

THE MIDDLEVILLE SUN.

VOLUME 28, NO. 23.

MIDDLEVILLE, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, JUNE 4, 1896.

\$1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

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K. O. P.—Crescent Lodge, No. 85, meet in Castle Hall, in Keeler Block, every Wednesday evening at 8 p. m. Visiting knights cordially invited. Work in knight rank. C. C. W. H. Severance; K. of R. and S., Aaron Sherman.

MODERN WORKMEN of America. Middleville Camp No. 3589. Meetings held in Clerk's office at 7:30 p. m., last Monday of each month. Visiting neighbors cordially invited. G. E. Caldwell, Consul. H. E. Hendrick, Clerk.

K. O. T. M. meetings held on Friday eve each week. Members of Order are invited to visit us when in the village. R. K. C. F. Caldwell, Consul. C. J. A. Caldwell, Sec.

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We can furnish profitable and steady employment to three or four good salesmen in that locality to travel and represent our business. No experience necessary and no capital required. Write us for our terms to agents and description of sample case we put out. Address, J. B. FOOTE PORTRAIT CO., 24 W. 52.

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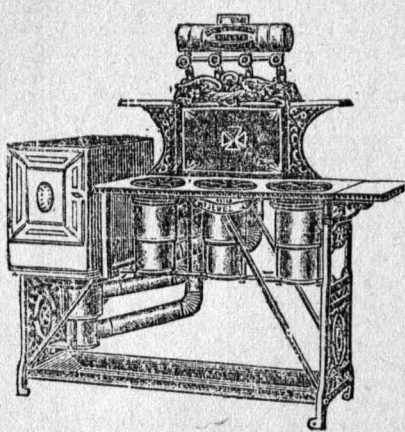
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The modern standard Family Medicine: Cures the common every-day ills of humanity.



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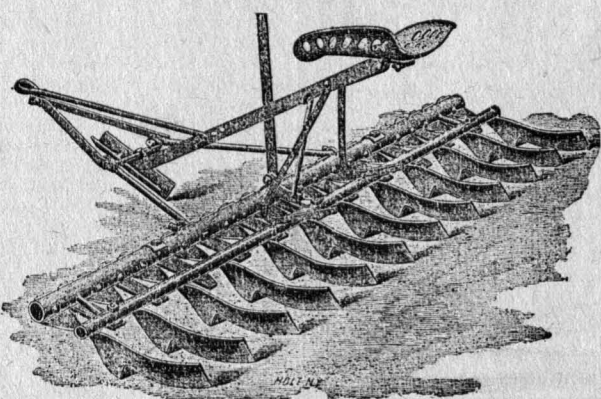
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Adapted to all soils and all work for which a Harrow is needed. Best Harrow on the Market. For sale by

G. D. Whitmore, Middleville, Mich.

Grand Rapids & Indiana Railroad. Schedule in effect April 6, 1896.

NORTHERN DIVISION		Leave	Arrive
		Going North	From North
Trav. City, Pet. & Mack	+ 7:35 am	+ 5:15 pm	
Cadillac	+ 5:25 pm	+ 11:35 am	
Saginaw	+ 5:00 pm	+ 11:00 am	
Potoskey and Mackinaw	+ 5:10 pm	+ 6:45 am	

7:35 a. m. train has through cars to Saginaw and parlor car to Potoskey and Mackinaw. 2:10 p. m. train has sleeping car for Potoskey and Mackinaw.

SOUTHERN DIVISION		Leave	Arrive
		Going South	From South
Cincinnati	+ 7:25 am	+ 8:25 pm	
Ft. Wayne	+ 2:00 pm	+ 2:00 pm	
Cincinnati	+ 7:00 pm	+ 7:10 am	

7:25 a. m. train has parlor car to Cincinnati; 7:00 p. m. train has sleeping car to Cincinnati.

MUSKOGON TRAINS.		Leave	Arrive
		Going West	From West
Lv Grand Rapids	+ 7:25 am	+ 1:00 pm	+ 5:40 pm
Ar Muskegon	+ 8:50 am	+ 2:10 pm	+ 7:05 pm
GOING EAST			
Lv Muskegon	+ 8:00 am	+ 1:45 am	+ 4:00 pm
Ar Grand Rapids	+ 9:20 am	+ 12:55 pm	+ 5:20 pm

*Except Sunday. *Daily.

A. ALMQUIST. C. L. LOCKWOOD.

Ticket Agent. Gen'l Pass'r and Union Station. Ticket Agent.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Taking Effect September 5, 1895. EASTWARD BOUND.

STATIONS.	Det	Exp	N Y	Ngt	Fr't
	Exp	Dly	Exp	Exp	
Grand Rapids Lv	7:00	1:00	6:00	11:00	7:10
Middleville	7:35	1:37	6:35	12:13	8:40
Hastings	8:20	2:20	7:10	1:00	9:10
Jackson Ar	9:30	3:30	8:00	2:10	10:20

STATIONS.	Pac	Spl	M'll	G R	Fr't
	Exp	Dly	Exp	Exp	
Grand Rapids Ar	5:00	6:40	11:45	10:20	4:05
Middleville	5:35	7:15	12:10	10:55	4:35
Hastings	6:20	8:00	12:40	11:30	5:10
Jackson Lv	12:01	3:50	8:45	7:30	7:10

Detroit Ar.....12:20 6:50 11:15 7:10

WESTWARD BOUND.

STATIONS.	Pac	Spl	M'll	G R	Fr't
	Exp	Dly	Exp	Exp	
Grand Rapids Ar	5:00	6:40	11:45	10:20	4:05
Middleville	5:35	7:15	12:10	10:55	4:35
Hastings	6:20	8:00	12:40	11:30	5:10
Jackson Lv	12:01	3:50	8:45	7:30	7:10

Detroit Lv.....8:45 2:00 6:30 4:35

MARRY, CUPID'S DARTS. Best Matrimonial Paper. Send 10 cents for sample and free correspondence. Agents wanted. Address, Cupid's Darts, Grand Rapids, Mich.

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Gasoline Stoves . . .

Gives Perfect Satisfaction, Cause no Trouble, are Reliable and Best. Also Barbers'

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RESPECTFULLY,

W. D. GARDNER & SONS.

Tin Shop in Connection,

West Side,

NEIGHBORHOOD NOTES.

BOWEN'S MILLS.

I am sorry that correspondent No. 1 should feel that anyone would think for a moment the regular correspondent wrote the items mentioned, whether the correspondent be of masculine or of feminine gender, for the reason I think the readers of the SUN are familiar enough with the correspondent's writings to distinguish the difference between the two. Now that the printer's devil has put a dash between the two, please rest contented in the future; and as to casting slurs or reflections on anyone, I would be the last one to commit myself in that direction.

Plenty of Middleville people resorting and enjoying themselves on the shores of Barlow lake last Sunday.

Judge Armstrong and wife visited friends Saturday and Sunday in Prairieville.

A Hastings tandem wheel was on our streets Sunday, which created some curiosity to see a gentleman and lady riding it.

M. Hayward and wife of Wayland passed through here en route for Gun lake to spend a few days. His son, Walter, and wife with M. Jordan and wife Sundayed with them.

We hear Gun lake is to have another steamer from Thornapple lake.

The little blind girl, Iva Bennett, the daughter of Alfred Bennett and wife, is home on a vacation from the blind school at Lansing.

John B. King and family attended Decoration Day at Wayland and Veolia rendered a beautiful poem entitled "Bereft" which was written for Decoration Day. The people were spell-bound and it brought tears to many eyes as she recited it.

Mrs. Anna Demeress and Austin Hunt visited friends in Freeport the past week.

J. W. Briggs and son have just finished putting down a good drive well on the picnic grounds. None will want for plenty of good water. Remember Yankee Springs township school picnic Friday, the 12th.

Our mailcarrier, William Ellsworth, was somewhat astonished as well as frightened when Will Bowen's colt put his head through his bedroom window, smashing the glass in, at midnight hours. It is said Billy jumped over the foot-board the first move he made, with the thoughts of burglars and demijohns running through his mind. We refer you to Billy for particulars.

Dan Burpee's horses got frightened at thunder and lightning last Saturday while hitched to a two-horse cultivator and ran away with Mr. Burpee on the seat, but no damage done.

Bert Armstrong has a fine sailboat on Barlow lake and Bert is a good sailor and knows just how to run it. Mr. Editor, if you want a fine boat ride just drop in when there is a little wind and Bert will take you the length of Barlow lake in a hurry.

David Baird and wife visited friends near Cloverdale Sunday.

Quite a heavy frost appeared between county line and Wayland Sunday morning.

CALEDONIA CULLINGS.

The corner stone for the new Masonic temple will be laid June 24, 1896.

E. W. Troy of the auditor-general's office, Lansing, has been visiting his mother and friends here.

Mrs. George Newsoms of Grand Rapids visited at Levi Scott's this week.

James Lane of Holley, N. Y., and his sister, Mary, of Bowne visited at S. Brooks' Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Amidon of Ionia visited the latter's grandmother, Mrs. Daniels, this week.

Mrs. P. Heid returned this week from several weeks' visit at Port Wayne, Ind.

Mrs. Foley and daughters of Grand Rapids visited her father, J. O'Connor, this week.

Atty. A. R. Rood and C. VanCleave Ganson of Grand Rapids were in the village on political business Friday.

Cornelius Dierdorf and wife of Grand Rapids visited his brother-in-law, Al Myers, and family this week. Mr. Dierdorf recently lost a leg on the railroad but is again around and expects to be as good as new as soon as he has secured an artificial limb.

Elbert Snow has returned from Grand Rapids where he has been working this spring and will enter the employ of J. E. Kennedy.

Miss Fannie Worley of Grand Rapids visited Helen Spaulding over Sunday.

Miss Audie Clemens of Gaines spent last week with her sister, Mrs. J. E. Kennedy.

A load of the young men of the village drove to Grand Rapids Sunday to attend the ball game.

Rev. Goshert is recovering from a severe dose of poison which he contracted from poison sumach while gathering ferns last week.

John Schroder had a severe accident last week which well nigh proved fatal. He was riding a horse which reared and fell to the ground landing heavily on him. His shoulder was badly hurt and he was otherwise injured.

A ministerial conference was held this week in the U. B. church. Several ministers were in attendance and services were held every evening.

Mrs. Mary E. Smith of Grand Rapids visited at Henry Brower's this week.

James E. Gray and wife, who lately removed to Big Prairie, are in the village this week packing their goods.

Willoughby Ward of Grand Rapids visited his son, Eugene, this week.

Thomas Cavanaugh, who lived in this township for many years, died at his home in Grand Rapids last week and was buried Monday. He leaves a wife and four children, also a large circle of friends to mourn his loss.

Arthur Cross, a Caledonia saloon keeper, was arraigned before Judge Grove at Grand Rapids yesterday on the charge of keeping his saloon open on Sunday, February 23. He pleaded guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of \$75 and \$4 costs or go to jail until paid, but not to exceed 90 days. It was on this day that liquor was sold to John Maloney, who became drunk, and lay down on the railroad track and was run over and killed.

DUNCAN LAKE.

The people in this vicinity are mending their ways (highways).

Cut-worms and blackbirds are getting their share of the corn that has been planted.

A Mr. Gamble from Wayland was at Chas. Pike's Monday. Rumor has it that he will buy a half interest in the Pike grist mill.

Allan Bechtel was in Grand Rapids on business last Friday.

Some from this place attended the decoration services at Parmelee last Saturday. The address by Rev. A. L. Woodlock was the best given at Parmelee for years.

Louis Spaulding from near your town was at this place Monday looking for fat porkers.

Tom Adgate is happy—has his poll tax worked and is even with the world.

Our teacher, Miss Gaskell, is giving good satisfaction. She is up to date.

LEIGHTON LOCALS.

Andrew and Henry Finkbeiner and Mr. and Mrs. E. Lathrop were in Grand Rapids one day last week.

Mrs. Andrew Kachele and Miss Rose Thede of Detroit are guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Thede.

Peter Hoover has a new bicycle.

Mrs. Rude Steeby's mother, Mrs. Scaff, and aunt, Mrs. Ghangar, and Elmer Aubil's mother, Mrs. George Aubil, of Ohio are spending a few weeks with their relatives here.

Mrs. Eckhardt, who has been spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. Andrew Finkbeiner, has returned to her home in Woodland.

Harvey Wiggins and Ostin Bowman have purchased a lot at Green lake and have drawn the lumber for a cottage.

Freddie Carl is visiting his grandmother south of Hastings.

Homer McDowell of Lansing is spending a few days with his father, Mr. A. L. McDowell.

Fred Schad, who has been very sick, is able to be out.

Mrs. C. Johnson and Mrs. A. Clemens were the guests of relatives in Parmelee and Thornapple, Tuesday and Wednesday.

Wm. Schrader, formerly of this place but now a resident of St. Louis, Missouri, hit a touch of the cyclone last week. About 500 brick and all the windows were blown out of his house, but fortunately no one was injured.

Children's Day will be observed at the Evangelical church, next Sunday a. m., and at the Corning M. E. church in the afternoon of June 14.

Mrs. John Michele has had a fine monument erected in memory of her husband.

J. Lester, who was getting along so nicely with his broken leg, fell Sunday, May 24, breaking it over again. Mr. Lester has a long siege of it.

NORTH IRVING.

L. A. S. will meet with Mrs. Frank Roberts next Thursday afternoon. Everybody invited.

An ice-cream social at Wm. Mitchell's next Saturday evening. Everybody come and bring their girl or somebody else.

Frank Ingram, Mr. Clever, Miss Cobb and Miss Ella Ingram of your village attended League at this place Sunday evening.

Miss Etta Hubbard of Hastings visited her parents over Sunday.

Miss Ethel Wood closed her school here last Friday.

S. Wood and family of Hastings visited at B. Walker's, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Gerry welcomed a little son last week.

Lightning struck Mr. Potter's house on the river road last Saturday, spoiling it, although it did not burn; shocked the occupants, but did not kill any.

Mrs. B. Johnson visited her daughter in Rutland last week.

Mrs. Matthews is quite sick again, her advanced age making it difficult for her to gain strength.

Mrs. Kronewitter of Hastings and Mrs. Lamoreaux of Grand Rapids, as well as other children and grandchildren, have been with Mrs. Matthews the past few weeks.

Anna Trego started Thursday for Indiana going by the way of Kalamazoo. Her father accompanied her that far.

D. Trego and family of Hastings were guests of Wm. Trego Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Zerbe's daughter of Parmelee visited them over Sunday.

Mrs. Fred Cunningham's father, Mr. Neff, is visiting her.

The services at the cemetery Saturday a. m. were enjoyed by a good sized company. After the soldiers' graves had been strewn with flowers, the people assembled at the grave of Comrade Hendershott and an abundance of floral tokens scattered in memory of their dead lying in unknown graves was placed by Com. Beck upon this grave. Several selections were sung by Irving Congregational choir, after which all gathered at the cemetery building where a program was rendered by the Irving school under the supervision of their worthy teacher, Mr. Chase. Mr. M. Jordan of Middleville was to have given an address and did commence, but the rain storm compelled people to seek their homes and shelter before he

had finished. It will be all right for next year, Milton. Come prepared.

IRVING INKLINGS.

Epworth League next Sunday evening. Be sure and attend.

Children's Day will be observed with appropriate exercises next Sunday at the Congregational church and a good attendance will be expected.

Next Sabbath is the regular time for the communion service at the Congregational church, but on account of observing Children's Day at that time the preparatory and communion service has been postponed one week.

The Y. P. S. C. E. has announced a lawn social for June 10 at John Hendershott's. The announcement above is enough to insure a crowd, for it is well known that their lawn is large and fine; also that, in case of high wind or storm, the house is large enough to hold a crowd; so do not stay away for any reason. Let us make this an evening long to be remembered by everyone as well as John Hendershott and family. Everything will be arranged with a view to make this a success in every way. Let every one be present. Remember the date, June 10.

Mrs. Joe Norton and baby returned to Grand Rapids last Saturday.

Mrs. H. C. Strong and daughter, Mary B., were in Grand Rapids Tuesday of this week.

The hard rain storm which broke into the midst of Mr. M. Jordan's speech at the cemetery on Saturday was the cause of great disappointment to all listeners; also that Rev. H. Appleton's address had to be omitted entirely. The exercises up to this time were very much appreciated and enjoyed by all interested in commemorating the memory of friends and soldiers gone before. This is surely a noted cemetery, for in it lie the remains of soldiers of every war that has taken place in this, our great country.

PARMELEE PICKINGS.

All quiet in Parmelee this week. Nothing occurred outside the regular line.

O. A. Carpenter and daughter attended the laying of the corner-stone of the M. E. church last Thursday afternoon in Caledonia. The rain prevented several from this place from going.

Mr. Cahill of Orangeville exhibited a very fine horse in this vicinity Monday.

Cold rains and slight frosts are breeding rheumatisms to some extent during the past week in Parmelee; and then the cut-worms are creating considerable disgust, besides adding very much to our labor. Several corn-fields have been entirely ruined.

Pender & Gale, the Middleville movers, are making things much more convenient on the Robt Allen farm by moving buildings and putting them in their proper places.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Richmond have been entertaining the latter's brother, Mr. Seth Stonebreaker, and other friends from Grand Rapids during the past week.

CYCLONE KILLS FIVE HUNDRED

Missouri's Largest City and Its Illinois Con-sort Meet Terrible Calamity.



ST. LOUIS IN RUINS.

Huge Buildings in the City's Heart Destroyed.

DEATH ON THE RIVER.

Excursion Steamers Are Blown Bottom Side Up.

Human Beings Swept to Instant Doom Steamers Are Sunk, Buildings Blown Down, and Railroad Trains Overturned—Loss of Life Rivals That of the Johnstown Disaster—Principal Buildings in East St. Louis Destroyed—Fire Adds Its Horrors—Millions of Dollars' Property Damage.

The city of St. Louis, torn and devastated by a cyclone, flooded by torrents of rain and in many places attacked by fires, was Wednesday night the scene of such a carnival of death and destruction as has seldom been equaled in America. Owing to the frightful havoc of the storm cutting off almost every line of communication with the stricken city, but little information could be had, and that of a very vague nature. It is estimated that as many as 500 lives were lost, while the damage to property is incalculable. Scarcely a building in the city but has been in some way or another damaged by the tornado.

Ruin and desolation are upon St. Louis. For the first time in the history of a me-

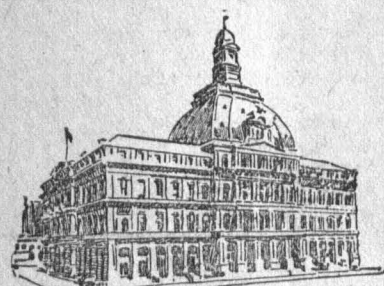


THE GREAT CUPPLES BLOCK.

tropolis the terrors of a cyclone have come upon its avenues and boulevards, ravaged the business streets and brought death to hundreds. St. Louis, with its 700,000 people, passed through in one brief half-hour Wednesday night an experience paralleled only by the horrors of the Johnstown flood. Cyclone, flood and fire. This triple alliance wrought the dreadful havoc.

The grand stand at the race track was blown down, killing 150. The east end of the great Eads bridge was destroyed and it is reported that an Alton train went into the river. Steamers on the river were sunk with all on board. A station of the Vandalia in East St. Louis was destroyed, and it is reported thirty-five lives were lost. The roof of the Republican convention hall at St. Louis was taken off. The two top stories of the Planters' Hotel are gone. The Western Union and many other buildings are wrecked. The city was left in darkness. Fires broke out and threatened to destroy what the wind spared, but rain finally checked the flames. At Drake, Ill., a school house is said to have been demolished and eighty pupils killed. Telegraph wires were down and it is difficult to secure information. Heavy damage to life and property is reported from other localities.

After the wind and rain had done their work, fire added much to the storm's loss account. Down wires, wild currents of electricity, crushed buildings, all contributed to this element of destruction. The alarm system was paralyzed. Approaches were blocked; a \$200,000 conflagration on the St. Louis side was supplemented by a dozen lesser fires. In East St. Louis a



POSTOFFICE AND CUSTOM HOUSE.

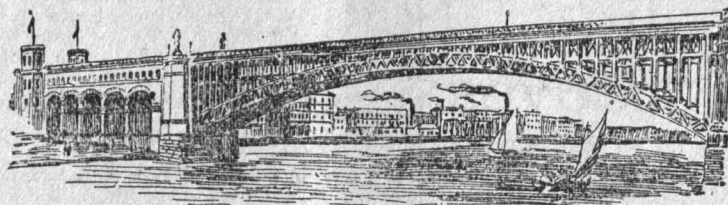
mill was burned and two other considerable losses were sustained. To the enormous total the fires added at least \$500,000.

Trail of Ruin Through the City. From where the storm entered St. Louis, out in the southwestern suburbs, to

and women, horses, all kind of fowl in the open, were picked up and carried hundreds of feet in every direction.

So irresistible was the cyclone and so much greater in magnitude than any the country has ever previously known of, that some of the stanchest business blocks went down before it. Structures, the pride of merchants and architecturally famous from New York to San Francisco, were like tinder boxes when the wind was at its height. The massive stone fronts caved in.

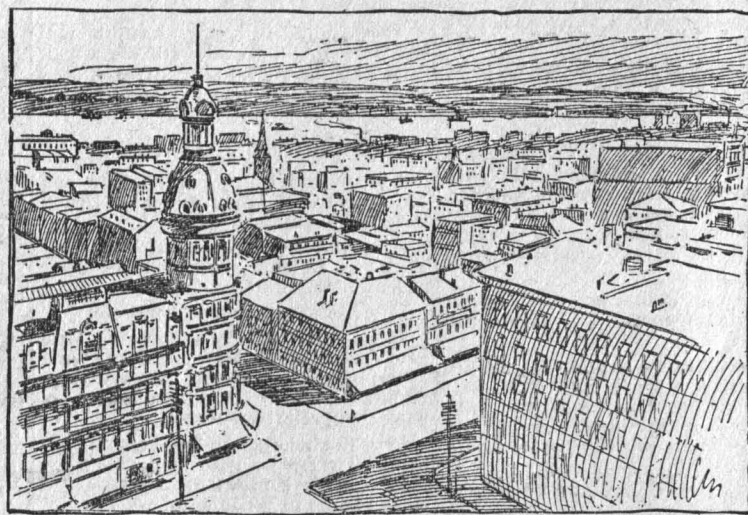
Iron beams were torn from their fastenings and carried blocks away, as if they had been feathers. Roofs, braced and held to their positions by every device known to the best builders of any day, were torn off as if held only by



THE GREAT EADS BRIDGE OVER THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

threads. Telegraph poles fell in long rows, not coming down one by one, but in groups of a dozen or more at a time. A railroad train on the Eads bridge, one of the express trains of the Alton, known as No. 21, was blown over and the passengers piled up in a heap of injured.

The east end of the Eads bridge, one of the most solid and finest bridges in the world, was destroyed. The other great bridges spanning the Mississippi were all injured, some as seriously as the Eads. Scores of persons were drowned, or, after being killed on the land, blown into the water. Steamers like the Grand Republic, the City of Monroe, packets which



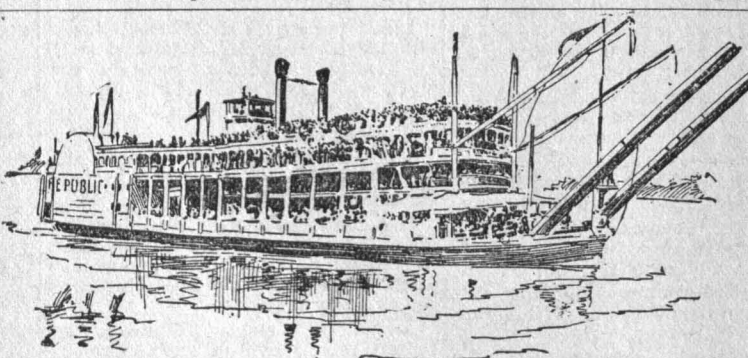
VIEW OF ST. LOUIS, OVERLOOKING THE DEVASTATED DISTRICT.

deadly coils, with their hissing blue flames, joined in the destruction of life and property. People were killed by the score and the city hospital, which fortunately escaped serious damage by the storm, was soon crowded to the doors with wounded and dying. Long before the tornado had spent itself many of the downtown streets of the city were impassable with the wreckage of shattered buildings and the strands of broken electric wire which were sputtering and blazing everywhere and had it not been for the floods of rain the tornado might have been but the prelude to the destruction of the entire city by fire.

On the river the destruction was even more complete than on land. Only one steamer out of all the fleet that crowded the levee remained above the surface of the Mississippi. The others fell easy prey to the fury of the tempest and quickly sank, in many cases carrying down with them all on board. The Great Republic, one of the largest steamers on the river, was sunk along with others.

Death List Is Appalling. Ten millions of damage to property and five hundred persons killed and a thousand injured, is what has been accomplished. East St. Louis is as badly damaged as St. Louis. Half a dozen small towns close to St. Louis, in Missouri, and at least two villages in southwestern Illinois are gone. There has been loss of life in each of these communities. What seemed to be three distinct and separate cyclones struck the city at 15 minutes past 5 o'clock in the afternoon. They came from the northwest, the west and the southwest.

When they reached the Mississippi river they had become one, which descended upon East St. Louis and from thence passed on toward Alton. The day was an oppressive one in the city. There was no wind and the people suffered from the heat. About 4 o'clock in the afternoon the entire western horizon was banked with clouds. These were piled one upon the other, with curling edges, yellow in tinge. A light wind sprang up and a sudden darkness came upon the city. This



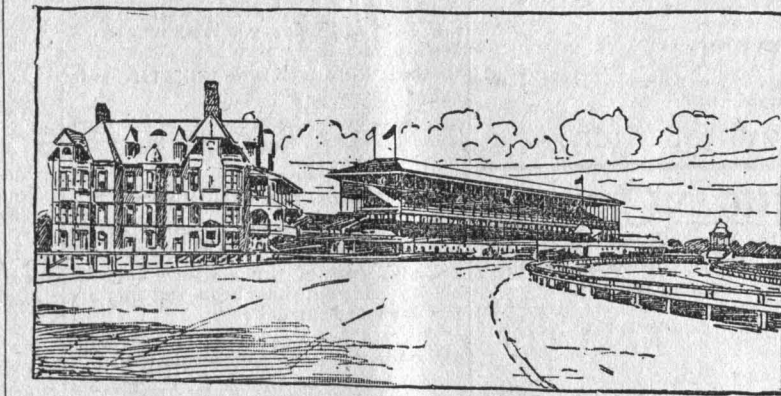
STEAMER REPUBLIC SUNK BY THE CYCLONE.

darkness increased until the storm broke. The descent of the storm was so sudden the fleeing women and children were caught in the streets and hurled to destruction or buried under falling walls.

Before the mass of clouds in the west, hanging over the villages of Clayton, Fern Ridge, Eden and Central, gave vent to their frightful contents funnels shot out from them. Some of these seemed to be projected into the air, others leaped to the earth, twisting and turning. Lightning played about them and there was a marvelous electrical display. Then came the outburst. Three of the funnels approached St. Louis with a wind that was traveling at the rate of eighty miles an hour.

From them and the clouds above, a strange, crackling sound came. This filled the air and at times was stronger than the incessant peals of thunder. The funnels enveloped the western side of the city, and in thirty minutes were wreaking destruction in the business heart. Men

are famous between New Orleans and St. Louis, were carried everywhere. Still others, after being torn from their moorings, disappeared, and have not been heard from. As a rule the smaller craft was sunk. This was particularly the case with the smaller excursion steamers, most of which had a great many women on board. Houses were blown into the river, and at one time during the worst of the blow a section of the river was scooped out and the muddy bottom shown. The water was carried blocks away as though it were a solid. Not while within the city limits did the funnels rise and fall from the ground, as is usually the



CLUBHOUSE, GRAND STAND AND RACE TRACK, ST. LOUIS FAIR GROUND

case in cyclones in small places. There was no rebounding. Consequently whatever was in the path of the wind was either destroyed or badly injured.

And this destruction was done in thirty minutes.

The bells of the city were pealing 6 o'clock when the worst of the storm had passed.

East St. Louis Ruined.

East St. Louis' tremendous shipping interests have received a heartrending blow. The railroad tracks were literally torn up from the right of way and scattered. Huge warehouses and freight de-

visited upon Johnstown, Pa., and adjoining towns May 31, 1889, in which many lives were lost and millions of dollars' worth of property destroyed by the floods that raged along the Conemaugh river, bursting a reservoir covering a square mile located just above Johnstown. For weeks heavy rains had fallen in the mountains, and the resultant freshet wrought ruin and death that appalled the country. While towns were washed away, bridges destroyed and industries forced to suspend. Hundreds of people clung to their floating homes, which were swept onward upon a volume of water unprecedented in modern history. Many people were rescued from their perilous positions in the upper stories of their homes.

The Cambria iron works were destroyed

and 2,000 men were thrown out of employment. Five large bridges were swept away. Cars and lumber floated upon the mad torrent. All trains on the Pennsylvania and Baltimore and Ohio railways were abandoned. Men, women and children were panic stricken. The fatality list exceeded 1,200. The water reached a depth of fifty feet, and it required prompt, persistent and heroic action to rescue the inmates of a vessel in which death rode through upon a wave of merciless water.

The rain descended in torrents for seventy-two hours. Hundreds of dead bodies floated upon the bosom of the river for a distance of fifteen miles from the scene of the disaster. Wires were down and all telegraphic communication temporarily cut off. Collieries in the vicinity were forced to suspend. The damage extended to the properties of the Lehigh Valley and Reading railways.

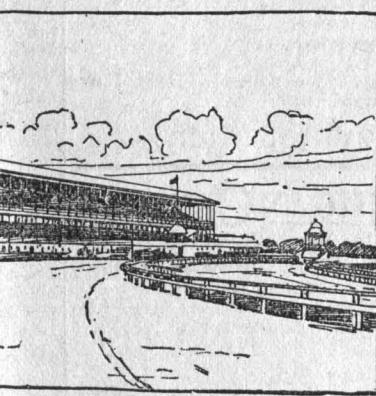
FOUR UNDER ARREST.

Quartet of Chicago Toughs Charged with T. J. Marshall's Murder.

The coroner's jury has charged Frank Carpenter, Charles Gurney, Clarence White and John Lang with the murder of Thomas J. Marshall, one of the most prosperous young merchants of Chicago, and the quartet has been held for trial.

The murder was one of the most sensational which have occurred in the western metropolis in years. One evening just before it was T. J. MARSHALL.

time to close the general merchandise store known as the Golden Rule, located on West Madison street, owned and conducted by Mr. Marshall, three men entered the store by different doors and approached the cashier's desk, where sat Miss Mattie Garretson. One of the men ordered her to deliver over the cash, emphasizing his demand by pointing two revolvers at her. She refused to comply with his demand, and closed the cash drawer, throwing off the combination. The would-be robber aimed a blow at her head with one of his guns, which she barely managed to dodge. There were several



lady clerks standing about waiting for the time to go home. They saw what was going on at the desk and began to scream. This attracted the attention of Mr. Marshall, who was in another part of the store talking with his general manager. Just as he was about to start toward the desk one of the other men approached him and leveled two revolvers at his head.

Frightened by the screams of the girls, the burglar at the desk started to back out of the store, guarding his retreat with his revolvers. Marshall advanced toward the man who was coming his way and he, too, started out of the store, keeping Marshall covered all the time. Seeing that the latter was bent upon his capture, the man fired both revolvers just as he reached the door. One ball struck Marshall in the temple and the other in the heart and he fell back dead.

Half a hundred suspects were rounded up by the police, and out of the lot four named above were identified by the clerks as those who participated in the tragedy.

NEW PROFESSOR AT ANN ARBOR

Six Hundred Women to Benefit by Dr. Eliza M. Mosher's Experience.

Dr. Eliza M. Mosher, of Brooklyn, who comes to Ann Arbor as associate dean of the department of literature and arts and professor of hygiene,

is now on her way to Europe to study the colleges for women in connection with Oxford and Cambridge. The dean of the department for many years was Martin L. D'Ooge, but the place Dr. Mosher is ELIZA M. MOSHER. To fill is a new one. Her duties will bring her into almost personal relations with the 600 young women in the university, and to each of them she will be guide, philosopher and friend. Dr. Mosher will be the first woman professor in the university, and her post will be one of great distinction and responsibility. She leaves a very lucrative practice in Brooklyn to accept the offer of the University of Michigan.

Henry Steffe, aged 40 years, was found dead in Bloomington, Ind., the presumption being that he met death in a runaway.

RECALLS THE JOHNSTOWN FLOOD

Story of the Disaster that Visited the Pennsylvania Towns.

The catastrophe which has befallen St. Louis was within a few days of the seventh anniversary of the awful calamity

DIGGING UP THE DEAD

FIVE HUNDRED BODIES OF CYCLONE VICTIMS RECOVERED.

Weeks Will Have Passed Before the Full Extent of the Calamity Is Known—Whole Country Offers Help—List of Dead by Towns.

Cities as Graveyards.

The full extent of the havoc wrought by storms which swept over portions of Illinois and Missouri cannot be known for several days. In many places telegraph wires are down, and communication with these points cannot be had at the time this is written. The reports so far as received show the storm to have been widespread and fatal to a degree never before known in the history of the country. In St. Louis alone the angel of death only knows how many victims he gathered unto himself when he rode into that city Wednesday night on the wings of the wind. Not for days, if ever, will the list of victims be complete. Nearly half of St. Louis is a burial ground, and across the river in East St. Louis the dismantled, wrecked, and demolished structures seem to cover a single grave of uncounted dead. They are being counted one by one as the masses of shattered brick, stone and lumber are cleared away, but in all probability the exact number of those whose lives were crushed under by falling walls or who met their fate under the waters of the raging Mississippi will never be known. Appended is a careful and conservative estimate of the killed and injured based on the most reliable information obtainable:

	Killed.	Injured.
St. Louis	250	300
East St. Louis	150	250
Breckinridge, Ill.	2	...
Brinker Station, Ill.	8	30
Carlisle, Pa.	...	2
Columbia, Pa.	1	15
Fairfield, Ill.	1	...
Gratiot, Mo.	4	...
Harmony, Ill.	2	...
Lancaster, Pa.	1	...
Masouath, Ill.	1	...
Near Centralia, Ill.	43	35
Near Jefferson City, Mo.	4	...
Near Mount Vernon, Ill.	6	20
Near Mexico, Mo.	5	13
Newark, O.	...	1
Near Vandalia, Ill.	13	15
New Madrid, Ill.	7	30
New Baden, Ill.	8	13
Richfield, Ill.	4	...
Rushville, Ill.	4	26
Total	514	750

Value of Property Destroyed.

Neither can the total value of property destroyed be given. Estimates in the various papers vary from \$10,000,000 to \$35,000,000. It is not likely, however, the damage will be over \$15,000,000. On this vast loss there is practically no insurance and little salvage. There are probably not 100 people in St. Louis who carried cyclone policies, and they were of the better class who were not the ones to suffer. It is the common people who are mourning to-day, mourning over the loss of their loved and lost, and over the total annihilation of what few worldly goods they owned.

The damage to the hall in which the national Republican convention is to be held was slight as compared with other losses, it being confined largely to the carrying away of part of the roof and in monetary value will not exceed \$5,000.

St. Louis is looking after its own. The moneyed men of the town have put their hands into their pockets, and will go deeper as the occasion demands. At a public meeting the day following the storm \$15,000 was raised, and that amount was more than doubled within twenty-four hours afterward. The woes of the wounded and homeless have stirred the great heart of the country to its depths. St. Louis is the stricken child of the nation, and offers of aid have been tendered from every quarter. Congress passed a joint resolution directing the Secretary of War to place at the disposal of the Mayors of the stricken cities a sufficient number of tents to provide for the temporary necessities of the homeless and to render such aid as might be in his power. There are eight or ten boats used in the Mississippi river improvement which are able to render assistance, and these were ordered to the scene of the disaster. The Mayors of all large cities, presidents of Boards of Trade and commercial clubs telegraphed offers of assistance. Gov. Stone ordered militia to St. Louis to protect the stricken people and their scattered property, and Gov. Altgeld sent two companies to East St. Louis. The Mayor of that city believes at present that the outside help will not be needed. The offers that have poured in on him have been tentatively declined. It shows a commendable spirit of self-reliance and courage, but as the needs of the people are revealed this aid may be found necessary to meet them, and its acceptance will not detract from the city's dignity.

The dead will be buried and some may be forgotten; new buildings will take the place of those that lie level with the streets to-day, and the smoke of the city will soon destroy the newness thereof, but the memory of that visitation of wind will never fade from the minds of those who witnessed it.

TO AID ST. LOUIS.

Mayor Swift Calls a Special Meeting of the Chicago Council.

Mayor Swift on Thursday sent out a call for a special meeting of the Chicago City Council for the purpose of considering what might best be done to aid the stricken city of St. Louis. Chief Swenke of the fire department said that no call had been made on him from the fire department of St. Louis, but that of course he stood ready to act when one was made. All the city officials were deeply concerned over the catastrophe which had befallen St. Louis, and expressions of willingness to aid in every way were heard on all sides.

News of Minor Note.

A business block at Barker, Ind., collapsed. One man, Joseph Condor, was killed and four others were injured, one fatally.

Gov. Morton has signed the bill of Assemblyman Austin authorizing an increase in the New York police force of 600 patrolmen.

Gen. John Echols, of Louisville, died at Staunton, Va. He was C. P. Huntington's Southern representative, and was vice-president and receiver of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad.

STORM'S DIRE WORK

A Cyclone Devastates Three States.

DEATH IN ITS WAKE.

Iowa, Illinois, and Michigan the Sufferers.

The Death Roll Will Pass the Hundreds, and Hundreds More Are Injured—Terrific Downpour of Water in Several Instances Completes the Destruction Which the Wind Began—Damage to Farm Property Is Literally Incalculable—Several Towns Are Wiped Off the Earth.

A most fearful storm originated Sunday night, a little northeast of Des Moines, Iowa. Traveling almost due east, it devastated portions of that State, Illinois and by Monday evening had reached the eastern boundary of Michigan, culminating in Macomb County. In Iowa it raged most fiercely in Polk and Jasper Counties, killing twenty-seven persons, fatally injuring three, seriously injuring nineteen and demolishing a large part of five towns—Valeria, Bondurant, Santiago, Mingo and Ira. The country between the towns was devastated and the crops utterly ruined. All the stock in the path of the storm was destroyed. In Bondurant five were killed; in Santiago, two; in Valeria, seven; near Mingo, four; and in the intervening country between Mingo and Ida, nine. Eighteen were injured, several fatally. Besides the loss of life the damage to farm buildings, fences and live stock is fully \$1,000,000.

Drowned in the Flood.

In eastern Iowa, a terrific downpour of water occurred, doing greatest damage at Dubuque and Durango. At the latter place, the depot was carried by the flood a mile and a half, and Mrs. Clark, station agent, four children, Engineer Griffin, J. Dillon and P. Moss were drowned. The combined fury of wind and water wiped out the family of John Maloney near Postville, numbering six, and near North McGregor fifteen bodies, unrecognizable, were found. Miles of railroad track, several depots and eighteen bridges were swept away. Delaware County escaped with large property damage only.

Effect in Illinois.

Passing into Illinois, the first effects were felt at Elgin. Engineer Keough, of the asylum, was killed. The bicycle factory was demolished, loss over \$200,000. A wide farming territory was devastated, and railroad property suffered greatly. Near Rockford four were killed.

In Chicago and suburban towns, scores of residences were utterly demolished; miles of street paving washed away; hundreds of basements filled with goods flooded, and over two hundred people injured. Strange to say, not a fatality was reported, though the ruin of many dwellings was so instant and complete that escape of many from death seems miraculous. Everything in the path of the storm was leveled. The suburbs suffering most were Norwood Park, Niles, Niles Center, Edison Park, Irving Park and Ravenswood. Churches, trees and dwellings were razed.

One Hundred Die in Michigan.

Leaving Chicago, the next report of damage came from Ortenville, Oakland County, Mich. Seventeen lives were reported lost and a half-hundred persons injured, while the town is practically wiped out of existence. From Oakwood, northeast of Ortenville, word was received that eight had been killed. The villages directly in the line of the storm were Thayer, Groveland, Austin, Brandon, Seymour and Davisburg. A message from Clarkston late Monday night said that there had been a large loss of life there, and that Davisburg, Clarkston and Springfield had also a large list of killed and injured.

Mount Clemens Escapes.

Mount Clemens, in Macomb County, was given a bad scare, and while much property damage was done and a few injured, yet no loss of life resulted. Thirty houses were blown down. The path cut by the cyclone from Oakland and Metamora on the northwest through Thomas, Orion, Goodison, Washington, Disco and the country located between is filled with populous towns and it is feared that many of them have been wiped off the map. It seems that the list of dead and injured would pass 100, and no estimate can be given as to the property damaged.

Storm Was a Twister.

Actual details of the devastation caused by the cyclone were meager, but all of the witnesses agree that the storm was a regular Western twister. Its first appearance at Thomas station was from the southwest in the form of a densely black funnel-shaped cloud, moving with almost incredible swiftness and seeming to take long leaps. It seemed to have the elasticity of a gigantic rubber ball, and would strike the ground, then, leaving a footprint of devastation, bound into the air and travel a mile or more before again touching the earth.

Beyond Macomb County the storm was lost somewhere in the Canadas.

Aged Golf Champion.

Lord Rutherford Clark, who is over 70 years of age and a judge of the Scotch Court of Session, has won the first prize in the golf competitions at Cannes twice running.

Profits of a Steamship Line.

The Cunard company's profits for the year just closed were £50,000 (\$250,000) more than for the previous year.

Chance for Doctors.

Eight hundred thousand francs, \$160,000, have been given to the Paris Academy of Medicine by a Mme. Audriffred, the income to be paid yearly to the man that discovers a specific for consumption, whether a Frenchman or a foreigner.

It is definitely stated that Lord Dufferin, the British ambassador to France, will retire from diplomatic life about the middle of July.

X-Rays

Of test and trial prove Hood's Sarsaparilla to be unequalled for purifying the blood because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1.
Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

All About Western Farm Lands.

The "Corn Belt" is the name of an illustrated monthly newspaper published by the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad. It aims to give information in an interesting way about the farm lands of the West. Send 25c in postage stamps to the Corn Belt, 209 Adams street, Chicago, and the paper will be sent to your address for one year.

"Wagner" as a Trade Mark.

A Vienna linen dealer named Richa Wagner registered the composer's portrait as a trade mark two years ago and filled Germany with Richard Wagner sheetings and towellings. Frau Cosima and her son Siegfried brought suit against him, but the courts have decided that he has a right to use picture and name.

AN INVITATION.

It Gives Us Pleasure to Publish the following Announcement.

All women suffering from any form of illness peculiar to their sex are requested to communicate promptly with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women only.

A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established the eternal confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America.

This confidence has induced more than 100,000 women to write Mrs. Pinkham for advice during the last few months.

Think what a volume of experience she has to draw from! No physician living ever treated so many cases of female ills, and from this vast experience surely it is more than possible she has gained the very knowledge that will help your case.

She is glad to have you write or call upon her. You will find her a woman full of sympathy, with a great desire to assist those who are sick. If her medicine is not what you need, she will frankly tell you so, and there are nine chances out of ten that she will tell you exactly what to do for relief. She asks nothing in return except your good will, and her advice has relieved thousands.

Surely, any ailing woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer of assistance.

Never in the history of medicine has the demand for one particular remedy for female diseases equalled that attained by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and never in the history of Mrs. Pinkham's wonderful Compound has the demand for it been so great as it is to-day.

RIPANS TABULES

Harry M. Conrad, of No. 1744 Twelfth street, Washington, D. C., says: "I can speak in the highest praise of Ripans Tabules. I have been for years troubled with night mare (an erroneous expression, but one that thousands are familiar with), and have suffered a thousand deaths, being caused directly by a torpid liver, thence stagnation of the blood. A short while after retiring I would experience the most terrible sensation that human can fall heir to, such as having heavy weights upon you, seeing horrible animals, burglars, etc., and being unable to get out of their reach. I have tried everything on the market that I could think would be of any benefit, but never struck the right remedy until I tried Ripans Tabules, and since that time nightmare with me is a thing of the past. I am fully convinced that Ripans Tabules are a good thing for suffering humanity, and I feel that I could not exist without them. And I will further say for the benefit of others (knowing there are thousands suffering in the same manner), profit by my experience and try them; you will never regret it."

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail at the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York. Sample via 10 cents.

If you accept a substitute, you must not fuss because its not as good as genuine HIRE'S Rootbeer.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia.

A 5c package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

OLD EYES MADE NEW—Away with spectacles.

By mail 10c. Lock Box 788, N. York.

Bicycles We sell the best wheels at the lowest prices, since 1880 when we first started.

Including Stables, Saws, Mills, Sewing Machines, Buggies, Wagons, Harrows, Saddles, Blankets, Farm & Carpenter Tools, Valises, Cash Registers, Letter Presses, Trunks, Etc.

Write for Agents, Catalogue free, CHICAGO SCALE CO., Chicago.

MILWAUKEE STRIKE.

ONE OF THE MOST REMARKABLE ON RECORD.

Street Cars are Running on Schedule Time, but People Refuse to Ride, Out of Sympathy for the Strikers or Fear of the Boycott.



Business Tied Up.
NE cannot help being impressed with a condition of affairs that will lead almost an entire community to voluntarily undergo the discomforts of stage coach days for the purpose of helping workmen win a strike, yet that has been the situation in Milwaukee for more than a week.

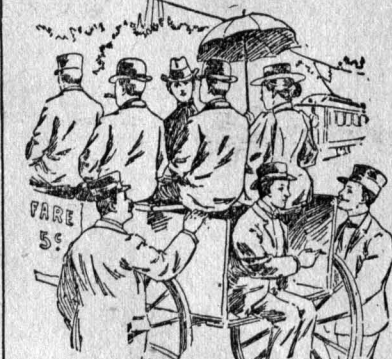
The employees of the Milwaukee Electric Railway Company are at variance with the corporation and quit work two weeks ago. The company secured men to run the cars and the strikers offered no interference in the running of them. The cars are going on schedule time, but they are empty, for the people sympathize with the strikers and refuse to ride.

The street railroad system of Milwaukee is one of the best in the country. The employees in the past have been picked men. If a conductor or motorman was found to be a drinker, or wanting in qualities essential to satisfy the public, he was discharged and a courteous, sober man took his place. The force came to be recognized as a body of gentlemen. In their tidy uniform, thoroughly disciplined, always courteous and accommodating to patrons, it is not strange that they made the people their friends—men, women and children, in all ranks. When, therefore, the 1,000 employees went on strike, on account of a reduction in wages and for other causes, men and women manifested their sympathy in every way. Several picnics have been held and enough money realized to give the strikers the necessities of life. But the refusal to ride in the cars is the most remarkable feature. As before said, the company is operating all its lines on regular time, but the cars carry no passengers. The strikers brought several hundred busses from Chicago and are carrying on a regular line of traffic. In spite of the fact that it takes a bus from two to three times as long to make a given distance as the street cars, the busses will go along with heavy loads, while the car going in the same direction will not have to exceed a half dozen passengers, and more likely will not have two.

To some extent this failure on the part of citizens to patronize the more rapid mode of transit is due to fear, but the percentage of loss from this cause is very small when compared with those who do not ride on account of sympathy with the strikers and a desire to help them "down the company." Three-fourths of the citizens of Milwaukee are working people, and every one of them is on the side of the strikers. Even those who are not working people, the business men in the outlying wards, have to affect a feeling of sympathy for the strikers, whether they feel it or not, lest the boycott be extended to their business. To run counter to the prevailing sentiment in their section would mean to ruin them and therefore they are even more strong in their utterances than the working class. Nor is their fear without reason. The boycott is being vigorously prosecuted, and any one who, through necessity or otherwise, takes a street car is a marked man. Women and even children will urge anyone taking a car to wait and take a bus.

A Remarkable Boycott.

The boycott is even extended to those merchants that sell anything to the company or who do business with it in any way. In the neighborhood of the barns



EXPRESSMEN REAP A HARVEST.

not a particle of food can be purchased, as it would be as much as a merchant's business is worth to sell to the company. The wife of a baker in the northwest part of the city was so indiscreet as to ride down town in one of the cars, and since that time the bakeshop has been free of customers. Some of the sympathizers with the strikers go to a great deal of personal discomfort. Workmen who have work to do several miles out of the city will walk out in the morning and back in the evening rather than patronize the street cars and their connections.

If the thing keeps up much longer any one seen speaking to one of the members of the Board of Directors of the street car company will be liable to have the boycott placed on him. No one who has not come in conflict with it can have any idea of the strength of the grip which the strikers and their sympathizers have on the business of the city. Within a day or two several manufacturers were notified that some of their employees had been seen riding on the street cars, and if this was repeated a boycott would be placed on their goods. They heeded the warning and now see that their men either walk or patronize the busses. Not a thing can the company buy in the city for the subsistence or comfort of the new men whom they have to feed in the barns. Wholesale grocery firms do not dare sell them any supplies. The new men wanted some washing done. The company gathered up the soiled clothing and sent it to five different laundries and in each instance it was refused. Finally it had to be sent to Chicago. The idea of the strikers and their sympathizers is to isolate the street cars until the company comes to terms and takes the old men back.

DEATH OF GEN. FAIRCHILD.

Distinguished Citizen of Madison, Wis., Passes Away.

Gen. Lucius Fairchild died in Madison, Wis., Saturday evening at 6:50 o'clock. Gen. Fairchild had been in failing health for a year, and some months ago suffered an attack of the grip, after which he grew steadily weaker. He was born Dec. 27, 1831, in what is now Kent, Portage County, O. In 1846 the family moved to Wisconsin, locating in Madison. When 17 years of age the young man made a trip to California across the plains on horseback. Six years later he returned to Madison with considerable property. He went to the war soon after the firing upon Fort Sumter, and came home a brigadier general, losing an arm in the service.

Gen. Fairchild was elected Secretary of State of Wisconsin soon after his return



GENERAL LUCIUS FAIRCHILD.

from the war, and in 1865 was made Governor. He was re-elected in 1867 and 1869 and in 1872 was appointed consul at Liverpool. In 1878 he left Liverpool and was promoted to the position of consul general at Paris. Later he served as minister to Spain. He returned to Madison in 1882 and in 1886 was elected department commander of the Wisconsin Grand Army of the Republic and the next year was made commander-in-chief of that body. He was married in 1864 and leaves three daughters.

The funeral was held Tuesday afternoon, and the remains were interred with military pomp. Gov. Upham and his staff participated, together with a provisional regiment made up of the Light Horse squadron and the First light battery of Milwaukee and two companies from each of the four regiments of the State.

TWO NEW BISHOPS.

Sketches of the Two Men Chosen by the Methodist Conference.

After a hot fight lasting nearly all day the Methodist general conference at Cleveland broke the deadlock and elected Chaplain McCabe and Dr. Cranston bishops of the church. Dr. McCabe pulled through by a majority of only eight votes, but Dr. Cranston, on the eighteenth and last ballot, had thirty to spare.

Dr. Earl Cranston was born June 27, 1840, at Athens, O.

His education was obtained at the Ohio University at Athens. He became after leaving college a traveling minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church and served in that capacity until the breaking out of the war. He enlisted in service and rose to the rank of captain of the Sixtieth Ohio Volunteer Infantry. In consequence of that service he is now an honored member of the military order of the Loyal Legion of the United States in the Ohio commandery. His service in the church after the war was in the Ohio conference until he was transferred about 1880 to the Colorado conference, where he became a presiding elder. In 1884, upon the election of Bishop Walden, Dr. Cranston was chosen to succeed Bishop Walden as one of the book agents of the Western Methodist Book concern in Cincinnati. He has held that position until now. Dr. Cranston has always held a high rank as pulpit orator.

Charles C. McCabe, D. D., was born Oct. 11, 1836, in Athens, O. He entered the Ohio conference in 1860 and was stationed at Putnam. In 1862 he became chaplain in the One Hundred and Twenty-second Ohio Volunteer Infantry. At the battle of Winchester, Va., in June, 1863, while looking after the wounded on the field, he was captured and taken to Libby prison, where he remained a captive for four months. After his release he rejoined his regiment at Brandy Station, but, with broken health, was sent back to the hospital at Washington. After the war he re-entered the regular work of the ministry and was stationed at Portsmouth, O. In 1866 the Ohio conference called him into the service of the Ohio Wesleyan University. In 1868 the board of church extension asked that he might be appointed to aid Dr. Kynett in building up that cause. For sixteen years he traveled through the length and breadth of the land and saw the work advance with unexampled prosperity upon every side. In 1884 he was re-elected missionary secretary. Through his matchless inspiration and efforts a cry of "a million for missions," once a prophecy, is now one of the brightest facts in the history of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Notes of Current Events.

The first payment on the part of the London and South African syndicate, which has purchased the entire street railroad system of the City of Mexico and suburbs, has been made, the amount being \$825,000.

Sir Charles Tupper, premier of Canada, has made an appeal to the electors of the Dominion over his own signature. He calls upon the electors to exercise their calm judgment and decide between the Conservatives and the Reformers.

Dr. William J. Scott, for years the leading member of the profession in Cleveland, is dead, aged 74 years, after a brief illness. He had held professorships in various medical colleges, and had been president of the State Medical Association.

While delirious from long sickness, Ralph Wiley, aged 18, living with relatives at Pendleton, Ind., arose from his bed and ran from the house, bareheaded and barefooted, to the railroad track, and there was run over by a freight engine and killed.

SUFFERED FOR HIS COUNTRY.

THE SAD PLIGHT OF A VETERAN CRIPPLED HAND AND FOOT.

Chas. A. Rogers Stricken with Locomotor Ataxia—Suffered Night and Day for Years—How a New Light Came Into His Life.

From the Chronicle, Chicago, Ill.

Charles A. Rogers, a veteran of the war of the rebellion, and a prominent West Side citizen, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., fifty-four years ago, and when a boy of scarcely fourteen came to Chicago, since which time this city has been his permanent home.

At the termination of the civil war Mr. Rogers, having received his discharge in July, 1865, found his health so broken by hard service, insufficient food, exposure and malaria in the desolate swamp lands of Louisiana and Mississippi, that he was almost wholly unfitted for a satisfactory performance of the exacting duties of his occupation, notwithstanding his great force of will. Indeed, the first winter after his return from the field was an extremely severe and trying one for him.

He suffered from chronic diarrhoea, malaria fever and sharp shooting pains in the back and lower limbs. These pains, at that time, he attributed to rheumatism, but the disease soon proved to be locomotor ataxia (a congestion of the white matter of the spinal cord). In spite of the continued treatment by some of Chicago's leading and most skillful physicians, the malady increased rather than abated, until by rapid stages he came to use first a cane, then crutches and finally an invalid's wheel chair, which to this day is his only means of locomotion, as he has not been able to walk since 1878. Despite this terrible affliction, which would unnerve almost any man, he preserves a cheerful disposition, bearing his sufferings with a resignation amounting to heroism.

For years, at every change in the weather, or exposure to the slightest draft, excruciating, sharp, darting pains that cannot be described would occur, lasting often from ten to fifteen days at a time without a moment's cessation. The agony he suffered at these times was almost unendurable. No sleep could come to his relief, day or night, and his case was a most desperate and deplorable one.

So the years went on until the winter of 1892, when he was attacked with la grippe, which was so prevalent at that time. This complaint, added to his other malady, well nigh crazed him. He could neither eat nor sleep, and the best of medical talent that friends could suggest or money procure seemed powerless to help him, but on the contrary appeared to aggravate his disease.

At this unfortunate juncture a new light came into his life. Mrs. Rogers, his estimable wife, having read in the Interior Ocean of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, urged that he should try them. He confessed, however, to having little or no faith in any so-called patent medicine, but he commenced using them by taking one at a dose. In three or four days he began to crave food, which he had not done for many years before. He increased the size of the doses to two pills at a time, and in less than two weeks wanted, as he expresses it, three square meals a day.

Gradually but perceptibly his general health improved, his bowels became regular and the horrible pains with which he had been afflicted, began slowly but surely to diminish in their intensity, until now they have greatly subsided and he feels like another man.

While it is true that Mr. Rogers is far from being well and robust, yet his general health is so much improved that he is greatly encouraged and daily returns thanks to a kind Providence for the remedy so fortunately furnished him.

Mr. Rogers resides at 691 Jackson boulevard, on the corner of Western avenue, in one of the pleasantest spots on the West Side. As for Mrs. Rogers herself, who was the first to suggest the use of the Pink Pills, and other members of the household, who are thoroughly familiar with all the details of the case, they cannot but marvel at the efficacy of the remedy and do not understand why such an apparently simple medicine should produce such wonderful results, exceeding by far their most sanguine expectations.

Having read the foregoing, I hereby certify that the facts in my case are as stated therein.

(Signed) CHAS. A. ROGERS.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this twenty-ninth day of October, 1895.

A. F. PORTMAN, Notary Public.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, etc. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing Dr. Williams' Med. Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

When the Summer Breeze
Blows through the trees, most of us who can set off for a country jaunt. Fewer cross the Atlantic. Whether it is business or pleasure calls one from home, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the best accompaniment of a voyage or an outing. Yachtsmen, sea captains, commercial travelers and emigrants concur in this opinion. The Bitters is unrivaled for bilious, malarial, dyspeptic or liver disorder.

Postal Orders in England.

More than 40,000,000 of postal orders are now issued annually in England, and the amount thus sent through the post exceeds 16,000,000 pounds.

World's Columbian Exposition

Will be of value to the world by illustrating the improvements in the mechanical arts, and eminent physicians will tell you that the progress in medicinal agents has been of equal importance, and as a strengthening laxative that Syrup of Figs is far in advance of all others.

The coal fields of the United States have an area of nearly 200,000 square miles, or ten times that of all the other coal-producing countries in the world.

Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Is taken internally. Price 75 cents.

Mr. Selous, the greatest African huntsman, himself pronounces his name as if it almost were written "S'loo."

A pearl-like purity of color, closely resembling the enchantment of early twilight; thus was her complexion made radiant by Glenn's Sulphur Soap.

Hollow glass bricks are now in use in Paris buildings.

People with hair that is continually falling out, or those that are bald, can stop the falling, and get a good growth of hair by using Hall's Hair Renewer.

I never used so quick a cure as Pilo's Cure for Consumption.—J. B. Palmer, Box 1171, Seattle, Wash., Nov. 25, 1895.

FTES.—All Fists stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fists after first day's use. Malignant cures. Treat both sides. No Fists cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, OF ROXBURY, MASS.,

Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first. No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION

More diseases are produced by using brown soap than by anything else. Why run such terrible risks when you know that Lubin's Floating Bar Soap is absolutely pure? Your grocer has it or will get it for you. In red wrappers only.

Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP for Children teething: softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

Nature's Beauty Spots

Are nowhere so prominent as in the East.

The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway

will take you there without fatigue or annoyance. Visit Chautauque, Niagara, the Adirondacks, Catskills, Lake George, Thousand Islands, the Hudson or Sea Shore resorts. An ideal vacation. Refreshing rest, with variety of choice enough to satisfy every one. Booklet, giving complete information as to routes, rates, etc., FREE!

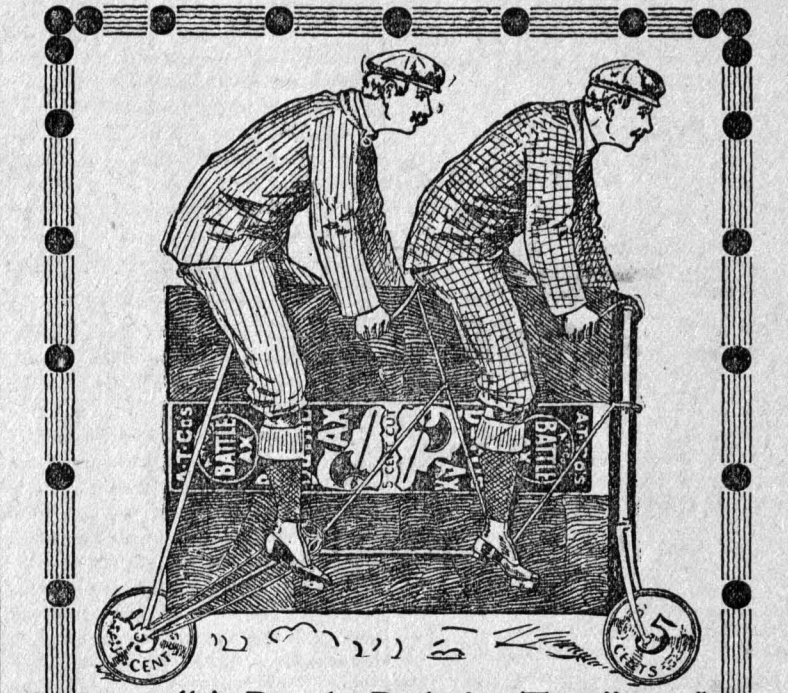
C. K. WILBER, Western P. A. CHICAGO

Binder Twine

Largest sellers in the world. Samples & prices free. Write MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., 111 to 115 Michigan Ave., Chicago.

C. N. U. No. 28-98

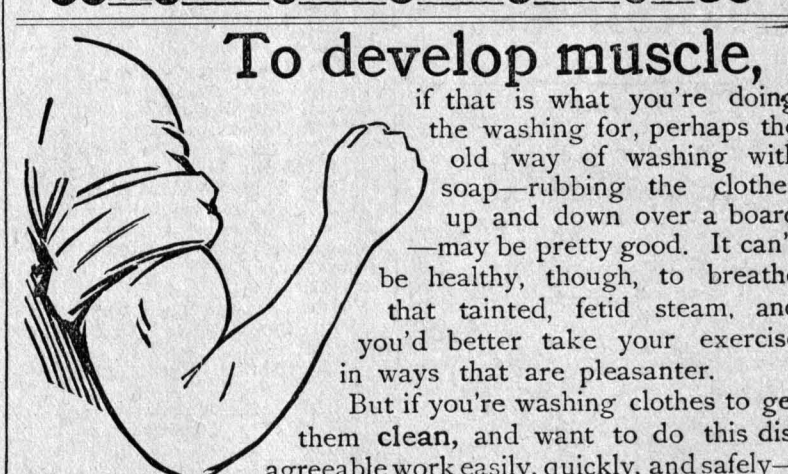
WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please say you saw the advertisement in this paper.



"A Bicycle Built for Two."

BattleAx PLUG

Five cents' worth of "BATTLE AX" will serve two chewers just about as long as 5 cents' worth of other brands will serve one man. This is because a 5 cent piece of "BATTLE AX" is almost as large as the 10 cent piece of other high grade brands.



do it with Pearline. And one of the strongest points about Pearline's washing is its saving—its economy.

Millions NOW USE Pearline

"He that Works Easily Works Successfully." 'Tis Very Easy to Clean House With

SAPOLIO POND'S

USE POND'S EXTRACT OINTMENT FOR PILES.

GENUINE IN OUR BOTTLES OF BUFF WRAPPERS. OUR NAME, POND'S EXTRACT CO., NEW YORK AND LONDON.

EXTRACT

The Best

of all Cough Medicines is Dr. Acker's English Remedy. It will stop a cough in one night, check a cold in one day, prevent croup, relieve asthma, and cure consumption, if taken in time. It is made on honor, from the purest ingredients and contains neither opium nor morphine. If the little ones have croup or whooping cough, use it promptly. *****
Three Sizes—25c., 50c. and \$1 per bottle.
At Druggists.
ACKER MEDICINE CO.,
16 and 18 Chambers Street, New York.

LOOK HERE!

WALLPAPER AND WINDOW SHADES.

We are strictly in this spring with the largest and prettiest stock of

WALLPAPER AND WINDOW SHADES

In town. Oh! My, how cheap these goods are selling this spring. It will almost knock you down to know how cheap you can buy them of

J. W. ARMSTRONG.

West Side Drugstore,
Middleville, Mich.

GARDEN SEEDS.

For Fresh Garden Seeds in bulk or papers go to

A. M. GARDNER'S

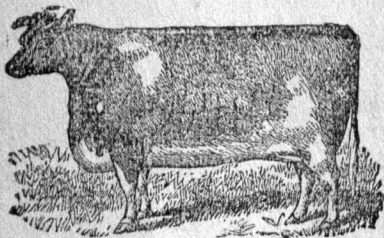
Where you will also find a full stock of Choice and Staple

Groceries.

FOR

Lumber, Lath
and Shingles,
Land Plaster,
Lime,
Cement
Brick,
HARD AND SOFT
COAL
CALL AT
J. R. COOK'S LUMBER YARD,
Middleville, Mich.

A Complete Newspaper and Periodical Subscription Agency is carried on at the Middleville News Stand, where you will also find a complete line of Law and School Blanks and Stationery.



Persons having Fat Stock to sell will please leave word at the market.

Bring your Dressed Veal and Poultry to this market. Poultry must be full dressed.

C. CLEVER.

THE MIDDLEVILLE SUN

Entered at the Middleville, Mich., Postoffice as second-class matter.

THURSDAY, JUNE 4, 1896.

The latter part of May, Los Angeles, Cal., enjoyed the temperature of 112 degrees in the shade. This must make Michigan tourists think of "Michigan, my Michigan."

The river and harbor bill vetoed by President Cleveland was on the 2d inst. passed over the veto by a vote of 220 to 60. Thus the house of representatives showed its contempt for the president and its indifference to his views and opinions. The irreverent house roared boisterously.

Governor Rich has issued a proclamation to the people of Michigan, calling upon them to come to the rescue of those made destitute by the cyclone which recently devastated portions of Oakland and Macomb counties. The Hon. W. G. Hinman of Pontiac has been designated to receive and distribute donations, as he has a personal acquaintance with nearly every sufferer. He says money is most needed now to hire necessary help to clear the fields and build fences and erect shelter for the people, and stock is necessary in some instances; to pay neighbors for entertainment, which has been generously given, but which has already impoverished them and which it will be impossible for them to continue without compensation. Almost anything which can be used in the line of clothing, furniture, food, etc., will be acceptable. The governor asks the people to do as they would like to be done by under similar circumstances. Mayors of cities and officers of villages and townships are asked to give this matter immediate attention.

Queer, isn't it? How the citizens of Middleville and farmers in the surrounding country are willing to sit with folded arms and see Hastings and other adjoining towns and road districts take up the matter of good roads which is year by year drawing trade from our village that rightfully belongs to us. In this township the highway commissioner is obliged to pay from six to twelve cents per load for gravel while in all directions from the county seat the good roads commissioners have little or no trouble in getting a sufficient quantity donated for highway purposes. We doubt if there is a farm, especially east or south of the village having gravel on it but what would be enhanced in value enough to more than cover the cost of the gravel at any reasonable price if the sandy roads were given a coat free, to the extent of six or eight yards of gravel to the rod. One great trouble in highway work is where gravel is used it is only put on in a thin sparing way and is of little effect. It is high time our merchants and business men in general awakened to their interests as well as the farmers to their's in the matter of good roads.

BACK NUMBERS OF BULLETINS.

Copies of the following Station Bulletins only are still on hand and will be sent to farmers free while they last, on application. They are in neat pamphlet form and contain much valuable matter.

- No. 65. Planting for Honey.
67. Fruit Tests at South Haven Station.
68. The Jack-pine Plains.
69. Feeding Steers of Different Breeds.
73. Kerosene Emulsion. Some New Insects.
77. Comparing the Yield of Old Meadows with those Recently Planted.
78. Glanders and Farcy.
79. Vegetable Tests.
88. Fruit Report.
90. Vegetable Tests.
98. Locusts and the Horn Fly.
103. Peach and Plum Culture.
105. Michigan Fruit List.
- 113-16. (In one volume.) Fattening Lambs. Rape as a Forage Plant. Management of Swamp Lands. Insects in the Clover Field.
117. Millet.
118. Fruits at South Haven.
121. Pests of the Orchard and Garden.
125. Crimson Clover and Other Topics.
126. Fertilizer Analyses.
- 127-28. Dairy Records. Fattening Lambs.
- 129-30. Fruits at South Haven. Fruits at the Agricultural College.
- Address, I. H. BUTTERFIELD, Sec., Agricultural College, Mich.

"THE PEOPLE'S BIBLE HISTORY."

This great work which has just been issued by The Henry O. Shepard Company, of Chicago, Illinois, is a division of the Bible into fifteen sections, each section being written of by the most profound scholar in the world whose mental bent and experience has fitted him to its consideration. Not only that, the writing of each of the sections has been done in harmony with the rest, under the able editorial care of Rev. George C. Lorimer, LL.D., of the Temple, Boston, Massachusetts. Writers of eminence in all the great centers of learning in Europe and America concentrate their Biblical learning in this remarkable book. Of it the president of Boston University, William F. Warren, D. D., says: "I think the general public are to be congratulated when such an international group of scholars unite in an effort to present the sublime story recorded in the Bible. The work

is sure to be a treasured possession in thousands of Christian homes."

It has been prepared with all the taste and skill for which the press of The Henry O. Shepard Company has become famous. The illustrations are superb in their beauty of conception and execution. The type is new and beautifully clear and the binding perfect. The popular edition is procurable in cloth, in half Russia, and in full Russia. Agents are wanted. An edition de luxe has also been brought out, containing 1,283 pages and 200 full-page illustrations and maps. 23-1

LATE LITERARY NEWS.

The Decoration-Day number of the New York Ledger, with its four cover pages and its newly increased number of inside pages, is a marvel of cheapness even in this age of low-priced literature. There is no extra charge for the special numbers which are issued on every holiday, and which contain a rich table of contents inclosed with a cover of surpassing beauty.

THE JUNE ARENA.

The June Arena opens its 16th volume, appearing in a new dress, and being printed by Skinner, Bartlett & Co. It is an unusually strong number, opening with a brilliant paper by Rev. Samuel Barrows, D. D., the distinguished editor of the "Christian Register" of Boston, on "The First Pagan Critic of Christian Faith and His Anticipation of Modern Thought."

Justice Walter Clark, LL.D. of the Supreme Bench of North Carolina, contributes an instructive and delightful paper on Mexico, the interest of which is enhanced by several excellent illustrations, including a recent portrait of the President of the Mexican Republic. The President of the Mercantile National Bank of New York contributes "A Proposed Platform for American Independents for 1896," which illustrates how strongly the silver movement is taking hold of Eastern financiers no less than the mass of voters in the South and West. Recently Jay Cook, the veteran banker, who floated the government bonds in 1861, at the time of our sorest need, came out boldly for free silver. Mr. St. John, who has made finance a study for more than twenty years, and who is president of a bank having a capital of \$1,000,000, is no less pronounced on this subject.

Another paper of special merit, on "Bimetallism," appears in this number by A. J. Utley. It is able and from a silver point of view very convincing.

These are by no means the full quota of the strong attractions of this brilliant number of America's great progressive, reformative and liberal review.

REVIEW OF REVIEWS.

Dr. Albert Shaw gives his impressions of "St. Louis; This Year's Convention City," in the June Review of Reviews. With all due concessions to Chicago, Dr. Shaw succeeds in making out a strong case for the Missouri town. Among other interesting facts, he shows that St. Louis is now more thoroughly under republican control than any of our larger cities, not even excepting Philadelphia. His article is copiously illustrated; there is an excellent view of the convention hall, with a diagram of the seating arrangements. On sale at the Middleville News Stand.

In the Spring the young man's fancy lightly turns to thoughts of—DeWitt's Little Early Risers, for they always cleanse the liver, purify the blood, and invigorate the system. Dr. Nelson Abbott.

Twenty-one students have just graduated from the state school for the deaf at Flint.

Mr. James Perdue, an old soldier residing at Monroe, Mich., was severely afflicted with rheumatism but received prompt relief from pain by using Chamberlain's Pain Balm. He says: "At times my back would ache so badly that I could hardly raise up. If I had not gotten relief I would not be here to write these few lines. Chamberlain's Pain Balm has done me a great deal of good and I feel very thankful for it." For sale by J. W. Armstrong, druggist. 23-4

Trying to do business without advertising is like winking at a pretty girl through a pair of green goggles. You may know what you are doing, but nobody else does.—F. B. Thurber.



**PERFECT PURITY
SUPERIOR STRENGTH
MODERATE PRICE**

Notice for Hearing Claims.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.
COUNTY OF BARRY, ss.
Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Barry, made on the 24th day of May, A. D. 1896, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Manley A. Baldwin, late of said county deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate office, in the city of Hastings, for examination and allowance, on or before the 30th day of November next, and that such claims will be heard before said court on Saturday, the 29th day of August, and on Monday, the 26th day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of those days. Dated May 29th, A. D. 1896.
CHAS. W. ARMSTRONG,
Judge of Probate.

All patrons of the SUN who have probate or other legal advertising to do are requested to give this paper their work. Please bear this in mind. *

Readers of THE SUN answering advertisements found in its columns will please send the advertisement was "Read in THE MIDDLEVILLE SUN." *

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Henry F. Ingram and Elizabeth, his wife, to George Guest, bearing date December sixth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for Barry county, Michigan, on the fourteenth day of December aforesaid at half past four o'clock in the afternoon, in Liber forty of mortgages, on page twenty-six, upon which said mortgage the debt secured therein and thereby by the terms of said mortgage, that if any interest shall become due and remain unpaid for thirty days thereafter, then the mortgage and interest shall forthwith become due and collectable at the option of the party of the second part and the said party of the second part having, by virtue of his option, declared the whole amount of said mortgage due at once, and there being now due on said mortgage the sum of thirteen hundred and twenty-five dollars (\$1325), by reason of said option and declaration, and also an attorney fee of thirty-five dollars, stipulated and agreed in the said mortgage, to be paid as often as any proceedings should be taken to foreclose said mortgage, in addition to all other legal costs, by which default the power of sale in said mortgage contained, has become operative; and, whereas, no suit or proceeding has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, and by said mortgage or any part thereof, Notice is therefore hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit: All those certain pieces of land and situate in the townships of Irving in the County of Barry and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit: The north half of the south-west quarter and twenty acres from the north side of the south half of the south-west quarter of section three (3) town four (4) north range nine (9) west, containing one hundred acres of land more or less, to be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, on Saturday, the fifteenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, at the north front door of the court house, in the city of Hastings in said Barry county (that being the place wherein is held the circuit court for the County of Barry) at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, to satisfy said debt, interest, attorney fee and the costs of this foreclosure.

May nineteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six. GEORGE GUEST, Mortgagor.

Wm. L. Cobb, Attorney for said Mortgagee. 21-13

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the payment and conditions of a certain mortgage made and executed by Horace C. Wood and Martha E. Wood of Irving, Michigan, to State Bank of Middleville, of Middleville, Michigan, dated the 10th day of April, A. D. 1894, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for the County of Barry and State of Michigan on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1894, in Liber 38 of Mortgages, on page 288. On which mortgage it was claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred and twenty-three and sixty-nine one-hundredths dollars, and also the further sum of two thousand dollars and interest thereon from April 10th, A. D. 1896, yet to become due, together with an attorney fee of twenty-five dollars, and costs of proceedings either at law or in equity having been instituted to recover said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given, that I shall sell at public auction, subject to the payment of principal of two thousand dollars and interest thereon, on said mortgage, to the highest bidder, at the north front door of the Court House, in the City of Hastings, (that being the place where the Circuit Court for the County of Barry is held) on Saturday, the 11th day of July, A. 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IF YOU WANT TO SAVE DOLLARS
AND CENTS BUY YOUR

Clothing and Shoes

AT SCHONDELMAYER BROS.

Good Suits for - \$5 00, \$6 00, \$7 00
Four Shades (All Wool) Suits worth \$10 for - 8 00
Best American Worsteds and
Frocks (20 Different Shades) worth \$12 and \$15
Now - \$9 00, \$10 00, \$11 00, \$12 00
Boys' and Youths' Suits from 50c to \$10 00
Boys' Knee Pants from 14c to 75c

We have an elegant trade on suits—all new goods—no old stock to close out.

SHOES SHOES SHOES

We have shoes for ladies, gents and children. Men's fine shoes, good value, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 \$2.00 to \$4.50
Ladies see our \$2.00 shoes, just arrived
The world's best for the money.

YOURS FOR SQUARE DEALING.

SCHONDELMAYER BROS.

MY WAGON SHOP

Is now located next door to Coats & Burr's blacksmith shop. For

SLEIGH AND WAGON REPAIRS

And general wood work give me a call.

GEORGE SANFORD.

IF YOU THINK OF BUYING A

Lumber : Wagon,

CALL AND SEE OUR

Extra Easy Running

First-Class Wagon.

WE ARE SELLING AT BOTTOM PRICES.

Blacksmithing and Woodworking at Reasonable Rates.

DIETRICH & BRISTOW.

East Main St., Middleville.

TUBULAR WELLS.

All parties wanting a Tubular Well or an OPEN WELL will save money by securing us. All repairing a specialty. We warrant all our work. All parties wanting BUILDINGS MOVED or raised or wanting JACK-SCREWS, call on us. Leave orders at residence, Arlington St., Middleville, Mich.

PENDER & GALE.

WHEN IN NEED OF A

BICYCLE,

BICYCLE SUNDRIES

OR

BICYCLE REPAIRING

CALL ON

C. E. STOKOE.

Call at....

F. MEISSNER'S

FOR

FRESH BAKED GOODS,
CONFECTIONERY AND
ICE CREAM.

LUNCHEONS
AT ALL HOURS.

ICE-CREAM SERVED ON SATUR-
DAY P. M. AND SUNDAY.

Open Sunday from 9 to 11 a. m., and
2 to 9 p. m.

HORSE-SHOEING A SPECIALTY

At C. Schondelmayer's.

Shop on West Main Street.
Watering Trough Corner.

For Wagon and General Re-
pairing, call on

C. L. JOHNSON.

At C. Schondelmayer's.

CENTRAL BARBER SHOP.

We have them. What? All the latest
Styles in work that will please you.
Our shop is refitted with all new furni-
ture that is up-to-date.

A FINE LINE OF CIGARS ALWAYS
ON HAND.
LAUNDRY
Goes to Baxter Every Wednesday.
CALL AND SEE US.

FRENCH & KRAFT.

Jaxon Soap hurts no fabric. 4

It pays to trade with SUN advertisers.
Jaxon Pure Baking Powder leavens
best.

Eat ice-cream with the base ball boys
on Saturday.

The Coman cemetery has had a slight
touch, lost a few briars.

A large line of new Belt Buckles just
received at Campbell's.

C. Clever is paying 3 cts. per pound
for calves, live weight. 22-2 *

Attend the opening at Streeter's
landing, Gun Lake, June 6.

Loyd Clever rides an "America"
bicycle bought of C. E. Stokoe.

Mark M. (Brick) Pomeroy died at his
home in Brooklyn last Saturday.

Ed Skiff recently purchased the "St.
Dennis" mare of Dr. Parkhurst.

Mr. Haley rides in a new carriage
bought of W. D. Gardner & Sons.

The lady bicyclists to the number of
about a dozen had a parade Monday
evening.

Iva Adam of Caledonia has bought a
lumber wagon manufactured by Schon-
delmayer and Johnson.

We are indebted to Elmer Annison
for a box of very fine large strawber-
ries, one of which measured 4 1/2 inches
in circumference.

Bills are out announcing the play,
"Toodles and Jumbo Jum," to be given
at Smith's hall, Bowen's Mills, Friday,
June 12, at 4 p. m.

Del and Ed Benaway have completed
the job of papering the Masonic and
new G. A. R. rooms in the rink build-
ing, which is a fine improvement for
both societies.

The George A. Barker will has been
set aside in the Kent county circuit
court. The New Jerusalem church, to
which the entire estate of \$25,000 was
willed, will carry the case to the su-
preme court.

The Michigan Tradesman says: "Ev-
ery kind of advertising pays, from
chalking your name on the sidewalk to
artistically printing it upon the sum-
mit of a mountain, but for the retail
dealer nothing takes the place of, or
brings such quick returns as, the use of
the local newspaper in his immediate
vicinity.

If you are inclined to feel dissatisfied
with THE SUN in any way, we would
ask you to give it a careful reading,
then read all the other papers of the
county and see if it don't average up.
We do not claim to print the best paper
in Barry county, but are trying to give
our readers a first-class paper consider-
ing the field.

In the Ionia county circuit court
Monday, the case of the Ionia, Eaton
and Barry farmers' insurance company
against Ezekiah Woodworth was dis-
missed on account of some irregularity
in the proceedings. This is a test case
to determine the legality of certain as-
sessment and will be carried to the su-
preme court.

The city dailies in each edition give
heart-rending accounts of the terrible
suffering of those crushed and other-
wise wounded in that most terrible cy-
clone which visited St. Louis, devastat-
ing from fifteen to twenty millions of
property with a death toll reaching
into the hundreds. See inside page for
extended account.

Memorial Day was a very quiet one
in our village, the only demonstration
being that of sixteen members of the
G. A. R. Post marching to the cem-
etry to the beat of drums where they,
after a short ceremony, decked with
flowers the graves of their comrades.
The Post took the 11:03 train for Par-
melee where more extensive exercises
were held as reported in the correspon-
dence from that place.

The examination of candidates for a
cadetship at the Naval Academy was
held in the court room in Hastings yester-
day. There were twelve candidates
but the Middleville boy, James Ack-
erson, came out the winner. He not only
had the best physical form but averaged
the highest at the examination; his
average was a fraction over 97 per cent.
James says he never worked harder in
his life, not even stopping to go to din-
ner. The examining board recom-
mended to Congressman Thomas, James
L. Ackerson for the vacant cadetship.
The candidate is a perfect specimen of
physical manhood, bright and active
and will ably represent this congres-
sional district at Uncle Sam's big naval
school. C. N. Roach of Paw Paw was
recommended as alternate. The rules
of the institution allow its cadets to
visit home one month each year and
pays a salary of \$500 over and above all
expenses. So enthusiastic were Jim's
associates that they met him at the
evening train with a plank and chair
and carried him to his home where
they sang several songs before taking
their departure.

The following is a partial report of
work at the Cold Spring creamery dur-
ing the first four months of this year:
Milk received from Jan. 1 to May 1,
four months, 862,498 lbs., from which
39,987 lbs. of butter were made, of
which 1746 1/2 lbs. were withdrawn by the
patrons and the balance, 38,243 lbs.,
shipped and sold. Paid patrons and
haulers, \$5,602.47. Average price paid
for butter from Jan. 1 to May 1, 19 43-100
cents per pound.

A. HANLON,
S. J. WEBER,
Auditing Com.

Monday evening a reception was held
in the church parlors for Miss Gertie
Shay who is about to take her depart-
ure from our midst for the benefit of
her health. A large number were
present and a program consisting of
recitations and vocal music was ren-
dered after which Rev. Mr. Appleton
presented in behalf of her Sunday
school class an autograph album con-
taining their names. Also the Sunday
school in general gave her a present.
Altogether it was a pleasant gathering
yet fraught with regret that we are to
lose so valuable a member from the
church society. May success follow
her and her health be regained is the
wish of her many friends.

FOR SALE—Good double buggy, plat-
form springs, at Geo. Sanford's. 23-3

FOUND—A portion of watch chain
charm. Owner call at SUN office, de-
scribe property and pay for this ad. 23-2

SUMMER SCHOOL.

The Middleville Summer School will
begin June 29. Algebra, physics and
the third grade branches will be taught.
Tuition \$4.00 for the term of five weeks.
23-1 A. O. WILKINSON.

PERSONAL POINTS.

G. L. Matteson was in the Rapids
Sunday.

Miss Kittie Beard is sewing for May
Blackmer.

J. E. Ackerson was in Allegan on
business, Friday.

Mrs. Walter Foster is visiting friends
in Grand Rapids.

Glenn Gale is clerking in Dr. Nelson
Abbott's drug store.

Robbie Garrett went to Grand Rap-
ids Friday on business.

Albert Fredenberg of Grand Rapids
was in the village Decoration Day.

Homer McDowell of Holt has been
visiting in this locality for a few days.

Attorney J. E. Barrell of Hastings
was in the village on business Monday.

Mrs. J. P. Ferguson was in Grand
Rapids Friday, the guest of her son, R.
M.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Combs and Mrs.
W. E. Keeler drive over to Lowell to-
day.

Mrs. Spangemacher of Hastings was
calling on friends in the village yester-
day.

Mrs. Chas. Curtis is stopping for a
time with her daughter in Grand Rap-
ids.

It is reported that Mrs. Beck east of
the village has received \$450 back pen-
sion.

Mrs. Libbie Allen has returned from
Los Angeles, Cal., to her home in De-
troit.

Miss Libbie Broughton has gone to
Shultz for a three weeks' visit with her
father.

Mrs. C. M. Paull went to Grand Rap-
ids today on a two weeks' visit with
friends.

Harry Guileman of Wasepi was the
guest of his parents the latter part of
last week.

Miss Fannie Smith of Grand Rapids
was a guest at M. A. Dietrich's, Deco-
ration Day.

Mrs. C. H. Bishop of Hastings is the
guest of her sisters Mesdames Blake
and Liebler.

Samuel F. Gould who has been con-
fined to his bed the past week by illness
is improving.

Mr. and Mrs. Harman Bradley of
Battle Creek are guests of G. W. Dex-
ter and family.

A. E. Southwick and wife spent the
fore part of the week with relatives
near Charlotte.

Mrs. Elijah Bowman of Green lake
is the guest of her daughter, Mrs.
W. J. Hayward.

George Peer and wife have been vis-
iting the latter's sister and other
friends in Climax.

Mrs. Green of Hastings spent Mon-
day and Tuesday with her daughter,
Mrs. G. E. Gardner.

Mrs. W. D. Gardner returned yester-
day from an extended visit in the east-
ern part of the state.

Mrs. Mary Pumfrey of Grand Rapids
was calling on friends in the village
Monday and Tuesday.

Alvin Clever of Nashville was the
guest of his uncle, C. Clever, and fam-
ily the first of the week.

Mrs. J. Allen of Byron Centre was
the guest of her sister, Mrs. Wm.
Guileman, Decoration Day.

Chandy Caldwell has secured a situ-
ation as conductor on one of the elec-
tric street car lines in Chicago.

Prof. A. O. Wilkinson was in Has-
tings yesterday acting on the board of
examiners for the Naval Academy.

Levis Sterns of Chicago, a former
merchant of Hastings, called on his
friend Ed Blake and family yesterday.

Miss Clara Sylvester and E. D. Mat-
teson of Nashville were in attendance
at the Dexter-Haven wedding last even-
ing.

O. J. Dietrich of Grand Rapids was
the guest of his brothers, C. H. and
M. A. Dietrich, and families over Sun-
day.

B. L. Johnson drove over to Lansing
on Monday for a few days' visit. H. B.
Hanlon fills his position during his ab-
sence.

Jas. Whitney of Grand Rapids was in
the village Saturday and assisted the
G. A. R. Post in decorating the graves
of our dead heroes.

Mrs. Judd Stark was in the village
Wednesday to attend the wedding of
Miss Nellie Dexter. Mr. Polly, brother-
in-law, accompanied her from Del-
ton, her present home.

A letter from Mr. Tegeler under date
of June 2 says he will be in Middleville
the latter part of this week. The con-
tinued severe illness of his wife has
prevented an earlier return.

Hon. M. S. Keeler leaves today on a
business trip to Cincinnati, Louisville
and other central cities. He goes to
St. Louis to attend the republican
national convention before returning
home.

Duty of Church to Home Missions"
will be the subject of Rev. H. Apple-
ton's discourse to be given at the 50th
anniversary of the Bostwick Lake Con-
gregational church on Wednesday,
June 10.

FOR SALE—Cheap. Child's bicycle,
second hand. Enquire at H. L. Moore's
residence. 22-1

TOOL Steel Bearings in a bicycle is a pretty
good thing to have. A FEW makers use
tool steel cones, cut from solid bar and tem-
pered in oil, but about nine out of ten use ma-
chine steel cones and can harden them. Of
course you know that one Tool Steel cone is
worth a whole handful of the other. All 1894,
1895 and 1896 **Clippers** have Tool Steel cones,
and the company will replace free of charge any
of these cones that show the slightest defect or
wear at any time. This guarantee has no limit.
All they want is the defective part. It is possi-
ble to get a poor cone once in a great while, even
made as **Clippers** are. But when a defective
cone from other wheels would not be wondered
at (they are so plenty) a poor cone from a Clip-
per at once attracts special attention on account
of their very rarity. Indeed, they are so few
and far between that when other dealers (that
do not handle **Clippers**) can get hold of such a
cone they make it a special attraction. We
advise our friends to call and see for themselves
whenever they have such an opportunity offered
by competitors. We sell **Clippers**, the very
best all-around wheel at the price on the market,
and more of them are used in Michigan than any
other four kinds combined.

J. E. ACKERSON.

Sheep Cooper's Dipping Powder

Destroys all Ticks
Stops the Fly.
Prevents and Cures
Scab.
Promotes Growth of
Wool.
Makes Sheep Fat.

For Sale By

DR. NELSON ABBOTT,
DRUGGIST.

BUY STATIONERY

At the Middleville News Stand.

Subscribe for THE MIDDLEVILLE SUN.

ANOTHER OPPORTUNITY

....For....

CLOTHING & BUYERS

To buy what they want in
this line for a little cash.

Men's light colored wool suits worth \$7 00 at	\$5 00
Men's gray mixed wool suits worth 9 00 at	6 75
Men's black and blue Cheviots worth 10 00 at	7 50
Men's black and col'd clay worsted suits worth - - - 13 00 at	10 00
The very finest dress suits worth 20 00 at	15 00

PANTS

One lot of men's odd pants worth \$2.50
to \$3.00 at - - - 2.00

A large assortment of \$4 and \$5
summer pants at - - - \$3.50

Youths' and boys' clothing selling at
same low prices. It will pay you to
examine our Clothing and note prices
before you buy.

SHOES.

If you are after the best footwear for the
money, we can please you. A close
examination of our \$2 Ladies' Fine
Shoes will always sell them for they
have the style, finish and durability of
the high priced ones. We buy in large
quantities and sell all footwear at close
figures.

M. S. KEELER & CO.

THE MIDDLEVILLE SUN

J. W. SAUNDERS, Publisher.
MIDDLEVILLE, - - MICHIGAN.

SATAN IS IN CHICAGO.

SO SAY THE PRESBYTERIANS IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Are Going Next Year to See His Horns—Congress Prompt to Act at St. Louis—The Death Roll—Prohibitionists Split at Pittsburg.

Say the Devil is in Chicago. The Cumberland Presbyterian general assembly at Birmingham, Ala., by a unanimous vote decided Thursday to meet next year in Chicago. One of the ministers, in seconding the nomination of that city, remarked that the "devil is in Chicago and we must go after him." Rev. W. C. Logan, of Mount Vernon, Ill., extended the invitation in the name of the First Cumberland Church of Chicago, and Dr. J. M. Halsell, for Texas; L. B. McClellan, for California, and G. N. Wall, for Arkansas, all seconded the nomination and made stirring speeches in favor of the choice. The sentiment was unanimous and Chicago was chosen without a dissenting voice.

TENTS FOR THE HOMELESS

Will Undoubtedly Be Loaned by the Federal Government.

Representative Joy, of St. Louis, drew a resolution which Speaker Reed permitted him to call up in the House Thursday morning, and which Mr. Joy will endeavor to have introduced in the Senate. It follows: "Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be and he is hereby authorized to lend the Mayors of the cities of St. Louis and East St. Louis, under such regulations and restrictions as he may deem proper, a sufficient number of tents to temporarily shelter such citizens of said cities as may have lost their homes by the tornado." The House adopted the resolution authorizing the Secretary of War to afford temporary relief to St. Louis sufferers. The St. Louis horror was the theme of a touching and eloquent prayer by Rev. Dr. Milburn, the blind chaplain of the Senate, at the opening of the session. "O, God," he prayed, "we stand aghast at the awful tokens of thy power and majesty. The earth is shaken and trembles and the foundations of the hills are shaken." Divine mercy was invoked for the stricken city of St. Louis, succor for the maimed and afflicted, strength and aid to those ministering relief, and protection from another visitation of divine wrath. Almost the sole topic of conversation among the members of the House was the St. Louis tornado. Members stood about in groups and discussed the horrible details. The St. Louis members, Messrs. Cobb, Bartholdt and Joy, and Mr. Murphy, of Illinois, who lives in East St. Louis, were almost frantic with anxiety.

DEATH'S AWFUL HARVEST.

List of Slain Grew Rapidly into the Hundreds and Still Increasing.

Four hundred and sixty-three dead and 718 injured is the awful story of Wednesday's cyclone. Time will swell the list. Though the sorrowful work of the enumerators was but begun, this table shows their grewsome totals at midnight Thursday night:

	Killed.	Injured.
St. Louis.....	300	300
East St. Louis.....	150	300
Audrain County, Mo.....	25	25
New Baden, Ill.....	13	24
Birkens, Ill.....	4	Many
Boyd, Ill.....	2	8
Irrington, Ill.....	1	5
Hoyleton, Ill.....	8	Many
Mascoutah, Ill.....	1	Many
Jefferson City, Ill.....	5	Many
Fairfield, Ill.....	1	3
Warsaw, Ind.....	2	5
Centerville, Iowa.....	3	8
Pennsylvania.....	8	40
Total.....	463	718

National League Standing.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the National Baseball League:

	W. L.	W. L.
Cincinnati.....	22	11
Cleveland.....	19	10
Boston.....	19	13
Baltimore.....	17	12
Pittsburg.....	17	12
Philadelphia.....	14	15
Louisville.....	7	25

Standing of Western League.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the Western League:

	W. L.	W. L.
Detroit.....	20	8
Kansas City.....	16	11
St. Paul.....	15	11
Milwaukee.....	17	14
Grand Rapids.....	7	22

Prohibitionists Split.

The national prohibition convention at Pittsburg resulted in a split. By a vote of 427 to 387 the narrow gauge members of the party won their fight to confine the platform to the single issue of hostility to the liquor traffic. The silver men made good their threat to bolt if they were defeated, and met in separate convention. The regular convention nominated Joshua P. Levering, the millionaire coffee merchant of Baltimore, as its choice as President. Hale Johnson, of Illinois, was nominated as his running mate.

Nordica Marries a Tenor.

Mrs. Lillian B. Overton, known over the country as Nordica, and a singer of rare gifts, was quietly married in Indianapolis, Ind., to Zaltain F. Doene, a tenor singer whom she met something over a year ago at a German watering place. Nordica had been singing at the May festival.

Murderer Ellington Hanged.

Ellington, murderer of Briggs, was hanged at Boise, Idaho, Wednesday. He walked firmly to the gallows and maintained, as ever, that the killing was in self-defense. It was only twenty minutes from the fall of the drop till he was in his coffin on the way to the cemetery.

Confirmed by the Senate.

Senate in executive session confirmation of Dominic I. Mur-commissioner of pensions, and T. Dana to be assistant com-

CHICAGO STORM-SWEPT.

Furious Tempest of Wind and Rain Deluges City and Suburbs.

Cloudburst, with lightning and destructive wind combined in a storm that struck Chicago Sunday night and swept with unparalleled fury the whole of the upper Mississippi valley. Trees were snapped off like stalks of wheat. Houses that stood in the way of the storm were caught in the grasp of a tempest more fierce than any that has visited the Chicago region within the memory of man and were tossed like the playthings of children into wreck and confusion. Slender wires that carried the messages of telegraph and telephone were stripped from the poles and left lashing the earth on which beat the deluge of water. The cities within one hundred miles of Chicago seem all to have suffered with singular equality from the ferocity of the storm. Upon Elgin the blow seemed rather heavier, but it was chiefly because no other place presented so many chances. One man was killed in the ruins of a house that sunk like an eggshell under the blow of the hurricane. Other structures were unroofed, and bridges were damaged. Telegraph and telephone poles were driven level with the earth. Immense damage was done to the beautiful little city.

SUGAR-BOUNTY LAW HOLDS GOOD.

Supreme Court Renders a Decision in a Famous Case.

The United States Supreme Court announced its decision Monday at Washington in the sugar bounty cases of the United States vs. Gay and the Realty Company. The cases were brought to test the constitutionality of the ruling of Comptroller Bowler denying bounty to the sugar planters under the law of the last Congress. The opinion of the court was handed down by Justice Peckham and affirmed the opinion of the court below holding the sugar bounty law valid and overruling the Comptroller. The opinion was a unanimous one.

Program is Outlined.

A Washington correspondent claims to be enabled, by cabinet authority, to outline the program of the gold men at the Chicago convention. The program, which is simple, is the result of much consultation, and is endorsed by President Cleveland, says the correspondent. In a nutshell, it is to stand by two-thirds rule from first to last. Gold Democrats will go to the convention hopeful of at least a small majority. Whether they have that majority will develop early. If they have a majority they will insist that two-thirds rule must prevail as an established and inviolable Democratic principle. And by that majority, though they lack two-thirds themselves, they can hold the convention till they get two-thirds or till after the election in November. This will be expensive, but the gold men can stand it. The result will be either that the silver men will surrender or that there will be no nomination. On the other hand, should the gold men find themselves in the minority, they will still insist on the retention of the two-thirds rule. The free-silver men will probably insist that the two-thirds rule be abolished. In that event the gold men will leave the convention, organize a convention of their own, declare themselves the regular Democracy, endorse the two-thirds rule, adopt a gold platform, and place gold men on it. President Cleveland will not be that man. Should an attempt be made to nominate him some one in authority will state officially that President Cleveland will not accept the nomination, and that he forbids the use of his name. Should the third-term movement grow to large dimensions prior to the convention Cleveland will speak before the convention is held. Otherwise nothing will be heard from the President on the subject.

Underground Railway Defeated.

The appellate division of the New York Supreme Court denied a motion to confirm the report of the special commission on rapid transit appointed by the Supreme Court. This defeats the underground railway plan for New York adopted by the commission. The court's finding is based upon the fact that the cost of the plan of the commission has not been estimated and that, in any event, it would be so great that it would preclude the city for some time to come from building new schools, buying new park lands and making other public improvements. The court says: "The probabilities indicate that, after sinking \$51,000,000 (the sum which the Legislature empowered the commission to expend), in it without being able to complete it, the enterprise will have to be abandoned, since no legislation could afford relief. All that then beheld it would begin to mock, saying that this city began to build and was not able to finish."

Father and Children Perish.

Only the mother and one daughter were saved out of a family of six in the gasoline explosion at the house of Otto Malm, Chicago, Sunday, just before breakfast time. Blinded and suffocated by the fumes, the father tried to rescue his children from his burning home. He perished on the threshold, and two of the three children he attempted to save from a horrible death died later from the fearful injuries they received. The mother carried her infant out of the home, but before its burning clothing could be extinguished the child was past human aid, and died shortly afterward.

Fits Guilt to Pastor.

At Salt Lake City, Utah, Henrietta Clausen and Annie Samuelson disappeared, and a few days afterward in the basement of the First Scandinavian M. E. Church were found traces of a bloody crime. Developments have resulted in the arrest of the pastor. In his trunk were found many articles of personal property belonging to the girls. There is every evidence that the bodies of the girls were cremated in the church furnace.

Ed W. Perry Confesses.

Ed W. Perry, the murderer of the Sawyer family at Ava, Mo.—father, mother and son—has made a written confession. He says the deed was done by himself, Arthur Douglas of Springfield, Mo., and a member of Sells Brothers' and Forpaugh's circuses. Douglas has been arrested.

Edwin H. Fittler Seriously Ill.

Ex-Mayor Edwin H. Fittler, who in 1888 was placed in nomination for President at the Chicago convention, is critically ill at his home in Philadelphia. Fittler received nineteen votes in that convention.

Rain Exhumes Many Skeletons.

Recent rains have caused the opening of many Indian mounds along Clinch river, near Knoxville, Tenn., and the exposure of scores of skeletons and implements of war.

YOUNG PEOPLE WIN.

VICTORY FOR ENDEAVORERS AT SARATOGA.

Question Precipitates a Lengthy Wrangle—Awful Plunge of Excursionists to Eternity—Russia's Position in Educational Matters.

Victory for Endeavorers.

Christian Endeavor won a victory Tuesday in the Presbyterian general assembly at Saratoga, N. Y. Those interested in the movement were in the majority, and they exercised their power. They eliminated most of the report of the committee on relations of young people to the church, and discharged the committee. The sum total of the assembly's action comprised the adoption of a "statement of relations between individual societies and churches," which was expected to be read in the various societies, and of a provision for the collection of Christian Endeavor statistics. The discussion on the report on home missions shows that the assembly was on the point of an outbreak on the subject of a new Presbyterian building in New York.

TRADE SCHOOLS IN RUSSIA.

Where Young Men Are to Receive Business Training.

In looking over the field of commerce the Russians have noted the fact that there is not one Russian exporting house in any of the ports of the Black and Azov seas, the whole business of exporting in the southern part of the czar's dominions being in foreign hands. The reason assigned for this state of affairs is that the Russians are not properly fitted with commercial education. Therefore, according to United States Consul General Karal at St. Petersburg, a general movement has begun looking to the establishment of special trade schools, which will educate the Russian merchant to a point where he may hold his own against the specially trained agents of foreign firms. In these schools, which are variously supported by municipalities, merchants, societies and private companies, young men of business instincts are to be given a special education in language, political economy, commercial arithmetic and other branches of learning not particularly treated in colleges, but highly essential to the success of those who venture to engage in the world's commerce.

SIXTY FALL TO DEATH.

Car Loaded with Excursionists Falls into the River at Victoria, B. C.

A terrible accident occurred at Victoria, B. C., Tuesday. A sham fight and review was to take place at Macaulay Point, near Esquimaux, and crowds were making their way there by every route. All the train cars were packed. Two cars left Government street with more than 100 people. The first got safely over Point Ellice bridge, which crosses Victoria arm. When the other was about half way over the middle span of the bridge, about 150 feet in length, gave way and the car plunged into the water 100 feet below. The car was completely submerged, and all on board were drowned with the exception of some of those who were standing on the platform and who, escaping injury from the falling timbers, managed to save themselves by using the floating ruins of the bridge and thus got ashore. Sixty bodies had been recovered at 10 o'clock at night. Only a few of them, however, have been identified.

Mosby, the Guerrilla, is Ill.

Col. John S. Mosby, the ex-Confederate soldier, and more recently consul to Hong Kong, is lying critically ill at his home in San Francisco. He is suffering from appendicitis and his recovery is a matter of grave doubt. Last winter Col. Mosby was taken ill in Virginia, whither he went on a visit. His life was despaired of for a time, but he recovered sufficiently to return to San Francisco three months ago.

Fire Destroys Many Homes.

At Deseronto, Ont., the tie dock of Rathburn & Co. and the docks adjoining, containing large quantities of shingles, posts, hardwood, etc., were destroyed by fire. The flames spread to a flour mill, bran house, elevator and the Canoe Club boat house, and swept away almost the entire eastern portion of the town. Many persons lost all their possessions. About seventy-five families are homeless.

History Calls Him a Hero.

Capt. John Wilson, the hero of Lookout Mountain, who had long been suffering from a cancer on his face, died at his home at Station Camp, Ky., Sunday morning. He was the man who first planted the Federal flag on the summit of Lookout Mountain, and that act will go down in history as being one of chivalry and honor. He was 74 years old.

Ozar Puts on the Crown.

His majesty, the Emperor Nicolas Alexandrovitch, autocrat of all the Russias, and her majesty, the Empress Alexandra Feodorovna, were solemnly crowned Tuesday in the Cathedral of the Assumption, with the utmost ceremony, and in accordance with all the religious forms and ancient rites.

Lightning Strikes a Powder Mill.

During a heavy rain storm Tuesday evening lightning struck the Laffin-Rand powder mills at Turck, Kan., eight miles southwest of Weir City. The explosion destroyed the mill and shook the buildings at Weir City. Part of these mills were destroyed in the same way four years ago.

Governor Bradley Indicted.

At London, Ky., Gov. Bradley has been indicted by the grand jury for failure to file a description of his lands in that county under the recent tax law. It is believed the lands are not very valuable and that the Governor overlooked the fact that they were in his name.

Little Man for Big Office.

Col. Joe Leffel, the smallest perfectly formed man in the world, has announced himself as a Republican candidate for Mayor of Springfield, O., next spring. The colonel is only 46 inches tall, and is 63 years old. He served one term in the City Council.

Festival at Indianapolis.

The eighth annual Indiana music festival began Monday in Indianapolis. The festival chorus of nearly 400 trained voices has been studying the works to be given for eight months.

CHANGE FOR THE BETTER.

Trade Still Slow, but a Vast Volume Waiting to Be Released.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: "The waiting condition, which seems to some people nothing better than stagnation, still continues. But there is a difference. Thousands of orders and contracts are merely deferred because they can be more safely given a little later. There is nothing exciting in the speculative market for exportable products, and the stories about damage to wheat have been numerous, but the general belief regarding the future supply is fairly reflected in the decline of 1.62 cents per bushel. The western receipts continue larger—for three weeks 5,818,625 bushels, against 4,362,537 last year, while Atlantic exports, flour included, have been only 3,198,803 bushels for the same weeks, against 4,749,674 last year. The home market fails entirely to respond to short crop stories, for it is known that western reports indicate a crop exceeding last year's."

Death and Ruin at Palarie, Iowa.

Menger reports Monday morning state that a cyclone struck Palarie, Iowa, fifteen miles north of Des Moines, killing nine people and injuring a number. At midnight a cloudburst occurred at La-Moille, and flooded the county as if a river had been turned loose suddenly from some commanding point of vantage. Streams that were but rivulets and even little "runs" were swollen to enormous pretensions. Creeks became broad, surging rivers on the instant and the dire work of laying waste began. Railroad tracks were washed away, sections of roadbed half a mile in length were carried off on the turbulent waters like the toy boat in the hillside brook. Trestles succumbed to the flood, bridges disappeared, crops were laid waste, and havoc wrought in every conceivable form.

Queer Breach of Promise Suit.

Augusta Domagall, aged 78 years, entered suit at Pittsburg, Pa., against her son-in-law, Ludwig Sinder, aged 49 years, for breach of promise. The plaintiff alleges that her daughter, Mrs. Sinder, died last year, and a month later the defendant proposed marriage and was accepted. He now repudiates her and is about to marry another woman. She asks for \$10,000 damages. Sinder is a machinist and is quite wealthy.

Fewley Murdered at Crawford.

Captain C. E. Fewley was shot and killed at Crawford, Tex., by Gen. P. H. Robertson during a savage quarrel. Both men are prominent in politics in Texas. Robertson is a relative of Thomas Dwyer, the millionaire of Brenham, who was murdered recently by the three negroes who were hanged Wednesday. Robertson gave himself up to the authorities.

Grand Opera Kings Assign.

After an extended and brilliant career as operatic and dramatic managers, Messrs. Abbey, Schoeffel & Gran, controlling the Metropolitan Opera House and Abbey's Theater in New York and the Tremont Theater in Boston, have found themselves in serious financial difficulties and have made an assignment for the benefit of their creditors.

Pastor Kills His Church Pillar.

Rev. Kennedy Martin, of Pittsburg, Kan., pastor of the African Baptist Church, shot and killed "Deacon" Wright, a pillar of his church. He shot four bullets into the deacon, one entering his heart and another the eye. Family affairs led to the killing. Martin is in jail.

Unknown Burglar Killed.

George W. Holtzinger, of Holtz, Pa., discovered a burglar in his general merchandise store. On being apprehended by Mr. Holtzinger the burglar attempted to escape. Mr. Holtzinger called upon him to halt and then shot, killing the man instantly. He has not yet been identified.

Five Men Injured.

One of the wagons belonging to Howe's Great London circus was crossing the Pan Handle track in Chicago when it was struck by a rapidly moving switch engine and all of its five occupants were injured. Three of them may die.

Cold Drink for Thirsty Dogs.

"Tee water for dogs." This is the sign displayed before a small zinc trough in front of a physician's office in Washington. The dogs are not supposed to read, but they have discovered the water and many of them stop daily.

Killed His Wife and Himself.

At Cleveland, August Gunther, 45 years old, shot his wife, Minnie, dead, and then killed himself. The tragedy was the result of a family quarrel.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.50 to \$4.75; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.50 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 59c to 60c; corn, No. 2, 27c to 29c; oats, No. 2, 17c to 19c; rye, No. 2, 35c to 37c; butter, choice creamery, 14c to 16c; eggs, fresh, 9c to 11c; potatoes, per bushel, 12c to 20c; broom corn, \$25 to \$50 per ton for common to choice.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$4.50; hogs, choice light, \$3.00 to \$3.50; sheep, common to prime, \$2.00 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, 64c to 66c; corn, No. 1 white, 29c to 31c; oats, No. 2 white, 21c to 23c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$4.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 62c to 63c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 25c to 27c; oats, No. 2 white, 17c to 19c; rye, No. 2, 34c to 36c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$4.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.50; sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, 66c to 68c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 29c to 30c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 21c to 22c; rye, No. 2, 36c to 38c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$4.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 60c to 68c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 27c to 29c; oats, No. 2 white, 21c to 22c; rye, 34c to 36c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 red, 68c to 69c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 27c to 29c; oats, No. 2 white, 19c to 21c; rye, No. 2, 36c to 38c; clover seed, \$4.55 to \$4.65.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 59c to 60c; corn, No. 2, 27c to 29c; oats, No. 2 white, 19c to 21c; barley, No. 2, 31c to 33c; rye, No. 1, 35c to 37c; pork, mess, \$6.75 to \$7.25.

Buffalo—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$4.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$3.25 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 34c to 35c; oats, No. 2 white, 24c to 25c.

New York—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$4.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$2.00 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 68c to 69c; corn, No. 2, 34c to 35c; oats, No. 2 white, 24c to 25c; butter, creamery, 12c to 16c; eggs, Western, 11c to 13c.

OFFER THEIR BODIES.

GHOULISH PROPOSAL OF A MISSOURI COUPLE.

Have Been Married Only Three Weeks—Horrible Wholesale Butchery by a California Man—Death's Harvest at St. Louis.

An Uncanny Offer.

"Do you want to buy the bodies of myself and wife?" asked a well-dressed young man at the office of the Central Medical College at St. Joseph, Mo. He was accompanied by a pretty, young woman and said they had decided to sell their bodies for dissection. Dr. Thompson E. Potter, president of the college, asked the young man and his wife when they would deliver the bodies, and they said they could have them ready at any time. The young woman was pale, but firm, and had evidently made up her mind to follow her husband in any undertaking. The college officials informed them that they did not desire to encourage suicide, and refused to make the purchase. It was learned later that the young man is Allen Martin of Gentry County, and that he has been married to the girl who accompanied him only three weeks. No reason was given for their desire to sell their bodies to a medical college before they were dead. At the time the offer was made they were both in good health, and Dr. Potter told them they might reasonably expect to live until they were 80 years old. The young man shook his head sadly as he went away. "We will not live long," he said. Similar offers were made at the Emsworth Medical College by the young man and his bride, but they did not succeed in selling their bodies.

SIX PERSONS SLAIN.

Family of Col. R. P. McGilgley and Two Servants Murdered at Campbell, Cal.

Col. R. P. McGilgley and wife, their daughter, Mrs. James Dunham, James Wells, a son of Mrs. McGilgley; a hired woman, Minnie Schesler, and a hired man, James Briscoe, were killed at Campbell, Cal., by James Dunham, a son-in-law of Col. McGilgley, who made his escape. There was every evidence that the murdered victims had made a desperate struggle for their lives. The furniture was smashed into fragments. The last seen of Dunham he was riding rapidly toward San Jose on horseback. Family troubles are said to have caused the murder. The only being in the house who escaped alive was a baby one month old, the child of Mrs. Dunham and the alleged murderer. Col. McGilgley was one of the California commissioners to the World's Fair at Chicago.

Drug Clerk's Mistake Costs a Life.

Edward Keffer, of Chadron, Neb., died very suddenly from the effects of a dose of corrosive sublimate. Keffer was to have been married, and rode into Sturgis to get a marriage license. Not feeling well, he stopped at Fort Meade and consulted a doctor, who gave him a prescription, calling for calomel. Keffer took the prescription to a drug store in Sturgis and had it filled. The drug clerk had given him corrosive sublimate instead of calomel.

"Kangaroo Court" Enjoined.

Judge Hallett, of the United States Court at Denver, Colo., has issued an order forbidding other prisoners in the county jail interfering in any way with O. E. Miller, of Chicago, a Federal prisoner. Miller had appealed to him for protection against the "kangaroo court" which is maintained by the jail inmates and which often subjects new prisoners to severe indignities. Miller had won their enmity by his manners.

Lively Times at Pittsburg.

City police were called upon at Pittsburg to eject unruly delegates at the prohibition party's national convention Wednesday. The trouble arose over the motion of a silver delegate to substitute a broad-gauger for the single-issue man who had been chosen by the national committee for temporary chairman. He was howled down and the anti-silver crowd scored the first victory.

St. Louis Almost Comolished.

A cyclone struck St. Louis and surrounding country Wednesday evening. The heart of the city was razed, hundreds of people killed outright, and many excursion boats with passengers sunk. East St. Louis and the Eads bridge also suffered fearfully. Two Missouri villages were swept away. The property loss reaches millions.

George Anderson Kills His Wife.

George Anderson shot and killed his wife near La Plata, Ga., Wednesday, and then attempted to take his own life, but was captured. The couple had separated twice before. His wife agreed if he would secure a place near his father's she would live with him again. Anderson accepted her offer, but the killing was the result.

Slain by the Indians.

Word has been received of an attack made by a band of renegade Indians upon the Lojos ranch, near San Bernardino, Mexico. The Indians killed eighteen persons, several of them being women and children. A volunteer company of sixty men was formed and started in pursuit of the Indians.

Standard Oil Deserts Cleveland, Ohio.

It is now regarded as certain that the Standard Oil works in Cleveland, O., at one time an immense institution, will be practically abandoned and its place in the company's system be taken by works at Lima, O., and Whiting, Ind.

Mourning at Cairo.

A terrific hurricane and cloudburst struck Cairo, Ill., at 8:30 o'clock Tuesday morning. The extent of the destruction of property cannot yet be ascertained, but it is known that at least a dozen lives were lost through the capsizing of the steam ferryboat Katherine.

Drowns Children and Kills Himself.

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

HE DELIVERS AN ELOQUENT MEMORIAL DAY DISCOURSE.

Lessons from the Four Years' War of the Rebellion—The Spirit of Treachery and the Spirit of War—Self-Defense and Its Duties.

Mounds of the Dead.

What could be more appropriate or stirring than this discourse by the Rev. Dr. Talmage at the time of year when the friends of those who wore the blue and the gray have decorated the mounds of the fallen? The text was Solomon's song, iv., 4, "The tower of David builded for an army, wherein there hang a thousand bucklers, all shields of mighty men."

The church is here compared to an armory, the walls hung with trophies of dead heroes. Walk all about this tower of David, and see the dented shields, and the twisted swords, and the rusted helmets of terrible battle. So at this season, a month earlier at the South, a month later at the North, the American churches are turned into armories adorned with memories of departed heroes. Blossom and bloom, O walls, with stories of self-sacrifice and patriotism and prowess!

By unanimous decree of the people of the United States of America the graves of all the Northern and Southern dead are every year decorated. All acerbity and bitterness have gone out of the national solemnity, and as the men and women of the South one month ago floralized the cemeteries and graveyards, so yesterday we, the men and women of the North, put upon the tombs of our dead the kiss of patriotic affection. Bravery always appreciates bravery, though it fight on the other side, and if a soldier of the Federal army had been a month ago at Savannah he would not have been ashamed to march in the floral processions to the cemetery. And if yesterday a Confederate soldier was at Arlington he was glad to put a sprig of heartsease on the silent heart of our dead.

Brave Generosity.

In a battle during our last war the Confederates were driving back the Federals, who were in swift retreat, when a Federal officer dropped wounded. One of his men stopped at the risk of his life and put his arms around the officer to carry him from the field. Fifty Confederate muskets were aimed at the young man who was picking up the officer. But the Confederate captain shouted: "Hold! Don't fire. That fellow is too brave to be shot." And as the Federal officer, held up by his private soldier, went limping slowly off the field the Confederates gave three cheers for the brave private, and just before the two disappeared behind a barn both the wounded officer and the brave private lifted their caps in gratitude to the Confederate captain.

Shall the gospel be less generous than the world? We stack arms, the bayonet of our Northern gun facing this way, the bayonet of the Southern gun facing the other way, and as the gray of the morning melts into the blue of noon so the typical gray and blue of old war times have blended at last, and they quote in the language of King James' translation without any revision, "Glory to God in the highest, and on earth peace, good will to men." Now, what do we mean by this great observance?

First, we mean instruction to one whole generation. Subtract 1865, when the war ended, from our 1896, and you will realize what a vast number of people were born since the war or were so young as to have no vivid appreciation. No one under 41 years of age has any adequate memory of that prolonged horror. Do you remember it? "Well," you say, "I only remember that mother swooned away while she was reading the newspaper, and that they brought my father home wrapped in the flag, and that a good many people came in the house to pray, and mother faded away after that until again there were many people in the house, and they told me she was dead."

There are others who cannot remember the roll of a drum or the tramp of a regiment or a sigh or a tear of that tornado of woe that swept the nation again and again until there was one dead in each house. Now it is the religious duty of those who do remember it to tell those who do not. My young friends, there were such partings at rail car windows and steamboat wharfs, at front doors of comfortable homes as I pray God you may never witness. Oh, what a time it was, when fathers and mothers gave up their sons, never expecting to see them again and never did see them again until they came back mutilated and crushed and dead.

A Glance at the Past.

Four years of blood. Four years of hostile experiences. Four years of ghastliness. Four years of grave-digging. Four years of funerals, coffins, shrouds, hearse, dirges. Mourning, mourning, mourning! It was hell let loose. What a time of waiting for news! Morning paper and evening paper scrutinized for intelligence from the boys at the front. First, announcement that the battle must occur the next day. Then the news of the battle going on. On the following day still going on. Then news of 30,000 slain and of the names of the great generals who had fallen, but no news about the private soldiers. Waiting for news! After many days a load of wounded going through the town or city, but no news from our boy. Then a long list of wounded and a long list of the dead and a long list of the missing. And among the last list our boy.

When missing? How missing? Who saw him last? Missing! Missing! Was he in the woods or by the stream? How was he hurt? Missing! Missing! What burning prayers that he may yet be heard from. In that awful waiting for news many a life perished. The strain of anxiety was too great. That wife's brain gave way that first week after the battle, and ever and anon she walks the floor of the asylum or looks out of the window as though she expected some one to come along the path and up the steps as she soliloquizes: "Missing; missing."

What made matters worse, all this might have been avoided. There was no more need of that war than at this moment I should plunge a dagger through your heart. There were a few Christian philanthropists in those days, scoffed at both by North and South, who had the right of it. If they had been heard on both sides, we should have had no war and no slavery. It was advised by those Christian philanthropists, "Let the North pay in money for the slaves as property and set them free." The North said, "We cannot afford to pay." The South said, "We will not sell the slaves anyhow." But

the North did pay in war expenses enough to purchase the slaves, and the South was compelled to give up slavery anyhow. Might not the North better have paid the money and saved the lives of 500,000 brave men, and might not the South better have sold out slavery and saved her 500,000 brave men? I swear you by the graves of your fathers and brothers and sons to a new hatred for the champion curse of the universe—war. O Lord God, with the hottest bolt of thine omnipotent indignation strike that monster down forever and ever. Imprison it in the deepest dungeon of the eternal penitentiary. Bolt it in with all the iron ever forged in cannon or molded into howitzers. Cleave it with all the sabers that ever glittered in battle and wring its soul with all the pangs which it ever caused. Let it feel all the conflagrations of the homesteads it has ever destroyed. Deeper down let it burn till it has gathered into its heart all the suffering of eternity as well as time. In the name of the millions of graves of its victims, I denounce it. The nations need more the spirit of treaty and less of the spirit of war.

Why War Is Detestable.

War is more ghastly now than once, not only because of the greater destructiveness of its weaponry, but because now it takes down the best men, whereas once it chiefly took down the worst. Bruce, in 1717, in his "Institutions of Military Law," said of the European armies of his day, "If all infamous persons and such as have committed capital crimes, heretics, atheists and all dastardly feline men, were weeded out of the army, it would soon be reduced to a pretty moderate number." Flogging and mean pay made them still more ignoble. Officers were appointed to see that each soldier drank his ration of a pint of spirits a day. There were noble men in battle, but the moral character of the army then was 95 per cent lower than the moral character of an army to-day. By so much is war now more detestable because it destroys the picked men of the nations.

Again by this national ceremony we mean to honor courage. Many of these departed soldiers were volunteers, not conscripts, and many of those who were drafted might have provided a substitute or got off on furlough or have deserted. The fact that they lie in their graves is proof of their bravery. Brave at the front, brave at the cannon's mouth, brave on lonely picket duty, brave in cavalry charge, brave before the surgeon, brave in the dying message to the home circle. We yesterday put a garland on the brow of courage. The world wants more of it.

The church of God is in woe of need of men who can stand under fire. The lion of worldly derision roars and the sheep tremble. In great reformatory movements at the first shot how many fall back. The great obstacle to the church's advancement is the inanity, the vacuity, the soft prettiness, the namby pambyism of professed Christians. Great on a parade, cowards in battle. I find of getting their plumes ruffled, they carry a parasol over their helmet. They go into battle not with warriors' gauntlet but with kid gloves, not clutching the sword hilt too tight lest the glove split at the back.

In all our reformatory and Christian work the great want is more backbone, more mettle, more daring, more prowess. We would in all our churches like to trade off a hundred do-nothings for one do-everything. "Quit yourselves like men; be strong."

Thy saints in all this glorious war Shall conquer, though they die. They see the triumph from afar And seize it with their eye.

Self Sacrifice.

Again we mean by this national observance to honor self-sacrifice for others. To all those departed men home and kindred were as dear as our home and kindred are to us. Do you know how they felt? Just as you and I would feel starting out tomorrow morning with nine chances out of ten against our returning alive, for the intelligent soldier sees not only battle ahead, but malarial sickness and exhaustion. Had these men chosen, they could have spent last night in their homes and to-day have been seated where you are. They chose the camp, not because they liked it better than their own house, and followed the drum and fife, not because they were better music than the voices of the domestic circle. South Mountain and Murrefsboro and the swamps of Chickahominy were not playgrounds.

These heroes risked and lost all for others. There is no higher sublimity than that. To keep three-quarters for ourselves and give one-quarter to others is honorable. To divide even with others is generous. To keep nothing for ourselves and give all for others is magnanimity Christ-like. Put a girle around your body and then measure the girle and see if you are fifty or sixty inches round. And is that the circle of your sympathies—the size of yourself? Or, to measure you around the heart, would it take a girle large enough to encircle the land and encircle the world? You want to know what we dry theologians mean when we talk of vicarious suffering. Look at the soldiers' graves and find out. Vicarious pangs for others, wounds for others, homesickness for others, blood for others, sepulcher for others.

Those who visited the national cemeteries at Arlington Heights and at Richmond and Gettysburg saw one inscription on soldiers' tombs often repeated than any other—"Unknown." When, about twenty-one years ago, I was called to deliver the oration at Arlington Heights, Washington, I was not so much impressed with the minute guns that shook the earth or with the attendance of President and cabinet and foreign ministers and generals of the army and commodores of the navy as with the pathetic and overwhelming suggestiveness of that epitaph on so many graves at my feet. Unknown! Unknown! It seems to me that the time must come when the Government of the United States shall take off that epitaph. They are no more unknown. We have found them out at last. They are the beloved sons of the republic.

Would it not be well to take the statue of the heathen goddess off the top of the capitol (for I have no faith in the morals of a heathen goddess) and put one great statue in all our national cemeteries—a statue of Liberty in the form of a Christian woman, with her hand on an open Bible and her foot on the Rock of Ages, with the other hand pointing down to the graves of the unknown, saying, "These are my sons, who died that I might live." Take off the misnomer. Everybody knows them. It is of comparatively little importance what was the name given them in baptism of water. In the holier and mightier baptism of blood we know them, and yesterday the nation put both arms around them and hugged them to her heart, crying, "Mine forever."

Future Defense.

Again, by this national ceremony we mean the future defense of this nation. By every wreath of flowers on the soldiers' graves we say, "Those who die for the country shall not be forgotten," and that will give enthusiasm to our young men in case our nation should in the future need to defend itself in battle. We shall never have another war between North and South. The old decayed bone of contention, American slavery, has been cast out, although here and there a depraved politician takes it up to see if he can't gnaw something off it. We are floating off farther and farther from the possibility of sectional strife.

No possibility of civil war. But about foreign invasion I am not so certain. When I spoke against war I said nothing against self-defense. An inventor told me that he had invented a style of weapon which could be used in self-defense, but not in aggressive warfare. I said, "When you get the nations to adopt that weapon, you have introduced the millennium." I have no right to go on my neighbor's premises and assault him, but if some ruffian break into my house for the assassination of my family, and I can borrow a gun and load it in time and aim it straight enough I will shoot him.

There is no room on this continent for any other nation—except Canada, and a better neighbor no one ever had. If you don't think so, go to Montreal and Toronto and see how well they will treat you. Other than that there is absolutely no room for any other nation. I have been across the continent again and again, and know that we have not a half-inch of ground for the gouty foot of foreign despotism to stand on. But I am not so sure that some of the arrogant nations of Europe may not some day challenge us. I do not know that those forts around New York bay are to sleep all through the next century. I do not know that Barnegat lighthouse will not yet look off upon a hostile navy. I do not know but that a half-dozen nations, envious of our prosperity, may want to give us a wrestle. During our civil war there were two or three nations that could hardly keep their hands off us. It is very easy to pick national quarrels, and if our nation escapes much longer it will be the exception.

If foreign foe should come, we want men like those of 1812 and like those of 1862 to meet them. We want them all up and down the coast, Pulaski and Fort Sumter in the same chorus of thunder on Fort Lafayette and Fort Hamilton. Men who will not only know how to fight, but how to die. When such a time comes, if it ever does come, the generation on the stage of action will say: "My country will care for my family as they did in the soldiers' asylum for the orphans in the civil war, and my country will honor my dust as it honored those who preceded me in patriotic sacrifice, and once a year at any rate, on Decoration day, I shall be resurrected into the remembrance of those for whom I died. Here I go for God and my country! Huzzah!"

foreign foe should come, the old sectional animosities would have no power. Here go our regiments into the battlefield: Fifteenth New York Volunteers, Tenth Alabama Cavalry, Fourteenth Pennsylvania riflemen, Tenth Massachusetts artillery, Seventh South Carolina sharpshooters. I do not know but it may require the attack of some foreign foe to make us forget our absurd sectional wrangling. I have no faith in the cry, "No North, no South, no East, no West." Let all four sections keep their peculiarities and their preferences, each doing its own work and not interfering with each other, each of the four carrying its part in the great harmony—the bass, the alto, the tenor, the soprano—in the grand march of Union.

Just One Flower.

Once more, this great national ceremony means the justification of the tombs, whether of those who fell in battle or accident, or who have expired in their beds or in our arms or on our laps. I suppose you have noticed that many of the families take this season as the time for the adornment of their family plots. This national observance has secured the abhorrence and floriculture of the cemeteries, the straightening up of many a slant planted thirty or forty years ago, and has swung the scythe through the long grass and has brought the stone cutter to call out the half obliterated epitaph. This day is the benediction of the resting place of father, mother, son, daughter, brother, sister.

It is all that we can do for them now. Make their resting places attractive, not absurd with costly outlay, but in quiet remembrance. You know how. If you can afford only one flower, that will do. It shows what you would do if you could. One blossom from you may mean more than the Duke of Wellington's catafalque. Oh, we cannot afford to forget them. They were so lovely to us. We miss them so much. We will never get over it. Blessed Lord Jesus, comfort our broken hearts. From every bank of flowers breathes promise of resurrection.

In olden times the Hebrews, returning from their burial place, used to pluck the grass from the field three or four times, then throw it over their heads, suggestive of the resurrection. We pick not the grass, but the flowers, and instead of throwing them over our heads we place them before our eyes, right down over the silent heart that once beat with warmest love toward us, or over the still feet that ran to service, or over the lips from which we took the kiss at the anguish of the last parting.

But stop! We are not infidels. Our bodies will soon join the bodies of our departed in the tomb, and our spirits shall join their spirits in the land of the rising sun. We cannot long be separated. Instead of crying with Jacob for Joseph, "I will go down into the grave unto my son, mourning," let us cry with David, "I shall go to him."

On one of the gates of Greenwood is the quaint inscription, "A night's lodging on the way to the city of the New Jerusalem." Comfort one another with these words. May the hand of him who shall wipe away all tears from all eyes wipe your cheek with its softest tenderness. The Christ of Mark and Martha and Lazarus will infold you in his arms. The white-robed angels who sat at the tomb of Jesus will yet roll the stone from the door of your dead in radiant resurrection. The Lord himself shall descend from heaven with a shout and the voice of the archangel. So the "Dead March" in "Saul" shall become the "Hallelujah Chorus."

Rev. Thomas Vincent Tyms, principal of Rawdon College, Leeds, Eng., and president-elect of the Baptist Union of Great Britain and Ireland, is a man of brilliant scholarship. Among the books he has written, "The Mysterious God" is best known.



MICHIGAN MATTERS.

NEWS OF THE WEEK CONCISELY CONDENSED.

Electric Road in Court—Fire Bugs Busy at Detroit—Three Men Fatally Hurt on a Steamer—Wheat Badly Damaged by the Fly.

Chicagoans Ask a Receiver.

Four of the largest stockholders of the St. Joseph and Benton Harbor Electric Street Railway Company—Eugene Cary, John J. Jones, William F. Keep and Harriet S. Van Buren of Chicago—filed a bill in the Circuit Court asking that Chas. D. Stuart be appointed receiver of the road. The bill charges that President Bean has appropriated railway money to run his electric lighting plant and alleges mismanagement on the part of the directors and officials. The road owns six miles of electric line and is valued at \$250,000.

Incendiary Fires in Detroit.

Incendiary fires are becoming so numerous on the east side at Detroit as to cause alarm. Wednesday night two were started within an hour. The lives of nineteen people were greatly imperiled, three houses and a like number of barns were destroyed, and four cows were roasted in the blaze. John Batch of 909 Rivard street was awakened in time to save his wife and five children, but his live stock was all destroyed. The house of Barney Brush, adjoining, was also destroyed, and his family had a close call for their lives. Junius Peakart, who lives at St. Ann avenue and Palmer street, was awakened about the same time. He was badly burned, but succeeded in saving his wife and baby boy. Later on the four-story building occupied by the Ideal Paint Company was destroyed. All of the fires are supposed to have been incendiary. The police are on the trail and hope to land the firebugs soon.

Fatal Explosion on a Steamer.

One of the large flues in the boiler of the steamer Rhoda Stewart exploded off Presque Isle Sunday morning. Three of its crew were fatally scalded, and two have since died. The dead were Henry Kesten, second engineer, and Robert McNorton, fireman; Court Schrader, a deckhand, was fatally injured. The life-saving crew from Middle Island responded to the signals of distress from the Stewart, and took off the injured men. They were made as comfortable as possible at the life-saving station until the passenger steamer City of Alpena passed, when they were placed on board. Kesten died on his way to Cheboygan and McNorton died after being landed there. The Stewart was not badly damaged. It was on its way from Cheboygan to Lake Erie with lumber when the explosion occurred.

Michigan Farmers Suffer.

The Secretary of State has received from his regular crop correspondents nearly 400 special reports respecting damage to the wheat crop. These reports cover all parts of the lower peninsula. Nearly 300 are from the southern counties. It is evidently clear that in this section the crop is being very generally and seriously damaged. It is estimated the damage will now reach 20 per cent. The estimate for the central counties is 6 per cent. The damage, however, is not wholly chargeable to the Hessian fly. The wheat probably rusted, which explains the discoloration so generally reported. The heavy wind of Sunday, the 17th, broke the wheat down badly, but the insect cannot always be found in the break. In a number of counties some fields have been plowed up and in others cut for fodder.

Short State Items.

The Saginaw naval reserve will start on its annual cruise from Bay City July 13.

C. A. Ward, the painter, who was found dead in bed at Midland, has been sent to Ann Arbor. His relatives could not be located.

At Hillsdale, Mrs. Sarah Crittenden, aged mother of Elmer Crittenden, was roasted to death before her son's eyes Friday night. Mrs. Crittenden was lighting the generator of a gasoline stove with alcohol, but the burner failed to generate. After blowing out what flame remained, Mrs. Crittenden started to pour more alcohol into the heated cup. There was a tremendous explosion. Elmer and his wife sprang to Mrs. Crittenden's aid, but in a few seconds not a shred of clothing remained on her person, and flesh dropped from her bones. She died in terrible agony.

The following story comes from Sanilac Center, and may not be true: "Bad Axe is not a bad town, after all. It has a young man by the name of Goodaxe, who keeps company with a young lady, Miss Truxee. He intends to marry her, but has not yet axed her."

Postmaster E. Glavin, of Harbert, was murderously assaulted while hanging the mail sack on the crane. His assailant, a man about twenty-five years old, attacked him with a club, and, after pounding him senseless, thrashed him in a terrible manner with a horsewhip. He will recover. His assailant escaped.

WORK OF THE CYCLONE IN MICHIGAN.



Walled Lake held a successful baby show, in which twenty-three babies were exhibited. Six of them took prizes.

John H. Shearer has been appointed postmaster at Henrietta, Jackson County, vice C. Cowing, removed.

The twenty-fourth annual reunion of the Fourth Michigan Infantry will be held at Hudson on June 19.

Van Buren County's jail has fifteen inmates, a larger number of permanent boarders than before in several years.

The test case of the Muskegon Sunday closing committee against the baseball players has ended in defeat for the committee.

Alpena's Salvation army has dwindled down to two members, and there is talk of starting a branch of the American Volunteers.

The fruit prospects in the vicinity of Montague are fine, and wheat and oats also look well, with no sign of rust or Hessian fly as yet.

Rev. John Ferries, pastor of the Presbyterian Church of St. Ignace for the past twelve years, has accepted a call from a Midland church, and will go to his new field in about a month.

During a recent thunderstorm a streak of lightning entered the house of Will Shompa, of Exeter, and knocked the nine lives out of a cat snoozing under the stove. No other member of the family was injured.

There has been considerable agitation at Coleman of the question of securing a grist mill for the village, and an enthusiastic meeting for the discussion of the project was held, at which it was decided to postpone the matter until times improved sufficiently to insure the success of the venture.

Harry Smith and Bert Earl are charged with picking pockets during the circus parade at Kalamazoo, and were locked up. Burglars entered C. V. Maury's residence and took \$300 worth of goods, including \$45 in cash. Don Hitchcock's house, south of the city, was also burglarized \$100 worth.

James Ross, of Kingston, committed suicide by hanging. His wife died two and a half years ago, since which time he has been very despondent and often remarked that he would take his life. Mr. Ross was born in Banffshire, Scotland, in 1827, and came to America in 1855. He resided in Oxford County, Ont., for five years, came to this State in 1860, and located on the farm where he committed the rash act. He has held various offices of trust in the township where he resided. Three sons survive him, Daniel, William and George.

An abstract of the reports of 175 State banks and four trust companies in Michigan at the closing of business May 7 shows a very gratifying condition of financial institutions of the State. The loans, discounts, stocks, bonds and mortgages aggregate \$69,446,425, an increase of \$1,714,128 since the report of December last. The deposits aggregate \$68,426,505; the savings deposits have increased \$1,500,000 since December and the commercial deposits show a falling off of \$12,000. The aggregate cash on hand is \$13,724,025, of which some \$2,110,212 is in gold.

The City Council of Manistee recently passed an ordinance, against the wishes of the riders of the city, compelling all cyclists to carry bells on their machines. Ever since that time the Mayor and members of the Council have had their lives made miserable at all times of the day and night, for every last wheelman in the city is now equipped with a cowbell, the sound of which is enough to cause a deep and fervent desire on the part of any hearer to fill his ears with cotton. The wheelmen are not at all backward, either, about riding in squads past the houses or business places of the framers of the ordinance and letting them know in not-to-be-mistaken sounds that their measure is being obeyed.

Auditor General Turner, in a statement issued Friday, shows that notwithstanding the number of liquor dealers in the State decreased 487 since the high license law went into effect, the amount of tax collected exceeds that of the previous year by \$73,754.15. He furnishes the following interesting figures: In 1894 the total number of dealers in spirituous liquors in the State was 3,011, and the tax paid \$1,410,804.87. In 1895 the number of dealers was 3,928, an increase of 917, and the tax paid \$1,886,966.27, an increase of \$476,161.37. In 1894, however, the number of beer licenses taken out was 1,524, the amount of tax paid being \$415,193.50. In 1895 the number of dealers showed a decrease of 1,404, and the amount of tax paid \$12,786.28, a decrease of \$402,407.22.

An Isabella County correspondent says that there is no evidence of damage from Hessian fly in that county, but that there is more rust on the wheat than was ever known in that vicinity before.

For a number of years farmers about Mattawan have been inconvenienced by being obliged to haul their grain many miles away to some neighboring town which possessed a flouring mill. Together with the merchants of the village, they now propose to raise a sufficient bonus to secure the establishing of a mill on ground to be donated by the Michigan Central Railway.

Two Muskegon kids while running towards each other bumped heads so badly that both fell to the ground, unconscious, and doctors had to be called.

John McGoff, of Kalamazoo, who was recently elected supreme president of the Catholic Knights and Ladies of America, was given a grand reception by his fellow-citizens.

Mrs. J. C. Cragin, wife of a Kalamazoo groceryman, was bitten by a tarantula and in a few moments could not be controlled, but her physician says that he will save her life.

Five years ago this month 250 houses burned in Muskegon, and many families were left destitute. Now everything has been rebuilt, and you would never know Muskegon had a fire.

Marlette has adopted a curfew ordinance, and hereafter all kids must have a good excuse for being in the streets between 8 p. m. and 5 a. m., or their parents will be liable to a heavy fine.

The Buchanan Common Council has ordered the St. Joseph Railroad to remove its tracks and vacate the streets. The managers have a gang of men repairing the roadbed and will resist any efforts to remove the tracks.

The State Live Stock Commissioners at Alpena have killed four thoroughbred Jersey cows from the herds of E. O. Avery, two from the herds of W. L. and H. D. Churchill, and one belonging to J. A. Widner. Tuberculosis.

John H. Collier, aged 80 years, committed suicide at Vassar Sunday by taking arsenic. He had been an inmate of the county house up to about a year ago, and the fear of being sent back there is what prompted him to take his life.

State live stock commissioners have been investigating the outbreak of tuberculosis among thoroughbred Jersey herds in Alpena County. Several animals belonging to E. O. Avery were affected. All diseased animals will be killed.

Flora Lewis, the stylish Kalamazoo woman who swore falsely at her husband's trial for burglary and jumped her bail, after arrest for perjury, was sentenced to two years and nine months in the Detroit house of correction.

Chas. Sligh and S. J. Palmer, two Battle Creek boys, were arrested charged with larceny of several articles from the Sanitarium. It is said they are both attending the Adventist college. Palmer was fined \$10.45 and Sligh \$9.20.

Jerome Eaton, about 40 years old, who was left between \$20,000 and \$30,000 as his share of his father's estate not many years ago, died at the Jackson city hospital, penniless, of general debility. He was sentenced to jail a few days ago for vagrancy, and on account of sickness transferred to the hospital.

Ducks Drown an Eagle.

If a writer is to be believed the crow duck is a most extraordinary bird on the Potomac River, cutting up such capers as to make even a naturalist gasp.

"Four years ago," he writes, "while shooting ducks with Mr. Waller (President Cleveland's duck blind builder), I noticed a flock of three or four thousand crow ducks. After half an hour I noticed an eagle going toward the flock. When he arrived at the proper distance he made a dart, but the ducks, as if by magic, went under water like a flash and sent up a volume of water as if a big mine had been exploded. This was done time and time again, and finally the volume of water thrown up was so great that the eagle was nearly drowned. An old ducker once told me that he once witnessed the same scene, and that the eagle was drowned. This is a sight seldom seen, which may occur but once in a ducking life of fifty years."

"This crow duck is also known as the American coot, mud hen, blue petrel and Fulica Americana by various hunters and alongshore people. Up north here these ducks may be seen in creeks and marshy, reed-grown rivers, but south, in Florida, they resort in enormous numbers to the lakes where bonnets or yellow lilies abound, associating there with lesser scaup ducks. They are shy birds, being much persecuted usually, but in localities where shooting is prohibited, near the Titusville, Fla., railroad pier, for instance, they are as tame as sparrows, understanding that they are safe."—American Field.

Saved from Death by Rabies.

The latest report issued by the Pasteur Institute in Paris shows many gratifying results. In the year 1895 1,520 persons suffering from rabies or incipient rabies were inoculated and only two died.

Yankees vs. Greeks.

Jonathan—When Greek meets Greek then comes the tug of war.

Edwards—When Greek meets Yank you'll find the Yank is on the tug.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

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\$10.00 and upwards.

Pants made to order from **\$3.00** and upwards.

Cleaning, Repairing and Pressing Neatly Done. All Work Guaranteed.

H. F. TEGELER. Merchant Tailor.

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Best and Largest Practical Art Magazine. (The only Art Periodical awarded a Medal at the World's Fair.)

Invaluable to all who wish to make their living by art or to make their homes beautiful.

We will send to any publication a specimen copy, with superb color plates (for copying or framing), and eight supplementary pages of designs (regular price 35c).

FOR 10c. We will send also "PAINTING FOR BEGINNERS" 90 pages. **25c.**

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Salary and expenses paid weekly from start. Permanent position. Good chance for advancement. Exclusive territory. Largest territory of Nursery stock. Clean, sunny stock, true to name. Best of business guaranteed. Liberal commission to local part time canvasser. We pay \$75 per month and expenses. Don't hesitate because of previous failures in this or other lines. Quitt free. Address: **BROWN BROS. CO.,** Continental Nurseries, Chicago, Ill. This house is reliable. Name this paper. —24—

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THE MIDDLEVILLE SUN
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY J. W. SAUNDERS.

MIDDLEVILLE, MICHIGAN.

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Of every description executed on short notice and in the best workmanlike manner, at reasonable rates.

THURSDAY, JUNE 4, 1896.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Children's Day exercises will be held at the Congregational church in Irving at 2 p. m., Sunday.

Reading club will meet with Mrs. Saunders June 10. Readers, Mrs. Rich and Mrs. Saunders; spelling mistress, Mrs. Pratt; questions, Mrs. Spaulding; critic, Mrs. Cobb; author, Elizabeth Barrett Browning.

No services at the Methodist church Sunday morning, June 7. Quarterly meeting at the Jackson appointment. Love feast, 9:30 a. m.; preaching by the pastor, 10:30. Usual services at Middleville M. E. church in the evening. All invited.

F. N. JAMES, Pastor.

Baptist church, Walter A. Biss, pastor. Services 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at the close of morning service. Junior B. Y. P. U., 3:30 p. m. Senior B. Y. P. U., 6:30 p. m. Subject, "Waste of Intemperance." Dan. 1:8. Leader, Miss Minnie Jenkins. Prayer meeting, Thursday, 7:30. Sunday evening subject, "Accidents Not Punishments. Lessons from the Great Cyclone."

Congregational church, H. Appleton, pastor. Services 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Subject for morning, "Little Deaths." Subject for evening, "How to Manage Your Husband." Sabbath school at the close of morning service. Junior C. E. 4 p. m. Subject "What Good Thing Comes from Humility?" Leader, Clara Mattason. Y. P. S. C. E., 6:30 p. m. Subject, "The Grace of Humility." Leader, Mr. F. L. Blake. Teachers' meeting, Monday, 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday, 7:30 p. m. All are made welcome.

SCHOOL ITEMS.

[Teachers are requested to hand in reports of their school and other news items.]

A summer normal will be held in the High school room beginning June 29, '96, conducted by Prof. Wilkinson.

Miss Leola Fleming visited school Monday.

The trees planted by the several rooms Arbor Day are beginning to leave out.

Mr. Wilkinson went to Hastings Wednesday.

The boys of the senior class are rehearsing their orations for the graduating exercises.

The senior class had a written examination in algebra, Wednesday.

The Memorial exercises Friday p. m. were very interesting.

CONG'L AID SOCIETY.

The Congregational Aid society will meet in church parlors Friday, June 5. Ladies to entertain: Mrs. S. Campbell, Mrs. J. Campbell, Mrs. Duncan Campbell, Mrs. B. Campbell, Mrs. J. Cook, Mrs. W. Coman and Miss Nina Shaw. Tea served from 5 to 7 o'clock.

M. E. AID SOCIETY.

The M. E. Aid society will meet at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Norman Webb Friday afternoon, June 12. Tea will be served from 5 to 7 by the following ladies: Mrs. M. A. Mitchell, Mrs. David Mitchell, Mrs. T. Moore, Mrs. Payne, Mrs. James, Mrs. Morgan. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Personal.

FREE—64-page medical reference book to any person afflicted with any special, chronic or delicate disease peculiar to their sex. Address the leading physicians and surgeons of the United States, Dr. Hathaway & Co., 70 Dearborn street, Chicago. 21-32

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

MIDDLEVILLE P. O., May 30, 1896.

Letters addressed to persons named below remain unclaimed in this office and will be sent to the Dead Letter Office if not claimed by June 6, 1896:

NAMES.
Mr. Levey Field. Mr. Warren Stillwell. Geo. Morich. Mrs. Abbie Allen.

Please say "advertised" when asking for advertised letters.

DAVID MATTASON, Postmaster.

BAY VIEW CAMPMEETING.

An excursion rate of one first-class limited fare for round trip via Michigan Central railway. Date of sale July 6 to 16 inclusive, limited to return until August 15. J. E. GOGLE, 23-1 Local Agent.

One swallow does not make Spring, but one swallow of One Minute Cough Cure brings relief. Dr. Nelson Abbott.

WHERE TO GO FISHING

Is told in a little booklet entitled "A few lines on fishing on the fishing line," issued by the Grand Rapids & Indiana R. R. It gives a list showing location of best trout streams in Michigan, a synopsis of the fish laws, etc., and will be sent free on application to

C. L. LOCKWOOD, G. P. A. 18-7 GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

WEDDING BELLS.

The wedding which took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Dexter last evening particularly interested Nellie, the only daughter of these well known people, who have dwelt in Middleville a good many years. William H. Haven of Baraboo, Wis., is the fortunate gentleman who won the heart of Miss Nellie.

At the appointed time and in the presence of about forty relatives and personal friends, the bridal party entered the parlor to the sweet strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding March and the short, but beautiful and impressive, ceremony was performed by Rev. Walter A. Biss, pastor of the Baptist church, the bride and the groom taking their station in front of the window in the west parlor. Miss Alta Richards was bridesmaid and E. D. Haven of Milwaukee, groomsman. The bride was attired in a cream gown trimmed with white ribbon and lace; the bridesmaid also wore a cream gown trimmed with Persian silk and both carried bride's roses.

After congratulations and best wishes for a bright and happy future had been offered, light refreshments were served. Mr. and Mrs. Haven were the recipients of many beautiful and valuable presents. They left by the 9:38 train for a trip to Chicago, Guttenberg, Iowa, and Winona, Minn. They will be at home after June 20 at Baraboo, Wis. The newly married pair bearded the train amid showers of rice, blowing of horns and best wishes of all for a bon voyage down the turbulent stream of matrimony.

CREAMERY NOTES.

The Cold Spring Creamery Co. during the month of May churned 22033 lbs. of butter.

On Monday last there was 21089 lbs. of milk received, from which was churned 957 lbs. of butter.

On Tuesday the creamery shipped 93 tubs or 5580 lbs. of butter, one week's product.

The National Recorder gives the following account of a machine for catching flies off the backs of cattle, and so affording the animals relief and comfort, which has been invented by a farmer in Madison county, Ky. The fly catcher is a kind of covered pen or passageway, through which the animal must walk to secure relief. A few feet from the entrance there is a cupola or dome in the roof of the passageway, made of glass and arranged as a fly trap. Beyond this the passage is darkness. The animal walks through the machine, and just as it passes under the dome and enters the darkened part a set of brushes sweeps off the flies, which naturally rise into the lighted dome, and the steer passes out at the other side free of flies. The flies are retained in the dome trap. The inventor has experimented with his machine and finds that the animals soon learn the value of the machine and know enough to walk through it when the flies begin to bite. The device has been patented.

Young mothers dread the Summer months on account of the great mortality among children caused by bowel troubles. Perfect safety may be assured those who keep on hand DeWitt's Colic & Cholera Cure, and administer it promptly. For cramps, bilious colic, dysentery and diarrhoea, it affords instant relief. Dr. Nelson Abbott.

COMING EVENTS.

June 4-10, Grand Rapids: National conference of charities and corrections.

June 5, Paw Paw: VanBuren county Maccabean convention.

June 16, St. Louis, Mo.: Republican national convention.

July 7, Chicago: Democratic national convention.

July 6-10, Grand Rapids: Horsemen's meet.

July 13-14, Battle Creek: National circuit bicycle meet.

July 22, St. Louis, Mo.: Silver national convention.

July 22, St. Louis: National populist convention.

July 30, Vicksburg: Farmers' Alliance.

Kate Field, the distinguished writer, died at Honolulu, May 19, of pneumonia.

THE DOCTORS ARE IN GRAND RAPIDS.

Services for three months free. A staff of eminent physicians and surgeons from the British Medical Institute of Detroit have opened a permanent office in Grand Rapids, in the Widdicombe Building, 34 Monroe St. All invalids who call upon them before June 30th will receive services for three months free of charge. This will not only include consultation, examination and advice, but also all surgical operations. Under no consideration will remuneration in any form be accepted for any services rendered; therefore the most humble in circumstances can avail themselves of the most expert medical skill and without cost.

The object in pursuing this course is to become rapidly and personally acquainted with the sick and afflicted. The doctors treat all forms of chronic disease, but will not accept incurable cases. If, upon examination, you are found incurable, you will be kindly and frankly told so, also advised against spending money for useless treatment. Male and female weakness, catarrh and catarrhal deafness, also all diseases of the rectum are positively cured by their new treatment.

Office Hours: 9 a. m. till 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. till 2 p. m. 23tf

MUNYON

People Who Have Been Cured Do Not Hesitate to SPEAK GRATEFUL WORDS

In Praise of Munyon's Improved Homeopathic Remedies.

TO CURE SICK PEOPLE

In the Aim of This, the Greatest Medical Institution in the World, and Thousands of Testimonials From Every Part of the United States Attest the Great Value of These Remedies.

Myron H. Smith, Lawton, Mich., No. 5 Third street, says: "I was afflicted with catarrh for about four years, with all the disagreeable features of that disease. I tried several physicians who advertised to cure catarrh, but none of them succeeded in giving me any benefit. In fact, I believe they made the disease worse. I began taking Munyon's Catarrh Cure, and it acted like a charm from the start and in six weeks I was entirely cured."

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure seldom fails to relieve in one to three hours, and cures in a few days. Price, 25c.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure positively cures all forms of indigestion and stomach trouble. Price, 25 cents.

Munyon's Cold Cure prevents pneumonia and breaks up a cold in a few hours. Price, 25 cents.

Munyon's Cough Cure stops coughs, night sweats, allays soreness, and speedily heals the lungs. Price, 25 cents.

Munyon's Kidney Cure speedily cures pains in the back, loins or groins and all forms of kidney disease. Price 25c.

Munyon's Pile Ointment positively cures all forms of piles. Price, 25c.

Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in three minutes. Price, 25c.

Munyon's Blood Cure eradicates all impurities of the blood. Price, 25c.

Munyon's Female Remedies are a boon to all women.

Munyon's Asthma Remedies relieve in 3 minutes and cure permanently. Price, \$1.

Munyon's Catarrh Remedies never fail. The Catarrh Cure—price 25c.—eradicates the disease from the system, and the Catarrh Tablets—price 25c.—cleanse and heal the parts.

Munyon's Nerve Cure is a wonderful nerve tonic. Price, 25c.

A separate cure for each disease. At all druggists, mostly 25c. a bottle.

Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 1505 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., answered with free medical advice for any disease. 23-1

EAST CALEDONIA.

Mrs. Ly Barker is visiting friends and relatives in the southern part of the state.

Miss Ada McDowell of Middleville visited Ida Tobey Saturday and Sunday.

Len Schrader is in Indiana looking for work.

S. W. Proctor rides in a new carriage.

Lulu Marsh of Caledonia spent Saturday and Sunday with her teacher, Miss Gertie Baker.

Edwin Tobey has had a new windmill erected.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schrader Sundayed at Mr. Warner's.

Steven Bowen and son, James, of Fisher Station, he being an old soldier, attended the Memorial services at Alaska and spent Sunday with friends in this place.

The ball game played at Alaska Saturday between the Alaska and East Caledonia nines resulted at the ninth inning 9 to 9, and the Alaskas had a pitcher from Elm Dale and a first baseman from Lowell and the East Caledonians had six men only.

Did you ever think how readily the blood is poisoned by constipation? Bad blood means bad health and premature old age. DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills, overcome obstinate constipation. Dr. Nelson Abbott.

The printing press has made presidents, killed poets, furnished bustles for beauties, and punished genius with criticism. It has curtailed the power of kings, converted bankers into paupers and graced pantry shelves. It has made paupers out of college presidents, and robbed the philosopher of his reason; it smiles and cries and dies; but it can't be run to suit everybody and the man will go crazy who tries it.—Ex.

If it required an annual outlay of \$100 to insure a family against any serious consequences from an attack of bowel complaint during the year there are many who would feel it their duty to pay it; that they could not afford to risk their lives, and those of their family for such an amount. Any one can get this insurance for 25 cents, that being the price of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. In almost every neighborhood some one has died from an attack of bowel complaint before medicine could be procured or a physician summoned. One or two doses of this remedy will cure any ordinary case. It never fails. Can you afford to take the risk for so small an amount? For sale by J. W. Armstrong, druggist. 23-4

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Name and Residence. Age.

David G. Baule, Baltimore; Elizabeth A. Gurd, same. 37-21

Joseph F. Weber, Hastings city; Lorina B. Sloum, same. 21-25

W. Mont Perry, Park City, Utah; Ednah Truman, Nashville. 25-23

S. Wilbert Smith, Woodland; Etta M. Wotring, Nashville. 23-22

Cornelius Cappon, Orangeville; Mae Shafer, same. 20-20

William H. Haven, Baraboo, Wis.; Nellie Dexter, Middleville. 32-25

Eczema is a frightful affliction, but like all other skin diseases it can be permanently cured by applications of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It never fails to cure Piles. Dr. Nelson Abbott.

TOOK JOHNNIE TO THE SHOW.

Poor little Johnnie longed to go and see the show. Like any simple trusting lad who viewed the walls in pictures clad, Of men who lived on horses' backs, Or climbed each others' heels in stacks, Or dived dressed in stripes and spots, Or metamorphosed into wheels, Or swung each other by the heels. Or, placid, led unblinking lives Amid a fusillade of knives, Or punched the lion while he roared, Or with their heads his mouth explored; You would yourself have longed to go And see the show!

Then Johnnie's father said, "Although I loathe, abhor, and hate the show, I feel that little John should go. The curious animals to see? 'Twould never do—so little John—For him to wander round alone; My little boy shall go with me." And Johnnie's mother—prudent dame—And Johnnie's auntie—felt the same; And Johnnie's Uncle Lemuel, His second cousin, Samuel, His older sister, Mary, And Susan Ann and Sarah, His brother and his brother-in-law, His father's cautious mother-in-law, And along with him they journeyed, To see that naught was wrong with him; 'Twas not a sin to take, you know, Poor Johnnie to the show!

As any one might be afraid, 'Twas very hard with all this aid, For little John to see the show, They hustled him, they jostled him, They pulled him to and fro; When one of them would chance to see A knot of friends, then he or she Would grasp the arch by the hand, So all the world would understand That they had simply come, you know, With Johnnie to the show.

And Johnnie's heart was breaking, His lengthened arms were aching, His pulse was wildly throbbing, His breath was sobbing, When with a new and different ache In every separate toe, He lay at night—in his own charge—A poor and lonely one, And murmured, "I'm the only one Of all the family, small or large, That didn't see the show!"

—Will Carleton in Every Where for May.

YOUR BOY WON'T LIVE A MONTH.

So Mr. Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill St., South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had lung trouble, following typhoid malaria, and he spent three hundred and seventy-five dollars with doctors, who finally gave him up, saying: "Your boy won't live a month." He tried Dr. King's New Discovery and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to use of Dr. King's New Discovery, and knows it to be the best in the world for lung trouble. Trial bottles free at J. W. Armstrong's drug store. 4

Men are just like hogs, however distasteful this may sound to the hog. When a hog gets an ear of corn, every other hog will trot along behind him and squeal and whine and beg and be ready for a bite, but just let the front hog get caught with his head fast in a crack, and every son of a sow will jump on him and tear him to pieces. Just so with men. As long as a man is prosperous, and has money, he can't keep friends off with a base ball bat. The moment he is unfortunate and wealth is gone, he is not only snubbed by his former alleged friends but they at once begin to do him all the harm possible. When a man starts up grade the world falls behind and pushes. When he starts down grade the world steps to one side and greases the track.—Nashville News.

One Minute is the standard time, and One Minute Cough Cure is the standard preparation for every form of cough or cold. It is the only harmless remedy that produces immediate results. Dr. Nelson Abbott.

"For many natures it is as much a duty of cleanliness to change opinions as to change clothes."—Netzsche.

Mothers will find Chamberlain's Cough Remedy especially valuable for croup and whooping cough. It will give prompt relief and is safe and pleasant. We have sold it for several years and it has never failed to give the most perfect satisfaction. G. W. Richards, Duquesne, Pa. Sold by J. W. Armstrong, druggist. 23-4

Fine Stationery at the News Stand. *

Mrs. R. DeYoung, Middleburg, Ia., writes, I have used One Minute Cough Cure for six years, both for myself and children, and I consider it the quickest acting and most satisfactory Cough Cure I have ever used. Dr. Nelson Abbott.

WANTED—Names and addresses. We pay liberally for same. Write and enclose stamp for instructions. Mills & Co., Horner Bldg., Hot Springs, Ark. 18

Middleville Markets.

Wheat (white).....	58
Rye.....	28
Corn, per bu.....	30
Oats.....	25
Clover Seed.....	5 50
Timothy.....	2 25
Flour (roller).....	2 20
Bran per ton.....	10 00
Middlings.....	14 00
Butter.....	10
Eggs.....	8
Chickens (full dressed).....	8
Beef (dressed).....	4 5
Veal.....	4 42
Hogs (dressed).....	4 00
Hogs (live).....	3 00
Lard.....	7
Tallow.....	3
Hides.....	3 4
Pelts.....	15 30
Hay (timothy).....	8 00 10 00
Hay (clover).....	7 00 9 00
Wood (dry maple).....	1 50
Oil (retail).....	10 13
Gasoline.....	12
Salt.....	90
Lime per bbl.....	80
Land Plaster.....	4 50

FREE PILLS.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklin & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of constipation and sick headache. For malaria and liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by J. W. Armstrong, druggist. 4

A Waste Of Money

is going on in every kitchen where there is an old fashioned stove. Fuel is only half consumed and heat goes where it shouldn't—the

Peninsular Wrought Steel Range

is an economizer of time, money and fuel. Pays for itself in a short time. Double walls of wrought steel, asbestos lined. Durable, handsome, cheap.

A Written Guarantee with every one.

FOR SALE BY FRANK D. PRATT, Middleville, Mich.

SHARPSTEEN....

23-27 MONROE STREET, (Wonderly Bldg.)

THE LEADING GALLERY IN Grand Rapids, elegantly appointed, furnished with the very latest and most approved apparatus, backgrounds and scenic effects for making the newest styles and most artistic.....

PHOTOGRAPHS

....From....

MINUTE TO LIFE SIZE.

The best Finished, Posed and Lighted Photographs in Grand Rapids.

No Better Made Anywhere.

See our new Enamel, Carbon and Platinum Finish.

OPEN SUNDAYS. . . .

THIS IS A GOOD ILLUSTRATION OF THE 10 Cent Fountain Pen

Of which we have sold DOZENS in the past three weeks. Call and TRY ONE

At the **NEWS STAND, MIDDLEVILLE, MICHIGAN.**

BRIDGE ST. HOUSE, Grand Rapids, Mich.

\$1.00 and \$1.25 a Day.

Single Meals 25 cents. 6 Meals \$1.00. 21 Meals \$3.00.

This Hotel has been thoroughly refitted and modernized with electric lights, bath rooms, hot and cold water, new furniture and a

GOOD COOK, who CAN cook. IT IS IN THE HEART OF THE CITY. E. FULLERTON & CO., Prop's, Corner Bridge and Kent sts.

Cut out this ad, give it to the clerk when you register, mention this paper, and it will entitle you to a \$1.25 room for \$1.00. 13-13ew

CLARENCE CRAIG accidentally shot and instantly killed his mother at Shelbyville, Ind., yesterday and the boy has become a raving maniac.

A. L. Wooster, a prominent citizen of Osseo, Mich., after suffering excruciatingly from piles for twenty years, was cured in a short time by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, an absolute cure for all skin diseases. More of this preparation is used than all others combined. Dr. Nelson Abbott.

On June 1 thirty-two thousand sixteen-quart crates of strawberries were shipped from Benton Harbor,