lee as best fitted to perform the delicate duty.

LOST WITH TWO HUNDRED.

Belief that the Steamer Ranger Has Gone to the Bottom in the Seal Fisheries.
At St. John's, N. F., twenty-eight men were driven off shore on the ice Saturday night. Two steamers which have been searching for them returned unsuccessful. One of the men landed Sunday morning, and it is supposed the others have got ashore at a deserted island on the coast. The steamer Kite has returned from the seal fisheries with a full cargo, and reports all the remaining ships but the Ranger. The latter has not been heard from since March 20, when it was learned that she was badly nipped and very leaky. Fears are now being expressed for her safety. She had over 200 men on board.

NEW ORLEANS MURDERER HANGED.

Arthur Schneider Executed for Killing Herman Schroeder, His Rival.
Arthur Schneider, a German about 20 years of age, was hanged in the New Orleans parish prison Friday. Schneider was in love with a girl employed in a restaurant. She rejected him and he started for the West, but returned, purchased two pistols, stole into the place and murdered Herman Schroeder, his rival, and almost killed the girl. He played insane, but was declared responsible by a commission of named doctors. Deputy Sheriff Jerry Reagan for the failure to cheat justice and killed him in the prison with a knife which he managed to secure. He was convicted of Schroeder's murder and sentenced to death.

WON BY THE CATTLEMEN.

Judgment for \$50,000 for Spreading Texas Fever is Affirmed.
Charles Haber and 142 other cattlemen in Lyon, Chase and other counties in Kansas, who banded together to prosecute the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad Company, Hosier Bros. and Brogan & Sons for shipping Texas cattle into the grazing country and spreading disease among their stock, won their case in the Supreme Court. The case was tried in the District Court of Lyon County, where the cattlemen obtained a verdict for \$50,000 damages, including interest.

Fleets Alone Not Sufficient.

"National defenses" was the subject of Senator Squire's speech in the Senate Tuesday, and, as a preliminary to a more detailed discussion of the topics, the Senator said, in part: "What an absurd spectacle has the Congress of the United States presented during the present session by its persistent talk in favor of the intervention by the United States in behalf of Cuba and Venezuela. How cheap is all this talk, sincere though it may be on many occasions. Every man who has informed himself on the subject of national defenses, knows that, as a nation, we are not in condition to undertake war or suffer war. We can talk loud and long, and profess sympathy, pass resolutions and make believe to ourselves that we are actually taking a hand in the diplomatic affairs and international questions of great moment; but those who are not self-deceived by egotistical glamour, and, who know the facts, are perfectly aware of the painful truth that this demonstration is mere talk and bluster and vapid sentiment; or, at most, it is a sympathy that is easily satisfied with merely verbal expressions." In closing the Senator expressed the hope that the bill providing for the expenditure of \$80,000,000 for sea-coast defenses would be adopted without serious modification.

Conditions of Trade.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: "The volume of business has not on the whole increased, nor have prices appreciably advanced since April 1, when the range for all commodities was at its lowest ever known in this country. Breadstuffs and iron products have risen slightly, but some other articles have declined, and the root of the matter is that demand for consumption is still below expectations. The number of hands employed has been slightly lessened by strikes in some establishments and by stoppage or reduction in force in others, but the change during the last week has not been relatively important. The weather has not favored active distribution of spring goods, and uncertainty as to continued employment affects the purchases by hands in a large number of establishments."

Robbed of a Satchel of Money.

At New York, Walter Price, who carried a satchel containing \$2,015, was attacked by a highwayman on Broadway Friday afternoon and robbed of his valuable package. The money belonged to the Gleason Lamp Manufacturing Company. The thief made his escape, but Price was arrested, suspected of connivance at the robbery.

Think They Have Two Clever Crooks.

By the arrest of two men, who gave their names as Rev. Jacob Rubin and Isador Ehrenberg, police of St. Louis believe they have secured two crooks who have been operating all over the country. They were arrested as a result of an alleged attempt to swindle a saloon keeper named Rudolph Vock.

Propose to Be the Whole Thing.

Some of the druggists of Louisville, Ky., have formed a corporation for the manufacture of their own proprietary articles and patent medicines. The association is known as the Inter-State Pharmaceutical Company. Articles of incorporation were filed.

Murderer Cheats the Gallows.

Charles Morris, the confessed murderer of Mr. and Mrs. Douthett, committed suicide at Xenia, Ohio, by cutting his throat when told to get ready to go to Columbus to hang.

FOR A NEW BUREAU.

PROPOSED CHANGE IN AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Urged by Many Colleges—Awful Results of a Fireworks Factory Explosion at Chicago—Ohio Train Wreckers Fail in a Fiendish Plot.

In Interest of Science.

Senator Proctor, chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, was authorized by that committee to provide for a director-in-chief of the scientific bureau of the Agricultural Department. The question has been before the committee for some time, and the propriety of the change has been urged by almost all the agricultural colleges in the country, as well as by many other institutions of learning. The bureau which would be placed under the charge of the proposed director include the weather bureau, the bureau of animal industry, and about fifteen divisions of the department engaged in technical and scientific investigations. Under the present system the general charge of this work has been confined to the Assistant Secretary.

DEATH IN THE BLAST.

Chicago Fireworks Factory Explodes Up, Killing Two and Maiming Many.
With an explosion that shook the country for miles around one of the buildings of the Chicago Fireworks Company at Gross Point blew up about 8 o'clock Wednesday morning, killing two persons, fatally wounding two and terribly injuring six others. The employees, most of whom were girls under age, had scarcely been at work an hour when the accident occurred. What caused the explosion is not and probably never will be known. The girls were working briskly and merrily chatting with one another, when suddenly a terrible roar was heard, and the walls of the building, which is one of twelve similar ones, fell outward, while the roof came careening down, crushing the poor victims to the floor. A minute later another explosion followed, which mercifully raised the roof from the dying and fainting, and with feeble limbs and agonizing cries the wounded crawled out, some of them, forgetful of their own awful plight, dragging the more helpless ones with them. The work for the season at the establishment began but a few weeks ago, and only two of the twelve buildings were in use.

ESCAPED AN AWFUL WRECK.

Dastardly Attempt to Throw a Limited Express from the Track.
A dastardly attempt to wreck the limited express train on the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Road was made before daylight, near the southern limits of Cleveland. A rolling mill employee on his way to work discovered and removed the obstruction just in time to avoid a terrible wreck. Two heavy railroad ties had been placed from rail to rail on the tracks and heavy ties were also placed parallel with the rails on the outside. Scarcely had the obstruction been removed when the limited thundered by at the rate of fifty miles an hour.

Holmes a Good Liar.

Insurance Inspector Gary, of the Fidelity Mutual Life Company, of Philadelphia, in which Holmes' victim, Pitzel, was insured, says Holmes did not commit all the murders he confessed to. Kate Darke is in Omaha, Dr. Russell in Michigan, Anna Van Tassel in Arkansas and Robert Latimer in Chicago. Gertrude Conner did not die for six weeks after leaving Chicago for Iowa.

Escape of Four Convicts.

Four long-term convicts escaped from the Northern Indiana State prison. Six convicts were in the conspiracy to escape, but two weakened at the critical moment. Their confederates then bound and gagged them, pounding them until they were insensible. The four then secured citizens' clothes, spliced two ladders, and scaled the walls.

J. Milton Turner Disabed.

J. Milton Turner, ex-Minister to Liberia, lawyer and politician of national fame, although a colored man, does not, apparently, possess a thick skull. He is now lying at the St. Louis city hospital with a broken scapula, the result of a scrimmage with his step-daughter, who broke a pitcher over his head.

Man Who Ticked Ingalls Sane.

John Curtis, the man who was sent to the insane asylum at Topeka, Kan., by an Atchison County jury for tickling ex-Senator Ingalls on the back of the neck, has been discharged by the verdict of another jury, which declared him sane. Mr. Ingalls was sick, and was not a witness.

Willis Sells Household Goods.

Passengers at San Francisco by the steamer Mariposa, from Honolulu, report that United States Minister Willis had an auction sale of a large portion of his household effects a few days before the Mariposa sailed, preparatory to his leaving at an early date.

Pearl Bryan Suspect Dismissed.

When the case of William Wood, charged as an accomplice in the attempt to procure a criminal operation on Pearl Bryan, was called at Cincinnati, the prosecuting attorney said the State had no evidence to warrant a trial, and Judge Gregg dismissed the case.

Will Make Thousands Idle.

At a meeting of the Pittsburgh Window Glass Association and the Western Window Glass Association, held in Indianapolis, it was decided, owing to the glut in the market, to close down every window glass factory in the country May 29.

Dreibund is Renewed.

A dispatch from Venice says that Emperor William and King Humbert, at their conference Saturday, decided to prolong the Dreibund until 1902, the present agreement including an offensive as well as a defensive clause.

Packing Houses Destroyed.

Fire broke out early Tuesday morning in the large packing houses of the Michigan Beef and Provision Company, Detroit, and speedily destroyed the buildings. No estimate of the loss has been made.

Death in a Colliery.

By an explosion in a colliery at Willington, near Durham, eight miners are known to have been killed and it is believed eighteen persons in all will lose their lives through the disaster.

FATHER'S MAD DEED.

Misanthropic Chicagoan Kills His Three Children and Commits Suicide.

Into the hearts of his three little children, the smallest only a baby, John Lehman, of 233 West 23d street, Chicago, sent successive bullets Tuesday. Then, after a futile attempt to hang himself, Lehman fired a bullet into his own heart. Not poor, not dependent—in fact, prosperous for one in his station in life—Lehman was moody and pessimistic. He feared to grow old and become a pauper; life was only a wearisome grind, he thought, and the little ones would probably grow up to the same hardships and toil, possibly to want—life wasn't worth living, anyway; it was better they should all go. That was about what John Lehman had long thought, though he was chary in expressing too volubly his gloomy ideas. Probably, judging from Lehman's ideas of things in general, he thought he was doing the babies and himself a kindness.

SPAIN WON'T ACCEPT.

Spanish Premier Has Had a Letter from President Cleveland.

A dispatch from Madrid to the Pall Mall Gazette says: "Senor Canovas del Castillo (the Spanish premier), is ill and cannot be interviewed. His relatives, however, confirm the existence of a communication from President Cleveland. But, in the present state of public feeling, it will be impossible for the Government to accept his offer. Matters are very complicated and, while the Government will do everything in its power to avoid a quarrel with the United States, it will prefer to fight rather than lose Cuba through foreign pressure. The coming Cortes will grant Cuba every reasonable franchise to be enjoyed under the Spanish flag."

Standing of the Big League Club.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the National Baseball League:

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Chicago	1	0	1000
Boston	1	0	1000
Brooklyn	1	0	1000
Pittsburgh	1	0	1000
St. Louis	1	0	1000
Washington	1	0	1000
Baltimore	0	1
Cleveland	0	1
Cincinnati	0	1
Louisville	0	1
New York	0	1
Philadelphia	0	1

John A. Cockerill Dead.

Col. John A. Cockerill, widely known as an editor and newspaper writer, died suddenly at Cairo, Egypt, Friday from apoplexy, while he was in the barber shop of Shepherd's Hotel. Col. Cockerill was in the service of James Gordon Bennett of the New York Herald, for whom he had been in Egypt for three weeks. He left New York in January, 1895, to become the Herald's special correspondent in Japan.

Big Blaze in Gotham.

The building at New York occupied by C. A. Auffmordt & Co., one of the largest importers of silks, plushes, dress goods and kid gloves, was burned Tuesday. Two firemen were badly injured. The blaze was one of the fiercest the city ever saw, and the financial loss foots up a million.

War Ship Monterey in Collision.

Captain Ludlow, of the Monterey, wired to the Navy Department Monday that he was in collision off Puget Sound with a Swedish merchantman. The latter struck the warship on the starboard quarter, denting in one plate, and was herself badly damaged.

Cobb's Hotel Now Closed.

Cobb's Hotel, which for many years has been frequented exclusively by theatrical people at Washington, was closed Monday. In the garret are properties to fit out half a dozen operas, a few melodramas and song and dance people without number.

Death of a Blind Deaf Mute.

Oliver Caswell died at his residence at Conant, near Newport, R. I., Monday night. Dickens, in his "American Notes," devoted several pages to him. Oliver Caswell was, perhaps, the most widely known blind deaf mute in the country.

Miller Caught in Marietta.

R. K. Miller, preceptor of Bellaire, O., Union, No. 300, of the C. H. Over Glass Workers, at Muncie, Ind., who absconded with \$1,200, was arrested in Marietta, O., and is now in jail there.

Will Not Aid Mrs. Maybrick.

Judiciary Hoar, from the Committee on Judiciary, reported back Senator Call's resolution proposing intervention in the case of Mrs. Maybrick.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.50 to \$4.75; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.50 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 64c to 66c; corn, No. 2, 23c to 30c; oats, No. 2, 18c to 20c; rye, No. 2, 36c to 38c; butter, choice creamery, 15c to 17c; eggs, fresh, 10c to 11c; potatoes, per bushel, 15c to 25c; broom corn, \$20 to \$45 per ton for common to choice.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$4.50; hogs, choice light, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, common to prime, \$2.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, 63c to 71c; corn, No. 1 white, 30c to 31c; oats, No. 2 white, 22c to 24c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$4.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 70c to 73c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 27c to 28c; oats, No. 2 white, 18c to 19c; rye, No. 2, 37c to 39c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$4.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2, 73c to 75c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 31c to 32c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 22c to 24c; rye, No. 2, 43c to 45c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$4.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$2.00 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 73c to 74c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 29c to 31c; oats, No. 2 white, 23c to 24c; rye, 37c to 39c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 red, 73c to 74c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 31c to 32c; oats, No. 2 white, 21c to 22c; rye, No. 2, 38c to 40c; clover seed, \$4.00 to \$4.70.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 64c to 66c; corn, No. 3, 29c to 30c; oats, No. 2 white, 20c to 21c; barley, No. 2, 32c to 34c; rye, No. 1, 38c to 39c; pork, mess, \$8.25 to \$8.75.

Buffalo—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$4.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.75; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 70c to 78c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 35c to 36c; oats, No. 2 white, 24c to 25c.

New York—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$4.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.50; sheep, \$2.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 70c to 77c; corn, No. 2, 39c to 41c; oats, No. 2 white, 25c to 26c; butter, creamery, 16c to 18c; eggs, Western, 11c to 12c.

OLD TREATY A BASIS.

BLAINE RECIPROCITY MEASURE FAVORED.

Edward Farrer, a Canadian Liberal Advocates a Modification of the Commercial Relations Between United States and British Provinces.

Wants Reciprocity.

In response to an invitation, Edward Farrer, one of the leaders of the Liberal party in Canada, has submitted to the House Ways and Means sub-committee the Liberal view of a reciprocity arrangement between the United States and Canada. Mr. Farrer gives a history of the commercial relations between the two countries down to the reciprocity treaty with Newfoundland, negotiated in 1890 by Mr. Blaine, which was pigeon-holed by Lord Salisbury, he alleges, because of the jealousy of the dominion authorities. Mr. Farrer holds that it contained the principles upon which a treaty might now be framed that would be acceptable to the Liberals in Canada, seeking, as they do, to secure the commercial independence of the dominion and to be relieved from the necessity of consulting England in treaty-making and of the hampering requirement of conceding to England the best terms offered to any foreign country.

HARDSHIP FOR MILLERS.

American Flour Has to Pay a Landing Tax at London.

Charles C. Bovey and John Crosby, representing the National Millers' Association, say flour inspectors of London are greatly exercised over what they hold to be a discrimination against American flour. Flour from America enters London docks and is subjected to a landing charge of 18 cents per ton. French flour and American wheat escape this charge. Parliament enacted that no charge whatsoever shall be made on goods landing at these docks, but the steamship companies, it is stated, issued to American millers a bill of lading containing a clause subjecting flour to the 18 cents charge per ton. In this way the miller contracts himself out of the laws of Parliament and must pay the tax. Furthermore, the dock companies, it is stated, propose now to increase the taxing of landing materially.

With these facts in view, Messrs. Bovey and Crosby have been in Washington, where they have represented to a sub-committee of the House Ways and Means Committee that the American flour production is subjected to charges in contradiction of English law, and which they have urged may be abated through retaliatory legislation here.

STAND FIRM FOR SILVER.

Democratic White Metal Advocates Declare for Free Coinage Plan.

The Rocky Mountain News of Denver, Colo., says editorially that the representatives of Colorado in the national gathering of the Democratic party will walk out of the hall and out of the party unless the platform contains an unqualified declaration for free coinage and the candidate is suited to the platform. The Hon. Allen W. Thurman, of Ohio, sent a message to the Democratic State convention of Colorado predicting a victory for silver at Chicago if the Democrats from the Western States are united and determined, and declaring that the prospect "ought to awaken in the breast of every true Democrat such feelings of exultation and courage that even were he three score years and ten yet would he feel it was his duty to be in the front."

OVERPLUS OF YOUNG WOMEN.

Plan to Move Them from Eastern Canada to the Northwest.

The Mayor of Vancouver has received a peculiar letter from Toronto, written in the interests of the young women of Toronto and other eastern Canadian cities. In this unique epistle the writer says that, according to statistics, there is a shortage in the female population in the Northwest territories and British Columbia amounting to about 40,000, and there is in eastern Canada a corresponding overplus of unmarried women. In order to equalize matters it is proposed to send young women of good health and moral character west to be distributed where the demand is greatest, and for this purpose it is sought to establish a home at Vancouver for the reception and distribution of the young women for British Columbia.

DEADLY EXPLOSION.

Peoria Lower Sugar Works Converter Lets Go with Fatal Effects.

At 2:15 o'clock Friday morning a converter at the lower sugar works at Peoria, Ill., exploded, filling an immense building with steam. At least two men were killed outright, and it is feared that many more have met the same fate. Several were badly injured. The known dead:—Barnes, John Hoey. Those known to be most seriously injured are: John Dooley, Mat. Connolly, John Wilson. The converter was on the fourth story of the building, in which about one hundred men were at work. There was the wildest excitement, and many thrilling escapes occurred. The explosion was plainly heard in all parts of the city.

Price of Sugar Will Go Up.

Sugar will cost more this summer than it has at any time since 1891. Wholesale dealers predict this much. Five years ago granulated sugar sold for 6 1/2 cents a pound. It sold for 5 1/5 cents net cash in New York Wednesday, and it is expected to advance another quarter of a cent.

Prominent Mason Ends His Life.

J. F. Kelly, a prominent Mason and one of the largest wholesale fruit dealers in Butte, Mont., committed suicide. Cause, domestic trouble. He carried \$83,000 life insurance. Before committing suicide he wrote thirteen letters relating to his affairs.

Millions Lost by Fire.

Letters to Gomez, Maceo, Aguirre and other Cuban insurgent leaders show that it is estimated that the loss of property by fire in the district of Artemisa, province of Pinar del Rio, alone is \$3,000,000.

Jealousy Blots Out Two Lives.

Frederick Merriek shot and killed his wife at Brooklyn, N. Y. Then he fired a bullet into his brain. It is alleged that Merriek was suspicious of his wife, and that he had had a detective watching her for some time past.

WORK OF CONGRESS.

THE WEEK'S DOINGS IN SENATE AND HOUSE.

A Comprehensive Digest of the Proceedings in the Legislative Chambers at Washington—Matters that Concern the People.

Lawmakers at Labor.

After two days' debate the House Saturday by a vote of 100 to 58 passed the Grosvenor "filled-cheese" bill. Practically the only amendment adopted was one reducing the tax on retail dealers from \$40 to \$12. The bill requires the manufacturers of filled cheese to pay a tax of \$400 annually, the wholesale dealers \$250 and the retail dealers \$12, and for failure to pay such tax imposed upon manufacturers a fine of from \$400 to \$3,000, upon wholesale dealers from \$250 to \$1,000 and upon retail dealers from \$40 to \$500. It also requires the branding of "filled cheese" and its sale only from original packages.

The "George" bill to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy was reported to the Senate Monday from the Judiciary Committee. The most important amendment made by the committee was that providing that where any debtor, being a banker, broker, merchant, trader or manufacturer owing \$500 makes an assignment or conveyance of his property, or gives any lien or incumbrance thereon, contrived or devised with the actual intent on his part to defraud his creditors, such act shall be deemed bankruptcy. The measure provides for voluntary bankruptcy. At the same time Mr. Mitchell, of Oregon, submitted the views of the minority of the committee in the shape of

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

AN ELOQUENT DISCOURSE ON CHRIST'S EXPATRIATION.

The King Who Left a Throne, Closed a Palace and Went Forth to Die in a Hostile Country - America the Home of the Voluntary Exile.

An Imperial Exile. It is wonderful to how many tunes the gospel may be set. Dr. Talmage's sermon in Washington last Sunday shows another way in which the earthly experience of our Lord is set forth. His text was 11. Samuel xv., 17, "And the king went forth and tarried in a place which was far off."

Far up and far back in the history of heaven there came a period when its most illustrious citizen was about to absent himself. He was not going to sail from beach to beach. We have often done that. He was not going to put out from one hemisphere to another hemisphere. Many of us have done that. But he was to sail from world to world, the spaces unexplored and the immensities untraveled. No world has ever hailed heaven, and heaven has never hailed any other world. I think that the windows and the balconies were thronged, and that the pearly bench was crowded with those who had come to see him sail out of the harbor of light into the ocean beyond. Out and out and out and on and on and on and down and down and down he sped, until one night, with only one to greet him, when he arrived, his disembarkation so unpretending, so quiet, that it was not known on earth until the excitement in the cloud gave intimation to the Bethlehem rustics that something grand and glorious had happened. Who comes there? From what port did he sail? Why was this the place of his destination? I question the shepherds. I question the camel drivers. I question the angels. I have found out. He was an exile. But the world had plenty of exiles. Abraham, an exile from Haran; John, an exile from Ephesus; Kosciusko, an exile from Poland; Mazzini, an exile from Rome; Emmet, an exile from Ireland; Victor Hugo, an exile from France; Kossuth, an exile from Hungary. But this one of whom I speak to-day had such resounding farewell and came into such chilling reception—for not even a hostler went out with his lantern to light him in—that he is more to be celebrated than any other expatriated exile of earth or heaven.

An Imperial Exile.

First, I remark that Christ was an imperial exile. He got down off a throne. He took off a tiara. He closed a palace gate behind him. His family were princes and princesses. Vassals were turned out of the throne-room by Absalom's infamy. The five kings were hurled into a cavern by Joshua's courage. Some of the Henrys of England and some of the Louis of France were jostled on their thrones by discontented subjects. But Christ was never more honored, or more popular, or more loved than the day he left heaven. Exiles have suffered severely, but Christ turned himself out from throne-room into sheep pen and down from the top to the bottom. He was not pushed off. He was not manacled for foreign transportation. He was not put out because they no more wanted him in celestial domain, but by choice departing and descending into an exile five times as long as that of Napoleon at St. Helena and 1,000 times worse; the one exile suffering for that he had destroyed nations, the other exile suffering because he came to save a world. An imperial exile. King eternal. "Blessing and honor and glory and power be unto him that sitteth upon the throne."

But I go farther and tell you he was an exile on a barren island. This world is one of the smallest islands of light in the ocean of immensity. Other stellar kingdoms are many thousand times larger than this. Christ came to this small Patmos of a world. When exiles are sent out they are generally sent to regions that are sandy or cold or hot—some Dry Tortugas of disagreeableness. Christ came as an exile to a world scorched with heat and bitten with cold, to deserts simoon swept, to a howling wilderness. It was the back dooryard, seemingly, of the universe. Yes, Christ came to the poorest part of this barren island of a world—Asia Minor, with its intense summers, unfit for the residence of a foreigner, and in the rainy season unfit for the residence of a native. Christ came not to such a land as America, or England, or France, or Germany, but to a land one-third of the year drowned, another third of the year burned up and only one-third of the year just tolerable. Oh! it was the barren island of a world. Barren enough for Christ, for it gave such small worship and such inadequate affection and such little gratitude. Imperial exile on the barren island of a world.

In a Hostile Country.

I go farther and tell you that he was an exile in a hostile country. Turkey was never so much against Russia, France was never so much against Germany, as this earth was against Christ. It took him in through the door of a stable. It thrust him out at the point of a spear. The Roman Government against him, with every weapon of its army, and every decision of its courts, and every decree of its war eagles. For years after his arrival the only question was how best to put him out. Herod hated him; the high priests hated him; the Pharisees hated him; Judas Iscariot hated him; Gestas, the dying thief, hated him. The whole earth seemingly turned into a detective to watch his steps. And yet he faced this ferocity. Notice that most of Christ's wounds were in front. Some scourging on the shoulder, but most of Christ's wounds in front. He was not on retreat when he expired. Face to face with the world's sin. Face to face with the world's woe. His eye on the raging countenances of his foaming antagonists when he expired. When the cavalry officer rowled his steed so that he might come nearer up and see the tortured visage of the suffering exile, Christ saw it. When the spear was thrust at his side, and when the hammer was lifted for his feet, and when the reed was raised to strike deeper down the spikes of thorn, Christ watched the whole procedure. When his hands were fastened to the cross, they were wide open still with benediction. Mind you, his head was not fastened. He could look to the right, and he could look to the left, and he could look up, and he could look down. He saw when the spikes had been driven home, and the hard, round iron heads were in the palms of his hands. He saw them as plainly as you ever saw anything in the palms of your hands. No ether, no chloroform, no merciful anæsthetic to dull or stupefy; but, wide awake, he saw the obscuration of the heavens, the unbalancing of the rocks, the countenances quivering with rage and the chink of the diabolic. Oh, it was the hostile as well as the barren island of a world!

I go farther and tell you that this exile was far from home. It is 95,000,000 miles from here to the sun and all astronomers agree in saying that our solar system is only one of the smaller wheels of the great machinery of the universe turning around some one great center, the center so far distant it is beyond all imagination and calculation and it, as some think, that great center in the distance is heaven. Christ came far from home when he came here. Have you ever thought of the homesickness of Christ? Some of you know what homesickness is when you have been only a few weeks absent from the domestic circle. Christ was 33 years away from home. Some of you feel homesickness when you are 100 or 1,000 miles away from the domestic circle. Christ was more million miles away from home than you could count it all your life you did nothing but count. You know what it is to be homesick even amid pleasant surroundings, but Christ slept in huts, and he was athirst, and he was a-hungered, and he was on the way from being born in another man's barn to being buried in another man's grave.

I have read how the Swiss, when they are far away from their native country, at the sound of their national air get so homesick that they fall into melancholy and sometimes they die under the homesickness. But, oh, the homesickness of Christ. Poverty homesick for celestial riches. Persecution homesick for hosanna. Weariness homesick for rest. Homesick for angelic and archangelic companionship. Homesick to get out of the night and the storm and the world's execration. Homesickness will make a week seem as long as a month and it seems to me that the three decades of Christ's residence on earth must have seemed to him almost interminable. You have often tried to measure the other pangs of Christ, but you have never tried to measure the magnitude and ponderosity of a Saviour's homesickness.

I take a step farther and tell you that Christ was in an exile which he knew would end in assassination. Holman Hunt, the master painter, has a picture in which he represents Jesus Christ in the Nazarene carpenter shop. Around him are the saws, the hammers, the axes, the drills of carpentry. The picture represents Christ as rising from the carpenter's working bench and wearily stretching out his arms as one will after being in cramped or uncomfortable posture, and the light of that picture is so arranged that the arms of Christ, wearily stretched forth, together with his body, throw on the wall the shadow of the cross. Oh, my friends, that shadow was on everything in Christ's lifetime. Shadow of a cross on the Bethlehem swaddling clothes; shadow of a cross on the road over which the three fugitives fled into Egypt; shadow of a cross on Lake Galilee as Christ walked its mosaic floor of opal and emerald and crystal; shadow of a cross on the road to Emmaus; shadow of a cross on the brook Kedron, and on the temple, and on the side of Olivet; shadow of a cross on sunrise and sunset. Constantine, marching with his army, saw just once a cross in the sky, but Christ saw the cross all the time.

The Doom of a Desperado.

On a rough journey we cheer ourselves with the fact that it will end in warm hospitality, but Christ knew that his rough path would end at a defoliated tree, without one leaf and with only two branches, bearing fruit of such bitterness as no human lips had ever tasted. Oh, what an exile, starting in an infancy without any cradle and ending in assassination! Thirst without any water, day without any sunlight. The doom of a desperado for more than angelic excellence. For what that expatriation and that exile? Worldly good sometimes comes from worldly evil. The accidental glance of a sharp blade from a razor grinder's wheel put out the eye of Gambetta and excited sympathies which gained him an education and started him on a career that made his name more majestic among Frenchmen than any other name in the last twenty years. Hawthorne, turned out of the office of collector at Salem, went home in despair. His wife touched him on the shoulder and said, "Now is the time to write your book," and his famous "Scarlet Letter" was the brilliant consequence.

Worldly good sometimes comes from worldly evil. Then be not unbelieving when I tell you that from the greatest crime of all eternity and of the whole universe, the murder of the Son of God, there shall come results which shall eclipse all the grandeurs of eternity past and eternity to come. Christ, an exile from heaven opening the way for the deportation toward heaven and to heaven of all those who will accept the proffer. Atoneant, a ship large enough to take all the passengers that will come aboard it.

A Land of Voluntary Exile.

For this royal exile I bespeak the love and service of all the exiles here present, and, in one sense or the other, that includes all of us. The gates of this continent have been so widely opened that there are here many voluntary exiles from other lands. Some of you are Scotchmen. I see it in your high cheek bones and in the color that illumines your face when I mention the land of your nativity. Bonny Scotland! Dear old kirk! Some of your ancestors sleeping in Greyfriars churchyard, or by the deep lochs filled out of the pitchers of heaven, or under the heather, sometimes so deep of color it makes one think of the blood of the Covenanters who signed their names for Christ, dipping their pens into the veins of their own arms opened for that purpose. How every fiber of your nature thrills as I mention the names of Robert Bruce and the Campbells and the Cochrane. I bespeak for this royal exile of my text the love and the service of all Scotch exiles. Some of you are Englishmen. Your ancestry served the Lord. Have I not read the sufferings of the Haymarket? And have I not seen in Oxford the very spot where Ridley and Latimer mounted the red chariot? Some of your ancestors heard George Whitefield thunder, or heard Charles Wesley sing, or heard John Bunyan tell his dream of the celestial city, and the cathedrals under the shadow of which some of you were born had in their grandest organ roll the name of the Messiah.

I bespeak for the royal exile of my sermon the love and the service of all English exiles. Yes, some of you came from the island of distress over which hunger, on a throne of human skeletons, sat queen. All efforts at amelioration halted by massacre. Procession of famines, procession of martyrdoms marching from northern channel to Cape Clear and from the Irish

sea across to the Atlantic. An island not bounded as geographers tell us, but as every philanthropist knows—bounded on the north and the south and the east and the west by woe which no human politics can alleviate and only Almighty God can assuage. Land of Goldsmith's rhythm, and Sheridan's wit, and O'Connell's eloquence, and Edmund Burke's statesmanship, and O'Brien's sacrifice. Another Patmos with its apocalypse of blood. Yet you cannot think of it to-day without having your eyes blinded with emotion, for there your ancestors sleep in graves, some of which they entered for lack of bread. For this royal exile of my sermon I bespeak the love and the service of all Irish exiles. Yes, some of you are from Germany, the land of Luther, and some of you are from Italy, the land of Garibaldi, and some of you are from France, the land of John Calvin, one of the three mighties of the glorious reformation. Some of you are descendants of the Puritans, and they were exiles, and some of you are descendants of the Huguenots, and they were exiles, and some of you are descendants of the Holland refugees, and they were exiles.

Heaven the Exile's Home.

Some of you were born on the banks of the Yazoo or the Savannah, and you are now living in this latitude; some of you on the banks of the Kennebec or at the foot of the Green mountains, and you are here now; some of you on the prairies of the West or the tablelands, and you are here now. Oh, how many of us far away from home! All of us exiles. This is not our home. Heaven is our home. Oh, I am so glad when the royal exile went back he left the gate ajar or left it wide open. "Going home!" That is the dying exclamation of the majority of Christians. I have seen many Christians die. I think nine out of ten of them in the last moment say, "Going home." Going home out of banishment and sin and sorrow and sadness. Going home to join in the hilarities of our parents and our dear children who have already departed. Going home to Christ. Going home to God. Going home to stay. Where are your loved ones that died in Christ? You pity them. Ah, they ought to pity you! You are an exile far from home. They are home! Oh, what a time it will be for you when the gate-keeper of heaven shall say: "Take off that rough sandal. The journey's ended. Put down that saber. The battle's won. Put off that iron coat of mail and put on the robe of conqueror." At that gate of triumph I leave you to-day, only reading three tender cantos translated from the Italian. If you ever heard anything sweeter, I never did, although I cannot adopt all its theology:

'Twas whispered one morning in heaven How the little child angel May, In the shade of the great white portal, Sat sorrowing night and day; How she said to the stately warden, He of the key and bar: "Oh, angel, sweet angel, I pray you Set the beautiful gates ajar, Only a little, I pray you, Set the beautiful gates ajar."

"I can hear my mother weeping. She is lonely; she cannot see A glimmer of light in the darkness. When the gates shut after me, Oh, turn me the key, sweet angel, The splendor will shine so far." But the warden answered, "I dare not Set the beautiful gates ajar." Spoke low and answered, "I dare not Set the beautiful gates ajar."

Then up rose Mary, the blessed, Sweet Mary, the mother of Christ, Her hand on the hand of the angel She laid, and her touch sufficed. Turned was the key in the portal, Fell ringing the golden bar, And, lo, in the little child's fingers Stood the beautiful gates ajar, In the little child's angel fingers Stood the beautiful gates ajar.

Wooden Defenses.

Life was very insecure in mediaeval times. It was usual for people to sleep on a bed which was surrounded by sides of board, with strong posts at the four corners. These sides contained sliding doors, which could be fastened inside. When men retired to rest they took a weapon with them. If attacked in the night, they were aroused by the noise made by the crashing in of their wooden defenses, and were able to defend themselves. When the law became strong enough to protect human life, the sides of the bedstead were gradually dispensed with, but the four posts remained. The box-like bed still survives in the rural parts of Scotland, and is almost necessary where the earthen floors and imperfect ceilings cause much damp. Emily Bronte in "Wuthering Heights," describes one of these bedsteads in the old mansion as forming a "little closet."

Nothing but Luck.

Hard luck is almost a synonym for laziness. Good luck is the twin brother of hard work.

Luck walks while work rides in a carriage.

Luck pictures a dollar, while work earns it.

Luck dreams of a home, but work builds one.

To trust to luck is like fishing with a hookless line.

Luck is a disease for which hard work is the only remedy.

Luck longs for a dinner, while labor goes out and earns one.

Luck goes barefooted, while work never lacks for a pair of shoes.

Luck is a weather vane with the distinguishing points broken off.

The man who relies on luck is lucky if he keeps out of the poorhouse.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Vice President W. Seward Webb, of the New York Central, has decided to build a new marble palace on his property at Scarborough-on-the-Hudson. He intends to spend about \$1,500,000 on the house. The style of architecture will be a modification of the chateau renaissance. The house, including verandas, will be nearly 300 feet long and 130 feet wide. It is to be situated on an elevation, surrounded by Italian flower gardens and winding roads, and will command an extended view of the Hudson River.

A bitter and perplexed "What shall I do?" is worse to man than worst necessity.—Coleridge.

HONOR TO JEFFERSON

DEMOCRATIC LEADERS MEET AT HIS TOMB.

Natal Day of the Dead Statesman Is Fittingly Celebrated—Life and Works of the Democratic Party's Founder Portrayed by Orators.

Democrats at Monticello.

The 153d anniversary of Thomas Jefferson's birth was fittingly observed at Monticello, Va., where he lived and died, by a gathering of a large number of prominent Democrats from all sections of the country. The distinguished guests included Vice-President Stevenson, Secretary Herbert, Postmaster General Wilson, Attorney General Harmon, ex-Gov. Russell of Massachusetts, Chauncey F. Black and Lawrence Gardner, president and secretary, respectively, of the National Association of Democratic Clubs, and nearly two score of Senators and Representatives, besides a number of national committeemen. The party left Washington in a special train, arriving in Charlottesville about noon and proceeded at once to Monticello, about two miles distant from the town, where they were welcomed by Mr. Jefferson M. Levy, the present owner of the estate.

The exercises commenced shortly after 2 o'clock, and upon the broad lawns were assembled several hundred people, who had come from the surrounding towns and farms. Three addresses were delivered—the first by Chauncey F. Black, the second by ex-Gov. Russell and the third by Senator Daniel of Virginia. The greatest interest attached to the speeches of the two latter, Mr. Russell standing on a "sound money" platform and Senator Daniel combating his position with a free



THOMAS JEFFERSON.

silver argument. The party returned to Washington at night.

Ex-Gov. Russell concluded an eloquent address upon the career of Jefferson with the following reference to the money question:

"We are in the midst of earnest agitation over our monetary standard. The agitation crosses party lines and tends to geographical division. It involves the welfare of our country and demands explicit and courageous treatment. To Jefferson it could never be an issue between Colorado and Wall street, or between a



JEFFERSON'S HOME.

debtor and a creditor class. His broad democracy abhorred geographical and class division. With true patriotism he would ask where lie the honor and credit of our common country, where rest the interests of our whole people? For one I believe that our country's honor demands scrupulous fidelity to her plighted word, honest payment of her obligations and that the people's interest is best served by strictly upholding here the monetary standard of the civilized world. The secret of Jefferson's power and leadership was his steadfastness to principle. With firm belief in popular government, he trusted the intelligence of the people to correct passing errors and to establish safe and sound policies. Well has it been said of him that he never in any stress deserted or even temporarily disavowed his principles. He never lost faith or courage. He did not trim his sails to every flaw on the political ocean, but waited through the longest unpromising days, with a noble patience, the powerful and steady gale which he was convinced would in time carry the nation upon her true course."

FILLED WITH LIES.

Police Characterization of H. H. Holmes' Confession.

Murderer H. H. Holmes' complete, copyrighted confession of twenty-seven murders which he thinks he committed, and stories of six intended victims who got away, has put thorns in the easy chairs that the Chicago police have been holding down so comfortably since the arch fiend's conviction of the horrible Pitzel murder in Philadelphia. In Holmes' confession the murderer of the Pitzel family lays claim to the glory of being a wholesale murderer. He says that he has killed twenty-seven people in all, while he tried to kill six more, but they got away from him. He gives the names of nineteen and describes two more. The remaining half dozen of the twenty-seven he claims to have killed he makes no further mention of, except to include them in the totals of his list. The list includes nine young women, eight men and four children. Holmes describes most of his murders very briefly and incompletely. Only in the murders of the Williams girls and the Pitzel family does he go into details. That Holmes did not tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth in

his confession is generally believed by the police officials and the newspaper men of Chicago, who spent a month last summer investigating Holmes' career during his few years' residence in the city. It seems to be the generally accepted idea that Holmes has exaggerated the number of his crimes in his almost insane craving for notoriety, and his morbid desire to be talked about and looked upon for the few



H. H. HOLMES.

more brief weeks that remain to him on earth as a fiend incarnate.

The police point out that several of Holmes' self-claimed "victims" are still alive. Robert Latimer, the ex-janitor of the "castle," is doing business with a red flag and lantern at an Englewood railroad crossing daily. Warner, another of his alleged victims, is reported to be alive.

MASSACRE IN MEXICO.

Zimatan Indians Slaughter All Officials in Juquila.

A telegram from Oaxaca City, Mexico, says that the rebel Indians at the town of Juquila killed all the town councilors, school teachers, local priest, chief of police and the telegraph operator—in fact, everyone holding a Government place. The people are in terror and troops have been sent for the relief of the town.

The Indians began their plotting in Holy week, instigated by Indian lawyers, who informed them that the new State taxes were unconstitutional, but the authorities paid no attention to the excitement among them, considering they were engaged in their usual drunken celebration of the season. But, procuring arms and matches, they made a rush for the town hall, and the prefect hastily closed the doors, which they soaked with petroleum and burned, thus effecting an entrance. They sacked the place, and, penetrating the private apartments of the prefect, grossly maltreated the women of his family, and then, turning attention to the officials and armed servants, killed and wounded several. The Indians were possessed with fury, and it was absolutely impossible for a respectable inhabitant to control them, as all were drunk and maddened.

The mob, after sacking the town hall, went to the Federal stamp office and assailed it, burning down the outside door with petroleum, which also communicated fire to the entire house, placing Collector Graciada, who was on the roof with his clerks, in a condition of the utmost peril. They managed to escape by the rear, jumping for their lives. Many shops were burned after being sacked, and the In-

AFRICA'S WHITE NATIVES.

Further Reasons for Believing There Is Such a People.

There have always been vague traditions of a white race locked up in the interior, but when the tales have come to be tested the white race generally turns out to be merely a tribe of lighter colored Arabs, keeping all the characteristics of the race and having none of the white man's. But in this race we have something much more correct and precise.

Capt. Larymore, at present A. D. C. to Sir Francis Scott, was sent up to Koranza on a mission, and stayed a considerable time in the capital. He took advantage of the opportunity to inquire about this comparatively unknown race and its neighbors, and was surprised to find that there was an accepted tradition that there lived, an indefinite number of days' marches to the northeast, a tribe of white men. Further inquiry elicited the statement that they lived on the skirts of a desert, which was difficult and dangerous to cross. Attempts had been made to avoid this desert by passing through their country, but they were found to be so fierce and so absolutely devoid of fear that the caravans preferred the dangers of the desert to the hostility of the white tribe.

Such circumstantial statements induced Capt. Larymore to make stricter inquiries, and at length he found a Mohammedan priest and Hadji, a man of great integrity and considerable influence. He had been to Mecca, and it was on his way there and back that he actually saw with his own eyes one of this white tribe.

The man in question was armed only with a bow and arrow, but such is the reputation of fierceness possessed by the race that the caravan did not remain long in his vicinity, but left the place as quickly as possible. Al Hadji saw him distinctly. Capt. Larymore, who, by the way, is a type of the fair Saxon, interrupted the priest in his story, and said that the man must have been simply a light-colored Arab. "No," said Al Hadji, "I saw him close at hand and he had light hair and blue eyes, exactly as you have." This statement, and the confirmation it had received by many rumors of tales, was one of extreme importance, considering the strict integrity of the man who made it. Consequently, Capt. Larymore took down his testimony in writing. The existence of such a race is firmly believed in by most of the gold coast travelers, and, among others, by Sir Francis Scott.

Unfortunately, owing to the fact that the reckoning of the progress of the caravan is done in the most careless way, the spot cannot be located. Al Hadji says it is many days from Koranza, which might mean 100 or 1,000 miles.—London Daily News.

Surprising Weakness.

In a small town about eight miles from Boston there lives an old gentleman who is hale and hearty at the age of 81, and whose erect carriage would put many a younger man to shame. Within the last year, nevertheless, he has found that his favorite exercise, walking, while still giving him much pleasure, must be pursued with more caution than formerly.

Not long ago he had a visit from an old school friend, a few years his junior, who exclaimed at the old gentleman's strength and youthful appearance.

"I may look fairly young for my age," was the reply, made with some sadness, "but I'm not what I was. Why, last week I made one of my monthly trips to Boston, and I had to take to the cars coming home."

"Take to the cars coming home!" repeated his friend of long ago. "You don't mean to say you're in the habit of walking any such distance?"

"Why, man alive, I'm only 81!" cried the old gentleman, testily. "Of course I've always walked to Boston and back; and I tell you, sir, that when I took those cars to come home I said to myself, 'If this thing's going on, Martin Foster, you might just as well take to your bed and doze with it!' That's the way I felt, sir! Only 81, and obliged to take the cars home from Boston!"

Uncle Joe's Mistake.

"Well, Uncle Joe," said a Washingtonian to his rural uncle from the West, "how did you enjoy your visit to the House of Representatives?"

"They wasn't in session."

"Is that so?"

"Yes; I waited nearly all day for them to come to order, but they just kept laughin' and talkin' an' gittin' up personal arguments over politics till, b'gosh, they had wasted so much time that I reckon they thought it was too late to hold a session till to-morrow."

Why They Quarrelled.

A servant who can get a better place is not much to be blamed if she refuses to live in a quarrelsome family.

Housekeeper, in pursuit of a cook—Why did you leave your last place?

Cook—I couldn't stand the dreadful way the master and missus used to quarrel, mum.

Housekeeper—What did they use to quarrel about?

Cook—The way the dinner was cooked, mum.

Ants in Surgery.

It is said that Greek barber surgeons in the Levant use large ants to keep together the edges of cuts. The ant, held with a forceps, opens its mandibles wide, and as soon as it seizes the edges of the wound has its head severed from its body; but it retains its grip. People have been seen with wounds healing held together by seven or eight ants' heads.

Watterson—"Isn't your piano frightfully out of tune?" "Oh, no; my daughter is just playing a little thing of Wagner's now."—Somerville Journal.

Danger Signals

More than half the victims of consumption do not know they have it. Here is a list of symptoms by which consumption can certainly be detected:—

Cough, one or two slight efforts on rising, occurring during the day and frequently during the night.

Short breathing after exertion.

Tightness of the chest.

Quick pulse, especially noticeable in the evening and after a full meal.

Chilliness in the evening, followed by slight fever.

Perspiration toward morning and pale face and languid in the morning.

Loss of vitality.

If you have these symptoms, or any of them, do not delay. There are many preparations which claim to be cures, but Dr. Ficker's English Remedy for Consumption has the highest endorsements, and has stood the test of years. It will arrest consumption in its earlier stages, and drive away the symptoms named. It is manufactured by the Acker Medicine Co., 16 and 18 Chambers St., New York, and sold by all reputable druggists.

ALL KINDS OF

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Work Guaranteed.
Prices To Suit The Times.

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We are strictly in it this spring with the largest and prettiest stock of

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In town. Oh! My, how cheap these goods are selling this spring. It will almost knock you down to know how cheap you can buy them of

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For Fresh Garden Seeds in bulk or papers go to

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Where you will also find a full stock of Choice and Staple

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The modern standard Family Medicine: Cures the common every-day ills of humanity.



THE MIDDLEVILLE SUN

THURSDAY, APRIL 23, 1896.

Gov. Rich has designated Friday, May 1, as Arbor Day. In his proclamation he says:—"The people are earnestly requested to observe the day by setting out trees, shrubs and vines about their homes and upon our highways and public places. The exercises in our public schools upon that day should be of a character that will impress upon the minds of our youth the material benefits derived from its observance. By precept and example our teachers should lead in a work that will not only bring its reward to them, but remain as an incentive for future generations to beautify and adorn our fair state. Our rapidly diminishing forests and the increased demand for shade and ornamental trees has caused the organization of "Forestry Associations" whose purpose it is to preserve the forests and educate the people in the science of forestry. These organizations deserve encouragement and it is to be hoped that their numbers will multiply. This occasion is taken to urge the preservation of the shade trees which now stand along our country roads. They may damage the growing crop slightly but in beauty, shade, and protection from the winds, they repay the damage they do many times over." The SUN would like to have correspondents mention the schools that observe "Arbor Day" in their locality.

Senators and members of the house of representatives at Washington are paid a salary of \$5,000 per year. Considering the average return of service rendered by them, the money they get is a full remuneration. But in addition to the salary paid each member of the house there is \$939 per man paid for clerk hire and other service. This is scandalously extravagant; but it is parsimonious in comparison with the amount paid by the senate. The cost per senator for grooming and body service of one kind and another has gradually grown until now it amounts to \$1,483 per man. The aggregate of senatorial outlay, including salary, is \$9,483 per man, or nearly \$1,000,000 per year. Treated with such liberality it would seem as if better service might be rendered, that is, fewer speeches made, speedier argument on important measures and less time spent in haggling.—G. R. Herald.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

The State Convention of the Republicans of Michigan has been called to meet at the Auditorium, Detroit, on Thursday, May 7th, 1896, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of nominating fourteen (14) electors of President and Vice President of the United States, and electing four delegates-at-large and four alternate delegates-at-large to the republican national convention to be held at St. Louis, Mo., June 16th, 1896. Also for the purpose of selecting a chairman of the state central committee and two members thereof from each congressional district and the transaction of such other business as may properly come forward.

A FRIEND'S ADVICE.

MONTAGUE, Mich., Nov. 13, 1893. William Windecknecht, a wealthy farmer of Muskegon county, personally appeared before me, a Notary Public, this day, and deposes and says: "That for the past year or so he was afflicted with weakness, trembling, heart failure, extreme nervousness, headache and general debility; that he has consulted with physicians and received no benefit. He was persuaded by a friend to try a sample bottle of Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer, and he says that the trembling and nervous feeling was immediately stopped by its use. Afterwards he used two bottles of the same medicine and says he is entirely cured and free from that trembling sensation; his heart gives him no trouble and he sleeps well. He further says that his general health is much better, and that he is calling the attention of his neighbors and friends to the remarkable value of Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer." Signed, W. WINDECKNECHT.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, a Notary Public for Muskegon county, state of Michigan, JAS. MORRISON.

For sale by J. W. Armstrong and all druggists.

14-5

A doctor may be able to speak but one language but he is supposed to have some knowledge of all tongues.—Yonkers Statesman.

The Fountain of Youth blood purifier and vitalizer makes the weak strong, the old young, and revives the system. We make every one a present of a trial bottle who will send us ten cents to pay postage and packing. The good effects are immediate. Regular price 50 cents. Fountain of Youth Mfg Co., Hot Springs, Ark.

Hubinger Bros. of Frankensmuth stopped in front of a Vassar store to unload flour, when a large, valuable horse fell to the ground, dead from sunstroke. Thermometer registered ninety-two.

The Fountain of Youth blood and nerve vitalizer is not recommended to cure everything but it is most emphatically guaranteed to cure general debility, faintness, lassitude and weakness of men and women, and to build up a strong hardy mental and physical system. It is pleasant to the taste and its beneficial effects are immediate. None would be without it after knowing its virtue. We ask you to accept a trial bottle free of cost. Regular price 50 cents a bottle. Inclose ten cents to cover postage and we will send you one bottle without charge. Fountain of Youth Mfg Co., Hot Springs, Ark. 50

SCHOOL COLUMN.

(Edited by Flora J. Beadle, Commr.)

ARBOR DAY.

What does he plant who plants a tree? He plants a friend of sun and sky; He plants the flag of breezes free; The shaft of beauty towering high; He plants a home to heaven aigh; For song and mother croon of bird In hushed and happy twilight hour— The treble of heaven's harmony— These things he plants who plants a tree.

What does he plant who plants a tree? He plants in sap and leaf and wood. In love of home and loyalty An far cast thought of civic good— His blessing on the neighborhood— Who in the hollow of his hand Holds all the growth of all our land— A nation's growth from sea to sea Stir in his heart who plants a tree.

In accordance with the concurrent resolution passed by the last legislature and with the long established custom of our state, Gov. Rich has issued a proclamation appointing Friday, May 1, as Arbor Day. It is earnestly desired that the people observe the day by setting out trees, shrubs and vines about their homes, along the highways and public places.

To the schools Arbor Day furnishes an opportunity for teaching children many valuable lessons, for introducing them in a delightful way to the beauties of nature and for interesting them in the study of plant life. On this day the judicious teacher will be certain to take advantage of the opportunity offered for securing useful co-operation. Then it is that the unsightly piles of ashes, brush, logs, stumps or other materials can be removed from the yards. Flower beds can be constructed—the Agricultural College has offered flower seeds free to the first ten schools in each county making application for the same. Blanks are to be had at this office. Ungainly and noxious weeds and vines can be cut away, dead trees removed and new ones planted. The choice of trees for planting on school grounds should be made with care. Trees of offensive odor which attract insects, litter the ground, sprout at the roots, bear thorns or are otherwise objectionable should be avoided. As a rule trees that grow natural in the neighborhood are the most certain of a vigorous growth. Among the best of all the trees for the school yard are the sugar and red maples; the linden and the elm.

The literary exercises of Arbor Day generally precede the manual work and may be short or extended as circumstances may permit. Good programs may be found in the Popular Educator, Moderator and Patten's "Special Day Exercises." There need be no lack of appropriate material for a program. In order that the greatest number of pupils may participate without prolonging the exercises unduly, it is well to have the recitations short. In schools where the grounds are limited in extent and already well kept, the literary exercises may be followed by a visit to a neighboring grove, for the purpose of studying and collecting specimens of plant life.

The observance of the day should be of a scientific character. Essays on topics of botanical study, descriptions of "vegetable growth—biographical sketches of great botanists, etc., are appropriate to such occasions. At this time the practical teacher will make arrangements for plant collections of scientific interest.

To the country schools, Arbor Day brings the improvement of school surroundings and the pleasant social gatherings of the neighborhood, to the city schools the enjoyment of flowers, and a break in the routine of school life.

Let the day be observed in appropriate form in every school in Barry Co.; let it be productive of moral and mental good in every grade, and the memory of Arbor Day will last through after years lingering as a beautiful picture of school life, and exerting its influence upon the character of the people.

We might tell you more about One Minute Cough Cure, but you probably know that it cures a cough. Every one knows who has used it. It is a perfect remedy for coughs, colds and hoarseness. It is an especial favorite for children, being pleasant to take and quick in curing. Dr. Nelson Abbott.

The Agricultural College authorities want the Lansing street railway extended into the grounds. They have offered to erect a small station house and purchased \$200 worth of tickets.

Chancery Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss. In Chancery. May Benedict, Complainant.

John Benedict, Defendant.

Dated March 12, A. D. 1896.

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the county of Barry in Chancery, at Hastings on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1896. In this cause it appearing from affidavit on file that the defendant, John Benedict, is not a resident of this state, but resides at Hammond, in the state of Indiana, on motion of Milton F. Jordan, complainant's solicitor, it is ordered that the said defendant, John Benedict, cause his appearance to be entered herein, within three months from the date of this order, and in case of his appearance that he cause his answer to the complainant's bill of complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on said complainant's solicitor, within twenty days after service on him of a copy of said bill, and notice of this order; and that in default thereof, said bill be taken as confessed by the said non-resident defendant.

And it is further ordered, that within twenty days the said complainant cause a notice of this order, to be published in the MIDDLEVILLE SUN, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said county, and that such publication be continued thereat least once in each week, for six weeks in succession, on that second copy of the order to be personally served on said non-resident defendant, at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for his appearance.

CLEMENT SMITH, Circuit Judge. MILTON F. JORDAN, Complainant's Solicitor. 12-7

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the payment and conditions of a certain mortgage made and executed by Horace C. Wood and Martha Wood of Irving, Michigan, to state Bank of Middleville, of Middleville, Michigan, dated the 10th day of April, A. D. 1894, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Barry and State of Michigan on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1894, in Liber 38 of Mortgages, on page 158. On which mortgage it is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred and twenty-three and sixty-nine one-hundredths dollars, and also the further sum of two thousand dollars and interest thereon from April 10th, A. D. 1896, yet to become due, together with an attorney fee of twenty-five dollars covered and provided for in said mortgage, and no suit or proceedings either at law or in equity having been instituted to recover said moneys so secured and due on said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given that I shall sell at public auction, subject to the payment of principal of two thousand dollars and interest yet to become due on said mortgage, the highest bidder, at the north front door of the Court House, in the City of Hastings, (that being the place where the Circuit Court for the County of Barry is held) on Saturday the 24th day of July, A. D. 1896, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount due on said mortgage as aforesaid, with seven per cent. interest and all legal costs, together with said attorney fee of twenty-five dollars covered for in said mortgage.

The premises being described in said mortgage as all those certain pieces of land lying and being situated in the Township of Irving, County of Barry and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit: The south-west quarter of the south-east quarter of section eighteen (18) in town four (4) north range nine (9) west, and the south half of the north-west quarter of section nineteen (19) in said town four (4) north range nine (9) west, containing in all one hundred and forty acres of land, more or less.

Dated April 15th, 1896.

STATE BANK OF MIDDLEVILLE, Mortgagee. HARTLEY E. HENDRICK, Attorney for Mortgagee. 16-13

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss. COUNTY OF BARRY, ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Barry, held at the probate office in the city of Hastings, in said county on Tuesday, the seventh day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety six.

Present, CHARLES W. ARMSTRONG, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Robin D. Jacox, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition duly verified, of Evaline J. Buck, daughter of said deceased, praying that a certain instrument now on file in said court purporting to be the last will and testament, and codicil thereto of said deceased be admitted to probate, and the executrix therein named appointed. Thereupon it is ordered, that Friday, the first day of May, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition and that the heirs at law of said deceased and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be held at the probate office, in the City of Hastings, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner may not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the MIDDLEVILLE SUN, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County of Barry, once in each week for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

CHAS. W. ARMSTRONG, 15-4 Judge of Probate. (A TRUE COPY)

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made and executed by Arabella Stowell of Middleville, Michigan, to Miner S. Keeler of the same place, dated the 4th day of October, A. D. 1894, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for Barry county, Michigan, on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1894, in Liber 38 of mortgages on page 170, on which mortgage it is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred sixteen and 100/100 dollars, and an attorney fee of twenty-five dollars provided for in said mortgage, the principal of said mortgage having been declared due by said mortgagee, and is hereby declared due by him, by reason of the nonpayment of interest as required in said mortgage, and by virtue of the authority contained in said mortgage to declare the same due of which the mortgagee has had notice, and no suit or proceedings having been instituted, either in law or equity to recover said moneys so secured by said mortgage or any part thereof. Now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given that I shall sell at public auction, at the highest bidder, at the north front door of the court house, in the city of Hastings, (that being the place where the Circuit Court for the County of Barry is held) on Saturday the 27th day of June, A. D. 1896, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount due on said mortgage as aforesaid, with seven per cent. interest and all legal costs, together with said attorney fee of twenty-five dollars covered for therein. The premises being described in said mortgage as all those certain pieces or parcels of land situated and being in the village of Middleville and city of Hastings, in the county of Barry and State of Michigan and described as follows, to-wit: Lots number six (6) and seven (7) of block number twenty-seven (27) of Isaac N. Keeler's addition to the village of Middleville. Also lots number six (6) and seven (7) of block number twelve (12) of Striker's addition to the village (now city) of Hastings, according to the recorded plat of said addition.

Dated April 2d, 1896.

MINER S. KEELER, Mortgagee. HARTLEY E. HENDRICK, Attorney for Mortgagee. 14-13

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss. COUNTY OF BARRY, ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for the county of Barry, held at the Probate Office, in the city of Hastings, in said county on Thursday, the 24th day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety six.

Present, CHARLES W. ARMSTRONG, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Amos Everhart, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Emma V. Thomas and Mattie L. Rich, daughters of said deceased, praying that administration of said estate be granted to Andrew F. Sylvester, or to some other suitable person. Thereupon it is ordered, that Friday, the 24th day of April, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition and that the heirs at law of said deceased and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be held at the probate office, in the city of Hastings in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner may not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the MIDDLEVILLE SUN, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County of Barry, once in each week for three successive weeks, previous to said day of hearing.

CHAS. W. ARMSTRONG, 14-4 Judge of Probate. (A TRUE COPY)

Notice for Hearing Claims.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss. COUNTY OF BARRY, ss.

Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate court for the county of Barry, made on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1896, six months from that date was allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Valentine Adam, late of said county deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate court, at the Probate office, in the city of Hastings, for examination and allowance, on or before the 24th day of September next, and that such claims will be heard before said court on Wednesday, the 24th day of June, and on Thursday, the 24th day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of those days.

Dated March 24th, A. D. 1896. CHAS. W. ARMSTRONG, Judge of Probate. 13-5

TWENTY-SEVENTH

ANNUAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

WE wish to say to our old friends and patrons that we are in the trade to stay with the best assorted stock we have ever carried. We have made a large addition to our Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silverware, and will meet the prices of any house in Michigan for up to date good goods. We positively carry no low grade goods in stock. We have had 25 years at the bench repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, and we guarantee as good work as can be done in any shop in the state. Our business in . . .

Crockery and Glassware

Has increased almost double this last year and if you will give me your undivided trade I will show you prices you never dreamed of. The larger bill I buy the cheaper I can sell. We have just put in a new Decorated pattern and would like to have every lady's opinion of it. You are invited.

Wallpaper AND Window Shades

All new and the latest styles, and with the advance in Wallpaper we will make prices as low as possible for new goods. We invite everybody to call whether you buy or not. We will try and use you well.

YOURS WITH RESPECT,

M. F. DOWLING,

WHEN YOU FIND

WHILE CLEANING HOUSE THAT YOUR

Carpet, Matting, Rugs, Chenille Draperies, Lace Curtains, Roller Shades, Draw Curtains, Picture and Mantle Draperies

Are becoming too much worn to grace your comfortable house for another season, just step into our store and look over our line of the above mentioned goods, and our prices and qualities will convince you that it is cheaper to buy the new than to clean the old.

YOURS ANXIOUS TO PLEASE,

JOHN CAMPBELL.

DON'T BUY

CLOTHING

Anything until you see our enormous Spring Stock of
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,
Suspenders, Cuffs, Collars
and Neckties.

Come where you can get
up-to-date goods at the lowest price.

Everything in
Gents' Furnishings.

A fine
Line of Confectionery.

SCHONDELMAYER BROS.

MY WAGON SHOP

Is now located next door to Coats & Burr's blacksmith shop. For
SLEIGH AND WAGON REPAIRS
And general wood work give
me a call.
GEORGE SANFORD.

IF YOU THINK OF BUYING A
Lumber : Wagon,
CALL AND SEE OUR

Extra Easy Running
First-Class Wagon.

WE ARE SELLING AT BOTTOM
PRICES.

Blacksmithing and Woodworking
at Reasonable Rates.

DIETRICH & BRISTOW,
East Main St., Middleville.

TUBULAR WELLS.

All parties wanting a Tubular Well or an
OPEN WELL will save money by seeing us.
All repairing a specialty. We warrant all
our work. All parties wanting BUILDINGS
MOVED or raised or wanting JACK-SCREWS,
call on us. Leave orders at residence, Ar-
lington St., Middleville, Mich.
PENDER & GALE.

Call at my new quarters in
the SUN building and get
prices on

WATCHES, CLOCKS
AND JEWELRY.

ALSO
BICYCLES.

I make Watch and Clock Repairing a
Specialty.

C. E. STOKOE.

HORSE-SHOEING A SPECIALTY

At C. Schondelmayer's.

Shop on West Main Street.
Watering Trough Corner.

For Wagon and General Re-
pairing, call on

C. L. JOHNSON.

At C. Schondelmayer's.

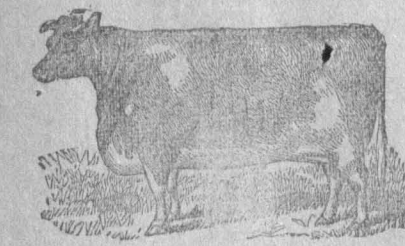
I am now again ready
to receive your valued
orders in the line of

MERCHANT
TAILORING
BUSINESS.

Cleaning and Repairing
a Specialty.

S. B. LINSKI,

Middleville, Mich. 17-4



Persons having Fat Stock to sell will
please leave word at the market.

Bring your Dressed Veal and Poultry to
this market. Poultry must be
feather dressed heads on
undrawn and crops
empty.

C. CLEVER.

Jaxon Pure Baking Powder leaves

best.
Frank Newman, for many years a
resident of Dorr, died early Monday
morning, aged 65 years.

The fifth convention of Gaines town-
ship Sunday school association will be
held at Dutton, May 8, 1896.

There are several bargains in books
in the News Stand windows. They
will be marked down daily until sold.

Warren Carr has leased the saloon
rooms in the basement to the St. James
hotel and will operate the business the
coming year.

F. O. Stokoe of Leighton assisted by
W. J. Hoover of Caledonia, will hold a
review of school at the latter
place the coming summer.

The Rev. Mr. Hauser, who was ar-
rested for disturbing the Baptist Sun-
day school in Hastings, has been dis-
charged. The jury could not agree.

Don't you forget that we stand ready
to save you 25 to 40 per cent. on all
kinds of furniture. Look around and
then come to us. Young & Chaffee
Furniture Co., 94, 96, 98, 100 Ottawa
street, Grand Rapids.

The illustrated Maccabee lecture held
at the Congregational church Monday
evening was well attended and very
interesting. If many of the thoughts
there mentioned were more fully car-
ried out, there would be more Maccab-
ees and less suffering.

Miss Grace Hall, a teacher of music
in the Grand Rapids schools, was in our
village the first of the week with a view
to interesting the school board in in-
troducing music as a study into our
public schools. The board thought
best to leave the matter until the an-
nual meeting in September, as they
took no action.

Mrs. Ada Manly of Grand Rapids
died of consumption last week Thurs-
day, funeral services being held Sun-
day at the residence. Deceased was a
half sister of Miss Daisy Dowling of this
village. Mrs. A. M. Dowling and Miss
Daisy were in attendance at the funeral.

The handsome draft stallion, "Mar-
got," formerly owned by J. C. Bray,
but recently sold to a resident of Rock-
ford, was poisoned last week. This
will be regretted by many in this local-
ity and about Freeport as the horse was
expected to spend the season at these
points.

Editor George A. Potts of the Sara-
nac Local has the deep sympathy of
the fraternity in the loss of his beloved
wife on the 11th inst. She had been in
poor health for nearly three years.
Her maiden name was Celestia Corpor-
son, and many years ago taught school
in this locality.

At the republican caucus held at the
engine house on Friday at 2 p. m. J.
W. Saunders was elected chairman and
H. E. Hendrick, secretary. The fol-
lowing delegates were chosen to attend
the county convention to be held at
Hastings on Friday, May 24: R. M.
Johnson, chairman; M. P. Jordan, H.
E. Hendrick, M. S. Keeler, S. C. Rich,
Samuel Allen, Hamilton Carveth, Oscar
White, Dilman Benjamin, E. R. Skiff,
J. W. Armstrong. The chairman to
fill vacancies, should any occur.

MARRIED.

MOAK-LUGGETT—At the residence of
the bride's mother, Mrs. George Lug-
gett, at Petoskey, April 20, 1896,
George C. Moak and Jessie E. Lug-
gett.

They were married by the Presby-
terian minister, the Rev. James G.
Ingless, in the presence of the relatives
and a few friends. There were present
from out of town Mr. and Mrs. Eugene
Romig from Cadillac, the latter a sister
of the groom, and Edward A. Moak, a
brother, from Middleville. An elegant
supper was served and music and games
were enjoyed until half past ten when,
amid a shower of rice, the bride and
groom departed for their future home
in Cadillac with the best wishes of their
friends and some very nice presents.

MIDDLEVILLE, Mich., April 21, '96.

TO THE MIDDLEVILLE SUN:

Having returned safe to our home,
friends and brothers at Middleville, I
feel it even more than my duty to send
a word of thanks for all my friends
have done for me and my family during
my illness in the past three months.
Yet I have no other way to repay them
all for their charitable acts and brotherly
kindness than by the good use and
privilege of the Middleville SUN.
Thanking them for all their past favors
to myself and my family, I pray that
my friends and brothers who are not
yet members of any of our fraternal or-
ganizations may become one of us with-
out delay, for we know not when we
may be in want of a helping hand, of a
good sister or a kind brother's welcome
protection. Yours fraternally,
S. B. AND VICTORIA LINSKI.

Lost or stolen from buggy on Tuesday
in business portion of the village, a
wolf robe. Finder please leave same at
harness shop.

We show prices on all furniture so
far below all other dealers that they
can't touch them with a ten-foot pole.
Young & Chaffee Furniture Co., 94, 96,
98, 100 Ottawa street, Grand Rapids.

Take a dose of De Witt's Little Early
Risers just for the good they will do
you. These Little Pills are good for in-
digestion, good for headache, good for
liver complaint, good for constipation.
They are good. Dr. Nelson Abbott.

PERSONAL POINTS.

E. D. Matteson was in Nashville Fri-
day.

Mrs. R. T. French is in Grand Rap-
ids today.

R. T. French was in Charlotte on
business yesterday.

Mrs. Boorn and daughter have taken
rooms in Sam'l Carlisle's residence.

Mrs. Lydia Purdy is visiting her
daughter and brother at Eaton Rapids.

Mrs. M. A. Dietrich is spending a
few days with friends in Grand Rapids.

Mrs. F. A. Colvin is visiting her
sister Mrs. W. I. Wood of Caledonia.

Mrs. M. A. Mitchell returned Friday
from an extended visit with her daugh-
ter at Sturgis.

Mrs. M. F. Jordan expects to go to
Detroit Saturday on a visit to her
mother and brothers.

Mrs. A. L. McDowell returned Tues-
day from a two weeks' visit with her
daughter at Big Rapids.

Fay Diamond of Hastings is assisting
Spangemacher & Johnson in arranging
their stock of hardware.

E. M. Brown returned yesterday from
a week's visit in Buffalo, N. Y., and at
his old home in Canada.

Will Carveth returned to the Uni-
versity Monday after a ten days' visit
with his parents southwest of the vil-
lage.

Mr. and Mrs. Combs, Mrs. W. E.
Keeler, Mrs. Wilkinson, Mrs. Acker-
son and Mrs. Saunders were in the Rap-
ids Monday.

Miss Jennie Coon, who has been
spending the winter with her sister,
Mrs. M. A. Dietrich, has returned to
her home in Farwell.

John Velte of Woodland was in the
village yesterday in company with C.
S. Palmerter. The former has an eye
on the county clerkship and undoubt-
edly that was the reason for their drift-
ing this way.

Mr. and Mrs. Edd Hatton left Sat-
urday for Plainwell where they soon ex-
pect to start for Montana. Before leav-
ing, they presented their sister, Mrs.
Howard Russell, with a very fine oil
painting of their two little boys.

Mrs. J. D. Wood has bought Mrs.
Jaeox loom and is prepared to weave
carpets.

Sunday afternoon the body of Enos
Lawrence of Holland was found floating
in Black river near the Grand Haven
bridge. There is no question but what
a foul murder has been committed, as a
bag was tied over his head, feet were
strapped together and the body
weighted down with iron. He has not
been seen since April 4 and has, no
doubt, been in the water ever since, as
the body was badly decomposed. An
ugly knife wound was discovered in the
throat. Lawrence was about 40 years
old and married, and was employed in
the Holland furniture factory. Later
Ray Coats who claims to be a foster
brother married Mrs. Lawrence since
the murder and both are now in jail
charged with the crime.

Concealed fire-arms have been taken
from five boys in the Lansing city
schools. All of the offenders are under
sixteen years of age and prosecution is
threatened, not only to the children,
but also to the dealers for selling them.

Wilson Strawberry plants for sale
cheap. 16-2 GEORGE C. SMITH.

WANTED—Good industrious agent,
lady or gent for new Modern Piano
Method—money maker for agents and
a money saver for purchasers. Address
at once,
W. G. CRONKRIGHT,
16-2 600 Calumet Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

FOREPAUGH & SELLS BROTHERS'
COMBINE SHOWS.

The Michigan Central will sell tick-
ets to Grand Rapids at rate of 14 cents
per mile in each direction for the round
trip with 50 cents added for circus ad-
mission, on Monday, May 25th. Tick-
ets good on day of sale only.

J. E. GOGLE,
Local Agent.

17-5

BUCKLIN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for cuts,
bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever
sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains,
corns, and all skin eruptions, and pos-
itively cures piles or no pay required.
It is guaranteed to give perfect satis-
faction or money refunded. Price 25
cents per box. For sale by J. W. Arm-
strong.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

MIDDLEVILLE P. O., April 18, 1896.
Letters addressed to persons named
below remain unclaimed in this office
and will be sent to the Dead Letter
Office if not claimed by May 2, 1896:

NAMES.

Mr. B. M. Hawley. Mr. E. Liebhaner.
W. H. Richards. Mrs. Susan Dermoth.

Please say "advertised" when asking for
advertised letters.

DAVID MATTASON, Postmaster.

OLD PEOPLE.

Old people who require medicine to
regulate the bowels and kidneys will
find the true remedy in Electric Bit-
ters. This medicine does not stimu-
late and contains no whiskey or other
intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and altera-
tive. It acts mildly on the stomach
and bowels, adding strength and giving
tone to the organs, thereby aiding na-
ture in the performance of the func-
tions. Electric Bitters is an excellent
appetizer and aids digestion. Old peo-
ple find it just exactly what they need.
Price fifty cents per bottle at J. W.
Armstrong's drug store. 5

HALF FARE TO DETROIT.

On account of the republican state
convention to be held in Detroit, the
Michigan Central will sell tickets at
the rate of one first-class fare for round
trip, good going May 6 and 7, limited
to return May 8, inclusive.

13-6 J. E. GOGLE, Local Agent.

FOR SALE—A few thousand seasoned
Oak Fence Pickets.

12th W. S. RUSSELL.

Corn for Sale—Inquire of J. D. Ken-
yon.

CENTRAL

BARBER SHOP.

We have them. What? All the latest
Styles in work that will please you.
Our shop is refitted with all new furni-
ture that is up-to-date.

A FINE CIGARS ALWAYS
LINE OF ON HAND.

LAUNDRY
Goes to Baxter Every Wednesday.
CALL AND SEE US.

FRENCH & KRAFT.

NOTICE

TO ALL

BICYCLE RIDERS.

WE have just received and placed in po-
sition in our store a large and powerful
"TOWN PUMP" for your special
benefit. Whenever your tires need
"blowing up" please come in and
make yourself at home. We want you
to feel at liberty to use this pump at
all times free of charge.

Come Early and Often.

J. E. ACKERSON.

BICYCLE HEADQUARTERS.

DR. NELSON ABBOTT, DRUGGIST.

(SUCCESSOR TO A. HANLON & SON.)

SPECIAL SALE ON
WALL PAPER

TO CLOSE OUT.

PRICES THE LOWEST.

Everything in the Drug line first-class in quality.



This is just the season of the year that a new Spring
Cape is needed. Ladies who are looking for a stylish gar-
ment of this kind will find at our store a nice assortment
of plain and fancy trimmed Capes cut very full sweep;
colors, tan and black. Prices ranging from \$2.00 to
\$6.00.

If we haven't a Cape that
will please you, we have
materials and trimmings to
make

ANYTHING YOU
WISH.



House cleaning time calls for

Carpets,
Curtains,
Mattings, Etc.

We have them. Largest
Stock, Lowest Prices.



M. S. KEELER & CO.

BIG ROW AT THE END.

SECRETARY CARLISLE SPEAKS IN CHICAGO.

Free-Silver Advocates Create a Scene at the Meeting—They Fire a Volley of Questions at the Speaker—Police Take a Hand in Affairs.

Carlisle at Chicago.
Secretary of the Treasury John G. Carlisle addressed an audience in the Chicago Auditorium for nearly two hours Wednesday night on the financial question.

Gold was down on the program, and had the platform. Silver was down on gold and had the fun. Altogether, says a correspondent, the address of the gold advocate was as near a Harvey-Horr debate as the friends of the white metal could make it. And it only wanted a little more warm blood and a little less police to end in a row.

Mr. Carlisle had held his long and august form in the vision of the people for two hours when the silver men began. Then the lights went out and that ended the incident debate. They began this way. Mr. Carlisle had just thanked the people for listening to him. Col. J. C. Roberts, a prominent member of the People's party and one of the editors of the National Bimetallist, who had stumped the South for Mr. Carlisle in the days when the Secretary talked not of gold but of silver, arose in his seat, and, in a voice that was heard above the din of

of the intended invitation they immediately sent out for the representatives of the association and firmly demanded that no such invitation should be issued.

RED LAKE RESERVATION.

Grand Rush for Homes to Take Place on May 15.

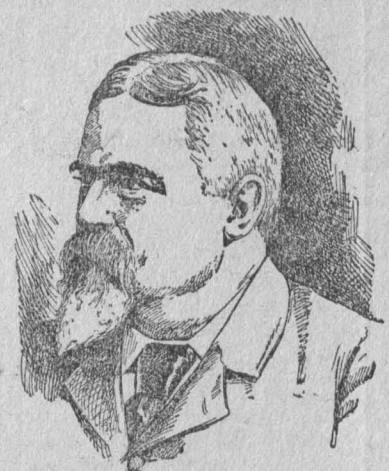
In an irregular rectangle in northwestern Minnesota, with a length of 112 miles and a breadth of 100, with a frontier of about 500, and containing 900,000 acres ready for settlement, is the great Red Lake reservation, the last of the large northwestern Indian reservations. It is to be opened to the settler on May 15. The entire reserve consists of about 4,000,000 acres, but much of it contains pine and will not be allowed for settlement, while more is to be reserved for the 1,500 Indians of the Red Lake Chippewas, and will not come into the market until the land is wiped out or has become sufficiently civilized to take and improve allotments and cease to be the ward of the nation.

The reservation is virgin territory, of meadow, oak openings, reclaimable bog, prairie and brush lands, an unbroken wilderness of pine and hardwood forest, of tamarack, cedar and spruce swamp, of muskeg and of lake, brook and river. Save the freighters' roads to and from the trading post at the agency at the south shore of the lake, in the center of the lands, and the marks of the surveyor's ax and scribe on section lines and corners, there are no signs of the intrusion of the white man on this the greatest hunting and fishing ground held for the northwestern Indians. Were it not for the prevalent industrial and financial depression there would be a rush to this promised land as great as was

GEN. FITZHUGH LEE.

Something of the Newly Appointed Consul General to Cuba.

Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, the newly appointed consul general to Cuba, is a nephew of Gen. Robert E. Lee and served under the



GEN. FITZHUGH LEE.

great Confederate leader during the war of the rebellion. He was born in 1835 at Clermont, Fairfax County, Virginia, and was graduated from the military academy in 1856. Commissioned as lieutenant in the Second cavalry, he went to the frontier, was severely wounded by the Indians and was recalled to be instructor of cavalry at West Point. When the war came Lieut. Lee resigned his commission and joined the Confederate cause. At first he did staff duty and was adjutant general of Ewell's brigade. In September, 1861, he was made lieutenant colonel of the First Virginia cavalry and soon afterward was promoted to be colonel. He served in all the campaigns of the army of northern Virginia. In 1862 Lee was made a brigadier general and a major general in 1863. At Winchester, in 1864, he was disabled by a severe wound, which kept him from duty for several months. In 1865 he was placed in command of the whole cavalry corps of the army of northern Virginia, and a month later surrendered to Gen. Meade at Farmville and retired to his Virginia home. In 1865 he was elected Governor of Virginia. Gen. Lee goes to Cuba with absolute liberty to travel about wherever he pleases unobstructed and unrestricted by the Spaniards. Should the President desire any information concerning the state of affairs in Cuba the new consul general will be in a position to gather it. It is known that Gen. Lee, while being a fair man, warmly sympathizes with the insurgents.

FARM WORK PROGRESSING.

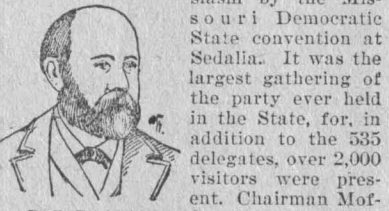
Weekly Reports of the Weather Bureau Covering Crop Prospects.

The weather bureau, in summing up the situation in weather and crop circles, says that in the Southern States the week has been generally favorable for farm work, which has made good progress. In the more Northern districts, owing to the lateness of the season, farming operations are much delayed, but are being pushed forward as rapidly as possible. Cotton planting is now quite general in the northern portion of the cotton belt, is well advanced in the southern portion, and the early planted is coming up. In Florida, it is nearly finished. Winter wheat is reported in excellent condition in Nebraska and eastern Kansas, and much improved and looking well in Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas, Tennessee and northern Illinois. Less favorable reports are received from Wisconsin, Michigan, Ohio, West Virginia, Virginia, Maryland, Pennsylvania and New York, in some of which States it has been winter killed and is in poor condition. No corn has yet been planted north of the Ohio river, but some planting has been done as far north as Kentucky and Virginia. West of the Mississippi some corn has been planted as far north as southern Nebraska. Planting is nearly completed in Oklahoma, and is in progress in Missouri. In Illinois and Indiana plowing for corn is general. In the Southern States corn planting is practically completed.

START A BLAND BOOM.

Missouri Democrats Declare for Free Silver Coinage.

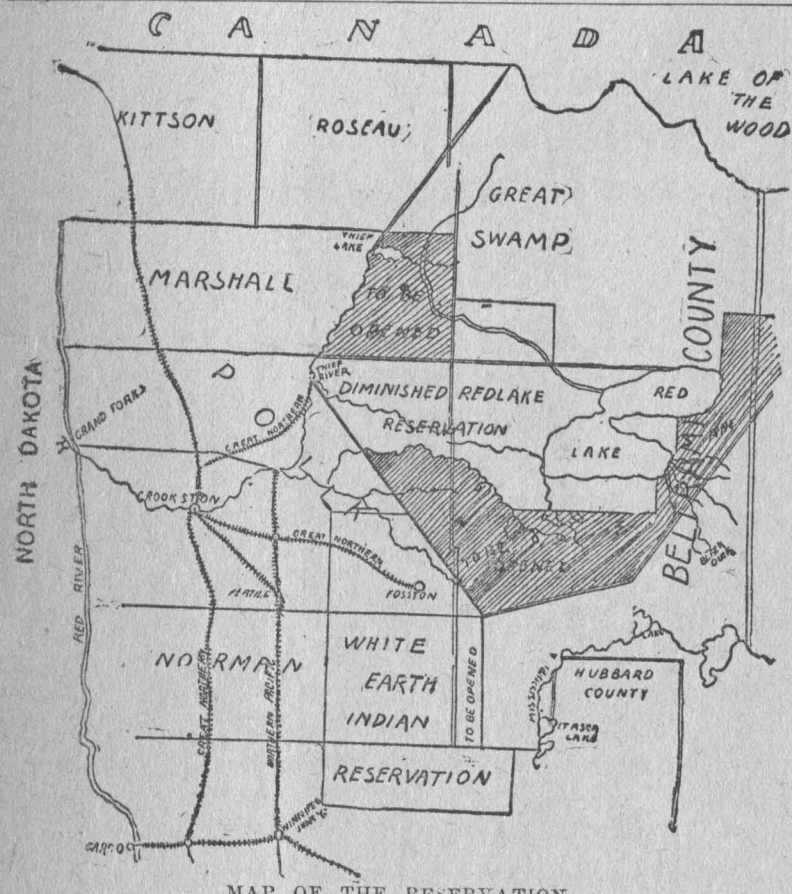
R. P. Bland's boom for the presidential nomination, on a free coinage of silver platform, was launched with great enthusiasm by the Missouri Democratic State convention at Sedalia. It was the largest gathering of the party ever held in the State, for, in addition to the 335 delegates, over 2,000 visitors were present. Chairman Moffitt of the State Central Committee called the convention to order in Wood's Opera House at 12:30 o'clock. After prayer by Rev. J. S. Meyer, ex-Congressman William M. Hatch was announced as temporary chairman, and Jeff Pollard of St. Louis as temporary secretary. Mr. Hatch made a spirited address, and throughout its delivery was cheered long and loud. The mention of Mr. Bland's name as one of the most valuable and faithful of Democrats brought forth a flood of applause and cheers. Mr. Hatch hoped the Chicago convention would adopt an unequivocal silver platform.



R. P. BLAND.

THREE KINGS IN COUNCIL.

Heads of the Triple Alliance, Who Held an Important Conference at Naples Last Week.



MAP OF THE RESERVATION.

cheering and other noises, demanded the attention of the chairman, M. J. Carroll, who had called upon Secretary Grady to read a resolution thanking Mr. Carlisle for having accepted the invitation of trade unionists to address them.

"I desire to ask Mr. Carlisle," said Col. Roberts, "to answer one question." "Sh-h-h-h," said the people, and Mr. Carlisle did not turn his retreating form. M. J. Carroll, who had not called for short words of testimony in closing, jumped up with the resolutions in his hand.

"Whereas," he began.

"Why don't you let the speaker answer the question," shouted another man, rising in an excited little group.

"Whereas," he began.

"Mr. Chairman, why don't you—"

The "whereas" seemed to have it and the resolution, which advised all the workmen to read Mr. Carlisle's speech and voted him unlimited thanks, was read, although for the rising din it might as well have been Weyler's proclamation. The groups of silver men, who were intent upon asking the question, were noisy and belligerent. But two policemen had Col. Roberts in their eyes, and found him and conducted the Populist to the rear.

Chairman Carroll finally managed to put the resolution of thanks to a vote. There were thunderous "yeas," but the "noes" would have carried any ordinary caucus. Little whirlpools of turmoil were forming in different parts of the house, and the policemen were kept busy. The crowd, too, was moving homeward.

"Hurrah for Eugene V. Debs, anyway," yelled a silver man.

This called forth a vigorous response.

"Hurrah for John G. Carlisle," shouted a gold man in the gallery. The "house" was plainly "gold."

By this time the police had circulated their rotund forms quite thoroughly and the belligerents were quieted.

The question which they wanted to ask, and for which Col. Roberts rose, related to Carlisle's speech in 1878, when he pronounced the demonization of silver "the most gigantic crime of this or any other age," which would "ultimately entail more misery upon the human race than all the wars, pestilence and famine that ever occurred in the history of the world."

The silverites had fun earlier in the evening by distributing the following tribute to Mr. Carlisle, until the police stopped them:

"John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky, after a lifetime devoted to the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, was suddenly converted in 1893 to the gold standard in order to secure a seat in Cleveland's cabinet.

"He now comes here, fresh from the banquet tables of the Wall street gold bugs, to tell the idle and starving workmen of Chicago how they may be successfully robbed by the gold bugs for the next four years."

DEBS BARRED OUT.

Faculty of Chicago University Refuses to Let Him Address Students.

Division of opinion and not a little feeling has been aroused among the students of the Chicago University by the decision of the faculty in barring E. V. Debs from speaking to the students some time during the next quarter. At a meeting of the local oratorical association it was agreed to invite the labor leader. When the members of the faculty were apprised

STATE OF MICHIGAN.

OCCURRENCES DURING THE PAST WEEK.

Sad Fate of a Helpless Old Lady at Grand Rapids—Two Children Dead and Four Sick from Eating Wild Parsnips—Detroit Fire.

Old Lady Cremated.

Mrs. Addie M. Brown, aged 71 years, was burned to death at Grand Rapids Thursday afternoon. She lived with her husband in a little frame house on South Division street, and he kept a repair shop about a block away. The old lady was partially paralyzed and almost helpless. When he went to work at noon he left her sitting before a fire in a wood stove, and when he returned home at 4 o'clock he met a horrible sight. Upon the floor in front of the stove lay the blackened body of the old lady, her clothing burned almost entirely off the body and the face charred beyond recognition. The two were like lovers, the aged husband waiting upon his helpless wife like a nurse, his love apparently being increased by her condition. He was entirely overcome by the sight, but his cries attracted help and the coroner was called. It is believed that the old lady attempted to replenish the fire and her clothing caught the flames.

Deadly Wild Parsnip.

Two children in the families of Thomas Hadd and George Stevens, south of Lincoln, are dead from eating poisonous parsnip roots, and four others are seriously ill. The little children, three in each family, went to the woods to play. They ran across some roots which they took to be ordinary parsnips, dug them up and ate them. Within an hour all were taken ill. Lorenzo Hadd, aged 5, and Celia Stevens, aged 4, died before 8 o'clock in the evening, though physicians did everything possible to save them. Walter Hadd, aged 7; Grace Hadd, aged 3; Harry Stevens, aged 8, and Arthur Stevens, aged 7, were seized with convulsions and suffered agony, but will probably recover. The Hadd children were visiting at the Stevens home. The parents are almost distracted over the sad affair.

Folding Bed Assists in Robbery.

According to the story told by James W. Heath, a farmer from near Saginaw, the folding bed has taken the place of the sandbag and other weapons of the "strong arm" thief on the West Side of Chicago. Heath went into the Desplaines street station the other afternoon without hat or shoes and attired in clothes which were evidently built for a man about three sizes smaller than himself. He said he had come to Chicago to see the sights, and wandered into No. 109 Desplaines street for a night's lodging. There men had shut him up in the folding bed to which he had retired, and while he was thus confined made off with his watch, clothes and a small sum of money in his pocket-book. The apparel he had on he had found in a closet after he had managed to extricate himself from the prison bed.

Bank Cashier Disappears.

Belding is considerably excited over the disappearance of Charles E. Hills, cashier of the Belding Savings Bank, who has held the position for some years. He left Tuesday afternoon, and no trace of him has as yet been discovered. The bank officials have been closely closeted ever since, and while they admit there is a small shortage they are not as yet prepared to give out how much it is. The town was founded by Chicago people.

Twelve Firemen Are Hurt.

Fire Saturday night damaged the five-story storage warehouse at Detroit owned by the Riverside Storage Company to the extent of \$10,000 and destroyed and damaged the contents upward of \$50,000. Twelve firemen who had entered from the front were taken out, overcome by smoke. Eight of these are in hospitals and the condition of one, Charles Driscoll, a pipe-man, is considered critical.

Short State Items.

James Kelly, a veteran, fell down stairs at Beiton Harbor and died of his injuries.

Potatoes still continue a drug on the market in northern Michigan, and many thousands of bushels will simply go to waste.

Carrie Denuter, a Kalamazoo servant girl, fell down stairs with a lighted lamp. Her clothes were all burned off, and she was terribly injured.

Milford city fathers had to negotiate a loan of \$1,000 on account of unexpected expenditures incurred in completing the water works plant. The total cost is nearly \$20,000, of which only \$18,000 was voted by the corporation.

The 10-year-old son of Charles Hall, near Fairgrove, was riding horseback to the fields, when the animal became frightened and threw him to the ground. His feet were caught in the lines, and he was dragged a mile and a half. When found the boy was dead.

Hundreds of fish are being cast upon the shores of the lakes in the vicinity of Battle Creek since the thawing of the ice. Fishermen offer as an explanation that the ice has been frozen so deep and solid this winter that there were no air holes and that the fish have suffocated.

Deputy Game Warden Brewster, of Grand Rapids, began wholesale arrests of Grand Haven fishermen and seizure of their nets, upon the charge that the meshes are smaller than the lawful size. Nearly every fishing firm in Grand Haven is complained against. The men were arrested with the aid of the sheriff as fast as they came in off the lake. The seizures throw many men out of employment. It is asserted that the total value of nets seized will amount of \$25,000. The fishermen have been repeatedly warned by members of the State Fish Commission against their alleged illegal practices.

The first warm rain of the spring came to Adrian during Friday night and early morning Saturday. The lightning was continuous and terrific and the spire of Emmanuel Church, on Church street, was struck and ruined, pieces of the tower being scattered in all directions. Fortunately the building was not set on fire.

During a severe thunder storm which passed over Belleville and vicinity Saturday morning, the barn on the farm of Jesse Peppitt, a well-to-do farmer, were struck by lightning and burned to the ground, together with its contents. Loss, \$1,500, with small insurance.

The City Council at Adrian is now composed of ten members, the representatives of the new Fifth ward taking their seats for the first time in the new Council.

Fire at Holloway about midnight Monday caused a loss of several thousand dollars and called out the department of Adrian, so bright was the illumination of the flames six miles away. The fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin.

The Board of Managers of the Michigan Masonic Home Association has reorganized by electing as directors John W. McGrath, Detroit; William Webber, Saginaw; E. L. Bowring, Grand Rapids; G. W. Caton, Flint, and Gen. O. L. Spalding, St. John's. This gave the State a larger representation on the board instead of confining it to Grand Rapids. The board is confident that means will be provided for keeping the home open.

Gov. Rich has paroled Charles Wooten, sent from Muskegon March 11, 1893, for four years for assault with intent to do great bodily harm; Frank N. Campbell, sent from Monroe County, April 4, 1895, for two years for burglary; David A. Brown, sent from Macomb County, Oct. 9, 1893, for five years for burglary; De Witt Sullivan, sent from Bay County, May 11, 1894, for three and a half years for obtaining money under false pretenses. All the above are in the Ionia reformatory.

The fishermen at Grand Haven whose nets were seized because their meshes were not large enough are in very straitened circumstances, without work and with no means of getting a living. Geo. A. Farr went to Lansing to see if there is not some way in which the nets can be returned. He will be strongly opposed by the Fish Commission and others who wish to see the commercial fishing of the great lakes protected and fostered. The men were warned two years ago that they must comply with the law, but refused to change their nets.

The Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad Company, which has been bringing freight across the lake to Muskegon from Milwaukee by the Crosby line, has decided to go into business for itself, since the Crosby line also undertook to cover the Grand Haven line. The road has completed negotiations with the owner of the steamer Lawrence of Chicago and will operate her under the auspices of the Milwaukee, Muskegon and Grand Rapids Transportation Company. It is expected to make an all-the-year-round service, bidding for northwest through freight to the seaboard.

John Lammon, of Kalamazoo, married Albert Crouch's 17-year-old daughter about a month ago, and her father tried to get out a warrant for Lammon's arrest on the charge of perjury. Lammon and his bride went to Canada, but returned a few days ago. Crouch met them at the depot and told his daughter that if she wanted to see her sister alive she had better hurry home. She followed his advice, but found her sister well and herself in captivity. Lammon and his father stole the young bride away from her parents a day or two later, after a wild chase, and she is still with her husband. Crouch is still trying to get his son-in-law arrested.

Those health officers throughout the State who have made no reports for the year 1895 will have to do so at once or stand prosecution by the State Board of Health. Health Officer Duffield, of Detroit, announces that his report will be ready in a few days. Secretary Baker urged that some one be sent to the Agricultural College at Madison, Wis., to study the Pasteurization of milk, so it may be taught in Michigan. A forceful statement of the danger from unsterilized milk will be circulated throughout the State. A popular conference of health officers will be held at Ann Arbor soon. About 20,000 sets of pamphlets about the averting of communicable diseases have been sent to Michigan teachers.

Dynamiters wrecked and burned the central school building at Saginaw at 2 o'clock Wednesday morning. It was the largest and oldest of the West Side schools, and had been an elephant on the hands of the Board of Education for years. The public library, which was located in the building, was destroyed. There is no clew to the perpetrators of the outrage, but it is thought that enemies of the truant law had a hand in the depredation, as many poor families have been reluctant in sending their children to school. The fire originated on the third floor of the building, which was strewn with combustibles. The explosion was accompanied by a terrific crash, carrying brick and heavy timbers hundreds of feet away. Several previous attempts to burn the school had been frustrated. The loss is estimated at \$30,000, with \$27,000 insurance. A vigorous search to unearth the miscreants will be made, and a reward of \$1,500 is offered for their arrest.

A desperate attempt was made Wednesday afternoon by a number of convicts to escape from the State prison in Jackson. Thomas Brown, sent from Oakland County on a seven years' sentence for burglary, and Patrick Dolan, sent from Gratiot County six years, also for burglary, were the main actors. Brown was shot through the heart and killed. A ditch had recently been dug from the shop to the outside wall and a huge pile of dirt had been thrown up against the wall. In the shop was a ladder which is usually kept chained and locked when not in use. This was left unfastened and the two men seized it and rushed out of the shop, followed by five other convicts. They placed the ladder against the wall and started to scale it when the guards on the wall ordered them to halt. Not heeding this order, the guards fired five times to frighten them. Dolan weakened and dropped off the ladder, striking the chief engineer, who had just arrived, and both went into the ditch. Brown continued in his effort to escape and had reached the top, when one of the guards fired at his arm for the purpose of crippling him. The ball went through the arm and into his heart, and he fell to the ground dead. By this time a number of guards and keepers had arrived, and the other five men were taken to their cells and locked up.

The leather company of Munising is making arrangements to build the largest tannery in the world, the main building to be 1,000 feet long.

The weekly crop bulletins of the United States weather bureau in Lansing have been resumed and will be continued throughout the summer. The report says that the recent alternate freezing and thawing caused a general but slight damage to winter wheat, rye and grass, but that the warm rains which have succeeded have done much to retrieve the condition of the crops named. All fruit buds are reported in fine condition.

HEAT RECORD BROKEN

AUGUST WEATHER IS EXPERIENCED IN APRIL.

By Beginning Before Sunrise the Thermometer at Chicago Works Itself Up to 88 at 4 o'clock, and Winter-Garment-Wearing Public Melts.

Oppressive Weather.

Records in the weather line underwent a shock Thursday, from which they cannot recover for at least a year. With a unanimity that was admirable all the thermometers and all the old residents agree that it was the hottest April day that ever fell to their lot.

The thermometer in the Chicago Auditorium tower, which always is bashful about climbing up too high, registered at one time during the afternoon as high as 84, but its metallic brothers in the streets below were not at all backward in proclaiming their knowledge that it was 88. The weather records hold only two cases approaching that of Thursday, and those two days were in 1893 and 1894, respectively. But no proofs written or unwritten could persuade the people that it wasn't hottest day that any April ever produced.

It began long before the sun shot up over Lake Michigan in the early morning. By 8 o'clock the jubilant mercury tube registered 78. From that time on the metal seemed to have things its own way. It shot up with each succeeding hour until at 4 o'clock it registered just 88. At the same time the marking in the Auditorium tower had it 84.

The trouble, as everybody agreed, was that people were afraid to discard woollens, which had been in use during the winter, for lighter underwear. While the temperature went up and up the people kept saying with a fatal persistency, "Well, it'll be cooler to-morrow. It's only April and this can't last." But that brought no relief, and the tired men and women simply kept on perspiring. One man was overcome by the heat.

Chicago was not alone in its torridity. New York just tied the record of 84 degrees, and the official thermometer of St. Louis, which, like Chicago's, is bashful about too high an ascension, registered 88. In Louisville there was a good, hot, baseball temperature of 86, and even frigid Boston mustered up a marking of 76. The hot wave extended over practically the whole Mississippi valley.

CLASH MUST SOON OCCUR.

Belliose Forces in the Valley of the Nile Drawing Together.

The Emir of Dongola is moving northward with considerable forces. Spies report his having passed Abou-Fatneh, seventy miles south of Sparta, to join the dervishes who are massing at the latter place, which is forty-five miles from the Egyptian outpost at Akasheh.

Sarras and Akasheh have been strongly garrisoned. The railway between these points is being pushed forward as rapidly



EGYPTIAN MOUNTED INFANTRY.

as possible. Four miles of rail have been already laid, and the track will be completed along the course laid down in 1884, in order to pass the entrenchments. For the guarding of the railway, strong posts have been established on the Nile at Semneh, Wady Ambigel, Tangur and Sonki. Each of these posts has been supplied with a contingent to guard the point opposite to it on the line as it is laid, in order to prevent the dervishes from destroying the works. The dervishes at Sarras, who number 3,000, have advanced their posts to Mograkah, distant fifteen miles from Akasheh, the main body of the dervishes still remaining at Dongola.

The moral effect of the announcement of the expedition has been excellent in the Sudan and has been of the utmost service to the Italians at Kassala. Newspaper correspondents are at present prevented from going beyond Sarras. The opinion is held at Egyptian headquarters that commissariat difficulties will prevent the dervishes from making any formidable advance north of Sarras.

MICHIGAN PROHIBITIONISTS.

Adopt a Free Silver Platform and Elect National Delegates.

The Michigan Prohibitionists, in session at Lansing, spent Thursday discussing the relative merits of the dominant idea and the broad-gauged platform. The dominant idea men succeeded in capturing a majority of the Committee on Resolutions and secured a majority report making no mention of free silver.

The minority, however, reported a free silver plank and a resolution instructing the delegation to the national convention to work for a free silver plank in the national platform. The minority report was adopted unanimously and the free silver plank by an overwhelming majority. The resolution of instructions was adopted by a close vote.

The delegates-at-large are Henry A. Reynolds of Pontiac, Samuel Dickie of Albion, George R. Malone of Lansing and Rev. John Russell of New Haven.

Mrs. Jane Hutchens, a new woman of Pierce, Neb., with an ambition to figure as a "bad man," visited Norfolk a few days ago, became inebriated, purchased a revolver and, returning home, opened fire on pedestrians on the principal street. She was disarmed after a lively tussle with the town marshal.

A. Irene Dupont Coleman, son of Bishop Leighton Coleman, of the Delaware diocese of the Protestant Episcopal Church, has renounced the faith of his fathers and joined the Roman Catholic Church.



HERE WE ARE

Already for business with a large assortment of all the latest styles of imported and domestic Woolens for

SPRING AND SUMMER SUITS, PANTS, OVERCOATS AND FANCY VESTINGS

At Rock Bottom Prices.

Please come and see my goods before you buy. I am sure you will like them. Suits made to order from

\$10.00

and upwards.

Pants made to order from

\$3.00

and upwards.

Cleaning, Repairing and Pressing Neatly Done.

All Work Guaranteed.

H. F. TEGELER.

Merchant Tailor.

Agent for Valley City Steam Dye Works.

GIVEN AWAY!

THE KALAMAZOO PORTRAIT COMPANY.

210 West Main St., Kalamazoo.

Has made arrangements with several of the business houses of Allegan to give away

Absolutely Free, First-Class Crayon Portraits

Everyone purchasing \$5.00 worth of goods at any of the following stores will be entitled to one of the above named pictures.

John Campbell, dealer in Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes and Groceries.

M. F. Dowling, dealer in Jewelry, Crockery, Wall Paper and Bicycles.

J. E. Ackerson, dealer in Harness and Horse Furnishing Goods, Trunks, Valises and Bicycles.

W. H. Severance, dealer in Drugs.

Mrs. N. Griswold, Millinery, Ladies' Underwear and Corsets.

Miss Mara Roys will be in charge of our office to be located in the village next week.

FOR

Lumber, Lath

and Shingles,

Land Plaster,

Lime,

Cement

Brick,

HARD AND SOFT

COAL

CALL AT

J. R. COOK'S LUMBER YARD,

Middleville, Mich.

West Side Grocery

HODGE & LEE,

PROPRIETORS.

DEALERS IN

STAPLE and

FANCY

GROCERIES.

SEEDS

IN BULK OR PACKAGE.

FREE DELIVERY.

THE MIDDLEVILLE SUN

J. W. SAUNDERS, Publisher.

THURSDAY, APRIL 23, 1896.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Reading club will meet with Mrs. French April 29. Readers, Mrs. Ferguson and Mrs. French; critic, Mrs. G. L. Keeler; questions, Mrs. Hendrick; author, Louisa M. Alcott.

Baptist church—Rev. Walter A. Biss, Pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at close of morning service. Junior B. Y. P. U. 3:30 p. m.; Senior B. Y. P. U. 6:30 p. m. Subject, "Usefulness Increased by Bible Study." Joshua 1:8. Leader, Mr. W. Keeler.

Congregational church, H. Appleton, pastor. Services 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Subject for the morning, "A Tender Message." Subject for the evening, "A Saved House." Sabbath school at the close of morning service. Junior C. E., 4 p. m. Subject, "What Are the Best Things to Choose?" Luke x: 35-42. Leader, Earl Moore. Y. P. S. C. E., 6:30 p. m. Subject, "Choose the Good Part." Luke x: 38-42; Matt. vi: 31-34. Leader, Miss Frona Carveth. Teachers' meeting, Monday, 7:30 p. m. Boys' Brigade, Wednesday, 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday, 7:30 p. m. All are most cordially invited to all of the services.

The first anniversary of the Junior B. Y. P. U. will be celebrated in the Baptist church next Sunday evening. The following program will be rendered by members of the union:

Marching Song..... Choir
Invocation..... Choir
Bible Reading—Genesis xlii: 1-19..... Choir
Song—Hymn 182..... Genevieve Biss
Recitation—Incidents in the Life of Mrs. Nathan Brown..... Alice Zimmer
Song—Hymn 182..... Little Mission Boys
Recitation—Little Mission Boys..... Hazel Hendrick
Recitation—Class of Girls..... Carl Peterson
Song—Hymn 205..... Lena Goodspeed
Address—Address..... Pastor
Collection—Collection..... Pastor
Benediction..... Pastor

OBITUARY.

William C. Pratt was born May 22, 1822, at Hamilton, Steuben Co., New York. At the age of 23 he married Terrissa Maria Matteson. They had four children, three boys and one girl. Two children survive the father, Mrs. William L. Cobb and Mr. Judd O. Pratt. The family came to Michigan forty-five years ago and settled in this vicinity. Mr. Pratt united very early in life with the Presbyterian church in New York state. When he removed here he brought his letter from the Presbyterian church and united with the newly organized Congregational church in 1851 and up to the time of his death was an officer in that church. His wife died eleven years ago, since which time Mr. Pratt made his home with his son, Judd. For a number of years Mr. Pratt has been unwell and he spent his last years in very feeble health. He was gradually losing his memory, but one thing he never forgot, his love for God. Mr. Pratt was one of nature's noblemen, a faithful Christian man, who had a deep love for the things of God. His strength gradually gave way and on Monday morning, April 20, he was able to lay aside earthly care and enter into his reward. Like a sheaf of ripened wheat, he was ready for the harvest. The funeral took place from his late home and the Coman schoolhouse, his pastor preaching the funeral sermon from the text Micah ii: 10.

CONG'L AID SOCIETY.

The Congregational Aid society will meet in the church parlors Friday afternoon, May 1. Business meeting at 3 o'clock; tea from 5 to 7. Ladies to entertain: Mrs. Sanford, Mrs. Stark, Mrs. Appleton, Mrs. Armstrong, Mrs. F. L. Blake, Mrs. E. F. Blake and Mrs. Abrams.

If you want to know whether we keep our promise ask the families all over the city and state if we don't sell sample furniture 25 to 40 cent. below what they could buy for elsewhere. Young & Chaffee Furniture Co., Ottawa street, next Michigan Trust, Grand Rapids.

Clerks and office men who feel weary from work and mental strain, need the Fountain of Youth to revive them. We will present you with a trial bottle. Inclose ten cents to cover postage. Fountain of Youth Mfg Co., Hot Springs, Ark. Regular price 50 cents.

The new Lansing telephone exchange, which began business last October, now has 500 subscribers and is very prosperous.

Why delay trying the Fountain of Youth, if you have any kind of systematic disorder? Price 50 cents. One trial bottle free. Send 10 cents to cover postage. Fountain of Youth Mfg Co., Hot Springs, Ark.

Peach trees are in bloom in the vicinity of Benton Harbor.

Magic Dyes, largest 10 cent pkgs., color most goods, do not fade like other dyes. We sell them. J. W. Armstrong.

Coming Again to Hastings!

Dr. W. J. Morley Lee, the Distinguished Japanese Throat and Lung Surgeon, Eye and Ear Expert.

DR. HELEN LEE.

The noted specialist who has enjoyed such wonderful success in Japan, Europe, New York, and this state, will again visit Hastings on Saturday and Sunday, May 2 and 3. All invalids who visit these eminent specialists on that date will receive services three months free. They treat all chronic diseases such as rheumatism, paralysis, neuralgia, headache, fits, sleeplessness, brain and nervous exhaustion, St. Vitus' dance, cancers, tumors, skin diseases, including pimples, freckles, ulcers, salt rheum, etc.; also heart, liver, stomach, and kidney diseases, male and female weakness, nervous debility, exhausted vitality, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory and energy, etc., is quickly and permanently cured by an original and never-failing treatment. Cures guaranteed when others have failed, but will not accept incurable cases. They will examine you thoroughly, free of charge, and if you are incurable, they will frankly and kindly tell you so.

Take one candid thought before it is too late. A week or a month may place your case beyond the reach of hope.

Consumption, asthma, bronchitis, and catarrh are no longer incurable diseases by their new and never-failing method. Remember it costs you nothing to consult these eminent specialists, and therefore the most humble in circumstances can avail themselves of their vast experience. Catarrh and catarrhal deafness are positively and permanently cured by their new Japanese method.

DR. HELEN LEE gives special attention to diseases of ladies. Merited reward. Her remedies were secured while in Japan and will positively and permanently cure all complaints. The doctor can be consulted at her parlors in the Hastings House.

Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.

JURY LIST.

Following is the list of jurors drawn for the May term of circuit court to convene May 18 at 9 o'clock a. m.

John Kurtz, Hastings, 1 & 4 wards.
Bert Tinker, Hastings, 2 & 3 wards.
Herace W. Bishop, Hastings, 1 ward.
Ezekiel Pierce, Hastings, 2 ward.
Fred Pierce, Hope.
Orvil Otis.
Chas. Schmelter, Irving.
A. P. Wood.
Clarence Iden, Johnstown.
Warren Bird.
Oliver F. Long, Maple Grove.
William C. Meek.
Ira D. Brooks, Orangeville.
Peter Adrianson, jr.
Mark Norris, Prairieville.
Manly Chase.
Daniel M. Smith, Rutland.
Solon Doud.
Joseph D. Kenyon, Thornapple.
Wm. Freeman.
Wm. J. Ritchie, Yankee Springs.
Myron C. Sensaba.
Wm. H. Vetter, Assyria.
Burt Stanton, Baltimore.
Geo. Norris.
Chas. A. Polly, Barry.
Isaac Allison.
Watson McKibben, Carlton.
B. B. Downing, Castleton.
Lewis Kable, Hastings township.

The Ninth Annual meeting of the Sunday school Association of Thornapple and Irving townships will be held at the M. E. church, Parmelee, on Wednesday, May 6. The following is the program:

MORNING SESSION.

9:30—Devotional Exercises—Rev. H. Halsey, Freeport.
Reading of Minutes.
Appointment of Committees.
10:00—Address of Welcome—Rev. Woodcock, Caledonia.
Response—Rev. Walter Biss, Middleville.
10:30—"How may each Member of this Community be Benefitted by this Association?"—Rev. R. D. Freeman, Irving.
Discussion led by O. R. Shaw, Irving.
11:00—"The Chief Aim of the Sunday School and How to Attain it."—Rev. F. A. James, Middleville.
Discussion led by Mrs. E. Mitchell, Middleville.
11:30—"Helpers Outside of the Church and Sunday School."—J. W. Saunders, Middleville.
Discussion led by Mrs. M. M. Pinney, Middleville.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

1:30—Devotional Exercises—Rev. W. A. Biss, Middleville.
Report of Township Secretary.
Report of Township Treasurer.
Election of Officers.
2:00—"Advantages of Evergreen Sunday Schools."—Mr. Woodmansee, Parmelee.
Discussion led by Henry Miller.
2:30—"Systematic House to House Visitation, and How to do it."—George Barber, Caledonia.
Discussion led by Rev. Ralph Wooten, Freeport.
3:00—"Reverence in the Sunday School."—Miss Jennie Robertson, Middleville.
Discussion led by Rev. G. W. Mylne, Freeport.
3:30—"Normal Training for Teachers."—Rev. B. Appleton, Middleville.
Discussion led by W. A. Biss, Middleville.
Miscellaneous Business.

EVENING SESSION.

7:00—Devotional Exercises led by Rev. F. A. James, Middleville.
Address—Rev. W. W. Taylor, Hastings.

Burns are absolutely painless when De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve is promptly applied. This statement is true. A perfect remedy for skin diseases, chapped hands and lips, and never fails to cure Piles. Dr. Nelson Abbott.

"Do you have any idea how many tons of coal you burn each winter?" "No; I only know how much I pay for."—Chicago Record.

It's just as easy to try One Minute Cure as anything else. It's easier to cure a severe cough or cold with it. Let your next purchase for a cough be One Minute Cough Cure. Better medicine; better results; better try it. Dr. Nelson Abbott.

Lansing's truant officer proposes to prosecute dealers who sell firearms to school children.

It's all the same, a slight cold, congested lungs or severe cough. One Minute Cough Cure banishes them. Dr. Nelson Abbott.

THE DAIRYMAN'S TEN COMMANDMENTS.

1. Thou shalt arise early in the morning and deliver thy milk to the factory, for he that goeth late causeth the buttermaker to use much profane language.
2. Thou shalt not put all the dirt thou canst brush off the cow into the pail.
3. Thou shalt not take any cream from the milk for thy tea or thy coffee, for when thou gettest thy dividends one shalt say to the other: "Why taketh it more milk here for a pound of butter than in any other synagoge?" Then shall the buttermaker arise and smite thee to the earth.
4. Thou shalt not put water in thy milk, thou, nor thy maid servant, nor thy maid servant. Harken unto me. Thou shalt get no pay for thy milk if thou do this base thing.
5. Thou shalt not leave dead carcasses to rot near the barn, for the stench thereof tainteth the milk.
6. Thou shalt not bring unto the factory any tainted or sour milk, nor the milk from a cow that is sick or has lately calved, for from such milk cometh lively butter.
7. Thou shalt not carry off more milk than thy share, lest one to another should say concerning thee, "Lo, a wonder! One hog doth carry food for another."
8. Thou shalt cause thy cans to be washed every day, and the seams and covers thereof, for a filthy can is abominable in my sight and I will visit my wrath on him who bringeth it.
9. Thou shalt not bother the buttermaker, saying, "When shall I receive my pay?" for verily I say unto you he knoweth not, neither careth he.
10. Thou shalt not say unto one another, "L, have not these Philistines a soft snap. They get big wages and work not hard." Verily I say unto you, that is a whopper. They get up early and work on the Sabbath, for which the Lord hath no mercy on them.—Coopersville Observer.

It is not a miracle. It won't cure everything, but it will cure piles. That's what De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve will do, because it has done it in hundreds of cases. Dr. Nelson Abbott.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Name and Residence. Age.
Lee C. Gould, Assyria; Laura Etta Eno, Maple Grove. 10-17
U. S. Grant, Dickinson, Barry; Emma Chamberlain, Cloverdale. 28-17

BIG MONEY FOR EGGS.

It is said that there are over a dozen different ways of cooking eggs and the publishers of The Kitchen Journal wishing to obtain for the benefit of their subscribers the greatest variety and style in which eggs can be prepared have taken this method of obtaining them. They will pay ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS in cash to the person sending them the greatest number of different recipes for cooking eggs, and a solid silver watch will be given to each of the ten persons sending in the next ten largest number of recipes.

Every person knowing anything about cooking should enter the contest. Write the recipes plainly and mark the number sent and enclose the same with twelve two cent stamps for a three months trial subscription to the best culinary Journal published. Address THE KITCHEN JOURNAL, 56 Fifth Ave., Chicago, Ill. 12-4

\$1,000 IN PRIZES

To Be Distributed Absolutely Free.
Use letters contained in the text: "Monon Seeds Grow," and form as many words as you can, using letters either backward or forward, but don't use any letter in same word more than it appears in "Monon Seeds Grow." For example the words: see, on, none, weeds, etc. The person forming the greatest number of words, using the letters in the text, will receive One Hundred Dollars in cash. For the next largest list we will give \$75 in cash, for the next \$25 in cash, and for the next ten largest lists we will give \$10 in gold. If you are good at word making you can secure a valuable prize as The Monon Seed Co. intend giving many hundred special prizes to persons sending them lists containing over twenty-five words. Write your name on list of words (numbered) and enclose the same, postpaid with 12 two-cent stamps for a combination package of Monon Seeds That Grow which includes 12 packets of the latest and most popular flowers of different varieties, also particulars and rules of distribution of prizes. This word contest will be carefully and conscientiously conducted, and is solely for the purpose of further introducing our seeds in new localities. You will receive the biggest value in flower seeds ever offered, and besides if you are able to make a good list of words and answer promptly you will stand an equal opportunity to secure a valuable prize. We intend spending a large amount of money in the distribution of prizes in this contest. We assure you that your trial order with us will be most gratifying. Write your name plainly and send list as early as possible. Address: MONON SEED CO., Monon Bldg., Chicago.

Middleville Markets.

Wheat (white).....	65
Rye.....	33
Corn, per bu.....	30
Oats.....	25
Clover Seed.....	5 50
Timothy.....	2 25
Flour (roller).....	2 20
Bran per ton.....	12 00
Middlings.....	14 00
Butter.....	14 16
Eggs.....	9
Potatoes.....	10 12
Chickens (full dressed).....	8
Beef (dressed).....	4 5
Veal.....	4 00
Hogs (dressed).....	3 00
Hogs (live).....	7
Lard.....	7
Tallow.....	3
Hides.....	3 4
Pelts.....	15 30
Hay (timothy).....	12 00 14 00
Hay (clover).....	10 00 12 00
Wood (dry maple).....	1 50
Wood (green).....	1 00
Oil (retail).....	10 13
Gasoline.....	12
Salt.....	90
Refuse Salt.....	4 00

MUNYON

Thousands Indorse His Improved Homoeopathic Remedies.

Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Kidney Troubles, Blood Diseases and All Nervous Complaints and Throat and Lung Affections Positively Cured by Munyon's Improved Homoeopathic Remedies.

Ask Your Druggist for Munyon's Guide to Health. Buy a 25-Cent Remedy and Cure Yourself.

Mr. John M. McDermott, of the Chicago Record, has suffered for three years from that dangerous and disagreeable disease, catarrh. Constant dripping in the throat, headache and loss of appetite are a few of the annoying symptoms with which Mr. McDermott has been troubled. He says: "I have tried everything I could hear of with no success whatever. Munyon's Catarrhal Cure relieved me at once. I have constantly improved ever since I began taking it; can now eat a hearty breakfast—a thing which I have not been able to do for a long time."

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure seldom fails to relieve in one to three hours, and cures in a few days. Price, 25c.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure positively cures all forms of indigestion and stomach trouble. Price, 25c.

Munyon's Cold Cure prevents pneumonia and breaks up a cold in a few hours. Price, 25c.

Munyon's Cough Cure stops coughs, night sweats, allays soreness, and speedily heals the lungs. Price, 25c.

Munyon's Kidney Cure speedily cures all the back, loins or groins and all forms of kidney disease. Price, 25c.

Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in three minutes. Price, 25c.

Munyon's Pile Ointment positively cures all forms of piles. Price, 25c.

Munyon's Blood Cure eradicates all impurities of the blood. Price, 25c.

Munyon's Female Remedies are a boon to all women.

Munyon's Asthma Cure with Herbs, \$1. Munyon's Catarrh Remedies never fail. The Catarrh Cure—price 25c.—eradicates the disease from the system, and the Catarrh Tablets—price 25c.—cleanse and heal the parts.

Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost powers to weak men. Price, \$1.

Munyon's Remedies at all druggists, mostly 25 cents a vial.

Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 1505 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., answered with free medical advice for any disease. 17-1

There are thirty-five cases of typhoid fever in Menominee and an epidemic is feared.

Busy people have no time, and sensible people have no inclination to use a slow remedy. One Minute Cough Cure acts promptly and gives permanent results. Dr. Nelson Abbott.

SUN readers can save money by leaving their subscriptions to other papers and magazines at this office.

A little ill, then a little pill. The ill is gone the pill has won. De Witt's Little Early Risers the little pills that cure great ills. Dr. Nelson Abbott.

A Complete Newspaper and Periodical Subscription Agency is carried on at the Middleville News Stand, where you will also find a complete line of Law and School Blanks and Stationery.

200,000 WEAK MEN CURED!

STARTLING FACTS FOR DISEASED VICTIMS.

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY!

ARE YOU?

Nervous and despondent; weak or debilitated; tired mornings; no motion—lifeless; memory poor; easily fatigued; excitability and irritability; eyes sunken, red and blurred; pimples on face, dandruff and night losses; restless, languid looking; weak back; hair losses; ulcers; sore throat; varicose; deposit in urine and druggists at stool; distaste for food; loss of energy and strength—WE CAN CURE YOU!

RESTORED TO MANHOOD BY DRs. K. & K.

JOHN A. MANLIN, JOHN A. MANLIN, CHAS. POWERS, CHAS. POWERS.



BEFORE TREATMENT. AFTER TREATMENT. BEFORE TREATMENT. AFTER TREATMENT.

NO NAMES OR TESTIMONIALS USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT.

VARICOCELE, EMISSIONS AND IMPOTENCY CURED.

specialists to all my afflicted fellowmen.

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY—CONFIDENTIAL.

"The vices of early boyhood laid the foundation of my ruin. Later on a 'gay life' and exposure to bile diseases completed the wreck. I had all the symptoms of Nervous Debility—sunken eyes, emissions, drain in urine, nervousness, weak back, etc. Syphilis caused my hair to fall out, bone pains, ulcers in mouth and on tongue, blotches on back, etc. I thank God I tried Drs. K. & K. & Kegan. They restored me to health, vigor and happiness." CHAS. POWERS.

We treat and cure Varicocele, Emissions, Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis, Unnatural Discharges, Self Abuse, Kidney and Bladder Diseases.

17 YEARS IN DETROIT. 200,000 CURED. NO RISK.

READER! Are you a victim? Have you lost hope? Are you contemplating marriage? Has your blood been diseased? Have you any weakness? Our New Method Free will cure you. What if it does not? It will do for you. CONSULTATION FREE. No matter who has treated you, write for an honest opinion free of charge. Charges reasonable. BOOKS FREE—"The Golden Monitor" (illustrated), on Diseases of Men. Inclose postage, 2 cents, sealed.

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The Labor of getting 1095 Meals

confronts some one in every home each year. Whoever the work devolves upon should know about

NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT

It's a labor-saver—a woman-saver. Without the long and wearying peeling, chopping, boiling, seeding and mixing, a woman can quickly make mince pies, fruit puddings, or fruit cake that will be the delight of her household. Since None Such is sold everywhere there is no more need of making your own mince meat than of making your own yeast. Try one package—10 cents. Take no substitutes.

Send your address, naming this paper, and we will send you a book, "Mrs. Poplin's Thanksgiving," by one of the most popular humorous writers of the day. MERRELL-SOULE CO., Syracuse, N. Y.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Taking Effect September 5, 1895.

EASTWARD BOUND.

STATIONS.	Det	Exp	NY	Ngt	Fr't
	Exp	Dly	Exp	Exp	
Grand Rapids Lv.....	7:00	8:00	9:00	10:00	11:00
Middleville.....	7:35	8:35	9:35	10:35	11:35
Hastings.....	7:55	8:55	9:55	10:55	11:55
Jackson Ar.....	9:45	10:45	11:45	12:45	1:45
Detroit Ar.....	12:20	1:20	2:20	3:20	4:20

WESTWARD BOUND.

STATIONS.	Det	Exp	NY	Ngt	Fr't
	Exp	Dly	Exp	Exp	
Grand Rapids Ar.....	6:00	7:00	8:00	9:00	10:00
Middleville.....	5:25	6:25	7:25	8:25	9:25
Hastings.....	5:05	6:05	7:05	8:05	9:05
Jackson Lv.....	3:15	4:15	5:15	6:15	7:15
Detroit Lv.....	1:45	2:45	3:45	4:45	5:45

Grand Rapids & Indiana Railroad.

Schedule in effect April 6, 1896.