

The Michigan Tradesman.

249

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GRAND RAPIDS, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 24, 1889.

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DANIEL E. GARNSEY, Expert Accountant.

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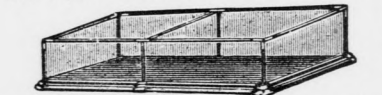
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Are manufactured from pure white lead and zinc, finely ground in linseed oil, prepared for immediate application, requiring no oil, thinner or dryer. This

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CUBAN HAND MADE HAVANA CIGARS
100's each 3 for 25 cts
FREE FROM ALL ARTIFICIAL FLAVORING
DOCTORES
EVERY CIGAR BRANDED

fire, contains one-third more pure Havana tobacco than any ten-cent Key West or two for 25 cents imported cigar you can get.

FREE SMOKING, MILD AND RICH.
For Sale by 20,000 Druggists throughout the U. S.

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The Very Best Nickel Cigar in America.

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We are making a Middlings Purifier and Flour Dresser that will save you their cost at least three times each year.

They are guaranteed to do more work in less space (with less power and less waste) than any other machines of their class.

Send for descriptive catalogue with testimonials.

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Successors to Allen's Laundry.

Mail and Express orders attended to with promptness. Nice Work, Quick Time Satisfaction Guaranteed.

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STAPLE and FANCY.

Overalls, Pants, Etc.,
OUR OWN MAKE.

A COMPLETE LINE OF

Fancy Crockery and
Fancy Woodenware

OUR OWN IMPORTATION.
Inspection Solicited. Chicago and Detroit prices guaranteed.

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Paper Boxes of Every Description Made to Order on Short Notice.

We make a specialty of

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All work guaranteed first class and at low prices. Write or call for estimates on anything you may want in my line. Telephone 850.

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BEANS but also ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE. We invite correspondence.

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FINE FRESH AND FRAGRANT.

"FLOR DE MOERBS,"
Straight 10c.
"BEN HUR,"
3 for 25c.

"Record Breakers" and "Detroit Sluggers,"
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MAKERS.

Prices Lower than Ever

QUALITY THE BEST.

Write for Prices.

63-65 CANAL ST.

The Silent Tongue.

Into the face of shoes that lace They put a tongue

Narrow and thin, And though 'tis long, it has no song Or word to say,

But finds a way To be of use— Saves from abuse The foot within.

As thro' the world on foot you're whirled In mud or snow

By lane or street, This leather tongue, so tough and long, Tho' broad and dumb,

As oyster mum, Keeps from the dirt Or sidewalk spurt, Your tender feet.

No baggy grog makes ankles sore Or breaks or bends

When'er it will. Stayed by a lace across its face Supple and strong,

This voiceless tongue Hides sock or skin, And all within Keeps well in place.

The tongues that talk and never walk, But are for show

Have each a voice To tell their tale, though oft of stale Or ribald tone,

The silent one, The seldom still, Obays your will With choice.

THE PRUDHOMME PRIDE.

PART FIRST.

Bayville wondered what the Prudhommes lived on. Some people said it was their pride. Yet one would think there could not be a great deal of that left. One would suppose that must have melted away almost as fast as the property.

The fine sweep of lawn, its elms cut down, had been sold before Judge Prudhomme died to pay his sons' debts. The stately, box-leaved garden had been cut through by the railroad. The full-length portrait of old Governor Prudhomme had been "parted with." To be sure, it had been bought by the State, and was to hang in the State Capitol—not at all an ordinary business transaction, Mrs. Prudhomme said. Most of all, James Prudhomme had come home, and he was, certainly, not a thing to be proud of.

Pride, however, lives on a meager diet. If the Prudhommes lived on pride, and pride lived on the faded glories of the Prudhommes, it may have been a sorry story, but it may also have been a true one.

The old house certainly kept up its dignity, standing with its great wings and Mount Vernon front in the dreary solitude of a commonplace modern street. Long lines of portraits still hung in the hall. Brocade gowns, which had stood before kings, and slippers which had danced with Washington and Lafayette, glorified the garret. There was believed to be silver of untold value in the house, and china in the deep, shady closets which it was simply distracting to think of.

Mrs. Prudhomme, or "Madame," as she enjoyed being called, though white-haired and faded, still carried her head like a goddess, as she did when she came home a bride fifty years ago, bearing upon it the honors of two proud families. Even now, on her rare appearances in the streets, obsequious Bayville—obsequious, though critical—bowed low before the old ark of a carriage, ignoring the fact that coachman and stevedore, Mike, the grocer, and his yellow nag, hired for the occasion. Many persons even bowed to the carriage when nobody but poor James was within. And when Miss Rachel drove out they did more than bow—they smiled.

Miss Rachel, however, seldom did drive out. She liked better to walk. Every morning she stepped briskly down the street to do her marketing, and would have carried a basket on her arm, if her mother had allowed it. Sometimes of an afternoon, when her mother was busy with Trollope's latest story, and James was out of mischief, Miss Rachel would stray off quite alone into the country and up the hill for a far view of the beautiful bay and the sea beyond. Once she had been seen running in the garden with her little dog for company. But that indiscretion was not repeated. Such behavior, Madame Prudhomme said, was highly unbecoming a young woman over twenty-five years old. And so it was, Miss Rachel blushing confessed, and ran no more.

The evenings, and indeed the days, were chiefly passed in the sober old drawing-room with James, if he happened to be at home, stretched on the sofa where Washington had once sipped coffee, and Madame Prudhomme stately by the fireside, reading or dropping stitches in her perennial afghans. There was little conversation. James never talked. Rachel's little comments on Bayville topics did not interest her mother. After the daily paper had been read, there was not much of common interest to the three.

Madame Prudhomme clicked her needles and thought, not of her work, but of those painful days, those dropped stitches that fifty hurrying years had left, and nobody could stop to mend. Daily she went over that catalogue which every mother carries next her heart.

Regina, John, James, Christina, Charles, Joseph—at every name there came a sigh.

Regina, the eldest, was not dead. She lived in Europe. It was cheaper, she wrote her mother, after you knew the ways. Her husband, who called himself a cosmopolitan, and spent his best years playing dominoes at a dull, little German bath, had nothing to call him home. They would stay for the present, certainly.

John—the less said about him the better. He was dead now.

James—here he was on the sofa, come home again.

Happy Charles and Christina died young.

Joseph was shipwrecked on that last voyage to the Islands, from which he was to have come home with a competency and marry his cousin Jane. In

stead of that, neither he nor the competent came, and Jane lived ten years and died.

At the last name on her list—Rachel—Madame Prudhomme forgot to sigh. This little maiden had come late to her mother—a November daisy, a kindly afterthought of heaven. To be sure she was very little like the other Prudhommes—not much more than a daisy is like a Victoria Regia. But then she was always there looking you brightly in the face. She made you think of spring.

She was "capable," too. She read well. She picked up the dropped stitches. She was Rachel!

If it had not been for James, even these faded autumnal years of the Prudhommes might have been peaceful years. But there was James, an obtrusive, a sorrowful fact. If he had practiced evil for himself alone, Miss Rachel thought—if he had merely gone through the very slim bank account and driven her to her wits' ends for the daily family supplies—she could have borne it better.

But he did not confine himself to these mischiefs. With the attractions and graces of a gentleman, with the weight of his honorable name and his superior years, with his generosity and good fellowship, he easily gathered about him a bevy of admiring young men, the sons of the rich business men of modern Bayville. He could not talk to his mother and sister, but he could keep a roomful of these youths in breathless interest or ecstatic laughter an entire night.

It grieved Miss Rachel to see these young men drawn into her brother's idle, gross and evil ways. She set herself to think what she could do about it. Many an elegant little supper she contrived, at the risk of several family dinners, that she might at least keep the party for a time in a sweet atmosphere and an innocent house. She was much younger than James, and a good deal afraid of him. But in the face of his wrath and of her mother's proud displeasure, she would sometimes have her brother's callers shown into the drawing-room, and keep them busy through a long evening with music, chat or a game of whist.

Miss Rachel felt particularly sorry about Charles Newman, whom she had known since they both were children. They had been at Sunday-school together, and a bowing acquaintance had since been kept up, though until late they seldom met. Young Newman's father was the richest man, and many persons would have added the best man, in Bayville, and Rachel believed her old playmate to be good-hearted and innocent, though just now a little wild and thoughtless.

More and more frequently were James Prudhomme and Charles Newman seen together—on the streets, in the hotel porches, at the Prudhomme mansion. Oftener and oftener Rachel invited Charles in when he came to the house, and more and more cordial she became. Madame Prudhomme was chillingly tolerant. She did not approve of these upstart families. Mr. Newman she supposed was a respectable man, an inventor or something of that sort. She wished James would not choose such companions, and she wondered Rachel encouraged him in it.

Still Charles Newman came and came, and still Miss Rachel grew cordial and delighted. She went for a sleigh-ride with him and her brother. She went to take her to "Pinafore," instead of going off with a so-called shooting party. Once or twice she wrote a note to her old playmate, arranging for some meeting or slight festivity.

How should innocent Miss Rachel, twenty-seven years old, guess that Bayville, multiplying the sleigh-rides and "Pinafore," the visits and the notes, had quite made up its mind that the Prudhommes were about to mend their shattered fortunes by an alliance with the Newmans? How should she guess that her brother had discouraged neither the gossip in the town nor the hopes of the young heir? How should she suspect what those hopes might be till one summer day he found her alone, and she was smitten suddenly with sore dismay?

Miss Rachel was not experienced in this feeling; but she recognized it. She had had it once before, in her boarding-school days, when the handsome young minister fell at her feet and implored. And so, half an hour later, this other young man sadly went his way, and Rachel Prudhomme, twenty-seven years old, ran up stairs and cried—a sad lack of the Prudhomme pride! But love was sweet to the lonely little woman.

And then, how was Rachel to foresee—to dream—what followed? The fortnight's hunting expedition—the separate flirtation with a pretty country girl—the newspaper announcement which took all Bayville's breath away:

"In Littleton, September 1, Charles Newman, of Bayville, to Miss Flossie Brown, of Littleton."

"I left him there last week," said James, in explanation. "He said he should marry her, now he'd gone so far. He's a young goose! And here's all Bayville gloating over the story that he's broken an engagement with you, and disappointed the Prudhommes! I hope you enjoy your work, miss. So much for not consulting your brother!"

Rachel had been breathless like all the rest of Bayville, and speechless unlike them; but at this she found her voice.

"Please understand, James," she said, "that it makes no sort of difference to me what the young men on the street say, or what anybody else says, of my affairs. I don't understand this matter at all; but I know this—that the opinions and beliefs of the young men of your acquaintance, or, indeed, of the whole town, do not affect me in the least; and you know it, too, James." The touch of family pride became her well, and James had nothing but a prolonged whistle to offer for answer.

One other person in Bayville had been as ignorant as Rachel of the current gossip.

Mr. Newman, the millionaire, occupied with extensive business and schemes of far-reaching charity, had known too little of late of his son's pursuits and whereabouts. It was in a puzzled and uncertain condition of mind, most unusual with this man of business, that he lifted the knocker of the old Prudhomme house the day after James' return. He had learned enough to lead him to make this call before pushing his investigations farther.

Rachel saw Mr. Newman coming. She knew very well the tall and portly form; she knew the fringe of gray hair falling beneath his hat, and she knew the bald spot that was under the hat. The families had long been neighbors in church, and though she had scarcely exchanged twenty words with this man in her life, she felt on quite intimate terms with his face, it had looked pleasantly upon her so many years.

"You will forgive my calling, Miss Prudhomme," he said, "though it may seem to be upon my own business. My son has been so much with your brother, perhaps I can get a little light here. I don't know what Charles has been doing lately. He's been rather wild, I'm afraid. I've neglected him, I'm afraid. But to tell the truth, I came chiefly to say to you, Miss Rachel, that if my son has been annoying you in any way—if he has been thoughtless or too ambitious, or troubled you in any way, why, I've come to beg your pardon in his stead."

"Oh, Mr. Newman," cried Rachel, "there is nothing for me to pardon. It is all my fault—what passed between us. I mean. And before that, I am afraid—Charles is easily led, and my poor brother, you know—"

"Yes, I know, I know," said the good man, soothingly. He could not bear to see this shadow of grief and shame on Rachel's fresh face. "I know; we mustn't judge too harshly. We mustn't forget that there's only one who sees the whole life. Now, were you going to tell me a little more about that other, my dear? Or would you rather not?"

Rachel told the story with all her blushes flying about her face, and good Mr. Newman was by turns so very sorry for Charles and so charmed with the narrator that his own countenance was quite a study in light and shade.

"I hope you will forgive my thoughtlessness," she finished. "I think Charles must have done so, and I do so hope this marriage—"

"Well, we'll do the best we can about the forgiving," he said, with something between a laugh and a sigh. "And now about this young couple. I shall start this afternoon to catch them, and we must make the best of it—make the best of it! I thank you very much, Miss Rachel—very much, indeed."

It was a day or two after this that the postman brought Miss Rachel a letter:

MY DEAR MISS PRUDHOMME—I have found our young people, and I think you will be glad to know that after a talk with each I feel much relieved about them. The little girl seems sweet-tempered and affectionate—just seventeen—and she is very pretty. Charles had made arrangements to go into business here, but has now decided to go home and take a position in my office. The young people will live with me for the present. If you should feel inclined to give my little daughter the pleasure of your acquaintance, I should take it very kindly of you. Yours sincerely,
JOHN NEWMAN.

Miss Rachel did not often get a letter. There were the regular family bulletins from Regina, and now and then a few lines to herself personally from her distant nieces or from an old school friend. Her most precious treasures of this kind were those that came to her long ago from her brother Joseph during his voyages. These she kept in a beautiful little Eastern cabinet which Joe had himself brought her. When she had read this new letter two or three times she laid it away near those old ones, in a little compartment by itself. And she thought, as she did so, how she should always value it as proof of a pleasant camaraderie with a good man, and how she should call on that "little daughter" as soon as possible.

PART SECOND.

The young married pair, having been first sent to a sister of Mr. Newman's, in New York, for the proper outfitting of the bride, came home to Bayville. Their father met them with the carriage in a state and elegance he seldom affected. As they drove up to the beautiful house on the hill, lights streamed out, servants stood waiting, a richly appointed dinner table gleamed at the end of the hall, and the choicest rooms of the house stood ready for their use. Charles Newman grasped his father's hand in a corner, as a man can grasp another man's hand, and said, with a husky laugh, that if this were not a case of the prodigal son, it was certainly a case of the prodigal father.

Shortly after, cards were issued for a wedding reception at the Newman's.

When Rachel's came, Madame Prudhomme examined them with a stately amazement.

"Really quite an elegant affair," she said. "You will have to send a refusal, I suppose. There's a little of that nice note-paper left in my secretary."

"But, mamma, I want to go," said Rachel, flushing up.

"Want to go? Rachel! You never did such a thing in your life. What are you thinking of?"

"I must tell her," thought Rachel. "I must certainly tell her something." For the little woman was quite determined to go.

"But, mamma, dear," she began, "there is a special reason this time. Do you know?—I have never told you, because it was so silly—but that young man has been here so much, James and some other people have thought that he and I cared for each other. So, you see—"

"Nonsense! Who would think of my daughter caring for one of these townspeople?"

But Madame Prudhomme dropped the

subject, and when she next took it up it was with the question:

"What are you going to wear if you go to that party?"

"The garret will settle that," said Rachel, gayly, and ran up stairs.

Nothing but a happy combination of past wealth and present poverty could have produced so charming a costume as Rachel's that evening. The garret had yielded a soft-shining satin of nameless tint. Over it fell lace that might have made a duchess weep, and the single, curiously-set gem that sparkled in its midst was such as could not easily have been purchased anywhere in the world to-day. There was nothing new about our little lady, except her gloves and flowers and the dimples that seemed always freshly bubbling up on her bonnie countenance. Mike, the grocer, acted as coachman, and Madame Prudhomme insisted on old Margaret, in white apron and cap, attending as maid. The faithful servant sat dazzled in the brilliant dressing-room among the handmaids of the house of Newman, and I hope she may be shriven for the lies she told about her family's greatness and the magnificence of daily life in the Prudhomme mansion.

Rachel had never had so good a time in her life. She was twenty-seven years old, but she had never had so good a time in her life. It was a trifle dreary for an instant going into the drawing-room alone; but the host stood near the door, and himself took her to his sister, who was helping him welcome his friends, and to the newly-married pair. He introduced to her a delightful professor, who told her about fossils, and then a gentle youth, who roamed with her through the great conservatories. He himself brought her dainty leeks, and took her for a walk in the lighted garden, where he left her with another delightful professor. It was a distinguished and brilliant company, for men of letters and of science and women of high standing were proud to know this man of active mind, royal heart and upright life. The host was everywhere, with his kindly little jokes, his infectious cheeriness; and when Miss Prudhomme's carriage was announced, and the shabby old establishment stood exposed among grinning coachmen in the brilliant light, it was the millionaire himself who handed her in as if it had been a chariot and she a queen. Certainly Rachel never had so good a time in her life! And all the way home she had to pinch herself hard to make sure that she was not a young girl in a story book, but Rachel Prudhomme, twenty-seven years old.

Life in the Prudhomme house now returned to its usual calm. Madame Prudhomme was more rheumatic this winter, and read Trollope and dropped stitches up-stairs. Nothing more festive than a Sunday-school teachers' meeting ever took place in the drawing-room. Madame Prudhomme approved of church and Sunday-school, was glad to have Rachel attend them, and wished James would do so. Now and then a guest appeared of the order with which Rachel had been familiar from her childhood. "My name is Smith; my grandfather married a Prudhomme," was a formula well known to her. She knew how most quickly to silence the inquirer by plunging him at once into the family documents. She knew on just what top shelf of a remote closet to place the genealogical volume which was sure to follow (with compliments) in due season.

Toward spring two distant cousins of her father came for a stay of a week to investigate and oversee repairs on the family tomb. This visit had a most reviving effect on Madame Prudhomme. She sat down-stairs more than she had for months. She even drove out to the cemetery, and in the evenings the three gray heads were bent with great delight over musty records of the dead. Rachel felt very insignificant, but she could get up very little interest in these far-away people. Now and then, to be sure, some brave deed or noble life shone out like a jewel in the dust, and gave her a thrill of proud delight; but, for the most part, the present, dull as it was, anxious and perplexed as it often was, interested her more than the misty past. As for the future, she seldom thought of that, though a general rosiness seemed to suffuse the horizon before her.

Trouble, however, new trouble, was in the immediate foreground.

Late one afternoon a dingy, reluctant country wagon, covered with a black cloth and followed by an increasing crowd of men and boys, passed through the business streets of Bayville and stopped before the police headquarters. Its burden, still covered with the black cloth, was slowly carried within, while the low-toned tidings ran through the crowd. It was James Prudhomme, shot, probably, by his own, unsteady hand while hunting. The excited officials gathered over the body and consulted. They were much relieved when the crowd, giving way to right and left, admitted Mr. Newman, who, passing up the street, had heard the news.

The man of business stood for a time with head uncovered, considering. He then undertook such arrangements as were necessary, and agreed to inform the family. "But I must go to my office a moment first," he said. "And, let me see; perhaps there are some papers."

The officials had already found a shabby and ill-filled purse. This Mr. Newman took, and going to his office filed it with bank notes as liberally as he dared, returning it to the dead man's pocket.

I need not tell how, as carefully as possible, the wretched fact of the young man's death was conveyed to Rachel and her mother—how long grief and shame mingled with a new shock and sorrow in the mourners' hearts—how Bayville gaped and moralized and pined.

In a few days Miss Rachel found herself perplexed about that roll of bills. It was far too large a sum, she thought,

[CONCLUDED ON EIGHTH PAGE.]

AMONG THE TRADE.

GRAND RAPIDS GOSSIP.

M. E. Herriek has opened a grocery store at Crapo. Lemon, Hoops & Peters furnished the stock.

Ira Murtland has engaged in the grocery business at Cadillac. I. M. Clark & Son furnished the stock.

The corner store in the Miller block, on West Bridge street, is being refitted for the occupancy of a dry goods firm.

Wm. Kennedy has re-engaged in the grocery business at Cadillac. Amos S. Musselman & Co. furnished the stock.

G. H. Hobart has sold his grocery stock on Cherry street to Joseph Thibout and Louis A. Thibout, who will continue the business under the style of J. Thibout & Son.

Wm. Kievit, for nine years past salesman for C. Stryker, has formed a co-partnership with his brother, Benjamin, under the style of Wm. & Benj. Kievit, to engage in the grocery business at 425 Grandville avenue.

R. A. Schouten has removed his drug stock from the corner of Hall and South Division streets to 602 South Division street. L. C. Phelps takes his old location, but does not succeed him in business, as stated last week.

Mr. Speicher, of the firm of Roscoe & Speicher, at Mancelona, has formed a co-partnership with O. E. Close under the style of Speicher & Co., to engage in the drug business at Mancelona. The Hazeltine & Perkins Drug Co. is putting up the stock.

J. Geo. Lehman has arranged to build a brick block on his lot adjoining the Miller block, on West Bridge street, 38x 80 feet in dimensions and three stories high. The first floor will be divided into two stores, one of which Mr. Lehman will occupy with his grocery stock.

Geo. E. Howes has retired from the firm of Geo. E. Howes & Co., produce and commission dealers at 3 North Ionia street. The business will be continued at the same location by C. N. Rapp and C. B. Metzger, under the style of the Grand Rapids Fruit and Produce Co.

The Belknap Wagon and Sleigh Co. will change from coal to crude oil fuel as soon as the necessary attachments can be put in under the boilers and in the forges. The company has gotten out a line of ice wagons, a branch of the business the corporation had not cultivated heretofore.

AROUND THE STATE.

Holland—R. Dykstra will open a tin-shop.

Kalamo—C. M. Woodard is repairing his store.

Paris—H. A. Cone has opened a boot and shoe store.

Ludington—M. B. Eoff has closed out his grocery stock.

Ironton—D. Galbraith has nearly completed his new store.

East Jordan—Dan Caton has engaged in the meat business.

Big Rapids—Dan Finn has engaged in the jewelry business.

Filbertown—White, Friant & Co. opened their new store April 22.

Kent City—A. L. Power has arranged to put up a grain elevator.

Moline—Chas. Bowers and Olin Bera have opened a meat market.

Alpena—F. L. Tupper succeeds Chas. Howard in the drug business.

Bellevue—Alfred Hare has bought the grocery stock of B. R. Holden.

Manistee—McReynolds & Booth have opened a confectionery store.

St. Johns—C. A. Danner has assigned his jewelry and crockery stock.

Ludington—Robinson & Douglass have closed out their grocery business.

Sunfield—Mrs. Ada Vandienan has opened a millinery establishment.

Ionia—J. H. Van Ness has engaged in the musical merchandise business.

Bellaire—T. R. Dunson & Co. will open a furniture store about May 1.

Owosso—W. H. Bigelow has sold his stock of drugs to John W. Kirtland.

Levering—A. D. Loomis has re-engaged in the grocery and provision business.

Breckenridge—D. W. Breckenridge has sold his hardware stock to Geo. Young.

Ludington—Wm. J. Cusway succeeds Cusway & Co in the jewelry business.

Bozette—A new drug store will shortly be opened in the Chrysler building.

East Jordan—C. H. Maddaugh has engaged in the merchant tailoring business.

Nashville—E. A. Bush has moved his shoe-shop into one of the Brady buildings.

Otsego—Ernest Hurspool has sold his interest in the feed store of Derhammer Bros.

Filbertown—Charles Nickman and Will McPagen have bought the Eaton general stock.

Lisbon—Thos. Cooley has closed out his grocery stock and retired from business.

Custer—Wm. H. Donaher succeeds Donaher & Bertran in the grocery business.

Bellaire—W. J. Nixon & Co. have chased a stock of feed to their grocery business.

Woodland—Benson & Co. will carry a line of jewelry in connection with their drug stock.

Cadillac—C. J. Shaw now occupies the former stand of J. C. McAdam with a dry goods stock.

Brooklyn—A. P. Cook, President of the A. P. Cook Co., dealers in general merchandise, is dead.

Clio—Decker & Shumway, dealers in general merchandise, have dissolved. F. W. Decker continues.

Charlotte—Seth Ketcham will build a thirty-five-foot addition to his building, occupied by Bretz Bros., to be used as a warehouse.

Hoytville—John Earthman has sold his grocery stock to West & Barroughs and his meat business to Chas. Cooper and Sam Spencer.

Jackson—Geo. D. Brown, wholesale and retail dealer in books and wall paper, is dead.

Mt. Clemens—Cizek & Co. have bought the Robert Posner hardware business.

Fennville—Raven & Swarts are successors to N. K. (Mrs. J. H.) Raven in the jewelry business.

Muskegon—The clothing firm of Mann & Pierce has dissolved, C. B. Mann continuing the business.

Hamilton—The blacksmith firm of Labarge & Stoner has dissolved. Mr. Labarge continues the business.

Traverse City—L. Palmer will move his boot and shoe stock into the Levinson building, which he recently purchased.

Big Rapids—C. B. Lovejoy will remove his grocery stock from his present location to the building known as the old Canada House.

Grand Junction—John A. Wright will transfer his furniture factory to this place from Gobleville if a bonus of \$500 is forthcoming.

O. B. Pickett, the presiding genius in the general store of M. V. Gundrum & Co., at Leroy, was in town a couple of days last week.

Morenci—H. G. Pegg, the jolliest merchant in the State, is building himself a residence which will eclipse anything else in the town.

Eaton Rapids—Major J. W. Rich is associated with E. F. Knapp in the new firm that succeeded M. B. Field in the hardware business.

Muskegon—G. C. Yonker has moved his stock of boots and shoes from Pine street to the store formerly occupied by Bolza's jewelry store.

Maurice—L. D. Goss, who has carried on a general store here for several years, has gone to Lansing, where he will engage in the boot and shoe business.

Ashley—N. W. Draggett has sold his grocery stock to Geo. W. Scott, who will continue the business. Mr. Draggett will engage in general trade at Carson City.

Detroit—Newcomb, Endicott & Co. refused to prosecute Mary White, who "lifted" a wrap at their store recently, and the girl has been released by the police.

Hastings—Geo. Soule has purchased an interest in the grocery stock of Phillips & Fuller. The new firm will do business under the name of Phillips, Fuller & Co.

Vermontville—Will M. Bale has sold his interest in the grocery firm of Bale & Downs to his partner, who will continue the business under the style of Geo. S. Downs.

Hastings—S. A. Holmes' jewelry stock was recently attached at the instance of B. F. Norris & Co., of Chicago, but the matter was subsequently adjusted and the attachment withdrawn.

Detroit—Dudley & Fowle, furniture dealers, announce that they have made enough money, and will retire from business soon, go to Europe for an extended trip, and take life easy when they return.

Muir—J. H. Stevens, whose elevator was destroyed in the recent fire, will rebuild on a larger scale than before. C. E. Stevens, who saved about \$1,400 worth of stock, has re-engaged in trade in a vacant store.

Detroit—After paying \$9,882 to secured creditors and \$3,236 expenses, the Charles R. Richardson estate has \$6,002.27 remaining, which will make a dividend of 14 1/2 per cent. on a proved indebtedness of \$40,565.48.

South Grand Rapids—J. C. McKee is erecting a store building, 22x50 feet in dimensions, two stories high. The lower floor will be occupied by a stock of goods and the upper story will be finished off as a hall for meeting purposes.

Mulliken—The report that E. L. Halladay had sold his grocery stock to A. F. Skinkle was incorrect. She has engaged in the meat business in company with Mr. Skinkle, but continues the grocery business in her own name the same as before.

MANUFACTURING MATTERS.

South Arm—Park's mill began work April 16.

Ironton—The blast furnace has started up again.

Muskegon—The Lewis L. Arms Shingle & Lumber Co. is idle for want of logs.

Springport—The grist mill is to be remodeled.

Manton—A chair factory is among the possibilities.

Dorr—Gray Bros.' grist mill has shut down indefinitely.

Elk Rapids—The Elk Rapids Iron Co. will begin work this week.

Pentwater—Fred. Talland has opened an upholstery and repair shop.

Charlevoix—The Michigan Shaved Shingle Co. is erecting a new mill.

Cheboygan—The Cheboygan Lumber Co. started up its sawmill April 18.

Muskegon—Hon. L. G. Mason estimates the season's cut here at 550,000,000.

South Arm—Sweet's mill has commenced cutting lumber and shingles.

Muskegon—Blodgett & Byrne's sawmill has shut down for want of logs.

Cheboygan—Pelton & Reid will start their sawmill the middle of this week.

South Kalamo—Fred Wilts has repaired his sawmill and will begin operations April 22.

Hamilton—D. Randolph, of Lawton, has bought C. & H. Harvey's interest in the grist mill.

Blissfield—Slack & Smead Bros. have paid out over \$100,000 for stock during the past year.

Dunningville—Wm. Scott's sawmill burned on the 17th. Loss about \$2,500, with no insurance.

Eaton Rapids—F. J. Bromeling has purchased an interest in J. B. Russell's tin and machine shop.

Peterville—Mr. Jecks, of Eaton Rapids, will take charge of the Peterville grist mill the coming season.

Allegan—Crude oil will be used as fuel by Streeter & Son in their boilers at the paper and saw mills.

South Boardman—J. W. Balcom has removed to Whittemore, where he will operate a shingle mill.

Lake Odessa—The organization of a stock company to construct and operate a roller mill is under advisement.

Detroit—Frank Howard & Co. is the style under which the lumber yard of George Morley, assigned, will be run.

Mememinee—A defective mud drum has delayed the starting of the Girard Lumber Co.'s mill, but it will be at work in a few days.

Ionia—The Bloomfield Oil Co., of Jackson, will establish a distributing station here, erecting a large warehouse for that purpose.

Belding—The Richardson Silk Co. will build another silk factory, the citizens having agreed to pay the taxes on the same for ten years.

Romeo—The Hill Road Cart Co., now employing fifty men, will increase its force to seventy-five or a hundred, and make forty or fifty carts per day.

Sault Ste. Marie—Cody, Madden & Cody have begun the erection of a planing mill, to cost \$10,000, to include the manufacture of sash, doors and blinds.

Hart—F. D. Johnson has completed a lumber mill for John B. Bevis, of Chicago, located twelve miles east of this place. It is designed to cut hardwood.

Marilla—Chesboro & Farnsworth's mill burned April 15, with \$300 worth of cherry lumber owned by Conover & Nessen. Loss, \$3,000, with no insurance.

East Saginaw—Melchers & Neritter have converted their shingle mill into a sawmill, having become thoroughly disgusted with the freaks of the shingle trade.

Manton—Lemmon & Furquhar are tearing up and moving their saw and shingle mill to Sutton's Bay, where they have a contract for the coming three or four years.

Charlotte—Geo. E. Woodbury has purchased the windmill and well business of E. J. Hill & Co., and will continue the same under the style of the Charlotte Windmill & Well Co.

Allegan—Arthur Marsh and Leon Chichester will soon begin cutting a million and a half of timber on the Bush mill lands in Pineplains, which they purchased some time ago.

East Saginaw—The shingle mill of S. W. Tyler & Son, at Crow Island, has begun operations. It has been extensively repaired, and its capacity increased to 150,000 daily.

Morley—J. O. Gilleland has sold his interest in the furniture stock of Gilleland & Co. to Henry Strope, and has gone to Portland, Oregon, to take charge of a lumber and shingle mill.

Whitehall—It has been decided to start the New York Mill again this season. It will be engaged on the logs of R. W. Norris and Geo. E. Dowling, comprising some 6,000,000 feet.

Eaton Rapids—Webster & Cobb succeed to the business of the Union Lumber Co., H. P. Webster having purchased the interest of the Eaton Rapids Manufacturing Co. and O. H. P. Springer.

Tecumseh—A. W. Slayton, who makes a specialty of basswood and has eighty-nine mills sawing for him, will remove to Detroit May 1, and intends opening branch offices in Chicago, Cleveland and Buffalo.

Manistee—The success of the two furniture factories already in the field has stimulated the organization of a third enterprise of the kind, which is being inaugurated with a capital stock of \$50,000.

Gilbert—Andrew Carlson has purchased the mill property owned by the late D. C. Collier and will continue the manufacture of lumber.

Menominee—The large mill of the Ludington, Wells & Van Schaick Co. is now at work, having about two months' supply of logs on hand. Considerable improvements were made on the mill during the winter.

Saginaw—Merrill & Ring will start a small crew soon to build camps and log rails, preparatory to starting logging operations early in the fall. They have put 9,300,000 feet into the Sugar River by rail and broken camp.

Leroy—The Cutler & Savidge Lumber Co. is thoroughly overhauling the mill recently purchased of the Kellogg & Sawyer estate and expects to begin operations about May 1. The company has enough timber for a three-years' cut.

Muskegon—A new lumber yard is to be opened here by W. D. Kelly & Co., who will do a general jobbing business in lumber, lath and shingles. Mr. Kelly will retain his interest in the firm of Cheesman & Kelly, of which he is the junior member, but will devote most of his time to the new yard.

East Saginaw—Wylie Bros. started their shingle mill on April 22, having placed their entire product for the season.

Fenton—On January 16, L. C. Gleason's handle factory was totally destroyed by fire. On the 18th the first handle was turned from his new factory, which was established in the brick building formerly occupied by the Fenton brewery.

Carey—J. A. Haak is moving his sawmill onto the 1,000 acre tract of hardwood he recently purchased of Chas. Chick for \$12,500. The mill will be located in town 20, 12 west, four miles north of this place. The output will be handled by Arthur Meigs & Co., of Grand Rapids.

Menominee—The mills of the Kirby-Carpenter Co., A. Spies, the Bay Shore Lumber Co. and Blodgett & Davis have all started up for the season. The total cut will probably amount to 100,000,000 feet, 70,000,000 of which will be done by the three mills of the Kirby-Carpenter Co.

Bay City—There are ten concerns here engaged in the manufacture of box shooks, consuming 30,000,000 feet of lumber annually. At the meeting held in Saginaw last week to take action relative to the new classification, a petition was drafted and signed, asking the Interstate Commerce Commission to help them out, and a petition was also sent to the Secretary of the Treasury, asking his aid in obtaining a higher rate of duty on this class of goods imported, as it is held the rate is too low to enable American manufacturers to compete with Canadian firms.

The "Patrons of Industry" Again.

"This reminds me of the time when the grangers first started," exclaimed a jobber who caters to the co-operative trade the other day, as he checked a set of duplicate bills for a caterer to the Patrons of Industry. "What fools the farmers are," continued the jobber, "to think they can beat the merchant at his own game. They might as well try to beat the confidence man at the game with three cards." Yet the farmers continue to play into the hand of sharpers, deserting the tradesmen who have served them faithfully for years—in too many cases leaving the merchant with old accounts on his books.

THEY DID NOT BITE.

From the Howard City Record.

A man was in town a couple of days this week attempting to organize a society of the "Patrons of Industry," the scheme, as we understand it, being to secure with his organization as many members as possible, they paying him one dollar each. Further provisions included an arrangement with one or more dealers in a town to sell to members of the order in a small per cent. above cost, and show his bills to customers, if necessary, to prove what the goods cost him. As it appears to the Record, so far as we have investigated, it is a good thing—for the organizers, as they make a neat profit out of the work—but a very poor thing for everybody else, and those who let it severely alone prove themselves to be possessed of very long and very level heads. It has been tried at Cedar Springs, which place can give other towns valuable pointers in the matter. We are glad no business man of Howard City was roped into the scheme.

A FALSE BOTTOM.

From the Vermontville Echo.

The organization called the Patrons of Industry is another scheme that is gotten up to trap farmers who will be made to believe they are to have something for nothing. Those who join agree to buy all their goods of one man or one firm at 10 per cent. above cost. But they don't make anything out of it; for they have to pay a fee for joining to the sharpers who organize the society, as does also the merchant who is to receive the patronage. We heard one man say last week that a merchant he knew went into the scheme, and had the wholesalers send him two bills—one to show his customers and add 10 per cent. to the prices quoted, and the other to remit by. In this way, they had to pay a big price for goods and had to pay the sharpers a fee besides.

When a stranger presents anything of this kind to you, farmers, make up your minds that there is a false bottom to it.

John E. Kenning sold 475,000 "Our Leader" cigars during the past year.

Gripsack Brigade.

Frank Emery is seriously ill. W. P. Townsend, formerly on the road for Eaton & Co., now represents Daniel Lynch.

Hy. Madden, formerly with Daniel Lynch, is now working the city trade for M. E. Christenson.

A. Rankin, of Manistee, has engaged to travel for the Smith Sash, Door & Blind Co., of Milwaukee.

Chas. M. Falls now carries the grips of Franklin MacVeagh & Co., the new deal having gone into effect on the 10th.

Henry Smith, tea buyer for W. F. McLaughlin & Co., of Chicago, spent last Saturday among the trade of Grand Rapids.

L. C. Sandford, a commercial traveler from Brooklyn, N. Y., died at the Wayne Hotel, Detroit, on the 17th, of Bright's disease.

Jas. N. Bradford has begun the erection of a house on his lot on James street, between Wealthy avenue and Buckeye street, which he expects to have ready for occupancy by June 10.

J. C. Fennimore, founder and Supreme Counsellor of the United Commercial Travelers of the United States—the secret order of the traveling fraternity—informs THE TRADESMAN that he will shortly make an effort to inaugurate a council among the grip carriers of this city.

F. Ernest Stevens, who has been book-keeper for Jennings & Smith for several years, will go on the road for the house on May 1, taking Southern Michigan and Northern Ohio and Indiana as his territory. "Fred," as he is familiarly known, will undoubtedly make his mark in his chosen avocation.

Purely Personal.

H. Freeman, the Mancelona grocer, was in town Saturday.

Chas. E. Olney and family will reach Chicago on their return from California on May 1, arriving in Grand Rapids about the 5th.

Wm. H. Hoops left yesterday for the Upper Peninsula, where he will spend a couple of weeks among the patrons of Lemon, Hoops & Peters.

Geo. B. Caldwell has removed from Greenville to this city and taken a position in the insurance office of H. F. Burtch. He will continue his local agency at Greenville for the present.

D. S. Liddle, the Tustin general dealer, was in town several days last week, in attendance on the meetings of the Grand Rapids Presbytery. He was highly honored by being designated as the delegate to the Presbyterian General Assembly, which meets in New York next month.

Dan Simpson, Secretary and General Manager of the Big Ox Mining and Reduction Co., of Helena, is spending several days in the city for the purpose of interesting local capital in the enterprise. Geo. R. Mayhew and Dr. Chas. S. Hazeltine are quite largely interested in the venture.

The Hardware Market.

Barbed wire is without change. There is no decline in copper, although such a result is not unexpected. There is a weaker feeling in wool twine and rope, but no one is able to give a reason for it.

"Our Knocker" cigars are sold by all first-class dealers. M. H. Treusch & Bro. supply the trade.

FOR SALE, WANTED, ETC.

Advertisements will be inserted under this head for two cents a word the first insertion and one cent a word for each subsequent insertion. No advertisement taken for less than 40 cents. Advance payment.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—A GENERAL STOCK OF MERCHANDISE, will involve \$10,000, including fixtures; business of 1888 was over \$40,000; located in thriving town of 1,000 in Central Michigan; buildings for sale or rent; to parties purchasing, we will give our trade, which amounts to from \$600 to \$1,000 per month; reasons for selling, other business. Address M. care Michigan Tradesman.

FOR SALE—GROCERY AND BAZAAR STOCK, AND brick store to rent; good location. Inquire of W. F. Gardner, St. Johns, Mich.

FOR SALE—SMALL STOCK OF MERCHANDISE, cash required, \$500; a good living and some more; can be extended; correspondence solicited. Box 44, Forest Hill, Mich.

FOR SALE—STOCK OF DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, boots and shoes in live town in Central Michigan; will involve about \$7,500, fixtures included; trade of \$88 about \$200; will rent or sell building; our trade will be given to buyer; reasons, too much business. Address H. care Michigan Tradesman.

FOR SALE—AT REPUBLIC IS THE BEST BUSINESS central railroad town in Upper Michigan, a house and two lots in the heart of the city, opposite town hall; good chance for business. Address John Ben. Hallack, Republic, Mich.

FOR SALE—BRIGHT, CLEAN STOCK OF GROCERIES, crockery and glass-ware, in growing town of over 1,200; stock and fixtures will involve about \$2,500; business averages \$1,500 per month; store building is one of the finest in the State for business and will be rented or sold; reasons, other business needs our attention. Address A. care Michigan Tradesman.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—REGISTERED PHARMACIST, GERMAN preference. Must be temperate and willing to work in general store. Bert M. Brown, Stevensville, Mich.

WANTED—SITUATION AS BOOK-KEEPER BY MAN of eight years' experience, who is familiar with all bookkeeping. Address A. E. Chambers, 42 Monroe street, Grand Rapids, Mich.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO EXCHANGE—I HAVE A NEW, BRIGHT, WELL-selected little stock of hardware to exchange for a farm or city real estate. Address No. 401, care Michigan Tradesman.

I HAVE SOME FIRST-CLASS PROPERTY, WELL improved and nicely located, in South Jackson; also some other property to exchange for a stock of goods. Address 25 Fountain St.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE—PRODUCTIVE REAL estate in the thriving village of Bailey on the C. & A. M. Railway for found and lot in Grand Rapids, worth about \$1,500. Address D. B. Valentine, Sarnovia, Mich.

WANTED—1,000 MORE MERCHANTS TO ADOPT OUR Improved Coupon Pass Book System. Send for samples. E. A. Stowe & Bro., Grand Rapids.

FOR SALE—GOOD RESIDENCE LOT ON ONE OF the most pleasant streets "on the hill." Will exchange for stock in any good institution. Address 286, care Michigan Tradesman.

WANTED—EVERY STORE-KEEPER WHO READS this paper to give the Sulfitt coupon system a trial. It will abolish your pass books, do away with all your book-keeping, in many instances save you the expense of one clerk, will bring your business down to a cash basis and save you all the worry and trouble that usually go with the pass-book plan. Start the list of the month with the new system and you will never regret it. Having two kinds, both kinds will be sent by addressing (mentioning this paper) J. H. Sulfitt, Albany, N. Y.

ONE OF A SERIES OF PICTURES REPRESENTING COFFEE CULTURE. WATCH FOR THE NEXT.



SCENE ON A COFFEE PLANTATION CONTROLLED BY CHASE & SANBORN.

OUR COFFEES HAVE A NATIONAL REPUTATION REPRESENTING THE FINEST GROWN.

SEAL BRAND COFFEE JAVA and MOCHA, in its richness and delicacy of flavor. Justly called The Aristocratic Coffee of America. Always packed whole roasted (unground) in 2 lb. air-tight tin cans.

CRUSADE BLEND A skillful blending of strong, flavory and aromatic high grade coffees. Warranted not to contain a single Rio bean, and guaranteed to suit your taste as no other coffee will, at a moderate price. Always packed whole roasted (unground), in 1 lb. air-tight parchment packages.

RETAIL CROCCERS Tell us that their coffee trade has doubled and tripled since buying and selling our coffees. What it has done for them it will do for you. Send for samples to

CHASE & SANBORN,

BROAD STREET, - BOSTON, MASS.

Western Department:

HERBERT T. CHASE,

Representative for

Michigan and Northern Ohio,

GROCERIES.

The Condition of Trade.
From the New York Shipping List.

The distributive movement of trade reflects a fair amount of activity in nearly all departments and the volume of business in progress is found to be generally in excess of the corresponding period of last year, but without developing any noteworthy feature. The demand for all kinds of merchandise since the close of last week shows that while a confident feeling seems to prevail in all sections, it has been tempered by the conservative views which are evinced by a disposition, for the present at least, to keep within the actual requirements of consumption. The outlook is brightened by the cheering reports that are being received from all localities respecting the condition of the crops, which is unusually favorable for this season of the year, and from the present point of view there is promise that the year will be one of prosperity for agricultural industry; but early indications of this character carry with them so large a margin of uncertainty that they have but little influence in shaping the course of events. There are still other features in the commercial and financial situation that are favorable, including the easier tendency of the money market, both here and in Europe, the increasing exports of produce, the continued activity of the sugar market, the almost unprecedented demand for boots and shoes, the favorable exhibit that is made by clearing house statistics and railroad earnings, and the increasing investment demand there has been for all good railroad bonds. Against these must be placed, however, the unsatisfactory condition of the iron industry with the absence of any prospect of immediate improvement, the slow demand that has been experienced for many staple groceries, the falling off in the activity of the dry goods market, with a decline in the value of print cloth, the feeling of depression that still overshadows the coal market, and the professional character of speculation in railroad stocks as well as produce. This latter feature not only deprives the stock market of its usual significance as an exponent of Wall Street sentiment, but furthermore prevents the growth of any outside public interest. The fluctuations in the value of wheat have been entirely the result of manipulation which is centered in Chicago and seems to have ignored the increased export movement stimulated by current low prices, but the market is scarcely likely to find its normal level until the speculative interest created last autumn has been entirely liquidated. The price of other cereals, as well as provisions, has moved in sympathy with the wheat market, the most important feature being the continued heavy export of corn, which is now selling at very nearly the lowest price on record. There has been very little change in the cotton market, but a significant feature in the statistical position is the large amount that has been already taken this year by Northern spinners, from the commencement of the crop year to April 5, and which, in comparison with previous years, is 109,117 bales more than last year, 216,192 more in 1887 and 128,116 more in 1886. This shows, of course, increased consumption of raw cotton, as well as a much larger production of cotton fabrics. The general position of the staple in the principal consuming markets seems to be especially favorable for the domestic product, for notwithstanding the large quantity that has come into sight, the visible supply of the world is actually 170,000 bales less than a year ago, while of other descriptions the deficiency is 20,000, although have been sales at 4 1/2 cents cost and freight for 96 test, and further offerings have been held at 5 cents. In Cuba it is said that some holders are asking as high as 5 1/2 cents for Centrifugals. There have been no Muscovadoes offering, but they may be nominally quoted 4 1/2 cents cost and freight for 89 test. The excitement in London and Europe seems to have been stimulated by extravagant and foolish reports sent from here as to the local situation. The fluctuations have been very irregular and erratic, as for instance yesterday, when Beet was noted higher in Madgeburg than London. On the strength of reports sent from here that the trust had collapsed, inquiry was returned as to whether it would be wise to ship English Granulated here, and several other equally foolish reports have been current.

ent position by the fluctuating character of the markets during 1887 and 1888, but inasmuch as low as well as high prices are caused by the same influences, the bitter portion seems to have been about equalized by the sweet, and history bears evidence that both sides of the market have been treated in quite a consistent and impartial manner. For example, the low prices of the first part of last year were brought about by the flood of coffee expected to materialize in 1889, and while the present position of supplies may appear ample enough for current requirements, the anticipated shortage of 1890 is directly accountable for the present high range of values.

The following table shows the world's production, in bags of 132 pounds each, for the past fourteen crop years:

1875-76	7,701,000
1876-77	8,025,000
1877-78	8,333,000
1878-79	8,333,000
1879-80	10,550,000
1880-81	9,320,000
1881-82	10,382,000
1882-83	9,694,000
1883-84	11,363,000
1884-85	10,360,000
1885-86	6,783,000
1886-87	11,154,000
1887-88	7,740,000

It has become a comparatively easy matter to estimate accurately the quantity of fruit likely to be produced in any one season, while in blossom, yet so much depends upon the weather during the development of the crop, that estimates made early in the season often prove to be premature, and subject to revision later on. At this time, however, there is no room for a reasonable doubt but that the yield of the growing crops can be closely approximated, and in view of their being the controlling feature of the market, the above comparative tables of the world's production should prove interesting reading.

Cable advices from Brazil indicate no change of note, either in the position of prices or stocks, the former being quoted at 1/2 to 3/4 cents per pound above the market here, and liberal business with the consuming markets has prevented the accumulation of supplies. The receipts of coffee at Rio and Santos from now on to July 1 are likely to run much smaller than the average of the past nine months, which fact will at least tend to maintain the firmness which now is prevailing at these important producing points.

The Grocery Market.
The sugar situation has sustained no material change during the past week. The Shipping List describes the status of the market as follows:

Notwithstanding the continued excitement that has prevailed in the London and Continental markets, together with the wide and rather wild fluctuations that transpired during Wednesday and Thursday, the market here has presented a quiet appearance, and very little fresh business has been made public, partly because here, as well as the limited offerings that have been available, and partly because refiners are anxious to see a quieter market and a reaction from the tension that exists, for holders in all producing countries entertain the same extravagant views and are looking for higher rather than lower prices. The local situation continues to be rather unquiet, for not only is there very little stuff here, either on the spot or available for shipment, but, furthermore, the market is almost entirely bare of quotable standard grades. Nominal quotations have been 6 1/2-16 cents for 96 test Muscovadoes, and 7 1/2-16 cents for 96 test Centrifugals, while for cargoes to arrive there have been sales at 4 1/2 cents cost and freight for 96 test, and further offerings have been held at 5 cents. In Cuba it is said that some holders are asking as high as 5 1/2 cents for Centrifugals. There have been no Muscovadoes offering, but they may be nominally quoted 4 1/2 cents cost and freight for 89 test. The excitement in London and Europe seems to have been stimulated by extravagant and foolish reports sent from here as to the local situation. The fluctuations have been very irregular and erratic, as for instance yesterday, when Beet was noted higher in Madgeburg than London. On the strength of reports sent from here that the trust had collapsed, inquiry was returned as to whether it would be wise to ship English Granulated here, and several other equally foolish reports have been current.

Willett & Hamlin, in their circular of the 18th, dip into the future state of the market, as follows:

The season of largest consumption is ahead and must be provided for at what ever prices may be asked by producing countries. The price of sugar is not yet abnormally high, the last few years of depression have accustomed consumers to a low range of prices, but raw sugars are still below the average price of forty years, and for several years preceding the depression, granulated sugar was selling at 1c per lb higher than now, so that the return to such prices for a time, until new and larger crops of cane and beet sugar can be grown, need not be considered burdensome.

Crackers have declined 1/2c. Candy has sustained a further advance, in consequence of the advance in sugar. Oranges remain very cheap. Lemons are very firm and tending upward. New cheese has put in an appearance, being held at 12 1/2c.

Over forty tons of iron will be used in the construction of the new vault of the Second National Bank of Owosso. The vault will be mob, burglar and fire proof, and will cost \$7,500.

Every grocer should handle "Our Knecker" cigars. For sale only by M. H. Treusch & Bro.

Attention! Retailers!
Save your money and buy your Pickles from the Factory at Wholesale Prices. Pickles, \$3.50 for 1,000 Mediums in 30-gal. bbls. Count and quality guaranteed.

Walker & Son,
Box 456, Grand Rapids, Mich.

C. R. ICE & COAL CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers.

Now—Before any Advance—Write for Prices on Coal.

Grand Rapids Ice & Coal Co.,
52 PEARL ST.

Heating Apparatus!

Parties wishing to change their heating apparatus are invited to examine the Economy Combination, Steam and Warm Air Heater.

WILLIAM MILLER, Agent,
24 South Ionia St.

We Are Headquarters

Pure Cider and White Wine Vinegar.

Consult your own interests by getting our prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Telfer Spice Company

THE OLD RELIABLE



Boxes, Cans, Pails, Kegs, Half Barrels and Barrels.

Send for sample of the celebrated

Frazer Carriage Grease

The Frazer Goods Handled by the Jobbing Trade Everywhere.

SWIFT'S

Choice Chicago

Dressed Beef

-- AND MUTTON --

Can be found at all times in full supply and at popular prices at the branch houses in all the larger cities and is retailed by all first-class butchers.

The trade of all marketmen and meat dealers is solicited. Our Wholesale Branch House, L. F. Swift & Co., located at Grand Rapids, always has on hand a full supply of our Beef, Mutton and Provisions, and the public may rest assured that in purchasing our meats from dealers they will always receive the best.

Swift and Company,

Union Stock Yards,
CHICAGO.

I. M. CLARK & SON,

If our Travelers

do not see you regularly, send for our

Samples and Prices

before purchasing

elsewhere. We will

surprise you.

Mail Orders al-

ways receive

prompt attention

and lowest possible

prices.

Teas

Syrups

Molasses

Wholesale Grocers

PERKINS & HESS

DEALERS IN

Hides, Furs, Wool & Tallow,

NOS. 122 and 124 LOUIS STREET, GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN.

WE CARRY A STOCK OF CAKE TALLOW FOR MILL USE

NELSON BROS. & CO.,

Wall Paper and Window Shades,

GRAND RAPIDS, - MICH.

PRODUCE MARKET.

Apples—Choice stock is hard to get; fair stock commands \$2.50 per bbl. Beans—Handlers are paying about \$1.25 for un-picked and getting \$1.60 for hand-picked. Butter—Creamery is in plentiful supply at 24c. Dairy is in fair demand at 16c per lb. and indications are that the price will go off a couple of cents before the end of the week. Country merchants should be careful not to load up too heavily, as this is the time of the year when the market is likely to be demoralized by a deluge of fresh goods.

Cabbages—Home grown command \$2.50 per 100. New Orleans stock, \$1.50 per crate. Celery—Scarce and hard to get. Cider—10c per gal. Cooperage—Pork barrels, \$1.25; produce barrels 25c.

Cranberries—Bell and Cherry are too poor to quote; good Bell and Bugie stock readily commands \$6.75 per bbl. Dried Apples—Commission men hold sun-dried at 3 1/2c and evaporated at 5 1/2c per lb. Eggs—The market is a little stiffer, but there is no dependence to be placed in it, as a rush of stock to market will undoubtedly demoralize prices and unsettle values. Country merchants ought not to pay over 8c per doz. at present.

Green Onions—18c per doz. bunches. Honey—More plenty, being easy at 15c per lb. per lb. Lettuce—12c per lb. Maple Sugar—10c per lb. Onions—Buyers pay 18c for good stock, and hold at 25c per lb. Peapants—4c per lb. Peas—4c per lb. Pork—Hogs bring 5 1/2c on the streets and sell for 5 1/4c from jobbers' hands. Potatoes—No market. Radishes—25c per doz. bunches. Spinach—6c per bu. Sweet Potatoes—Kiln-dried Jerseys, \$4 per bbl. Turnips—25c per bu.

PROVISIONS.
The Grand Rapids Packing and Provision Co. quotes as follows:

PORK IN BARRELS.
Mess, new, 12 1/2
Short cut Morgan, 13 1/2
Extra clear pig, short cut, 14 1/2
Clear quill, short cut, 14 1/2
Boston clear, short cut, 14 1/2
Clear back, short cut, 14 1/2
Standard clear, short cut, 14 1/2

SMOKED MEATS—Canned or Plain.
Hams, average 20 lbs, 9 1/2
" 16 lbs, 10 1/2
" 12 to 14 lbs, 10 1/2
" picnic, 10 1/2
" best boniness, 10 1/2
Shoulders, 7 1/2
Breakfast Bacon, boniness, 10
Dried Beef, extra, 12
" lean prices, 12
Long Clarks, heavy, 7
Briskets, medium, 7 1/2
" light, 7 1/2

LARD—Kettle Rendered.
Tubs, 8 1/2
50 lb. Tins, 8 1/2
LARD—Compound.
Tubs, 7 1/2
30 and 50 lb. Tubs, 7 1/2
3 lb. Pails, 20 in a case, 7 1/2
5 lb. Pails, 12 in a case, 7 1/2
10 lb. Pails, 6 in a case, 7 1/2
50 lb. Pails, 4 in a case, 7 1/2

BEEF IN BARRELS.
Extra Mess, warranted 20 lbs, 6 1/2
Extra Mess, Chicago packing, 7 1/2
Plate, 7 1/2
Extra Plate, warranted 20 lbs, 7 1/2
Boniness, rump butts, 9 1/2

SAUSAGE—Fresh and Smoked.
Pork Sausage, 7 1/2
Ham Sausage, 9
Tongue Sausage, 9
Frankfort Sausage, 8 1/2
Blood Sausage, 8 1/2
Bologna, thick, 8 1/2
Head Cheese, 8 1/2

PIGS' FEET.
In half barrels, 1 1/2
In quarter barrels, 1 1/2
TRIPE.
In half barrels, 3 1/2
In quarter barrels, 1 1/2
In kits, 85

FRESH MEATS.
Swift and Company quote as follows:
Beef, carcasses, 5 @ 6 1/2
" hind quarters, 6 @ 8
" fore, 4 @ 5
Hogs, 6 @ 6
Pork loins, 6 @ 6 1/2
" shoulders, 6 @ 6 1/2
Bologna, 6 @ 6 1/2
Sausage, blood or head, 6 @ 6 1/2
" liver, 6 @ 6 1/2
" Frankfort, 6 @ 6 1/2
Mutton, 6 @ 6 1/2

OYSTERS AND FISH.
F. J. Dettenthal quotes as follows:
FRESH FISH.
Whitefish, 7 @ 7
Trout, 6 @ 6
Ciscos, 6 @ 6
Halibut, 6 @ 6
Herring, 6 @ 6
Perch, skinned, 6 @ 6
Frogs' legs, per doz., 25 @ 40

CANDIES, FRUITS AND NUTS.
Putnam & Brooks quote as follows:
STICK.
Standard, 25 lb. boxes, 10
Twist, 25 @ 11
Cut Leaf, 25 @ 11

MIXED.
Royal, 25 lb. pails, 10 @ 12 1/2
" 20 lb. bbls., 9 1/2
Extra, 25 lb. pails, 10 1/2
" 20 lb. bbls., 9 1/2
French Cream, 25 lb. pails, 12 1/2
Cut Leaf, 25 lb. boxes, 10
Broken, 40 lb. bbls., 10
" 20 lb. bbls., 10

FANCY—In 5 lb. boxes.
Lemon Drops, 13
Sour Drops, 14
Peppermint Drops, 14
Chocolate Drops, 15
H. M. Chocolate Drops, 15
Gum Drops, 18 @ 22
Licorice Drops, 18
Lozenges, plain, in pails, 14
A. B. Licorice Drops, 14
Lozenges, plain, in pails, 14
Imperial, 14
Mottos, 14
Cream Bar, 15
Molasses Bar, 15
Caramels, 15
Banana Creams, 15
Plain Creams, 15
Decorated Creams, 15
Straw Rock, 15
Burnt Almonds, 15
Wintergreen Berries, 14

FANCY—In bulk.
Lozenges, plain, in pails, 12 1/2
" in bbls., 11 1/2
" printed, in pails, 13
" in bbls., 12 1/2
Chocolate Drops, in pails, 12 1/2
Gum Drops, in pails, 12 1/2
" in bbls., 12 1/2
Moss Drops, in pails, 12 1/2
" in bbls., 12 1/2
Sour Drops, in pails, 12 1/2
Imperial, in pails, 12 1/2
" in bbls., 12 1/2

FRUITS.
Oranges, fancy California, 3 @ 3 1/2
" Messina, 3 @ 3 1/2
" 300s, 3 @ 3 1/2
Lemons, choice, 3 @ 3 1/2
" fancy, 3 @ 3 1/2
Figs, layers, new, 10 @ 15
" Bags, 50 lb., 10 @ 15
Dates, 50 lb., 10 @ 15
" 1/2 frails, 50 lb., 10 @ 15
" Fard, 10 lb. box, 8 @ 10
" 20 lb. box, 8 @ 10
" Persian, 20 lb. box, 6 @ 7 1/2
Bananas, 1 50 @ 3 00

NUTS.
Almonds, Tarragona, 6 @ 17
" 100s, 6 @ 15
" California, 6 @ 14
Brazil, 6 @ 11
" family, 6 @ 11
Walnuts, Grenoble, 12 @ 12 1/2
" French, 12 @ 12 1/2
Pecans, Texas, H. P., 7 @ 12
Cocoanuts, per 100, 4 @ 00 1/2
Chestnuts, 6 @ 10
Peanuts, 6 @ 8
Extra, 6 @ 8
Yacht, 6 @ 8

CONDENSED MILK.
Eagle, 6 @ 7
Anglo-Swiss, 6 @ 7
" 100s, 6 @ 7
Kenosha Butter, 8
Seymour, 8
Butter, 8
" family, 8
" biscuit, 8
Boston, 8
City Soda, 8
Soda, 8
Jute, 8
" 72 lb., 8
" 115, 8

COFFEES—Package.
Lion, 100 lbs, 24 1/2
" in cabinets, 24 1/2
Dilworth's, 24 1/2
Magnolia, 24 1/2
Acme, 24 1/2
German family, 24 1/2
McLaughlin's XXX, 24 1/2
Honey Bee, 24 1/2
Tiger, 24 1/2
No. 1, 24 1/2
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COFFEES—Green.
Rio, fair, 17 @ 19
" good, 18 @ 20
" prime, 19 @ 21
" family, 19 @ 21
" golden, 20 @ 23
Santos, 17 @ 19
Mexican, 17 @ 19
Peaberry, 20 @ 23
Java, Interior, 20 @ 23
Mandehling, 20 @ 23
Soda, 20 @ 23
Mocha, genuine, 25 @ 28
To ascertain cost of roasted coffee, add 1/4c per lb. for roasting and 1/2c per lb. for shrinkage.

COFFEES—Package.
Lion, 100 lbs, 24 1/2
" in cabinets, 24 1/2
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Mandehling, 20 @ 23
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The Michigan Tradesman

THE PRUDHOMME PRIDE.

[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.]

for James to have had with him in any natural way. She enquired among the young men of his acquaintance, but could get no clue. She was on the point of advertising the sum as found, but she decided to send first for Mr. Newman.

"You have been so kind," she said, "I am going to trouble you still more."

"Precisely the right thing for you to do," he answered. "I am very glad you sent for me. I know a good deal, of course, about such matters—being in my sort of business, you know. And I happen to be informed of all the circumstances in this particular case. The money is yours by every right."

Rachel still looked puzzled.

"We business men mustn't tell tales, you know. But we know a good deal. We have facilities, you see. And now I wish you would promise me, my dear, that if you are ever troubled or in doubt about any matter of business, you'll send for me."

Rachel looked up in his good face, believed him with all her heart, and promised.

Mr. Newman was, in general, a happy man. But one thing made him miserable, and that was trouble of any kind which he could not relieve. The rubbings of that bald spot on his head, the wrinkles of his broad and sunny countenance and the deep ponderings of heart which went on within him as he watched his little neighbor in church and thought he saw a deepening shadow on her face, were such as might have threatened a permanent gloom had it not happened that there were a good many other poor and troubled people in the world, and more especially a young pair at home to be knit together and made happy in every possible way.

At last, the good man hit upon a stratagem by which, he thought, he might get the better for a time of even the Prudhomme pride. He encountered Rachel casually at her gate one morning and stopped for a few words. "I beg your pardon, Miss Rachel," he said at last, "but there's that poor Historical Society of ours." The millionaire took off his hat, rubbed his head, and looked as unhappy as he could make himself look. "You see we've got a big list of officers and an elegant hall and plenty of capital, but I declare we haven't so much as a case full of things to show—things that are really historical. I've been thinking that if you could—if Madame Prudhomme could, you know—make up her mind to part with some of the interesting things in your house—that urn, for instance, that Washington had coffee out of—or, well, 'most anything—why, it would be immensely valuable to us; and I know she was once prevailed upon to let the State have that portrait—"

The good man rubbed his head again and tried to keep up a despondent expression, but he was so delighted at a gleam of relief he thought he detected in the face before him that it was a most transparent fraud, or would have been to one less personally interested than Rachel.

She half suspected him at first, but much contriving was beginning to make her mercenary, and suspicion was lost in a swift calculation of the comforts that old urn would bring her mother.

"I don't know, Mr. Newman," she said. "Thank you for thinking of it"—she really could not help thanking him, he looked so good—"I will ask mamma and let you know what she says."

What Madame Prudhomme said was this: No! She should certainly not think of such a thing. She wondered the man could ask. That Prudhomme urn, to be sure, sold to a little society of tradespeople! But Miss Rachel, as I have said, was certainly growing mercenary, and at this juncture she showed herself capable of *finesse*. Her mother now sat up stairs altogether, and never looked at the silver. Rachel let it old urn in the baize-lined box, but she rubbed up a tankard of equal age and had it ready to snuff Mr. Newman when he called for his answer. "I really think," she said, laughing, "it had quite as much to do with Washington as the urn, for I have been looking into the old journals somewhat, and I think that particular urn went to another branch of the family."

"Never mind, Miss Rachel, never mind," answered Mr. Newman, beaming. "Anything that can add a couple of ciphers to its age, you know—that's all that's needed now-days." He might have been some glorified miser chuckling over his gains. "And if you ever think of anything else you can possibly spare, why—that Historical Society is so poor, you see—it would be such a favor."

And now again the days went on more monotonously, it seemed, than ever before. Even the genealogical gentleman seemed to come more rarely. Even the Sunday-school teachers' meetings were less frequent, for Rachel was more and more confined to her mother's room and bedside. Acquaintance with Charley Newman's wife had been progressing all this time, and the development of the affectionate little country girl into a pleasing young woman, and the growing content on the husband's face, were among the happiest circumstances of Rachel's life at this time.

The young pair were now in a home of their own, and Rachel found herself taking a matronly interest in their little housekeeping experiments. It was novel and sweet to her to have the right to feel so familiar a concern in the affairs of any one outside the family.

The problem of daily life grew no easier. But Rachel remembered her promise, and more than once she took pity on the Historical Society, which body, through its president, certainly rewarded her most handsomely for her offerings.

At last there came a day when sorrow and loss crept closer than ever before to this woman's heart—she saw her mother beautiful, proud head lay low, and the poor little heart-chilled daisy stood alone in the autumn wind.

It was so very still and empty in the house when all was over. Kindly relatives had lingered, but the last was now gone. The last letter of sympathy was laid aside. Friends had been thoughtful. Houses of cousins all over the land stood open to her for visits of indefinite length.

Bayville had nothing but kindly words to offer now. Charley Newman and his wife heaped up fresh flowers in her rooms, fresh kindnesses in her heart. These things eased the pain, perhaps, but they did not fill the emptiness.

She sat alone one morning, and the world looked very bleak. The door-bell rang, and the clouds suddenly lifted. At the same moment a friend came in. "I have been so sorry to be away all this time," said Mr. Newman, "so very sorry, Miss Rachel."

"But now you have come back," said Rachel, smiling. They said a few words about his journey. He asked a few questions in his sympathetic yet cheery tones on the subject nearest her heart. "But I came this morning to ask you a question," he said at last. "I am sure you will answer it frankly and freely, and—kindly. And if you can answer it as I wish, I shall—I shall be very happy. Your home is broken up. I came—I came to ask you if you could make up your mind to come and make a home for me? I hardly need to tell you about myself. You know it all, I think. I have worked with my hands a large part of my life. My grandfather was an honest man, I believe, but you never heard his name. I'm a widower; you know that, too. My wife died twelve years ago."

A vision of Mrs. Newman's good-natured face and rather striking costumes passed before Rachel's eyes. But it was quickly shut out by the earnest face bending over her.

"Maria was a good woman, and I loved her," said the widower, loyally; "but she wasn't a—rosebud!"

Rachel by this time deserved the simile. She was one bewitching confusion of blushes, smiles and tears. And here was this good man waiting for her to speak.

"Mr. Newman," she said, looking up into his eyes, "you are my very best friend, and I honor you more than any man in the world!"

His face was a sunrise. He stretched out his warm, strong hand.

"Then does that settle it, my—my blessing? May I kiss you? And now, when will you come home?"

Miss Rachel paused in her sewing the next day. "I do believe," she said to herself—"I do believe I am doing that dreadful thing, marrying for a home. I am! A home means to me love and honor and obedience. I am! I certainly am! I wonder, too, what Regina will say. I must write her at once."

Regina said, in short, that she was very much surprised. On what the house would bring, Rachel could live very genteelly in Europe. She knew nothing about this Mr. Newman, but she presumed he was a good man. She sent a Swiss carving for a wedding present, and hoped her sister would be happy.

And was this the end of the Prudhomme pride? I am not so sure of that. The last time I was in Bayville, passing the Newman place, I saw a little maiden—six years old, perhaps—who carried her head like a duchess, and who bore at the same time a striking resemblance to the elderly man by her side. A lady came out on the lawn to meet them. I thought she looked proud of them both. I thought the Prudhomme pride, instead of dying, had begun a new and healthier life.

SOPHIE WINTHROP WEITZEL.

BUSINESS LAW.

Brief Digests of Recent Decisions in Courts of Last Resort.

PARTNERSHIP ASSETS—LEASE.

The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania held, in the recent case of Brown vs. Beecher, of Chicago, that a lease for the term of fifteen years with the sole and exclusive right and privilege of boring for oil at a fixed rent or royalty was a chattel real, that being made by one of the members of a partnership it became partnership assets, and that any assignment of it would be subject to partnership debts known to the purchaser.

MARRIED WOMAN'S NOTE.

The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania held, in the case of Baker vs. Singer manufacturing Co., that the act of February 29, 1872, providing that all contracts made by married women in the purchase of sewing machines for their own use should be valid and binding, did not authorize the entry of a judgment on a judgment note given by a married woman which judgment note did not show that it was given for a sewing machine.

PUBLIC LANDS—PRE-EMPTION RIGHTS.

The question was raised, in the case of Buxton et al. vs. Travers, whether a person acquired by occupation of unsurveyed lands of the United States a right of pre-emption which at his death descended to his children. The Supreme Court of the United States decided this question in the negative. It said: Settlement upon the public lands in advance of the public surveys is allowed to parties who intend when the surveys are made to apply for their purchase. If within a certain time after the surveys and a return of the plats to the local land office the settler takes certain steps required by law, he acquires, for the first time, a right of pre-emption to the land, that is, a right to purchase it in preference to others. Until then he has no estate in the land which he could devise by will or which in case of death would pass to his heirs at law.

WAREHOUSEMEN'S LIABILITY—RECEIPT.

A firm of warehousemen received from another firm a quantity of flour and executed to the latter a receipt for the same which stipulated that the flour would be delivered only on return of this certificate properly endorsed and the payment of charges and insurance. The second-mentioned firm indorsed and delivered the warehouse receipt to a savings bank in return for a loan. The warehousemen afterwards delivered the flour to some person without the return of the receipt. The Supreme Court of Indiana held, in the case of Babcock et al. vs. Peoples' Savings Bank of Evansville, that the bank was entitled to the possession of the flour or to its value, and that the warehousemen could not be heard to dispute the bank's title nor to aver that

they did not receive the property on the terms specified in the receipt.

INSURANCE—HUSBAND AND WIFE.

A point of some interest was decided by the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania in Brown's Appeal. In this case it appeared that one Sandt, a citizen of Pennsylvania, insured his life in a New York insurance company. The policy was made payable to his wife, with the proviso that in case of her death before the decease of her husband the insurance should be payable after her death to her children for their use, or to their guardian, if under age. In 1875 the husband and wife joined in an assignment of the policy to one Brown. In 1884 the wife died, leaving her husband and children surviving her, and in 1888 the husband died. The insurance money was claimed by both the assignee and the children. The court awarded the money to the children. It said that while the assignment by the wife transferred all her interest, that interest was contingent on the fact of her surviving her husband. She could not dispose of the rights of the children, who were as much parties to the contract as the wife. As the wife died before her husband her interest ceased to exist, and could no more survive in her assignee than in her administrator.

HARDWOOD LUMBER.

The furniture factories here pay as follows for dry stock, measured merchantable, mill culls out:

Basswood, log-run	13 00@15 00
Birch, log-run	15 00@16 00
Birch, Nos. 1 and 2	@22 00
Black Ash, log-run	14 00@16 00
Cherry, log-run	25 00@35 00
Cherry, Nos. 1 and 2	30 00@50 00
Cherry, Cull	@12 00
Maple, log-run	12 00@13 00
Maple, soft, log-run	11 00@13 00
Maple, Nos. 1 and 2	@20 00
Maple, clear, flooring	@25 00
Maple, white, selected	@25 00
Red Oak, log-run	20 00@21 00
Red Oak, Nos. 1 and 2	24 00@25 00
Red Oak, 1/4 sawed, 6 inch and up w'd	38 00@40 00
Red Oak, 1/4 sawed, regular	30 00@35 00
Red Oak, No. 1, step plank	@25 00
Walnut, log-run	@35 00
Walnut, Nos. 1 and 2	@75 00
Walnut, cull	@35 00
Grey Elm, log-run	12 00@13 05
White Aso, log-run	14 00@16 00
White oak, log-run	17 00@18 00
White Oak, 1/4 sawed, Nos. 1 and 2	42 00@43 00



Every garment bearing the above ticket is WARRANTED NOT TO RIP, and, if not as represented, you are requested to return it to the Merchant of whom it was purchased and receive a new garment.

STANTON, SAMPSON & CO.,
Manufacturers, Detroit, Mich.

WHY WEAR PANTS
That do not fit or wear satisfactorily, when you can buy the Detroit Brand, that are perfect in style and workmanship.

JACOB BROWN & CO'S
DETROIT BRAND

PERFECT FIT
Superior Make
PANTS and OVERALLS.
ASK FOR THEM!

Advertising Cards and Specialties.

We carry a larger stock of these goods than any other house in this country. Are Manufacturers, Importers and Publishers of 7,000 styles. Catalogue free. Samples we charge at cost and allow a rebate after we receive orders sufficient to justify us.

Novelty Card and Advertising Co.,
103-5-7 Monroe St., Chicago, Ill.

TIME TABLES.

Grand Rapids & Indiana.			
GOING NORTH.			
Traverse City & Mackinaw.	Arrives.	Leaves.	
Traverse City & Mackinaw.	7:00 a.m.	11:30 a.m.	
From Cincinnati.	7:30 p.m.	5:00 p.m.	
For Potoskey & Mackinaw City.	3:35 p.m.	7:30 a.m.	
Saginaw Express.	11:30 a.m.	4:30 p.m.	
Saginaw Express runs through solid.			
7:00 p.m. train has chair car to Traverse City.			
11:30 a.m. train has chair car for Potoskey and Mackinaw City.			
GOING SOUTH.			
Cincinnati Express.	7:15 a.m.	11:45 a.m.	
Fort Wayne Express.	10:30 a.m.	5:00 p.m.	
Cincinnati Express.	1:45 p.m.	5:00 p.m.	
From Traverse City.	10:40 p.m.		
7:15 a.m. train has parlor chair car for Cincinnati.			
5:00 p.m. train has Woodruff sleeper for Cincinnati.			
5:00 p.m. train connects with M. C. R. R. at Kalamazoo, arriving in Detroit and Canadian points, arriving in Detroit at 10:45 p.m.			
Sleeping car rates—\$1.50 to Potoskey or Mackinaw City; \$2 to Cincinnati.			
All Trains daily except Sunday.			
Muskegon, Grand Rapids & Indiana.			
Leave.	Arrive.	Leave.	Arrive.
7:05 a.m.	10:45 a.m.	4:45 p.m.	7:45 p.m.
11:15 a.m.	10:45 p.m.	7:45 p.m.	
4:20 p.m.	7:45 p.m.		
Leaving time at Bridge street depot 7 minutes later.			
C. L. LOCKWOOD, Gen'l Pass. Agent.			
Detroit, Grand Haven & Milwaukee.			
GOING WEST.			
Morning Express.	1:05 p.m.	1:10 p.m.	
Through Mail.	4:55 p.m.	5:10 p.m.	
Grand Rapids Express.	10:40 p.m.	7:00 a.m.	
Night Express.	6:40 a.m.	7:45 a.m.	
Mixed.			
GOING EAST.			
Detroit Express.	6:50 a.m.	10:20 a.m.	
Through Mail.	10:20 a.m.	3:40 p.m.	
Evening Express.	3:40 p.m.	10:55 p.m.	
Limited Express.	10:30 p.m.		
Daily, Sundays excepted.			
Detroit Express has parlor car to Detroit, making direct connections for all points East, arriving in New York 10:10 a.m. next day. Limited Express, East, has through sleeper Grand Rapids to Niagara Falls, connecting at Milwaukee Junction with through sleeper to Toronto.			
Through tickets and sleeping car berths secured at D. G. H. & M. R. R. office, 20 Monroe St., and at the depot.			
Jas. Campbell, City Passenger Agent.			

TOLEDO, ANN ARBOR & NORTHERN.

For Toledo and all points South and East, take the Toledo, Ann Arbor and North Michigan Railway from Owosso Junction. Sure connections at above point with trains of D. G. H. & M. R. R. and connections at Toledo with evening trains for Cleveland, Buffalo, Columbus, Dayton, Cincinnati, Pittsburgh, Creston, Orrville and all prominent points on connecting lines.

A. J. FAIRLEY, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

ATTENTION, RETAIL MERCHANTS!

Increase your Cigar Trade by selling the



Named in Compliment to the

Michigan Business Men's Association,

And especially adapted, both in Quality and Price, to the requirements of the
RETAIL GROCERY TRADE.

Absolutely **THE BEST 5 Cent Cigar on Earth!**
PRICE, \$30 PER THOUSAND.

The Telfer Spice Company,

MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS, GRAND RAPIDS.

"THERE'S NOTHING LIKE LEATHER." WE USE NO IMITATIONS.



EVERY PAIR WARRANTED.

CHICAGO OFFICE, 221 FIFTH AVENUE.

Registered Trade-Mark
No. 16,476.

The accompanying cut---Pingree's Menagerie---is one of our

Registered Trade-Marks

Whether used with the stanza or not, and can be used by no one without our consent.

PINGREE & SMITH,

MANUFACTURERS

FINE AND MEDIUM GRADE SHOES,

DETROIT, MICHIGAN.

SEND FOR ELEGANTLY ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

W. STEELE Packing and Provision Co.

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Fresh and Salt Beef, Fresh and Salt Pork, Pork Loins, Dry Salt

Pork, Hams, Shoulders, Bacon, Boneless Ham, Sausage

of all Kinds, Dried Beef for Slicing.

LARD

strictly Pure and Warranted, in tierces, barrels, half-bbls., 50 lb. cans, 20 lb. cans, 3, 5 and 10 lb. pails

Pickled Pigs' Feet, Tripe, Etc.

Our prices for first-class goods are very low and all goods are warranted first-class in every instance. When in Grand Rapids, give us a call and look over our establishment. Write us for prices.

Thompson's

Sold Only by

J. H. THOMPSON & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF

Teas, Coffees

AND

Spices,

DETROIT, MICH.



COFFEE.

CANDY!
We manufacture a full line, carry a heavy stock, and warrant our goods to be STRICTLY PURE and first class.

Arctic Manufacturing Co.

Grand Rapids,

OFFER TO THE TRADE WHO BUY

PRIZE
BAKING
POWDER

1/2-lbs Reward Baking Powder, 4-dozen Cases, with 48 Premiums—Glass Dishes, Assorted, All Large Pieces, for

\$8.00

1-lbs Reward Baking Powder, 4-dozen Cases, with 49 Premiums, Decorated China Dishes, All Large Pieces, for

\$17.00

The above Prizes are Very Attractive Goods and New Assortments.

The quality of Reward Baking Powder is unequalled and warranted to make light, nutritious bread, biscuits and cakes. Saves eggs, milk and shortening and makes 40 pounds more bread to the barrel of flour.

Oranges!

We are wholesale agents for the Fancy California Mountain Seedlings and headquarters for all kinds of Messina oranges.
PUTNAM & BROOKS.

BROWN'S SEEDS

Clover,
Timothy,
Alfalfa,
Alsike,
Red Top,
Hungarian,
Millet.

We carry a large assortment of all kinds of Seeds, Onion Sets and Seed Potatoes. Parties wishing anything in this line please write to us.

We have taken great pains to have our seeds pure and reliable. Our stock is fresh, and if you want anything in the way of Garden or Field Seeds, you can get them of us cheaper than sending out of the State.

Alfred J. Brown's Seed Store,
GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.