# Michigan Tradesman. 


THE PENINSULAR CO.
Electrica1 Supplies
Piectrical Construction Telephone No. 505.

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH
REMPIS \& GALLMEYER, FOUNDERS

ettees, Lawn Vases, Roof Crestings, Carriage Steps, Hitching Posts and Stair Steps.

54-56 N. Front St. Grand Rapids, Mi

Best and Cheapest The West Mishigan Buviness Uniuersity
AND NORYAL SCHOOL,
 tical and Complete Education. The Best ACTUAL BUSINESS Department in the State The most thorough and practically conducted West. Do not fail to write for particulars. A. E. YEREX, Presilent.

## SEEDS!

Write for jobbing prices on Mammoth, Medium, Alsyke and Alfalfa Clover, Timothy, Orchard Grass, Red Top, Blue Grass, Field Peas, Beans, Produce and
S. G. KETCHAM,

## Lime, Mair, Cement

 BRICK, SEWER PIPE, TILE, ETC 14 West Bridge StGRAND RAPIDS,
MICH

## P. O. Voorheis, GENERAL INSURANCE

AND LOAN AGENT,

HARVEY \& HEYSTEK,

## Wall <br> Paper

$\overline{\text { AND }}$

Picture
Frame
Mouldings.

Also a complete line of PAINTS, OILS and 74 Bres

GRAND RAPIDS, WEDNESDAY, MAY 21, 1890.
allen Durfer. A. d. leavenworth. $\quad$ Land speculation.

Allen Durfee \& Co.,

## FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

103 Ottawa St., Grand Rapids. SEEDS!

If in want of Clover or Timothy, Orchard, Blue Grass, or Red Top, or, in fact, Any Kind of Seed, send or write to the

## Grand Rapilis Seed Store

71 Canal St., GRAND RAPIDS.
W.T. LAMOREAUX.


## Apples,

## Potatoes,

Onions

FOR PRICES, WRITE TO BRRNETT BROS, Wholesale Deal $\mathbf{C H I C A G O .}$

## Fine Millinery.

wholesale and retail.
Bought directly from Importers and Manufacturers. Goods the Best Quality and Prices the Lowest.
Adams \& Co., oppostre the mortov house.
A. sheley.

## WILLIAMS,

 SHELEYd BROOKS

FARRAND, WILLIAMS \& CO.,
Wholesale Druggists,

What Will Cause Hard Times, if Hard Times Come
The difficulty or ease in effecting liqui commonly dermines much more than is the inevitable ups and downs of prices. There is always someone on the wrong side of the market. Someone is always buying more than he can pay for, or bor-
rowing more money than his marketable rowing more money than his marketable that daily someone's commercial calculations come to naught. In the most pros perous times the list of mercantile fail ures is never entirely a blank. Compe those who go into business on their own account fail.
The condition of business depends largely on the facility with which these ever-occurring bankruptcies are settled ures is not so important as a criterion of the times as is the rapidity in arranging the settlement of bad debts. When creditors are generally uncompromising, and honest debtors generally are unable to secure releases by surrendering all is not prosperous a sign that busines is not prosperous. It shows that the minds of men are occupied by anxieties
as to accumulations rather than by hopes as to accumulatio
of future profits.
Muny profits.
Many business men can recall the dismal wranglings between debtors and creditors in the period following the panic of 1873 . Then the time of the merchants and bankers who were still forts to make the most from the estates in bankrupe the most from the estates in bankruptey of the merchants and bankers who were insolvent. In such a
condition improvement was impossible. condition improvement was impossible.
It was then strenuously but ineffecually was then strenuously but a prominent journalis that the hard times were caused by the common imagination-if men would but look forward, wipe out past losses, buy
goods confidently and sell them on liberal goods confidently and sell them on liberal terms, and believe in good times, the country would experience good times. It
is not easy to subscribe to this doctrine. is not easy to subscribe to this doctrine. distrust, and hardness of heart toward delinquents, have been proven valuable individual characteristics. While human nature remains unchanged it is probable these will now and then predominate and perform their useful purpose.
Yet an instructive financial sermon might be preached from the text, "As a shown with that unanswerable, or a least unanswered logic, which pervades pulpit discourses, that this doctrine gathers great mathematical force when appled to a whole nation, and that a peomajority they so resolve and so act. However deeply an unhappy minority may believe in the laws of trade and their inevitable results, and however unassailable may be their reasoning in expounding them, it must be admitted that temporarily, at least, forgiving men their debts promotes prosperity. The parable of the unjust steward, who compromised eminently satisfactory lord on term might be commended as the appropriate lesson to be read before the sermon on the true method of securing and main taining commereial prosperity and mainNext to a forgiving spirit,
most potent agent in effecting prompt liquidadifficult to get down from the high. It of possible pulpit eloquence to the con sideration of the eloquence to the consideration of the practical machinery of
trade. But supposing the hearts of men are hardened against the golden rule, are hardened against the golden rule,
though preached never so persuasively, it must be admitted that prompt realiza-
and payments of the possible collectible percentages of debts helps wonderfully in clearing commercial prospects and opening the way for fresh and hopeful efforts.
There are certain lines in which funds are employed which afford much better facilities for liquidations than others. The organized markets of the various prominent exchanges, where all the buyers or sellers of the important agricultural products or of well-kown securit is meet, are best arranged for this end. It is well known that failures of these exchanges are speedily settled. If a debtor's assets consist of any of the commodities dealt in and quoted on these exchanges they are soon sold, the balance of account can be struck without delay, and each creditor knows what proporion of his claim he may expect to reeive. As a consequence, the troubles of bankruptcy are simplified; unfortunate men "get on their feet again," with the east possible delay. It is not considered remarkable on the Chicago Board of Trade when a member fails, settles with his creditors and resumes business, all in the same week.
As a consequence of this ease in effecting liquidations, failures of rdealers in rain, provisions, stocks and bonds and cotton have much less effect on the genral commercial situations than do failbankers. A panic on , or storekeepers or may cause A pay occur, ions, involving the settlo many suspenwhose aggregate settlement of debts millions, and yet mounts well up in the mperceptible in any other line be almost hess. This is because ther rese of busipanies are so soon tnowe results of such pancs are so soon known. Even among hose most intimately involved the worying and wrangling is soon over. Certainty reigns, and certainty, however unpleasant, is a much better foundation or hopeful effort than doubts and disputes.
A panic among manufacturers or merchants would not thus exhaust itself, and could not be so limited. Large stocks of goods of uncertain value, which is the work of months to dispose of, are the consequents of considerable mercantile failures. Capital of creditors is tied up and their resources so much reduced, and their operations to this extent embarrassed. For this reason, overspeculation (or overproduction, as it is popularly called when relating to manufacturing, in commodities not traded in on the chief exchanges, is more disastrous than overspeculation in grain and stocks.
Mercantile bankruptcies, however, are not the most injurious to the general welfare. Real estate is the most difficult property to dispose of at forced sale, and therefore the liquidations of bankrupts, whose assets are chiefly lands and their improvements, is most slow, unsatisfactory and destructive to the business of the country.
It will be remembered that the vestiges of the panic of 1873 remaining long after and forgossets had been realized upon

## Perfection Scale.



Does Not Requirir: Down Weight.
or sale by leading wholesale grocers.

THE MICHIGAN TRADESMAN.
held by assignees or unwilling mortgagees. These represented capital indefinitely unproductive and served as solemn warnings for years against a too adventurous spirit
The recollections of 1873 are dim now. There is no speculation of consequence in the articles dealt in on the chief exin the articles dealt in on the chief exchanges, but there is a furious speculaion in progress in real estate inently said and other cities. It was frequently said during the revulsion of 1884 that there could be then no general depression, because there had been no large buying of real estate except for casn, and no considerable amount of part-payment mortgages was outstanding. There was much sound philosophy in this. The failures in 1884 were not of real estate speculators, the estates in bankruptcy were then disposed of within a comparatively short time, the effects of the overproduction or overspeculation, or whatever it was, were soon exhausted. Men were able to command their capital for new ventures, and activity in business again appeared. 1884 was only a year of depression, not one of the memorable dates of hard time like 1873 and 1857 , because there was then no large amount of real estate in the assets of bankrupts. This is not the situation in the year of srace 1890 . Should a panic occur now, t would not be grain or provisions or cotton, and possibly no large lines of well-known stocks or bonds which insolvent debtors could produce as assets, there might be stocks of merchandise, but surely there would be many town and city and suburban lots to be disposed of to satisfy creditors.
If a panic comes now, either a very forgiving spirit must be manifested, or there will be a long and tedious liquidation, which is commonly denominated hard times.

Repentance Column
The following are some of the merchants who have been under contract with the P. of I., but have found the level profit plan a delusion and

## snare: Beldin

Big Rapids-Verity
Bridgeton-L. D. Wait.
Cridgeton-Geo. H. Rainouard.
Cedar Springs-L. A. Gardine
Chapin-J. I. Vanderhoof.
Chester-B. C. Smith.
Clio-Nixon \& Hubbell.
Dushville-G. O. Adams
Eaton Rapids-G. W. Webste
Fremont-Boone \& Pearson.
Grand Ledge-A. J. Halsted \& Son
Kotvis, John Cordes, Huntley Russell.
Harvard-Ward Bros.
Howard City-Henry Henkel.
Howard City-Henry Henkel
Lake Odessa-MeCartney Bros. Lowell-Charles Mecarty Maple Rapids-L. S. Aldrich. Marshall-John Fletcher, John Butler, Charle
Mecosta-Robert D. Parks.)
Millbrook-T. O. (or J. W.) Pattison
Millbrook-T. O. (or J. W.) Pattison
Millington-Forester \& Clough.
Minden City-I. Springer \& Co., F. O. Hetfiel
\& Son. Nashville-Powers \& Stringham.
Otiseo-G. V. Snyder \& Co
Ravenna-R. D. Wheeler.
Reed City-J. M. Cadzow.
Rockford-H. Colby
Rockford-H. Colby \& Co
St. Louis-Mary A. Brice
Sand Lake-C. O. Cain, Frank E. Shattuck
Brayman \& Blanchard. Sparta-Woodin \& Van Wickle, Dole \& Haynes
Si ringport-Cortright \& Griftin. Stanton-Fairbanks \&
Sumner-J, B. Tucker.
Williamston-Michael Bowerman

## Johnny's Prayer.

Sister Lizzie was to be married in a few months, and she was putting in the interval of leisure from preparing for the ceremony in the way of dress by experimenting on the family in the cooking line. Little John was going to bed, and went through his usual prayers up to the point of saying, "Give us this day our daily bread," when some depressing memory struck him, and he added, "But don't let Lizzie bake it.'

Of Course Not.
"Is it you who's been eatin these 'ere dates?" asked a groceryman of a new clerk; "I see the pits on the floor."
"No, boss," was the ingenious reply; 'cos I allus swaller mine.
Fire Works-Immense line.
Putnam Candy Co.

## Crockery \& Glassware

```
No.0Sun
No.0 Sun
```

6 LAMP CHIMNEYs.-Per box.
6 doz . in box.
$\begin{aligned} & 6 \text { doz. in } \\ & \text { No. } 0 \text { Sun. } \\ & \text { No. } 1\end{aligned}$
No. 1
No. 2
First quality.
Vo. 0 Sun, crimp
o. 0 Sun, crimp to

Xo. 2 "
No. 0
No. 1
No. 2
Pearl top.
No. 1 Sun, wrapped and labeled
No. ${ }^{2}$ Sun, w

## No. 2 Hinge, La Bastic

No. 1 Sun, plain bulb, per doz
No. 1 crimp, per "doz.
Butter Crocks, per gal
ugs, $1 / 2 \mathrm{gal}$., per doz
Milk Pans, $1 / 2$ gal., per doz. (glazed 66c)
THR JHXON CRRGKER

send a trial order to
JACKSON CRACKER C0., Jobbers of Candy, Nuts, Cheese and Cigars. JACKSON, MICH.

## EDMUNDB.DIKEMAN

THE GREAT
Watch Maker
evewerer,
44 CRNAL 8 PT
Grand Rapids - Mich.
Something New

## Bill Snort

We guarantee this cigar the best $\$ 35$ cigar on the market. Send us trial order, and if not ENTIRELY SATISFACTORY return them. Advertising matter sent with each order.

Charlenoix Cijar M'Fg Bo, CHARLEVOIX, MICH.

## EGG CASES \& FILLERS.

Having taken the agency for Western and Northern Michigan for the LIMA EGG CASES and FILLERS, we are prepared to offer same to the trade in any quantity.

Parties ordering Fillers have to buy one Case with every 10 sets of Fillers (no broken cases sold), making 10 sets with Case $\$ 1.25$ ( 10 Fillers and 8 Dividing Boards constitute a standard set). Strangers to us will please remit money with their orders or give good reference.
W. T. LAMOREAUX, 71 Canal St., Grand Rapids, Mich.

WHO URGES YOU TO Kmbr POIIO? THE PUBIIC!
By splendid and expensive advertising the manufacturers cre ate a demand, and only ask the trade to keep the goods in stock so as to supply the orders sent to them. Without effort on the grocer's part the goods sell themselves, bring purchasers to the store, and help sell less known goods.
ANY JOBBER WILL BE GLAD. TO FILL YOUR ORDERS.


長总 GEO. H. REEDER, state $A_{\text {gent }}$
Lvcoming Rubbers and Jobber or
Medinul Price Shoes.
Grand Rapids, Mich.

## AreyouSour? LostTTade? ChenapGrease!

NO DEALER EVER LOST A CUSTOMER BY SELLING HIM

## THE FRAZER

ALWAYS UNIFORM. OFTEN IMITATED. NEVER EQUALLED. KNOWN EVERYWHERE, NO TALK REQUIRED TO SELL IT.
Good Grease Makes Trade. Cheap Crease Kills Trade.
Let Petroleum and Imitation Greases 57 FREvery Package Bears oar Trade Mark. Alor- $\quad \rightarrow$ Buy the Genuine TARER D,.t... $\rightarrow$ Roxes, Cans Patls, Kegs \& Bbls-

## I. M. CLARK \& SON.,

Importers and Jobbers of
Fine Havana, Key West and Domestic
CIGARS!

Sole Agents for V. Martinez Ybor \& Co., "El Principe de Gales" Factory, Key West; Baltz, Clymer \& Co.'s "El. Mereto'’ and "Henry Clay" brands;

> Celestino Palacio \& Co.'s "La Rosa" (full line); Seiden-
berg \& Co.'s "Figaro" and "Knapsack."

We want your trade on Havana and Key West goods and are prepared

## The Condition of Trade

From the New York Shipping List.
Speculation in grain and other breadstuff has been under the influence of weather conditions and crop reports, the unfavorable and more or less exaggerated character of those circulated last week having caused a sharp upward turn in values, followed since then by a quick ecline, owing to the much more favor able outlook reflected by the monthly report of the Bureau of Agriculture which shows the damage during the month of April was much less than expected, the average condition of winter wheat being only one point below what it was a month ago. The agricultural outlook is therefore much more promising than was to be expected from the bearish character of the reports that have been in circulations for a number of weeks past. Speculation in railroad securities still maintains the bullish temper recently developed and the upward tendency of prices is beginning to attract the attention of outside operators, and thus expand the field of operations. The stimuating influences are the excellent exhibit of earnings made from week to week, a disposition to minimize the effect of rate vars in the West, and the prospective inflation of the currency that is likely to esult from proposed silver legislation. In other speculative markets there has heen no special feature, cotton being firn een no spocing of decreasing supplies, petro on account of decreasing supplies, petroeum quiet and steady, and coffee show ing narrow fluctuations. So far as the commercial situation generaly is concenct, thent factor questi is likely to conmost potent facto inue so until Congress has defintely disposed of the matter. The belief pre vails that whatever measure is finally adotped, it will resutin enhancing the value of the metal and expanding the volume of currency, and this is caus of the fresh advance that has taken place in the value of bar silver. The distributive movement of trade continues fairly active, with an increased demand in some ney. The large trade sale of woolens last week which is the chief feature of the dry goods market was continued yesterday, showing easier prices; there is
still weakness in the iron market still weakness in the iron market, both crude and finished iron and steel having sold at the lowest prices yet granted; in the grocery market coffee and refined sugar are lower, and as yet there has been no advance in coal although the outlook is sald to be improving. Cotton fabrics are firm on account of the high cost of raw cotton, tea is stiffening up because of the advance in stiver, the metal market is generally firm, tin advancing by reason of speculative influences, copper is stiffening because of increased consumption, and lead is affected by proposed legislation. Apprehension regarding labor troubles is being eliminated, but the tariff is the cause of uncertainty which will continue more or less prominent until the purpose of Congress has become more definitely foreshadowed. The increased volume of speculative trading has expanded the demand for loanable funds and hence the money market has ruled firm, but without any serious disturbance, and reports from the interior report mercantile collections fairly prompt and satisfactory

## He Was a Hard Hitter.

Mrs. Grundy-And how do you like the new clergyman ?
Mrs. Scrooge-Oh, I think he's just splendid.
Mrs. Grundy-Do his sermons appeal
Mrs. Scrooge-N-n-no; but oh, how he does go for the woman next door, and the woman across the street. It does my heart good to hear those critters get such an eloquent roasting.

## Such Luck.

Miss Gadder-Oh, dear! I do hate spring! $1 t^{\prime}$ s such hard work for me to select becoming gowns and bonnets. do so envy Mrs. Mayfair.
Mrs. Chatter-Why, my love
Miss Gadder-Why, she looks lovely in mourning, and she has such luck that scarcely a month passes that she does not lose a relative.
S. A. Morman, ретовкет MARBLEHEAD and оніо $\triangle I M$ ® aKron, blffalo and louisville

## CEMENTS,

Stucco and Hair, Sewer Pipe, Fire Brick and Clay
Write for prices
69 CANAL ST., GRAND RAPIDS

## Plaging Carods

WE ARE HEADQUARTERS

SEND FOR PRICE LIST
Daniel Lynnch
19 So. Ionia St., Grand Rapids.

BEACH'S
New York Coffer Rooms. 61 Pearl Street.
OYSTERS IN ALL STYLES.
Steaks, Chops and All Kinds of Order
Cooking a Specialty.
FRANK M. BEACH, Prop.
FIT FOR I Gendenanis Table:
All goods bearing the name of THURBER, WHYLAND \& CO.
ALEXIS GODILLOT, JR.

THURBER, WHYLAND \& CO,
Test Broadway, Reade \& Hudson Streets, New York Gitu,
CUTS for B00M EDITIONS PAMPHLETS
For the best work, at reasonable prices, addres THE TRADESMAN COMPANY,
WAYNE COAD Rapids, Mich
WAYNE COUNTY SAVINGS
Issued by cities, counties, towns and school dis tricts of Michigan. Officers of these municipali advantage to apply to this bank. Blank bonds and blanks for proceedings supplied withon charge. All communications and inquiries wil
have prompt attention. have prompt attention.
January, 1890. SLWOOD, Treasurer.


ANANAS.

## A. J. BROWN.

Wholesale dealer in Foreign, Tropical and Froits and Seds.

## Califorina Orannes.

 Messina Lemons.
## When in want of large lots of California Oranges, we are prepared to make you

 ow prices from fresh 16 and 18 North Division St., GRAND RAPIDS, MICH. Send for Price List, Issued weekly
## DETRROIT SOAP CO'S Queen Anne Soap

Soap in the Market. No Grocery Stock Complete Without This Brand Handsome Oleograph, size $15 \times 20$ inches, given for 25 QUEEN ANNE SOAP WKAPPERS. Uur


WM. R. KEELER, Wholesale Confectioner, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ Goods of the kind on the market.

We Manufacture


Candy
Correspondence solic
ited and prices quot ed with pleasure

Write us.

## MOSEI世Y BROS.

## _-WHOLESALE-

Fruits, Seeds, Oysters Produce All kinds of Field Seeds a Specialty.
If you are in market to buy or sell Clover Seed, Beans or Potatoes, will be pleased to hear from you.
26, 28, 30 and 32 Ottawa St.,
GRAND RAPII

# ORANGES 

When you want Straight-packed, Sound and Sweet, Solid Fruit, always order the Earl Fruit Co's Flag Brand. Sold by all Jobbers


## AMONG THE TRADE.

around the state.
Coopersville-C. Ives has opened meat market.
Harrietta-W. G. Shane will soon start a jewelry store here.
Manton-John Hill has re-engaged in the grocery business.
Fulton-E. S. Kennedy \& Son succeed S. J. Case in general trade.

Bloomingdale-Miss Kate Van Kirk has opened a millinery store.
Mulliken-J. Morris will open a hardware store in the near future.
Albion-J. F. Smiley has sold his stock of books and drugs to W. F. Church.
Hudson-E. E. Pratt succeeds Pratt \& Co. in the grocery and bakery business. Grandville-W. W. Howe has sold the Grand River creamery to a Reed City man.
Hamilton-H. A. Sears has moved his stock of drugs from Lawton to this place.
Lakeview-Lobdell \& Beals will run a bakery in connection with their meat market.
Holland-Yates \& Kane, the druggists, are on the eve of dissolving, Dr. Yates retiring.
South Blendon-A. Everse has closed out his general stock and retired from business.

Cheboygan-John Craig contemplates engaging in the bakery and confectionery business.
Crystal-Dr. A. E. Gates has sold his drug stock to Alexander McCabe, late of Webberville.
Negaunee-Wells \& Blake, general dealers, have dissolved. Thos. M. Wells will continue the business.
Traverse City-Trombly \& Holdsworth have their new furniture store completed and are filling it with goods.

Hastings-Burt Tinkler has purchased the confectionery store of Geo. Nichols and will continue the business.
Cheboygan-McRae \& Morrissey, cigar manufacturers, have dissolved. Mr. McRae will continue the business.
Fulton-Griggs \& Lyon, dealers in groceries, boots and shoes, have dissolved, Mr. Griggs having purchased the interest of his partner.
Ravenna-Job Ackerman, who conducted a drug store here for several years, retiring from trade about ten years ago, died one day last week.

Sunfield-Ed. Stinchcomb has formed a copartnership with E. M. Snyder under the style of Stinchcomb \& Snyder and engaged in the drug business.
Battle Creek-W. H. Cowles has purchased a half-interest in the cigar factory of Len Van Praagh and has gone on the road in the interest of the firm.
Paris-E. M. Stickney \& Co, have sold their stock of general merchandise to L. C. Shaw. It is reported that Mr. Stickney will remove to Big Rapids.
Lake Odessa-Sweet Cahoon has purchased the interest of F. E. Cahoon in the firm of Cahoon Bros., dealers in general merchandise, and will continue the

## business.

Orono-C. A. Warren succeeds C. A. Warren, Jr., in general trade. The latter has gone to Harrietta to engage in general trade and the manufacture of hame sticks.
Paris-M. E. Cone has closed his boot and shoe and furnishing goods store, and packed his stock, preparatory to removing to a new location, as soon as he can decide on same.

Ann Arbor - Fred Schumacher has purchased an interest in the grocery and crockery business of F. G. Schleicher, and the business will be continued under the style of F. G. Schleicher \& Co.
Detroit-Ward L. Andrus \& Co. have opened a wholesale fruit and fancy grocery house at 88,90 and 92 Jefferson
avenue. Mr. Andrus was connected with D. D. Mallory \& Co. for sixteen years.
Detroit-The A.C. MeGraw who has retired from the shoe house of A. C. McGraw \& Co. is Augustus C. MeGaw-not Alexander C., the senior member of the firm, who still maintains his position at the head of the house.
Kalamazoo - The Huntley \& Baker
stock of horse goods and farming implestock of horse goods and farming impleweek, by an order from the Circuit Court, for the benefit of the mortgagees. The the amount realized is just about enough to satisfy the mortgages.

## MANUFACTURING mATTERS.

Cheboygan-The Cheboygan Lumber Co. started up its mill last week, sawing night and day.
Cadillac-C. N. Chick has leased the McGillis wagon and carriage shop and will also manufacture office desks and office furniture.
Detroit - John F. Talbot, James H. Talbot and Harry L. Talbot have incorporated as the Talbot Paving Co., with $\$ 25,000$ capital, all paid in.
Akron-The dry kiln of J. C. Liken \& Co., connected with their stave mill here, was damaged by fire last week to the extent of $\$ 2,000$; partially insured.
Bay City-J. A. Green's new sawmill on Stone Island, at the south end of the city, began operations last week. It is equipped with a circular and band mill, and will cut about 45,000 feet daily.
Charlevoix-W. J. Stevenson, F. A. Watson and Alden Chamberlain have formed a copartnership, under the style of the Enterprise Manufacturing Co., to engage in the sawmill and planing mill business.
Roscommon-It is reported that Jonathan Boyce is making calculations to cut $60,000,000$ feet of logs in Roscommon county this season. He owns a solid body of pine in that county, estimated to cut $110,000,000$ feet.
Bay City-It is believed that Bousefield \& Co. will erect another wooden ware factory, and it is reported that negotiations are in progress for the purchase by Bousefield \& Co. of the Hotchkiss sawmill site and premises.
Oscoda-The H. M. Loud \& Sons Lumber Co. has purchased the Hurbert shingle mill at this place. The mill has been idle thus far this season, but the new owners will start it at once. The consideration was private.
Bay City-The new planing mill of Ross, Bradley \& Co. is in motion. The enterprise of the firm in rebuilding on a larger scale than before is characteristic of the push and energy of the wideawake lumberman of to-day.
Bay City-It is said that the Tittabawassee Boom Co. has reduced its capital stock one-half. It was organized in 1864, has handled over $9,200,000,000$ feet of $\operatorname{logs}$, and has proved a very profitable investment for the stockholders.
Saginaw-W. A. French has shipped machinery for a hardwood sawmill, which will be established at Bell, Presque

Isle county. There is any quantity of timber available near the mill, and
stock of logs was put in last winter.
Pentwater-G. A. Wagar has purchased the mill site formerly used by the Pentwater Lumber Co. and will remove his mill here from the Point. He expects to have the mill cutting lumber in July and has contracted with F. 0. Gardner to manufacture his stock.
Saginaw-A new town called Cedarville has been started at the point where the Cedar River empties into the mouth of the Tobacco. Ross Bros. are operating a sawmill and paving block mill at that point, employing thirty men. There is considerable hard and soft timber there, and a good deal of cedar. The paving block mill is cutting three car loads daily.
Akron-About a year ago no little excitement was created in Tuscola county by the disappearance of Joseph McDonald, a lumberman of this place, and what was supposed to be his skeleton was subsequently discovered in a swamp, a few miles from his home. He was known to have had a large sum of money when he disappeared. A reward of $\$ 500$ was offered for the arrest of parties supposed to have murdered him. It is now claimed that McDonald is alive and living in Wisconsin.

## Threw the Storekeeper.

It has been a popular delusion that the average commercial traveler has long possible for effecting honorable devise recusant customer, but Jim Walker, of Lovell, Me., has proved to a benighted public that he could score a point over the late lamented Macedonian leader. In other words, he has found a new world to conquer.
Jim came up from Portland to Bridgeton a few days ago, in the interest of a "did" the place. Among the marts he visited was Ansel Harmon's general variety store. Merchant Harmon has a local reputation for Yankee knack of disposing of second-hand or low-priced posing of second-hand or low-priced prime articles, so Jim tried to sell him a job lot of old carpets.
After chaffering awhile the storekeeper offered him within two cents per yard his price for the goods. But our runner refused to budge a particle. Still he lingered by, loathe to depart without an order. Pensively, too, his possible customer dwelt upon the theme.
The outcome of all this was, the two not only wrestled with the problem, but
literally wrestled out of trade. And this literally wrestled out of trade. And this
is how it was done:
Walker and Harmon solemnly agreed, in the presence of witnesses, to go out into the street and wrestle at arm's length; if the trader threw the drummer two times out of three, he was to have the goods at two cents discount; if per contra, the drummer downed the merchant twice out of three trials, he was to have his full price.
So they promptly repaired to the middle of the street in front of the store. By this time a small crowd of spectators had rallied to see the fun. But the fun was quickly over, for, although the trader not only a little the heavier, but wiry and quick, and the result was that the former was laid upon his back, twice in succes sion, so swiftly and emphatically that he fancied the universe was out of joint.
The crowd shouted, and Harmon, picking himself up, exclaimed:
'I'll take the goods at your figures Now take the order and get out of here as quick's the Lord'll let ye!"
H. Leonard \& Sons have issued a 186 page illustrated catalogue, which they are now sending out to the trade.

## The Model Offlce Boy.

rom the office.
Who is there among business men that does not want a better office boy than he has got: who is it that does not have his own ideal of what an office boy should be? As numerous as this class must be in every business community, I suppose formulated their ideas concerning this important adjunct to business. However, I ran across a man the other day who had it down fine. He wanted an office boy, and concerning this functionary he delivered himself of the following:
He meed not "live with parents." Just as soon have a young fellow who earns his own keep. Will pay him better wages, because he'll earn them. Fact is, we want a boy who has had the props taken away from him, and who is making a courageous effort to stand erect, with little wabbling without them. He should talk little and only when it is business to do so. He should remember thingsknow what he did yesterday at 3 o'clock, and why he did it. He should know that to waste our minutes is to waste our money. We desire that he bear in mind that we pay him so much per week, which means so much per hour and may mean, if computed, so much per minute. Ates count That he contracts to return to us value for these minutes, and that one of them wasted means a breach of one of the wasted means a breach of does not exist We want to rely which We wat exist. We want to rely on him. We want to feel that he pays us interest
on our investment in him. We shall have a place in the firm ready for him when he shall grow into it, but we don't hire him to look in news store windows when we send him to the postoffice.
Naubinway-Morris Wertheimer will soon engage in the clothing business.

## FOR SALE, WANTED, ETC.

Advertisementa will be inserted under this head for two cents a word the first insertion and one eent a
word for each subsequent insertion. No advertise
ment taken for less than 25 cents. Advance payment. BUSINESS CHANCES.

sma
will
drug
give
diver
if your
Addre
$\mathrm{F}^{0}$


## 



F in SALE-STORE, DRUG STOCK AND FIXTURES,
including postomtiee fixtures, for sale on easy
terms owing to till health, only drug store in town,
situated in eenter of fine fruit section, Address Dr.
S. J. Koon, Lisbon, Mich.

HELP WANTED.
W ANTED-REGISTERED PHARMACIST. ADDRESS
Dr. Boynton, Fruitport, Mieh.



W
W ANTED-TO KNOW THE WHEREABBUTS OF
N. Loop, who has lived at Kent City, Elmira
and Coliwater. The Tradesman Company, Grand
Rapids. Rapids.
A $_{\text {BOLISH THE PASS BOOK AND SUBSTITUTE THE }}^{\text {Tradesman Coupon, which is now in use by over }}$
 Tradesman Company, Grand Rapids.
$\mathrm{R}^{\text {ENT FREE FOR TWO YEARS TO COMPETENT }}$ landlord who will furnish summer resort hotel



## GRAND RAPIDS GOSSIP

F. J. Parker is building a warehouse for the storage of butter and eggs at 22 Brainard street.
H. A. Snyder has opened a grocery store at Leetsville. Musselman \& Widdicomb furnished the stock.
Mrs. F. E. White has opened a grocery store at Williamsburg. The Ball-Barn-hart-Putman Co. furnished the stock.
Lyman Townsend has opened a grocery store on North Coit avenue. The Olney \& Judson Grocer Co. furnished the stock.
Lemon \& Peters have sold a new grocery stock to West \& Co., whose store and stock at Hoytville were burned one day last week.
Rindge, Bertsch \& Co. and Musselman \& Widdicomb have foreclosed their mortgage on the boot and shoe and grocery stock of C. F. Walden, at Antrim.

That part of the McDonald \& Bradford stock not disposed of at Baldwin has been shipped to this eity and stored in the building formerly occupied by $E$. Fallas.
B. H. Rose and Jerome Blodgett have formed a copartnership under the style of B. H. Rose \& Co. and embarked in the hardware business at Harrietta. Foster, Stevens \& Co. furnished the stock.
The wholesale grocery houses have signed an agreement to close at 3 o'clock Saturday during the summer months. An effort was made to get the commission houses to do the same, but they have so much perishable stock coming in on the afternoon trains that they do not feel justified in signing the agreement.

## Purely Personal.

W. A. D. Rose, the Deer Lake logger, was in town last Saturday.
Father Gallagher, the priest of St. James, Beaver Island, is the guest of Frank E. Chase, the shoe salesman.
D. D. Harris, the Shelbyville general dealer, was in town last Wednesday. His love for the P. of $I$. is profound and allabiding.

Wm. T. Hess has returned from Boston and Wm. T. Lamoreaux started on the usual spring pilgrimage to that place on Saturday.
S. C. Pomeroy, of the former retail grocery firm of Pomeroy \& Lawton, has engaged in the commission business at Mendon. He also acts as local agent for the Valley City Milling Co.
It is reported that negotiations are in progress looking toward the return of S. A. Welling from Jackson to Detroit, in which case he will re-engage in business with his son-in-law, Hamilton B. Carhartt.
Will P. Granger, the handsome appendage of the Grand Rapids Packing and Provision Co., spent Saturday in the wicked city of Chicago, trying to swap horses with a man who has a better beast than he has. He was unsuccessful.

## Gripsack Brigade.

The Flint \& Pere Marquette and Toledo, Ann Arbor \& Northern are now selling 500 mile mileage books for $\$ 10$. Walter Meech, of the former firm of Herrick \& Randall, has taken the position of city salesman for I. M. Clark \& Son, dividing the trade with Mr. Cloyes.
St. Louis Republican: "M. Brust maker, formerly of this place, but who has been traveling for a Detroit cigar
firm, is now with J. A. Beebe \& Son, of Owosso.
At the request of numerous traveling men, the G. R. \& I. has re-arranged its time card so as to enable the south-bound afternoon train to stop at Cadillac for dinner, instead of at Reed City, as heretofore.
H. S. Robertson has formed a copartnership with G. A. Spencer, of Peach Belt, and the two have engaged in the manufacture of hosiery under the style of the Fidelity Knitting Works. Hi. will not permit his new venture to interfere with his present position with the Olney \& Judson Co.
A Washington dispatch, under date of May 13, is as follows: "In the House, today, Mr. Hansbrough, of North Dakota, introduced for reference a bill amending the Inter-state Commerce Act so as to provide that nothing in that law shall be construed to prohibit any common carrier from giving reduced rates of transportation and a permit to carry a weight of sample baggage in excess of the amount allowed the ordinary traveler to commercial travelers and members of the theatrical profession.'

## The Wire Trade. <br> rom the Iron Age.

There are few branches of industry in which greater mechanical progress has recently been made than the wire trade Increased consumption of wire and improved methods of manufacture have gone hand in hand. Inventive genius has been busy in devising application of wire to new uses which are, however so natural for that material that the question arises, why was that never thought of until now? The changed condition of the barb wire trade is an excellent illustration of this. It is but a few years since that all manufacturer of barb fencing purchased their wire. A few of them added wire-drawing departments, and the question then was quite freely discussed for a time as to the relative advantages of drawing or purchasing wire, a very strong sentiment existing in the trade in favor of the latter ing in the trade in favor of the latter
method of doing business. In the light of subsequent events, it seems very absurd that such a question should have had more than one side to it. Those who drew their own wire had an advantage which made itself only too apparent in which made itself only too apparent in vie. It was a their production of yantage, also, as their production of large quan made of two sizes made the introduction of im provements a comparatively easy matter It is estimated that up to the present reduction in the cost of drawing of $\$ 3$ to $\$ 4$ per ton has been made on the standard sizes of wire in the brier period alluded to. This has been accomplished by heavier machinery, and more rapid re duction, greater expertness on the part of the workmen employed, and to no little extent by the improved quality of the
steel wire rods now being turned out in steel wire ro
this country.
The improved quality of domestic wire rods is a matter of some importance, not to be passed over lightiy. Wire manufacturers state that they are now able to secure 2,200 pounds of wire from 2,240 pounds of rods, which is a loss of but forty pounds per gross ton, whereas their usual allowance for loss a few years since, when the rod supply was largely foreign, was fully 100 pounds more. The economy is not merely in the smaller percentage of waste, but in the greater production of wire by workmen who do not have to stop to pick up the end of a broken rod.

## The Remedy.

Jack-Were you ever crazy with love? Jack-Were you e
Jim-Yes, indeed.
Jack-What cured you?
Jim-Marriage?
Fourth of July goods of all kinds. Putnam Candy Co.

T R Y
BUNOLA COFFEE.
Best Pound Package Coffee on the Market.

PRICE---In Cases, 24 1-4; In Cabinets, 24 3-4.
Any Grand Rapids jobber will fill your order:


81 SOUTH DIVISION ST., GRAND RAPIDS.


Bicyules, Priculcles, Velocipereds General Sporting Goods


We have on hand a complete line of Columbia
Victor and other cheaper bicycles, also a splen Victor and other cheaper bicycyes, s, chisplen
did assortment of Misses' Tricy
Veles, Children' Velocipedes and small Safety Bicycle
E. G. Studley,

4 Monroe St.,
GRAND RAPIDS
Call and see them or send for large, illustrated cata logue.

contractors for
Galuanized Iron Cornice,
Plumbing \& Heating Work, Dealers in
Pumps, Pipes, Etc., Mantels and Grates.
Weatherly \& Pulte,
grand rapids,

## Magie Coffiee Roaster.

The Best in the World.

Having on hand a large stock of No. 1 Roasters-capacity 35 lbs .- 1 will sell them at very low prices. Write for Special Discount.

## ROBT. S. WEST,

48-50 Long St., CLEVELAND, OHIO.
Fehsenfeld \& Grammel,

## BROOMS!

Whisks, Toy Brooms, Broom Corn, Broom
Handles, and all Kinds of Broom Materials. 10 and 12 Plaintield Ave., Grand Rapids.

How to Keep a Store. By Samuel H. Terry, A book of 400 pages
written from the experience and observation of an old merchant. It treats of Selection of Busi ness, Location, Buying, Selling, Credit, Adver-
tising, Account Keeping, Partnerships, etc. of tising, Account Keeping, Partnerships, ete.
great interest to every one in trade. $\mathbf{\$ 1 . 5 0}$. THE TRADESMAN COMPANY, Grand Rapids.

## FOURPH NATIONAL BANK

Grand Rapids, Mich.
A. J. Bowne, President.

Geo. C. Pierce, Vice President. H. W. NAsh, Cashier

CAPITAL
\$300,000.

\section*{Transacts a general banking business.} | MICH. | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Make a Specialty of Collections. Account } \\ \text { of Country Merchants Solicited. }\end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: |

## Dry Goods.

The Selection of Stocks.
From the Dry Goods Economist.

One of the most costly departments of a store is that devoted to silks. At the
same time it is one capable of attracting same time it is one capable of attracting
a crowd of admirers and buyers, if properly selected and arranged. No goods make a handsomer window or counter display, and half the battle in selling is to catch and hold the eyes of shoppers, which glittering folks of silk will do. Black silk is always a standby in faille Francaise, rhadames and surah, with a few armures and gros grains to suit conservative tastes. Unless catering for an expensive trade, extreme novelties in weaves should be handled gingerly. For
these it is better to wait until the trade and fashion papers have spoken of them and customers ask for them. Ordinary novelties should be on hand as soon as the season opens. It is a poor policy to defer buying seasonable goods until every one has bought elsewhere. Surah of at
least two grades and all shades always sells. Black and colored satins are demanded for lining net and lace dresses. Figured and plain India silks take well in medium designs and the fashionable weather. Amethyst, lavender, stem green, porcelain blue, old rose, gray and red take well this season. In white silks, ivory, opal and cream shades in surah, India and faille Francaise are the oftenest asked for.
The chief colors in demand are old rose, grayish blue, porcelain tints, stem, grayish and dark green, golden, red and cigar brown, greenish, silver, steel and pale blue, yellow straw, rose, tan and suede shades. More silks are sold at retail for $\$ 1.25$ than any other price, but it is well to have a quality of faille Franis well to have a quality of faille Fran-
caise, the most universally worn silk, at caise, the most universally worn silk, at
90 or 95 cents, as a price under a dollar does most surely attract. In black silks does most surely attract. In black silks have a better grade, as a woman expects a black silk to last longer and is therebe tempted to buy a lot of fancy stripes be tempted to buy a lot of fancy stripes
or brocades "because they are so cheap." They will prove dear if not in style, which may be discovered by reading trade and fashion papers. Any country without informing himself earefully upon without fashions makes a sad mistake current fashions makes a sad mistake. Nowadays the trade papers contain a mine of valuable information, which should be worked every week. By keeping one's eyes open at all times, some-
thing new may be learned every day, and a habit of observation and ability to "catch on'",

Touched a Tender Spot
Beanville Man-Gawktown ain't much a place, no how
Gawktown Man-Thet's so
B. M.-Ye ain't more'n five hundred folks down thar.
G. M.-Gol durn me ef ye ain't right.
B. M. -No church in the hull town.
G. M.-Nary
G. M.-Not any school house, nuther.
G. M.-That's the truth.
B. M.-Ignorant folks you all is.
G. M.-We don't know a heap, that's a
fact. M-An' we all's base ball nine kin
B. M.-An' we all's base ball nine kin
wallop the everlastin' spots of'n you wallop the everlastin' spots of'n you all's measly club.
G. M.-Hold on thar. Now yer gettin' insultin'. I don't care nuthin' 'beaout the town, but when you run down our base ball club, thar's got to be trouble.
Used Her Up.

An old lady, one of the good, oldfashioned kind, recently bought a ticket to a course of lectures to be delivered in by Bob Ingersoll. The old lady conldn't afford to waste her money by losing a lecture, so she listened attentively and returned shocked, but speechless. The second one was by Annie Jenness Miller.
The old lady returned from this lecture The old lady returned from this lecture exhausted, sank in a chair and groaned ont:
"Oh, dear: oh, dear: No God and no chemises-what is this world coming to ?',


## P. STEKETEE \& SONS,

WHOLESALE

## Dry Goods and Notions.

New Line of Summer Flannel Shirts from 3.50 per doz. up
Pants, Overalls, Jackets and Jumpers in all grades.
Underwear, all weights in White, Gray and Mixed and 25 cases of Cotton Hose, all grades.

Agents for Georgia and Valley City Bags. Wadding, Twines, Batts.

88 Monroe and 10, 12, 14, 18 \& 18 Fountain Sts., GRAND RMPID8.


## Dry Goods

Shirts, Pants, Oueralls, Ete.

Complete Spring Stock now ready for inspection. $Z_{\infty}$ Chicago and Detroit prices guaranteed.
GRAND RAPIDS, $\quad$ 48, $\quad-\quad$ MICH.

## Purniturb

Ne1son, Matter \& Co's

STYLES
New, Cheap, Medium
Expensive.
Large Variety and
Prices Low.

## HARDWARE.

## Short Weights on Nails.

From the Metal Worker.
The sharp decline in cut nails and the long depression in the industry have led to a growing abuse which should be sharply condemned and ruthlessly ex-
posed. Some makers have, either carelessly or deliberately, put up cut nails, lessly or deliberately, put up cut nails,
short in weight. A recent investigation short in weight. A recent investigation
made in this city has disclosed a prevmade in this city has disclosed a prev-
alence of evil which is startling, and should call for close scrutiny on the part of the trade. It is believed that the practice alluded to has not been without its serious effects in causing the demoralization from which honest manufacturers have recently suffered. Lately responsible parties have weighed a number of kegs of cut nails of different brands as they were being delivered on
the dock. We quote the result below: the dock. We quote the result below :

Averge
gross weight.
Pounds.
Maker No. 1, 6 kegs, steel box nails
No, 2, 20d. nails
20 d.
8 d.
6 d.
"o 10 d . finishing nails
i. 3 , $2 \neq$-inch fooring nails
$21 /$-inch
8 inch
No. 4,8
No. 5 , 8-inch edge spikes d. nails

No. 1, steel box nails steel nails
It should be noted that these are the gross weights. Since the weight of the keg varies from 5 to $71 / 2$ pounds, 6 pounds being usually considered the average weight of keg, the gross weights should be 105 to 106 pounds, if the buyer is to get what he pays for, 100 pounds of nails in a keg. There can be no defense whatever for such a practice. To what extent it prevails, and who those are who are habitually guilty of it, buyers are in a position to discover readily.

## The Copper Syndicate.

The trial of the directors of the Societe des Metaux was opened at Paris May 6. All are charged with paying fictitious dividends. M. Secretan is further accused of illegal forestallment of merchandise. In the course of his examination M. Secretan protested against the charges, and appealed to his life of honorable work as a refutation of the charges. He said that he had not wished to speculate, but to achieve a work of patriotism. "We desired," he said, "to patriotism. We desired, het saviously create in France a market not previously the mercy of speculators in the English the mercy

Very frequently the man who goes through the world with his eyes open notices things that conclusively demonstrate the selfishness of his fellow beings, and which show further that some people have very little regard for the convenience of others so long as they are saved labor themselves. I might say that in some cases business individuals and business firms impose conditions upon their correspondents that are decidedly straight jacket in character. For instance, I have received a letter within a few days from a firm, in which I am informed that in order to secure attention to my reply it will be necessary for me to refer to an arbitrary number which has been stamped upon the letter. One is disposed to bear with things of this kind when they come from a department of the Government, or from some very large public institution, but when the thing comes from a small private concern it is simply insufferable. A house of any standing is not likely to do things of this kind. They recognize the necessity and expediency of having their files, books, copies of letters, etc., arranged in such a way as letters, etc., arranged in such a way as to make reference from new to old easy oner The house that really want tomer. The house that reany wants business, the house that really wants to interpose conditions of this kind.

| Prices Current. |  | ROPEs. <br> Sisal, $1 / 2$ inch and larger |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| These prices are for cash buyers, who $\frac{\mathbf{Y}}{\mathbf{Y}}$ | Kip's............................. dis. dis. 40 \& ${ }^{25}$ |  |
| pay promptly and buy in full packages. ${ }^{\text {M }}$ | Mason's Solid Cast Steel........... 30 c 1 sts 60 | Steel and Iron |
| aUGURS AND bits. <br> dis. | Blacksmith's Solid Cast Steel. Hand . . $30 \mathrm{c} 40 \& 10$ Hinges. | Mitre $\begin{aligned} & 60 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | Com. Smooth. Com. |
|  |  |  |
| Jennings ${ }^{\text {, }}$, imitation .......................... 50 \& 10 | Screw Hook and Strap, to 12 in . $4 / 1214$ and longer $\square$ |  |
| AxEs. S | Screw Hook and Eye, $1 / 2 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ net 10 |  |
| First Quality, S. B. Bronze................ 800 |  | Nos. 25 to $26 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . \quad 440$. ${ }^{4} 40$ |
| D. B. Bronze................. 1250 | " ${ }^{4}$ " | No. $27 \ldots \ldots$, 360 |
| S. B. S. Steel............ ..... 9 90 |  | All sheets No. 18 and lighter, over 30 inches |
| D. B. Steel..................... 1400 |  | wide not less than $2-10$ extra sand paper |
| Railroad.................................. 1400 | Champion, anti-friction................... 60\&10 | Li |
| Garden................................ net 3000 | Eidder, wood track hollow ware | Silver Lake, White A..................... Iist $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & \text { Drab A................ } \\ & 55\end{aligned}$ |
| Stove. ....................................... 50 \& 10 P | Pots..................................... 60 | " White B .............. "1 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ / $0^{0}$ |
| Carriage new list............................ 700 | Kettles................................ ${ }_{\text {Splders }}{ }^{60}$ | ". Wrab B |
|  | Spiders <br> Gray enameled | Discount, 10. |
| Sleigh shoe ...... ${ }^{\text {BU }}$ |  | Solid Eyes....... ................ . . . . per ton ${ }_{\text {e }}$ |
| Well, plain.............................. 8350 |  |  |
| Well, swivel...................... ......... 400 | Grante Iron Ware ...............new list 331/8 \&10 | Hilver steel Dia. X Cuts, per foot, <br> 3(6): 50 |
| butts, cast. dis. |  | Special Steel Dex X Cuts, per foot ... 50 |
| Cast Loose Pin, figured...................70\& | Stanley Rule and Level Co.'s .... 70 | Special steel Dia. X Cuts, per foot .. 30 |
| Wrought Narrow, bright 5ast joint. .........60\&10 | WIRE GOODS. dis. | " Champion and Electric Tooth X |
| Wrought Loose Pin . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 60\&10 | Bright............................. . . . 70\&10\&10 | Cuts, per foot........... ................. 28 $_{8}$ |
| Wrought Table . .1......................... 60. 6810 | Screw Eyes.................. ......... $70 \% 10810$ |  |
| Wrought Inside Blind .......................60\&10 | Hook's . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 70 \% $10 \pm 10$ | Steel, Game...... |
| Wrought Brass............................. 75 |  | Oneida Community, Newhouse's .......... 35 |
| Blind, Clark's................................. 0 \% \& 10 | Door, mineral jap, trimmings ... . 5 | Oneida Community, Hawley a Norton's ... 70 |
| Blind, Shepard's ............................. 70 | Door, porcelain, jap. trimmings ... .... 55 | Mouse, delusion................... 81.50 per doz. |
|  | Door, porcelain, plated trimmings ........ 55 |  |
| list April 17, '85........... 40 | Door, porcelsin, trimmings ............ ${ }^{55}$ | Bright M |
| cradies. | Drawer and shutler, porcelain...... ....... dis | Annealed Market............................... $20-10$ |
| Grain ................ .............. dis. 50\&02 | Russell \& Irwin Mfg. Co.'s new list | Tinned Market.............................. $621 / 1$ |
| 2 | Mallory, Wheeler \& Co.'s.......... .... 55 | Coppered Spring Steel .................... 50 |
| crow b | Branford's ........................... ..... 55 | Barbed Fence, galvanized ................ 360 |
| Cast Steel...........................per tb 5 | Norwalk's .......................... ........ 55 | painted ..... ........... 360 |
|  | Adze Eye.................... . . . . 116.00 , dis. 60 | Au Sable . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . dis. 25 \$10025d $10 \pm 05$ |
|  | Hunt Eye . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 315.00 , dis. 60 | Putnam........................... dis. 05 |
| G. D............................ ${ }^{\text {a }}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Hunt's.............. ....... 818.50, dis. $20 \& 10$. | Northwestern..................... dis. 10 \&10 |
| Musket.............................. " 60 |  | s. |
| Carte |  |  |
| Rim Fire....... ...... .................... 50 | Coffee, Parkers Co.'s ..... . . . 40 | Coe's Patent Agricultural, wrought,........ 75 |
| Central Fire....... ....................dis. 25 | " P. S. \& W. Mfg. Co.'s Malleables .. 40 | Coe's Patent, malleable .................. 75d ${ }^{\text {a }} 0$ |
| chisels. dis. | Landers, Ferry \& Cl \$'s.......... 40 | Bird Cages miscellaneous. dis. |
| Socket Firmer . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 70 \%10 | molasses gates. dis. ${ }^{\text {. }}$ | Pumps, Cistern |
| Socket Framing..............................70\&10 | Stebbin's Pattern . ... ................... . . . 60 \% 10 | Screws, New List........................ ... 50 |
| Socket Corner.............................. $70 \& 10$ | Stebbin's Genuine . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .6e\&\&10 | Casters, Bed and Plate.......... . ..... $50 \$ 10 \$ 10$ |
| Socket Slicks ..............................70\&10 40 | Enterprise, self-measuring | Dampers, American..................... 40 |
| Butchers' Tanged Firmer.................... dis. combs. | Steel nails, base...... ..... ........ .......... 200 | Forks, hoes, rakes and all steel goods..... 65 |
|  | Wire nails, base...... .... ......... ........ 250 | Hetals. |
|  | Advance over base: Steel. Wire. | pie tin. |
| chalk. | $50 \ldots \ldots \ldots$ Base | Pig Large..................................... 26c |
| gross.........12@121/3 dis. 10 |  |  |
|  |  | Duty: Sheet, $21 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ per pound. |
|  |  | 600 pound casks.......................... 64/8 |
| Planished, $140 z$ cut to size $\ldots .$. per pound $\quad 28$ | 16. | Per pound |
| Cold Rolled, $14 \times 56$ and $14 \times 60 \ldots . . . . . . . . . .{ }^{26}$ |  |  |
| Cold Rolled, 14x48....................... ${ }_{2}^{26}$ |  | Extra Wiping ............................ 1314 |
| Bottoms .......... ....................... . 27 | $7 \& 6 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . .1{ }^{65}$ | The prices of the many other qualities of |
| Drills. dis. | ${ }_{60}^{60} 90$ | solder in the market indicated by private brands |
| Morse's Bit Stocks......................... 50 |  | vary according to composition. |
|  | Fine 3.............................. $150.1{ }_{50} \tilde{\sim}_{00}$ | Cookson........................per pound 16 |
| Morse's Taper Shank...................... . 50 | Case 10........................... 60 90 | Hallett's......................... ${ }^{\text {a }} 13$ |
| drippine pans. | " 8......................... 75100 | TIN- |
| Small sizes, ser pound . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 07 |  | 10x14 IC, Charcoal...................... 66.60 |
| Large sizes, per pound.................. 61/s | Finish $10 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots{ }_{4}{ }_{8}$ |  |
| elbows. | $\begin{array}{ll}100 & 1 \\ 15 & 150 \\ 15\end{array}$ |  |
| Com. 4 piece, 6 in..................doz. net 75 |  | Each additional $X$ on this grade, 1.75. |
| Corrugated .........................dis. 20\& 10\& 10 |  | tin-ALLAWAY GRADE. |
| Adjustable............................ dis. 40 \& 10 | " 6....................... 115100 | 10x14 IC, Charcoal .............. ....... 600 |
| EXPANSIVE BITS. dis. |  | 14x20 IC, "\% ........................ 600 |
|  | Ohio Tool Co's tancy rlanes. dis. | ${ }_{14 \times 20}^{10 \times 141 \mathrm{IX}, \quad \text { ، }}$ |
|  |  | Each additional $\mathbb{X}$ on this grade $81.50 . . .750$ |
| files-New List. dis. |  | Each additional $\begin{gathered}\text { Booring Plates }\end{gathered}$ |
| Disston's . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .60\&10 | Beneh, first quality........................ @50 | 14x20 IC, " Worcester ............... 600 |
| New American..............................60\&10 | Stanley Rule and Level Co.'s, wood... .... \$10 |  |
| Nicholson's . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 60 \& 10 |  | ${ }^{20 \times 28} 14 \times 20 \mathrm{IC},{ }^{\text {c }}$ " Allaway Grade |
|  |  |  |
| galvanized iron |  |  |
| Nos. 16 to $20 ; 22$ and $24 ; 25$ and $26 ; 27 \quad 28$ |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { List } & 12 & 13 & 14 & 15 & 18\end{array}$ | 8 Copper PATENT FLANISHED IRON. | 14x28 IX ................................... 18 |
| Discount, 60 dis. | "A" Wood's patent planished, Nos. 24 to 271030 | $14 \times 31$ IX .............. ..... .............. 1450 |
| Gaugrs. dis. | "B" Wood's pat. planished, Nos. 25 to $27 \quad 920$ | 14x56 IX, for No. 8 Boflers. $\}$ per pound ... 93/4 |
| Stanley Rule and Level Co.'s..... ..... ... 50 | 0 Broken packs 1/20 per pound extra. | 14x60 IX. " "9 " ¢per pound... 9* |

## 



Express Wagons.

Send for
Circular.

## Retail Prade of the Moluerine 8 tate.

## ubscription Price, One Dollar per year, payable

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Entered at the Grand Rapids Post Offce.
E. A. STOWE, Editer.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 21, 1890.
LOOKS LIKE CHEESE PARING.
The proposal to give our diplomatie representatives at foreign capitals the rank and style of ambassadors, they now being merely ministers, has been made once more by the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, and is met as usual by the objection that this is a monarchical fashion to which the republic should give no encouragement. The objection is wrong at every point. The word is derived from the Celtic term, "ambactus," meaning a messenger, through the later Latin and Spanish and French. It, therefore, has no immediate connection with monarchy. Historically, it is applied just as much to the foreign representatıves of republics like Venice. Florence, Genoa and Switzerland, as to monarchies like France and Spain. It is expressly provided in the national constitution that the President "shall appoint embassadors, other public ministers and consuls." The Supreme Court is given original jurisdiction over "all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls." The notion of a monarchical character in the office arose from the language which the Great Powers of Europe used at the Congress of Vienna, in which ambassadors were said to be "the personal representatives of the sovereign by whom they are sent." But our constitution is more correct in the employment of the word to designate the ministers of a sovereign government, which recognizes no personal sovereign.
The effect of our refusing the title to our representatives is to place our ministers in foreign capitals below those of sundry small countries like Denmark and Portugal, which send ambassadors. It also works to make Washington an undesirable place to the best diplomats of Europe, since if they accept an appointment to the American Government they must forego for the time the highest rank in the service. This may have been well enough when we ranked beside the lesser powers of Europe in diplomatic importance, and when we were poor enough to make the size of the salary and the furnishing of a "hotel" in foreign capitals an important consideration. But when the richest and most powerful country of Christendom continues the same policy it begins to look like cheese paring.

May Day has come and gone without any of the dire results which were apprehended. On both sides of the Atlantic there have been great demonstrations of a peaceful kind in favor of the eight hour limit, London and Chicago leading off in this respect. In both Europe and America there has been a harvest of strikes for the new limit of the working day, and in several trades the limit has been secured. Other struggles are still pending, but the movement has not had that universal character which the leaders of the trades' organizations hoped
for. It may be that the success of some will encourage the rest to make the same demands, or it may be that the fact that the majority have done nothing will end in restoring the old limit, even in the trades which have secured the new one. Everything will depend upon the heartiness and unanimity with which the labor organizations now proceed, and upon the extent to which they secure a general support from public opinion through the moderation of their action. Thus far they have done well, and they have satisfied the onlookers that it is not in the interests of Socialism or Anarchism or any other wild theory that they are acting, and that they have no intention of putting themselves under leadership of that kind.

## Corporation Gossip.

The stockholders of the Grand Rapids School Furniture Co. have voted to increase the capital stock $\$ 50,000$, making the capital $\$ 270,000$.
The stock of the Elliott Button Fast ener Co. is in active demand, as high as $\$ 1$ per share bonus having been offered by those who were unable to secure the original stock.
The entire Jackson iron mine, one of the best on Lake Superior, will be owned in England within a few days. Negotiations have been going on for several months, and a company has finally formed abroad to take up the 16,000 shares of stock at $\$ 125$ a share, or $\$ 2,000,000$ for the mine. It has been owned for two years by Mr. Chisholm and J. H. Wade, of Cleveland, Ohio, and Samuel Marshall, of Negaunee.
Included in the purchase price of the Model Mills, Mr. Converse accepted $\$ 11,500$ of Mr. Swensberg's stock in the Phænix Furniture Co. at $\$ 7,500$-about 65 per cent. As the stock is freely offered at 40 and can be secured in almost any quantity at 25 , Deacon Converse's acceptance of the stock at the price named is either an evidence of his kind regard for Mr. Swensberg or due to his anxiety to unload an unprofitable milling venture.

## Association Notes.

The report that a Business Men's Association had been organized at Wayland proved to be erroneous.
In the course of a descriptive article on Trav erse City, the Detroit Tribune remarks: "The Business Men's Association is one of the most mportant features of the town and has done much to make Traverse City the live, hustling metropolis that she is to-day. The officers of the Association are J. W. Milliken, President, and M. E. Haskell, Secretary. Mr. Milliken is also Chalrman of the Executive Board of the Northern Michigan Development Association, which
is attracting widespread attention and doing is attracting widespread attention and doing
much to induce the investment of capital in that section of the country.

Good Words Unsolicited.
J. Weaver \& Co., wholesale paper, Kalamazoo: "We are satisfied that we get value received." Delmore Hawkins, general dealer, Hawkins: The Tradesman is my most welcome weekly journal."
Walter H. Price, general dealer, Lyons: "I ike your paper very much better in book form than the old way. I look for it every week."

A novel idea to attract attention is being used in New York City which might be adapted to the retail cigar trade. It is seemingly a bad break in a plate glass window, patched with a picture and a placard offering $\$ 500$ for whoever broke the window. The apparent cracks are on the picture, but appear to be on the glass, and attract any amount of attention.

Fire Crackers all sizes and prices. Putnam Candy Co.

## P. of I. Gossip

John Finkbeiner, the contract dealer of Hersey, has thrown off the badge of servitude.

A Hawkins correspondent writes "The P. of 1 . are about played out here. The name is seldom mentioned, and when it is uttered, it is usually spoken in a whisper."
Banfield correspondence Hastings Ban ner: "It is an assured fact now that Andrew Bresee will immediately go to work and build a P. of I. store and sell P. of I. goods to the Patrons."

The sainted Elder Payne, whose name once adorned the criminal calendar of the Kent Circuit Court, organized five P. of I. lodges in Leelanaw county week before last. Fifty dollars a week is better than defending a charge of bastardy, by a large majority.
Detroit News: "The Patrons of Industry of Livingston county have now resolved in favor of the free coinage of silver. That's right. Just as soon as every Patron can get his bullion coined free, he will be all right. But while the rate for stamping dollars remains as high as at present, he is compelled to let it rust in the cellar.'
Charlotte Republican: "J. M. Andrews, the corner grocer, made an assignment yesterday morning, for the benefit of his creditors. Judge C. M. Jennings is made assignee. He took possession immediately and began to take an inventory of the stock. This has been the P. of I. grocery, was liberally patronized as such, and the failure, therefore, is significant.'
Hudson correspondence Adrian Times "Quite a flutter has been occasioned in commercial circles this week by the announcement that Henry C. Hall, the grocer, has entered into a contract with the P. of I. This secret society has not heretofore been able to make contract with Hudson merchants, and, in fact, was 'kinder dead' until 'Hank' breathed the breath of life into their nostrils."
Sanilac county produces some quee geniuses. From thence came Supreme President F. W. Vertican, of P. of 1 fame, and now the story goes that the county has a school district with only one family in it. The homesteader, who is a follower of the sainted Vertican, built a school-house, used it as a dwelling, taxed the non-resident land-owners for nine months' school each year, hired his wife as school teacher and elected himself, wife, son and daughter as the school board.

A Central Lake correspondent writes "In accordance with your request for corrections, I beg to inform you that the name of H . Sissons does not properly be long in your P. of I. repentance column. Mr. Sissons was never, as I am informed on good authority, under a direct contract with the Patrons of Industry, but, instead, was accepted as a member of that organization on his representation that he 'got his living by farming.' He has since done his best to build up the lodge at Central Lake, and to get its trade, but the other merchants seem to be of the opinion that he has not made a mainly with the same customers he had before, who say that his profits are much smaller than formerly to the elect. His own statement at the start was that they amounted to forty cents a day, which is suggestive, in more ways than one."
The Patrons of Industry around Kingsley are about as mad as human beings
can be without boiling over. They closed a contract with J. E. Winchcomb and furnished him money with which to purchase goods. He came to Grand Rapids, paid Lemon \& Peters $\$ 100$ on account and ordered about $\$ 200$ worth of new stock. As Mr. Lemon loves the P. of I. about as ardently as the devil loves the holy water, the order was not filled, and the Patrons who raised the money for their dealer will have no sweetening in their sugar until they levy another assessment.

## Willing to Shovel.

From the Christian Union.
To be willing to begin at the bottom is the open secret of being able to come out at the top. A few years a go a young man came to this country to take a position in a new enterprise in the Southwest. He was well-bred, educated, and he had the tastes of his birth and education. He reached the scene of his proposed labors, and found to his dismay that the enterprise was already bankrupt and that he was penniless, homeless and friendless in a strange land. He worked his way back to New York, and in midhis way back to New York, and in midfinter found himself without money or friends in the great, busy metropolis.
He did not stop to measure the obstacles He did not stop to measure the obstacles in his path. He simply set out to find but he was willing to take the shovel, and out he was willing to ta
the shovel it was to be.
Passing down Fourth
Passing down ourth avenue snowy morning, he found a crowd of men at work shoveling snow from the sidewalks about a well-known locality; he applied for a position in their ranks, got it, and went to work with a hearty goodwill as if shoveling were his vocation. Not long after, one of the owners of the property, a millionaire, passing along the street, saw the young man's face, was struck by his intelligence, and wondered what had brought him to such a pass. A day or two later his business took him to the same locality again, and brought him face to face with the same man still shoveling snow. He stopped, spoke to him, received a prompt and courteous answer, talked a few minutes for the sake of getting a few facts about his history, and then asked the young man to call at his office. That night the shovel era ended, and the next day at the appointed time the young man was closeted with the millionaire. In one of the latter's many enterprises there was a vacant place, and the young man who was willing to shovel got it. It was a small place at a small salary, but he more than filled it; he filled it so well, indeed, that in a few months he was promoted, and at the end of three years he was at the head of the enterprise with a large sal ary. He is there to-day with the cer tainty that if he lives he will eventually fill a position second in importance to none in the field in which he is working The story is all told in three words : Willing to shovel.

"Acknowledged the Corn."
The phrase, "acknowledge the corn," is variously accounted for, but the follow ing is a true history of its origin :
In 1882 Alexander Stewart, Member of Congress, stated in a speech that Ohio, Kentucky and Indiana sent their haystacks, cornfields and fodder to New York and Philadelphia for sale. Wickliffe, another member, called him to order, declaring that those States did not send their haystacks to the Eastern cities for sale.
"Well, what do you send?" asked Stewart.
"Why, horses, mules, cattle and hogs."
"Well. what makes your horses, mules, cattle and hogs?" queried Stewart. "You feed $\$ 100$ worth of hay to a horse; in doing that you just animate your in doing that you just animate your off to market. How is it with your cattle? You make one of them carry $\$ 50$ worth of hay to the Eastern market How much corn does it take to fatten a hog, Mr. Wickliffe? '"
"Thirty-three bushels" replied the man from Kentucky
man from Kentucky. els of corn into the shape of a bog and walk him off to tharket," said Stewart wa this prang to pin feet and sprang to
Mr. Speaker! Mr. Speaker! I ac knowledge the corn.'"
The incident caused quite a laugh among the members and was never for gotten.

## His Preference.

Sister Emma-Bobby, who tied that tin can on that poor dog's tail? Bobby-Johnny Stevens.
Sister Emma-That was cruel. You wouldn't tie a tin can on a dog's tail would you, Bobby?
Bobby-No, I'd rather tie an old teakettle on.

Pineapples good and cheap.

Baton, Lyon \& Co., Fishing Tackle, Base Ballsand Supplies, Croquet, Hammocks, Lawn Tennis, Etc.

State Agents for A. J. Reoch \& Co.'s Sporting Goods. Send for Calalogue.

EATON, LYON \& CO., 20 \& 22 Monroe St., Grand Rapids


We respectfully call your attentino to the fact that we carry the most complete stock of seeds in Western Michigan. Send E list our wholesale price list and catalogue before buying Cloure, ONION SRTS, $\qquad$ Timothif, Red Top,
In fact, everything in our line at lowest
 $\frac{\text { Rite. }}{\text { Ritc. }}$ market values. BPOWI's SBBC StOTB

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

## AMBOY CHEESE.

The best way to secure a satisfactory and profitable cheese trade is to handle the very best goods obtainable.

Olney \&Judson Grocer Co. SOLE AGENTS, Grand Rapids, - Mich.

This old reliable brand has been the standard of excellence in this market for nearly 20 years.
Always uniform in quality. Always the very best.

## M上尺RCFANTS,

## LION COFFEE

## Is For Sale by All Wholesale

Grocers in Grand Rapids and

## Elsewhere.

## Drugs 畿 Medicines.

 Grand Rapids Pharmacentical Society, Grand Rapids Drug Clerks' Association.

Detroit Pharmaceutical Society
Muskegon Drug Clerks' Associatio

## Thoughts on Current Topics

H. M. Whelpley, M. D., Ph. G., in Druggists' Bulletin.
If the seventh decennial revision of the United States Pharmacopeia con tains a list of the maximum doses of drugs, chemicals and preparations, the
work will be consulted by many doctors and druggists who would otherwise let it alone. Theoretically it would be more in keeping with the nature and purpose of the Pharmacopecia to omit such a list, quired. A vote of the retail druggist and practicing physicians of the country
would soon decide in favor of the list, and I expect to see the Pharmacopœia Revision Convention take like action. Posology is a subject on which no one is considerable study and constant attention, or much of that which was once learned is soon forgotten. The application of posological knowledge on the other hand is great, and command of is frequently of vital importance.
In many sections of the country, registered druggists are exempt from jury entirely out of the clutches of the law. They are liable to all the legal annoyances that befall an ordinary citizen, besides those peculiar to their business. In view of all these facts, 1 believe that a short course of lectures by some jurist who has studied up the points of special interest to pharmacists. There is no one of the many special courses of lectures of the many special courses of lectures ens more interest than those on medical jurisprudence, and I believe that pharmaceutical jurisprudence the equally of pharmacy
Some druggists are always wondering how it is that other members of their craft find time to write papers for pharmaceutical conventions, send communications to journals, and perform other similar work. One of these enquiring
druggists recently said: "It requires time to write articles. It also requires being in a good humor to do so. When business is very dull, I have plenty of trade picks up my stock of good humor is large, but time is correspondingly scarce." To all who feel as my friend, I would say, consider the literary work a part of your business, and make it a rule
to think and write a little each day, and you will soon surprise yourself and oth-
ers with the result of your good resolution.

Any one who has studied many of the papers read at the various pharmaceut ical conventions, could not help but notice many that could be greatly improved, in order to be acceptable to the audience and the subsequent readers, should be free from superfluous language. The points to be presented must be so inently, and are readily observed by those interested. Another convenience of a systematic arrangement of the points is, that it enables the author to refer to sny one, or all of them, during the discussion which follows the reading. I find that
liable to make them too long and verbose
than so short that they are not clear fron a want of language.
A microscope as a portion of a druggist's outfit for the practice of the pharmaceutical profession, is by no means a necessity. In fact, very few instruments or books are actually required to
supply a druggist's laboratory. I have had this forcibly impressed upon my mind while visiting registered pharmacists whose entire library could be placed cists whose entire library could be placed paratus covered with a cigar box. The paratus covered with a cigar box. The
necessities of this life are extremely few, necessities of this pharmacy, as practiced by some persons, does not materially increase their sons, do
number.
It is to the progressive, successful, and clear-head pharmacist, that a microscope becomes an object of value and consideris by no means small such pharmacists is by no means small and is gradually increasing. The druggists who use the microscope are not confined to graduates in pharmacy, for I know of several who
have taken up the study of their own achave taken up the study of
cord, and profited thereby.
I have met with a class of physicians who seldom ever write a prescription, but dispense their own medicines, or give verbal directions when patients are obliged to visit a drug store. They do this because they realize that their education on the subject of prescription writing has been neglected, and they do not feel like running any risk of exposing their ignorance. Another class of physicians who interest me more, is the if anything, than the class to which I have just referred. But somehow they fail to comprehend the situation. In place of desisting from prescription writing, they never lose an opportunity to make out such an order, and the pregraphs like the sick chambers with the mixtures prescribed. It is needless to state that neither one of the above classes comprise physicians who have studied pharmacy
The season of State Pharmaceutical Association meetings is now upon us, and their reports will occupy a large portion of the space in the drug journals during the following four or five months. The value of these reports will depend upon two important factors: First, the character and ability of the members present at the meeting. Second, the view they take of the objects of an Association and its annual conventions. Third, the dexterity exhibited by the reporters in writing up the proceedings These annual meetings are attended by two great classes of delegates. One faction comes to read papers, hear papers read, discuss papers, and exchange ideas on pharmaceutical subjects. The mem bers of the other class are on hand to "get away from home," to "see the elephant," to advertise their goods or them selves, or both. The nature of the genAssociation will vary with the varying proportions of these two elements. It frequently happens that the published reports are written by some one who is incompetent to give an intelligent account of pharmaceutical proceedings Such reporters omit that portion which pertains to the profession, and fill up the space with other material. ceutical journals that are in the hands of parties not pharmacists, or in any way qualified to judge of what interests the profession. With all of these facts in of this country to attend their respective State meetings, and see for themselves just what is done and can be accomplished. The practice of pharmacy as found in the retail drug stores of a great city, is not the life or ease and is is scientifie many imagine. Nor is it as scientific and professional as country druggists conclude when they think of the long prescription file which hangs behind the prescription case of the average city pharmacy. I have had occasion of late to examine some of these imposing collections of professional documents. was surprised to find so many calling for patent and proprietary preparations in original packages. Some of the practic-

## the following model

R Cure 'em Quick's Cough
Syrup, Bot. I. (\$1.00 size).
Use as directed.
Dr. Moneymaker. One down-town druggist who has a arge prescription trade, informs me that never permits such a prescription to
He fills the precription, and says to the customer : 'Keep this order, for you may need anther bottle of the same stuff." I think these prescribers must belong to the same class of physicians to whom a writer referred when he stated that "a doctor is a person who pours medicine of which he knows little, into bodies of which he knows less." Such a prescription could be readily filled by dropping sixty-nine cents (cut-rate price for a dollar preparation) in the proper slot of the automatic doctor of which we have read, and as far as the druggist is concerned, the prescription had better be filled by such an automaton.

## WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

What the Monroe "Democrat" Has to Say About It.
What everybody says must be so, and, judging by the testimony offered, by the Humane Society, of Toledo, Ohio, which by the way, is composed of many of the very best citizens of that city, and by the board of supervisors of this county there must be some merits in Kenrick' Diphtheria Cure, for in both meetings members of these bodies related thei personal experience before the vote were taken. It is customary in all large cities to insist upon compulsory vaccination as a preventive of smallpox, but diphtheria is a disease that is annually taking off ten times as many as smallpox, and heretofore there has if Mr. Kenrick has discovered what these organizations seem to think he has discovered viz an antiseptic that nips the evil in the bud, then people should know it at once. Personally, we know Mr Kenrick to be a thorough gentleman, who would no more put a spurious article on the market to be used at so critical a time than he would rob a grave. We believe, and hundreds of others who he has a specific. We do not speak for Mr . Kenrick or his medicines, but for the thousands of children who die annually from the dread destroyer, Diphtheria.

## The Drug Market.

Gum opium is higher abroad and firmly held here. Morphia is unchanged. Quinine is steady. Gum camphor is weak and tending lower. Citric acid is getting scarce and is advancing. Cuttle bone has declined. Nitrate silver has declined. Brimstone is tending higher. Mercury and all preparations of mercury have

## Drug Store Wanted

There is no drug store at Middleton and the other business men of the place would give a man who will open a phar macy there a cordial reception. H. S. Phillips, editor of the Middleton News, will undertake to answer any enquiries on this subject.

## Guilty.

Smithers was arrested for running off with Bronson's daughter. 'Eloping isn't a crime.'
'No; but miss-appropriation is.'
Milk Shakes and Ice Shaves.

## GINSENTC ROOT.

PECK BROS., wholeale Druyktid


F. J. WURZBURG, Wholesale Agen

GRAND RAPIDS.

## SUSPENDED 1



## J تTTINE.

Warranted not to Thicken, Sour or Mold in any climate. Quality Guaranteed Against ing. See quotation. MARTELL. BLACKING
C. W. Johnson \& Co DRUGEISTS' PRIATERS,
44 West Larned St, DETROIT, MICH
THEY CAN SAVE YOU MONEY

Do You Observe the Law? THE TRADESMAN COM
LIQUOR \& POISON RRCORD.
"THE WEAR IS THE TRUE teSt of VALUE.'

## We still have in stoek the well-known brand

## Pioneer

Prepared

## Paint.

MIXED READY FOR USE.
Having sold same to our trade for over ten years, we can say it has fulfilled the manufac turer's guarantee. Write for sample card and Hazeltine \& Perkins Drug Co., GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.


TITE MTCTITGAN TRADESMAN.


## HAZELTINE $\&$ PERKINS DRUG CO.

 Importers and Jobbers of
## ---DRUGS --

Chemicals and Druggists' Sundries
Dealers in
Patent Medicinines, Paints, Oils, Uarishibs.
Sole Agents for the Oelebrated Pioneer Prepared Paints.

We are Sole Proprietors of
WEATHERLY'S MICHIGAN CATARRH REMEDY.

We have in stock and offer a full line of

Whiskies, Brandies, Cins, Tines, Rums.

We are Sole Agents in Michigan for W. D. \& Co., Henderson County, Hand Made Sour Mash Whisky and Druggists' Favorite Rye Whisky.

We sell Liquors for Medicinal Purposes only.
We give our Personal Attention to Mail Orders and Guarantee Satisfaction.

All orders are Shipped and Invoiced the same day we ree ceive them. Send in a trial order.
Flazelinine \& Perkins Drug Eon
GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

## いKUCEKRES.

## Wool, Hides and Tallow.

The wool market had a spurt for higher prices East at the beginning of last week, when considerable wool was sold, but it fell back later. There is but little left unsold and manufacturers have no stock on hand. Prices boom considerably where the new clip is offered, and this, with the new tariff likely to come, tends to stiffen prices on what is offered, as manufacturers think the new woo will be no cheaper. On the other hand, wools are lower abroad. English looms are out of work and many of our own mills will soon be shut down. Manufacturers have made no money. Large stocks of cloth and clothing are piled up and prices cannot be obtained to warrant running the mills. The outlook is un certain, which with losses sustained by dealers the past season, will make them take hold with caution.
Hides are in good demand, but no ad vance can be obtained, as tanners cannot get a corresponding advance on leather. Trade in this line is good.
Tallow has a slight advance, with supply ample for all wants.

Philadelphia's Big Bell.
Philadelphia will not be at a loss to learn the time of day or night after the big clock that is to ornament the tower of the public building is put into position. A person can form some idea of its immensity, when experienced clockmakers say that it will take a whole calender year to place the machinery in the tower after the building shall have been completed. The bell is to weigh between 20,000 pounds and 25,000 pounds, second in weight to the great
Montreal Cathedral bell, which weighs Montreal Cathedral bell, which weighs 28,000 pounds, and it is calculated that its pealing will be heard even to the most distant part of the city. The famed Westminster chimes will be used, ringing on the quarter, half, three-quarters, and hour. The center of the dial ( 25 feet in diameter) will be 351 feet above the street. In order to distinguish the time at night the dial will be illuminated by electricity, so that the position of the hands can be located from any point in the city. The minute hand is to be 12 feet and the hour hand 9 feet in length. A steam engine will be placed in the tower to wind up the giant time-piece each day. All in all, it will be an immense affair, and a fitting emblem to the giant building now in course of erection.

## In the Toils.

H. C. Strong was a Jackson grocer. He bought 82,400 worth of groceries of Clark, Baker \& Co., sold them and them skipped to Chicago. He was arrested and returned to Jackson, where he has been convicted of fraud. Strong will appeal.

## The Grocery Market.

Sugar is steady, the market being neither strong nor weak, with no immediate prospect of an advance or decline. Pickles are higher, owing to the shortage in supply. They will probably be no cheaper until new stock comes into mar ket.

## Trade Increasing.

F. J. Parker has been compelled to en large his facilities, owing to the increase in his trade, by the erection of a large warehouse. Write him for quotations on butter and eggs.
Worse than a Bull in a China Shop. A runaway horse plunged into Van Allen's drug store, at Ionia, one day last week, running behind the counter and prescription case doing about $\$ 500$ dam age.

## Profits and Profits

From the National Grocer
We have always advocated that the merchant should do business for profit and not for the convenience of the pubopposed to selling susar at cost or at less than cost. We note that in the last meeting of the Philadelphia Association an active member was very desirous of having the card price of sugar restored. This is an indication that the trade is at This is an the importance of the ques tion. We trust that it will succeed, and ton. We trust that will be lost in getting the guns ready for action.
While gens ready for action
While we advocate this profit upon sugar, we are somewhat arraid that the rade have in some cases allowed the cusousiness This appears to be the case with with tea, as indicatedin for the past two ished in these columns for the past twe issues. When a trade is carelessly done, no matter what the trade is or the cause, it ultimately injures it. Some attention should, and possibly will be paid to the from the producer to the consumer, from the producer to the consume, and before long become very important, both to the individual and associated merchant as well.
Charges have been made against the Wholesale Grocers' Association that they have placed too big a profit upon some articles they hande, and the retailer is to-day trying to do without this by purchasing from the manufacturer in large lots. It is only natural that the cost of distribution should be to some extent decreased exactly as the cost of production of most articles has been. It may not come about directly, but certainly the time will come, and the better prepared the trade is for it the better it will fare It is urged now that some retail merchants sell goods at a less price than jobbers, because they are satisfied with profit say of 10 per cent., while the jobber demands $12 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. These re tailers buy at first hand and are thus enabled to compete with all who may come along. The question of buying in quantities and then dividing these up is now exercising considerable influence in grocery circles. It will be noticed from the report of the meeting of the Phil adelphia Association that this question came up for discussion, and a committee was appointed to investigate and report was appointed toport will be of interest to every business man connected with the trade, and may not be without significance in nd may not be without significance sarded as serious blots to the progres ard development of the trade.
There is no doubt whatever that the There is no doubt whater that the seneral sale of groceril the arade in itself, and are prepared to enter into competition with the wholesalers, ho great rel bet in man cases lots can be bought hat in man cases lots all prove advan and distributed which will prove advan tageous to the trade; but at the same time there are many difficulties to overcan be clearly worked out.

## Tart Enough.

The tradesman who is willing to misrepresent his goods to suit the whim of he purchaser often finds himself in unpleasant positions. He is a fortunate man if he can succeed in extricating himself from such dilemmas at the mere cost of his own dignity
A lady, who was in search of some oranges for making jelly, one day stopped at the fruit stand where she was accustomed to trade.
"Are these Valencias?" she asked of the obsequious dealer.
"Yes, ma'am. Valencias here, Flori das there."
"Do you think the Valencias are very
"'Oh no, ma'am, not at all! Perfectly sweet. Almost as sweet as the Floridas." "I am sorry," said the lady, regretfully, laying down the orange she held, "but in that case I must go farther. I am in search of really sour oranges for jelly."
The dealer looked at her sadly as she turned away. He had made a mistake
and he knew it; still his blunder might be retrieved.

Lady!'' he called, recovering himself, lady, I guess you'll find them a little tarty."

## Consolation.

Husband-Can't you stop that baby's yelling ? Just when I want it quiet, that child has got to set up a fearful howl.
Wife-The doctor says that a certain mount of yelling is good for baby's lungs. It develops them, you know makes them big, strong and healthy.
Husband-Yes; and at the same time l'll bet my ears are getting big, strong and healthy

Wife-Well, you know, John, that your ears have never been any too good.

Lemons-Good time to buy.
Putnam Candy Co.

## PRODUCE MARKET.

Apples-Green, 83.50 © 84 per bbl. for choice. aporated.
Asparagus-50c per doz, bu.
Beans-Dealers pay 81.40 for unpicked and Beans-Dealers pay 81.40 for unpicked and
Butter-The helding at $81.75(1281.85$ per bu. Butter-The market is weak and sluggish.
Farm dairy grades are dull at 10@12c, while factory creamery is slow sale at 17 c . Cabbages-Mobile stock, 86 per crate. Florlda
stoek, \&itiver crate.
Cheese-New full cream stock commands $10^{1} / 6$ Cheese-New full cream stock commands $101 / 2 \mathrm{c}$.
Cooperage-Pork barrels, 81.25 ; produce barrels Coop
Cuc.
\%
Cucumbers- 90 c per doz.
Eggs- Dealers pay $10 @ 11 \mathrm{c}$ and hold at 12 c .
Eggs-Dealers pay 10@11c and hold at Seeds-Clover mammoth, 83.50 per bu.; nedium, 83.50 . Timothy, $\$ 1.50$ per bu.
Honev-Very scarce, stray lots of


Lettuce- 12 c per 1b. for Grand Kapids grown
Mality. Sugar - 8@10c per lb., according to
Magle Syrup-T5 (185e per gal.
Onions-Green, 20 c per doz. Southern, 83.25 per sack- Bermuda, $\% 3$ per crat Parsnips 50 c per bu.
Peas-Green, 83 per bu.
Peas-Green, 83 per bu.
Pieplant- 81 per crate of 50 lbs.
Poplarn-4c per lb.
Pop Corn-The market is still sick, but evi
Pences are dences are not lacking that another boom in price will occur
consuming markets appears to be at an end and
Southern stock will be fully two weeks later consuming markets appears to be at an end and
Southern stock will be fully two weeks later
than usual, owing to the cold weather and frosts than usual, owing to the cold weather and frosts
in that section.
Poultry-Spring chickens, 50075 c per pair.
Live goods, 8 c per lib. The market is weak. Radishes 35 C per doz bunches.
Strawberries-Tennessee stect
Strawberries-Tennessee stock is now coming
in quite freely, finding a ready sale at $\$ 3.50$ per
case of 24 ats .
Spinach- -50 c per bu.
Turnips- 25 c per bu
Vegetable 0 pstar
Yegetable Oysters-20c per doz.
PROVISIONS
The Grand Rapids Packing and Provision Co
quotes as follows

## Mess, new. Short cut.

Extra clear, heavy
Clear, fat back....
Clear back short cut
Pork Sausage
Ham Sausage
Tongue Sausag
Frankfort sausage
Blood Sausage.
Bologna, straig
Bologna, straig
Bologna, thick
Head Cheese.
Tierces
Tubs....
Tubs.
50
lb. Tins
Tierces 30 and 50 ib Tubs
30 and 50 ib . Tubs ......
3 lb . Pals, 20 in a case
51 b . Palls. 12 in a case.
10 lb . Pails, 6 in a case.
10 lb . Pails, 6 in a caa

Extra Mess, Chicago pa

## WHOLESALE FRUT' NUTS, ETC. <br> WHOLESALE FRUI' FNUTS, ETC. <br> N-1865.1, WHOLESALE ERUTT NUTS, ETC. <br> WHOLESALE FRUI' FNUTS, ETC.

## Breakfast Bacon, boneless

Dried beef, ham prices
Briskets, medium.
OYSTERS and FISH.
F. J. Dettenthaler quotes as follows: Whitefish.
Trout.
Halibut
Trout....
Halibut.
Ciscoes.
Fairhaven Counts
Selects.,
F. J. D.'s
FRESH MEATS.
Swift and Company quote as follows:
Beef, carcass.....................
Beef, carcass...

## > Mutton <br> <br> Mutton <br> <br> Mutton <br> Hoss. <br> $\underset{\substack{\text { Boackna } \\ \text { Pork } \\ \text { ort } \\ \text { lons }}}{ }$ "t shoulders....... Sausage, blood or head iliver

 CANDIES, FRUITS and NUTS. The Putnam Candy Co. quotes as follows
## Standard, 25 lb , boxes

## Twist, ${ }^{\text {Cut Loaf, }}{ }_{25}^{25}$

## Royal, 251 lb , pails.

MIXED.
Extra, 25 lb . pails. French Cream, 25 ib. pails. - In 5 1b, boxes. Sour Drops ..... . .
Peppermint Drops Chocolate Drops. H. M. ChocolateoDrops Gum Drops.. A. B. Licorice Drops Lozenges, plain....

## Imperials. Mottoes...

 Cream Bar....Molasses Ba Molasses Bar.......
Caramels......................
Hand Made Creams Plain Creams.....
Decorated Creams String Rock...
Burnt Almond Burnt Almonds......

## Lozenges, plain, in paincy-In bulk.

## printed, in pails. Chocolate Drops, in in pails Gum Drops, In pails

 Moss Drops, in pails. "t 4 ins, in bbls.Sour Drops, in pails imperials, in bbls................

Short cut ..........................
Extra clear pig, short cut

Standard clear, short cut, best

Extra Beep in barrels.
Extra Mess, warranted $200 \mathrm{lbs} .$.
Extra Mess, Chicago packing

". $\quad 12$ to 14 lbs
pienic. Oranges, Messina, choice, $\frac{200}{300}$ Florida, choice Riverside, fancy Mountain, " Wash. Navals, fa
Valencias, large. $\begin{array}{ccc}\text { Lemons, Messina, choice, } & 360 \\ \text { "4 } & \text { " } & \text { " } \\ \text { " } & \text { " } & \text { faney, } \\ \text { " } & 360 \\ & 400\end{array}$ Figs, Smyrna, new, fancy layers. " choice, 7 lb ...
Dates, fralls, 50 lb.
" fralls, 50 lb .
$1 / 4$ frails, 50
Fard, $10-1 \mathrm{~b}$ " $50-1 \mathrm{~b}$. bo Persian, $50-\mathrm{lb}$. bo Almonds, Tarragona. NUTs. Brazils California. Brazils...
Walnuts, California Pecans, Texas, H. P Pecans, Tex
Cocoanuts

## Fancy, H. P., Suns PBANUTS.

 Fancy, H. "P., Gameasted Fancy, H. P., Stags...................... Roasted Choice, H. P., Stars... Roasted Fancy, H. P., Steamboats............Putnam Gandy bo.


## TRAVELERS' RIGHTS.

The Liability to Passengers of Sleeping Car Companies.
There has been much litigation of late years on the subject of the liability of parlor-car and sleeping-car companies for the loss of property by their pa-sengers. Decisions have been various and inconsistent. A few years ago an Eastern court decided that sleeping-cars were
neither common carriers nor hotels, and, therefore, that the loss of property on such cars was not to be decided by either common carrier or het case, a lady left her satchel on the other case, a lady left her in atcher an open window in a parlor-car sill of an open window in a partore went into a dining-room at a station, and her satchel was stolen during her absence. As any passer-by on the station platform could have carried her satchel away, its loss was held to be the result of her own negligence, which responsibility. In another case a satchel responsibility. In another case a satchel containing valuable property was carried away from a berth in a sleeping-car, where, with the property and effects of other passengers, it was in charge of the company's employes. In that case the company was held to liability. A recent the Supreme Court of that State, and the doctrine announced will probably be come the settled law of the country on the subject. The Court holds that the passenger is the guest of the sleeping car company, as a man is a guest at an inn where he stops and that he necesapparel with him, and some articles for convenience, comfort or necessity. As the liability of innkeepers is imposed from consideration of public policy as a means of protecting travelers against the negligence and dishonest practices of the innkeeper and his servants, the liability of sleeping-car companies rests on similar considerations. A sleeping-car is simply a lodging house on wheels parlor-car is simply a movable hotel reception room. The proprietors of the cars should be held to the same accountability as the other class.

A Species of the Drummer Found Only in the East.
They are telling a story down East respecting the high jinks kicked up by a drummer who regularly visits the principal towns in Maine. His complete discomfiture was effected in a most startling manner and with disastrous consequences. The drummer formed an intimate acquaintance with a young woman in a country village not far from Bangor, and it was not long before the neighbors began to talk about "Sadie Dash's beau," and to predict a speedy marriage. The drummer represented himself as a single gentleman, possessed agreeable manners and wholly won the love of the girl and the confidence of her parents. He frequently remained at Sadie's home during ing to the generally accepted belief, they were engaged. One day a telegram was brought to the drummer while he was at the house of his lady love. He was tarrying in the town awaiting orders from "the house." The girl answered the ring of the messenger and re-entered the parlor, holding aloft the dun-colored mis-
"Do you really want it ?" she queried, half playfully.; "Perhaps it contains dreadful news.
"Guess not, my dear. Open it and tel me which way he wants me to go," yawned the drumme
folded his newspaper
The girl tore the envelope, drew forth and unfolded the message. As she ran pression of her face brought the drumpression of her face brought the drummer to his feet. Before he could speak she uttered a stified moan and fled from the room, the crumpled paper falling upon the floor. The drummer rescued the telegram, which read as follows :

We have a ten-pound boy. Come home.
It is unnecessary to state that the drummer "went home."

## Fine Frosting Sugar.

For Fine Frosting and Pastry this Sugar has no equal, and only has to be used to be appreciated. With it there is no trouble in making Nice, Soft, Smooth frosting. No eggs, beating or cooking required; simply mix the sugar with a little water or milk to the proper consistency, flavor to taste and spread unge, Lemon or Pineapple knife. You can also use, fy kind of Canned Fruit or Berries with most Pineapple juice, or the Syrup from any kind of Canned Pruit or berranted Pure, and mactured by PUTNAM CANDY CO., Gpand Rapids, Mich
RINDGE, BERTSCH \& CO.,

lnfants' Genuine Chamois Moccasins.
These goods are all worked in SILK and WARRANTED NOT TO SHRINK. Sent post paid for $\$ 2.25$ per dozen.
Send for our catalogue and note our specially low price on Shoe Dressings.


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118 Canal 8t., Grand Rapids, Mich.
 SATE AND CRIST MIIL MACHINHRY,


Planers, Matchers, Moulders and all kinds of Wood-Working Machinery, Saws, Belting and Oils.
And Dodge's Patent Wood Split Pulley. Large stock kept on hand. Send for Samplt Pulley and become convinced of their superiority.
Write for Prices. 44, 46 and 48 So. Division St., GRAND RAPIDS, MIOR.

TIME TABLES.
Grand Rapids \& Indiana.
 Traverse City \& Mackinaw.
Traverse City Express.....
Traverse City \& Mackinaw 9.20 a m
3.25 pm
9.15 pm From Cincinnati........................ 915 p m
Cadillac (Mixed) Through coaches for Saginaw on
m train. Oincinnati Express................ Incinnati Express.
Fort Wayne Exprese.
 rom Mackinaw \& Traverse City. $10: 40 \mathrm{p} \mathrm{m}$
rom Cadillac...................... a m Train leaving for Cincinnati at 6 p. m . m and arriving
and
fom Cincinnati at $9: 20$ p. m., runs daily, Sundays in from Cincinnati at $9: 20$ p. m.. runs daily, Sundays in-
ether trains dalily exept Sunday.
Sleeping and Parlor Car Service: North- $7: 00 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. Sleeping and Parlor Car Service: North- $7: 00 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$.
and $4: 10 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. trains have sleeping and parlor cars for Mackinaw City. South-7:15 a. m. train has chair car
and 6 p. m. train Pullman sleeping car for Cincinnati. $\underset{\substack{\text { Muskegon, Grand Rapids \& Indiana. } \\ 00 \text { a } \\ \text { ariv. }}}{ }$
 Through tickets and full information can be had by calling upon A. Almquist, ticket agent at depot, or
Geo. W. Munson, Union Ticket Agent. 67 Monroe St,
$\qquad$
Detroit, Grand Haven \& Milwaukee.

## + Morning Express.

Haven

Mixed..............................
+Through Mail.....
tEvening Expres.

+Daily, Spressays excepted. $\ldots$ Daily. $9: 50 \mathrm{p} \mathrm{m} \quad 10: 55 \mathrm{p} \mathrm{m}$
+Deatroit Express leaving $6: 50 \mathrm{a} \mathrm{m}$ has Wagner parlor and buffet car attached, and Evening Express learing $3: 5 \mathrm{pm}$ has parior car attached. These trains make
direct connection in Detroit for all point East
Express leaving at 10.55 p has Wagner sleeping Express leaving at $10: 55$ p man has 7 arner sleeping
car to Detroit, arriving in Detroit at $7: 20$ a m.
Steamboat Express makes direct connection a Grand Haven with steamboat for Milwaukee.
tickets and sleeping car berths seeure
 Jwo. W. Loud, Traffic Manager, Detroit.

Toledo, Ann Arbor \& Northern. For Toledo and all points South and East, take the Toledo, Ann Arbor \& orth Michigan Rail way from Owosso Junction. Sure connection connections at Toledo with evening trains for Cleveland, Buffalo, Columbus, Dayton, Cincin nati, Pittsburg, Creston, Orville and all promi nent points on connecting lines;

## Mighigan Central

The Niagara Falls Route.

## Detroit Express ${ }^{\text {Day Express }}$ <br>  New York Expres *Daily | $11: 55 \mathrm{am}$ | $10: 00 \mathrm{am}$  <br> $10: 45 \mathrm{pm}$  <br> $5: 40 \mathrm{pm}$  <br> $5: 40 \mathrm{pm}$ $1: 35 \mathrm{pm}$ |
| :---: | :---: |

All other daily except Sunday.
Sleeping cars run on Atlantic and Pacifle Express trains to and from Detroit. Express and Grand Rapid Express to and from Detroit.
FRDM M. Brigas, Gen'1 Agent. 85 Monroe St. G. . . HA WKINs, Ticket Agent, Union Depot.
Gro. W. MUNso Union Ticket Office 67 Mo Gro. W. MUsson, Union Ticket Office, 67 Mo
O. W. RUGelks. G. P. \& T. Agent., Chicago

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Combination of
JAVA and RIO.
Picture Card Giyen With every pound package. For Sale everywhere. Woolson Spice Co., Tolede, 0 .
BEFORE BUYING GRATES Economical, Sanitary, Cleanly and Artistic.
ALDINE FIRE PLACE, GiRAND RAPID, MICH.
RTMerofix FLEROTYPERS Stereotypers in Pnoto \& Zinc Engravinn LLEADS SUUCS, BRASS RULE BOXW WOOD\&METAL FURNITURE


The P. of I. Dealers.
The following are the P. of I. dealers who had not cancelled their contracts at last accounts:
Ada-L. Burns.
Adrian-Powers \& Burnham, Anton Wehle,
T. Lochner, Burleigh Bros
Aliendale-Henry Dolman.
Almira-J. J. Gray Almont-Colerick Martin.
Altona-Eli Lyons.
Armada-C. J. Cudworth
Assyria- John D. Swart.
Bay City-Frank Rosman \& Co.
Belding-Lightstone Bros.
Bellaire-Schoolcraft \& N
Big Rapids-A. V. Young, E. P. Shankweiler
Co., Mrs. Turk, J. K. Sharp, A. Markson.
Blissfield-Jas, Gauntlett, Jr.
Brice-J. B. Gardner.
Burnside John G. Bruce \& Son.
Caldwell-C. L. Moses.
Capac-H. C. Sigel.
Carlton Center-J. N. Covert.
Cariton Center-J. N. Covert.
Carson City-A. B. Loomis, A. Y. Sessions.
Cedar Springs-John Beucus, B. A. Fish, B.
ripp. mith, J. Andrews, C. P. Lock, F. H. Goodby.
Chippewa Lake-G. A. Goodsell.
Clam River-Andrew Anderson.
Coldwater-J. D. Benjamin.
Conklin-Wilson McWilliams
Coral-J. S. Newell \& Co
Dorr-Frank Sommer.
Dorr-Frank Sommer.
Eaton Rapids-Knapp \& Rich, H. Kositchek
Evart-Mark Ardis, E. F. Sh
Flint-John B. Wilson.
Flushing - Sweet Bros. \& Clark.
Forester-E. Smith.
Fremont-J. B. Ketchum, W. Harmon.
Fremont-J. B. Ketchum, W. Harmon.
Gladwin-John Graham, J. D. Sanford, Jas. Croskery.
Gowan-Rasmus Neilson
Grand Haven-N. J. Braudry \& Co.
Grand Javetion-Adam Crouse.
Grand Jund Ledge-Frank O. Lord, Geo. Coryell.
Grand Grand Rapids-Joseph Berles, A. Wilzinski,
Brown \& Sehler, Houseman, Donnally \& Jones, Brown \& Sehler, Houseman, Donnally \& Jones,
Ed Struensee, W asson \& Lamb, Chas. Pettersch, Morse \& Co., Famous Shoe Store, Harvey \& Hey stek, Mrs. E. J. Reynolds, E. Burkhardt. Greenville-Jacobson \& Netzorg,
Hart-Rhodes \& Leonard, W. Weidman, Mrs.
E. Covel.

Hastings-J G. Runyan.
Hersey-John Finkbein
Howard City-O. J. Knapp, Herold Bros., C. E
Pelton.
Hubba
Hubbardston-M. H. Cahalan.
Imlay City-Cohn Bros., Porter Megan.
Imiay City-ilver, Wm. Wing, E. S. Welch. Jackson-Hall \& Rowan. Jenisonville- L. © L. Jenison (mill only) Kent City-M. L. Whitney Kewadin-A. Anderson Kingsley-J. E. Winchcomb.
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Lakeview-H. C. Thompson, Andrew All \&
Bro.
Langston-F
D, Brigcs
Langston-F. D. Briggs.
man. Lapeer-C. Tuttle \& Son, W. H. Jennings. McBain-Sam. B. Ardis
McBain-Sam. B. Ardis.
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Manton-A. Curtis, Mrs. E. Liddle.
Mason-Marcus Gregory.
Milan-C. C. (Mrs. H. S.) Knight, Chas. Gaunt
lett, James Gauntlett, Jr.
Millington-Chas. H. Valentine.
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Mt. Morris-II. E. Lamb,
Mt. Pleasant-Thos. Mc.
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Nashville-H. M. Lee.
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New Era-Peter Rankin.
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Riverdale-J. B. Adams.
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Shelbyville-Samuel Wolcott.
Shepherd-H 0 . Bigelow.
Shepherd-H. O. Bigelow.
Shultz-Fred Otis.
Spencer Creek-M. M. Elder.
Spring Lake-Geo. Schwab, A. Bitz.
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Hammond, Elmer Peters.
Sammond, Elmer Peters.
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D. D. Paine.

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In advertising your business? If so, The Tradesman Company is glad to send samples and quote prices.
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WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

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And General Commission Merchants. EAST SAGINAW, MICH.

We buy and sell all kinds of fruit and produce and solicit correspondence with beth hyyere and collere.
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"la belle chocolatière."
W. baker \& Co.'s Registered Trade-Mark.

No Chemicals are used in any of Walter Baker \& Co.'s Chocolate and Cocoa Preparations.
These preparations have stood the test of public approval for more than one hundred years, and are the acknowledged standard of purity and excellence.

## WANTED.

potatoes, apples, dried FRUIT, BEANS
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If you have any of the above goods to ship, or anything in Liberal cash advances
us hear from you.
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One of the most perfect wagons ever produced, combining strength, durability and cheapness of price. Just the wagon for light delivery, farmer's run-about, or for pleasure. Send for price list and description.
THE BELKNAP WAGON \& SLEIGH CO., Grand Rapids.
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MANUFACTURERS OF
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Warranted Not to Rip
Fit Guaranteed.
Workmanship Perfect.
Mr. Voorhees' long experience in the manufacture of these goods enables him to turn out a line especially adapted to the Michigan trade. Samples and prices sent on application.

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House and Store Shades Made to Order.
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CURTISS \& CO.,

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-ALL SHIPMENTS MADE PROMPTLY.-_

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GRAND RAPIDS.

##  We still continue to sell our oval or"square front show eases We still continue to sell our oval or"square frontshow cases <br> \$1.8O Per Foot-8 Feet or Over. HEYMAN \& CO., - Gi and Rapids. <br> 

The "TOSS UP" Cigar is not a competitor against any other 5 c brands, but all 10 c brands, because it is equal to any 10c cigar on the market.

